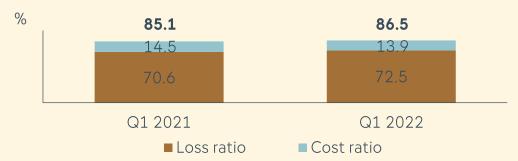


Solid underwriting result, financial result impacted by market turmoil

- Pre-tax profit NOK 1,506m
- Underwriting result NOK 1,025m
 - 8.6% premium growth
 - Continued improvement in underlying profitability
 - Higher large losses
 - Good cost control
 - Remaining gain on sale of Oslo Areal NOK 0.8bn
- Financial result minus NOK 285m, return minus 0.5%
- Return on equity 22.1%¹⁾

Combined ratio



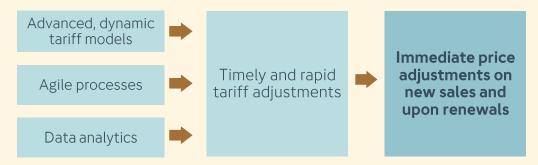
Pre-tax profit



Strong operations

- Rising claims inflation will be met with necessary pricing measures
- Continued strong performance in Norway
 - High profitability and premium growth
- Good progress in Denmark, moving forward on new core IT system
- Turnaround efforts starting to show results in Sweden

Staying ahead of claims inflation



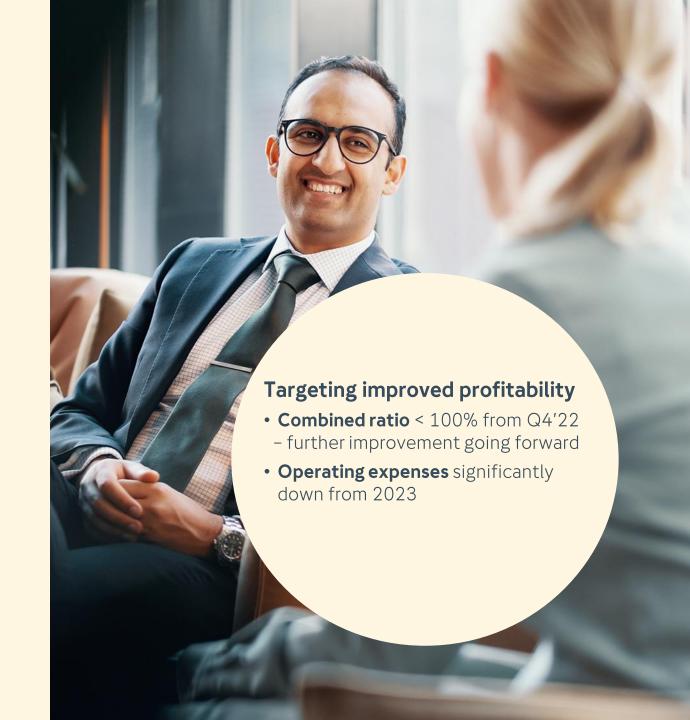
Maintaining high retention in Norway



Quarterly update

Accelerating transformation in the Baltics

- Key measures:
 - Pricing measures and portfolio pruning
 - Strengthened focus on costs, steering and fraud filters in claims processes
 - Standardisation and digitalisation of processes
- Growth strategy:
 - Step up digital distribution
 - Focus on strong broker distribution
 - Seek in-organic growth opportunities



Quarterly update

Moving forward to deliver on our sustainability goals

Safer society:

- Fire detection sensors as standard offering to commercial customers
- Improved HSE advice for commercial customers on Gjensidige's web site

Sustainable claims handling:

- Lifted minimum threshold for motor second-hand spare parts
- Agreement with Elcare, paving way for repairs of electronic equipment
- Implemented several initiatives together with MOT and UE

Responsible investments:

- Vast majority of external managers confirmed signing UN PRI
- Screening and exclusions



Delivering on our ambition to be our customers' problem solver



Maksimer

The hassle-free way to maximize the value of your home before selling





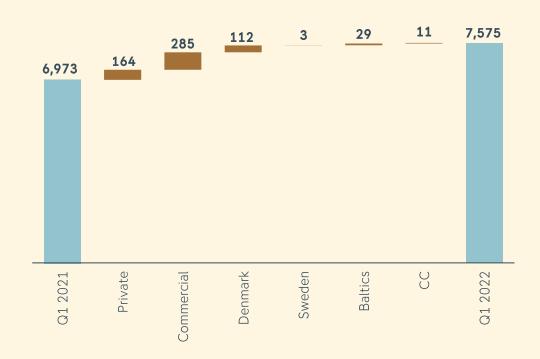
Strong underlying UW, financial result reflect market conditions

NOK m	Q1 2022	Q1 2021
Private	683	569
Commercial	470	440
Denmark	179	216
Sweden	28	2
Baltics	(40)	(10)
Corporate Centre	(296)	(178)
Underwriting result	1,025	1,040
Pension	54	45
Financial result from the investment portfolio	(285)	556
Other items	712	(44)
Profit/(loss) before tax expenses	1,506	1,597

- Premium growth, improved underlying frequency loss ratio and lower cost ratio
- Above-average large losses
- Investment returns impacted by market turmoil
- Remaining gain on sale of Oslo Areal included in Other items (NOK 0.8bn)

8.6 per cent premium growth9.9 per cent adjusted for currency effects

Premium development



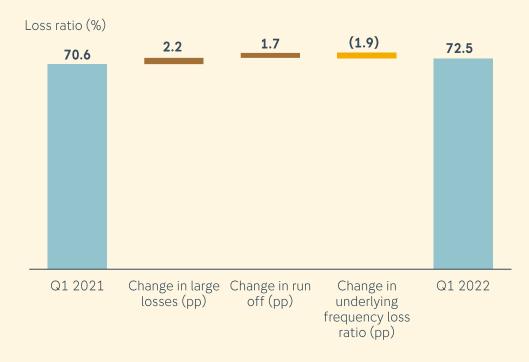
Key drivers - premium development

- Private +6.9%, mainly price driven
- Commercial +11.8%, volume and price driven
- Denmark +7.7%
 - Positive 11.3% in local currency, volume and price driven
- Sweden +0.7%
 - Positive 7.7% in local currency, volume and price driven
- Baltics +10.4%
 - Positive 14.1% in local currency, volume and price driven

CC = Corporate Centre Gjensidige Forsikring Group

Improved underlying frequency loss ratio, higher large losses

Loss ratio development



- Effective pricing measures
- Good risk selection
- Lower run-off gains
- Higher large losses
- Underlying frequency loss ratio improved 1.9pp
 - Adjusted for Covid-19 impacts and weather improved by 0.7pp

Continued good cost control – cost ratio 13.9 per cent

Operating expenses



Cost ratios

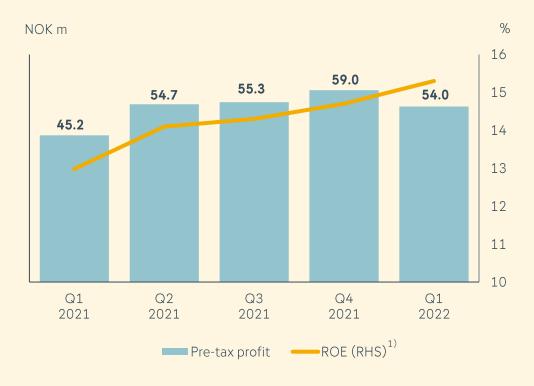


Improved cost ratio in all segments

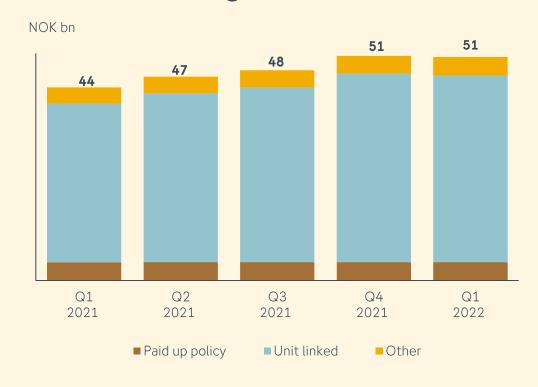
- Efficient operations
- High premium growth
- Strong cost discipline

Good profit for Pension operation

Profit and return



Assets under management



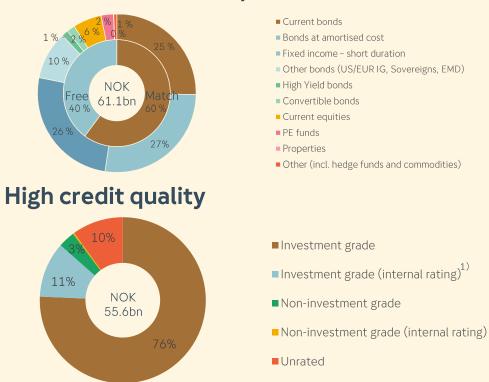
1) Annualised YTD

Investment return of minus 0.5 per cent, impacted by market turmoil

Investment return per asset class



Balanced investment portfolio



Strong capital position



Eligible own funds

- Increased by underwriting result
- Adjusted for formulaic dividend YTD Q122
- Reduced with impact from acquisition of Falck
- Changes in assumptions for lapse rate in life insurance

Capital requirement

- Reduced market risk driven by sale of Oslo Areal and lower exposure to equities and high-yield bonds
- Changes in assumptions for lapse rate in life insurance

 $^{^{1)}}$ Operating SII earnings comprise SII underwriting result and SII financial result of the match portfolio after tax $^{2)}$ 80% payout ratio according to dividend policy for the accounting year 2022

Well prepared for IFRS 17

Limited impact for general insurance

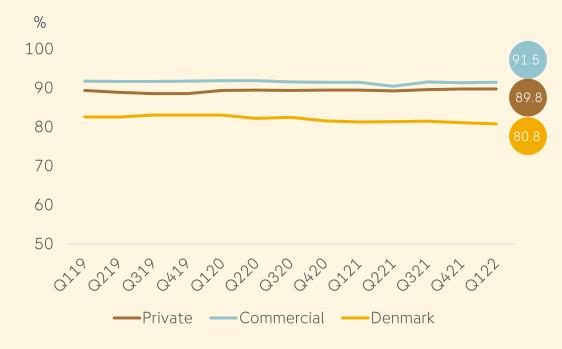
- Simplified method (PAA) for general insurance
- Preliminary calculations indicate no significant impact on UW result, no impact on solvency
- Significant impact on opening balance of claims provisions in 2023
- Most important changes for general insurance:
 - Discounting of all claims provisions
 - Introduction of risk adjustment
- Significant impact on Pension business opening balance
- Further details to be presented in a webinar in November 2022



Moving ahead on operational targets - Reporting on new KPIs this quarter

Metric	Status Q1 2022	Target 2025
Customer satisfaction	79	> 78, Group
	91%	> 90%, Norway
Customer retention	79%	> 85%, Outside Norway
Digitalisation index	7%	> +10% annually, Group
Digital claims reporting	76%	> 85%, Group
Automated claims processing	56%	> 70%, Norway

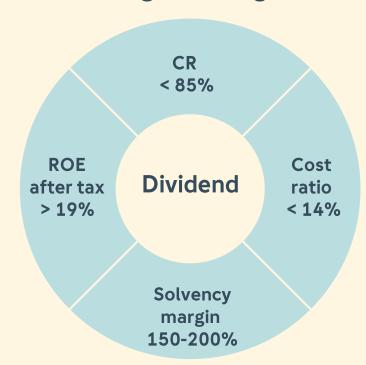
Strong customer retention in the three largest segments



Concluding remarks

- Solid underlying performance
- Focus on growth, strong operations and capital discipline
- Good outlook
 - Expect continued strong results going forward and delivery on financial targets

Annual financial targets through 2025







Roadshows and conferences post Q1 2022 results

Date	Location	Participants	Event	Arranged by
27 April	Oslo	CFO Jostein Amdal Head of IR Mitra H. Negård IRO Kjetil Gill Østvold	Roadshow	Pareto
28 April	London	CEO Helge Leiro Baastad Head of IR Mitra H. Negård	Roadshow	DNB
11 May	London	CFO Jostein Amdal IRO Kjetil Gill Østvold	Conference	KBW
19 May	Oslo	CFO Jostein Amdal Head of IR Mitra H. Negård IRO Kjetil Gill Østvold	Conference	ABGSC
25 May	Frankfurt	CEO Helge Leiro Baastad IRO Kjetil Gill Østvold	Roadshow	Kepler
2 June	Copenhagen	EVP Denmark Mats Gottschalk Head of IR Mitra H. Negård	Conference	Danske Bank
7 June	Rome	CEO Helge Leiro Baastad Head of IR Mitra H. Negård	Conference	Goldman Sachs
9 June	Oslo	Gjensidige Group Management	Webinar	Gjensidige
9 June	Oslo	CFO Jostein Amdal Head of IR Mitra H. Negård IRO Kjetil Gill Østvold	Conference	Nordea

Covid- and weather effects, Q1 2021

Q1 2021	Group	Private	Commercial	Denmark	Sweden	Baltics
	Q1 2021	Q1 2021	Q1 2021	Q1 2021	Q1 2021	Q1 2021
Earned premiums	6,973	2,387	2,419	1,446	397	274
Loss ratio	70.6%	62.9%	71.9%	70.4%	81.1%	74.2%
Underlying frequency loss ratio	71.8%	67.9%	74.7%	71.6%	81.0%	78.1%
Covid - large loss	-	-	-	-	-	-
Covid - frequency	130	77	14	34	2	3
Covid total	130	77	14	34	2	3
Weather - large loss	(103)	(10)	(20)	-	-	-
Weather - frequency	(213)	(126)	(87)	-	-	-
Weather total	(316)	(136)	(107)	-	-	-
Covid effect on large loss	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Covid effect on underlying frequency loss	1.9%	3.2%	0.6%	2.4%	0.5%	1.1%
Weather effect on large loss	(1.5%)	(0.4%)	(0.8%)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Weather effect on underlying frequency loss	(3.1%)	(5.3%)	(3.6%)	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Loss ratio adjusted for weather and covid	67.9%	60.4%	68.1%	72.8%	81.6%	75.3%
Underlying frequency loss ratio adjusted for weather and covid	70.6%	65.8%	71.6%	74.0%	81.6%	79.2%

General insurance - cost ratio and loss ratio per segment

Private Commercial



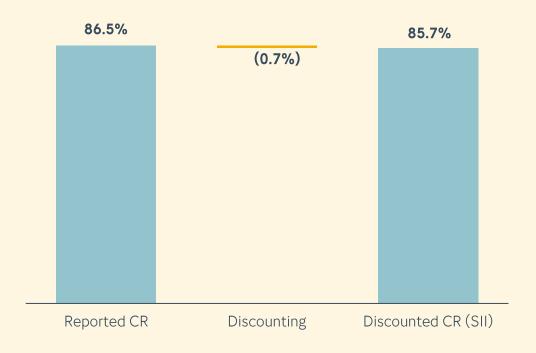


General insurancecost ratio and loss ratio per segment



Effect of discounting of claims provisions

Effect of discounting on CR - Q1 2022



Assumptions

- Only claims provisions are discounted

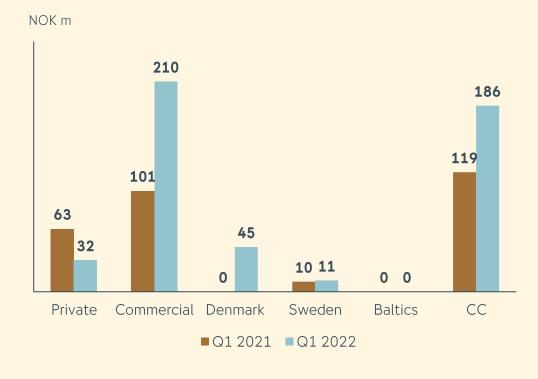
 (i.e. premium provisions are undiscounted)
- Swap rates in Norway, Sweden and Denmark
- Euroswap rates in the Baltic countries

Large losses 6.4 percentage points – higher than expected

Large losses - reported vs. expected

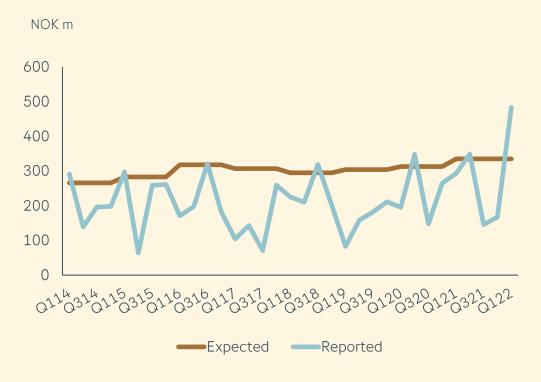


Large losses per segment

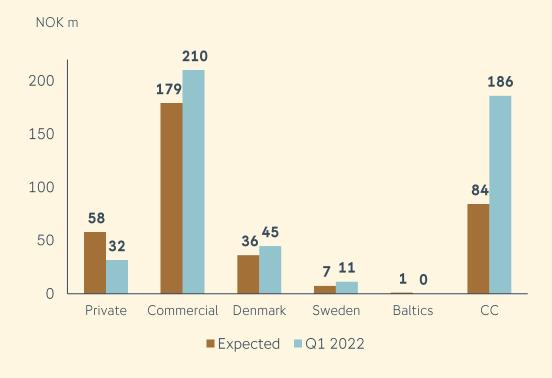


Large losses development

~ NOK 1.5bn in large losses expected annually



Large losses per segment - actual vs. expected

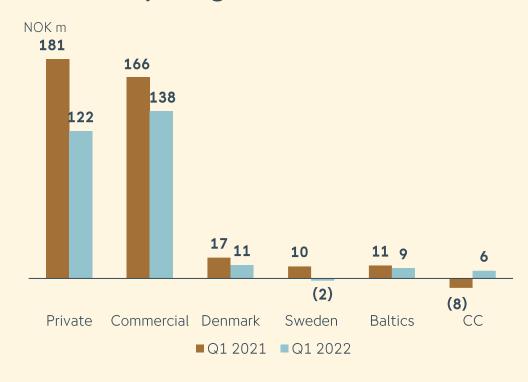


Run-off gains 3.7 percentage points – higher than planned

Run-off net



Run-off net per segment

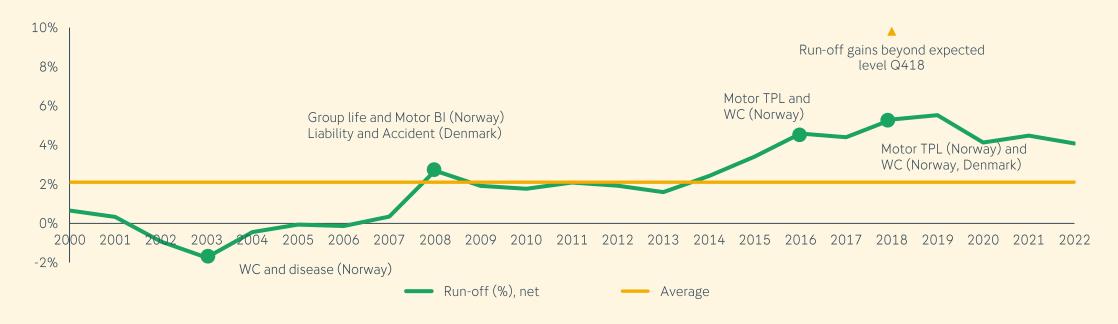


CC = Corporate Centre

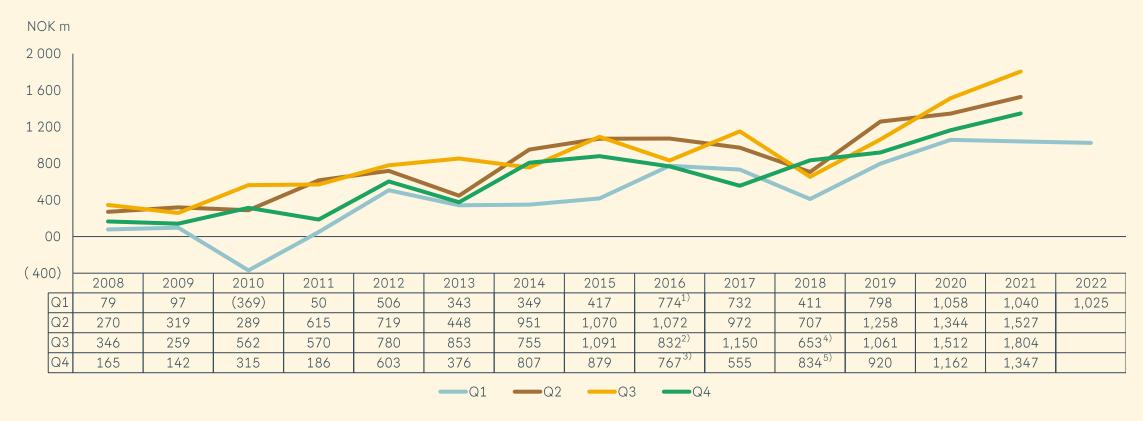
Run-off development

Expected average annual run-off gains of ~4 pp (~NOK 1bn) through 2022

Run-off % of earned premium



Quarterly underwriting results - seasonality in Nordic general insurance



¹⁾ Reported UW result for Q1 2016 was NOK 1,251m. Adjusted for a non-recurring income of NOK 477m related to the pension plans, the UW result was NOK 774m.
2) Reported UW result for Q3 2016 was NOK 712m. Adjusted for a non-recurring NOK 120m restructuring cost the UW result was NOK 832m.
3) Reported UW result for Q4 2016 was NOK 700m. Adjusted for a non-recurring NOK 44m increase in provision for restructuring cost and NOK 23m provision for increased pay-roll tac the UW result was NOK 767m. 4) Reported UW result for Q3 2018 was NOK 573m. Adjusted for a non-recurring NOK 80m restructuring cost the UW result was NOK 653m.

⁵⁾ Reported UW result for Q4 2018 was NOK 1.914m. Adjusted for the extra run-off gains of NOK 1.1bn the UW result was NOK 834m.

Norwegian Natural Perils Pool in brief

Details regarding the pool

- As per 1.1.2022 the premium rate is set to 0.065 per thousand of the fire insurance amount, no change from 2021
- Natural perils damages in Norway:
 - NOK 0-1,500m covered by general insurance companies based on national market share
 - NOK 1,500m-16,000m covered by the Norwegian Natural Perils Pool's reinsurance programme
 - Maximum compensation per event is NOK 16,000m
- No limit for the frequency of events

Objects covered

- Fire insurance coverage for buildings and contents in Norway includes coverage for natural catastrophes
- The pool does not cover loss of profits, motor vehicles, leisure boats, and certain other items, which are covered through ordinary insurances
- For damages on private property that cannot be insured, e.g. roads, bridges, farmland and forests, coverage may be sought through the National Natural Perils Fund

Handling of natural perils claims

- The customers report claims to own insurance company
- The insurance company reports claims on to Finance Norway, who coordinates the Norwegian Natural Perils Pool
- Share of claims is allocated to the companies based on national market share for fire insurance
- Through own accounts, the companies cover the allocated claims costs

Gjensidige specific

- Gjensidige is a reinsurer for the pool, for its own market share
- Natural perils claims are booked in the same month as the claim occurs

24.5%Gjensidige's
calculated market
share for 2022

Reinsurance – overview valid as from 2022

- Reinsurance is purchased for protection of the Group's capital position and is primarily a capital management tool
- General retention level per claim/event is around NOK 100m
- For weather-related events the retention level per claim/event is around NOK 200m
- Maximum retention level per claim/event hitting more than one reinsurance programme is NOK 500m including any reinstatement premium
- Gjensidige considers additional coverage if this is appropriate considering internal modelling and capital requirement





Practical example, natural perils claim in Norway

A natural perils event covered by the Norwegian Natural Perils Pool occurs and is defined by Finance Norway as a single event. The total industry claims exceed NOK 1,500m

- Gjensidige is allocated its share of the NOK 1,500m claim from the pool
- Gjensidige is in addition allocated its share of the amount exceeding NOK 1,500m, as a reinsurer for the pool
- Gjensidige receives claims directly, for damages not covered by the pool
- Gjensidige's total claims related to the natural perils event exceeds Gjensidige's retention level and hits the catastrophe reinsurance programme
- Gjensidige's net impact for this event is around NOK 200m if the event occurs

Investment strategy supporting high and stable nominal dividends

Match portfolio

- Duration and currency matching versus technical provisions (undiscounted)
- Credit element for increased returns
- Some inflation hedging

Free portfolio

- Compounding and focused on absolute returns
- Dynamic risk management
- Tactical allocation
- Active management fixed income and equities
- Normal risk premiums basis for asset allocation and use of capital

Key characteristics

- Limited risk appetite
- Currency hedging vs NOK ~ 100%
 - Limit +/- 10% per currency
- Marked-to-market recognition
 - Except bonds at amortised cost
- Stable performance



Investment portfolio

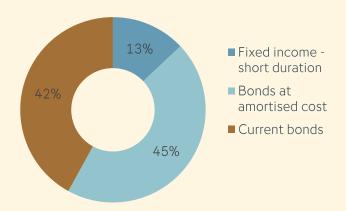
Asset class	Investments, key elements ¹⁾	Benchmark
Match portfolio		
Fixed income – short duration	Norwegian money market	I36032NO index
Bonds at amortised cost	Government and corporate bonds	Yield provided in quarterly reports
Current bonds	Mortgage, sovereign and corporate bonds, investment grade bond funds and loan funds containing secured debt	IBOX COR 1-3 years QW5C index
Free portfolio		
Fixed income – short duration	Norwegian money market	I36032NO index
Other bonds	IG bonds in internationally diversified funds externally managed and current bonds	Global Agg Corp LGCPTRUH index
High Yield bonds	Internationally diversified funds externally managed	BOAML global HY HWIC index
Convertible bonds	Internationally diversified funds externally managed	BOAML global 300 conv VG00 index / Exogen factors
Current equities	Mainly internationally and domestic diversified funds externally managed	MSCIAC NDUEACWF index
PE funds	Oil/ oil-service/ general (Norwegian and Nordic funds)	OSEBX index / oil price
Other	Miscellaneous	

¹⁾ See quarterly report for a more detailed description 35

Asset allocation - as at 31.3.2022

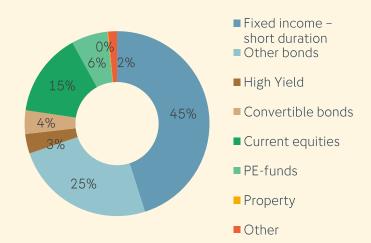
Match portfolio

- Carrying amount: NOK 36.8bn
- Average duration: 3.6 years

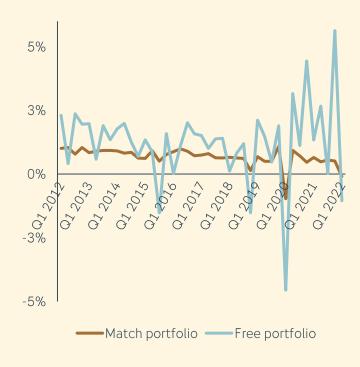


Free portfolio

- Carrying amount: NOK 24.3bn
- Average duration fixed-income instruments: 1.6 years



Quarterly investment returns



Credit and counterparty risk

Credit exposure

- The portfolio consists mainly of securities in rated companies with high creditworthiness (Investment grade)
- Issuers with no official rating are mainly Norwegian savings banks, municipalities, credit institutions and power producers and distributors

Total fixed income portfolio

Split - Rating	Match portfolio	Free portfolio		
	NOK bn	%	NOK bn	%
AAA	12.4	33.6	3.7	19.7
AA	2.8	7.6	5.5	29.5
A	6.4	17.5	3.2	17.1
BBB	6.1	16.6	1.9	10.2
BB	0.0	0.1	0.4	1.9
В	0.8	2.2	0.4	2.4
CCC or lower	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.5
Internal rating ¹⁾	4.0	10.8	2.2	11.8
Unrated	4.2	11.5	1.3	6.9
Fixed income portfolio	36.8	100.0	18.8	100.0

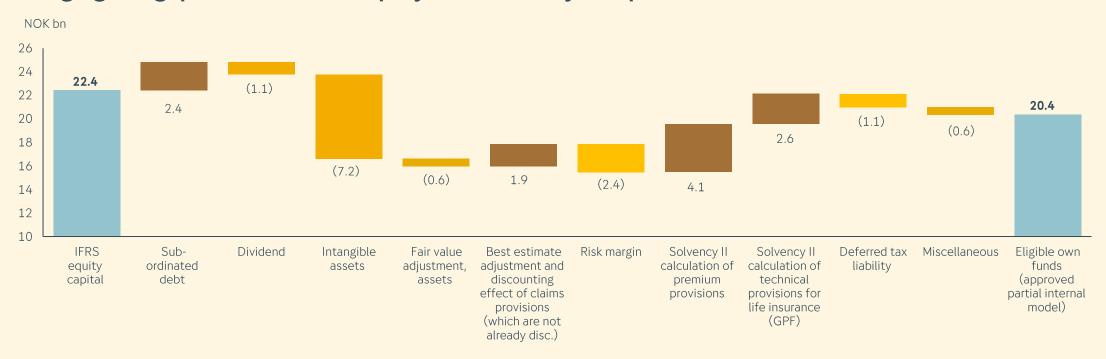
Split - Counterparty	Match portfolio		Free portfolio	
	NOK bn	%	NOK bn	%
Public sector	5.5	14.9	3.7	19.7
Bank/financial institutions	17.9	48.6	11.5	61.4
Corporates	13.4	36.5	3.5	18.8
Total	36.8	100.0	18.8	100.0

Capital position per operational areas

NOK bn	Approved partial internal model (Group)	Approved partial internal model (general insurance)	Own partial internal model (Group) ¹⁾	Own partial internal model (general insurance) ¹⁾	Gjensidige Pensjons- forsikring
Capital available	20.4	17.8	20.5	17.9	2.4
Capital requirement	10.8	9.9	8.6	7.6	1.4
Solvency ratio	188%	180%	239%	235%	169%

Solvency II eligible own funds

Bridging the gap between IFRS equity and Solvency II capital



Gjensidige continues to work for full approval of own partial internal model (PIM)

NOK bn	Approved PIM (Group) 1)	Own PIM (Group) ²⁾
Eligible own funds	20.4	20.5
Capital charge for non-life and health uw risk	9.3	7.2
Capital charge for life uw risk	1.7	1.7
Capital charge for market risk	6.0	5.6
Capital charge for counterparty risk	0.6	0.6
Diversification	(4.6)	(4.9)
Basic solvency capital requirement	13.0	10.1
Operational risk	1.0	1.0
Adjustments (loss-absorbing capacity of deferred tax)	(3.2)	(2.5)
Solvency capital requirement (SCR)	10.8	8.6
Surplus	9.6	11.9
Solvency ratio	188%	239%

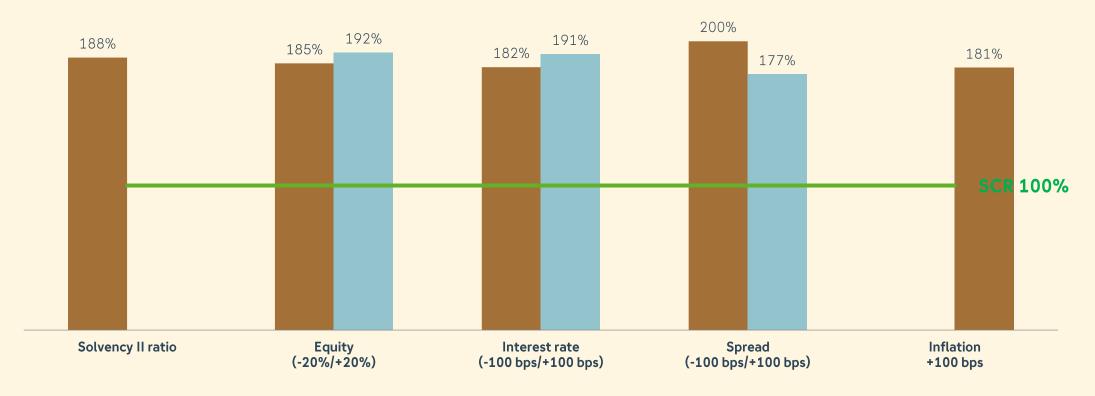
Main differences between approved and own PIM

- Windstorm model: Approved PIM based on standard formula. More validation required for approval.
- Correlation between market risk and underwriting risk: Approved PIM based on standard formula. Own PIM takes account of dependencies between underwriting risk and market risk through common exposure to interest rates, inflation rates and currency rates.
- Prudential margin: Approved PIM includes general prudential margins for both market risk and underwriting risk.

Figures as at 31.3.2022.

¹⁾ Most of non-life and health junderwriting risk and market risk related to the non-life and health insurance business is internally modelled. The standard formula is used for other risks.
2) Own partial internal model is not validated

Solvency II sensitivities for the approved partial internal model



Subordinated debt capacity

Gjensidige Forsikring Group

Principles for capacity

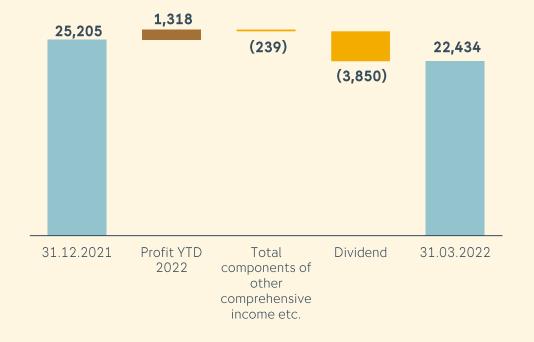
	T1	Т2	Constraint
SII	Max 20% of Tier 1 capital	Max 50% of SCR less other T2 capital items	Must be satisfied at group and solo level

Capacity and utilisation

- Tier 1 remaining capacity is NOK 1.9-2.3bn
 - Utilised Tier 1 debt capacity: NOK 1.2bn
- Tier 2 remaining capacity is 0.3bn
 - Utilised sub debt: NOK 2.4bn
 - Utilised natural perils fund: NOK 2.8bn

Annualised return on equity 22.1 per cent

Equity (NOK m)



Annualised return on equity (%)



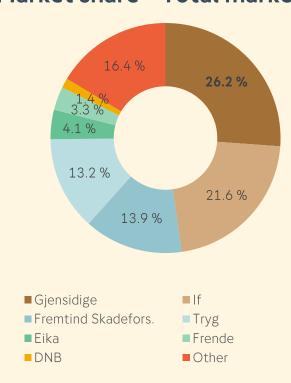
Bridge shows main elements in equity development

Gjensidige Forsikring Group

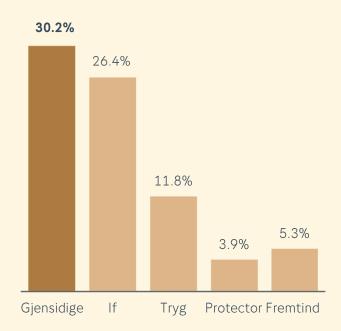
43

Market leader in Norway

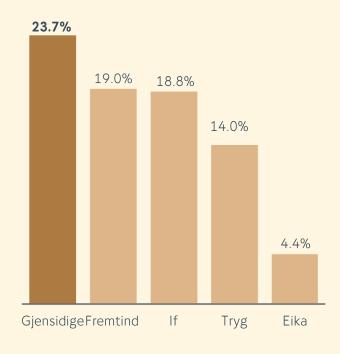
Market share - Total market



Market share - Commercial

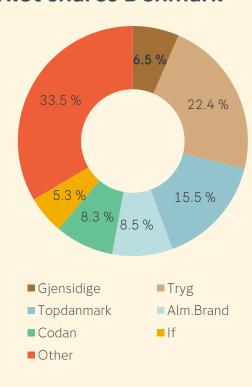


Market share - Private

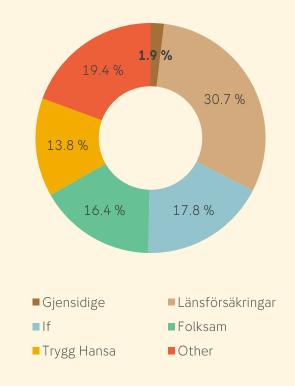


Growth opportunities outside Norway

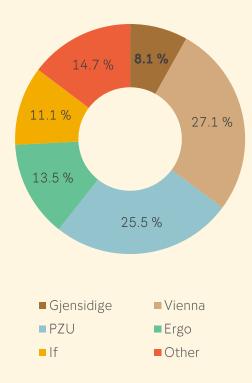
Market shares Denmark



Market shares Sweden



Market shares Baltics

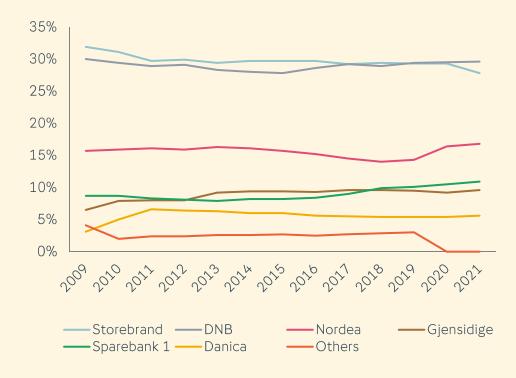


Gjensidige Pensjonsforsikring

- Number five position in the growing Norwegian defined contribution pension market

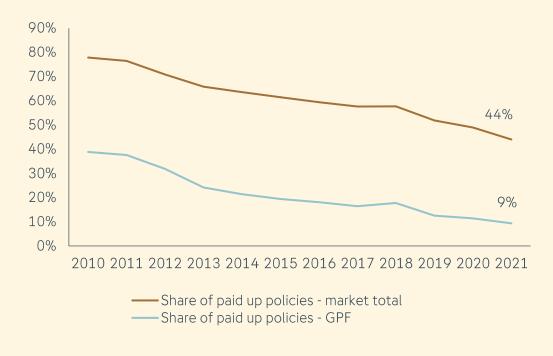
- Well positioned for continued profitable organic growth
- Core focus on SME customers
- Strong profitability
- Multi-channel distribution

Market shares - total AUM NOK 422.1bn

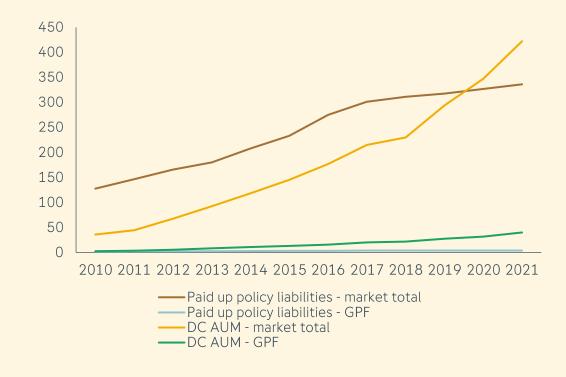


Gjensidige Pensjonsforsikring - Paid up policies a small part of liabilities

Share of paid up policies 1)

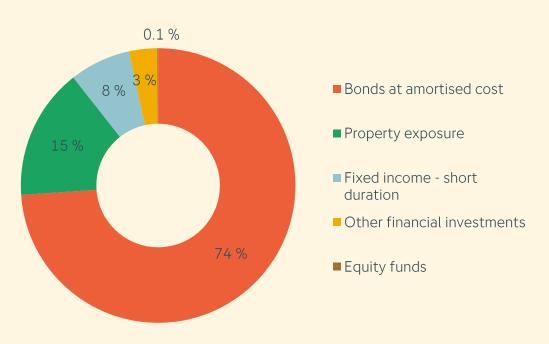


AUM defined contribution and paid up policies

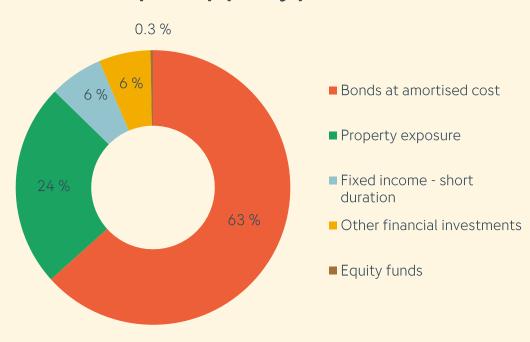


Gjensidige Pensjonsforsikring - Balanced group policy portfolio

Group policy portfolio NOK 7.9bn



... of which paid-up policy portfolio NOK 4.3bn

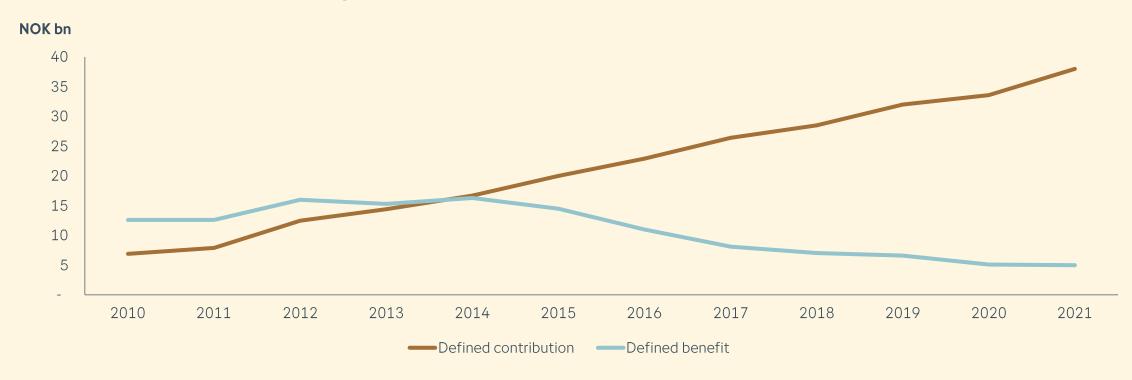


Figures as at 31.3.2022 Gjensidige Forsikring Group 48

Gjensidige Pensjonsforsikring

- Well positioned for long-term growth in the Norwegian defined contribution pension market

Annual contribution (DC) and premium (DB) 1)

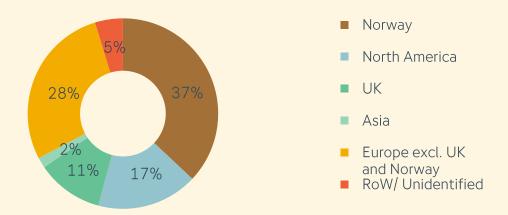


Ownership

10 largest shareholders 1)

No	Shareholder	Stake (%)
1	Gjensidigestiftelsen	62.24
2	Folketrygdfondet	4.28
3	BlackRock Inc	3.30
4	Deutsche Bank	3.12
5	Nordea	1.54
6	Scotia Bank	1.37
7	The Vanguard Group, Inc	1.07
8	State Street Corporation	0.90
9	Danske Bank	0.88
10	Storebrand Investments	0.88
	Total 10 largest	79.57

Geographical distribution of shares 2)



Gjensidigestiftelsen ownership policy:

- Long term target holding: >60%
- Can accept reduced ownership ratio in case of acquisitions and capital issues when in accordance with Gjensidige's overall strategy



Disclaimer

This presentation and the information contained herein have been prepared by and is the sole responsibility of Gjensidige Forsikring ASA (the "Company"). Such information is being provided to you solely for your information and may not be reproduced, retransmitted, further distributed to any other person or published, in whole or in part, for any purpose. Failure to comply with this restriction may constitute a violation of applicable securities laws. The information and opinions presented herein are based on general information gathered at the time of writing and are therefore subject to change without notice. The Company assumes no obligations to update or correct any of the information set out herein.

These materials may contain statements about future events and expectations that are forward-looking statements. Any statement in these materials that is not a statement of historical fact including, without limitation, those regarding the Company's financial position, business strategy, plans and objectives of management for future operations is a forward-looking statement that involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding the Company's present and future business strategies and the environment in which the Company will operate in the future. The Company assumes no obligations to update the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect actual results, changes in factors affecting these statements.

This presentation does not constitute or form part of, and is not prepared or made in connection with, an offer or invitation to sell, or any solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or purchase any securities and nothing contained herein shall form the basis of any contract or commitment whatsoever. No reliance may be placed for any purposes whatsoever on the information contained in this presentation or on its completeness, accuracy or fairness. The information in this presentation is subject to verification, completion and change. The contents of this presentation have not been independently verified. While the Company relies on information obtained from sources believed to be reliable, it does not guarantee its accuracy or completeness. Accordingly, no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made or given by or on behalf of the Company or any of its owners, directors, officers or employees or any other person as to the accuracy, completeness or fairness of the information or opinions contained in this presentation. None of the Company, its affiliates or any of their respective advisors or representatives or any other person shall have any liability whatsoever (in negligence or otherwise) for any loss howsoever arising from any use of this presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection with the presentation. The Company's securities have not been and will not be registered under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "US Securities Act"), and are offered and sold only outside the United States in accordance with an exemption from registration provided by Regulation S of the US Securities Act.

This presentation should not form the basis of any investment decision. Investors and prospective investors in securities of any issuer mentioned herein are required to make their own independent investigation and appraisal of the business and financial condition of such company and the nature of the securities. Any decision to purchase securities in the context of a proposed offering of securities, if any, should be made solely on the basis of information contained in any offering documents published in relation to such an offering. For further information about the Company, reference is made public disclosures made by the Company, such as filings made with the Oslo Stock Exchange, periodic reports and other materials available on the Company's web pages.

Gjensidige Forsikring provides alternative performance measures (APMs) in the financial reports, in addition to the financial figures prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The measures are not defined in IFRS (International Financial Report Standards) and are not necessarily directly comparable to other companies' performance measures. The APMs are not intended to be a substitute for, or superior to, any IFRS measures of performance, but have been included to provide insight into Gjensidige's performance and represent important measures for how management governs the Group and its business activities. Key figures that are regulated by IFRS or other legislation, as well as non-financial information, are not regarded as APMs. Gjensidige's APMs are presented in the quarterly report and presentation. All APMs are presented with comparable figures for earlier periods. The APMs have generally been used consistently over time. Definitions and calculations can be found at www.gjensidige.no/group/investor-relations/reports.

Notes

Notes

Investor Relations

Mitra Hagen Negård

Head of Investor Relations

Mitra-Hagen.Negard@gjensidige.no

Mobile: (+47) 957 93 631

Kjetil Gill Østvold

Investor Relations Officer

<u>Kjetil-gill.ostvold@gjensidige.no</u>

Mobile: (+47) 468 63 004

Address

Schweigaards gate 21, PO Box 700 Sentrum, 0106 Oslo, Norway gjensidige.no/ir