

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
**Washington, D.C. 20549**

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**FORM 6-K**

**REPORT OF A FOREIGN PRIVATE ISSUER  
PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-16 OR 15d-16  
UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

**For April 2005**

**Commission File Number 0-28800**

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**DRDGOLD Limited**

45 Empire Road  
Parktown  
Johannesburg, South Africa, 2193

*(Address of principal executive offices)*

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover of Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F ☒ Form 40-F ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes ☐ No ☒

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): N/A

This report on Form 6-K shall be deemed to be incorporated by reference into the Registration Statement on Form F-3 (Registration No. 333-102800) and Registration Statement on Form F-4 (Registration No. 333-121386) of DRDGOLD Limited (the "Company") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 30, 2003 and December 17, 2004 respectively, and to be part thereof from the date on which this report is filed, to the extent not superseded by documents or reports subsequently filed or furnished.

**Attached to the Registrant Form 6-K filing for the month of April 2005, incorporated by reference herein:**

**Exhibit**

- 99.1 Release dated April 21, 2005, entitled "Report on Activities for the Third Quarter Ended 31 March 2005".

## **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

DRDGOLD LIMITED

Date: April 21, 2005

By: /s/ Ian Murray  
Name: Ian Murray  
Title: Chief Financial Officer

**2005 FINANCIAL YEAR**

**DRDGOLD LIMITED**  
(Formerly Durban Roodepoort Deep, Limited)

(Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) • Registration No.1895/000926/06  
ARBN 086 277616 • JSE trading symbol: DRD • ISIN Code: ZAE 000058723  
Issuer code: DUSM • Nasdaq trading symbol: DROOY • ASX trading symbol: DRD ("DRDGOLD")

## Group Results (Unaudited)

### KEY FEATURES

- Buffelsfontein liquidated following the loss of No. 5 Shaft
- Blyvoor production up 6%
- R180 million capital raising

### KEY RESULTS SUMMARY

Group		Quarter March 2005	Quarter Dec 2004	9 months to March 2005	Quarter March 2004
Attributable gold production (*)					
Australasian operations	oz	79 334	87 751	244 472	73 014
	kg	2 467	2 731	7 605	2 271
South African operations	oz	60 733	59 832	187 150	79 908
	kg	1 889	1 861	5 821	2 485
Discontinued operations	oz	47 584	75 714	199 850	87 836
	kg	1 480	2 355	6 216	2 732
Group	oz	187 651	223 297	631 472	240 758
	kg	5 836	6 947	19 642	7 488
Gold price received	US\$/oz	431	433	423	406
	ZAR/kg	83 341	84 843	83 765	88 577
Capital expenditure	US\$ million	1.3	6.5	13.8	5.9
	ZAR million	7.1	39.0	85.0	39.9

\* Attributable - Including Emperor Mines Limited (Emperor) (45.33%) and Crown Gold Recoveries (Pty) Limited (40%)

## STOCK

### Issued capital

263 401 932 ordinary no par value shares

5 000 000 cumulative preference shares

Total ordinary no par value shares issued and committed: 307 968 956

Stock traded	JSE	ASX	NASDAQ	FRANKFURT
Avg. volume for the quarter per day (000)	263	20	3966	131
% of issued stock traded (annualized)	26	2	393	8
Price – High	R9.10	A\$2.10	US\$1.57	Euro 1.18
– Low	R4.50	A\$0.95	US\$0.78	Euro 0.63
– Close	R6.15	A\$1.20	US\$0.92	Euro 0.72

## SAFETY

Following a year in which the company distinguished itself with an outstanding safety performance, the quarter under review has seen a disheartening deterioration, specifically at the South African operations. It is with deep regret that we record the deaths of five employees in work-related incidents: four at the North West Operations and one at East Rand Proprietary Mines Limited (ERPM). An enquiry into the deaths of two employees at the North West Operations in an underground transport-related incident attributed the cause to deliberate non-compliance with safety policies and procedures. Two employees died in the earthquake that struck the North West Operations on 9 March 2005, and the fatality at ERPM was similarly seismicity-related. The exposure of our employees to seismicity risk was a factor in the decision to apply for the provisional liquidation of Buffelsfontein Gold Mines Limited. A consequence of the fatalities during the quarter is a renewed focus on both behaviour-based training and underground support standards. Encouragingly, investigations in the aftermath of a seismic event at Blyvooruitzicht Gold Mining Company Limited's ("Blyvoor") No. 5 Shaft during February revealed underground support was up to standard and the particular efficacy of the rapid-yielding hydraulic props that had been applied extensively.

## PRODUCTION

Gold production for the quarter was 16% lower at 187 651 ounces (5 836 kilograms). This reflects a decline in gold production at both the North West Operations in South Africa and at the Australasian operations of 37% and 10% respectively. The North West Operations continued to experience a series of reversals during the quarter and the holding company, Buffelsfontein Gold Mines Limited, was put into provisional liquidation on 22 March 2005. Continued, successful implementation of the new mining plan at Blyvooruitzicht in South Africa, however, resulted in a 6% increase in gold production to 39 995 ounces (1 244 kilograms), thus restoring the mine to breakeven.

## COSTS

Ongoing cost improvements at Blyvoor are encouraging, restoring the mine to profitability. Higher world oil prices, however, impacted negatively on costs at the Australasian operations.

## FINANCIAL

Cash and cash equivalents increased to R145.8 million from R143.1 million in the previous quarter and the current ratio improved to 1.12 from 0.84.

## GOLD MARKET REVIEW

The average gold price received for the quarter, while virtually unchanged in US Dollar terms at US\$431 per ounce (US\$433), was 2% lower in Rand terms at R83 341 per kilogram (R84 843) due to the sustained strength of the South African currency. Consequently, all of the company's South African operations faced continued Rand-driven revenue and cost pressures. Overall volumes in the gold market have been flat globally, while lending rates available from Central Banks have reached historic lows, a clear indication that hedging as an instrument has all but lost its lustre in the current environment. We are encouraged by these facts and it provides further evidence in our continued belief in a higher gold price. We are also encouraged by the decision last week of the South African Reserve Bank to lower interest rates by 50 basis points. The continued high interest rates environment in South Africa has had a dramatically negative effect on the local currency and thus the export sector, which has suffered under a strong Rand.

## CORPORATE DEVELOPMENTS

All efforts in the quarter under review have been directed at restoring the company as a whole – and its South African operations in particular – to stability following a dismal, preceding six months. Undoubtedly, the most far-reaching development was the provisional liquidation of Buffelsfontein Gold Mines Limited and the consequent discontinuation of mining at the North West Operations. The effect of this was to immediately staunch the unsustainable drain on DRDGOLD's resources, thus providing a platform for recovery and future growth. Other measures taken to reach this stage have included a 30% reduction in DRDGOLD's corporate headcount, a 50% cut in corporate costs and the sale of the company's Johannesburg corporate office. During the quarter, DRDGOLD focused on its funding requirements:

- R38 million was received from Consolidated African Mines/JCI Limited in respect of an outstanding legal dispute; and
- a subscription agreement was entered into with Baker Steel Capital Managers LLP ("BSCM") on behalf of BSCM clients. In terms of this, DRDGOLD will raise, in aggregate, R93.5 million through the issue of new, ordinary, no par value shares in the stated capital of DRDGOLD to BSCM clients through a specific issue of shares for cash. *(The securities offered to BSCM on behalf of its clients have not been registered under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent an applicable exemption from registration requirements.)*
- an underwriting agreement to raise R86.9 million through the issue of new ordinary no par value shares in the stated capital of DRDGOLD through a claw-back offer.

### Australasian Operations

Porgera (20% of the Joint Venture)		Quarter March 2005	Quarter Dec 2004	% Change	9 months to March 2005	Quarter March 2004
Ore milled	t'000	297	318	(7)	903	319
Yield	g/t	5.07	5.32	(5)	5.20	5.02
Gold produced	oz	48 406	54 417	(11)	150 985	51 505
	kg	1 506	1 693	(11)	4 697	1 602
Capital expenditure	US\$ m	0.9	4.2	80	7.7	3.4
	ZAR m	5.0	25.5	80	47.9	23.2

Gold production was 11% lower at 48 406 ounces (1 506 kilograms). This was due to a 7% decline in tonnage milled to 297 000 tons and a 5% decline in yield to 5.07 grams per ton. The lower output arose from a failure of the West wall, harder ore to the mill and unscheduled downtime due to power line vandalism.

Tolukuma		Quarter March 2005	Quarter Dec 2004	% Change	9 months to March 2005	Quarter March 2004
Ore milled	t'000	52	55	(5)	159	50
Yield	g/t	11.27	10.85	4	11.25	13.38
Gold produced	oz	18 878	19 183	(2)	57 545	21 509
	kg	586	597	(2)	1 789	669
Capital expenditure	US\$ m	0.5	1.2	57	2.9	1.2
	ZAR m	3.2	7.5	57	17.6	8.2

Yield improved by 4% to 11.27 grams per ton but a 5% decline in ore milled to 52 000 tons resulted in a 2% decrease in gold production to 18 878 ounces (586 kilograms).

Emperor (45.33% attributable)		Quarter March 2005	Quarter Dec 2004	% Change	9 months to March 2005	Quarter March 2004
Ore milled	t'000	63	67	(6)	168	-
Yield	g/t	5.95	6.58	(10)	6.66	-
Gold produced	oz	12 050	14 151	(15)	35 942	-
	kg	375	441	(15)	1 119	-

Gold production output from Emperor remained disappointing.

## South African Operations

Blyvooruitzicht		Quarter March 2005	Quarter Dec 2004	% Change	9 months to March 2005	Quarter March 2004
Area mined m <sup>2</sup>	000	<b>36</b>	32	13	116	38
Development	m	<b>453</b>	258	76	1 431	849
Face length	m	<b>1 234</b>	1 268	(3)	1 419	2 121
Stoping width	cm	<b>108</b>	107	1	109	107
Ore milled						
Underground	t'000	<b>140</b>	129	9	449	209
Surface	t'000	<b>780</b>	768	2	1 125	750
Total	t'000	<b>920</b>	897	3	2 574	959
Yield						
Underground	g/t	<b>7.36</b>	7.49	(2)	7.15	7.09
Surface	g/t	<b>0.27</b>	0.27	2	0.25	0.39
Total	g/t	<b>1.35</b>	1.31	3	1.46	1.85
Gold produced						
Underground	oz	<b>33 115</b>	31 057	7	103 203	47 615
	kg	<b>1 030</b>	966	7	3 210	1 481
Surface	oz	<b>6 880</b>	6 623	4	17 361	9 324
	kg	<b>214</b>	206	4	540	290
Total	oz	<b>39 995</b>	37 680	6	120 564	56 939
	kg	<b>1 244</b>	1 172	6	3 750	1 771
Capital expenditure	US\$ m	<b>(0.1)</b>	(0.3)	(68)	(0.2)	0.8
	ZAR m	<b>(0.6)</b>	(1.9)	(68)	(1.0)	5.8

Overall gold production increased by 6% to 39 995 ounces (1 244 kilograms) quarter on quarter, reflecting increases in tonnage from both underground and surface sources.

Productivity, in terms of grams per total employee costed (g/tec) rose by 6% to 124.75 g/tec. Improved temperature control from the installation of underground spray chambers on both the western and eastern sides of No. 5 Shaft are expected to contribute towards further productivity improvement, as is a campaign – based on more coaching, communication and controls – to increase face advance per blast.

Continued application of the new mining plan, with a focus on No. 5 and No. 6 Shafts, resulted in a 13% increase in area mined to 36 000 m<sup>2</sup> and a substantial, 76% increase in development to 453 m. A six-month assessment is currently under way to determine the viability of re-establishing mining operations from the No. 2 Shaft sub-shaft, at an estimated capital cost of R50 million (US\$8.0 million). If viable, this project could restore Blyvooruitzicht's life of mine (LOM) to 20 years.

A 9% increase in underground tonnage to 140 000 tonnes more than compensated for a slight decrease in underground yield to 7.36 grams per ton (g/t) (7.49g/t), resulting from the opening up of lower grade areas on the western side of No. 5 Shaft. Consequently, underground gold production rose by 7% to 33 115 ounces (1 030 kilograms).

A mine call factor (MCF) strategy applied underground during the quarter involved tighter water management, the upgrading of mud settlers, and increased sweeping and vamping, with consequent improvements in efficiencies. Plans are in place to eliminate spillages and other inefficiencies in the plant.

Surface tonnage increased by 2% to 780 000 tonnes, reflecting continued improvement in throughput from the Slimes Dam Project.

While heavy rains impacted negatively on the project throughout the quarter, a sustained drive to identify and address faults timeously, together with pipe layout changes to eliminate bottlenecks, led to record throughput of 260 000 tonnes during March, some 20 000 tonnes above designed capacity. Surface yield was maintained at 0.27 g/t but the increase in tonnage led to a 4% rise in gold production to 6 880 ounces (214 kilograms).

A project is under way to determine the potential for increasing throughput from the Slimes Dam Project by 33% from 240 000 tonnes per month to 320 000 tonnes at an estimated capital cost of R7 million (US\$1.1 million).

<b>Crown (40% attributable)</b>		<b>Quarter March 2005</b>	<b>Quarter Dec 2004</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>9 months to March 2005</b>	<b>Quarter March 2004</b>
Ore milled	t'000	<b>841</b>	894	(6)	2 648	1 024
Yield	g/t	<b>0.39</b>	0.40	(3)	0.41	0.38
Gold produced	oz	<b>10 643</b>	11 613	(8)	34 538	12 629
	kg	<b>331</b>	361	(8)	1 074	393

Gold production was 8% lower at 10 643 oz (331 kg), reflecting a 6% drop in tonnage to 841 000 tonnes. Yield was virtually unchanged at 0.39 g/t.

The lower throughput was due mainly to the impact of heavy rains on reclamation operations generally and more specifically to both pipeline failures at the Crown plant and to short-term difficulties arising from the high incidence of rock encountered at the Crown Mines reclamation site.

A pipeline replacement programme is in place and the Crown plant is expected to benefit both from better reclamation conditions and improved grade from a new reclamation site at Consolidated Main Reef (CMR) (2/A/1) to be commissioned in May and another at 3L17 which was commissioned at the end of March.

Crown's City Deep and Knights plants both recorded steady-state performances in the quarter under review.

<b>ERPM (40% attributable)</b>		<b>Quarter March 2005</b>	<b>Quarter Dec 2004</b>	<b>% Change</b>	<b>9 months to March 2005</b>	<b>Quarter March 2004</b>
Area mined m <sup>2</sup> *	000	<b>16</b>	16	-	57	30
Development *	m	<b>253</b>	108	134	435	363
Face length *	m	<b>694</b>	683	2	716	1 189
Stoping width *	cm	<b>126</b>	133	(5)	129	125
Ore milled						
Underground	t'000	<b>30</b>	35	(14)	112	57
Surface	t'000	<b>197</b>	210	(6)	559	-
Total	t'000	<b>227</b>	245	(7)	671	57
Yield						
Underground	g/t	<b>7.61</b>	7.27	5	7.11	5.62
Surface	g/t	<b>0.42</b>	0.36	17	0.36	-
Total	g/t	<b>1.38</b>	1.34	3	1.49	5.62
Gold produced						
Underground	oz	<b>7 433</b>	8 032	(7)	25 592	10 340
	kg	<b>231</b>	250	(7)	796	321
Surface	oz	<b>2 662</b>	2 507	6	6 456	-
	kg	<b>83</b>	78	6	201	-
Total	oz	<b>10 095</b>	10 539	(4)	32 048	10 340
	kg	<b>314</b>	328	(4)	997	321

\* Represents total mine

Overall gold production was 4% lower at 10 095 oz (314 kg). Gold production from underground was 7% lower at 7 433 oz (231 kg), reflecting a 14% drop in tonnage to 30 000 tonnes due to technical problems on both the rock hoist and the decline belt between 70 and 74 levels at Far East Vertical (FEV) Shaft. These problems are being addressed. Underground yield improved by 5%, assisted by an increased focus on sweepings.

While area mined was maintained at 16 000 m<sup>2</sup>, development increased by more than 134% to 253 m.

Gold production from the Cason surface retreatment project rose by 6% to 2 662 oz (83 kg) due to a 17% improvement in yield to 0.42 g/t. Tonnage was 6% lower as a consequence of a plant breakdown and delays in sourcing spares from overseas.

The first phase of a three-phase plugging project to isolate the FEV shaft from the rest of the mine's underground operations is progressing, on budget and on schedule. Application to the Department of Minerals and Energy (DME) both for a grant of R8.4 million for phase two of the project, and a pumping subsidy of R1.3 million a month in fiscal 2006 have been approved.

Underground salvaging and reclamation at the mine's Central and Hercules Shafts is 90% completed. Some 30% of the proceeds of scrap approved for sale by the DME have been directed to the rehabilitation fund. Central Shaft will be placed on care and maintenance and Hercules Shaft closed permanently during the current quarter.



## Discontinued Operations

North West (Hartebeestfontein and Buffelsfontein mines)		Quarter March 2005	Quarter Dec 2004	% Change	9 months to March 2005	Quarter March 2004
Area mined m <sup>2</sup>	000	<b>70</b>	81	(14)	243	81
Development	m	<b>7 366</b>	10 442	(29)	26 148	11 240
Face length	m	<b>2 404</b>	2 871	(16)	2 759	2 834
Stoping width	cm	<b>120</b>	121	(1)	120	125
Ore milled						
Underground	t'000	<b>246</b>	344	(28)	986	403
Surface	t'000	<b>320</b>	394	(19)	884	31
Total	t'000	<b>566</b>	738	(23)	1 870	434
Yield						
Underground	g/t	<b>4.68</b>	5.87	(20)	5.44	6.20
Surface	g/t	<b>1.03</b>	0.85	21	0.96	7.58
Total	g/t	<b>2.61</b>	3.19	(18)	3.32	6.29
Gold produced						
Underground	oz	<b>37 006</b>	64 944	(43)	172 522	80 280
	kg	<b>1 151</b>	2 020	(43)	5 366	2 497
Surface	oz	<b>10 578</b>	10 770	(2)	27 328	7 556
	kg	<b>329</b>	335	(2)	850	235
Total	oz	<b>47 584</b>	75 714	(37)	199 850	87 836
	kg	<b>1 480</b>	2 355	(37)	6 216	2 732
Capital expenditure	US\$ m	<b>(0.1)</b>	1.3	109	3.3	0.4
	ZAR m	<b>(0.7)</b>	7.9	109	20.3	2.8

As has been previously reported, Buffelsfontein Gold Mines Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of DRDGOLD and operator of the Buffelsfontein and Hartebeestfontein mines – better known as the North West Operations of DRDGOLD – went into provisional liquidation on 22 March 2005.

All operations, other than essential services, were discontinued from that date to the end of the March quarter. Consequently, the results of the quarter under review are not directly comparable with those of the previous quarter. The North West Operations are now under the jurisdiction of three liquidators appointed by the High Court.

The North West Operations' net loss of R279 million for the six months ended 31 December 2004 was compounded by the collective negative impact of a series of events during the quarter under review that prompted the Board of Directors' decision to pursue liquidation:

- on 19 January 2005, an underground fire at No. 10 Shaft was detected. Although the fire was brought under control and sealed off, the resultant loss of production was estimated at 18 800 tonnes.
- on 21 January 2005, a seismic event of magnitude 2.8 occurred at No. 2 Shaft, incurring substantial damage to working places and other infrastructure. Operations were adversely affected for a period of six weeks and the estimated production loss was 15 840 tonnes.
- on 4 March, two fatalities occurred underground at No. 10 Shaft. Management stopped production for four days in order to conduct a full risk assessment and safety review. The estimated production loss was 2 000 tonnes. A subsequent enquiry into the cause of the fatalities revealed deliberate non-compliance with safety procedures by certain employees.
- on 9 March, an earthquake of magnitude 5.3 stopped operations at all of the North West Operations' eight shafts for two full shifts, resulting in a production loss estimated at 3 000 tonnes. A decision to discontinue production from No. 5 Shaft, which was damaged beyond repair, resulted in a further loss of production, estimated at 4 050 tonnes.

The total estimated loss of production from these events was 43 690 tonnes. Estimated gold production lost – based on an average yield of 5.2 g/t – was 227 kg, worth some R18.7 million at an average gold price received of R82 376 per kilogram.

## CASH OPERATING COSTS

Cash operating costs per ounce are non-US GAAP financial measures that should not be considered by investors in isolation or as alternatives to production costs. While the Gold Institute has provided definitions for the calculation of cash operating costs, the calculation of cash costs per ounce may vary significantly among gold mining companies, and these definitions by themselves do not necessarily provide a basis for comparison with other gold mining companies.

However, we believe that cash operating costs per ounce are useful indicators to investors and management of an individual mine's performance and of the performance of our operations as a whole as they provide:

- an indication of a mine's profitability and efficiency;
- the trend in costs;
- a measure of a mine's margin per ounce, by comparison of the cash operating costs per ounce by mine to the price of gold; and
- a benchmark of performance to allow for comparison against other mines and mining companies.

A reconciliation of cash operating costs to production costs for the three months ended March 31, 2005; December, 31 2004; and nine months ended March, 31 2005, is presented below.

For the three months ending March, 31 2005		Blyvoor	Tolukuma	Porgera	Continued operations	Discontinued operations	Group
Cash operating costs	US\$ 000	16 888	6 066	9 240	32 194	32 562	64 756
Adjust for:							
Revenue from byproducts	US\$ 000	-	(309)	(2 667)	(2 976)	-	(2 976)
Other non operating cash costs	US\$ 000	148	835	751	1 734	683	2 417
Production costs	US\$ 000	17 036	6 592	7 324	30 952	33 245	64 197
Cash operating costs	US\$/oz	422	321	191	312	684	418
Associates				Emperor	Crown	ERPM	
Cash operating costs	US\$/oz			471	428	462	
For the three months ending December, 31 2004		Blyvoor	Tolukuma	Porgera	Continued operations	Discontinued operations	Group
Cash operating costs	US\$ 000	17 127	6 128	8 711	31 966	34 868	66 834
Adjust for:							
Revenue from byproducts	US\$ 000	(27)	(325)	(107)	(459)	-	(459)
Other non operating cash costs	US\$ 000	150	578	844	1 572	1 122	2 694
Production costs	US\$ 000	17 250	6 381	9 448	33 079	35 990	69 069
Cash operating costs	US\$/oz	455	319	160	305	461	357
Associates				Emperor	Crown	ERPM	
Cash operating costs	US\$/oz			419	398	423	
For the nine months ending March, 31 2005		Blyvoor	Tolukuma	Porgera	Continued operations	Discontinued operations	Group
Cash operating costs	US\$ 000	57 091	18 683	26 346	102 120	102 543	204 663
Adjust for:							
Revenue from byproducts	US\$ 000	(46)	(866)	(2 774)	(3 686)	(15)	(3 701)
Other non operating cash costs	US\$ 000	481	1 988	2 277	4 746	2,924	7 670
Production costs	US\$ 000	57 526	19 805	25 849	103 180	105 452	208 632
Cash operating costs	US\$/oz	474	325	174	328	513	387
Associates				Emperor	Crown	ERPM	
Cash operating costs	US\$/oz			404	394	428	

For the three months ending March, 31 2005		Blyvoor	Tolukuma	Porgera	Continued operations	Discontinued operations	Group
Cash operating costs	ZAR 000	101 518	36 569	55 832	193 919	196 185	390 104
Adjust for:							
Revenue from byproducts	ZAR 000	-	(1 868)	(16 409)	(18 277)	-	(18 277)
Other non operating cash costs	ZAR 000	894	5 072	4 533	10 499	4 072	14 571
Production costs	ZAR 000	102 412	39 773	43 956	186 141	200 257	386 398
Cash operating costs	ZAR/kg	81 606	62 404	37 073	60 404	132 557	81 002

Associates				Emperor	Crown	ERPM	
Cash operating costs	ZAR/kg			91 111	82 723	89 408	

For the three months ending December, 31 2004		Blyvoor	Tolukuma	Porgera	Continued operations	Discontinued operations	Group
Cash operating costs	ZAR 000	102 574	36 998	52 736	192 308	210 837	403 145
Adjust for:							
Revenue from byproducts	ZAR 000	(161)	(1 983)	(662)	(2 806)	-	(2 806)
Other non operating cash costs	ZAR 000	900	3 497	5 128	9 525	6 790	16 315
Production costs	ZAR 000	103 313	38 512	57 202	199 027	217 627	416 654
Cash operating costs	ZAR/kg	87 520	61 973	31 149	58 774	89 527	69 305

Associates				Emperor	Crown	ERPM	
Cash operating costs	ZAR/kg			81 925	77 628	82 721	

For the nine months ending 31 March 2005		Blyvoor	Tolukuma	Porgera	Continued operations	Discontinued operations	Group
Cash operating costs	ZAR 000	351 377	114 986	162 147	628 510	631 112	1 259 622
Adjust for:							
Revenue from byproducts	ZAR 000	(286)	(5 331)	(17 071)	(22 688)	(95)	(22 783)
Other non operating cash costs	ZAR 000	2 962	12 238	14 015	29 215	18 000	47 215
Production costs	ZAR 000	354 053	121 893	159 091	635 037	649 017	1 284 054
Cash operating costs	ZAR/kg	93 701	64 274	34 521	64 828	101 530	76 563

Associates				Emperor	Crown	ERPM	
Cash operating costs	ZAR/kg			79 752	77 951	84 595	

## EXPLORATION - TOLUKUMA

### MLI04 EXPLORATION

#### I20/Zine North Extension

The Zine structure intersected in drill holes and continues down dip and along strike. Grades, however, are consistently low with highest being 13.0 grams per ton Au over 1.1 metres. Drilling has been put on hold.

Hole No	From depth(m)	To Depth(m)	True Width(m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
I20/ZN_001	94.3	106.5	5.7	6.1	4.0
I20/ZN_002	127.7	139.1	7.9	3.2	1.0
I20/ZN_003	102.4	103.7	1.1	13.0	7.0
I20/ZN_004	100.8	108.9	5.9	1.5	12.0
I20/ZN_005	121.2	125.7	2.6	0.4	3.0

### Tinabar and Tolukuma Northern Extension

Drilling of the Tinabar and Tolukuma structures are at their convergence north of the current underground workings. Structure up to 8 metres wide, but grades are less than 1.0 grams per ton Au. Best grade was 1.9 metres at 2.2 grams per ton Au and included a 0.7 metres interval at 5.5 grams per ton Au.

Hole No	From depth(m)	To Depth(m)	True Width(m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
TTEX 005	189.7	193.6	1.8	1.1	5.0
TTEX 006	325.2	335.6	10.0	<1.0	-

### Gulbadi Southern Extension - Surface

Drilling was targeted at the southern extension of the Gulbadi vein with the best intersection of 61.0 grams per ton Au and included 0.5 metres at 77.3 grams per ton Au.

Hole No	From depth(m)	To Depth(m)	True Width(m)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)
DG 007	37.7	39.7	1.5	16.0	41.0
DG 008	60.5	62.5	1.0	61.0	197.0
DG 012	44.8	46.9	0.9	3.2	8.5
DG 013	50.1	51.4	0.9	7.3	-

### Underground LMA90 drilling

During the quarter a total of 3 218.4 metres was drilled from 15 holes. Structures are very encouraging with specks of visible gold in the drill core.

Assay results with grades > 10 grams per ton of gold are presented below.

Hole No	From depth(m)	True Width(m)	Au (g/t)	Includes
TU035	180.4	1.8	60.1	0.9 m @ 117.4 g/t Au
TU039	144.2	1.8	10.9	0.9 m @ 19.6 g/t Au
TU040	173.6	1.9	52.3	0.6 m @ 148.7 g/t Au
TU043	183.5	1.7	34.3	0.5 m @ 115.0 g/t Au
TU047	202.0	2.1	18.3	0.9 m @ 63.3 g/t Au

## BOARD CHANGES

Mr Ian Murray has resumed the role of Chief Financial Officer to DRDGOLD with effect from 8 March 2005, while continuing with his corporate development duties.

Ms Andrea Townsend has resigned as the Group Company Secretary to DRDGOLD with effect from 31 March 2005.

DRDGOLD's Assistant Legal Advisor, Mr Themba John Gwebu, has been appointed the Group Company Secretary with effect from 1 April 2005. Mr Gwebu, a former Magistrate, holds a B.Juris degree from the University of the North West, an LLB and a Masters Degree in Law from The University of South Africa and a Diploma in Corporate Law from Rand Afrikaans University.

Mr Anton Lubbe has resigned as an alternate director from the board of directors of DRDGOLD.



**MARK WELLESLEY-WOOD**

Chief Executive Officer

21 April 2005



**DR PASEKA NCHOLO**

Non-executive Chairman

**THIS REPORT DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER OF SECURITIES**



## INVESTOR INFORMATION AT 21 MARCH 2005

**DIRECTORS** (\* British) (\*\* Australian) (\*\*\*) American)

**Executives:**

MM Wellesley-Wood (Chief Executive Officer) \*  
IL Murray (Chief Financial Officer)

**Non-executives**

MP Ncholo (Non-executive Chairman)  
J Turk \*\*\*

**Independent non-executives:**

D Blackmur \*\*  
GC Campbell \*  
RP Hume

**Group Company Secretary:**

TJ Gwebu

## INVESTOR RELATIONS

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