

### Disclaimer



This presentation has been prepared by Generalfinance and contains certain information of a forward-looking nature, projections, targets, and estimates that reflect Generalfinance management's current views related to future events. Forward-looking information not represent historical facts. Such information includes financial projections and estimates as well as related assumptions, information referring to plans, objectives, and expectations regarding future operations, products, and services, and information regarding future financial results. By their very nature, forward-looking information involves a certain amount of risk, uncertainty and assumptions so that actual results could differ significantly from those expressed or implied in forward-looking information. These forward-looking statements have been developed from scenarios based on a set of economic assumptions related to a given competitive and regulatory environment.

There are a variety of factors that may cause actual results and performance to be materially different from the explicit or implicit contents of any forward-looking statements and thus, such forward-looking statements are not a reliable indicator of futures performance. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise expect as may be required by applicable law. The information and opinions contained in this Presentation are provided as at the date hereof and are subject to change without notice. Neither this Presentation nor any part of it nor the fact of its distribution may form the basis of, or be relied on or in connection with, any contract or investment decision.

The information, statements and opinions contained in this Presentation are for information purposes only and do not constitute a public offer under any applicable legislation or an offer to sell or solicitation of an offer to purchase or subscribe for securities or financial instruments or any advise or recommendation with respect to such securities or other financial instruments. None of the securities referred to herein have been, or will be, registered under the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the securities laws of any State or other jurisdiction of the United States or in Australia, Canada or Japan or any jurisdiction where such an offer or solicitation would be unlawful (the "Other Countries"), and there will be no public offer of any such securities in the United States. This Presentation does not constitute or form apart of any offer or solicitation to purchase or subscribe for securities in the United States or the Other Countries.

Pursuant the consolidated law on financial intermediation of 24 February 1998 (article 154-bis, paragraph 2) Ugo Colombo, in his capacity as manager responsible for the preparation of the Company's financial reports declares that the accounting information contained in this Presentation reflects the Generalfinance documented results, financial accounts and accounting records. Neither the Company nor any of its or their respective representatives, directors or employees accept any liability whatsoever in connection with this Presentation or any of its contents or in relation to any loss arising from its use or from any reliance placed upon it.





### Agenda

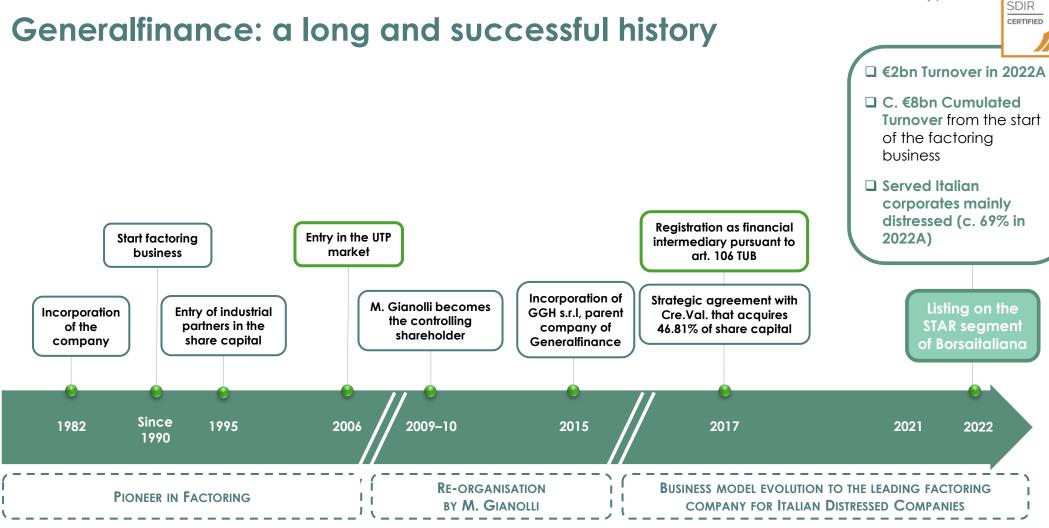
- Generalfinance: Overview
- Factoring Market and Distressed Financing
- Digital, Low Risk Player
- Main 9M 2023 Results
- Focus on Asset Quality and Digital Factoring
- 9M 23 Results: Balance Sheet, P&L, Funding and Capital
- Annex





### **Generalfinance: Overview**





Long Standing Experience, Specialisation and Unique Positioning



**EMARKET** 

### EMARKET SDIR CERTIFIED

### Generalfinance: Overview

- ✓ Leading independent player in the white space of factoring for Distressed Italian SMEs, unserved by traditional banks, with no comparable companies
- ✓ Digital platform enables unique efficiency, knowledge of clients (competitive advantage) and better risk management
- Competitive advantage with tailor-made services to customers by using a unique in-house Scoring and Rating system and high sector diversification
- ✓ Excellent risk management due to digital platform data management and managerial proven experience
- Strong growth opportunities supported by sound capital and excellent funding structure
- Management with a solid experience in financial services to distressed companies, as well as significant skills in business development

#### **KEY FIGURES 9M 2023**

Turnover € 1,774M

**+24%** vs 9M 2022

Net Income € 10.7M

**+27%** vs 9M 2022

Gross NPE ratio **0.27**%

(vs 3.62% Avg market)

CET1 ratio **15.3%** 

(vs 4.5% Regulatory req.)

ROE **27.7%** 

Cost Income Ratio 37.9%

In 4Q 2023 expected increase in past due exposure, due to a new interpretation regarding the «Definition to Default, DoD» provided by Bank of Italy to the Company for prosolvedo transaction, after the inspection conducted in 4Q 2022.

Specifically, the Autorithy clarified that the trigger for the count of the past due day starts when the past due is above 1% of the exposure (and above the absolute value of 100 or 500 euro depending on the counterparty), notwithstanding the nominal value of the portfolio of receivables and the cushion between the nominal value and the exposure of the company.

In relation to the new interpretation of the DoD, we expect the Gross NPE Ratio to go up in the range of 1-3%, vis-a-vis the market average (Assifact) of 3.6% at the end of Q2 2023.





#### Placement of CAI's stake

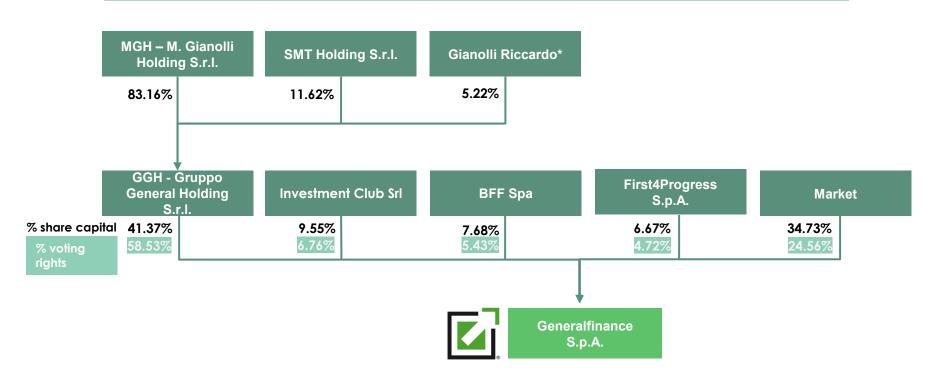
4<sup>th</sup> October 2023

€ 15.0 M

DEAL VALUE (1)

DAY OF THE PLACEMENT

#### Updated shareholders' structure





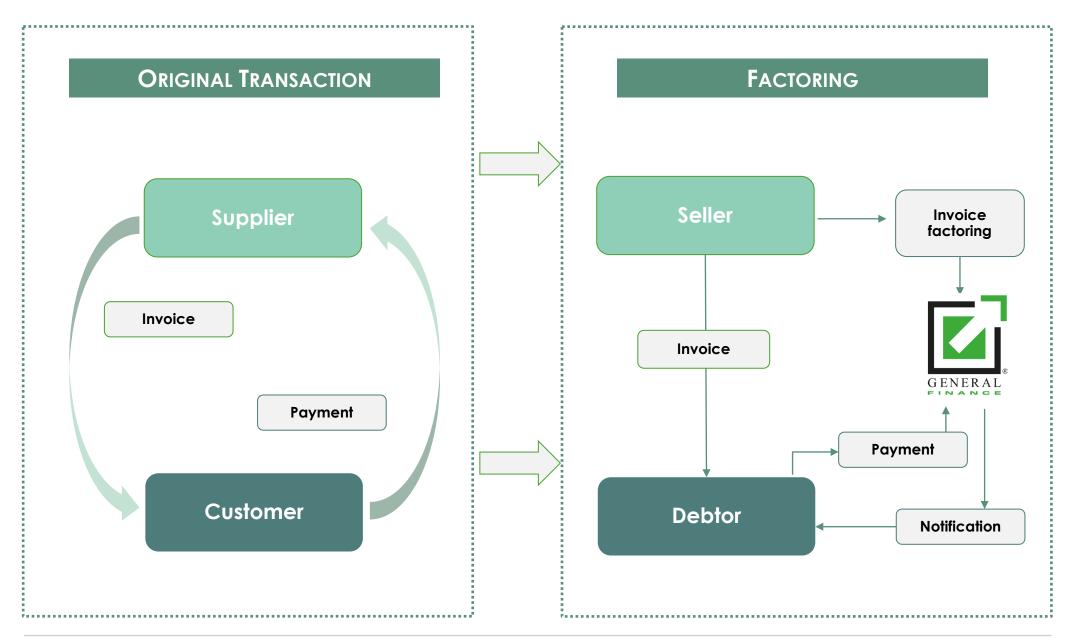


# Factoring Market and Distressed Financing



# What is Factoring? (1/2)







Source: Management

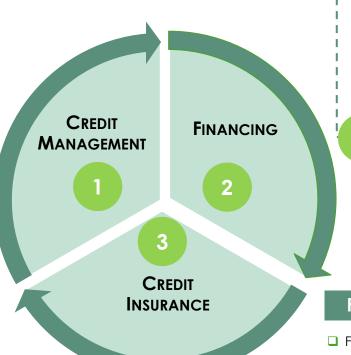
### What is Factoring? (2/2)



redit management (debtor management and payment collection) is the core business of a factoring company and allows the creditor to outsource activities that are usually carried out in-house, thus achieving:

- Greater effectiveness (credit management is the core business of a Factor)
- Greater **efficiency** (a Factor can leverage on economies of scale)

In the **credit insurance** service, the Factor analyses the **specific features of the assigned receivables** and can issue a solvency guarantee



In the working capital financing service, the Factor differs from a bank since it analyses the assigned receivables/debtors in addition to performing the usual creditworthiness assessments

2

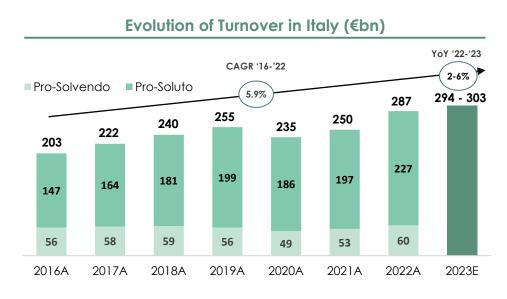
#### FURTHER KEY TAKEAWAYS ON FACTORING

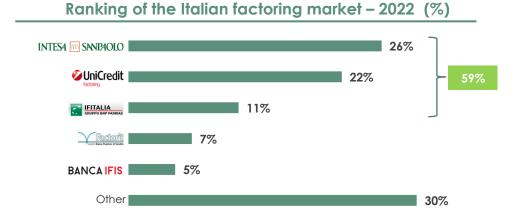
- □ Factoring is a flexible tool for the management of working capital, offering a wide range of services to release, manage and successfully deliver trade receivables;
- ☐ The legal instrument underpinning factoring is the assignment of receivables in accordance with Law no. 52 of 21 February 1991 (Law on the assignment of receivables).

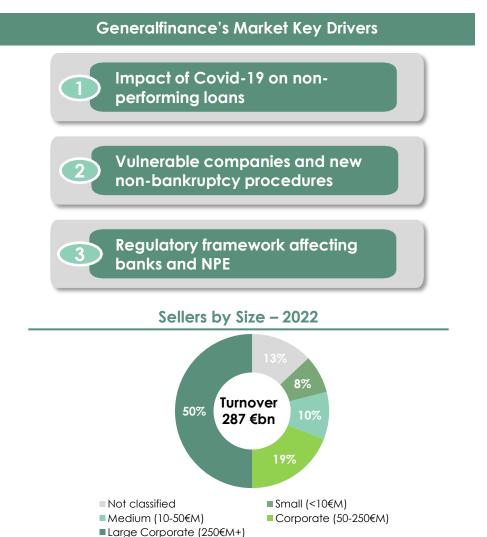
## Leader in the high-growth distressed market segment



In the overall fast growing factoring market (turnover in Italy is expected to grow from € 287bn in 2022 up to €294-€303bn in 2023) Generalfinance focuses on distressed sellers (UTP, forborne and past due) with a portfolio of performing debtors (in bonis)







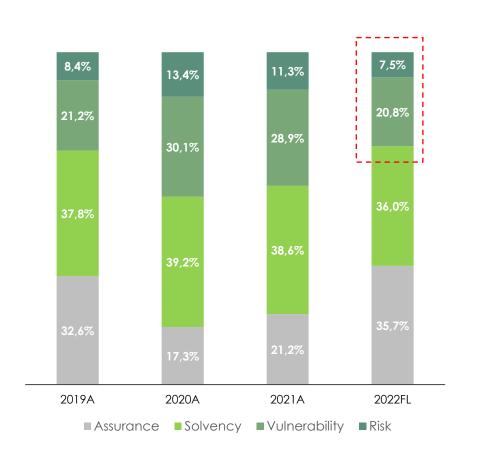


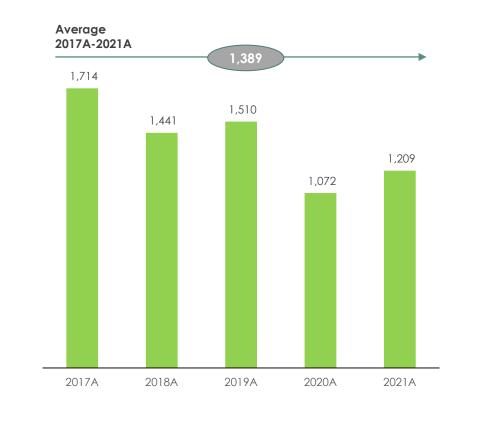
# Vulnerable companies and new non-bankruptcy procedures



#### **CERVED GROUP SCORE (CGS)**

#### **NON-BANKRUPTCY PROCEDURES**





More than 28% of SMEs are in vulnerability or risk condition

An annual average (2017-2021) of 1,389 companies entered nonbankruptcy procedures



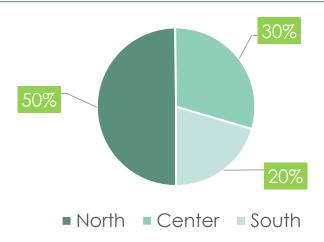
### **Negotiated Business Crisis Settlement**



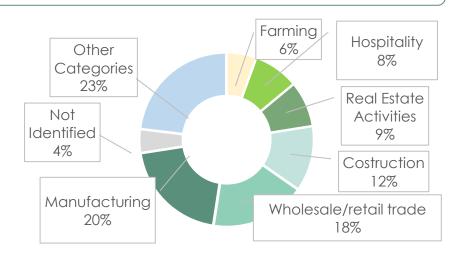
# Negotiated Settlement Applications



Geographical breakdown of Instances of Negotiated Settlement



Distribution of Instances by Commodity Sector



Legal form adopted by enterprises in Negotiated Composition

> 80% Capital Companies



### **Potential market**



The trend of total UTP/Past Due/Forborne, which is the best indicator for estimating Generalfinance's market niche, is estimated with an expected growth-from 101 billion in 2023 to 105 billion in 2025 of the stock

#### EVOLUTION OF NON-PERFORMING EXPOSURES IN ITALY (€bn) **CAGR +2%** 100 101 103 105 31 30 30 30 Past Due Forborne 70 66 67 69 **■** UTP 2022A 2023E 2024E 2025E **ASSUMPTIONS FOR ESTIMATING POTENTIAL** POTENTIAL DISTRESSED FACTORING **OUTSTANDING OF DISTRESSED FACTORING** MARKET ESTIMATES (€bn) Potential outstanding Potential turnover 2023E 2024E 2025E Short-term loans vs 6.4% of the total amount of companies on total loans1 loans 33



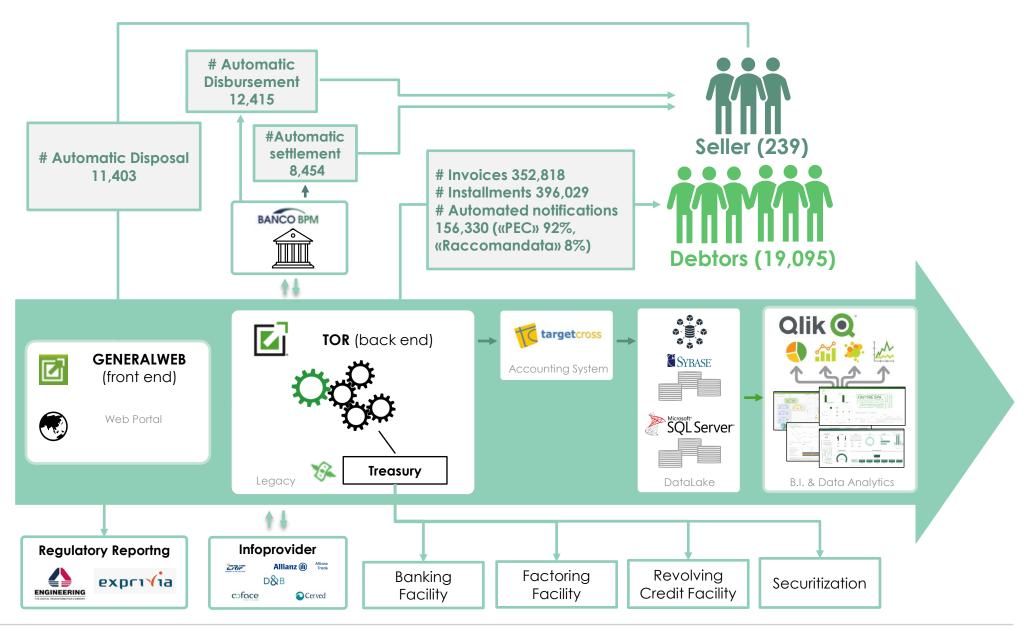


# Digital, Low Risk Player



### EMARKET SDIR certified

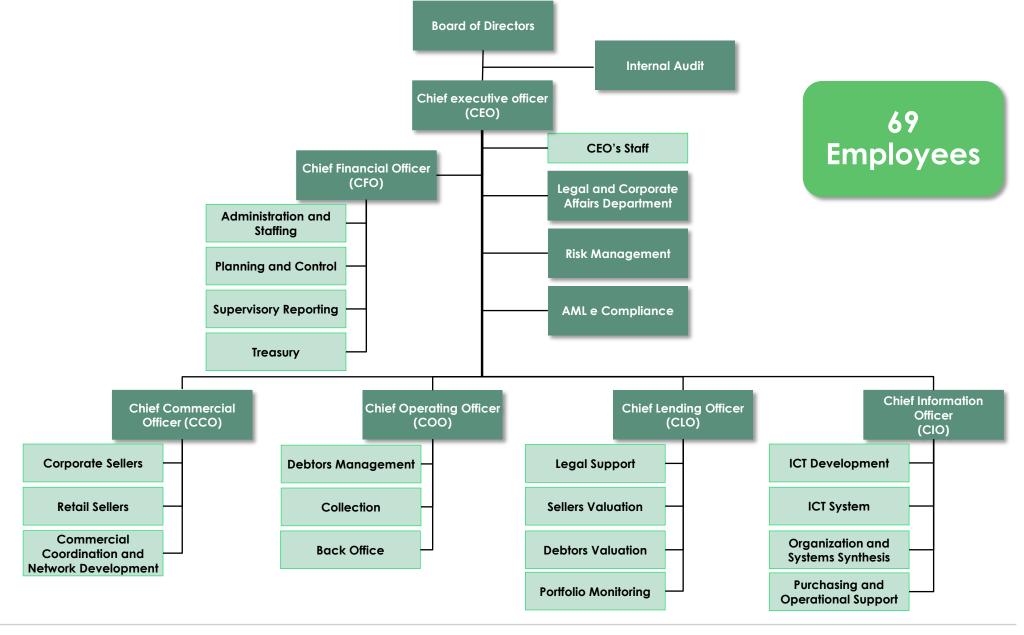
### A strategic asset: the proprietary digital platform





### EMARKET SDIR CERTIFIED

### An organization oriented to risk control and business

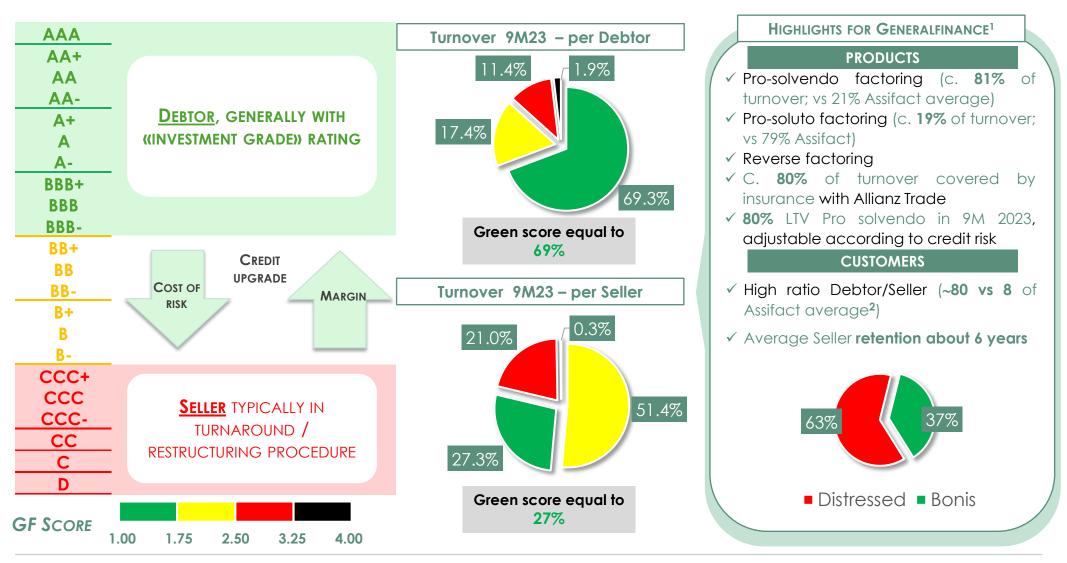




# A unique business model, leveraging the factoring features



The peculiarity of Generalfinance's business model is the choice of Seller–Debtor, where clients (**Sellers**) typically have a **low credit rating** (turnaround situation) while the **Debtors** underlying customer loans refer to a **high credit rating** (normally investment grade)





### Value proposition, distinctive features and value chain



### 1

#### Value proposition

Generalfinance offers its customers (mostly companies under financial stress) rapid and customized interventions for the financing of the working capital and trade receivables, covering the entire supply chain finance

Factoring
Pro-Solvendo

Factoring Pro-Soluto



"Revolving" relationship (LIR<sup>1</sup> at 24 months) in a predominantly "notification" mode and, where applicable, "acceptance" of the debt 2

#### Distinctive skills

- o Consolidated expertise throughout the entire process
- End-to-end in-house valuation process, tailored to customer specifications
- o Strong risk reduction and diversification mechanisms
- In-house-developed proprietary factoring platform to support business specifications
- Fast operational processes and capability to provide
   bridge financing within turnaround processes

3

#### Generalfinance masters all the crossroads of the value chain

- All operational steps and core activities are carried out internally by Generalfinance's dedicated structures
- Generalfinance does not relies on external consultants to assess the creditworthiness of sellers and debtors but owns all the skills
- o The process is reinforced by **credit insurance policies** provided by Allianz Trade insurance company which, during the risk acquisition phase, performs an independent assessment of the assigned debtors, providing Generalfinance a feedback on the results of their assessment

Origination

Credit assessment

Credit Underwriting Completion of the sale

Ordinary management

**Monitoring** 



### **Valuation Framework**



#### **Distressed Client**

Scoring Components

# DISTRESSED SELLER SCORING



DEBTOR SCORING/ SELLER'S PORTFOLIO



OPERATIONS'S FINAL SCORING

Key Factors for Valuation

- Industrial market position and client portfolio
- Recovery plan credibility and sustainability of the repayment plan of the previous debt position
- Standing and profile of the Seller's legal/financial advisors
- Feasibility of the financial measures and presence of legal protections
- Presence of financial support (Equity/Debt) from investors/shareholders

Output

 Distressed Seller's quantitative score (green, yellow, red)

- Debtor's score
- Seller's portfolio score

Overall valuation (Seller + Debtor)

Grant

To be evaluate

Reject

#### Performing Client

Scoring Components

# PERFORMING SELLER SCORING



DEBTOR SCORING/ SELLER'S PORTFOLIO



OPERATIONS'S FINAL SCORING

Key Factors for Valuation

- Economic and financial analysis of the Balance Sheet/P&L/Cash Flow Statement
- Positioning in the sector
- Sustainability of the debt position (Debt-Service Coverage Ratio)
- Credibility of the management

Output

 Performing Seller's quantitative score

- Debtor's score
- Seller's portfolio score

- Overall valuation (Seller
  - + Debtor)

Grant

To be evaluate

Reject



# **Debtor Scoring**

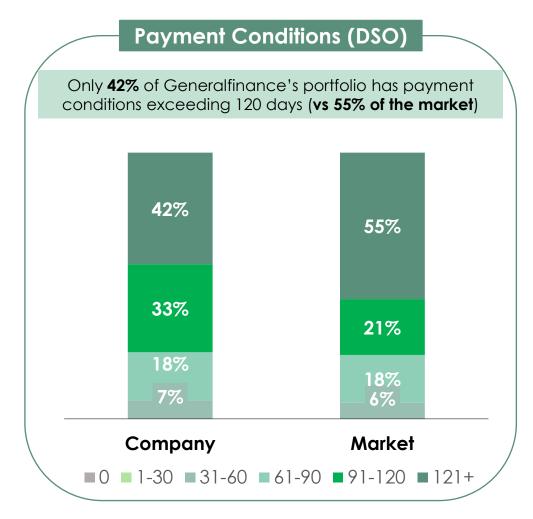


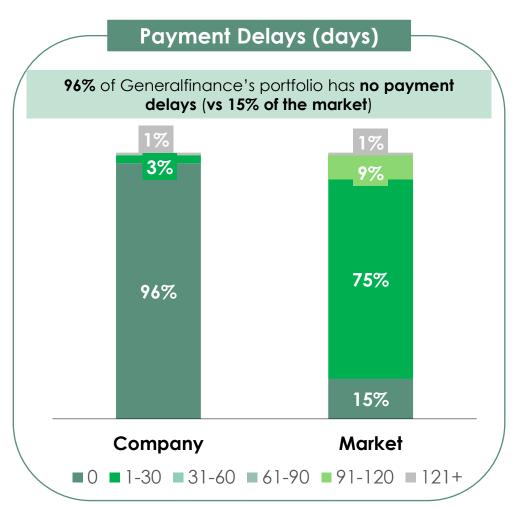
Macro score	Indicator	Assessment details				
Commercial score	BRI	<ul> <li>Counterparty summary assessment considering the economic and financial aspects, the history of the company, the shareholders structure, etc.</li> </ul>				
	<b>CGS</b> © Cerved	<ul> <li>Counterparty summary assessment considering the economic and financial aspects, the history of the company, the shareholders structure, etc.</li> </ul>				
	Rating Score <sub>D&amp;B</sub>	<ul> <li>Counterparty summary assessment considering the economic and financial aspects, the history of the company, the shareholders structure, etc.</li> </ul>				
	Delinquency Score D&B	<ul> <li>Probability of late payments over the next 12 months</li> </ul>				
	Failure Score <sub>D&amp;B</sub>	<ul> <li>Company probability of default over the next 12 months</li> </ul>				
Payments score	<b>Paydex</b>	<ul> <li>Score on the counterparty's payment performance</li> </ul>				
	Payline  Output  Cerved	<ul> <li>Score on the counterparty's payment performance</li> </ul>				
Credit insurability score	Grade Allianz  Trade Allianz   Allianz   Trade	Degree of credit insurability				
	DRA coface	<ul> <li>Degree of credit insurability</li> <li>Coface – in progress</li> </ul>				
4 Credit insurance	Insurance Allianz (ii)   Allianz	<ul> <li>Insurance partnership with Allianz Trade to insure up to 100% of the credit cross, starting from amounts above 30k</li> </ul>				











Generalfinance boasts a portfolio quality, both in terms of Payment Conditions and Payment Delays, better than the rest of the market



### Risk reduction in Distressed Factoring



Given that the majority of Generalfinance's turnover is realized towards distressed Sellers, the Company can benefit from a reduction in risk, because of 3 main factors



### Lower Credit Risk

- Effects of insolvency proceedings on financial position (ex. credit write-offs)
- o Recovery and relaunch plan
- o Possible change in the Governance
- Possible capital injection or new financing
- Predeductibility (i.e., superpriority)
   of receivables arising from loans
   disbursed in execution of the plan
   and loans disbursed prior to the
   submission of the composition
   with creditors plan, respectively, if
   the conditions provided by the
   regulations are met



#### **Lower Operating Risk**

- Court approval (arrangement with creditors, restructuring agreement)
- Supervision by the court commissioner (arrangement with creditors)
- Presence of high standing Financial Advisors and Legal Counsels
- Management change



#### **Lower Risk of Clawback Action**

- Financial assistance for the implementation of the agreement / plan / arrangement with creditors with exemptions from clawback actions
- Authorization for bridge financing (in these cases, the risk of clawback actions is excluded on a de facto basis)
- Factoring law and related protections (clawback actions regarding collections from assigned debtors)



Source: Management

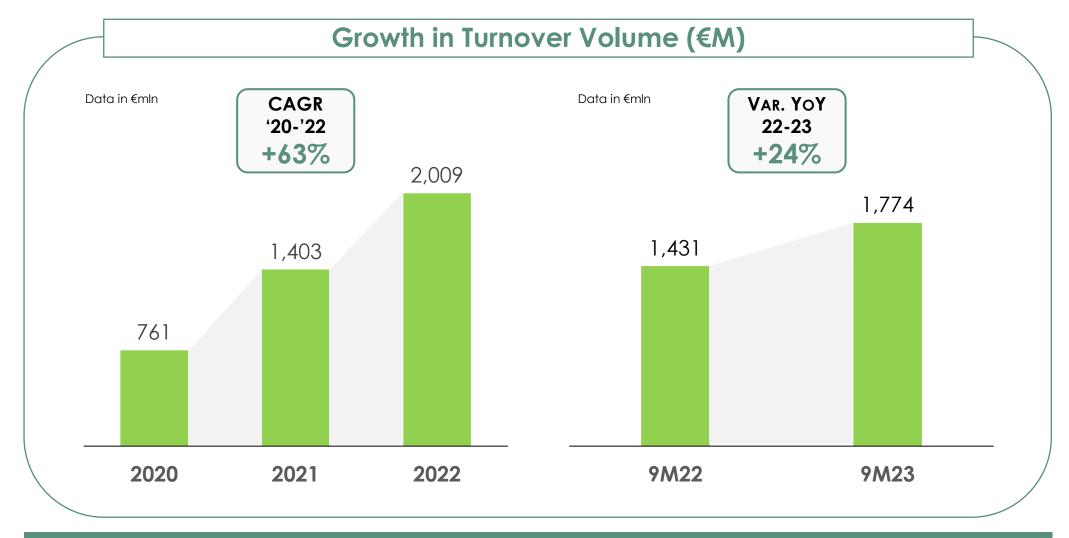


### Main 9M 2023 Results



### Turnover witnessing a strong growth story



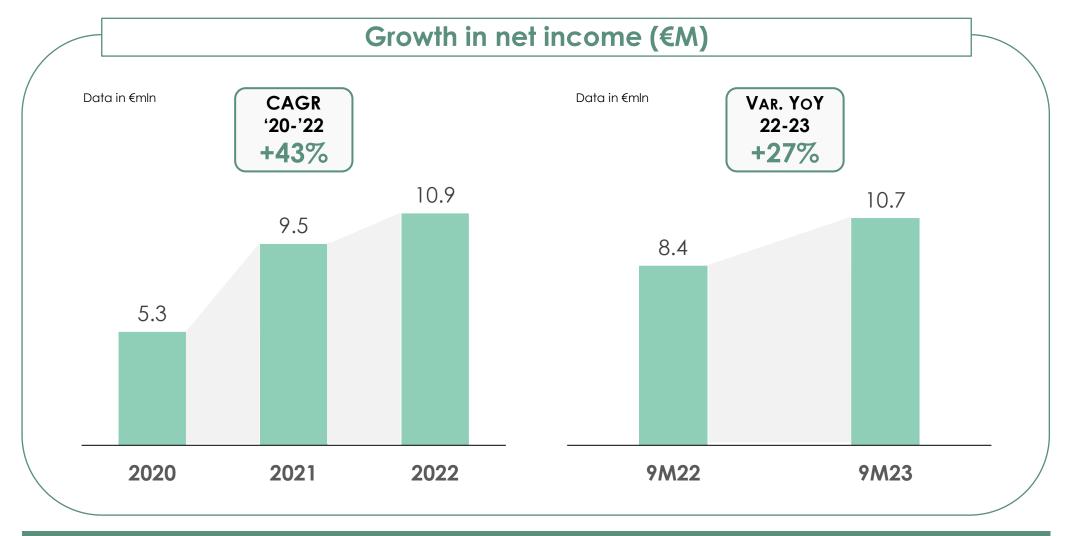


2023 annual growth rate (24%) above the market average (-1%)



## Net Income: high profitability from the operations









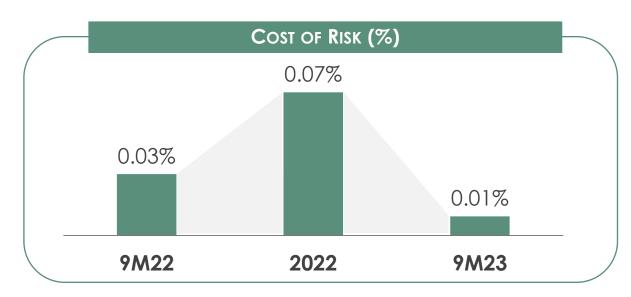


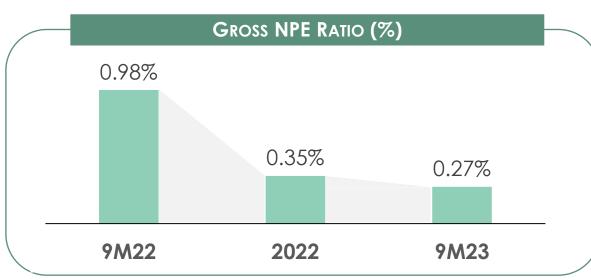
# Focus on Asset Quality and Digital Factoring



### A low risk model with a best in class asset quality







### **DEFINITION OF DEFAULT (DOD)**

In 4Q 2023 expected increase in past due exposure, due to a new interpretation regarding the «Definition to Default, DoD» provided by Bank of Italy to the Company for pro-solvedo transaction, after the inspection conducted in 4Q 2022.

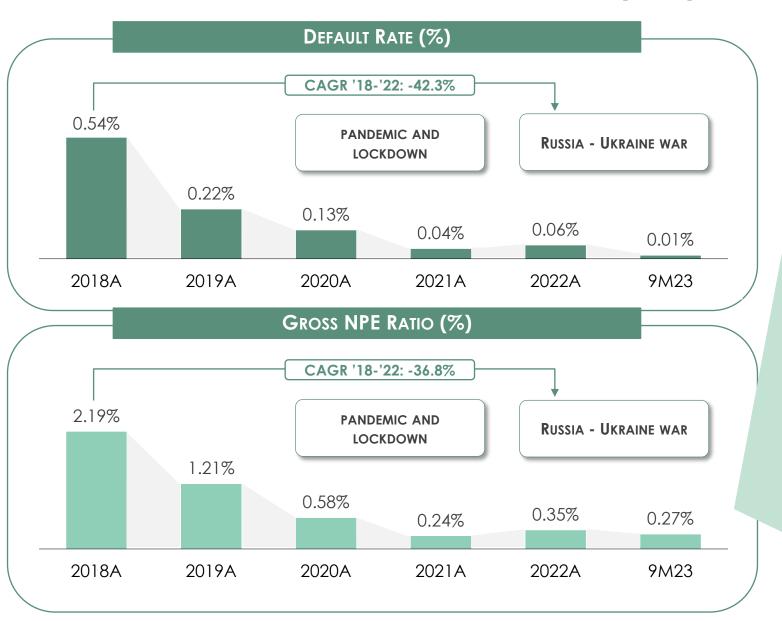
Specifically, the Autorithy clarified that the trigger for the count of the past due day starts when the past due is above 1% of the exposure (and above the absolute value of 100 or 500 euro depending on the counterparty), notwithstanding the nominal value of the portfolio of receivables and the cushion between the nominal value and the exposure of the company.

In relation to the new interpretation of the DoD, we expect the <u>Gross NPE</u> <u>Ratio to go up in the range of 1-3%</u>, vis-a-vis the market average (Assifact) of 3.6% at the end of Q2 2023.



### Default Rate and NPE Ratio constantly improving





#### **DEFINITION OF DEFAULT (DOD)**

In 4Q 2023 expected increase in past due exposure, due to a new interpretation regarding the "Definition to Default, DoD" provided by Bank of Italy to the Company for pro-solvedo transaction, after the inspection conducted in 4Q 2022.

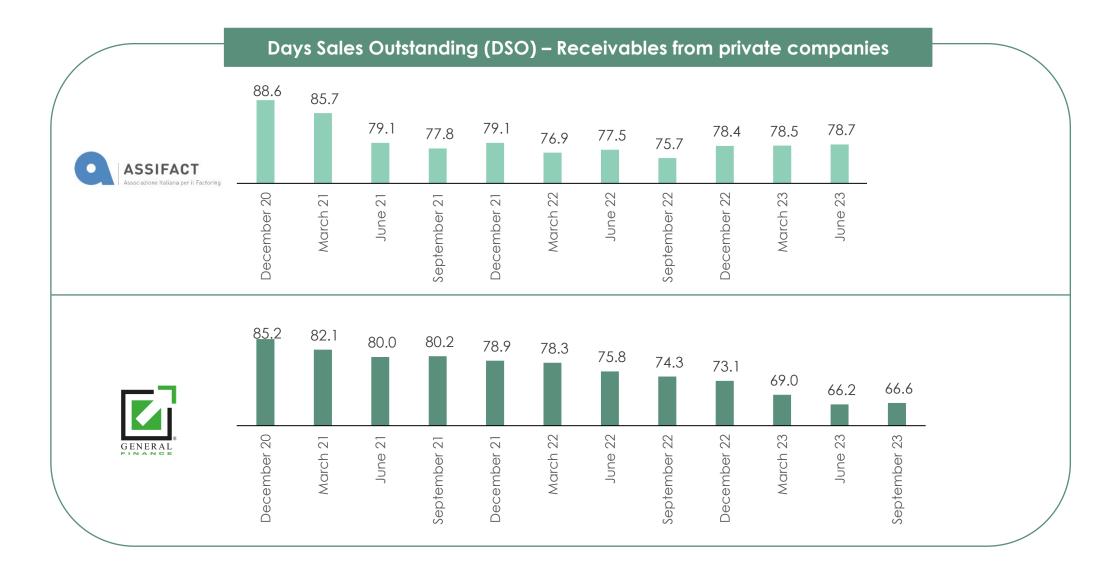
Specifically, the Autorithy clarified that the trigger for the count of the past due day starts when the past due is above 1% of the exposure (and above the absolute value of 100 or 500 euro depending on the counterparty), notwithstanding the nominal value of the portfolio of receivables and the cushion between the nominal value and the exposure of the company.

In relation to the new interpretation of the DoD, we expect the <u>Gross NPE</u> <u>Ratio to go up in the range of 1-3%</u>, vis-a-vis the market average (Assifact) of 3.6% at the end of Q2 2023.



## Company's DSO expressing a very low duration of the portfolio









### 3Q 23 Results: Balance Sheet, P&L, Funding and Capital



### Main KPIs behind our business

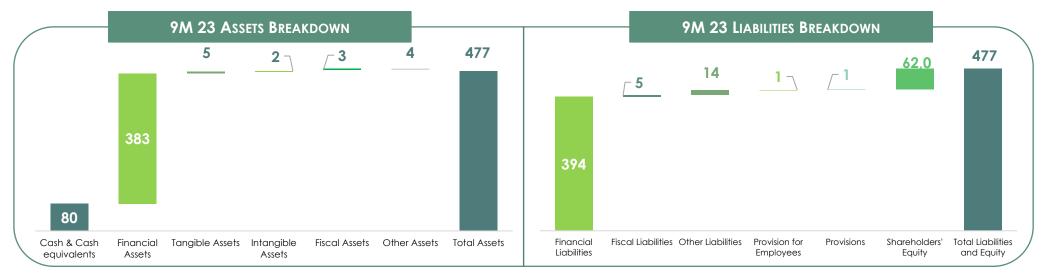


Income Statement (€m)	2020A	2021A	2022A	CAGR '20-'22	9M22	9M23	YoY%
Interest Margin	4.1	6.2	7.3	33.2%	5.7	5.9	3.4%
Net Commission	13.1	17.7	23.6	34.1%	17.1	19.6	14.6%
Net Banking Income	17.2	23.9	30.9	33.9%	22.8	25.5	11.8%
Net value adjustments / write-backs for credit risk	(0.7)	(0.2)	(1.2)	30.0%	(0.3)	(0.1)	(54.1%)
Operating Costs	(8.4)	(9.8)	(13.2)	25.4%	(9.8)	(9.7)	(1.7%)
Net Profit	5.3	9.5	10.9	42.9%	8.4	10.7	26.5%
(€m)	2020A	2021A	2022A	CAGR '20-'22	9M22	9M23	YoY%
Turnover	760.7	1,402.9	2,009.4	62.5%	1,430.6	1,773.8	24.0%
Allocated Amount	562.0	1,118.5	1,674.0	72.6%	1,183.0	1,482.1	25.3%
LTV	73.9%	79.7%	83.3%	6.2%	82.7%	83.6%	1.0%
LTV Pro-solvendo	<b>73.9</b> %	78.6%	81.6%	5.1%	81.4%	79.6%	-2.3%
Net Banking Income / Average Loan (%)	11.2%	9.6%	8.7%	(11.5%)	9.2%	8.8%	(4.4%)
Interest Margin / Net Banking Income (%)	23.8%	26.0%	23.5%	(0.5%)	24.9%	23.1%	(7.5%)
Cost Income Ratio	48.7%	40.9%	42.7%	(6.4%)	43.1%	37.9%	(12.1%)
ROE (%)	30.9%	42.0%	23.7%	(12.4%)	24.5%	27.7%	13.1%
	22224	2221	22224		01100	21122	V V~
Balance Sheet (€m)	2020A	2021A	2022A	CAGR '20-'22	9M22	9M23	YoY%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	24.2	33.5	43.7	34.3%	56.1	80.3	43.3%
Financial Assets	176.5	321.0	385.4	47.8%	336.1	383.2	14.0%
Other Assets	9.5	10.8	14.7	24.8%	11.4	13.2	15.8%
Total Assets	210.2	365.3	443.8	45.3%	403.6	476.7	18.1%
Financial Liabilities	175.4	314.6	368.4	44.9%	327.1	394.3	20.5%
Other Liabilities	12.2	18.7	18.6	23.1%	22.2	20.4	(7.9%)
Total Liabilities	187.6	333.3	387.0	43.6%	349.3	414.7	18.7%
Shareholder's Equity	22.6	32.0	56.8	58.6%	54.3	62.0	14.2%

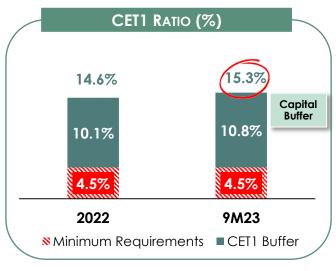


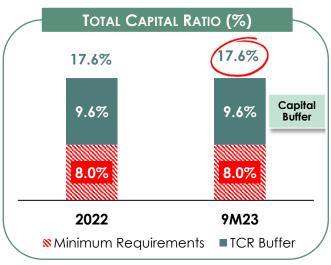












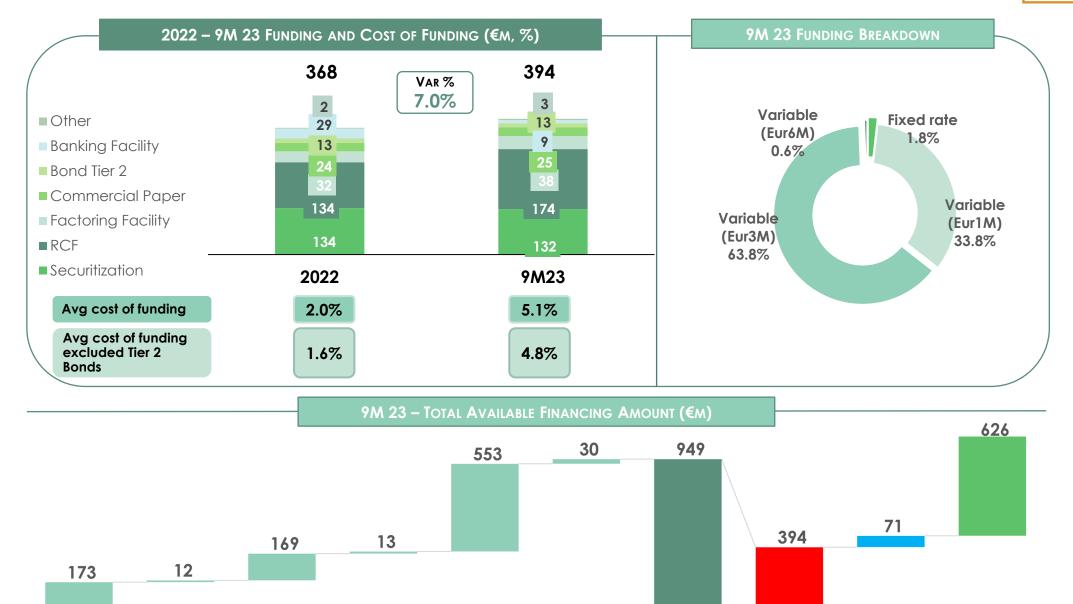
Expected limited impact from the new interpretation regarding the «Definition to Default, DoD» provided by Bank of Italy to the Company for pro-solvedo transaction, see slide 9-10



Commercial Paper Available Funding Financial Indebtness Liquidity Position

### EMARKET SDIR CERTIFIED

### ...coupled with a robust funding and liquidity position





**RCF** 

**Banking Facility** 

Factoring Facility

Bond Tier 2

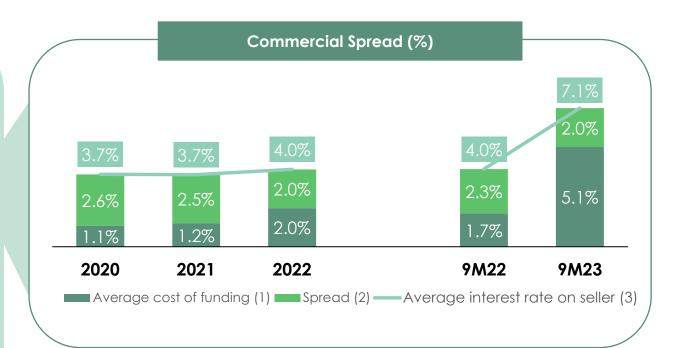
Securitization

Counterbalancing





- Net Interest Income
   ~23% of the Net Banking
   Income
- Almost all funding available at variable rates (Eurbor 1M, 3M and 6M)
- All the factoring contracts have been renegotiated, changing the calculated interest rate from fixed to variable (based on Euribor 3M)



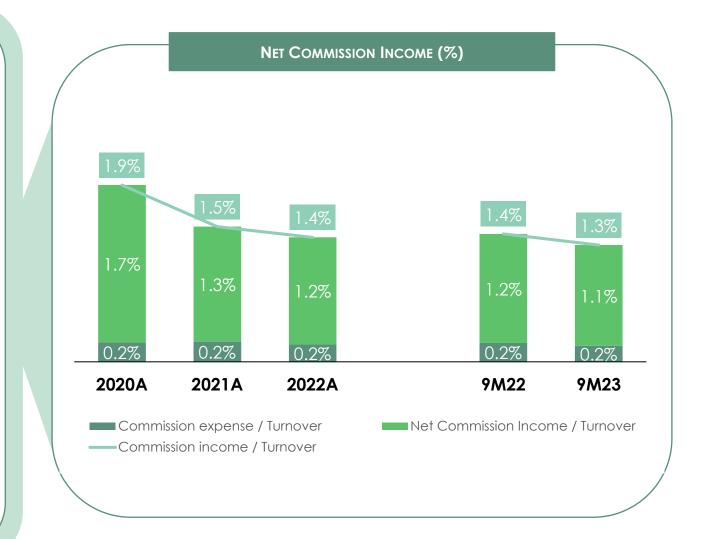






## Net commission income, the primary source of profitability

- Net Commission Income
   ~77% of the Net Banking
   Income
- Commission
   Income/Turnover
   substantially stable YoY,
   even with the different
   mix of the portfolio
   (Corporate Sellers vs
   Retail Sellers)
- Stable commission expense rate thank to optimization of insurance costs and banking fees





# EMARKET SDIR CERTIFIED

# Cost / Income reflecting the efficiency of the operating machine

- #69 FTE as of 9M
   2023
- #Cost income remaining at excellent levels due to the high efficiency of the operating machine and the economy of scale (IT proprietary platform)







### **Annex**







Income Statement (€m)	9M22	9M23	YoY%
Interest income and similar income	9.8	20.5	108.8%
Interest expense and similar charges	(4.1)	(14.6)	253.6%
INTEREST MARGIN	5.7	5.9	3.4%
Fee and commission income	20.0	22.7	13.2%
Fee and commission expense	(3.0)	(3.1)	5.0%
NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME	17.1	19.6	14.6%
Dividends and similar income	0.0	0.0	(100.0%)
Net profi (loss) from trading	(0.0)	0.0	(293.2%)
Net results of other financial a/I measured at fv	0.0	0.0	(100.0%)
NET INTEREST AND OTHER BANKING INCOME	22.8	25.5	11.8%
Net value adjustments / write-backs for credit risk	(0.3)	(0.1)	(54.1%)
a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost	(0.3)	(0.1)	(54.1%)
NET PROFIT (LOSS) FROM FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	22.5	25.3	12.7%
Administrative expenses	(9.1)	(10.3)	13.6%
a) Personnel expenses	(4.6)	(5.5)	17.7%
b) Other administrative expenses	(4.4)	(4.9)	9.4%
Net provision for risks and charges	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0%
b) Other net provisions	(0.0)	(0.0)	0.0%
Net value adjustments / write-backs on pppe	(0.6)	(0.6)	8.3%
Net value adjustments / write-backs on int. Ass.	(0.2)	(0.3)	31.1%
Other operating income and expenses	0.0	1.6	3530.4%
OPERATING COSTS	(9.8)	(9.7)	(1.7%)
PRE-TAX PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CURRENT OPERATIONS	12.7	15.7	23.9%
Income tax for the year on current operations	(4.2)	(5.0)	18.6%
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	8.4	10.7	26.5%







Balance Sheet (€m)	2022A	9M23	Var% YTD
Cash and cash equivalents	43.7	80.3	83.6%
Financial assets measured at fair value through p/l	0.0	0.0	14.7%
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	385.4	383.2	(0.6%)
Equity investments	0.0	0.0	-
Property, Plan and Equipment (PPE)	4.9	5.1	4.7%
Intangible assets	2.0	2.3	14.4%
Tax assets	4.6	2.7	(40.7%)
a) current	4.1	2.2	(46.3%)
b) deferred	0.5	0.5	15.1%
Other assets	3.2	3.1	(2.5%)
TOTAL ASSETS	443.8	476.7	7.4%
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	368.4	394.3	7.0%
a) payables	331.2	356.8	7.8%
b) outstanding securities	37.2	37.4	0.6%
Tax liabilities	4.9	5.1	4.2%
Other liabilities	11.6	12.6	8.1%
Severance pay	1.3	1.4	7.5%
Provision for risk and charges	0.8	1.3	64.0%
Share capital	4.2	4.2	0.0%
Share premium reserve	25.4	25.4	0.0%
Reserves	16.2	21.6	33.7%
Valuation reserves	0.1	0.1	33.3%
Profit (loss) for the year	10.9	10.7	(2.0%)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'S EQUITY	443.8	476.7	7.4%



36,0%

11,2%

13,3%

### **Business Plan 2022-2024 KPIs**



Top Line (€ bn)	2021A	2022A ADJ	2024E	CAGR '21-'24
Turnover	1,4	2,0	3,4	34%
Allocated Amount	1,1	1,7	2,8	36%
<b>LTV</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	80%	83%	83%	n.a.
P&L (€ mn)	2021A	2022A ADJ	2024E	CAGR '21-'24
Interest Margin	6,2	7,3	13,7	30%
Net Commision	17,7	23,6	35,7	26%
Net Banking Income	23,9	30,9	49,3	27%
Operating costs	(9,8)	(11,6)	(14,7)	14%
Net Profit	9,5	12,1	21,5	31%
BS (€ mn)	2021A	2022A ADJ	2024E	CAGR '21-'24
Cash & Cash Equivalents	33,5	43,7	54,7	18%
Financial Assets	321,0	385,4	697,9	30%
Other Assets	10,8	14,6	13,8	9%
Total Assets	365,3	443,8	766,5	28%
Financial Liabilities	314,6	368,4	648,5	27%
Other Liabilities	18,7	17,4	36,7	25%
Shareholder's Equity	32,0	58,0	81,3	36%
Total Liabilities	365,3	443,8	766,5	28%
KPI (%)	2021A	2022A ADJ	2024E	CAGR '21-'24
Net Banking Income / Average Loans	9,6%	8,7%	8,0%	n.a.
Interest Margin / Net Banking Income	26,0%	23,5%	27,8%	n.a.
Cost Income Ratio	40,9%	37,7%	29,7%	n.a.

42,0%

9,4%

13,7%

26,3%

14,6%

17,6%



ROE

CET1 Ratio

Total Capital Ratio

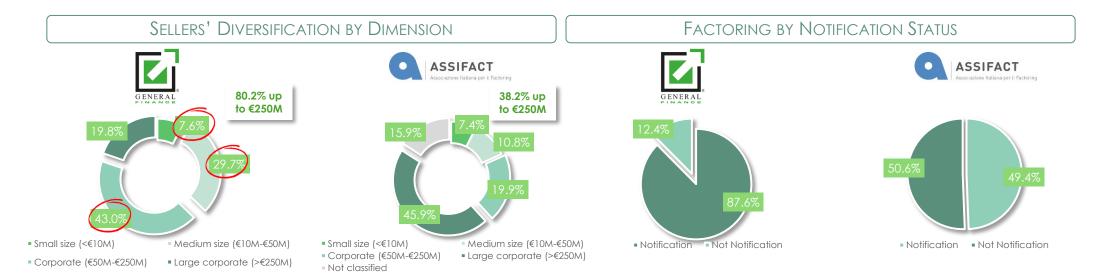
n.a.

n.a.

n.a.

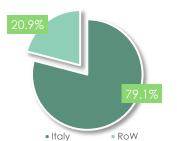
### Turnover breakdown vs system average 1/2

















TURNOVER BY PRODUCT





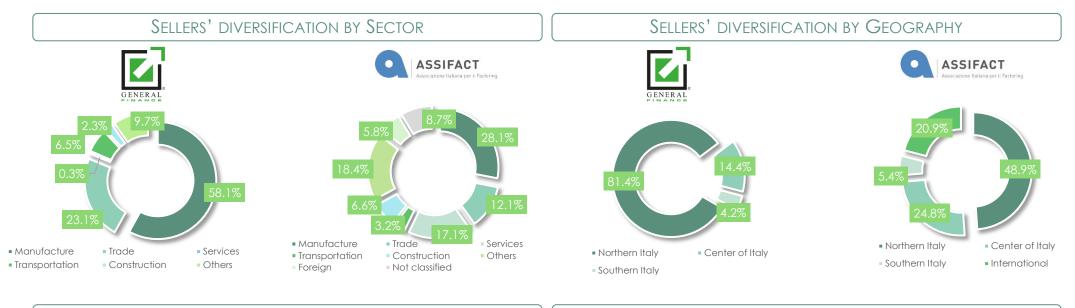


Italy

RoW

### Turnover breakdown vs system average 2/2





#### HIGHER NUMBER OF DEBTORS PER SELLER

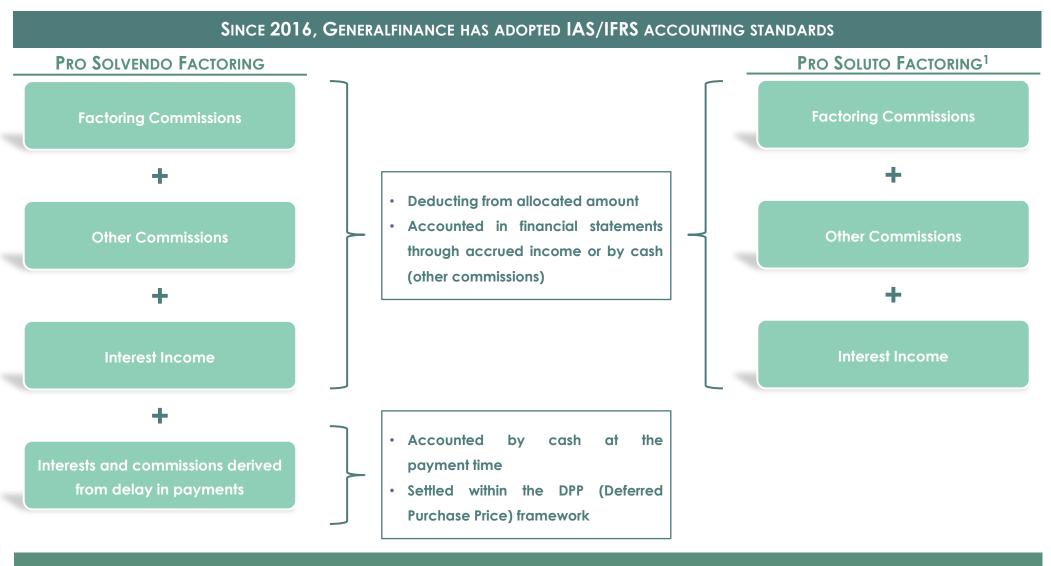
#### TURNOVER - % CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR





### Top line components





SIMPLE AND TRANSPARENT P&L PAIRED WITH ALMOST NO VOLATILITY OF FAIR VALUE / CREDIT ADJUSTMENT



Source: Management

Note: 1) Pro soluto Factoring regarding full rights purchase IAS compliant





PRO SOLVENDO TRANSACTION		Formula	P&L Accounting
Invoice's nominal value	100,000	а	
Advance rate	80.00%	b	
Gross disbursed amount	80,000	c = a x b	
Maturity of disbursed amount (days)	88	e	
Contractual interest rate	4.00%	f	
Interest revenues	789.04	g = ( c x f x (e+2) ) / 365	Prepayment
DSO	90	h	
Monthly commission rate	0.50%	i	
Commission revenues	1500.00	l = a x i x (h/30)	Prepayment
Total revenues	2289.04	m = g + l	Prepayment
Net disbursed amount	77,710.96	n = c - m	
Delay in payment (days)	5	0	
Delay in payment interest rate	5.00%	p	
Delay in payment commission rate	0.50%	q	
Delay in payment interest revenues	54.79	r = ( c x p x o) / 365	Cash basis
Delay in payment commission revenues	83.33	s = a x q x (o/30)	Cash basis
Delay in payment total revenues	138.13	t = r + s	Cash basis
Non-advance amount	20,000	u = a - c	
Net settlement	19,861.87	v = u - t	



### Benefits of pro-solvendo lending contract



The offsetting mechanism is a specific technicality of the Factoring Agreement, which is elaborated consistently with the Assifact standard

#### ARTICLE 28 OF GENERALFINANCE FACTORING AGREEMENT

"The Factor will be entitled to retain sums and set off the debts (of every kind) due by the Factor to the Seller against the Receivables (of every kind) due from the Seller to the Factor, including the Receivables due from the Seller to third parties and assigned to/guaranteed by the Factor.

Should the Seller default on any of its payment obligations, the Factor will be able to treat its Receivables as liquid and payable, even if not already fallen due. Offsets by the Seller require the prior written consent of the Factor".

#### A PRACTICAL EXAMPLE:

Se	ller	Α

ID Borrower	Nominal Value (A)	LTV (B)	Disbursement (C) = (A x B)	Unpaid	Amount Collected (D)	Amounts not advanced to be settled (D - C)
1	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	Yes	-	<u>-</u>
2	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
3	100.000,00	80%	80,000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
4	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
5	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
6	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
7	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
8	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
9	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
10	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
	1.000.000,00		800.000,00		900.000,00	180.000,00
			Debts of the Factor Unpaid debts			180.000,00
			compensated			80.000,00
			Netting to be liquidated			100.000,00

In FY 2021, Generalfinance paid an average advance equal to **80%** of Turnover. With regard to the prosolvendo factoring, Generalfinance is entitled to set off amounts owed by the Sellers to it against amounts owed by Generalfinance to the Sellers based on specific clauses included in the factoring agreement.

The Company has a high Debtor/Seller ratio equal to **58**, growing steadily over the last 3 financial years, against an average of the Italian factoring market - calculated excluding private assigned Debtors - equal to 10<sup>1</sup>, which expands the possibilities of offsetting between receivables and debit items against the Sellers as part of pro-solvendo transactions.



Source: Management, Assifact. Data as of 31st December 2021

Notes: (1) Net of household debtors

# Capital Stack – A capital light lending business



