



Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

**As at and for the six month period ended
30 June 2020**

Doha Bank Q.P.S.C.

**Interim Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020**

Contents	Page(s)
Independent auditor's review report	1
Interim consolidated statement of financial position	2
Interim consolidated income statement	3
Interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income	4
interim consolidated statement of changes in equity	5
Interim consolidated statement of cash flows	6
Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements	7-20



KPMG
25 C Ring Road
PO Box 4473, Doha
State of Qatar
Telephone: +974 4457 6444
Fax: +974 4442 5626
Website: home.kpmg/qa

Independent auditor's report on review of interim condensed consolidated financial statements to the Board of Directors of Doha Bank Q.P.S.C.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying 30 June 2020 interim condensed consolidated financial statements of Doha Bank Q.P.S.C. (the 'Bank') and its subsidiaries (together the 'Group'), which comprise:

- the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2020;
- the interim consolidated income statement for the three and six month periods ended 30 June 2020;
- the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three and six month periods ended 30 June 2020;
- the interim consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six month period ended 30 June 2020;
- the interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the six month period ended 30 June 2020; and
- notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, 'Interim Financial Reporting' ('IAS 34') and applicable provisions of the Qatar Central Bank regulations. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed consolidated interim financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with the International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, 'Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity'. A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying 30 June 2020 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34 and applicable provisions of the Qatar Central Bank regulations.

27 July 2020
Doha
State of Qatar




Gopal Balasubramaniam
KPMG

Qatar Auditor's Registry Number 251
Licensed by QFMA: External Auditor's
License No. 120153

Interim consolidated statement of financial position
As at 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

	Notes	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Assets				
Cash and balances with central banks		8,411,265	6,310,539	5,803,844
Due from banks		5,807,043	5,756,648	7,756,944
Loans and advances to customers	7	62,475,065	60,917,330	65,784,258
Investment securities	8	26,625,752	25,452,221	26,560,585
Investment in an associate		9,884	10,645	10,478
Property, furniture and equipment	9	688,171	694,201	723,597
Other assets		4,025,883	1,652,670	1,568,719
Total assets		108,043,063	100,794,254	108,208,425
Liabilities				
Due to banks		25,761,260	20,309,700	24,036,948
Customer deposits		56,023,590	55,617,008	58,463,833
Debt securities	10	2,135,819	572,656	473,059
Other borrowings	11	6,604,754	7,013,445	6,859,049
Other liabilities		4,233,132	4,023,018	5,057,622
Total liabilities		94,758,555	87,535,827	94,890,511
Equity				
Share capital	12	3,100,467	3,100,467	3,100,467
Legal reserve		5,092,948	5,092,948	5,092,948
Risk reserve		849,600	137,200	849,600
Fair value reserve		(369,928)	86,461	155,043
Foreign currency translation reserve		(67,996)	(53,258)	(58,846)
Retained earnings		679,417	894,609	178,702
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the Bank		9,284,508	9,258,427	9,317,914
Instruments eligible as additional Tier 1 capital	13	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Total equity		13,284,508	13,258,427	13,317,914
Total liabilities and equity		108,043,063	100,794,254	108,208,425

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 July 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:



Fahad Bin Mohammad Bin Jabor Al Thani
Chairman



Abdul Rahman Bin Mohammad Bin Jabor Al Thani
Managing Director



Dr. Raghavan Seetharaman
Group Chief Executive Officer

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interim consolidated income statement
For the three and six month periods ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

	Note	Three month period ended		Six month period ended	
		30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed
Interest income		892,287	1,044,334	1,935,543	2,060,872
Interest expense		(368,797)	(575,123)	(864,066)	(1,098,979)
Net interest income		523,490	469,211	1,071,477	961,893
Fee and commission income		100,309	132,233	222,279	263,043
Fee and commission expense		(22,259)	(28,576)	(54,339)	(59,419)
Net fee and commission income		78,050	103,657	167,940	203,624
Gross written premium		10,760	9,651	23,858	20,934
Premium ceded		(1,461)	(2,682)	(4,331)	(4,559)
Net claims paid		(5,442)	(33,974)	(11,527)	(42,448)
Net income / (loss) from insurance activities		3,857	(27,005)	8,000	(26,073)
Net foreign exchange gain		31,709	25,326	59,658	52,646
Income from investment securities		20,547	54,627	90,637	53,549
Other operating income		21,826	30,233	30,991	45,879
		74,082	110,186	181,286	152,074
Net operating income		679,479	656,049	1,428,703	1,291,518
Staff costs		(112,890)	(123,032)	(229,202)	(238,155)
Depreciation		(28,609)	(25,966)	(58,123)	(55,186)
Net impairment (loss) / reversal on investment securities		(51,546)	8,383	(51,544)	1,194
Net impairment loss on loans and advances to customers		(230,460)	(296,862)	(410,445)	(416,797)
Net impairment (loss) / reversal on other financial assets		(3,193)	75,523	(16,941)	71,337
Other expenses		(75,862)	(82,363)	(160,992)	(164,961)
		(502,560)	(444,317)	(927,247)	(802,568)
Profit before tax		176,919	211,732	501,456	488,950
Income tax (expense) / reversal		(295)	(635)	(741)	29,641
Profit		176,624	211,097	500,715	518,591
Earnings per share					
Basic and diluted earnings per share (QAR per share)	15	0.06	0.07	0.16	0.17

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income
For the three and six month periods ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

	Note	Three month period ended		Six month period ended	
		30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed
Profit		176,624	211,097	500,715	518,591
Other comprehensive income					
Items that are or may be subsequently reclassified to income statement:					
Foreign currency translation differences for foreign operations		(40)	1,697	(9,150)	2,922
<i>Movement in fair value reserve (debt instruments):</i>					
Net change in fair value		964,058	223,975	312,088	339,210
Net amount transferred to consolidated statement of income		(44,291)	(72,519)	(785,614)	(45,035)
		919,727	153,153	(482,676)	297,097
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of income					
Net change in fair value of equity investments designated at FVOCI		46,175	6,254	(51,445)	19,557
Other comprehensive income / (loss)		965,902	159,407	(534,121)	316,654
Total comprehensive income / (loss)		1,142,526	370,504	(33,406)	835,245

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interim consolidated statement of changes in equity
For the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

	Equity attributable to shareholders of the Bank							Instrument eligible as additional Tier 1 capital	Total equity
	Share capital	Legal Reserve	Risk reserve	Fair value reserve	Foreign currency translation reserve	Retained earnings	Total		
Balance at 1 January 2020 (Audited)	3,100,467	5,092,948	849,600	155,043	(58,846)	178,702	9,317,914	4,000,000	13,317,914
<i>Total comprehensive income:</i>									
Profit	-	-	-	-	-	500,715	500,715	-	500,715
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(524,971)	(9,150)	-	(534,121)	-	(534,121)
Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	(524,971)	(9,150)	500,715	(33,406)	-	(33,406)
<i>Transactions with shareholders:</i>									
Dividends paid (Note 14)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at 30 June 2020 (Reviewed)	3,100,467	5,092,948	849,600	(369,928)	(67,996)	679,417	9,284,508	4,000,000	13,284,508
Balance at 1 January 2019 (Audited)	3,100,467	5,092,948	137,200	(227,271)	(56,180)	686,065	8,733,229	4,000,000	12,733,229
<i>Total comprehensive income:</i>									
Profit	-	-	-	-	-	518,591	518,591	-	518,591
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	313,732	2,922	-	316,654	-	316,654
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	313,732	2,922	518,591	835,245	-	835,245
<i>Transactions with shareholders:</i>									
Dividends paid (Note 14)	-	-	-	-	-	(310,047)	(310,047)	-	(310,047)
Balance at 30 June 2019 (Reviewed)	3,100,467	5,092,948	137,200	86,461	(53,258)	894,609	9,258,427	4,000,000	13,258,427

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

Interim consolidated statement of cash flows
For the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

	Six month period ended		Year ended
	30 June	30 June	31 December
	2020	2019	2019
Note	Reviewed	Reviewed	Audited
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit before tax	501,456	488,950	724,788
Adjustments for:			
Net impairment loss on loans and advances to customers	410,445	416,797	1,161,537
Net impairment loss / (reversal) / on investment securities	51,544	(1,194)	(260)
Net impairment loss / (reversal) on other financial instruments	16,941	(71,337)	(38,113)
Depreciation	58,123	55,186	121,840
Amortisation of financing cost	11,919	7,387	14,630
Net gain on disposal of investment securities	(70,141)	(28,603)	(270,097)
Profit on sale of property, furniture and equipment	(18)	(20)	40
Share of results of an associate	-	-	(187)
Profits before changes in operating assets and liabilities	980,269	867,166	1,714,178
Change in due from banks	1,792,493	(1,089,750)	(2,316,713)
Change in loans and advances to customers	1,203,675	(218,123)	(5,146,264)
Change in other assets	(2,457,164)	(548,632)	(464,681)
Change in due to banks	1,724,312	781,165	4,508,413
Change in customer deposits	(2,440,243)	(168,330)	2,678,495
Change in other liabilities	1,067,288	450,860	446,434
Social and sports fund contribution	(18,848)	(20,756)	(20,756)
Income tax (paid) / reversal	(1,484)	21,698	21,696
Net cash from operating activities	1,850,298	75,298	1,420,802
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of investment securities	(4,075,103)	(7,772,143)	(13,453,006)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	3,504,156	3,390,531	8,272,339
Net acquisition of property, furniture and equipment	(5,902)	(5,745)	(31,666)
Proceeds from sale of property, furniture and equipment	18	32	135
Net cash used in investing activities	(576,831)	(4,387,325)	(5,212,198)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of/ proceeds from other borrowings	(254,295)	2,169,308	2,014,912
Proceeds from / (repayment of) issue of debt securities	1,650,841	(174,917)	(274,514)
Distribution on Tier 1 capital notes	(220,000)	(220,000)	(220,000)
Dividends paid	-	(310,047)	(310,047)
Net cash from financing activities	1,176,546	1,464,344	1,210,351
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	2,450,013	(2,847,683)	(2,581,045)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period / year	7,198,677	9,779,722	9,779,722
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period / year	9,648,690	6,932,039	7,198,677
Operational cash flows from interest and dividend:			
Interest received	1,944,960	2,009,304	4,166,727
Interest paid	989,101	1,007,156	2,142,581
Dividends received	20,496	24,946	35,627

The attached notes 1 to 21 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

**Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020**
1. Reporting entity

Doha Bank Q.P.S.C. ("Doha Bank" or the "Bank") is an entity domiciled in the State of Qatar and was incorporated on 15 March 1979 as a Joint Stock Company under Emiri Decree No. 51 of 1978. The commercial registration of the Bank is 7115. The address of the Bank's registered office is Doha Bank Tower, Corniche Street, West Bay, P.O. Box 3818, Doha Qatar.

Doha Bank is engaged in conventional banking activities and operates through its head office in Qatar (Doha) and has 24 local branches, six overseas branches in the United Arab Emirates (Dubai & Abu Dhabi), State of Kuwait, the Republic of India (one branch each in Mumbai, Kochi and Chennai) and representative offices in United Kingdom, Singapore, Turkey, China, Japan, South Korea, Germany, Australia, Hong Kong, Canada, Bangladesh, South Africa, Sri Lanka and Nepal. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the six month period ended 30 June 2020 comprises of the Bank and its subsidiaries (together referred to as "the Group").

The principal subsidiaries of the Group are as follows:

Company's name	Country of incorporation	Company's capital	Company's activities	Percentage of ownership	
				30 June 2020	30 June 2019
Doha Bank Assurance Company L.L.C.	Qatar	100,000	General Insurance	100%	100%
Doha Finance Limited	Cayman Island	182	Debt Issuance	100%	100%
DB Securities Limited	Cayman Island	182	Derivatives Transactions	100%	100%

2. Basis of preparation
(a) Statement of compliance

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting and the applicable provisions of the Qatar Central Bank ("QCB") regulations.

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019. The results for the six month period ended 30 June 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2020.

(b) Estimates and judgements

The preparation of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS Standards") and QCB regulations requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing the condensed consolidated interim financial information, significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that were applied to the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019, except as disclosed in note 20.

(c) Financial risk management

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019, except as disclosed in note 20.

**Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020**

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are the same as those followed in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019, except for the Inter Bank Offer Rate ("IBOR") transition as mentioned below.

During the period, the following IFRS Standards and amendments to IFRS Standards have been applied by the Group in preparation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements. The adoption of the below IFRS Standards and amendments to IFRS Standards did not result in changes to previously reported net profit or equity of the Group.

a) New IFRS Standards adopted by the Group

- Definition of Material – Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 (Effective 1 January 2020)
- Definition of a Business – Amendments to IFRS 3 (Effective 1 January 2020)
- Amendments to References to Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards (Effective 1 January 2020)

b) IFRS Standards and amendments issued but not yet effective

- IFRS 17 – "Insurance Contracts" (Effective on 1 January 2023)
- Amendments to IFRS 10 – "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28 – "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures" on sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (Effective date deferred indefinitely / available for optional adoption)

The Group is currently evaluating the impact of these new IFRS Standards. The Group will adopt these new IFRS Standards on their effective dates.

IBOR Transition

Effective from 1 January 2020, the Group has implemented amendments to IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures relating to interest rate benchmark reforms. The amendments (referred as Phase I of IBOR transition project) addresses the hedge accounting requirements arising before IBOR and proposed a hedging relief for such hedges.

The Group has applied the hedging relief available under the amendments such as relief on forward looking analysis during the period of uncertainty beyond the year 2021.

At Group level, the notional amount of IBOR related interest rate swaps that have been designated in a hedging relation is QAR 7.6 billion as at 30 June 2020. The Group is in discussion with counterparties in relation to exposure to fair value hedges linked to IBOR maturing beyond the year 2021. Management continues to engage with various stakeholders to support an orderly transition and to mitigate the risks resulting from the transition.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

4. Financial Risk Management

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2019.

(a) Exposure and related ECL movements

	30 June 2020 (Reviewed)				30 June 2019 (Reviewed)
	Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total	Total
Gross exposures subject to ECL – as at 30 June					
- Loans and advances to customers	42,866,749	20,437,226	4,005,604	67,309,579	66,180,246
- Investment securities (debt)	25,692,352	373,434	18,229	26,084,015	24,813,733
- Loan commitments and financial guarantees	13,320,323	4,709,970	419,392	18,449,685	20,798,455
- Due from banks and balances with central Banks	13,087,126	556,712	-	13,643,838	11,619,063
	94,966,550	26,077,342	4,443,225	125,487,117	123,411,497
Opening balance of ECL / impairment - as at 1 January					
- Loans and advances to customers*	144,711	1,425,438	3,559,422	5,129,571	5,233,424
- Investment securities (debt)	9,429	7,263	25,032	41,724	41,984
- Loan commitments and financial guarantees	17,595	101,148	125,543	244,286	161,937
- Due from banks and balances with central Banks	7,909	609	-	8,518	12,278
	179,644	1,534,458	3,709,997	5,424,099	5,449,623
Net charge and transfers for the period (net of foreign currency translation)					
- Loans and advances to customers*	100,351	(23,790)	485,361	561,922	566,571
- Investment securities (debt)	22,921	28,623	-	51,544	(1,194)
- Loan commitments and financial guarantees	(248)	10,689	50,380	60,821	9,404
- Due from banks and balances with central Banks	3,372	3,902	-	7,274	(5,871)
	126,396	19,424	535,741	681,561	568,910
Write offs during the period					
- Loans and advances to customers*	-	-	(856,979)	(856,979)	(537,079)
- Investment securities (debt)	-	-	(18,558)	(18,558)	-
- Loan commitments and financial guarantees	-	-	-	-	-
- Due from banks and balances with central Banks	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	(875,537)	(875,537)	(537,079)
Closing balance of ECL / impairment - as at 30 June					
- Loans and advances to customers*	245,062	1,401,648	3,187,804	4,834,514	5,262,916
- Investment securities (debt)	32,350	35,886	6,474	74,710	40,790
- Loan commitments and financial guarantees	17,347	111,837	175,923	305,107	171,341
- Due from banks and balances with central Banks	11,281	4,511	-	15,792	6,407
	306,040	1,553,882	3,370,201	5,230,123	5,481,454

* stage 3 provision includes interest in suspense

5. Operating segments

The Group organizes and manages its operations by 2 business segments, which comprise conventional banking and insurance activities.

Conventional Banking

- Corporate Banking provides a range of product and service offerings to business and corporate customers including funded and non-funded credit facilities and deposits to corporate customers. It also undertakes funding and centralized risk management activities through borrowings, issue of debt securities, use of derivatives for risk management purposes and investing in liquid assets such as short term placements and corporate and government debt securities.
- Retail Banking provides a diversified range of products and services to individuals. The range includes loans, credit cards, deposits and other transactions with retail customers.

Insurance Activities

Insurance activities to customers include effecting contracts of insurance, carrying out contracts of insurance, arranging deals in investments and advising on investments.

Details of each segment as of and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020 and 30 June 2019 are stated below:

	Conventional Banking				Insurance	Total
	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Unallocated	Total		
Net interest income	1,007,014	64,463	-	1,071,477	-	1,071,477
Net income on insurance activities	-	-	-	-	8,000	8,000
Net other operating income	229,094	88,664	30,991	348,749	477	349,226
Segmental revenue	1,236,108	153,127	30,991	1,420,226	8,477	1,428,703
Total expense				(924,954)	(3,034)	(927,988)
Profit for the period				495,272	5,443	500,715
As at 30 June 2020						
Assets	89,289,444	5,426,951	13,125,319	107,841,714	191,465	108,033,179
Investment in an associate	-	-	-	-	-	9,884
Total assets						108,043,063
Liabilities	81,187,050	10,876,102	2,604,675	94,667,827	90,728	94,758,555
Contingent items	18,305,605	144,080	-	18,449,685	-	18,449,685

Intra-group transactions are eliminated from this segmental information (Assets: QAR 135 million and Liabilities: QAR 35 million)

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

5. Operating segments (continued)

For the six month period ended 30 June 2019	Conventional Banking				Insurance	Total
	Corporate Banking	Retail Banking	Unallocated	Total		
Net interest income	855,923	105,970	-	961,893	-	961,893
Net income on insurance activities	-	-	-	-	(26,073)	(26,073)
Net other operating income	224,666	83,901	45,879	354,446	1,252	355,698
Segmental revenue	1,080,589	189,871	45,879	1,316,339	(24,821)	1,291,518
Total expense				(771,712)	(1,215)	(772,927)
Profit for the period				544,627	(26,036)	518,591
As at 31 December 2019						
Assets	93,962,105	5,819,749	8,096,160	107,878,014	319,933	108,197,947
Investment in an associate	-	-	-	-	-	10,478
Total assets						108,208,425
Liabilities	83,740,903	9,341,693	1,584,852	94,667,448	223,063	94,890,511
Contingent items	19,229,223	84,707	-	19,313,930	-	19,313,930

6. Fair value of financial instruments**Fair value hierarchy**

All financial instruments for which fair value is recognised or disclosed are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - Quoted market prices in an active market (that are unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For financial instruments that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

As at 30 June 2020, the Group held the following classes of financial instruments measured at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 30 June 2020				
Financial assets measured at fair value:				
Investment securities measured at FVOCI	17,427,961	-	49,683	17,477,644
Investment securities measured at FVTPL	60,998	34,124	-	95,122
<i>Derivative instruments:</i>				
Interest rate swaps	-	141,104	-	141,104
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	19,588	-	19,588
	17,488,959	194,816	49,683	17,733,458
Financial liabilities measured at fair value:				
<i>Derivative instruments:</i>				
Interest rate swaps	-	1,250,272	-	1,250,272
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	11,668	-	11,668
	-	1,261,940	-	1,261,940
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
At 31 December 2019				
Financial assets measured at fair value:				
Investment securities measured at FVOCI	17,367,095	-	52,813	17,419,908
Investment securities measured at FVTPL	23,237	41,571	-	64,808
<i>Derivative instruments:</i>				
Interest rate swaps	-	36,459	-	36,459
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	3,970	-	3,970
	17,390,332	82,000	52,813	17,525,145
Financial liabilities measured at fair value:				
<i>Derivative instruments:</i>				
Interest rate swaps	-	506,663	-	506,663
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	7,613	-	7,613
	-	514,276	-	514,276

During the reporting period ended 30 June 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

6. Fair value of financial instruments (continued)**Valuation techniques**

Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities that are traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices or dealer price quotations. For all other financial instruments the Group determines fair values using valuation techniques.

Valuation techniques include net present value and discounted cash flow models, comparison to similar instruments for which market observable prices exist. Assumptions and inputs used in valuation techniques include risk-free and benchmark interest rates, credit spreads and other premium used in estimating discount rates, bond and equity prices, foreign currency exchange rates, equity and equity index prices and expected price volatilities and correlations. The objective of valuation techniques is to arrive at a fair value determination that reflects the price of the financial instrument at the reporting date that would have been determined by market participants acting at arm's length.

The foreign currency forward contracts are measured based on observable spot exchange rates, the yield curves of the respective currencies as well as the currency basis spreads between the respective currencies. All contracts are fully cash collateralised, thereby eliminating both counterparty and the Group's own credit risk.

7. Loans and advances to customers

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Loans	57,775,844	57,279,391	57,676,395
Overdrafts	8,306,596	6,550,050	10,276,514
Bills discounted	350,716	351,083	308,927
Other*	883,335	2,012,957	2,666,157
	67,316,491	66,193,481	70,927,993
Deferred profit	(6,912)	(13,235)	(14,164)
ECL on loans and advances to customers (stage 1 & 2)	(1,646,710)	(1,598,537)	(1,570,149)
Net impairment on loans and advances to customers (Stage 3)	(3,187,804)	(3,664,379)	(3,559,422)
Net loans and advances to customers*	62,475,065	60,917,330	65,784,258

The aggregate amount of non-performing loans and advances to customers at 30 June 2020 amounted to QAR 4,006 million which represents 5.95% of total loans and advances to customers (30 June 2019: QAR 3,856 million, 5.83% of total loans and advances to customers; 31 December 2019: QAR 4,122 million, 5.81% of total loans and advances to customers).

During the period, the Group has written off fully provided non-performing loans amounting to QAR 857 million (30 June 2019: QAR 537 million, 31 December 2019: QAR 1,680 million) as per Qatar Central Bank circular no. 68/2011.

Net impairment of loans and advances includes QAR 962 million of interest in suspense (30 June 2019: QAR 853 million; 31 December 2019: QAR 900 million).

*This includes acceptances pertaining to trade finance activities amounting to QAR 712 million (30 June 2019: QAR 1,723 million; 31 December 2019: QAR 2,407 million).

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

8. Investment securities

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Investment securities measured at FVOCI	17,314,670	17,799,172	17,259,232
Investment securities measured at FVTPL	95,122	108,752	64,808
Investment securities measured at amortised cost	8,996,110	7,352,743	9,033,190
Interest receivable	<u>227,480</u>	<u>216,800</u>	<u>228,742</u>
	26,633,382	25,477,467	26,585,972
Net impairment losses on investment securities	<u>(7,630)</u>	<u>(25,246)</u>	<u>(25,387)</u>
	<u>26,625,752</u>	<u>25,452,221</u>	<u>26,560,585</u>

The Group has pledged State of Qatar Bonds bonds amounting to QAR 10,091 million as at 30 June 2020 (30 June 2019: QAR 7,681 million; 31 December 2019: QAR 7,747 million) against repurchase agreements.

9. Property, furniture and equipment**Acquisitions and disposals**

During the period ended 30 June 2020, the Group acquired assets with a cost of QAR 5.9 million (30 June 2019: QAR 5.7 million; 31 December 2019: QAR 87 million).

Asset disposals made by the Group during the period ended 30 June 2020 amounted to QAR 1.5 million (30 June 2019: QAR 10.8 million, 31 December 2019: QAR 12.9 million), at original cost.

10. Debt securities

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Senior guaranteed notes	2,129,799	571,302	471,908
Interest payable	<u>6,020</u>	<u>1,354</u>	<u>1,151</u>
	<u>2,135,819</u>	<u>572,656</u>	<u>473,059</u>

Note:

The Group has issued USD 510 million and JPY 8.1 billion as at 30 June 2020 (30 June 2019: USD 55 million and JPY 11 billion; 31 December 2019: USD 55 million and JPY 8.1 billion) senior unsecured debt under its updated EMTN programme.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

11. Other borrowings

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Term loan facilities	6,579,085	6,983,844	6,824,310
Interest payable	25,669	29,601	34,739
	6,604,754	7,013,445	6,859,049

The table below shows the maturity profile of other borrowings:

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Upto 1 year	4,342,853	2,693,980	3,030,356
Between 1 and 3 years	2,261,901	4,319,465	3,828,693
	6,604,754	7,013,445	6,859,049

12. Share capital

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Authorised number of ordinary shares (in thousands)	3,100,467	3,100,467	3,100,467
(Nominal value of ordinary shares QAR 1 each)			
Issued and paid up capital (in thousands of Qatar Riyals)	3,100,467	3,100,467	3,100,467

All shares are of the same class and carry equal voting rights.

13. Instrument eligible as additional tier 1 capital

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Issued on 31 December 2013	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Issued on 30 June 2015	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000

The Group has issued regulatory Tier I capital notes totaling to QAR 4 billion. These notes are perpetual, subordinated, unsecured and each has been priced at a fixed interest rate for the first six years and shall be re-priced thereafter. The coupon is discretionary and the event on non-payment is not considered as an event of default. The notes carry no maturity date and have been classified under Tier 1 capital.

14. Dividend

The Board of Directors' proposal of a Nil cash dividend for the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: QAR 0.10 per share amounting to QAR 310 million), was approved at the Annual General Assembly held on 16 March 2020.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

15. Earnings per share

	Three month period ended		Six month period ended	
	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed
Basic and diluted				
Profit attributable to the shareholders of the Bank	176,624	211,097	500,715	518,591
Weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares in thousands	3,100,467	3,100,467	3,100,467	3,100,467
Basic & diluted earnings per share (QAR)	0.06	0.07	0.16	0.17

16. Financial commitments and contingencies

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
(a) Contingent commitments			
Guarantees	12,803,236	14,060,546	12,896,949
Letter of credit	4,226,045	5,256,071	4,679,118
Unused credit facilities	1,420,404	1,481,838	1,737,863
Others	57,619	93,150	49,819
	18,507,304	20,891,605	19,363,749
(b) Other commitments			
<i>Derivative financial instruments:</i>			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	7,459,804	3,997,212	6,338,153
Interest rate swaps	7,585,131	7,298,993	7,110,363
	15,044,935	11,296,205	13,448,516
Total	33,552,239	32,187,810	32,812,265

The derivative instruments are reflected at their fair value and are presented under other commitments at their notional amount.

17. Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Cash and balances with central banks *	6,440,335	4,083,091	3,425,724
Due from banks up to 90 days	3,208,355	2,848,948	3,772,953
	9,648,690	6,932,039	7,198,677

* Cash and balances with central banks do not include the mandatory cash reserve.

Notes to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements
As at and for the six month period ended 30 June 2020

QAR '000s

18. Related party transactions

The Group enters into transactions, arrangements and agreements involving member of the Board of Directors and their related concern in the ordinary course of business at commercial interest and commission rates. The balances with related parties and transactions with related parties at the end of the reporting period were as were as follows:

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Statement of financial position items			
- Loans, advances and financing activities	2,301,224	2,341,882	2,368,267
- Deposits	694,113	621,198	711,121
- Contingent liabilities and other commitments	659,948	729,525	661,588
- Others assets	8,305	8,305	8,305
	Three month period ended	Six month period ended	
	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	30 June 2020 Reviewed
Statement of income and expenses items			
- Interest and fee income	18,708	22,489	29,458
- Interest, fee and commission expenses	7,210	2,630	15,086
Compensation to Board of Directors			
- Salaries and other benefits	8,934	8,922	17,939
- End of service benefits and pension fund	407	406	813
	<u>9,341</u>	<u>9,328</u>	<u>18,752</u>
			<u>21,533</u>

19. Capital adequacy

	30 June 2020 Reviewed	30 June 2019 Reviewed	31 December 2019 Audited
Common Equity Tier 1 Capital	8,610,648	8,501,304	9,143,194
Additional Tier 1 Capital	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000
Additional Tier 2 Capital	889,034	897,395	927,323
Total Eligible Capital	<u>13,499,682</u>	<u>13,398,699</u>	<u>14,070,517</u>
Risk Weighted Assets	<u>76,495,493</u>	<u>76,914,902</u>	<u>79,287,429</u>
Total Capital Ratio	<u>17.65%</u>	<u>17.42%</u>	<u>17.75%</u>

The minimum total Capital Adequacy Ratio requirements under Basel III as per QCB Requirements is as follows:

- Minimum limit without Capital Conservation buffer is 10%; and
- Minimum limit including Capital Conservation buffer, ICAAP buffer and the applicable Domestic Systemically Important Bank ("DSIB") buffer is 13.5%.

20. Impact of COVID-19

The coronavirus ("COVID-19") pandemic has spread across various geographies globally, causing disruption to business and economic activities. COVID-19 has brought about uncertainties in the global economic environment. The fiscal and monetary authorities, both domestic and international, have announced various support measures across the globe to counter possible adverse implications.

The Bank's operations are concentrated in economies that are relatively dependent on the price of crude oil. During the financial reporting period, oil prices have witnessed unprecedented volatility. The Bank is closely monitoring the situation and has activated its business continuity planning and other risk management practices to manage the potential business disruption the COVID-19 outbreak may have on its operations and financial performance.

IASB Guidance

On 27 March 2020, the IASB issued a guidance note on accounting for expected credit losses in the light of current uncertainty arising from the Covid-19 pandemic. The guidance note states that IFRS 9 requires the application of judgement and both requires and allows entities to adjust their approach to determining ECLs in different circumstances. A number of assumptions and linkages underlying the way ECLs have been implemented to date may no longer hold in the current environment. Entities should not continue to apply their existing ECL methodology mechanically.

Further, to assess significant increase in credit risk (SICR) IFRS 9 requires that entities assess changes in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of a financial instrument. Both the assessment of SICR and the measurement of ECLs are required to be based on reasonable and supportable information that is available to an entity without undue cost or effort. Entities are required to develop estimates based on the best available information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of economic conditions. In assessing forecast conditions, consideration should be given both to the effects of covid-19 and the significant government support measures being undertaken.

QCB support programs and initiatives

In response to COVID-19, QCB launched a support program ("QCB support program") for the affected sectors. The support program mainly encompasses the following:

- Deferral of loan installments for affected sectors;
- Maximum rate to be charged during the deferral of installment period to be capped at 2.5%;
- Zero-cost repo facilities for bank meeting the criteria; and
- Point of sale ("POS") and ATM withdrawal fees;

(a) Expected credit losses

The Bank has performed an assessment of COVID-19 which has resulted in the following changes to the expected credit loss methodology and valuation estimates and judgements as at and for the period ended 30 June 2020:

(i) Identifying whether a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) has occurred for IFRS 9

Under IFRS 9, loans and advances are required to be moved from Stage 1 to Stage 2 if and only if they have been the subject of a SICR since origination. A SICR occurs when there has been a significant increase in the risk of a default occurring over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Bank continues to assess borrowers for other indicators of unlikelihood to pay, taking into consideration the underlying cause of any financial difficulty and whether it is likely to be temporary as a result of Covid-19 or longer term.

In response to the QCB support program the Bank has initiated a programme of payment relief for its impacted customers by deferring installments due for a period of six months. These payment reliefs are considered as short-term liquidity to address borrower cash flow issues. The relief offered to customers may indicate a SICR. However, the extension of these payment reliefs do not automatically trigger a SICR and a stage migration for the purposes of calculating ECL, as these are being made available to assist borrowers affected by the Covid-19 outbreak to resume regular payments.

20. Impact of COVID-19 (continued)**(a) Expected credit losses (continued)****(i) Identifying whether a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) has occurred for IFRS 9 (continued)**

In addition to the assumptions outlined above, the Bank has given specific consideration to the relevant impact of COVID-19 on the qualitative and quantitative factors when determining the significant increase in credit risk and assessing the indicators of impairment for the exposures in potentially affected sectors. This has resulted in staging downgrade of certain exposures and recognition of relevant ECLs and impairment allowances as disclosed in note 4(a) to the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

(ii) Reasonableness of forward looking Information and probability weights

The uncertainties caused by COVID-19, and the volatility in oil prices have required the Bank to update the inputs and assumptions used for the determination of expected credit losses ("ECLs") as at 30 June 2020. ECLs were estimated based on a range of forecast economic conditions as at that date and considering that the situation is fast evolving, the Bank has considered the impact of higher volatility in the forward-looking macro-economic factors, when determining the severity and likelihood of economic scenarios for ECL determination.

The Bank has re-assessed the association of the macro-economic variables with its own default experience as a part of its endeavor towards ongoing improvement of the ECL models and analysis of the impact of Covid 19. The macro-economic variables for incorporation of forward looking factor in ECL were identified based on their level and direction of association with Bank's own default experience over period of last 5 years and asset quality ratio of Qatar' Banking sector over a period of last 19 years. The forward-looking factor (here Credit Index or CI) used is determined from the observed historical macro-economic factors. The credit index is used to forecast expected point-in-time probability of defaults for the credit portfolio of the Bank. Interdependency exists between the CI and macro-economic factors as applicable, which for Qatar includes i) yearly average oil price of \$ 45/ barrel, \$ 53.8 / barrel ii) Private sector credit concentration of 62.2%, 63.7% for the financial year 2020 and 2021 respectively (31 December 2019: Oil price 2020: \$ 60.49/barrel, 2021: \$ 57.96/ barrel and GDP 2020: 2.75%, 2021: 3%). The ECL has been calculated as probability weighted figure for three scenarios i.e. Baseline, Further Downside and Improved with 65%, 35% and 0% weightings respectively (31 December 2019: 70% to the Baseline, 15% to Downside and 15% Improved Case). The situation is fast evolving and accordingly any downside scenarios will be reassessed if adverse conditions continue.

(b) Valuation estimates and judgements

The Bank has considered potential impacts of the current economic volatility in determination of the reported amounts of the Bank's financial and non-financial assets and these are considered to represent management's best assessment based on observable information. Markets however remain volatile and the recorded amounts remain sensitive to market fluctuations.

The impact of such uncertain economic environment is judgmental and the Bank will continue to reassess its position and the related impact on a regular basis.

As with any economic forecasts, the projections and likelihoods of the occurrence are subject to a high degree of inherent uncertainty and therefore the actual outcomes may be significantly different to those projected.

(c) Accounting for modified loans and advances

As part of QCB support program as detailed above, the Bank has deferred payments for six months on lending facilities those companies that qualify as affected sectors. The payment reliefs are considered as short-term liquidity support to address the borrowers' potential cash flow issues. The Bank has effected the payment reliefs by deferring the installments during the six months relief period with no additional costs to be borne by the customer. The accounting impact of these changes in terms of the credit facilities has been assessed and accounted for in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 9 as a modification of loan arrangement.

20. Impact of COVID-19 (continued)

(d) Accounting for zero rate repo facilities

The QCB has advised banks to extend new financing to affected sectors at reduced rates, which is to be supported by zero-cost repo facilities from QCB, and extended guarantees from the government of the State of Qatar to local banks to support these affected sectors. The benefit arising out of the zero rate repos was not considered to be material for the period.

21. Comparative information

Certain comparative information has been reclassified where necessary to preserve consistency with the presentation in the current period. However, such reclassifications did not have any effect on the interim consolidated statement of income or the consolidated equity of the Group for the comparative period / year.