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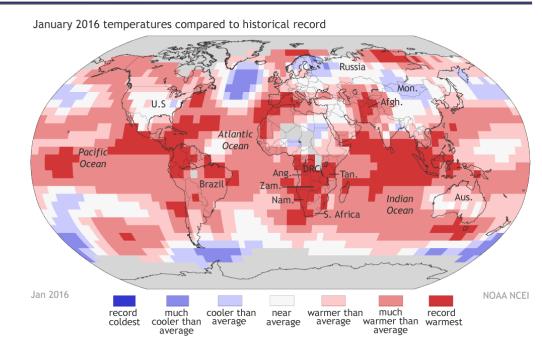
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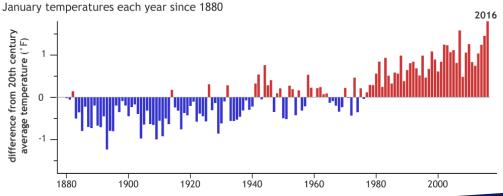
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15 of the 16 Warmest Years on Record Occurring Since 2001

- Carbon Dioxide and Global Temperature Levels continue to increase
- By burning fossil fuels for energy, human activities have increased the concentration of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere by more than 40%
- Most warming occurred in the past 35 years



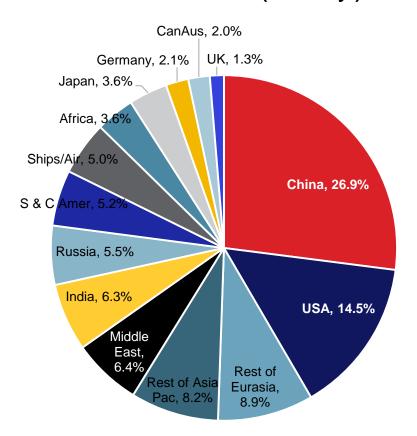


Source: www.climate.gov

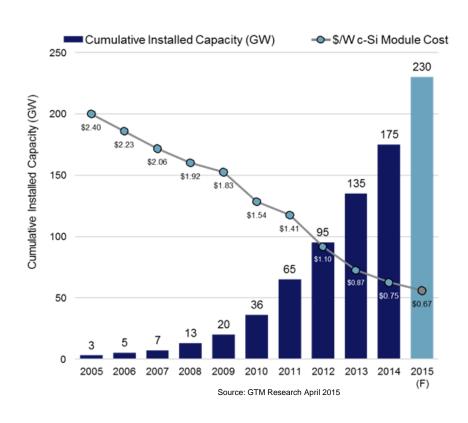


China and U.S. Largest CO2 Emitters; Solar Becomes Part of Solution

2012 Annual Emissions (9.6 Gt/Cyr)



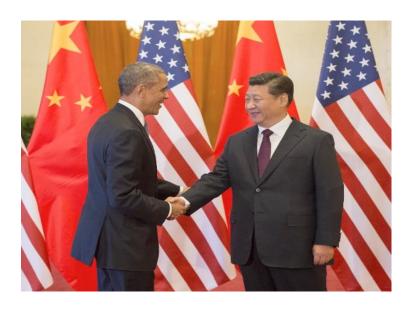
Solar PV Cost vs. Cumulative Capacity



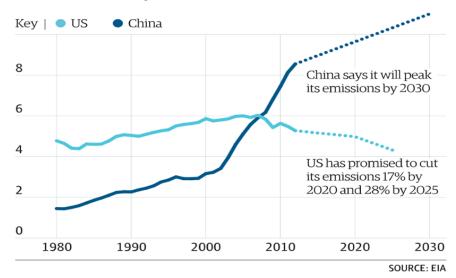
Source: Carbon Dioxide Information Analysis Center, Oak Ridge National Laboratory, and British Petroleum (8/20/13).

China and the U.S. Have a Commitment to Reduce CO2 Emissions

- China has firm commitment to not increase their CO2 emissions beyond 2030
- The <u>United States</u> has pledged to cut its emissions to 26-28% below 2005 levels by 2025





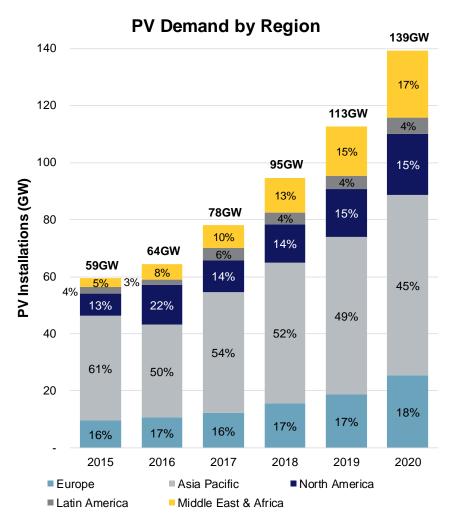


Source: http://www.theguardian.com/environment/2014/nov/12/china-and-us-make-carbon-pledge

Expected PV Demand Growth: 19% CAGR

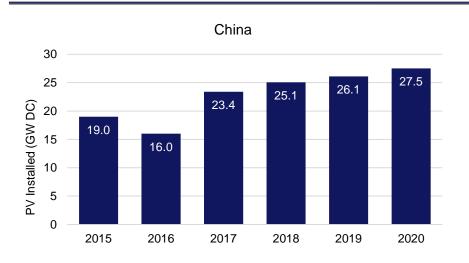
Main driving forces:

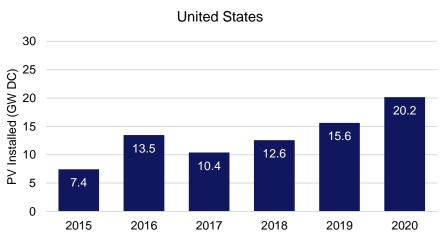
- United Nations Conference on Climate Change (COP21: Paris)
- Largest market for PV: China
- Extension of ITC Credit in the US
- Higher Growth Expectations for **Emerging Markets**

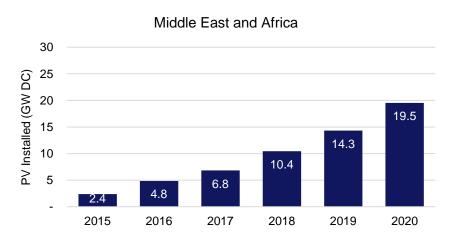


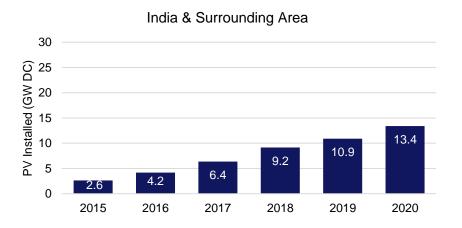
Source: : GTM Research Solar Executive Briefing Q4 2015 Provisional

Regional Solar Installation Forecasts Continue to Increase



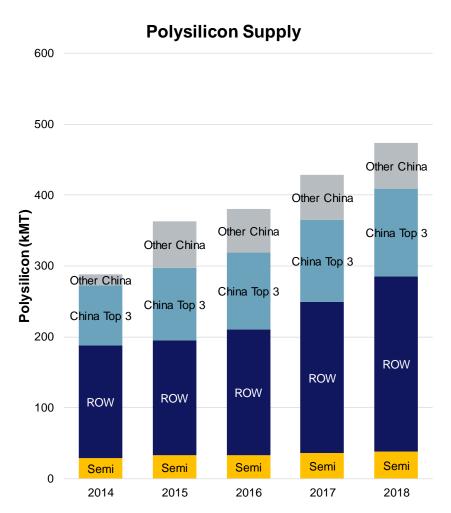


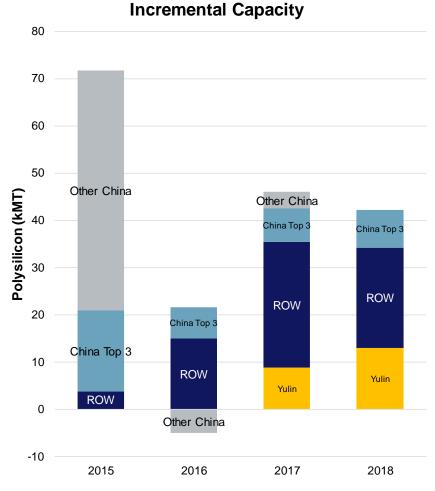




Source: GTM Research Solar Executive Briefing Q4 2015 Provisional

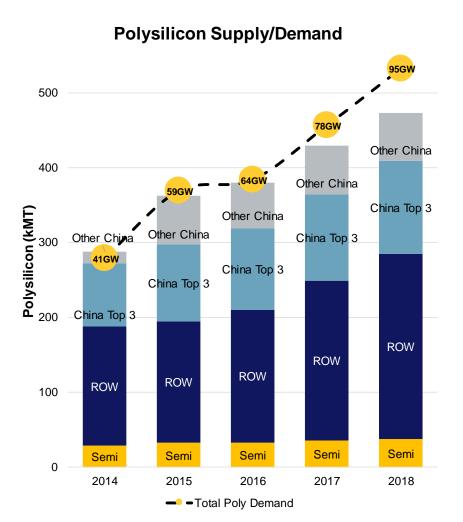
Polysilicon Industry Supply Forecast

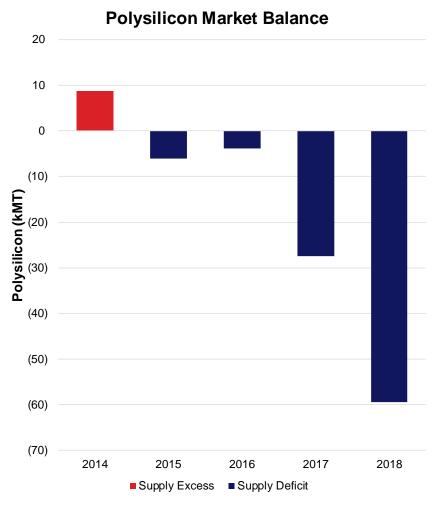




Source: Competitor releases, industry analysts, REC Market Intelligence

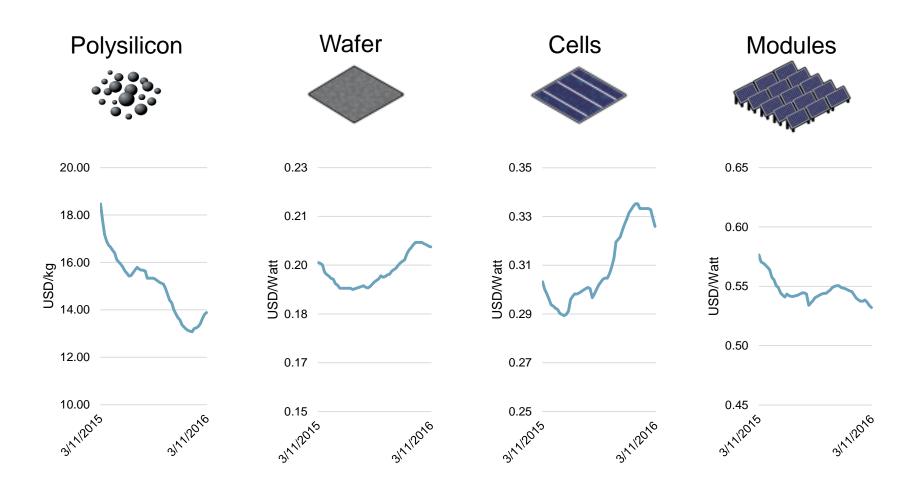
Polysilicon Will Become Limiting Factor for PV Market Growth





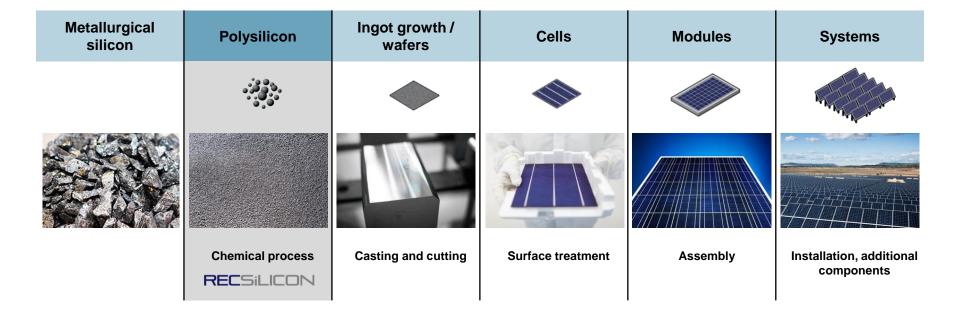
Source: Demand Data Installations: GTM Research, PV Pulse, January 2016 Supply Data: Competitor releases, industry analysts, REC Market Intelligence

Recent Price Increases





REC Silicon's Position in the PV Value Chain

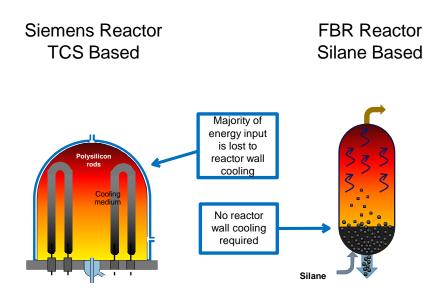


Moses Lake: Serving PV Market with High Quality Low Cost **FBR**

- FBR Solar grade
- Silicon III, IV
- Silane Gas: 22,000 MT
- Granular Silicon: 16,300 MT
- World's largest manufacturer of Granular polysilicon
- Technology and cost leader through proprietary FBR technology



REC Silicon's Proprietary FBR: Low Energy Consumption & **Continuous Production Process**

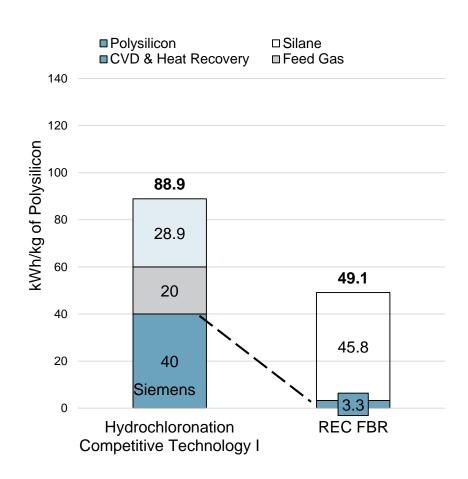


Siemens Technology:

- 40 year old technology
- Batch process
- Requires post processing
- High cash cost

FBR Technology:

- Proprietary REC technology
- Most energy efficient
- Continuous production
- Lowest cash cost

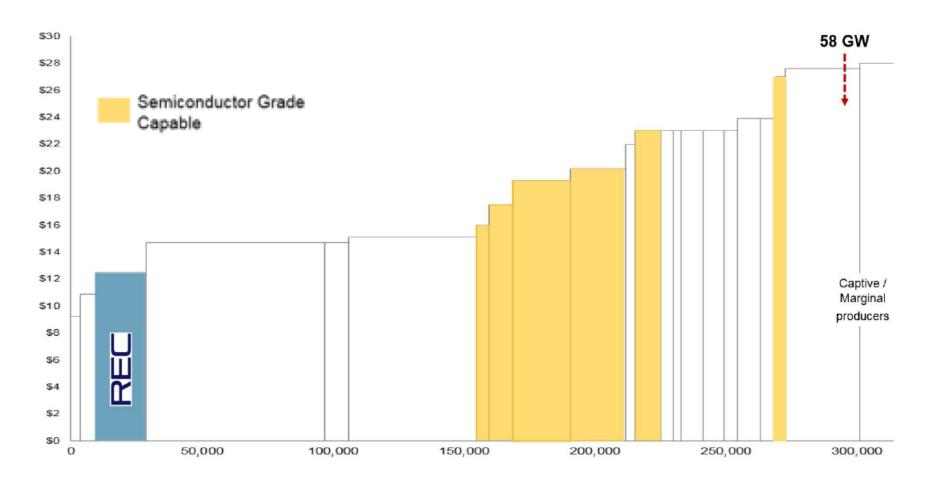


Note 1 REC silicon data based on 2014 measured energy consumption and actual production. This includes consumption for operations, maintenance, and analytical functions.

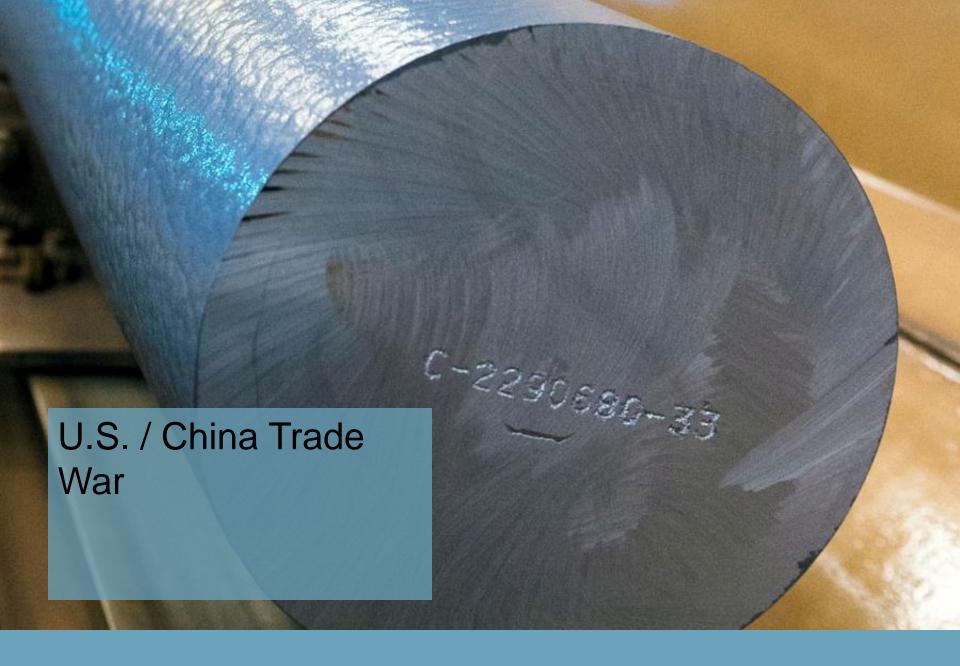
Note 2 REC data includes the buildings (lights/HVAC) along with processing, packaging, treatment, and support equipment.

Note 3 Competitive technology data appears to be based on simulations of power consumption for only the process equipment to manufacture Polysilicon when it is operating at 100% utilization)

Leading Cost Position Through Proprietary FBR Technology



Source: Competitor releases, industry analysts, REC Market Intelligence



RECSILICON

U.S. / China Trade War

- Already In 2016, U.S. and China Have Restarted Discussions and Reiterated Commitment for a Resolution at the Highest Levels
 - MOFCOM Sent a Delegation to the U.S. For a Week in January to Discuss Resolution Structures
 - U.S. Trade Ambassador Froman and China's Minister Gao Met in Beijing on February 2, 2016
 - China Requires a "Balanced and Reciprocal" Deal
 - U.S. Needs Reasonable Market Access For its Polysilicon Producers



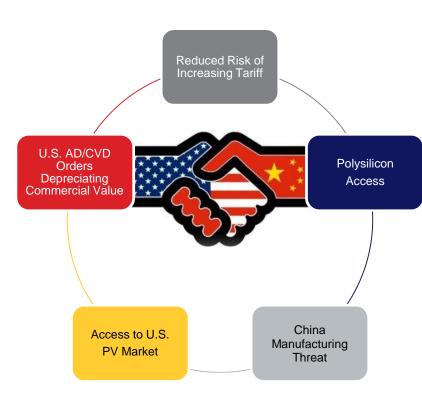
Why a Resolution Makes Sense for Both U.S. & China

China

- Improved access to U.S. panel market
- Eliminate risk of retrospective U.S. duty hikes
- Polysilicon shortage looming in China
- Incentivizing movement of solar manufacturing outside of China threatens solar dominance

> U.S.

- U.S. AD/CVD orders depreciating commercial value
- Re-opening China market for the high tech
 U.S. Polysilicon industry creates more value on balance for U.S. interests



Additional Pressure For a Resolution

- Hemlock Breach of Contract Litigation Against SolarWorld Subsidiary
 - \$676 Million Case, Pending in US District Court in Michigan
 - SolarWorld Lost Key Motion in October 2015, Resulting in Significant Drop in Share Price
 - Trial Date in May 2016
- Hemlock: US Polysilicon Producer
 - Owned by Dow Corning and Shin Etsu
 - Polysilicon Capacity (Michigan Plant): Estimated at 32,000 MT



Hemlock litigation characterized as high risk in medium to long term: "If courts should decide that the silicon supplier is entitled to damages from our subsidiary SolarWorld Industries Sachsen GmbH, this would have a considerable negative impact on the company's liquidity position, possibly even threatening the company's continued existence." — SolarWorld Group 2014 Annual Report (released March 2015)





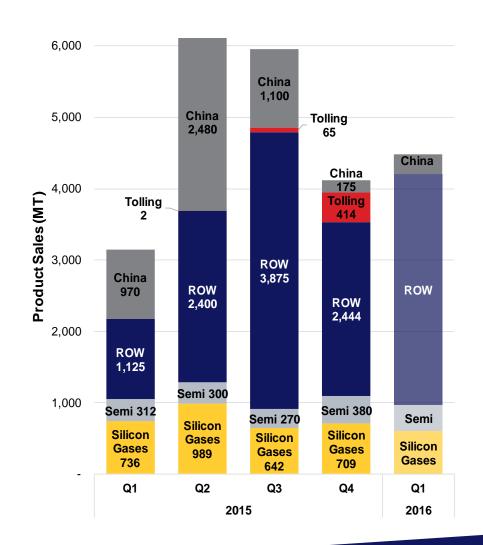
Decrease Reliance on Chinese Markets

Market Outside China

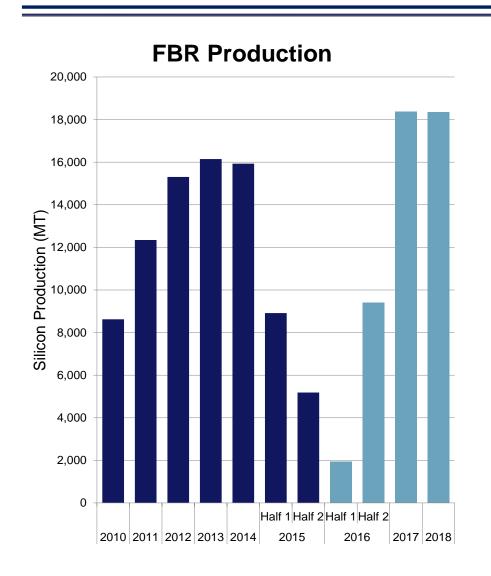
- Continue qualification and optimization plan
- Continue to discount aggressively if required to maximize volumes

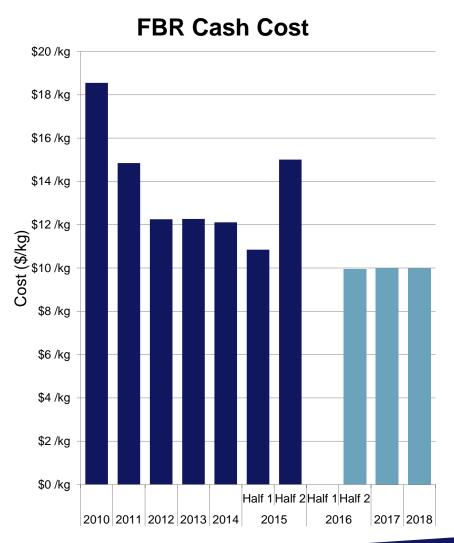
Target Sales to Reduce Inventory and Generate Cash

 Sales supported by on hand inventories until restart



Full Capacity Utilization Cash Cost at ~USD 10/Kg Going Forward





Debt Coverage at December 31, 2015

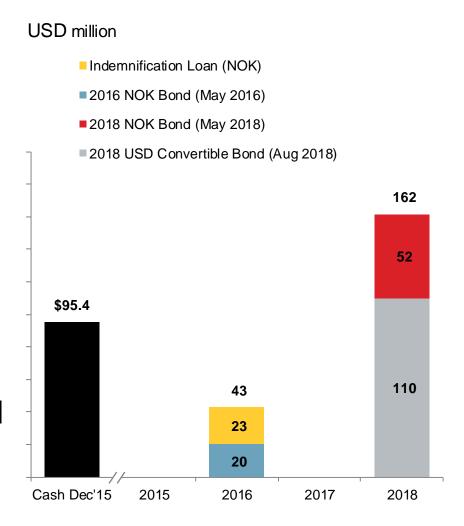
Nominal Net Debt - \$109 M

- Decreased by \$4.2 M during Q4 2015
 - Increase in cash of \$0.7 M
 - Decrease in nominal debt of \$3.4 M

Nominal Debt - \$205 M

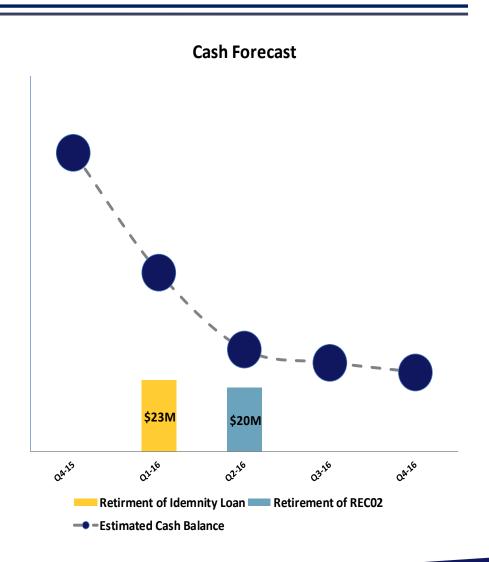
 Decreased by \$3.4 M in Q4 2015 due to stronger US Dollar

No further debt obligations until May 2018



2016 Debt Obligations Met With Current Cash Forecast

- Moderate Solar Grade Price Increases in 2016
- Silane III and IV Startup Expected in June 2016
 - Restart Dependent on:
 - Trade War Status
 - Market Conditions
- Maintain Liquidity
 - Silane III and IV Capacity
 Curtailment
 - Reduce Polysilicon Inventory Levels
 - Limit Capital Expenditures



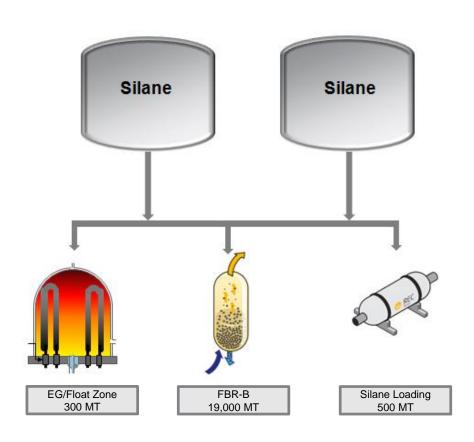


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Position in China Through Yulin JV – Development on Track

- > Total Investment: \$1.25 B
- Investment Parameters:
 - CAPEX: \$60/kg
 - Cash Cost: ~\$9/kg
 - Production Development
 - 2017 ~7,300 MT
 - 2018 ~ 16,300 MT
 - 2019 ~ 19,300 MT
- Start-up expected mid-2017





Yulin JV – On Track

- Equipment tendering in progress, 70% issued or awarded
- Critical path equipment under fabrication (Hydrogenation and FBR reactors and compressors)
- Critical excavation and foundation work for 2015 completed
- 2016 and 2017 Capital Contributions Might Be Deferred If Financial Situation Requires



Completed FBR Building Foundation



The Investment Case



Strong growth in PV-demand (19% CAGR) Polysilicon market balance YE 2016

Available capacity to meet increased demand Long lead times limit industry expansion

Strong positions in core markets Presence in China through joint venture

Industry leading low cost position Proprietary Silane based FBR technology

Financial strength to bridge market downturn Cash on-hand to meet debt maturities

Focus Areas for REC Silicon 2016

- Strong momentum to resolve trade dispute
- Temporary shut-down of Moses Lake will reduce inventory levels
- Acquire customers for offtake of full capacity by offering competitive pricing
- Focus on reduced spending
- Prepare for successful Yulin JV Plant
- Return to full capacity June 2016 with industry leading cash costs



