

MOTAENGIL

# EARNINGS RELEASE First Half 2018

30 August 2018

# Key highlights

- Turnover up 5% YoY to €1,251 mn
- EBITDA with a resilient margin of 14%
- Backlog remains strong, reaching €5.3 bn, of which 78% outside Europe
- Strong commercial environment boosting recent awards after June 2018 worth €340 mn, as well as other projects waiting formalisation worth €850 mn
- Flat net debt YoY at €1.0 bn, despite higher capex and working capital
- Net profit of €6 mn (€15 mn ex IAS 29 impact)

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# Turnover up 5% YoY

## P&L (€ mn)

	1H18	Pro-forma		YoY
		1H18 (*)	1H17	
<b>Turnover</b>	<b>1,251</b>	<b>1,256</b>	<b>1,196</b>	<b>5%</b>
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>(5%)</b>
Margin	14%	14%	16%	(2 p.p.)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>(7%)</b>
Margin	7%	8%	8%	(1 p.p.)
Net financial results	(10)	(10)	(47)	(79%)
Associates	2	2	1	63%
Net monetary position <sup>1</sup>	(9)	-	-	n.m.
<b>EBT</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>41%</b>
<b>Net income</b>	<b>41</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>4%</b>
Attributable to:				
Non-controlling interests	35	41	35	1%
<b>Group</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>24%</b>

(\*)Excluding IAS 29

- Turnover of €1,251 mn up 5% YoY reflects the transition phase between ending of some relevant projects, and the starting stages of other new projects in Latin America and Africa (mainly in new markets)
- EBITDA of €176 mn was mainly driven by Africa, which showed a strong profitability
- Net financial results impacted by forex net gains
- Increase of corporate tax mainly due to the end of the tax benefit granted to Mota-Engil Angola associated with the investment performed
- Non-controlling interests are mainly related to the E&S and E&C activities in Angola and in Mexico, including the electricity generation business
- IAS 29 accounting impacted negatively EBITDA by €4 mn and the Group's net income by c.€9 mn

<sup>1</sup>The caption "Net monetary position" reflects partially the accounting of Angola as a hyperinflationary economy (IAS 29).

# EBITDA margin of 14%

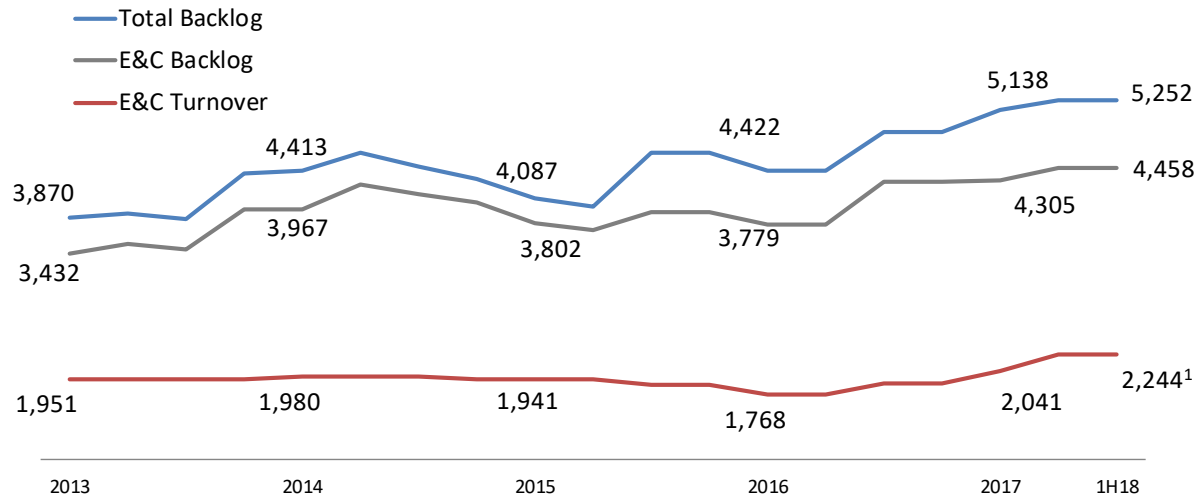
## P&L breakdown (€ mn)

	1H18	1H17	YoY
<b>Turnover</b>	<b>1,251</b>	<b>1,196</b>	<b>5%</b>
Europe	406	380	7%
Africa	362	349	4%
Latin America	486	469	4%
Other and intercompany	(3)	(3)	11%
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>186</b>	<b>(5%)</b>
<i>Margin</i>	<i>14%</i>	<i>16%</i>	<i>(2 p.p.)</i>
Europe	47	62	(25%)
<i>Margin</i>	<i>12%</i>	<i>16%</i>	<i>(4 p.p.)</i>
Africa	82	78	6%
<i>Margin</i>	<i>23%</i>	<i>22%</i>	<i>1 p.p.</i>
Latin America	42	38	12%
<i>Margin</i>	<i>9%</i>	<i>8%</i>	<i>1 p.p.</i>
Other and intercompany	5	8	<i>n.m.</i>

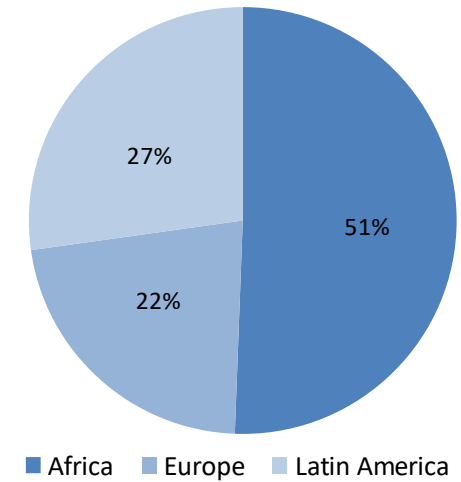
- Total turnover remained broadly balanced YoY and showed a similar growth
- EBITDA margin reached 14% backed by the strong contribution of Africa
- Stable margin in Latin America and challenging performance in the European E&C sector

# Record backlog of €5.3 bn and growing after June

## Total backlog evolution (€ mn)



## Backlog by region



- Total backlog increased €114 mn from December 2017 to €5.3 bn
- E&C backlog to sales<sup>2</sup> ratio of 2.0x
- Recent awards worth €340 mn (€250 mn in Argentina and the remaining in several smaller projects, namely in Portugal)
- Very strong commercial prospects after June 2018 with projects waiting formalisation in several markets worth €850 mn

<sup>1</sup>E&C turnover of the last twelve months; <sup>2</sup>Ratio calculated as follows: E&C Backlog/E&C Turnover.

# Major construction projects currently in backlog

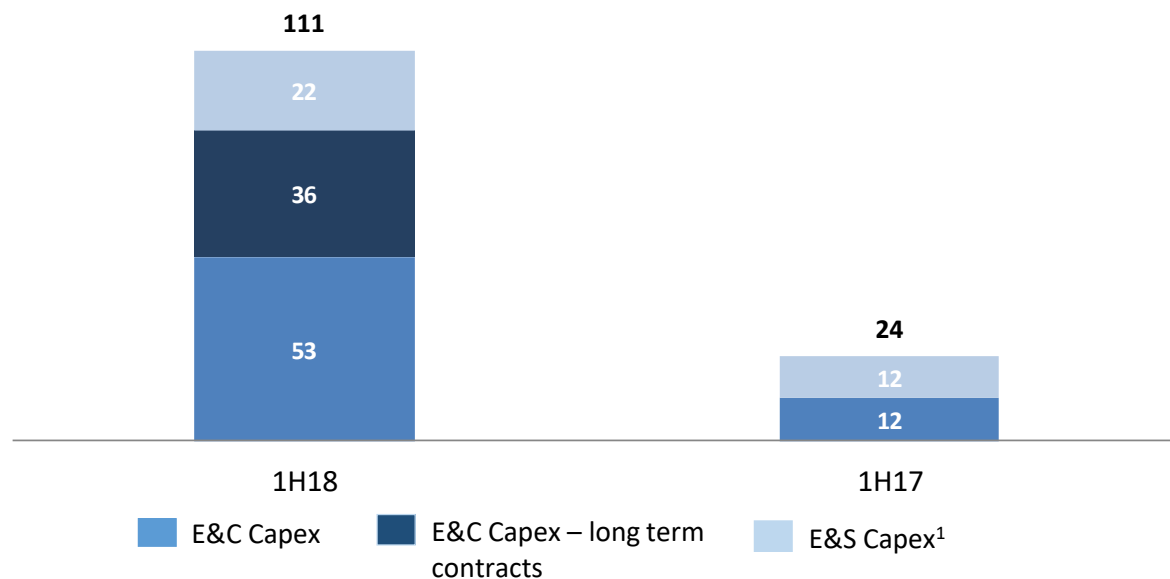
Project <sup>1</sup>	Range (€ Mn)	Country	Segment	Exp. Year of Completion
Vale Mining Moatize	> 250	Mozambique	Mining	2022
Classes: G1 Caribbean; G2 Eje Cafetero - Pacific; G3 Antioquia - Eje Cafetero - Pacific	> 250	Colombia	Civil Construction	2020
Gran Canal highway	> 250	Mexico	Roads	2019
Urban light rail Guadalajara – Tunnel	> 250	Mexico	Railway	2018
Dar Es Salaam	[200;250]	Tanzania	Railway	2019
Las Bambas dam	[200;250]	Peru	Power	2020
Cardel-Poza Rica highway	[200;250]	Mexico	Roads	2019
Tuxpan-Tampico highway	[200;250]	Mexico	Roads	2019
Siguiri gold mine	[150;200[	Guinea Conakry	Mining	2022
BR-381 highway dualisation	[150;200[	Brazil	Roads	2019
General Hospital of Cabinda	[100;150[	Angola	Civil Construction	2019
Fourways Mall Extensions, Fourways	[100;150[	South Africa	Civil Construction	2019
Capacity Improvement Kampala Northern Bypass	[100;150[	Uganda	Roads	2020

<sup>1</sup>Selection of E&C projects above €100 Mn with a stage of completion lower than 95%.

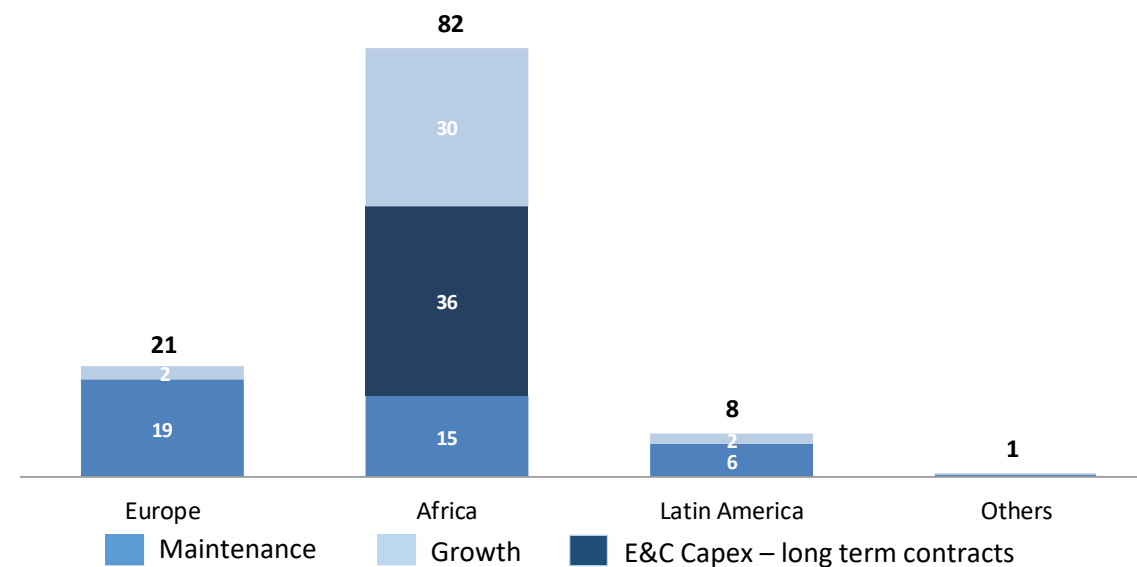
# Total capex of €111 mn

- E&C capex reached €89 mn, mostly allocated to Africa's activities
- E&S capex reached €22 mn and was mainly channelled to Europe, namely EGF
- Africa accounted for €82 mn of the total capex, of which 44% was related to equipment associated with the mining works in Mozambique and in Guinea Conakry (long term contracts)

Net capex (€ mn)



Capex in 1H18 by region (€ mn)



<sup>1</sup>E&S includes the electricity generation business.



# Operating cash flow impacted by seasonal working capital

## Cash flow (€ mn)

	1H18	2017	1H17
<b>Opening balance net debt</b>	<b>877</b>	<b>1,159</b>	<b>1,159</b>
EBITDA	176	405	186
Change in working capital	(44)	190	19
Corporate tax	(32)	(28)	(12)
<b>CFFO</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>566</b>	<b>194</b>
Net financials	(19)	(102)	(47)
Maintenance capex	(40)	(62)	(19)
Growth capex	(71)	(86)	(5)
<b>FCF</b>	<b>(29)</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>123</b>
Dividends	(5)	(38)	(38)
<b>FCF post-dividends</b>	<b>(34)</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>84</b>
Líneas cash in	-	145	145
Other changes in m/l term & perimeter	(90)	(140)	(91)
<b>Change in net debt</b>	<b>124</b>	<b>(282)</b>	<b>(139)</b>
<b>Closing balance net debt</b>	<b>1,002</b>	<b>877</b>	<b>1,020</b>
Net debt/EBITDA	2.5x <sup>1</sup>	2.2x <sup>1</sup>	2.7x <sup>1</sup>

- As in previous first semesters, seasonality negatively impacted working capital
- The anticipated strong capex in Africa negatively impacted cash flow generation
- Dividends outflow is related to the minority shareholders of EGF and ECB

<sup>1</sup>Net debt considers Angola's sovereign bonds denominated in US\$ and US\$ linked as "cash and cash equivalents" which amounted to €150 mn in June 2018 and €156 mn in December 2017. EBITDA refers to the last twelve months.

# Working capital maintains long term descending trend

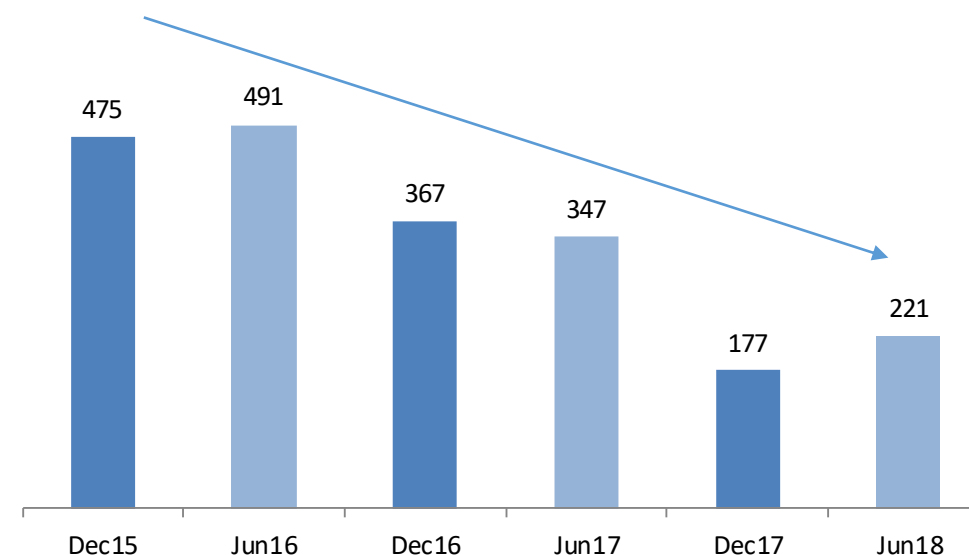
- Working capital was up €44 mn impacted by the seasonal business activity
- Equity impacted mainly by the foreign exchange losses arising from the devaluation of the kwanza
- Long-term payables include investment subsidies and regulatory liabilities related to EGF, amounting to c.€150 mn

## Balance sheet (€ mn)

	Jun.18	Pro-forma		Jun.18- Dec.17
		Jun.18 (*)	Dec.17	
Fixed assets	1,251	1,193	1,263	(12)
Financial investments	270	254	233	37
Long term receivables	121	121	140	(19)
Non-current assets held for sale	92	92	91	1
Working capital	221	237	177	44
	1,955	1,897	1,905	50
Equity	490	432	596	(106)
Provisions	95	95	96	(1)
Long term payables	369	369	335	33
Net debt <sup>1</sup>	1,002	1,002	877	124
	1,955	1,897	1,905	50

(\*)Excluding IAS 29

## Working capital evolution (€ mn)

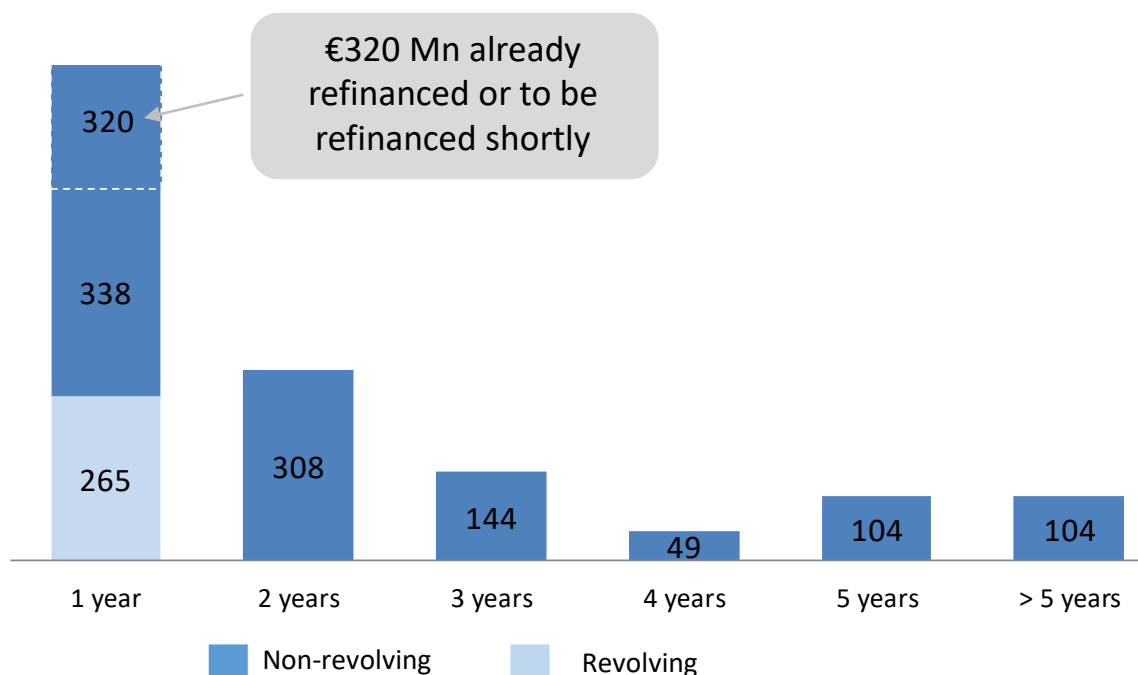


<sup>1</sup>Net debt considers Angola's sovereign bonds denominated in US\$ and US\$ linked as "cash and cash equivalents".

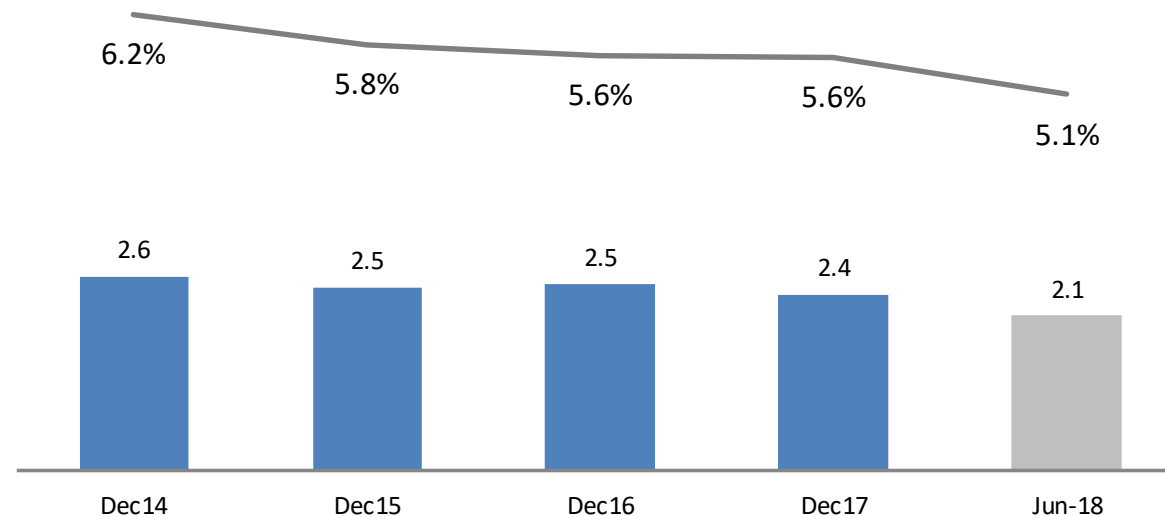
# Average cost of debt down to 5.1%

- Net debt<sup>1</sup> amounted to €1,002 Mn
- Leasing amounted to €202 mn, up €37 mn in the 1H18, of which €33 Mn related to long term contracts
- Average cost of debt of 5.1%, down from 5.6% in December 2017

Gross debt maturity<sup>2</sup>, June 2018 (€ mn)



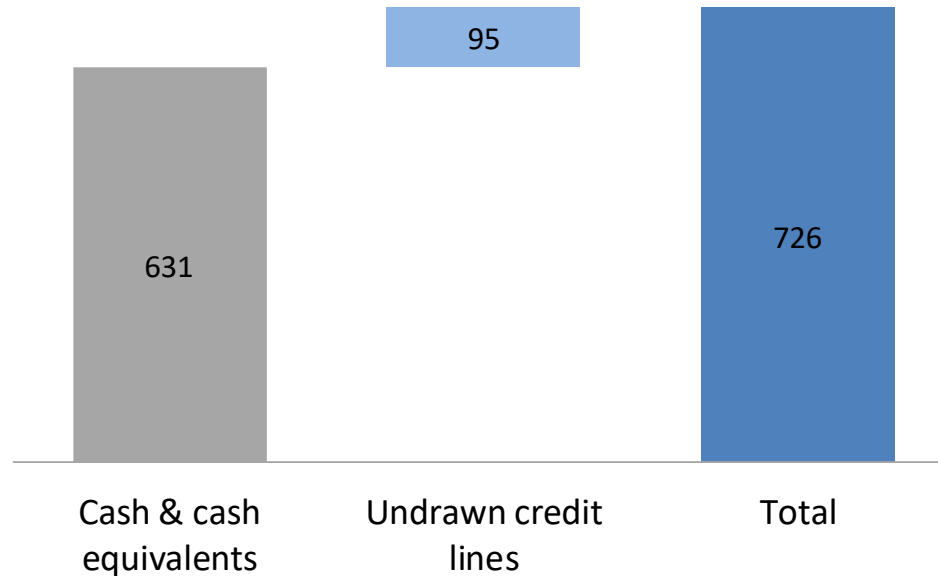
Average cost of debt and average debt life (years)



<sup>1</sup>Excluding leasing, factoring and the sale of receivables covered by the Cosac Portugal/Angola credit line amounting to €202 mn, €82 mn and €150 mn, respectively, and including €150 mn of Angolan sovereign bonds; <sup>2</sup>Excluding leasing and factoring.

# Total liquidity position of €726 mn

Liquidity position, June 2018 (€ mn)



- Total liquidity position corresponding to c.44% of total gross debt, and to c.1.1x of the non-revolving financing needs with one year maturity
- Cash & cash equivalents include Angola's sovereign bonds amounting to €150 mn
- Organic cash flow generation and disposal of non-core assets will continue to contribute to maintain a strong balance sheet

## EUROPE

€406 Mn    €47 Mn/12%    €1,166 Mn

TURNOVER

EBITDA / EBITDA mg

BACKLOG



# Turnover up 7% YoY

## Key financials (€ mn)

	1H18	1H17	YoY
<b>Turnover</b>	<b>406</b>	<b>380</b>	<b>7%</b>
E&C	266	230	16%
E&S	145	153	(5%)
Other, elim. and interc.	(5)	(2)	(113%)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>(25%)</b>
<b>Margin</b>	<b>12%</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>(4 p.p.)</b>
E&C	1	7	(87%)
Margin	0%	3%	(3 p.p.)
E&S	46	56	(17%)
Margin	32%	36%	(4 p.p.)
Other, elim. and interc.	-	-	n.m.

- E&C turnover was up 16% YoY, mainly backed by the positive evolution of Poland that showed an increase in activity of 28% YoY, but also Portugal that accounted for c.50% of the segment's turnover
- Profitability in E&C was negatively impacted by the execution of some projects awarded in a challenging context
- Turnover in E&S reached €145 mn, of which €87 mn from EGF
- E&S EBITDA margin remained strong at 32%



# E&C activity expected to rebound with larger projects

## Rockbuilding, Portugal (E&C)



- Positive outlook for the Portuguese construction sector, with expected impact in 2019/2020
- Backlog in Poland of €511 Mn, mainly related to road contracts, while studying commercial opportunities in the road, civil construction and railway segments to be tendered until year end
- Outlook for 2018: flat top-line and positive EBITDA

## EGF's plant, Portugal



- EGF's capex program in execution and in accordance with the regulatory framework in place
- Parameters for the next regulatory period should be announced in the 4Q18
- Outlook for 2018: slightly decrease of top-line and EBITDA



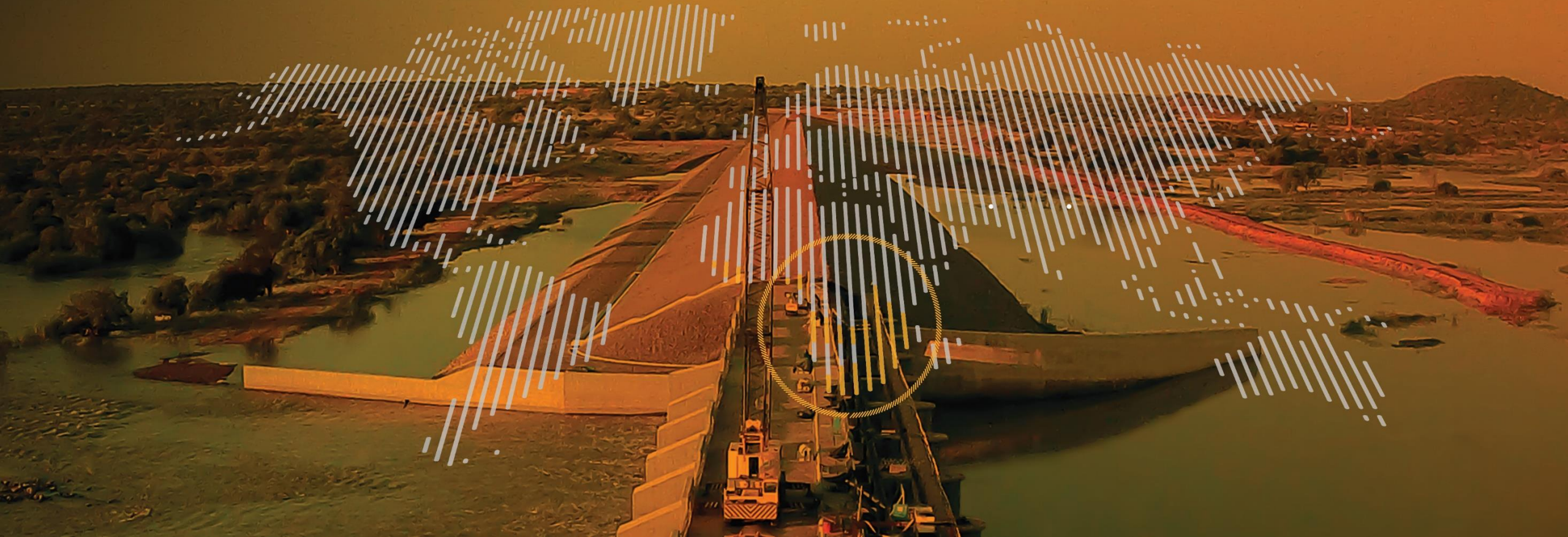
## AFRICA

€362 Mn    €82 Mn/23%    €2,657 Mn

TURNOVER

EBITDA / EBITDA mg

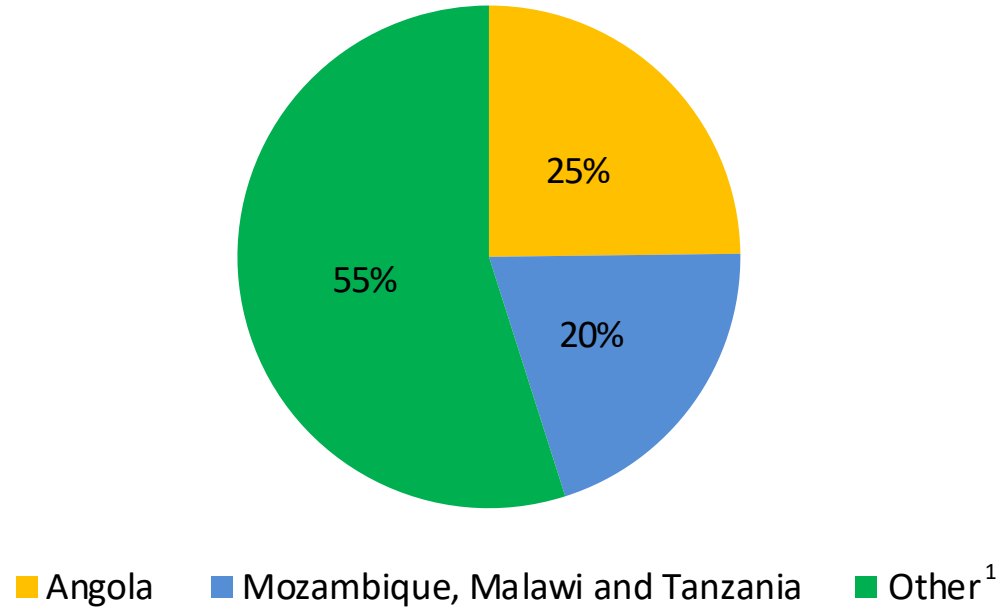
BACKLOG





# Turnover of €362 mn

## Backlog by sub-region



- Turnover growth decelerated to 4% YoY since the conclusion of some works was not fully compensated by the starting process of recently awarded projects, mainly in new markets
- EBITDA margin of 23% reflected strong profitability in all markets, but mainly in Angola
- Backlog up c.€50 mn in the 1H18 driven by contract awards in Ivory Coast and in Uganda

<sup>1</sup>Namely Guinea Conakry, Ivory Coast and Uganda.

# Activity in the 2H18 will increase

## Vale's mining works, Mozambique



- Activity expected to increase (YoY), but the starting phase of execution of some new projects will reduce the production impact throughout this year
- Capex should be lower in the 2H18, with no expected further spikes related to existing contracts
- Outlook 2018: double-digit top-line increase and EBITDA in line with guidance of c.20%



## LATIN AMERICA

€486 Mn

€42 Mn/9%

€1,430 Mn

TURNOVER

EBITDA / EBITDA mg

BACKLOG



## EBITDA margin of 9%

- Turnover in Latin America up 4% YoY to €486 mn, accounting for 39% of the Company's total turnover
- Mexico represented 58% of the region's turnover with a significant increase in activity, that was partially offset by less works in Peru and Brazil as some projects reached completion
- EBITDA of €42 Mn, up 12% YoY driven by operations in Mexico
- Electricity generation business with revenues of €36 mn with c.50% EBITDA margin
- Backlog of €1.4 bn, with the main markets (Mexico, Colombia, Peru, Brazil) representing 95% of the total and not including the recent awarded road contract in Argentina



# Execution of key projects ongoing

## Cardel-Poza Rica section II, Mexico



- Several large projects being executed with strong impact in 2018, such as the Gran Canal, Cardel-Poza Rica and Tuxpan-Tampico highways and the Las Bambas dam
- Intense commercial activity with good perspectives in main and new markets
- Outlook 2018: slight top-line increase and flat EBITDA margin

## FINAL REMARKS

# Final remarks

- Strong capex and seasonal working capital had relevant effect on 1H18 performance
- Efficient working capital management remains as a critical goal
- 2018 capex guidance revised downwards to €150 mn - €200 mn, but will pressure the cash flow generation for the remaining of the year
- Funding sources diversification and debt maturities extension programs will continue to be executed
- Strong commercial activity led to a high backlog at June 2018 and to new relevant awards/intentions of awards
- Dividend payment regarding the net income of 2018 expected to resume in 2019

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# MOTA-ENGIL

*A World of Inspiration*



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