

8 June 2021

Significant Early Results at Korbel Main South East Zone

➤ Infill drilling at Korbel Main SE returning impressive results which include:

▪ KBDH-066

- 67m @ 1.0 g/t Au
- 44m @ 1.5 g/t Au
- 13m @ 3.9 g/t Au
- 6m @ 8.0 g/t Au
- 3m @ 12.3 g/t Au

(KBDH-066 returned an overall average grade of 0.4 g/t Au over 314m from 15m within the Korbel mineralized intrusive containing multiple high-grade zones)

▪ KDBH-068

- 27m @ 0.6 g/t Au
- 6m @ 1.4 g/t Au
- 3m @ 2.3 g/t Au

- Wide zones of mineralized intrusive containing internal higher grade “blow out” zones continue to be intersected in infill drilling South East of the Korbel Main deposit.
- Infill and Extension drilling are ongoing at Korbel Main currently focusing on higher grade SE zone with the goal of substantially increasing the 4.7Moz Resource (ASX: 7 April 2021) and upgrading the Resource confidence to expedite project feasibility studies.
- Trade-off studies considering a range of potential processing options are progressing rapidly to determine capital and operating costs whilst allowing the greatest operational flexibility as part of the forthcoming interim scoping study.
- Mobilization of the third diamond drilling rig to the RPM prospect is imminent.

NVA CEO, Mr. Christopher Gerteisen commented:

“The significance of these grades obtained this early in the infill program further confirms a higher-grade feeder zone within the SE Block B area of the Korbel Main deposit. Our expectation is that we will start to consistently intersect internal high-grade ‘blow-out’ zones, and that is exactly what these results show. This could mean a significant upgrade to the resource, with the next update to be released later this year. It will also have a major impact on our pit optimizations moving forward. As such, we see this upcoming interim scoping study as a ‘snap-shot in time’, a starting point, one which we are only set to grow from. The South East high-grade ‘zone still remains wide open with drilling to continue on infill as well as extensional drilling stepping out further along strike, potentially extending the strike of Korbel Main an additional 500m further South of the

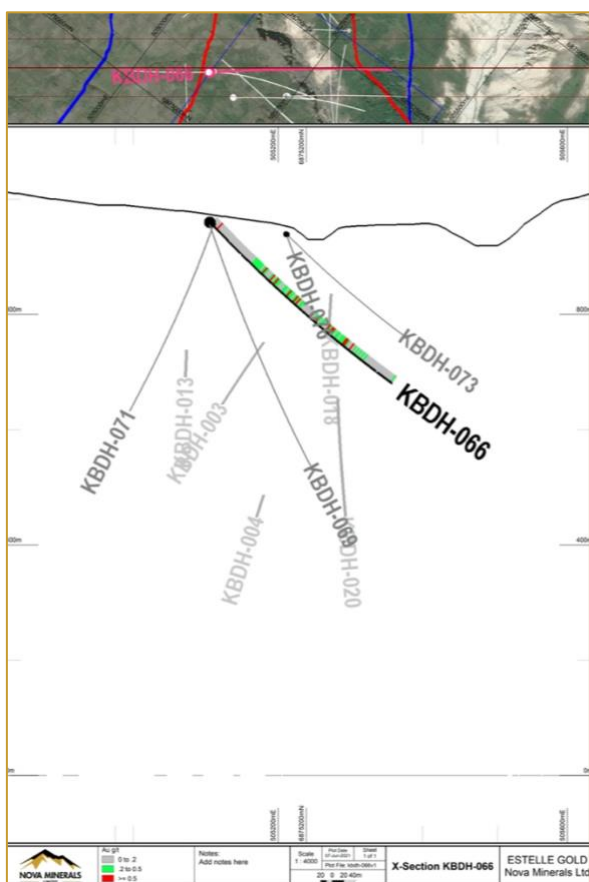
South-East Zone. We are starting to get a clearer structure of the deposit, which bodes for our move into PFS after this interim scoping study, where we will continue to hone and improve our capital expenditure (CAPEX) and operating expenditure (OPEX) estimates.

These results and further from the ongoing drilling since April 2021 resource update will be included in the next resource update due for delivery later this year.

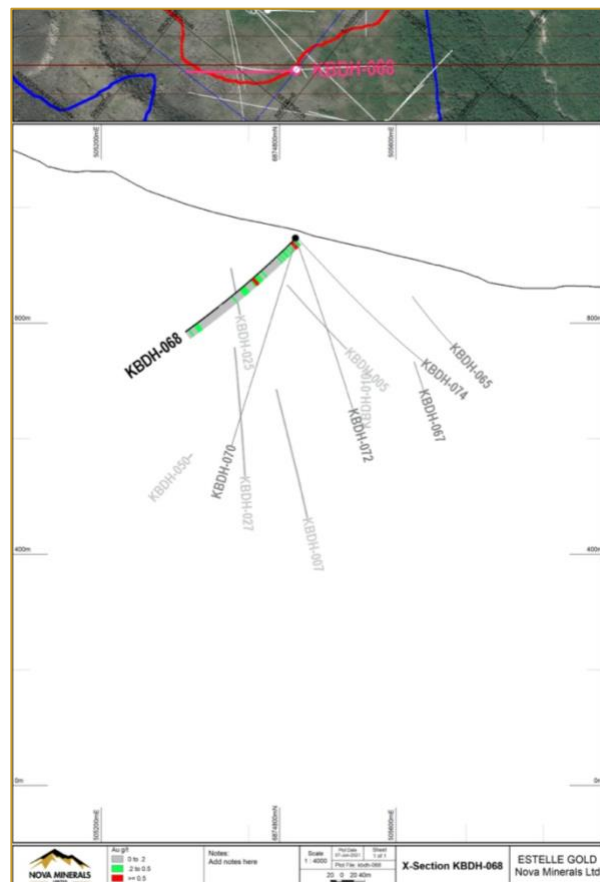
In addition to the exciting things happening at Korbel, another major milestone is in the cross hairs. The third diamond drill rig will be mobilised to the RPM prospect within days, commencing a drilling program which has the potential to add significant ounces to the Estelle Project resource inventory. We have plan to release a Maiden Resource Estimate for this program later this year.

These results are just the beginning of drilling related news flow for 2021. A consistent stream drilling samples are now coming through and will continue to be fed to the lab with results to follow in due course.”

Nova Minerals Limited (**ASX: NVA, OTC: NVAAF, FSE: QM3**) is pleased to announce that the significant grades at Korbel Main, within the Company's flagship Estelle Gold Project located in the prolific Tintina Gold Belt.



**Figures 1
and 2:
Cross
Sections**



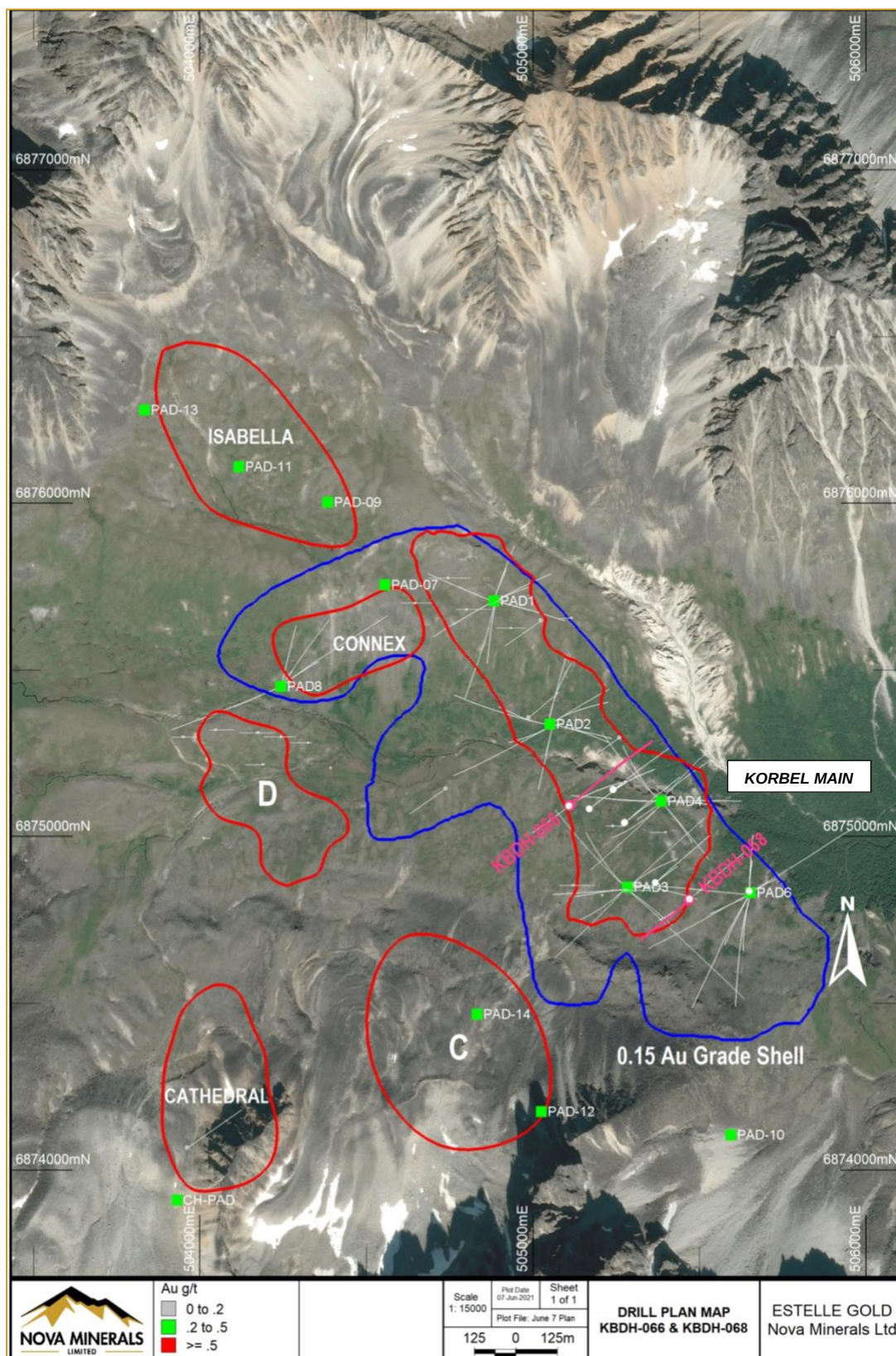


Figure 3: Korb Main Plan view

Korbel Drilling is ongoing with almost 10,000m drilled to date and further results to follow in the near term. Geologically, some of these samples are looking very promising, showing encouraging gold grade indicators in terms mineralogy and high vein densities as revealed in hole KBDH-066. We are currently establishing an on-site sample prep-lab facility which will result in reduced cost per assay and faster turnaround.

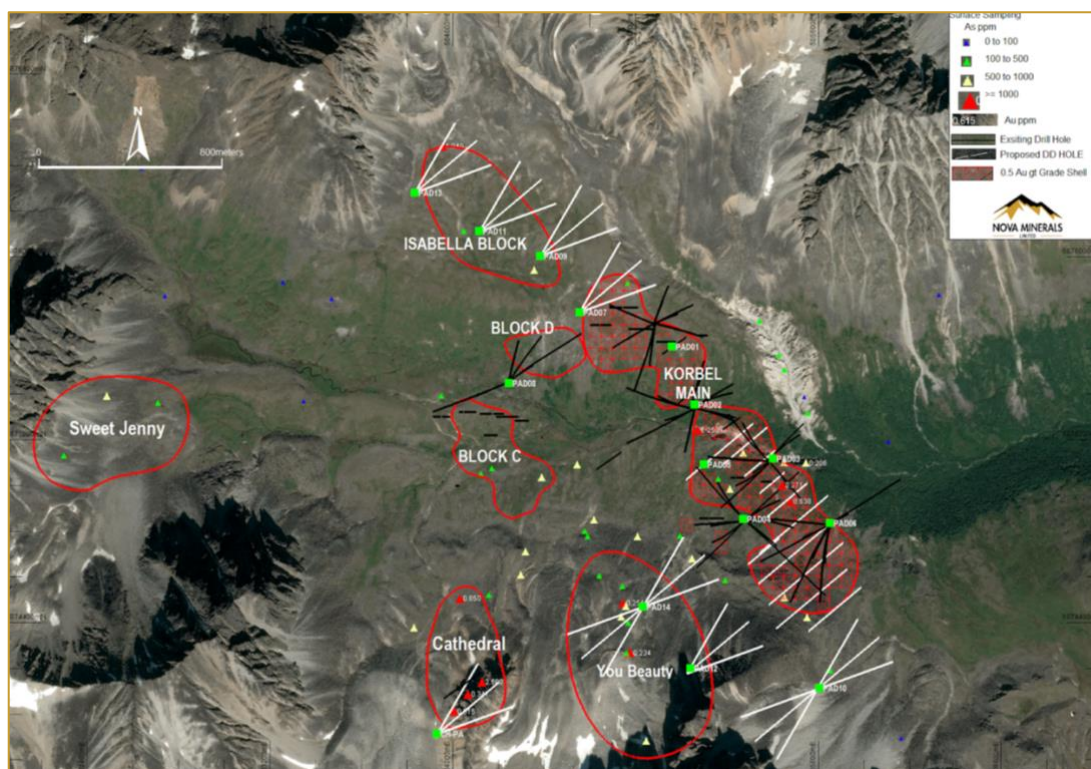


Figure 4. Korbel Main Drill Hole Layout

Competent Person Statements

Mr Dale Schultz P.Geo., Principle of DjS Consulting, who is Nova groups Chief Geologist and COO of Nova Minerals subsidiary Snow Lake Resources Ltd., compiled and evaluated the technical information in this release and is a member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of Saskatchewan (APEGS), which is ROPO, accepted for the purpose of reporting in accordance with ASX listing rules. Mr Schultz has sufficient experience relevant to the style of mineralization and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity that he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the 'Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Schultz consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on information in the form and context in which it appears.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This news release contains "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Generally, any statements that are not historical facts may contain forward-looking information, and forward looking information can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget" "scheduled",

“estimates”, “forecasts”, “intends”, “anticipates” or “does not anticipate”, or “believes”, or variations of such words and phrases or indicates that certain actions, events or results “may”, “could”, “would”, “might” or “will be” taken, “occur” or “be achieved.” Forward-looking information is based on certain factors and assumptions management believes to be reasonable at the time such statements are made, including but not limited to, continued exploration activities, Gold and other metal prices, the estimation of initial and sustaining capital requirements, the estimation of labour costs, the estimation of mineral reserves and resources, assumptions with respect to currency fluctuations, the timing and amount of future exploration and development expenditures, receipt of required regulatory approvals, the availability of necessary financing for the Project, permitting and such other assumptions and factors as set out herein.

Forward-looking information is subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause the actual results, level of activity, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking information, including but not limited to: risks related to changes in Gold prices; sources and cost of power and water for the Project; the estimation of initial capital requirements; the lack of historical operations; the estimation of labour costs; general global markets and economic conditions; risks associated with exploration of mineral deposits; the estimation of initial targeted mineral resource tonnage and grade for the Project; risks associated with uninsurable risks arising during the course of exploration; risks associated with currency fluctuations; environmental risks; competition faced in securing experienced personnel; access to adequate infrastructure to support exploration activities; risks associated with changes in the mining regulatory regime governing the Company and the Project; completion of the environmental assessment process; risks related to regulatory and permitting delays; risks related to potential conflicts of interest; the reliance on key personnel; financing, capitalisation and liquidity risks including the risk that the financing necessary to fund continued exploration and development activities at the Project may not be available on satisfactory terms, or at all; the risk of potential dilution through the issuance of additional common shares of the Company; the risk of litigation.

Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that cause results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended, there can be no assurance that such forward-looking information will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking information. Forward looking information is made as of the date of this announcement and the Company does not undertake to update or revise any forward-looking information this is included herein, except in accordance with applicable securities laws.

This announcement has been authorised for release by the Executive Directors.

- Ends -

Further information:

Christopher Gerteisen
CEO and Executive Director
E: info@novaminerals.com.au
P: +61 3 9537 1238

Ian Pamensky
Company Secretary
E: info@novaminerals.com.au
P: +61 414 864 746

Table 1. Table of Intercepts for KBDH-066 and KBDH-068

Hole ID	From (m)	To (m)	Width (m)	Grade (g/t)
KBDH-066	15	329	314	0.4
inc	124	155	30	0.6
inc	182	207	24	0.7
inc	249	316	67	1.0
inc	273	316	44	1.5
inc	273	286	13	3.9
inc	280	286	6	8.0
inc	283	286	3	12.3
KBDH-068	2	191	189	0.2
inc	2	35	33	0.3
inc	81	108	27	0.6
inc	99	105	6	1.4
inc	102	105	3	2.3

HOLE_ID	UTM_E	UTM_N	ELEV_M	AZ	DIP	EOH_M
KBDH-066	505111	6875093	959	50	-45	422
KBDH-068	505470	6874810	947	230	-45	251

Appendix 2. The following table 1 is provided to ensure compliance with the JORC Code (2012) requirements for the reporting of the exploration results for the Estelle Gold Project – Alaska

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data
(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	• Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling. • Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used. • Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report. • In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse Au that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.	• Rock chip samples were collected from outcrop in-situ lithology or local float where noted • Rock samples collected were representative • Sampling practice is appropriate and complies with industry best practice. • Sample preparation and analysis was performed by ALS laboratories in Fairbanks, following industry best practice standards.
Drilling techniques	• Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).	• Not Applicable – no drilling reported

Drill sample recovery	• Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed. • Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples. • Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material	• Not Applicable – no drilling reported
Logger	• Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies. • Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc.) photography. • The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.	• For rock chip samples logging is qualitative and descriptive.

Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	• If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken. • If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc. and whether sampled wet or dry. • For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique. • Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples. • Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling. • Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.	• Rock samples were collected in dry conditions. • Insertion of standards and blanks by the company was not necessary for the type of sampling undertaken. Routine QA/QC processes at the ALS Laboratory included insertion of duplicates, blanks and standards as per standard procedures.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	• The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total. • For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc., the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc. • Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.	• Samples are tested for gold using ALS Fire Assay Au-ICP21 technique. This technique has a lower detection limit of 0.001 g/t with an upper detection limit of 10 g/t. If samples have grades in excess of 10 g/t then Au-GRA21 is used to determine the over detect limit. Au-GRA21 has a detection limit of 0.05 g/t and an upper limit of 1000 g/t.
Verification of sampling and assaying	• The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel. • The use of twinned holes. Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols. • Discuss any adjustment to assay data.	• Assay data are compiled by the CP and then verified by corporate management prior to the release to the public.
Location of data points	• Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation. • Specification of the grid system used. • Quality and adequacy of topographic control.	• All maps and locations are in UTM grid (NAD83 Z5N) and have been measured by hand-held GPS with a lateral accuracy of ± 4 metres and

		a vertical accuracy of ± 10 metres.
Data spacing and distribution	• Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. • Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. • Whether sample compositing has been applied.	• Rock samples were taken for areas that were previously sampled in 2018 with the focus on collecting material from Quartz-Arsenopyrite Veins.
Orientation of data in relation to geological structure	• Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type. • If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.	• Several structural measurements were taken for the veins where possible. The veins dominant orientations was 320 degrees dipping steeply to the southwest
Sample security	• The measures taken to ensure sample security	• A secure chain of custody protocol has been established with the site geologist locking samples in secure shipping container at site until loaded on to aircraft and shipped to the secure restricted access room at Fairbanks ALS Laboratory for core processing by Nova Minerals staff geologists.
Audits or Reviews	• The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.	• No review has been undertaken at this time.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results
(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Mineral tenement and land tenure status	• Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings. • The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.	• The Estelle project is comprised of Three hundred and Sixty eight (368) State of Alaska mining claims consisting of 220km² for the entire claim group. • The mining claims are wholly owned by AKCM (AUST) Pty Ltd. (an incorporated Joint venture (JV Company between Nova Minerals Ltd and AK Minerals Pty Ltd) via 100% ownership of Alaskan incorporate company AK Custom Mining LLC. AKCM (AUST) Pty Ltd is owned 85% by Nova Minerals Ltd, 15% by AK Minerals Pty Ltd. AK Minerals Pty Ltd holds a 2% NSR (ASX Announcement: 20 November 2017) • Nova owns 85% of the project through the joint venture agreement. • The Company is not aware of any other impediments that would prevent an exploration or mining activity.
Exploration done by other parties	• Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.	• Geophysical, Soil testing, and drilling was completed by previous operators in the past. Nova Minerals has no access to this data.
Geology	• Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.	Nova Minerals is primarily exploring for Intrusion Related Gold System (IRGS) type deposit within the Estelle Project

Drill hole Information	• A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: - easting and northing of the drill hole collar - elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar - dip and azimuth of the hole - down hole length and interception depth -hole length. • If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.	• Not Applicable
Data aggregation methods	• In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated. • Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail. • The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.	• Raw assay information was reported without any aggregation.
Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths	• These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results. • If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported. • If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').	• Not Applicable

Diagrams	• Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to, a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.	• Plan view Map in Figure 1 shows the location of the RPM prospect with respect to other prospects within the Estelle Project.
Balanced Reporting	• Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.	• Does not apply. All Nova results have been disclosed to the ASX via news releases.
Other substantive exploration data	• Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.	• No other substantive exploration data has been collected
Further work	• The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling). • Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.	• Diamond drilling is ongoing. Project planned is for up to 80,000 metres in 2021 across Korbel Valley and RPM.

List of results KBDH-066 and KBDH-068

HoleID	FROM_M	TO_M	Au
KBDH-066	1.42	9.91	0.059
KBDH-066	9.91	11.58	0.061
KBDH-066	11.58	14.63	0.048
KBDH-066	14.63	17.68	1.055
KBDH-066	17.68	20.73	0.119
KBDH-066	20.73	23.77	0.062
KBDH-066	23.77	26.82	0.183
KBDH-066	26.82	29.87	0.114
KBDH-066	29.87	32.92	0.184
KBDH-066	32.92	35.97	0.077
KBDH-066	35.97	39.01	0.107
KBDH-066	39.01	42.06	0.188
KBDH-066	42.06	45.11	0.131
KBDH-066	45.11	48.16	0.068
KBDH-066	48.16	51.21	0.033
KBDH-066	51.21	54.25	0.041
KBDH-066	54.25	57.30	0.069
KBDH-066	57.30	60.35	0.009
KBDH-066	60.35	63.40	0.035
KBDH-066	63.40	66.45	0.108
KBDH-066	66.45	69.49	0.011
KBDH-066	69.49	72.54	0.12
KBDH-066	72.54	75.59	0.123
KBDH-066	75.59	78.64	0.134
KBDH-066	78.64	81.69	0.161
KBDH-066	81.69	84.73	0.107
KBDH-066	84.73	87.78	0.033
KBDH-066	87.78	90.83	0.131
KBDH-066	90.83	93.88	0.095
KBDH-066	93.88	96.93	0.08
KBDH-066	96.93	99.97	0.163
KBDH-066	99.97	103.02	0.365
KBDH-066	103.02	106.07	0.325
KBDH-066	106.07	109.12	0.201
KBDH-066	109.12	112.17	0.427
KBDH-066	112.17	115.21	0.256
KBDH-066	115.21	118.26	0.426

HoleID	FROM_M	TO_M	Au
KBDH-066	118.26	121.31	0.103
KBDH-066	121.31	124.36	0.22
KBDH-066	124.36	127.41	0.846
KBDH-066	127.41	130.45	0.287
KBDH-066	130.45	133.50	0.154
KBDH-066	133.50	136.55	0.18
KBDH-066	136.55	139.60	0.117
KBDH-066	139.60	142.65	0.381
KBDH-066	142.65	145.69	0.506
KBDH-066	145.69	148.74	0.144
KBDH-066	148.74	151.79	0.345
KBDH-066	151.79	154.84	3.01
KBDH-066	154.84	157.89	0.411
KBDH-066	157.89	160.93	0.413
KBDH-066	160.93	163.98	0.132
KBDH-066	163.98	167.03	0.084
KBDH-066	167.03	170.08	0.143
KBDH-066	170.08	173.13	0.453
KBDH-066	173.13	176.17	0.436
KBDH-066	176.17	179.22	0.073
KBDH-066	179.22	182.27	0.215
KBDH-066	182.27	185.32	1.24
KBDH-066	185.32	188.37	0.231
KBDH-066	188.37	191.41	0.22
KBDH-066	191.41	194.46	0.063
KBDH-066	194.46	197.51	0.456
KBDH-066	197.51	200.56	2.44
KBDH-066	200.56	203.61	0.355
KBDH-066	203.61	206.65	0.513
KBDH-066	206.65	209.70	0.129
KBDH-066	209.70	212.75	0.492
KBDH-066	212.75	215.80	0.476
KBDH-066	215.80	218.85	0.098
KBDH-066	218.85	221.89	0.161
KBDH-066	221.89	222.72	0.11
KBDH-066	222.72	225.33	0.001
KBDH-066	225.33	227.99	0.115
KBDH-066	227.99	231.04	0.135
KBDH-066	231.04	234.09	0.143

HoleID	FROM_M	TO_M	Au
KBDH-066	234.09	237.13	0.074
KBDH-066	237.13	240.18	0.669
KBDH-066	240.18	243.23	0.093
KBDH-066	243.23	246.28	0.243
KBDH-066	246.28	249.33	0.046
KBDH-066	249.33	252.37	0.694
KBDH-066	252.37	255.42	0.236
KBDH-066	255.42	258.47	0.131
KBDH-066	258.47	261.52	0.352
KBDH-066	261.52	264.57	0.259
KBDH-066	264.57	268.07	0.187
KBDH-066	268.07	270.36	0.001
KBDH-066	270.36	272.52	0.005
KBDH-066	272.52	273.41	0.528
KBDH-066	273.41	275.69	0.62
KBDH-066	275.69	276.76	0.444
KBDH-066	276.76	279.81	0.301
KBDH-066	279.81	282.85	3.63
KBDH-066	282.85	285.90	12.3
KBDH-066	285.90	288.95	0.2
KBDH-066	288.95	292.00	0.171
KBDH-066	292.00	295.05	0.34
KBDH-066	295.05	298.09	0.309
KBDH-066	298.09	301.14	0.112
KBDH-066	301.14	304.19	0.279
KBDH-066	304.19	307.24	0.32
KBDH-066	307.24	310.29	0.252
KBDH-066	310.29	313.33	0.51
KBDH-066	313.33	316.38	0.573
KBDH-066	316.38	319.43	0.217
KBDH-066	319.43	322.48	0.167
KBDH-066	322.48	325.53	0.124
KBDH-066	325.53	328.57	0.986
KBDH-066	328.57	331.62	0.177
KBDH-066	331.62	334.67	0.474
KBDH-066	334.67	337.72	0.113
KBDH-066	337.72	340.77	0.2
KBDH-066	340.77	343.81	0.086
KBDH-066	343.81	346.86	0.207

HoleID	FROM_M	TO_M	Au
KBDH-066	346.86	349.91	0.166
KBDH-066	349.91	352.96	0.281
KBDH-066	352.96	356.01	0.062
KBDH-066	356.01	359.05	0.259
KBDH-066	359.05	362.10	0.027
KBDH-066	362.10	365.15	0.012
KBDH-066	365.15	368.20	0.106
KBDH-066	368.20	371.25	0.026
KBDH-066	371.25	374.29	0.0005
KBDH-066	374.29	377.34	0.015
KBDH-066	377.34	380.39	0.0005
KBDH-066	380.39	383.44	0.0005
KBDH-066	383.44	386.49	0.004
KBDH-066	386.49	389.53	0.006
KBDH-066	389.53	392.58	0.004
KBDH-066	392.58	395.63	0.019
KBDH-066	395.63	398.68	0.034
KBDH-066	398.68	401.73	0.017
KBDH-066	401.73	404.77	0.065
KBDH-066	404.77	407.82	0.038
KBDH-066	407.82	410.87	0.022
KBDH-066	410.87	413.92	0.0005
KBDH-066	413.92	416.97	0.0005
KBDH-066	416.97	420.01	0.324
KBDH-066	420.01	421.84	0.005
KBDH-068	0.91	1.80	0.061
KBDH-068	1.80	4.57	0.354
KBDH-068	4.57	7.62	0.407
KBDH-068	7.62	10.67	0.57
KBDH-068	10.67	13.72	0.642
KBDH-068	13.72	16.76	0.104
KBDH-068	16.76	19.81	0.477
KBDH-068	19.81	22.86	0.1
KBDH-068	22.86	25.91	0.231
KBDH-068	25.91	28.96	0.161
KBDH-068	28.96	32.00	0.283
KBDH-068	32.00	35.05	0.294
KBDH-068	35.05	38.10	0.074

HoleID	FROM_M	TO_M	Au
KBDH-068	38.10	41.15	0.357
KBDH-068	41.15	44.20	0.027
KBDH-068	44.20	47.24	0.236
KBDH-068	47.24	50.29	0.144
KBDH-068	50.29	53.34	0.031
KBDH-068	53.34	56.39	0.111
KBDH-068	56.39	59.44	0.098
KBDH-068	59.44	62.48	0.032
KBDH-068	62.48	65.53	0.072
KBDH-068	65.53	68.58	0.055
KBDH-068	68.58	71.63	0.071
KBDH-068	71.63	74.68	0.157
KBDH-068	74.68	77.72	0.064
KBDH-068	77.72	80.77	0.078
KBDH-068	80.77	83.82	0.492
KBDH-068	83.82	86.87	0.156
KBDH-068	86.87	89.92	0.16
KBDH-068	89.92	92.96	0.35
KBDH-068	92.96	96.01	0.424
KBDH-068	96.01	99.06	0.29
KBDH-068	99.06	102.11	0.516
KBDH-068	102.11	105.16	2.34
KBDH-068	105.16	108.20	0.463
KBDH-068	108.20	111.25	0.194
KBDH-068	111.25	114.30	0.146
KBDH-068	114.30	117.35	0.033
KBDH-068	117.35	120.40	0.158
KBDH-068	120.40	123.44	0.45
KBDH-068	123.44	126.49	0.32
KBDH-068	126.49	129.54	0.486
KBDH-068	129.54	132.59	0.459
KBDH-068	132.59	135.64	0.16
KBDH-068	135.64	138.68	0.197
KBDH-068	138.68	141.73	0.142
KBDH-068	141.73	144.78	0.103
KBDH-068	144.78	147.83	0.153
KBDH-068	147.83	150.88	0.2
KBDH-068	150.88	153.92	0.11
KBDH-068	153.92	156.97	0.145

HoleID	FROM_M	TO_M	Au
KBDH-068	156.97	160.02	0.149
KBDH-068	160.02	163.07	0.094
KBDH-068	163.07	166.12	0.117
KBDH-068	166.12	169.16	0.11
KBDH-068	169.16	172.21	0.154
KBDH-068	172.21	175.26	0.174
KBDH-068	175.26	178.31	0.114
KBDH-068	178.31	181.36	0.126
KBDH-068	181.36	184.40	0.111
KBDH-068	184.40	187.45	0.147
KBDH-068	187.45	190.50	0.105
KBDH-068	190.50	193.55	0.078
KBDH-068	193.55	196.60	0.017
KBDH-068	196.60	199.64	0.12
KBDH-068	199.64	202.69	0.053
KBDH-068	202.69	205.74	0.063
KBDH-068	205.74	208.79	0.097
KBDH-068	208.79	211.84	0.099
KBDH-068	211.84	214.88	0.064
KBDH-068	214.88	217.93	0.083
KBDH-068	217.93	220.98	0.104
KBDH-068	220.98	224.03	0.172
KBDH-068	224.03	227.08	0.2
KBDH-068	227.08	230.12	0.232
KBDH-068	230.12	233.17	0.36
KBDH-068	233.17	236.22	0.184
KBDH-068	236.22	239.27	0.101
KBDH-068	239.27	242.32	0.066
KBDH-068	242.32	245.36	0.321
KBDH-068	245.36	248.41	0.127
KBDH-068	248.41	251.46	0.114