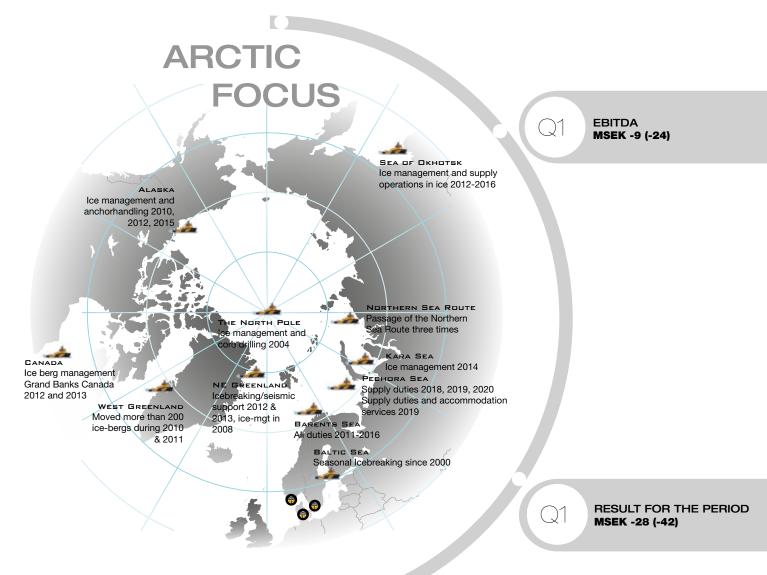




ALWAYS AHEAD OF **COMPETITION**









Viking Supply Ships AB (publ) is the parent company of a shipping Group domiciled in Gothenburg, Sweden, with the operational headquarters in Kristiansand, Norway. Viking Supply Ships AB (publ) is organized into four segments: Ice-classed Anchor Handling Tug Supply vessels (AHTS), Ice-classed Platform Supply Vessels (PSV), Ice Management and Services as well as Ship Management. The operations are focused on offshore and icebreaking primarily in Arctic and subarctic areas. The company has in total about 300 employees and the turnover in 2021 was MSEK 312. The company's B-share is listed on NASDAQ OMX Stockholm, segment Small Cap, www.vikingsupply.com.

Viking Supply Ships AB (publ) Idrottsvägen 1 SE-444 31 Stenungsund, Sweden Tel: +47 38 12 41 70 E-mail: ir@vikingsupply.com www.vikingsupply.com

For further information, please contact CEO, Trond Myklebust, ph. +47 95 70 31 78 or interim CFO, Jörgen Lorentz, ph. +47 46 89 84 50.





CEO STATEMENT 3 Q1 2022 4 SUMMARY OF EVENTS IN Q1 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS 4 **RESULTS AND FINANCE** 5 OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR Q1 FINANCIAL POSITION AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE 6 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED 8 PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 8 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED 8 **BALANCE SHEET** CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED 9 CASH FLOW STATEMENT CHANGES IN THE GROUP'S 9 SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 9 DATA PER SHARE PARENT COMPANY 10 PARENT COMPANY INCOME **STATEMENT** 10 PARENT COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 10 CHANGES IN PARENT COMPANY SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY 10 NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS** 11 **DEFINITIONS** 15

CEO STATEMENT

Market conditions within offshore oil and gas improved during the first quarter. Demand for AHTS vessels in the North Sea was low during January and the beginning of February – which is not uncommon in winter – but improved significantly during the latter part of February and March. Revenue for the first quarter was MSEK 102 (73), EBITDA was MSEK -9 (-24), and the net result was MSEK -28 (-42).

In light of higher oil and gas drilling activity, offshore vessel demand, and a more positive market outlook, the Group has after the end of the quarter reactivated the two ice-classed AHTS vessels that have been in layup. These two vessels - Loke Viking and Brage Viking - are currently active in the North Sea spot market.

In February, the Group was awarded a seasonal contract for work in Russian waters. Following the Russian invasion and war of aggression in Ukraine in late February, the future of this project became highly uncertain. Viking Supply Ships has a strong commitment to compliance and has procedures in place designed to ensure conformity with economic sanctions and embargo laws in connection with our charters. The contract in question was cancelled in May. Viking Supply Ships is not pursuing further business opportunities in Russia.

After the end of the quarter, The Group's management contract with The Swedish Maritime

Administration (SMA) for its five ice breakers has been extended until year end 2023. After the end of the contract period, SMA will take over the management of its ice breaker fleet inhouse, primarily for security related reasons.

OUTLOOK

The global pandemic situation continued to ease significantly during the first quarter, with a positive impact on the global economy and oil and gas demand.

However, the Russian invasion and war in Ukraine cast new uncertainty on future economic development – including significant sanctions on the Russian economy. At the same time, the war and sanctions lead to stronger focus on the energy supply situation in Europe and alternative sources of oil and gas. This could well have a long term positive effect on exploration and production activity in Europe and other regions, in addition to support to a high oil price.

Market outlook indicates an increasing number of rigs in operation during the rest of 2022 and the following years. This is expected to increase the demand for the vessels operated by the Group. However, it is challenging to predict the strength and duration of a potential market improvement.

Gothenburg, 19 May 2022

Trond Myklebust
CEO and President



FIRST QUARTER

- Total revenue was MSEK 102 (73)
- EBITDA was MSEK -9 (-24)
- Result after tax was MSEK -28 (-42)
- Result after tax per share was SEK -2.2 (-4.5)

SUMMARY OF EVENTS IN Q1

- EBITDA for Q1 was MSEK -9 (-24).
- For the AHTS-fleet the average fixture rate in Q1 was USD 40,400 (30,400) and the average utilization was 57% (42). The average fixture rates for the PSV-vessels in Q1 was USD 14,700 (14,700), and the average utilization was 100% (100).
- Mr. Tord Helland was appointed Chief Financial Officer for the Group and will assume this position from June 1, 2022.
- In early February, the Group was awarded a seasonal contract for its four ice-classed AHTS vessels for assistance to an industrial project in Russian waters in the summer of 2022 and 2023, with an option for 2024 and with an estimated contract value of MEUR 18.5. Following the Russian invasion and war in Ukraine, the future of this project became highly uncertain, and the contract was cancelled in May.

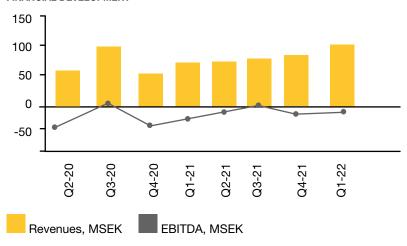
SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

- Driven by higher oil & gas drilling activity, offshore vessel demand, and a more positive market outlook, the Group has after the end of the quarter reactivated the 2 ice-classed AHTS vessels that have been in layup, and these two vessels - Loke Viking and Brage Viking - are currently active in the North Sea spot market.
- The seasonal contract for assistance to an industrial project in Russian waters was cancelled in May as explained in the section "Summary of Events in Q1" above
- The Group's management contract with The Swedish Maritime Administration (SMA) for its five ice breakers
 has been extended until year end 2023. After the end of the contract period, as previously communicated,
 SMA will take over the management of its ice breaker fleet inhouse, primarily for security related reasons.

KEY FINANCIALS	Q1 2022	Q1 2021
Net sales, MSEK	102	73
EBITDA, MSEK	-9	-24
Result after tax, MSEK	-28	-42
Earnings per share after tax, SEK	-2.2	-4.5
Shareholders'equity per share, SEK	136.8	179.0
Return on equity, %	-6.4	-10.2
Equity ratio, %	93.5	95.3
Market adjusted equity ratio, %	93.2	95.0



FINANCIAL DEVELOPMENT



RESULTS AND FINANCE

RESULTS YEAR TO DATE 2022

Total revenue for the Group was MSEK 102 (73).

The Group's EBITDA was MSEK -9 (-24).

Net financial items were MSEK 0 (-1).

The Group's result after tax was MSEK -28 (-42).

OPERATIONAL HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE FIRST QUARTER

ICE-CLASSED ANCHOR HANDLING TUG SUPPLY VESSELS (AHTS)

Total revenue from the AHTS segment was MSEK 35 (23) in Q1 and EBITDA was MSEK -4 (-19).

During Q1, two vessels have been operating in the North Sea spot market and two vessels have been laid up. The two laid up vessels were reactivated in April.

The market improved during Q1. As a result, revenue levels improved compared to corresponding period last year. However, the overall revenue level is still considered to be unsatisfactory.

AHTS Q1	Fixture rates (USD)	Utilization (%)
AHTS vessels on term charters	- (-)	- (-)
AHTS vessels in the spot market	40,400 (30,400)	57 (42)
Total AHTS fleet	40,400 (30,400)	57 (42)



Firm contr	act	Opti	on	Spot	Lay	/up						
AHTS	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	ост	NOV	DEC	JAN	FEB	MAR
Loke Viking												
Njord Viking												
Magne Viking												
Brage Viking												

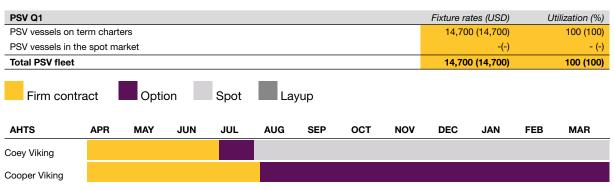
The table shows the contractual status as of 18 May 2022.

ICE-CLASSED PLATFORM SUPPLY VESSELS (PSV)

The profit for the PSV-segment was MSEK 2 (-2) in Q1.

Coey Viking and Cooper Viking have been working on term contracts with Wintershall and Vår Energi, respectively, throughout the quarter.

The vessels are owned in partnership with funds managed by Borealis Maritime. VSS owns 30% of the vessels, which are consolidated in the financial statements according to the equity-method.



The table shows the contractual status as of 18 May 2022.

ICE MANAGEMENT, SERVICES AND SHIP MANAGEMENT

Total Ice Management, Services and Ship Management revenue was MSEK 67 (50) in Q1. Total EBITDA was MSEK -7 (-3).

The operations within the Ice Management, Services and Ship Management segments proceeded largely as planned throughout the quarter.

After the end of the quarter, The Group's management contract with The Swedish Maritime Administration for its five ice breakers has been extended until year end 2023, on standard market terms.

FINANCIAL POSITION AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

At the end of the first quarter, the Group's equity amounted to MSEK 1,761. The equity increased during the quarter by net MSEK 11 due to a positive change in the translation reserve of MSEK 39 attributable to currency differences on net investments in subsidiaries, offset by the loss for the period of MSEK 28. Further information can be found in section "Changes in the Group's shareholders' equity" on page 9.

At the beginning of the year the total cash holdings were MSEK 115. The cash-flow from current operations for the quarter was negative by MSEK 29, cash-flow from investments was negative by MSEK 16 and cash-flow from financing activities was negative by MSEK 2. Currency exchange rate differences in the liquid funds was MSEK 0. The total cash holdings at the end of the quarter were MSEK 68.



The gross investments during the quarter, which amounted to MSEK 16 (29), consisted mainly of capitalized docking expenses and investments in the two PSV's which were delivered from the shipyard during H1 2021.

The Annual General Meeting, which was held on April 26, 2022, resolved that no dividend would be distributed for the fiscal year 2021.

For further information of the Group's financial position see note 5, "Interest bearing liabilities and note 6, "Cash and cash equivalents".

Viking Supply Ships AB is obliged to publish this report in accordance with the Swedish Securities Act. This report has been prepared in both Swedish and English versions. In case of variations in the contents between the two versions, the Swedish version shall govern. This report was submitted for publication on 19 May, 2022.

The undersigned certify that the interim report gives a true and fair picture of the Group's financial position and results and describes material risks and uncertainties facing the Parent Company and the companies included in the Group.

This interim report is unaudited.

Gothenburg, 19 May 2022

Viking Supply Ships AB

Bengt A. Rem Chairman Folke Patriksson Deputy chairman Erik Borgen Board member

Håkan Larsson Board member Magnus Sonnorp Board member Trond Myklebust CEO

Christer Lindgren Employee representative

FINANCIAL CALENDAR 2022

16 August Q2 Interim report 10 November Q3 Interim report

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Please contact interim CFO, Jørgen Lorentz, ph. +47 46 89 84 50.

The interim report is available on the company's website: www.vikingsupply.com

• Q1

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

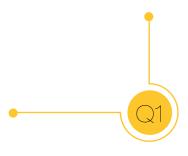
(MSEK)	Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
Net sales	2	102	73	312
Other operating revenue		0	0	0
Direct voyage cost		-6	-5	-17
Personnel costs		-88	-70	-267
Other costs		-19	-20	-72
Depreciation/impairment	3	-20	-17	-68
Result from shares in associated companies		3	-2	-5
Operating result		-28	-41	-117
Net financial items		0	-1	-1
Result before tax		-28	-42	-118
Tax	8	0	0	0
Result from continuing operations		-28	-42	-118
Earnings attributable to Parent Company's share-				
holders, per share in SEK (before and after dilution):		-2.2	-4.5	-20.5

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

MSEK	Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
Result for the period		-28	-42	-118
Other comprehensive income for the period:				
Items that will not be restored to the income statemement				
Revaluation of net pension obligations		0	0	0
Items that later can be restored to the income statemement				
Change in translation reserve, net		39	104	160
Other comprehensive income		39	104	160
Total comprehensive income for the period		11	62	42

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

MSEK	Note	Q1 2022	Q4 2021
Intangible assets		1	1
Vessels	3	1,586	1,558
Value-in-use assets		7	9
Other tangible fixed assets		4	2
Financial assets		90	80
Total fixed assets		1,688	1,650
Other current assets		128	84
Cash and cash equivalents	6	68	115
Total current assets		196	199
TOTAL ASSETS	4	1,884	1,849
Shareholders' equity		1,761	1,750
Long-term liabilities	5	9	9
Current liabilities	5	114	90
TOTAL EQUITY, PROVISIONS AND LIABILITIES		1,884	1,849



CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

MSEK	Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
Cash flow from operations before changes in working capital		-11	-23	-47
Changes in working capital		-18	-18	-10
Cash flow from current operations		-29	-41	-57
Cash flow from investing activities		-16	-29	-58
-whereof acquisitions		-16	-29	-58
-whereof divestments		-2	-1	98
Cash flow from financing activities		-2	-1	-2
-whereof changes in loans		-	-	100
Changes in cash and cash equivalents from discontinued operations		-47	-71	-17
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		115	124	124
Exchange-rate difference in cash and cash equivalents		0	5	8
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	6	68	58	115

CHANGES IN THE GROUP'S SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Shareholders' equity (MSEK) Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
Equity at beginning of period	1,750	1,608	1,608
New share issue 1)	-	-	100
Total comprehensive income for the period	11	62	42
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AT END OF PERIOD	1,761	1,670	1,750

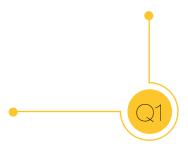
1) The new share issue, which was completed during the fourth quarter 2021, provided the Group with net proceeds of MSEK 100 after issue costs.

Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
	410	410	410
	-	-	-139
	-	-	103
	-	-	36
	410	410	410
	Note	410 - - -	410 410

Number of shares ('000)	Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
Number of outstanding shares at beginning of period		12,878	9,327	9,327
Number of newly issued shares		-	-	3,551
Total number of shares at end of period		12,878	9,327	12,878
Average number of shares outstanding		12,878	9,327	9,901

DATA PER SHARE

(SEK)	Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
EBITDA		-0.7	-2.3	-4.9
Result after tax (EPS)		-2.2	-4.5	-11.9
Equity		136.8	179.0	135.9
Operating cash flow		-0.6	-2.7	-5.0
Total cash flow		-3.7	-7.6	-1.7



PARENT COMPANY

The activities in the Parent Company mainly consist of shareholdings and a limited Group wide administration.

The Parent Company's result after tax for the quarter was MSEK 1 (0).

At the end of the quarter the Parent Company's equity was MSEK 1,746 (1,745 on Dec 31, 2021), and total assets were MSEK 1,777 (1,780 on Dec 31, 2021).

The equity ratio at the end of the quarter was 98 % (98 % on Dec 31, 2021). Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the quarter was MSEK 20 (MSEK 42 on Dec 31, 2021).

PARENT COMPANY INCOME STATEMENT

(MSEK)	Note	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
Net sales		2	2	9
Personnel costs		0	0	-1
Other costs		-2	-2	-8
Operating result		0	0	0
Net financial items		1	0	45
Result before tax		1	0	45
Tax on result for the year		-	-	-
RESULT FOR THE PERIOD		1	0	45
Other comprehensive income for the period:				
Items that will not be restored to the income statemement				
Revaluation of net pension obligations		0	0	0
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD		1	0	45

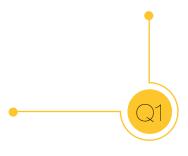
PARENT COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

(MSEK)	Note	Q1 2022	Q4 2021
Financial fixed assets		1,683	1,683
Current assets		94	97
TOTAL ASSETS		1,777	1,780
Shareholders' equity		1,746	1,745
Provisions		4	4
Long-term liabilities		5	5
Current liabilities		22	26
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY, PROVISIONS AND LIABILITIES		1,777	1,780

CHANGES IN PARENT COMPANY SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

(MSEK) No.	e Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-Q4 2021
Equity at beginning of period	1,745	1,601	1,601
New share issue 1)	-	-	100
Total comprehensive income for the period	1	0	45
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AT END OF PERIOD	1,746	1,601	1,745

¹⁾ The new share issue, which was completed during the fourth quarter 2021, provided the Group with net proceeds of MSEK 100, after issue costs.



NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. LIQUIDITY AND GOING CONCERN

The COVID-19 pandemic has had a significant adverse effect on the markets in which the Group operates. This has negatively impacted the Group's earnings and the Group has had a negative cash flow throughout 2020 and 2021. The prolonged market downturn has, as previously communicated, caused a need to take further measures to strengthen the liquidity. The Board convened an Extraordinary General Meeting on September 13, 2021, which decided on a rights issue. The new share issue, which brought net MSEK 100 after issue costs, was in accordance with the proposal from the Board of Directors completed in early November 2021.

The Group continues to operate in highly competitive markets, and the operation is exposed to various operational and financial risks. Viking Supply Ships maintains a positive long-term outlook for the offshore industry and is of the opinion that there will be increasing activity during the next years. Based on the result expectations, the Group's strong balance-sheet, the current risks, and a continued belief in securing contracts within the core market segment, the Board of Directors and Management have concluded that both the company and the Group will be able to continue as going concern at least until 31 March 2023. This conclusion is based on Management's assessment of the current outlook for 2022/2023 and the uncertainties and risks described in this report.

2. REVENUES FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

(MSEK) Not	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q1-4 2021
Time charter revenues 1)	35	18	111
ROV charter revenues 1)	0	2	7
Mobilisation/demobilisation fees 1)	0	0	0
Meals/accomodation onboard 1)	0	0	1
Consultancy fees 2)	2	3	14
Reinvoiced costs 3)	65	50	179
TOTAL	102	73	312

- 1) The revenues are entirely attributable to the AHTS segment.
- 2) The revenues are attributable to the Services- and Ship management segments.
- 3) The revenues are mainly attributable to the Ship management segment.

Time charter revenues

Time charter means that the ship owner grants the rights of disposal of the vessel to a charterer for a certain period and within certain agreed frameworks. The scope of the time charter is determined by the contract entered into and may include everything from short periods such as occasional days up to long term contracts that run for several years. Depending on the type of vessel, the agreement also determines if it is goods to be transported, towing or anchor handling to be carried out, as well as in which parts of the world the vessel is to operate. The charterer pays the time charter hire to the ship owner, which is a rental fee to be paid per a certain time unit. The decisive factor is what has been agreed upon, but a usual occurrence is per calendar month and that payment must be made in advance, or per day for shorter contract periods. The time charter parties mean that the Group negotiates a fixed day rate for the vessels, commonly for an unspecified period. Normally, the time period is defined to include a range that specifies the minimum and maximum number of days, which is ultimately determined by the charterer based on the actual time spent in having the work done. The above is also applicable to the cases where ROV equipment is rented out, see below.

ROV charter revenues

In some cases of long-term time charter contracts, the vessels may need to be adapted to the needs of the charters, e.g. equipped for towing or supplemented with ROV (Remote Operated Underwater Vehicle). The costs of such adaptations, or the hiring of supplementary equipment, are normally charters expenses. Otherwise, revenue recognition of leased ROV equipment takes place on the same principles as time charter revenue, as described above.

Mobilization/demobilization fees

Terms for mobilization/demobilization fees are included in the time charter party and mean that the vessel must be adapted to charterers needs, but may also include that the ship shall be delivered in a special port near the vessels operations areas. The compensation for these adaptations and or delivery of the vessels often consists



of a fixed lump sum. Similarly, the demobilization fee is recognized when the vessel is again in "home port" and has been restored from the current charter assignment.

Reinvoiced expenses

It is common for shipping companies to take care of operations, maintenance, HSEQ work and staffing on behalf of other shipping companies. It can be compared to property management. It is a wide range of options within ship management, from where the manager runs the entire operation of the vessel including staffing where the seamen are employed by the manager, to individual parts of the above mentioned areas or where only key personnel are provided by the manager. The Group has contract for the operation, maintenance and staffing of the Swedish Maritime Administration's five icebreakers. This means that personnel costs and operating costs for the vessels including bunker oil, lubricating oil, repairs and maintenance of the vessels, classification costs, etc., are invoiced at cost to the client.

3. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Tangible fixed assets are recognized at cost or after deductions for accumulated depreciation according to plan and possible impairment. Straight-line amortization according to plan is applied.

Impairment test

At each reporting date the accounts are assessed whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when impairment testing for an asset is required, estimates of the asset's recoverable amount are done. The recoverable amount is the highest of the fair market value of the asset, less cost to sell, and the net present value (NPV) of future estimated cash flow from the employment of the asset ("value in use").

The operations are conducted with advanced AHTS vessels; Loke Viking, Njord Viking, Magne Viking and Brage Viking, which all hold high ice-class and extensive possibilities to operate in various conditions. These four are a group of sister-vessels delivered from the construction shipyard between June 2010 and January 2012, but with some differences in equipment level. The market experience from the previous years, and the current market situation, prove that the vessels with occasional exceptions can all be used for the same kind of operations and are thus deemed interchangeable. Which vessel to be nominated for a certain contract is in principle determined by factors such as availability, geographic position relative to operation area and time for crew-change. Each vessel generates its own cash streams, but the company's customers could still have used another vessel from the actual fleet type. Based on this the Management has deemed it appropriate to consider the group of ice-classed AHTS vessels seen as a separate cash generating unit. As a result, impairment tests are performed on a portfolio level rather than on individual vessels. If a change in the customers' requirements occurs that affects the earnings capacity of individual vessels in relation to the sister vessels, this assessment could be reconsidered.

The key assumptions used in the value in use calculation and in the assessment of owned vessels, for 2022 are as follows:

- The cash flows are based on current tonnage.
- Estimates of fixture rates, utilization and contract coverage as well as estimated residual values are based on Management's extensive experience and knowledge of the market.
- Operating expenses and dry dock costs are estimated based on Management's experience and knowledge of the market as well as plans and initiatives outlined in the operating budgets.
- The weighted average cost of capital (WACC) used to discount the forecasted cash flows was 8.65% (2021: 8.65%). The pre- and post-tax discount factor is the same due to tonnage taxation.

As indication of fair market value, valuations of owned vessels are obtained from independent shipbrokers on a quarterly basis.

Conclusion Impairment test AHTS vessels with ice-class in 2022

In Q1 2022 the Management evaluated the AHTS fleet and concluded that the AHTS vessels are not to be impaired. At balance-day the recoverable amount has been calculated and compared to the book value of MSEK 1,586. The conclusion is that the calculation of value-in-use of MSEK 1,764 is considered being the recoverable amount. The fair value for the fleet, less cost to sell, based on an assessment of average external vessel valuations from two independent shipbrokers, amounts to MSEK 1,515 (ranging from MSEK 1,325 to MSEK 1,649). Due to the global pandemic situation and the Russian invasion and war in Ukraine, there has recently been an increased uncertainty surrounding the future market development. The underlying calculations take into account a gradual recovery towards a more normalized market situation through 2022 and 2023. Management



will continue to closely monitor external developments and, if necessary, adjust input data in forecasts and WACC assumptions, which may result in that impairment needs are identified at the year-end calculations. For further information on sensitivity analysis on these calculations, please see the latest published annual report.

4. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The segment information about continuing operations is presented in four segments:

- The segment Ice-classed AHTS comprises four offshore vessels that are equipped for and have the capacity
 to operate in areas with harsh environment. All vessels are also equipped and classed to operate in Arctic
 areas.
- The segment Ice-classed PSV comprises two large new-built PSV-vessels. The vessels are powered with LNG and equipped with battery-packs which provide good fuel economy and lower environmental impact. The Group owns 30% of the vessels which are taken into the financial statements according to the equity method.
- The segment Ice Management and Services provides ice management services and logistical support in the Arctic regions.
- The segment Ship Management is involved in commercial management of five icebreakers owned by the Swedish Maritime Administration.

Q1 MSEK	Ice-classed AHTS		Ice-classed PSV		Ice Management and Services		Ship Management		TOTAL	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Net sales	35	23	0	0	0	0	67	50	102	73
EBITDA	-4	-19	2	-2	-2	-1	-5	-2	-9	-24
Result before tax	-22	-36	2	-2	-2	-1	-6	-3	-28	-42
Total assets	1,707	1,649	82	48	2	1	93	54	1,884	1,752

There have been no significant transactions between the segments.

5. INTEREST-BEARING LIABILITIES

At the end of the quarter the Interest-bearing liabilities totaled MSEK 7 and consisted entirely of leasing debts, mainly related to hired vessel equipment (right-to-use assets), reported in accordance with IFRS 16 Leases.

MSEK	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021
Long-term financial lease debts	4	1	4
Short-term financial lease debts	3	2	5
TOTAL INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES	7	3	9

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Consolidated cash and cash equivalents at the end of the quarter amounted to MSEK 68 (115 on Dec 31, 2021), including client funds, used in the external ship management operation, of MSEK 30 (36 on Dec 31, 2021).

MSEK	Q1 2022	Q1 2021	Q4 2021
Free cash and cash equivalents	38	34	79
Restricted cash	30	24	36
TOTAL	68	58	115

7. OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL RISK

The Group operates in highly competitive markets and is exposed to various operational and financial risk factors. The financial risk is mainly related to liquidity risk, funding risk and currency risk. The Group works actively to identify, assess and manage these risks.

The main operational risk factors relate to the overall macroeconomic market conditions, degree of competition, flow of goods in prioritized market segments and finally the overall balance of supply and demand of vessels, affecting rates and profit margins. The objective of the overall risk management policy of the Group is to ensure a balanced risk and return relationship.



The offshore market is to a high degree dependent on the investment level in the oil industry which in turn is driven by the oil price development on the global market. Fluctuations in the offshore market in the last few years have impacted the Group's profitability and liquidity. The Group has a clear focus on increasing the number of vessels on term contracts within the offshore operations to mitigate fluctuations in rates and utilization. The Group is also exposed to risks regarding political and social instability. The Russian war in Ukraine has led to sanctions and a risk of termination of contracts and reduced business opportunities in these, for the Group, previously important regions.

The foreign exchange risk is primarily reduced by matching the exposure to revenues in various currencies with costs in the corresponding currency. In the same manner, assets in a certain currency are primarily matched with liabilities in the same currency.

8. OTHER INFORMATION

Company information

Viking Supply Ships AB is a limited liability company registered in Sweden, with its domicile in Gothenburg, and corporate registration number 556161-0113. Viking Supply Ships AB is listed on the Small Cap list of the NASDAQ OMX Nordic Exchange in Stockholm under the ticker VSSAB.

Corporate tax

The general situation for the Group is that taxes payable is limited to foreign entities. The tax losses carry forward for Swedish entities amounted at end of the quarter to MSEK 1,081 (1,081 on Dec 31, 2021). There are no tax assets capitalized in the balance sheet related to these tax losses carry forward. The main part of the activities within the group's subsidiaries outside of Sweden is tonnage taxed, which means that the taxable is calculated as a lump sum based on the net tonnage, instead of conventional taxation, which is based on the company result. The recognized deferred tax liability for the operations outside Sweden amounted to MSEK 0 (0 on Dec 31, 2021).

Accounting policies

This interim report for the Group was prepared in accordance with the application of IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting and applicable rules in the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and for the Parent Company, in accordance with the Swedish Annual Accounts Act and the Swedish Financial Reporting Board's recommendation RFR 2 Accounting for Legal Entities. The accounting policies applied for the Group and the parent company correspond, unless otherwise stated below, with the accounting policies applied in the preparation of the latest annual report.

Transactions with related parties

There have been no transactions with related parties during the quarter.

Number of employees

The average number of full-time employees in the Group during the quarter was 358 (Jan-Dec 2021: 317).

Number of shares

Share distribution on 31 March, 2022:

Number of Series A shares 625,698 Number of Series B shares, listed 12,252,430 Total number of shares 12,878,128





DEFINITIONS

AHTS

Anchor Handling Tug Supply vessel

EARNINGS PER SHARE

Profit after financial items less 1) current tax, 2) tax on profit for the year (current and deferred tax) in accordance with the consolidated income statement

FRIT

Earnings before interest and taxes

EBITDA

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, corresponding to profit/loss before capital expenses and tax

EQUITY RATIO

Shareholders' equity divided by total assets

THE GROUP

Viking Supply Ships AB, a Limited Liability Company registered in Sweden, with all subsidiaries

IFRS

International Financial Reporting Standards – an international accounting standard used by all listed companies. Some older standards included in IFRS include IAS (International Accounting Standards)

MARKET ADJUSTED EQUITY RATIO

Shareholders' equity divided by total assets, adjusted for asset market valuations

OPERATING CASH FLOW

Profit/loss after financial income/expense adjusted for capital gains/losses, depreciation/amortization and impairment

OPERATING COST

Operating cost consists of crew, technical and administration costs

OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS

Profit/loss before financial items and tax

OSV

Offshore Support Vessels

PROFIT MARGIN

Profit after financial items divided by net sales

PSV

Platform Supply Vessel

RETURN ON EQUITY

Profit after financial items less tax on profit for the year, divided by average shareholders' equityv

TOTAL CASH FLOW

Cash flow from operating activities, investing activities and financing activities

WACC

The weighted average cost of capital (WACC) is a calculation of a firm's cost of capital in which each category of capital is proportionately weighted.

