



Disclaimer



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Agenda

Generalfinance: Overview and Results 9M 2025

9M 2025 Results: Balance Sheet, P&L, Funding and Capital

Digital, Low Risk Player

Business Plan 2025-2027: overview and initiatives

Business Plan 2025-2027: Financials

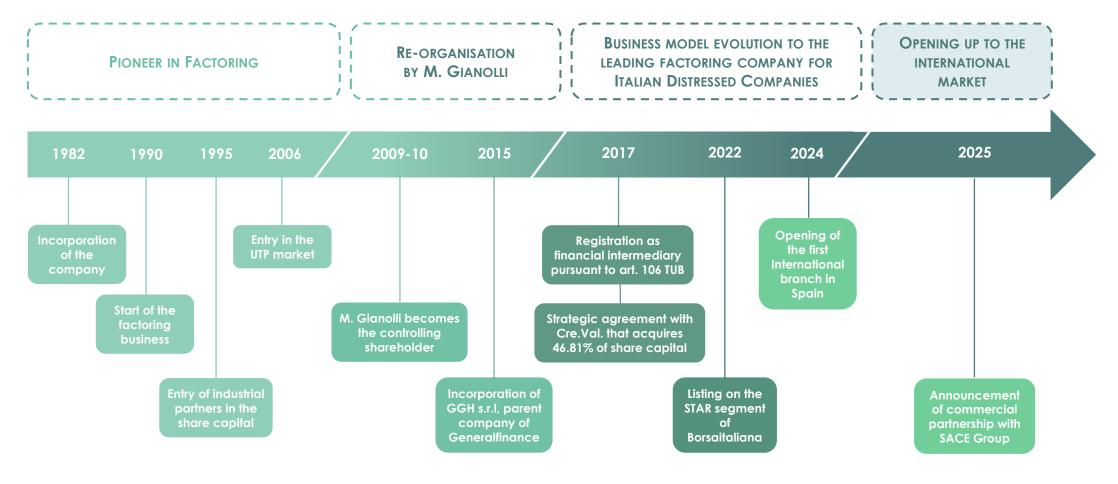
Annex



Generalfinance: Overview and Results 9M 2025

Generalfinance: a long and successful story (1/2)

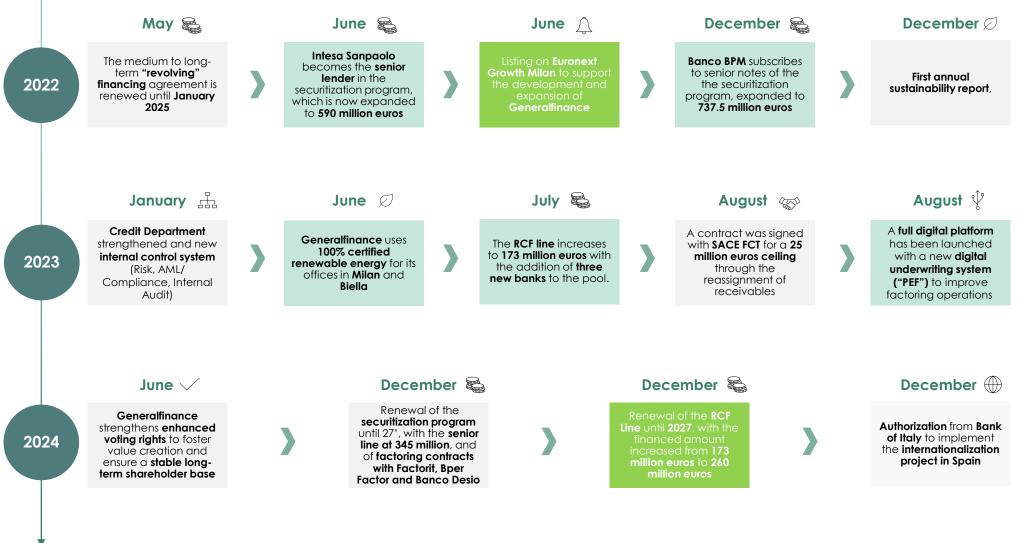




Long standing experience, specialization and unique positioning

Generalfinance: a long and successful story (2/2)



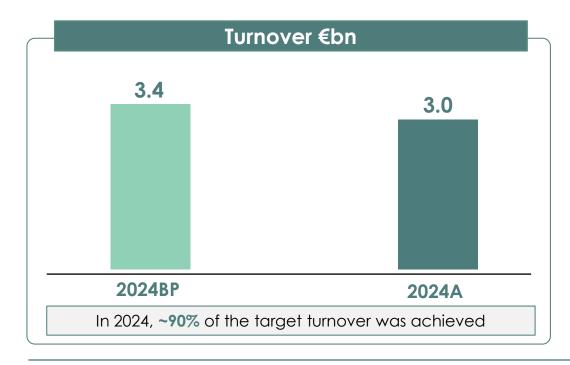


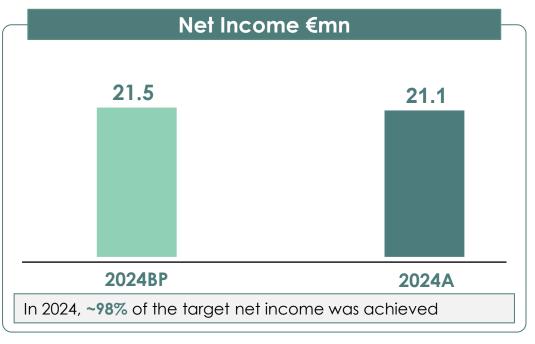
Innovation, soundness, and strategic vision for a path to sustainable and international growth

Management team with strong delivery capabilities

emarket sdir storage certified

Actual 2024 vs Business Plan 2024 results





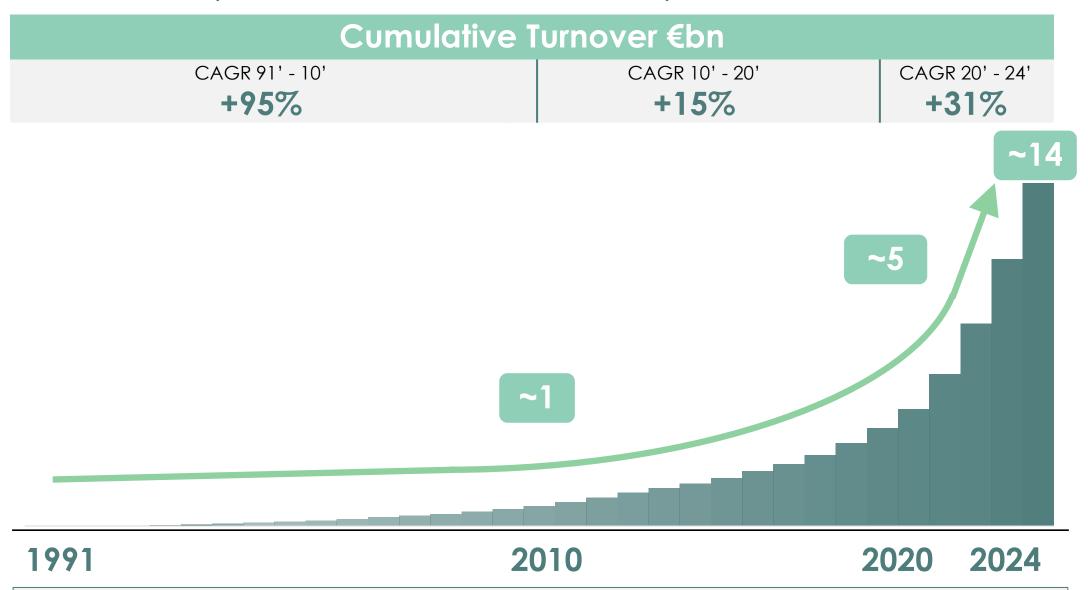


The management team showed great executions skills in achieving financial targets and driving value creation for shareholders and stakeholders.

A sound and long-term oriented business model



Sustainability of financial results over >30 years

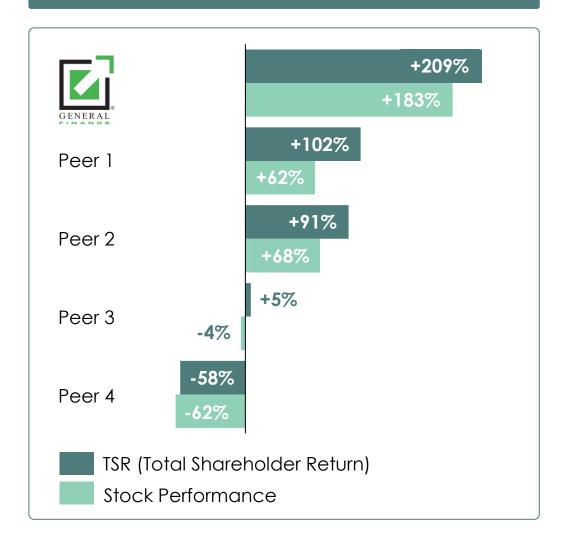


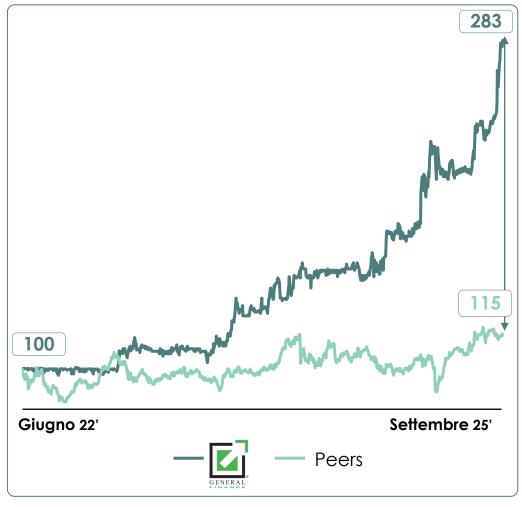
With a Eur 3 bn turnover in 2024, total factored receivables since the start of the factoring operation (1991) are approximately Eur 14bn

Value creation for shareholders well above the peers



Peers – Stock Price & TSR June 2022 – September 2025 Peers – Stock Price Performance June 2022 – September 2025





Stock price trend during the period 29.06.2022 - 30.09.2025; TSR: Total Shareholder Return Peers include Banca Sistema, BFF, Banca Ifis, Illimity Bank

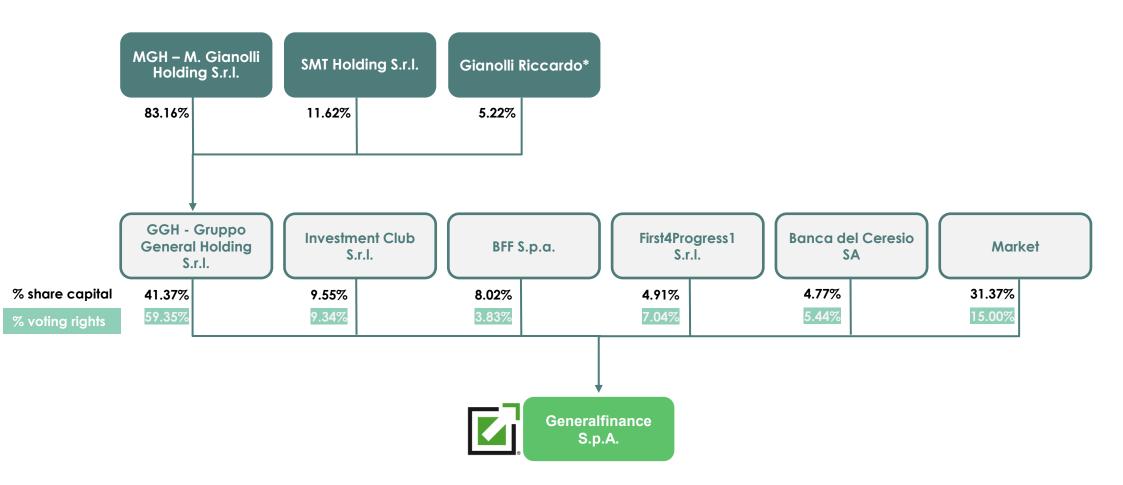
Source: Teleborsa

Peers: average of the stock performance during the period 29.06.2022 - 30.09.2025

Strong and long-term oriented shareholder base

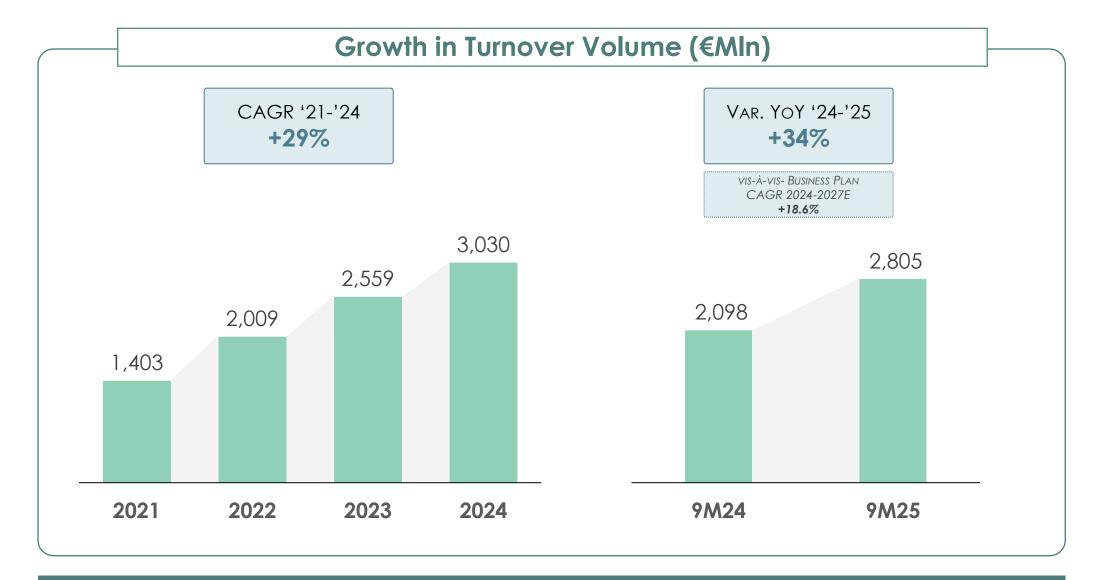


Shareholding structure



Turnover witnessing a strong growth story...



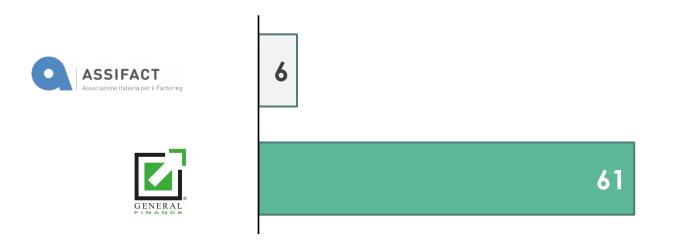


Consistent year-over-year growth of turnover vis-a-vis CAGR (18.6%) over the business plan horizon

... Associated with high diversification at portfolio level



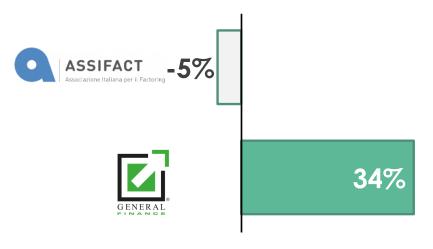
HIGHER NUMBER OF DEBTORS PER SELLER



Generalfinance reports an average of 61 debtors per seller, significantly above the industry average of 6.

This highlights a more granular and diversified operating model, allowing for better risk diversification compared to the system.

TURNOVER - % CHANGE FROM PREVIOUS YEAR



Generalfinance delivered 34% YoY turnover growth, versus a 5% contraction for the industry. The result underscores strong commercial momentum and the ability to scale volumes despite a weak market.

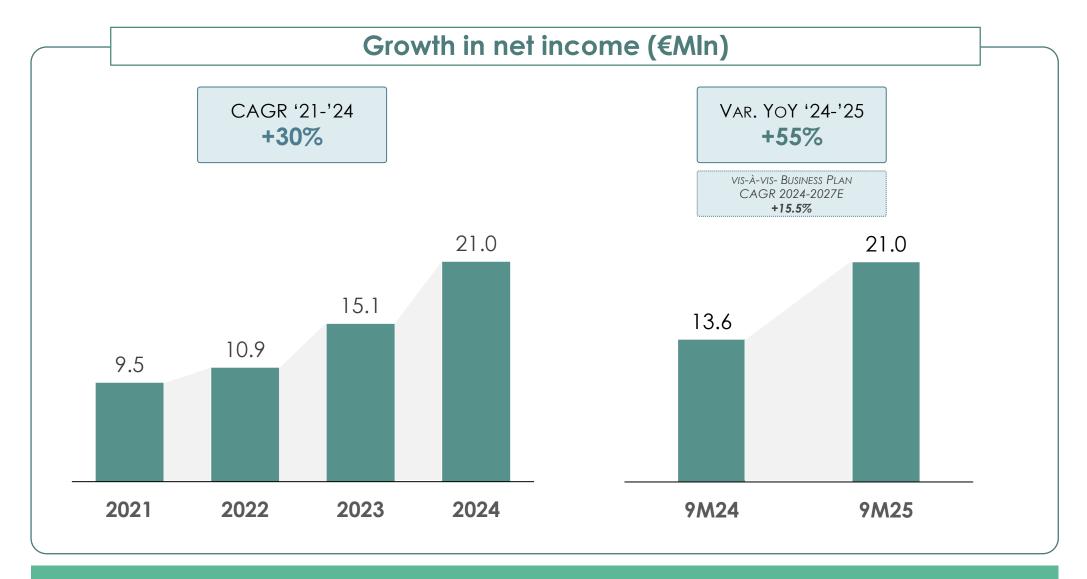
Generalfinance's Turnover data refers to September 30, 2025

Assifact's Turnover data refers to June 30, 2025. The percentage variation in turnover includes the volumes generated by tax credit purchases.

Assifact: Household debtors have not been included

Net Income: high profitability from the operations





Profitability level very strong, growth rate of net income (+55%) significantly above the CAGR (15.5%) over the business plan horizon



9M 25 Results: Balance Sheet, P&L, Funding and Capital

A low volatility P&L, based on fees and commissions (1)



Income Statement (€MIn)	2021	2022	2023	2024	CAGR '21-'24	9M24	9M25	YoY%
Interest Margin	6.2	7.3	9.0	12.4	25.7%	8.0	13.2	65.8%
Net Commission	17.7	23.6	27.2	36.4	27.2%	25.0	36.0	44.3%
Net Banking Income	23.9	30.9	36.2	48.8	26.8%	33.0	49.2	49.7%
Net value adjustments / write-backs for credit risk	(0.2)	(1.2)	(1.3)	(1.2)	75.1%	(1.3)	(3.2)	155.7%
Operating Costs	(9.8)	(13.2)	(12.9)	(16.0)	17.9%	(11.1)	(14.4)	30.2%
Net Profit	9.5	10.9	15.1	21.1	30.7%	13.6	21.0	54.5%
(€MIn)	2021A	2022	2023	2024	CAGR '21-'24	9M24	9M25	YoY%
Turnover	1,402.9	2,009.4	2,559.3	3,029.5	29.3%	2,097.6	2,805.3	33.7%
Disbursed Amount	1,118.5	1,674.0	2,161.4	2,393.6	28.9%	1,628.0	2,183.1	34.1%
LTV	79.7%	83.3%	84.5%	79.0%	(0.3%)	77.6%	77.8%	0.3%
LTV Pro-solvendo	78.6 %	81.6%	79.7%	75.9 %	(1.2%)	75.2 %	75.2 %	0.0%
Night Daviding a language (Augusta Language)	0.407	0.707	0.507	0.107	(1.00)	0.707	10.007	11.007
Net Banking Income / Average Loan (%)	9.6%	8.7%	8.5%	9.1%	(1.9%)	9.7%	10.8%	11.9%
Interest Margin / Net Banking Income (%)	26.0%	23.5%	24.8%	25.4%	(0.9%)	24.2%	26.8%	10.7%
Cost Income Ratio	40.9%	42.7%	35.7%	32.9%	(7.0%)	33.6%	29.3%	(13.0%)
ROE (%)	42.0%	23.7%	29.3%	35.8%	(5.2%)	30.7%	40.2%	30.9%
Balance Sheet (€MIn)	2021A	2022	2023	2024	CAGR '21-'24	9M24	9M25	YoY%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	33.5	43.7	21.7	122.4	54.0%	118.9	144.7	21.7%
Financial Assets	321.0	385.4	462.4	614.9	24.2%	445.4	598.7	34.4%
Other Assets	10.8	14.7	15.9	32.3	43.8%	17.5	40.7	133.5%
Total Assets	365.3	443.8	500.0	769.6	28.2%	581.8	784.1	34.8%
Financial Liabilities	314.6	368.4	409.4	635.2	26.4%	445.5	617.1	38.5%
Other Liabilities	18.7	18.6	24.2	54.3	42.7%	63.7	76.4	19.9%
Total Liabilities	333.3	387.0	433.6	689.5	27.4%	509.2	693.5	36.2%
Shareholder's Equity	32.0	56.8	66.4	80.1	35.8%	72.6	90.6	24.8%

Note: Turnover includes Future receivables

ROE = Net Profit / (Equity - Net Profit)

Cost Income Ratio: Operating Costs / Net Banking Income

A low volatility P&L, based on fees and commissions (2)



Income Statement (€MIn)	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25	3Q25/ 2Q25%	3Q25/ 3Q24%
Interest Margin	2.6	2.3	3.0	4.4	3.3	3.9	6.0	55.8%	100.6%
Net Commission	8.0	8.1	8.9	11.4	11.1	11.9	13.0	9.0%	45.3%
Net Banking Income	10.6	10.4	11.9	15.9	14.4	15.8	19.0	20.4%	59.4%
Net value adjustments / write-backs for credit risk	0.0	-1.4	0.1	0.1	-1.9	-0.1	-1.2	1846.2%	-1002.8%
Operating Costs	-3.3	-4.1	-3.6	-5.0	-4.6	-5.0	-4.7	-5.9%	30.4%
Net Profit	4.9	3.1	5.6	7.5	5.3	7.0	8.7	23.1%	54.8%
								3Q25/	3Q25/
(€MIn)	1Q24	2Q24	3Q24	4Q24	1Q25	2Q25	3Q25	2Q25%	3Q24%
Turnover	621.6	747.8	728.2	931.9	818.9	1011.7	974.8	-3.6%	33.9%
Disbursed Amount	481.7	563.3	582.9	765.6	643.9	792.7	746.4	-5.8%	28.0%
LTV	77.5%	75.3%	80.0%	82.2%	78.6%	78.4%	76.6%	-2.3%	-4.3%
Net Banking Income / Average Loan (%)	10.1%	10.3%	10.9%	12.0%	10.1%	11.0%	12.5%	13.9%	15.2%
Interest Margin / Net Banking Income (%)	24.8%	22.5%	25.2%	27.7%	23.0%	24.5%	31.6%	29.4%	25.8%
Cost Income Ratio	31.4%	39.5%	30.5%	31.3%	32.0%	31.9%	24.9%	-21.9%	-18.2%
ROE (%)	29.4%	19.4%	33.4%	41.5%	26.4%	37.5%	42.3%	12.6%	26.6%
Balance Sheet (€Mln)	3M24	6M24	9M24	12M24	3M25	6M25	9M25	9M25/ 6M25%	9M25/ 9M24%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	106.3	83.5	118.9	122.4	113.5	95.3	144.7	51.8%	21.7%
Financial Assets	372.3	432.7	445.4	614.9	533.4	616.8	598.7	-2.9%	34.4%
Other Assets	16.5	16.3	17.5	32.4	32.6	30.4	40.7	34.0%	132.7%
Total Assets	495.1	532.5	581.8	769.7	679.4	742.6	784.1	5.6%	34.8%
Financial Liabilities	393.4	410.6	445.5	635.2	540.9	597.4	617.1	3.3%	38.5%
Other Liabilities	30.4	54.9	63.7	54.4	53.1	63.1	76.4	21.1%	19.9%
Shareholder's Equity	71.3	67.2	72.6	80.1	85.4	82.0	90.6	10.5%	24.8%
Total Liabilities	495.1	532.5	581.8	769.7	679.4	742.6	784.1	5.6%	34.8%

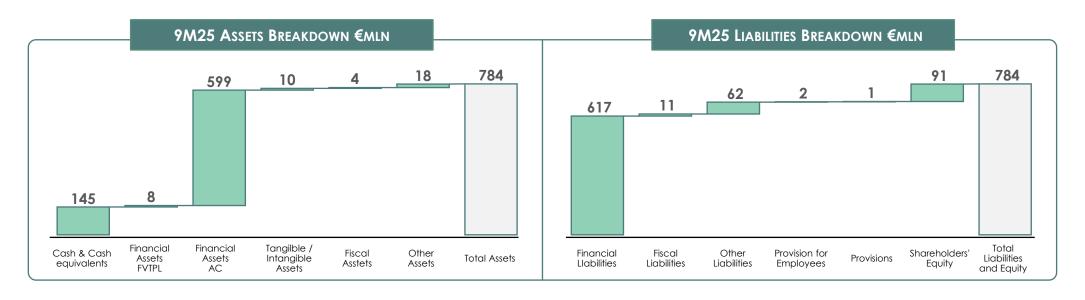
Note: Turnover includes Future receivables

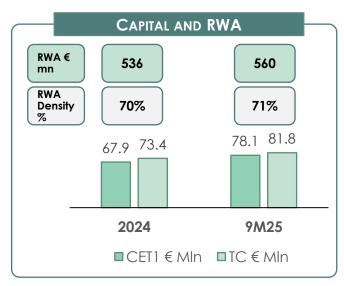
ROE = Net Profit / (Equity - Net Profit)

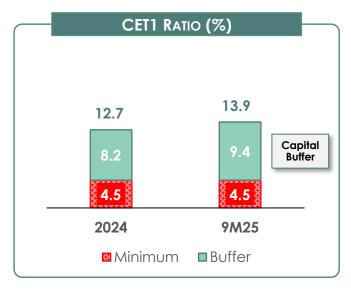
Cost Income Ratio: Operating Costs / Net Banking Income

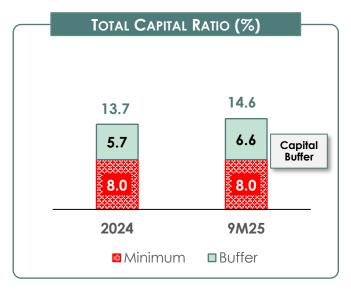
A very simple balance sheet with a strong capital position...











RWA Density: RWA / Total Asset

Note: CET1 Ratio and Total Capital Ratio calculated taking into account net profit of the 9M25, net of total dividends to be distributed (payout 50% of net profit)

Callable Tier 2 subordinated notes issuance



Issuer: Generalfinance S.p.A.

Security: Subordinated, Tier 2

Size: EUR 30,000,000

Settlement Date: 29 October 2025

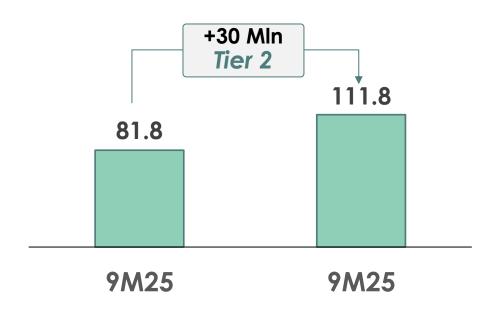
Maturity Date: 29 January 2036

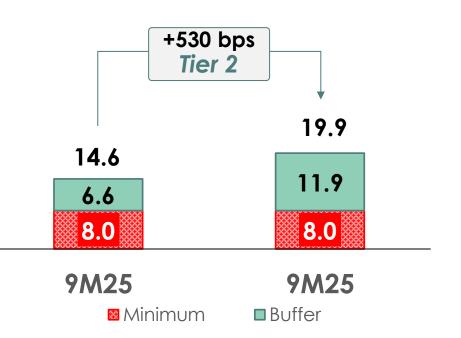
Coupon / Interest: 6.875%, Fixed

Call date / Reset Date: 29 January 2031

Listing: Euronext Dublin Global Exchange Market

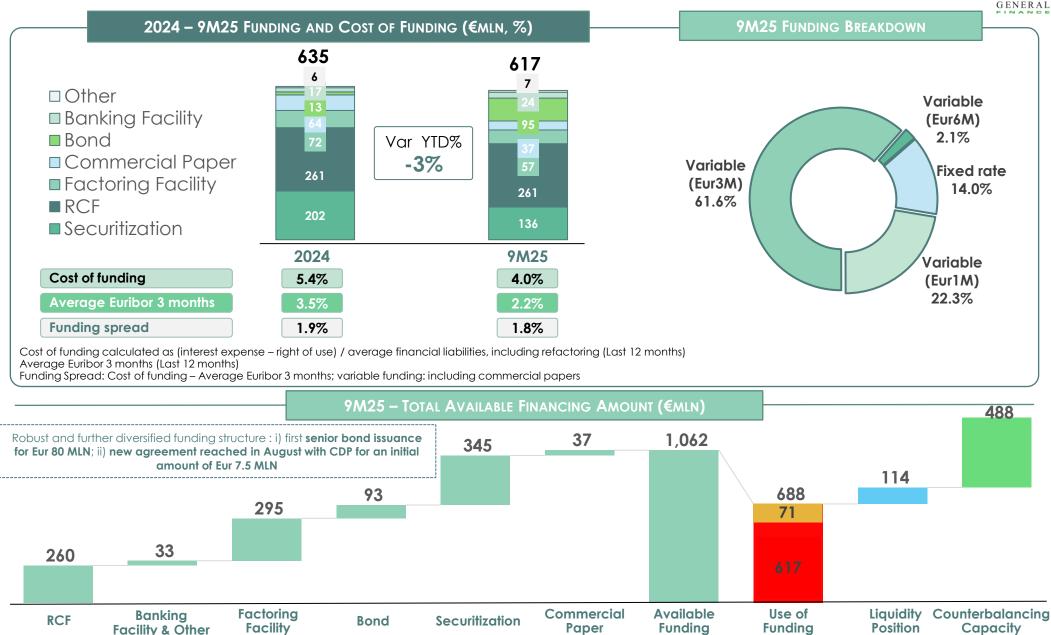
Effects of the Tier 2 bond issuance





...coupled with a robust funding and liquidity position

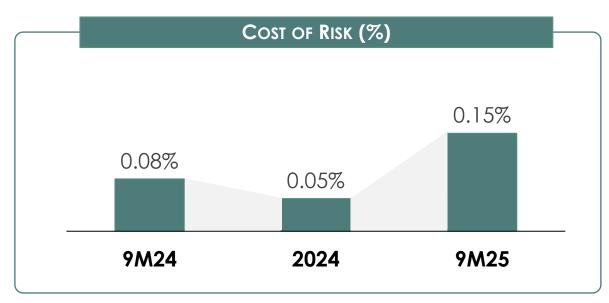


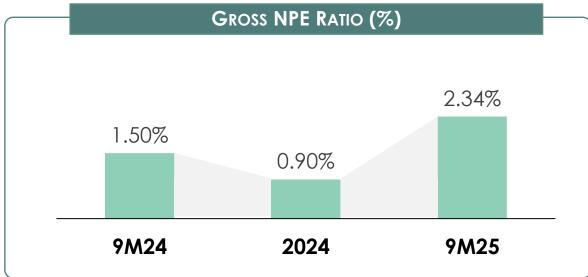


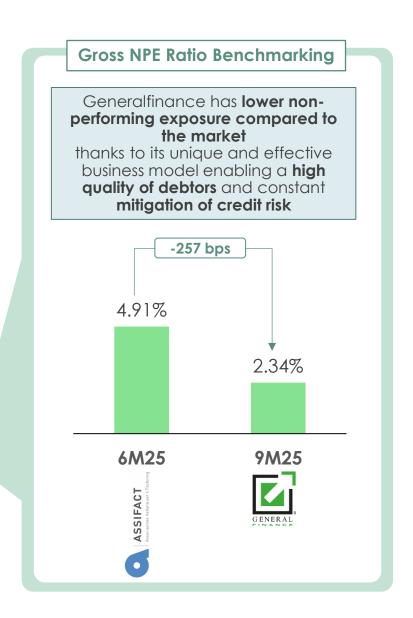
Liquidity Position: excluding pledge accounts amounting to 30.7 €MIn
Use of Funding: sum of financial liabilities (red) and off-balance refactoring non-recourse transactions (orange)
Securitization: included only for an amount equal to the credit lines approved by banks
Banking Facility & Other: "Banking Facility" amounting to 25.1 €MIn and "Other" amounting to 7.5 €MIn

A low risk model with best in class asset quality



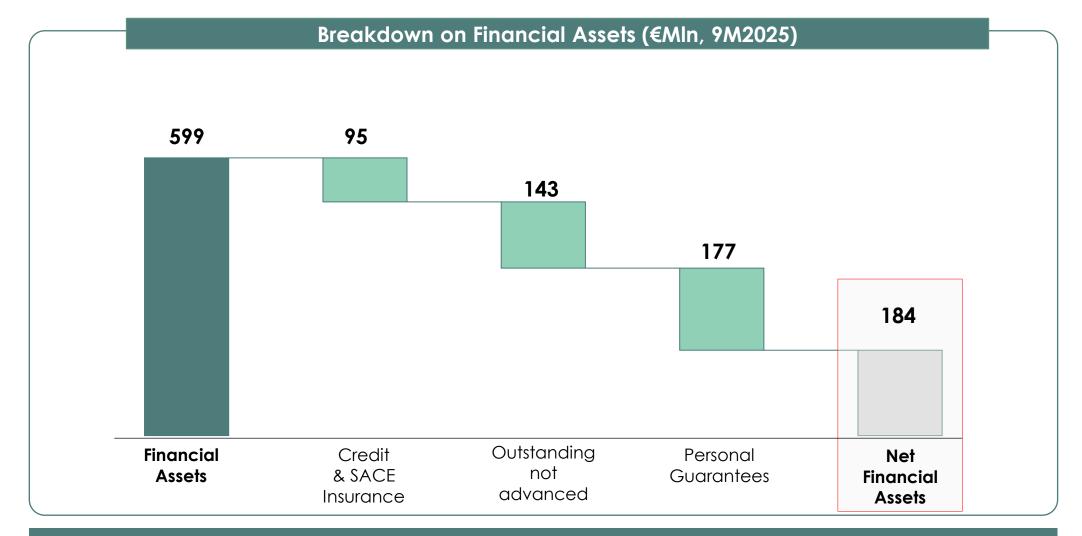






High protection of risk due to conservative credit stance





The **Net Financial Assets** borne by Generalfinance on total financial assets as at September 30, 2025 was €184 Mln.

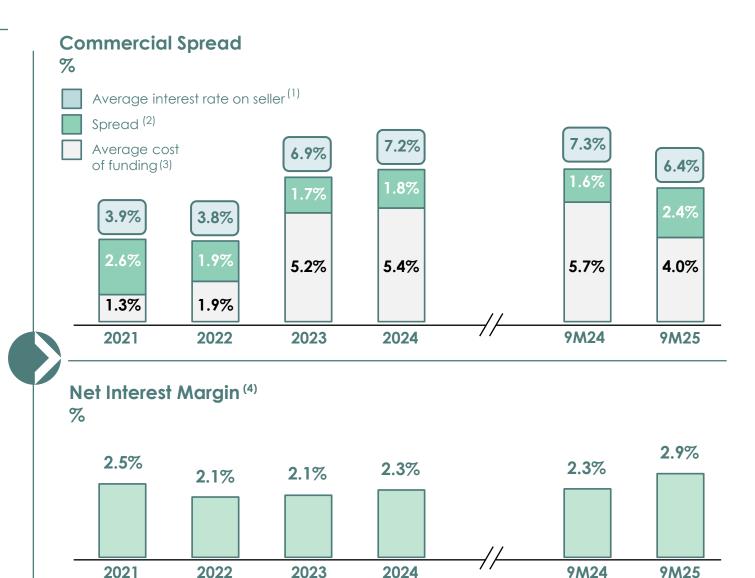
NII «hedged» against interest rates volatility



Net Interest Income (NII) ~27% of the Net Banking Income.

Almost all funding available at variable rates (Euribor 1M, 3M and 6M).

All factoring contracts with Sellers at variable rates (based on Euribor 3M).



^{(1) (}Interest income + delayed payment Interest)/ average loans including refactoring (Last 12 months)

²⁾ Spread: average interest rate on seller – average cost of funding

³⁾ Calculated as (interest expense, net of right of use costs) / average financial liabilities, including refactoring (Last 12 months)

⁴⁾ Calculated as Net Interest income/ average loans (current and previous year)

Net commission income, the primary source of profitability



Net Commission Income ~73% of the Net Banking Income.

Commission Income Turnover improving YoY

Stable commission expense rate over time thanks to optimization of insurance costs and banking fees

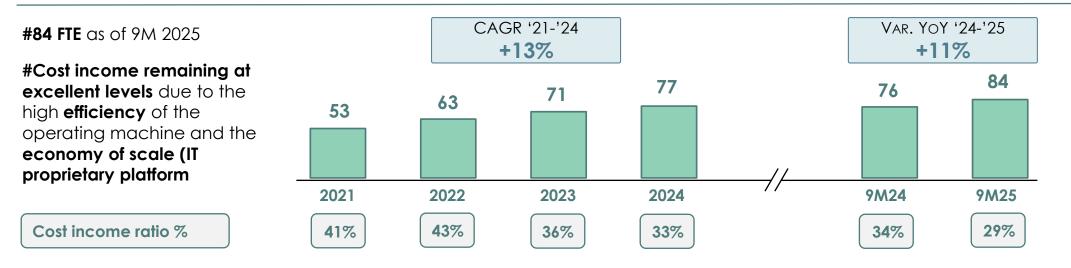




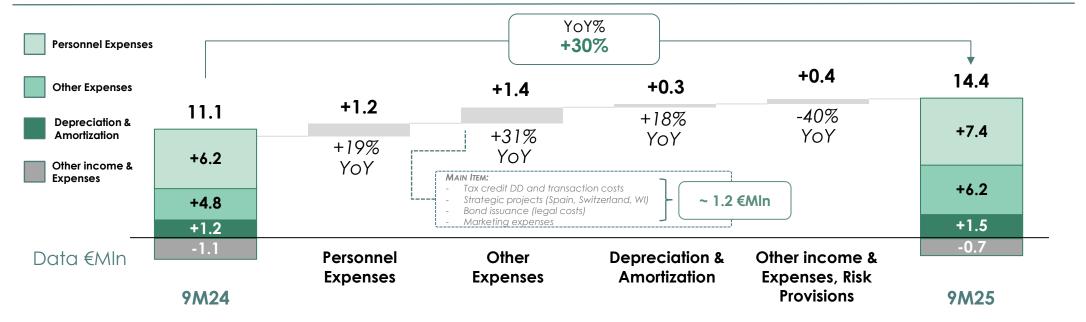
Human capital as a strategic factor to drive growth



Workforce growth



Operating Costs

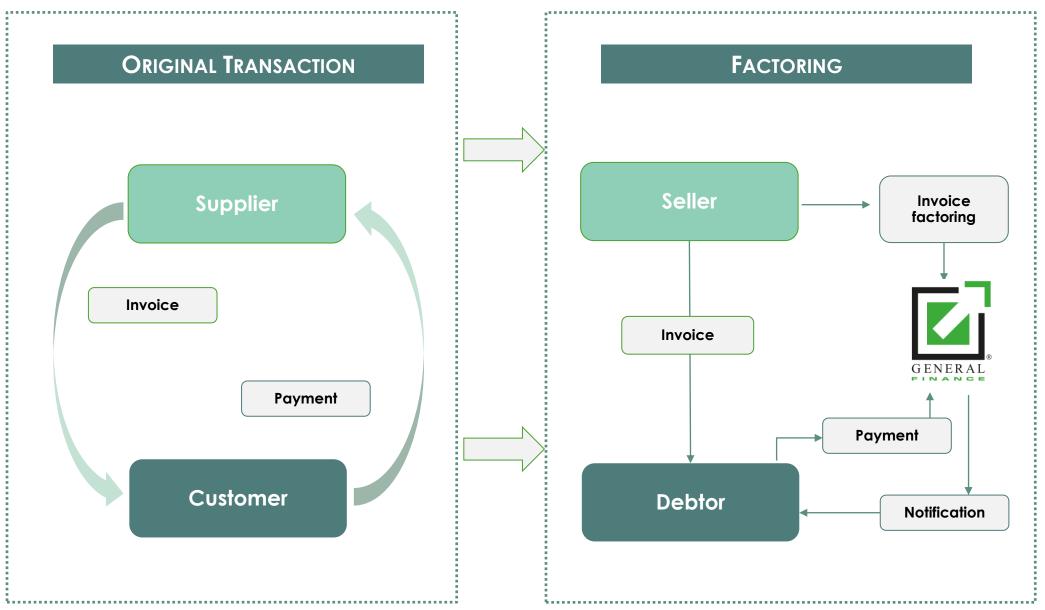




Digital, Low Risk Player

What is Factoring? (1/2)





What is Factoring? (2/2)

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Credit management (debtor management and payment collection) is the core business of a factoring company and allows the creditor to outsource activities that are usually carried out in-house, thus achieving:

- Greater effectiveness (credit management is the core business of a Factor)
- Greater efficiency (a Factor can leverage on economies of scale)

CREDIT

MANAGEMENT

In the **credit insurance** service, the Factor analyses the **specific features of the assigned receivables** and can issue a solvency guarantee

3



FINANCING

CREDIT

INSURANCE

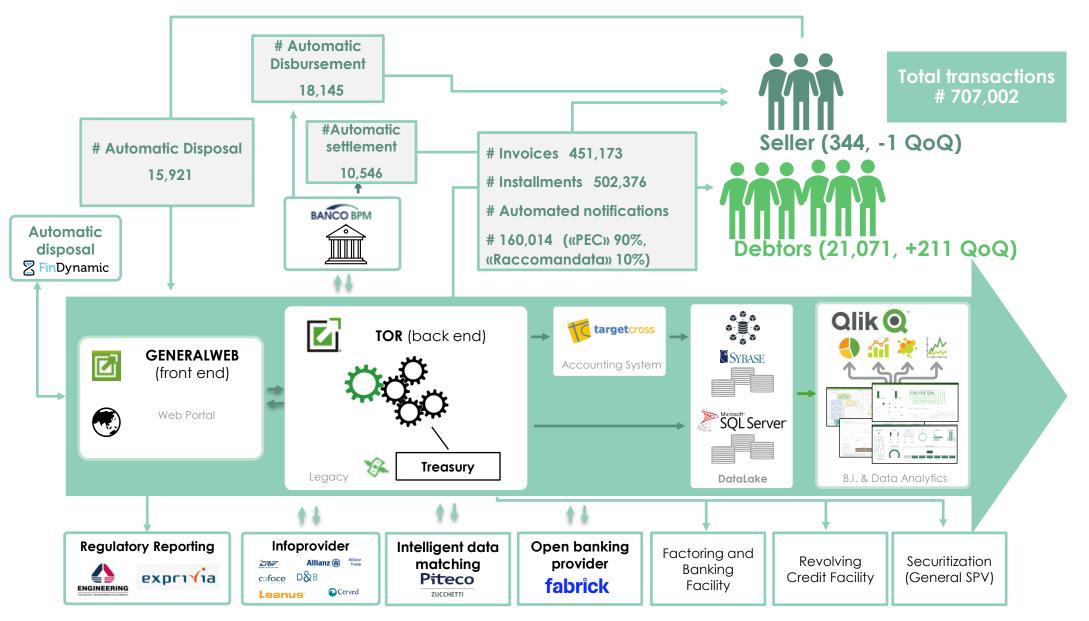
FURTHER KEY TAKEAWAYS ON FACTORING

- □ Factoring is a flexible tool for the management of working capital, offering a wide range of services to release, manage and successfully deliver trade receivables;
- ☐ The legal instrument underpinning factoring is the assignment of receivables in accordance with Law no. 52 of 21 February 1991 (Law on the assignment of receivables).

Source: Management

A strategic asset: our proprietary digital platform



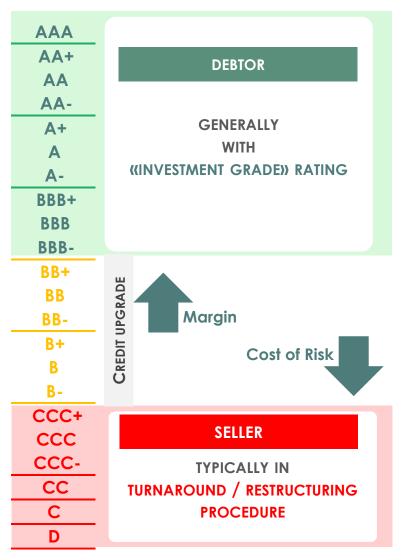


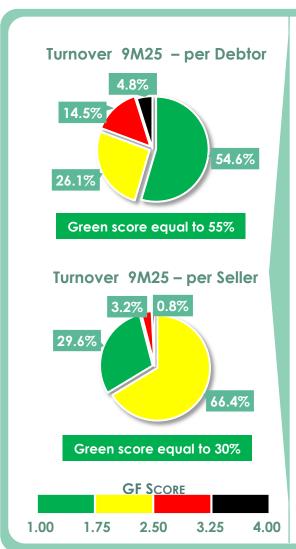
Data LTM, as of September 2025

A unique business model, leveraging factoring features



The peculiarity of Generalfinance's business model is the choice of Seller-Debtor, where clients (Sellers) typically have a low credit rating ("Special situation") while the **Debtors** underlying customer loans refer to a high credit rating (normally investment grade)





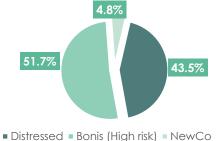


PRODUCTS

- ✓ Pro-solvendo factoring (c. **75%** of turnover: vs 17% Assifact¹)
- ✓ Pro-soluto factoring (c. 25% of turnover; vs 83% Assifact 1)
- ✓ Reverse factoring
- ✓ C. 73% of turnover covered by insurance with Allianz Trade
- √ 75% LTV Pro solvendo in 9M 2025. adjustable according to credit risk

CUSTOMERS (special situations)

- √ High ratio Debtor/Seller (~61 vs 6 of Assifact average²)
- ✓ Average Seller retention about 6.6 years



¹⁾ Generalfinance data refers to September 30, 2025 (LTM); Assifact data refers to June 30, 2025;

²⁾ Assifact data net of household debtors; 3) NewCo: New Company after the definition of the turnaraund plan

Value proposition, distinctive features and value chain



1

Value proposition

Generalfinance offers its customers (mostly companies under financial stress) rapid and customized interventions for the financing of the working capital and trade receivables, covering the entire supply chain finance

Factoring Pro-Solvendo

> Factoring Pro-Soluto



"Revolving" relationship (LIR¹ at 24 months) in a predominantly "notification" mode and, where applicable, "acceptance" of the debt

Distinctive skills

- o Consolidated expertise throughout the entire process
- End-to-end in-house valuation process, tailored to customer specifications
- Strong risk reduction and diversification mechanisms
- In-house-developed proprietary factoring platform to support business specifications
- Fast operational processes and capability to provide
 bridge financing within turnaround processes

3

Generalfinance masters all the crossroads of the value chain

- All operational steps and core activities are carried out internally by Generalfinance's dedicated structures
- Generalfinance does not relies on external consultants to assess the creditworthiness of sellers and debtors but owns all the skills
- o The process is reinforced by **credit insurance policies** provided by Allianz Trade insurance company which, during the risk acquisition phase, performs an independent assessment of the assigned debtors, providing Generalfinance a feedback on the results of their assessment

Origination

Credit assessment

Credit Underwriting Completion of the sale

Ordinary management

Monitoring

Valuation Framework



Distressed Client

Scoring Components

DISTRESSED SELLER SCORING



DEBTOR SCORING/ SELLER'S PORTFOLIO



OPERATIONS'S FINAL SCORING

Key Factors for Valuation

- Industrial market position and client portfolio
- Recovery plan credibility and sustainability of the repayment plan of the previous debt position
- Standing and profile of the Seller's legal/financial advisors
- Feasibility of the financial measures and presence of legal protections
- Presence of financial support (Equity/Debt) from investors/shareholders

Output

 Distressed Seller's quantitative score (green, yellow, red)

- Debtor's score
- Seller's portfolio score

Overall valuation (Seller + Debtor)

Grant

To be evaluated

Reject

Performing Client

Scoring Components

PERFORMING SELLER SCORING



DEBTOR SCORING/ SELLER'S PORTFOLIO



OPERATIONS'S FINAL SCORING

Key Factors for Valuation

- Economic and financial analysis of the Balance Sheet/P&L/Cash Flow Statement
- Positioning in the sector
- Sustainability of the debt position (Debt-Service Coverage Ratio)
- Credibility of the management

Output

Performing Seller's quantitative score

- Debtor's score
- Seller's portfolio score

Overall valuation (Seller + Debtor)

Grant

To be evaluate

Reject

Debtor Scoring



Macro score	Indicator	Assessment details
Financial score Rating Score D&B Delinquency Score D&B Failure Score D&B		 Counterparty summary assessment considering the economic and financial aspects, the history of the company, the shareholders structure, etc.
		 Counterparty summary assessment considering the economic and financial aspects, the history of the company, the shareholders structure, etc.
	Score	 Counterparty summary assessment considering the economic and financial aspects, the history of the company, the shareholders structure, etc.
	_ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 Probability of late payments over the next 12 months
	•	 Company probability of default over the next 12 months
Paydex Payments score Payline	Paydex D&B	 Score on the counterparty's payment performance
	Payline © Cerved	 Score on the counterparty's payment performance
Credit insurability score	Grade Allianz Trade Allianz Allianz	Degree of credit insurability
	DRA coface	 Degree of credit insurability Coface – in progress
Credit insurance	Insurance Allianz (iii) Allionz	 Insurance partnership with Allianz Trade to insure up to 95% of the credit cross, starting from amounts above 75k

Risk reduction in Distressed Factoring



Given that the majority of Generalfinance's turnover is realized towards distressed Sellers, the Company can benefit from a reduction in risk, because of 3 main factors



Lower Credit Risk

- Effects of insolvency proceedings on financial position (ex. credit write-offs)
- o Recovery and relaunch plan
- o Possible change in the Governance
- Possible capital injection or new financing
- Predeductibility (i.e., superpriority)
 of receivables arising from loans
 disbursed in execution of the plan
 and loans disbursed prior to the
 submission of the composition
 with creditors plan, respectively, if
 the conditions provided by the
 regulations are met



Lower Operating Risk

- Court approval (arrangement with creditors, restructuring agreement)
- Supervision by the court commissioner (arrangement with creditors)
- Presence of high standing Financial Advisors and Legal Counsels
- Management change

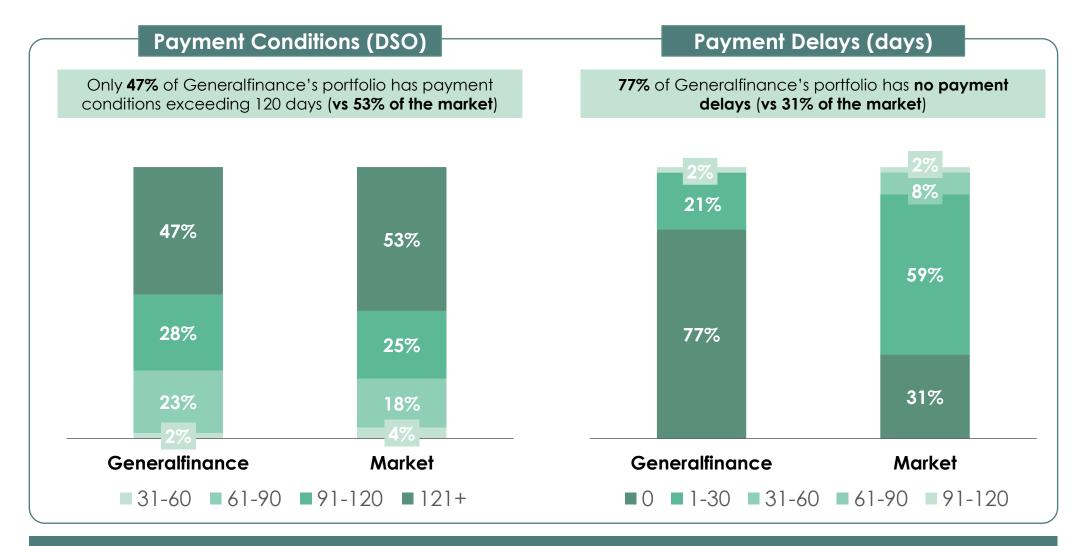


Lower Risk of Clawback Action

- Financial assistance for the implementation of the agreement / plan / arrangement with creditors with exemptions from clawback actions
- Authorization for bridge financing (in these cases, the risk of clawback actions is excluded on a de facto basis)
- Factoring law and related protections (clawback actions regarding collections from assigned debtors)

Collection performance: a strategic delivery to our Customers

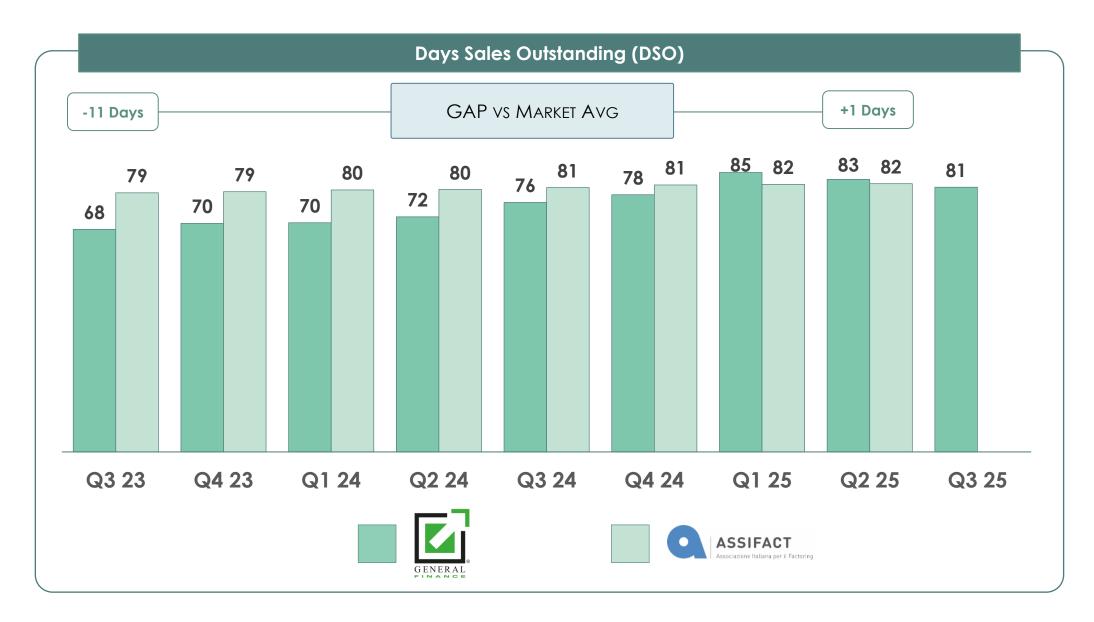




Generalfinance boasts a portfolio quality, both in terms of Payment Conditions and Payment Delays, better than the rest of the market

DSO: duration greater than the market







Business Plan 2025-2027: Overview and Initiatives

Value creation, a way forward



Profitability acceleration and sustainable value creation

~ €13/14 bn

Range cumulative Turnover 2025-27 >€84 mn

Cumulative Net Income 2025-27 >€42 mn

Shareholder remuneration related to the 25'-27' period (€52 mn including 24' dividends)

~ 34%

ROE 2027

~ 13%

Total Capital Ratio 2027 ~ €32 mn

Net Income 2027 ~ 31%

Cost Income 2027

The five pillars of our acceleration program

Strategic consolidation of operations in Italy in the distressed / special situations factoring market 2 International growth driven by entry into the Spanish and Swiss market

Rollout of an
internal project
dedicated to
small retail
clients

Diversification of funding resources with the renewed credit lines to support growth

Enhancing and
expanding
agreements
(banks, institutions,
funds) to foster
growth and
strengthen the
origination model

Social impact of core business and strong governance to support growth

Sustainability & Human Capital to create long-term value



Achievements

50%

Smart-working days granted monthly 100%

Employees
receiving periodic
evaluations
with variable
incentive plan

25h

Average training hours per capita in 2024

2

Only 2 claims from customers in 2024 ~600k€

Support for local associations (2022-2024)

~50k

Estimated labour force of Company customers, contributed to be preserved (2023 data)

Commitment to Sustainable Development and Long-Term Value Creation

Main Achievements



- Publication of the first two Sustainability Reports
- Development of the Materiality Matrix according to GRI Universal Standards



Commitment 2025-27

- Publish an annual ESG Report aligned with GRI and EU CSRD regulations
- Enhance ESG risk assessment tools to integrate sustainability into corporate decision-making
- Renewal of ESG Action Plan



- **Diversity & Inclusion by gender 2024 data** (Male: 55% vs Female: 45%)
- Ongoing support for local associations through charity and sponsorships
- Ongoing Training Programs



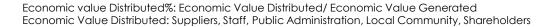
- Promote gender equality by strengthening inclusive hiring policies
- Strengthen social impact initiatives by increasing investments in local communities



- Smart working settled at 50%
- Annual assessment of the Board of Directors through external advisors
- Implementation of the Welfare Plan through a dedicated platform



- Integrate ESG Goals in incentive plans
- Assess the ESG profile of Generalfinance's Sellers by mapping at least 80% of the Portfolio by the end of 2025



Leader in the Italian special situation market

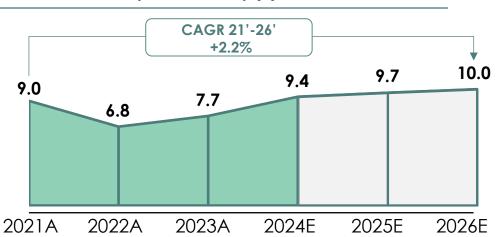


In the overall fast-growing factoring market (turnover in Italy is expected to grow from €289bn in 2024 to €300bn in 2025) Generalfinance focuses on **special situations** (companies classified into the UTP, forborne and past due categories by banks) with a portfolio of performing debtors

Evolution of Turnover in Italy (€bn)



Trend in insolvency cases in Italy (k)(1)



Potential turnover of factoring to distressed enterprises (€bn, 2022-2024E)(2)



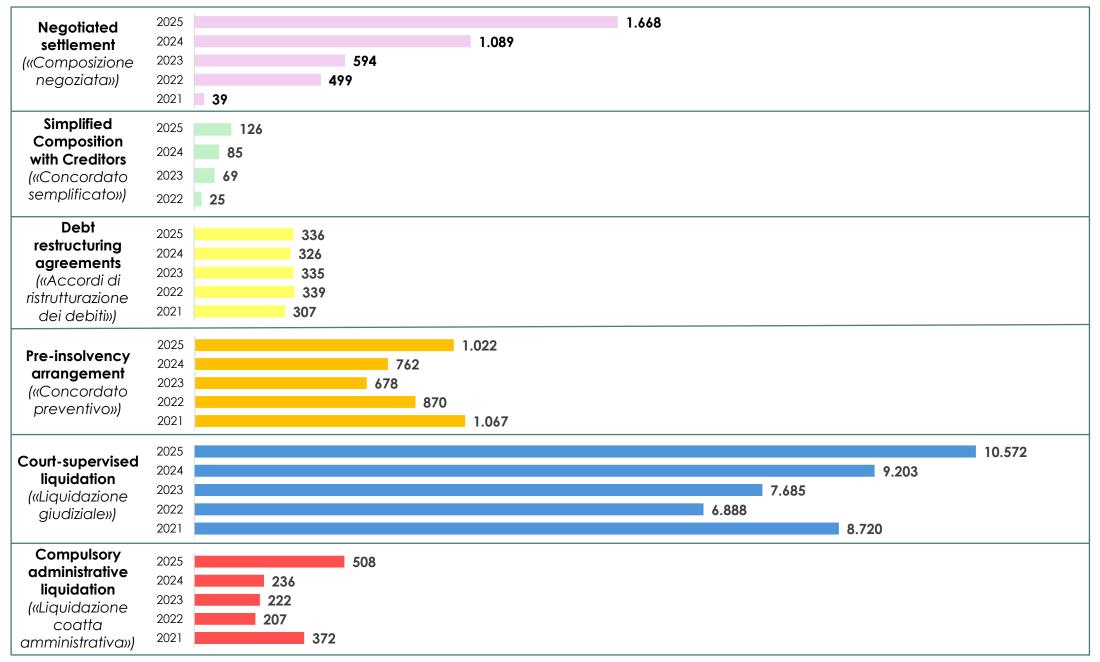
2025E: Forecast data - "Forefact n.1 2025"

⁽¹⁾ Range of values estimated in the report of Allianz « Global Insolvency Outlook »

⁽²⁾ Range of values estimated in the Deloitte report (III) Factoring come strumento per il rilancio delle imprese in crisi» Nov. 2023, mkt. share based on distressed segment

Trend in bankruptcy procedures supporting our business

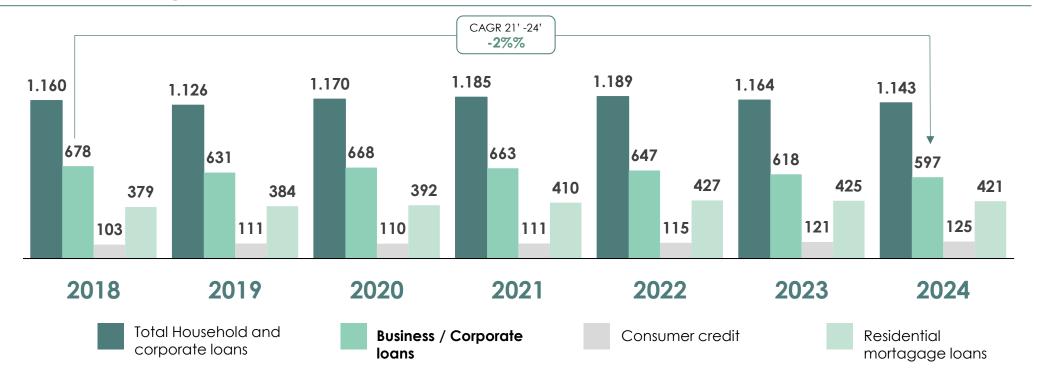




The impact of the credit crunch on Italian companies



Historical Lending Volumes – Italy (€bn)



Corporate Debt Trends
Italian companies
reduced debt sharply,
reaching ~30% of GDP,
the lowest since 2005,
after the post-COVID
loan surge

Loan Dynamics

In 2024, business loans fell by 3.4% (the largest drop in the Eurozone), but are forecasted to grow again by 2.4% in 2025 and 2.7% in 2026

Credit and Risk Outlook

With monetary easing, credit to businesses should recover; however, early signs of deterioration require increased attention to credit quality

Strategic Sector Priorities

The sector will leverage improved fundamentals to drive growth, focusing on technology, innovation, sustainability, and rebalancing corporate strategies

Competitive Positioning



Generalist



Industrials







Financials

Indipendent





































(A) illimity











Generalfinance is an independent player focusing on distressed debt financing

Insolvency trend confirms actractiveness of foreign market



Cumulative change over 2023 and 2024	Strongly increasing (+30% and more)		Brazil Estonia Italy Japan	Netherlands US	Ireland Poland South Korea
	Noticeably increasing (+15% to +30%)	Chile Turkey	Lithuania	Australia France Germany Luxembourg New Zeland Norway Portugal	Canada Finland Hungary UK Sweden
	Increasing (0% to +15%)	India Latvia	Colombia Czechia Slovakia	Austria Belgium Bulgaria Switzerland Romania	Denmark Morocco Spain
	Decreasing	China Russia Singapore	South Africa	Taiwan	Hong Kong
		Very low level (more than - 20%)	Low level (-20% to -5%)	High level (-5% to +20%)	Very high level (+20% and more)
		2024 expected level compared to 2019			

International growth in the Spanish market

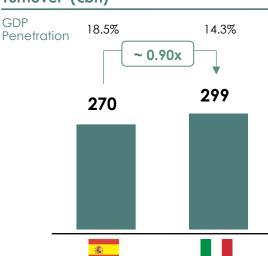
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- ✓ Spain offers a legal and regulatory framework similar to Italy, allowing greater operational flexibility as factoring is considered an atypical contract and is not subject to restrictions.
- ✓ Generalfinance plans to replicate its operational and origination model in Spain, adapting it to local specifics.
- ✓ The absence of specialized players in distressed factoring highlights a strategic opportunity for Generalfinance.
- The branch is based on a low cost model and is located in Madrid.

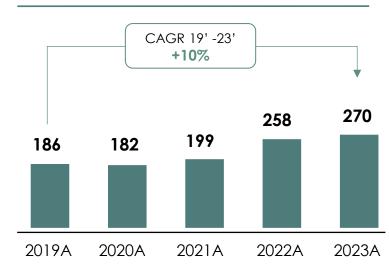


The Factoring & Confirming market in **Spain reached ~270 €bn in 2023** (~ 18.5% of GDP) with a **turnover CAGR of ~10%** between 19'-23'

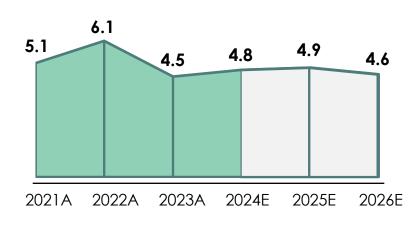
Factoring & Confirming 2023 Turnover (€bn)⁽¹⁾



Turnover development 2019 - 2023 (€bn) (1)



Trend in insolvency cases in Spain (k)(2)



⁽¹⁾ Source EuFederation

⁽²⁾ Range of values estimated in the report of Allianz « Global Insolvency Outlook »

International growth in the Swiss market

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- ✓ The post-pandemic credit crunch sees Swiss banks becoming more restrictive in their lending to SMEs and could open opportunity for factoring.
- ✓ The structure of the Swiss economy is characterized by small and mediumsized enterprises (>99% of companies); ~55% of employees work for
 companies with more than 50 employees and therefore fall into the initial
 target market of Generalfinance.
- ✓ The Swiss economy has remained stable from both real economy and financial market perspectives in recent years, yet credit deterioration and high bankruptcy risks persist.



Main KPIs⁽¹⁾

<1% GDP

Factoring volume as % of Swiss GDP

~4bn CHF

Potential factoring market for distressed / special situation companies

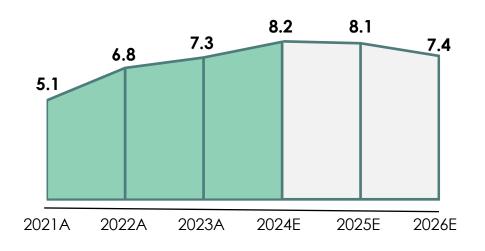
57 Days

Average Days Sales
Outstanding (DSO)

~ 620 k

Companies in Switzerland

Trend in insolvency cases in Switzerland (k)⁽²⁾



⁽¹⁾ Estimation of Alvarez & Marsal

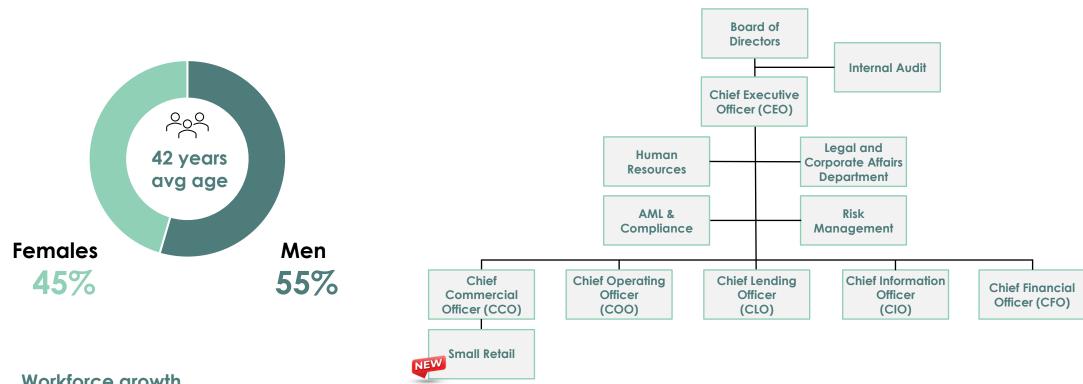
⁽²⁾ Range of values estimated in the report of Allianz « Global Insolvency Outlook »

Human capital as a strategic factor to drive the growth



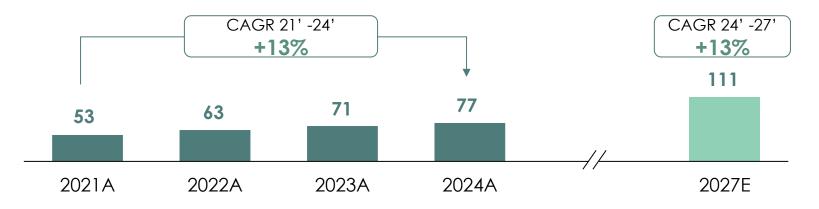
Gender distribution 24'

Target organizational model



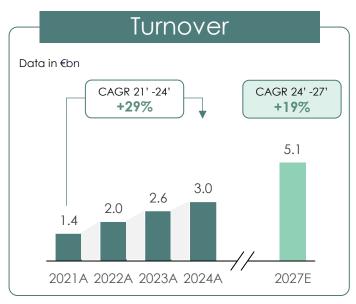
Workforce growth

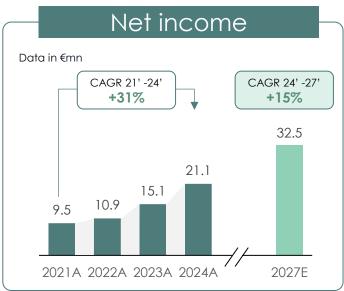
Significant workforce growth is expected, together with international expansion and the strengthening of the control, commercial, and credit functions

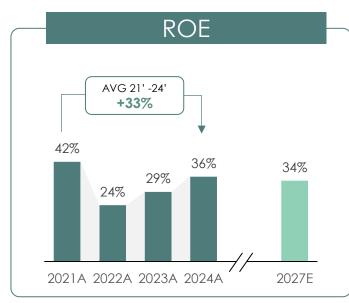


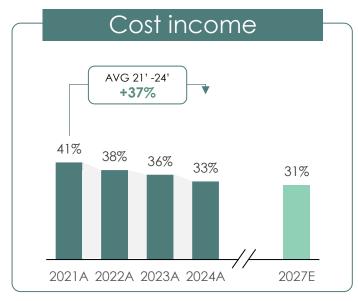
Solid and sustainable growth: the numbers driving the future

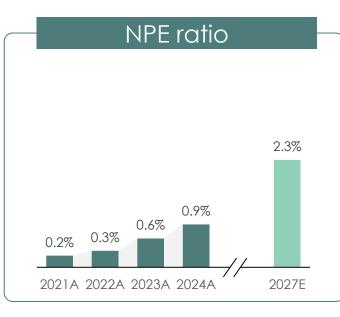














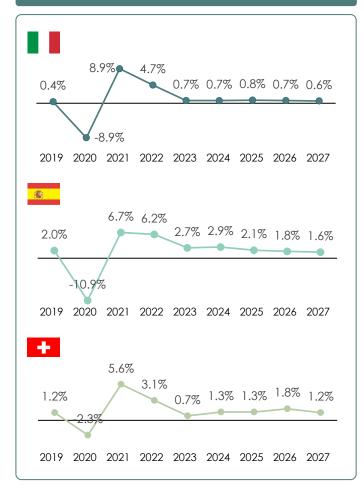


Business Plan 2025-2027: Financials

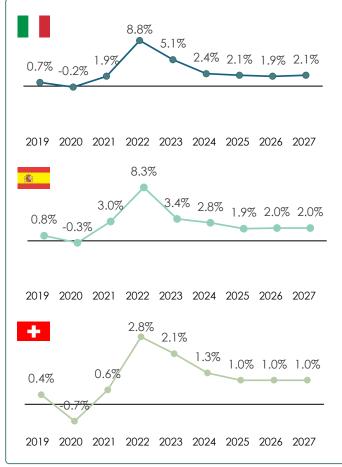
Macroeconomic scenario supportive for our business



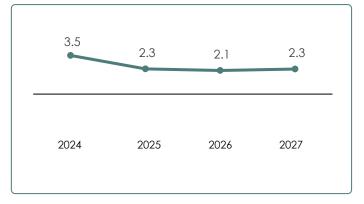
Real GDP growth (Annual percent change)



Inflation Rate (Annual percent change)



3 Months Euribor (Annual percent change)





Real GDP Growth: International Monetary Fund Inflation Rate: International Monetary Fund 3 Months Euribor: European Central Banks

NII fully «hedged» against interest rates volatility

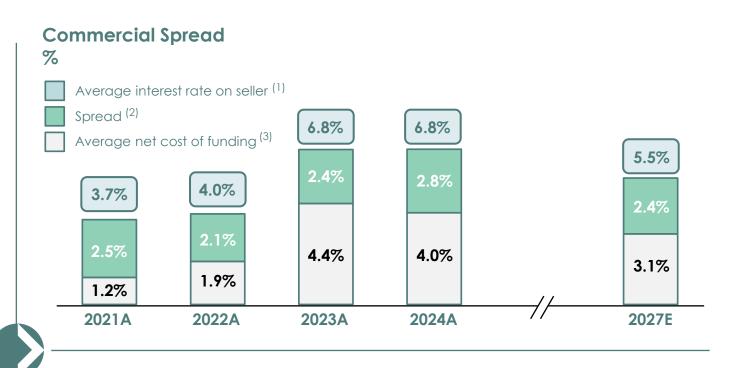


Spread will stay substantially stable over the years.

Net Interest Income (NII) ~27% of the Net Banking Income in 2027.

Almost all funding available at variable rates (Euribor 1M, 3M and 6M).

All factoring contracts at variable rates (based on Euribor 3M).







^{1) (}Interest income + delayed payment Interest + other interest)/ average loans (current and previous year)

²⁾ Spread: average interest rate on seller – average cost of funding

B) Calculated as (interest expense + interest of liquidity) / average financial liabilities (current and previous year)

⁴⁾ Calculated as Net Interest income/ average loans (current and previous year)

Net commission income, the primary source of profitability

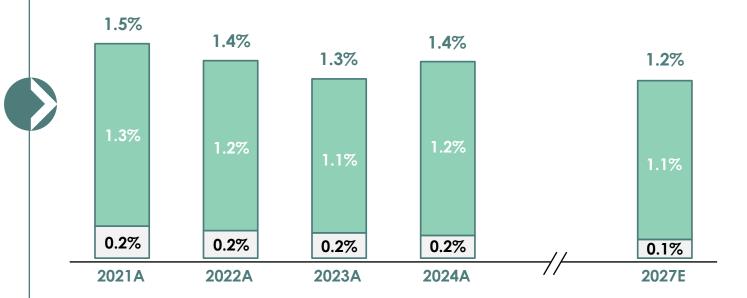


Net Commission Income ~73% of the Net Banking Income in 2027.

Commission
Income/Turnover will be almost stable in the next 3 years.

Reduction of the commission expense rate due to optimization of insurance costs and banking fees.

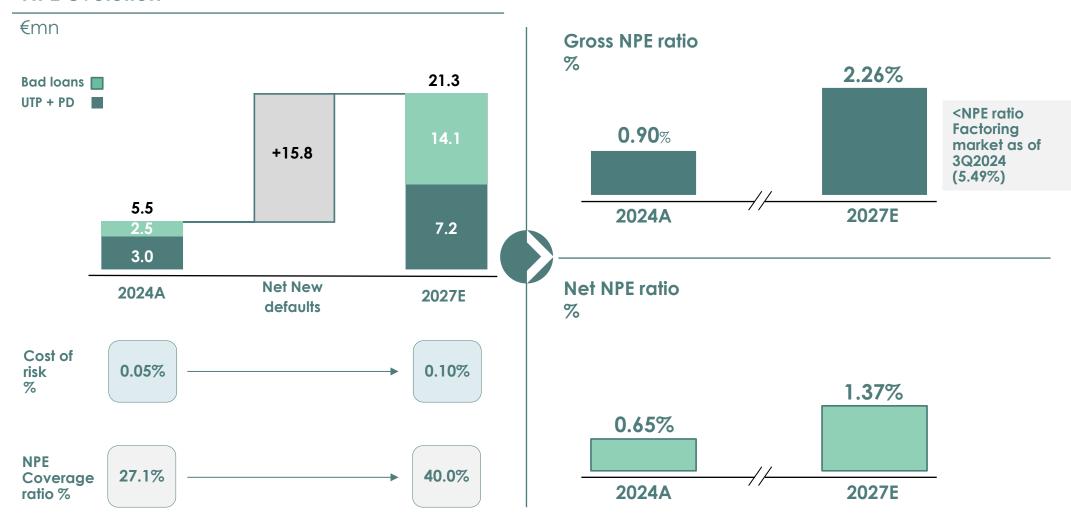




Safeguarded asset quality, sound profile confirmed

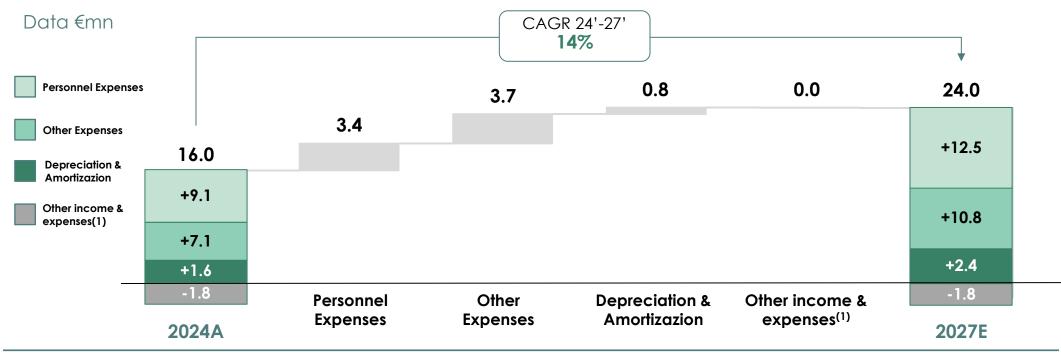


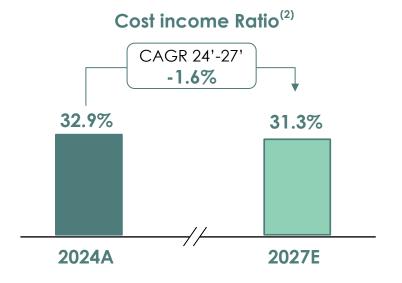
NPE evolution

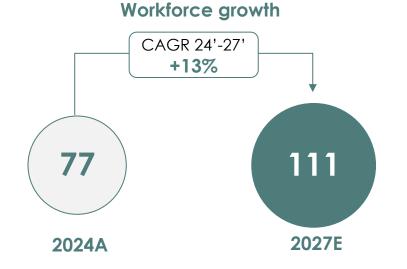


Cost / Income reflecting the efficiency of the machine









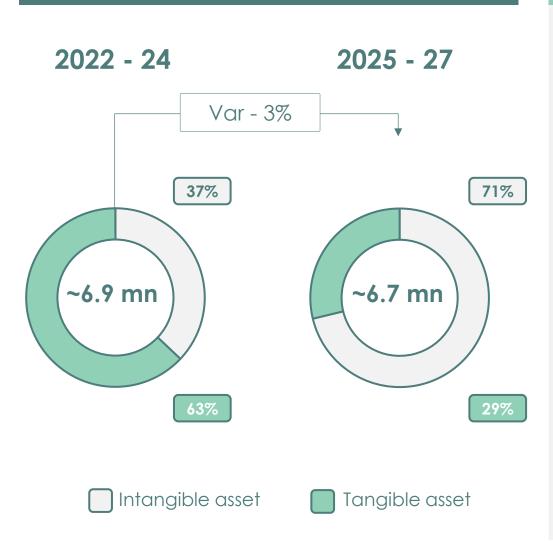
¹⁾ Other net revenues and risk charges

⁽²⁾ Operating Costs / Net Banking Income

IT investments through tech and digital innovation



Cumulative IT Investments



Key Investment Areas



Hardware renewal: upgrading infrastructure for efficiency and security



Platform evolution: developing digital projects for international expansion and business purposes















Data governance: enhancing data management and security





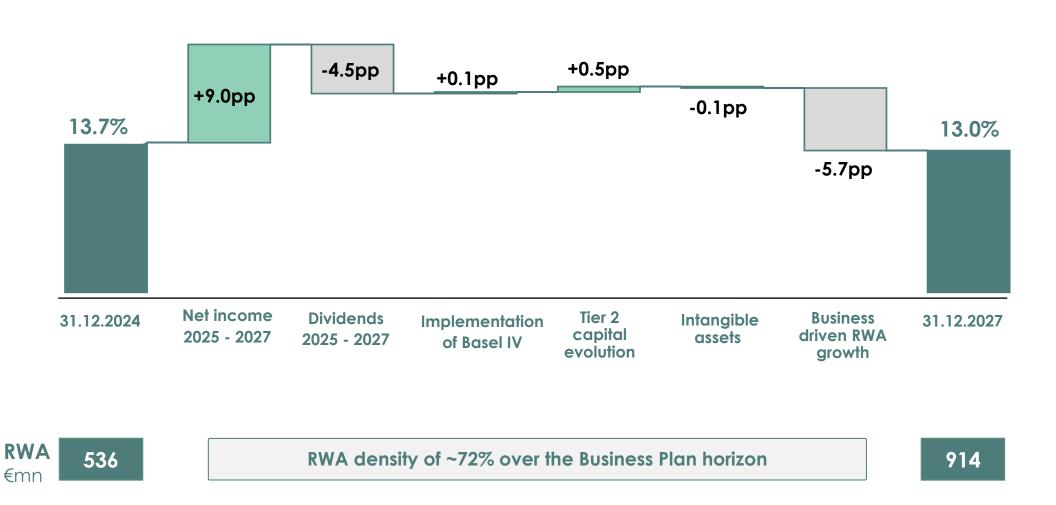
Cybersecurity: fostering cybersecurity system for built-in protection



Efficient use of capital with strong organic capital generation



Total Capital ratio evolution %



New issue of Tier 2 planned in 2027 (€10 Mn)

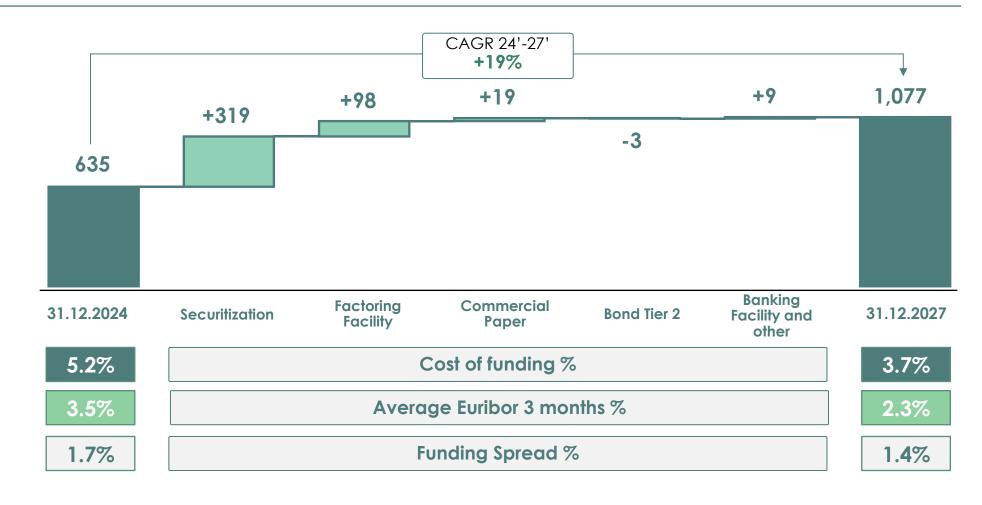
Pay out ratio: 50%

RWA density: Average 2025 - 2027 (Total RWA / Total Asset)

Optimization of funding structure and cost of funding



Financial indebtedness €mn



Business Plan targets (1/2)



Income Statement (€mn)	2024	2027	Cagr '24-'27
Interest Margin	12.4	21.0	19.4%
Net Commission	36.4	55.5	15.2%
Net Banking Income	48.8	76.5	16.1%
Net value adjustments / write-backs for credit risk	-1.2	-4.2	53.2%
Operating Costs	-16.0	-24.0	14.3%
Net Profit Service Ser	21.1	32.5	15.5%
(€mn)	2024	2027	Cagr '24-'27
Turnover	3029.5	5054.7	18.6%
- Italy	3029.5	4478.2	13.9%
- Spain	-	350.2	-
- Switzerland	-	226.3	-
Net Banking Income / Average Loan (%)	9.1%	7.7%	(5.2%)
Interest Margin / Net Banking Income (%)	25.4%	27.4%	2.6%
Cost Income Ratio	32.9%	31.3%	(1.6%)
ROE (%)	35.8%	34.1%	(1.5%)
Balance Sheet (€mn)	2024	2027	Cagr '24-'27
Cash & Cash Equivalents	122.4	161.6	9.7%
Financial Assets	614.9	1060.3	19.9%
Other Assets	32.3	36.8	4.4%
Total Assets	769.6	1258.7	17.8%
Financial Liabilities	635.2	1076.6	19.2%
Other Liabilities	54.3	54.4	0.1%
Total Liabilities	689.5	1131.0	17.9%
Shareholder's Equity	80.1	127.7	16.8%

Business Plan targets (2/2)



Capital an RWA	2024	2027	Cagr '24-'27
CET1 €mn	67,9	108,6	16,9%
Total Capital €mn	73,4	118,6	17,3%
RWA €mn	535,8	913,9	19,5%
CET1 (%)	12,7%	11,9%	(2,1%)
Total Capital (%)	13,7%	13,0%	(1,8%)
C	2224	2007	C 10.4 10.7
Credit Quality	2024	2027	Cagr '24-'27
NPE Ratio (%)	0,90%	2,26%	35,8%
Cost of Risk (bps)	0,05%	0,10%	25,7%
Cumulative CapEx	2022 - 2024	2025 - 2027	Var. %
Intangible Assets	2,5	4,8	86,6%
Tangible Assets	4,3	1,9	-55,7%
FTE	2024	2027	Cagr '24-'27
# FTE	77,0	111,0	13,0%



Annex

Income Statement



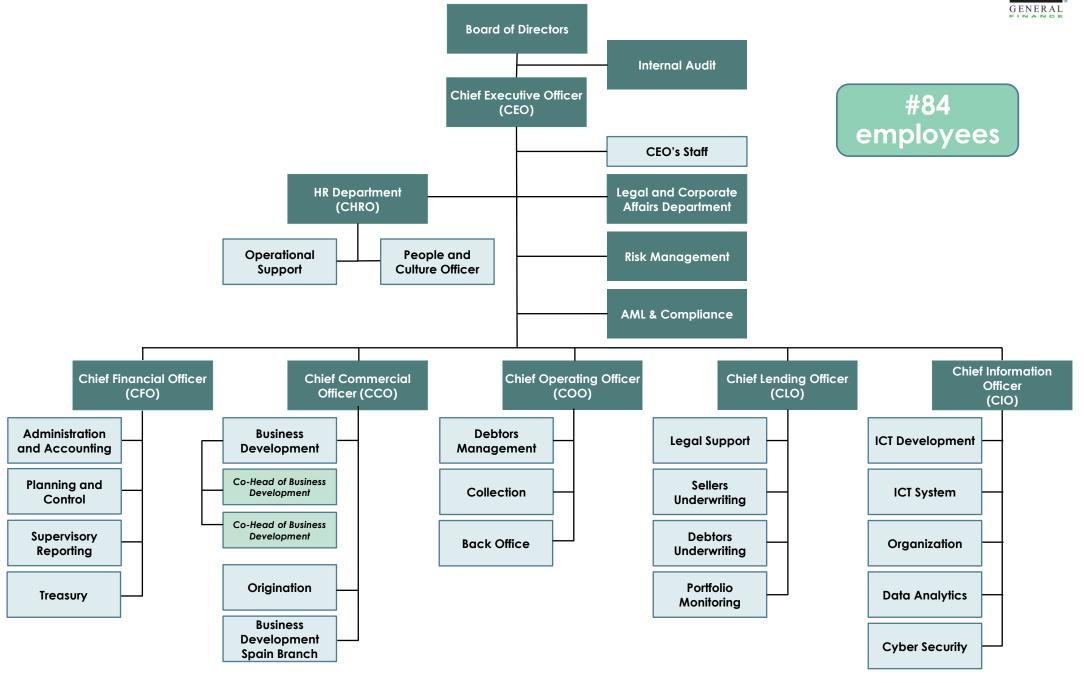
Income Statement (€MIn)	9M24	9M25	YoY%
Interest income and similar income	28.0	33.3	19%
Interest expense and similar charges	(20.0)	(20.1)	1%
INTEREST MARGIN	8.0	13.2	66%
Fee and commission income	27.8	41.1	48%
Fee and commission expense	(2.8)	(5.1)	84%
NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME	25.0	36.0	44%
Dividends and similar income	0.0	0.1	-
Net profi (loss) from trading	(0.0)	(0.0)	-
Net results of other financial a/I measured at fv	(0.1)	(0.0)	-
NET INTEREST AND OTHER BANKING INCOME	32.9	49.2	50%
Net value adjustments / write-backs for credit risk	(1.3)	(3.2)	156%
a) Financial assets measured at amortised cost	(1.3)	(3.2)	156%
NET PROFIT (LOSS) FROM FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT	31.6	46.0	45%
Administrative expenses	(11.0)	(13.7)	24%
a) Personnel expenses	(6.2)	(7.4)	19%
b) Other administrative expenses	(4.8)	(6.3)	31%
Net provision for risks and charges	0.2	(0.5)	(326%)
b) Other net provisions	0.2	(0.5)	(326%)
Net value adjustments / write-backs on pppe	(0.7)	(0.8)	17%
Net value adjustments / write-backs on int. Ass.	(0.5)	(0.6)	20%
Other operating income and expenses	0.9	1.2	32%
OPERATING COSTS	(11.1)	(14.4)	30%
Gains (Losses) from equity investments	(0.0)	(0.0)	-63%
PRE-TAX PROFIT (LOSS) FROM CURRENT OPERATIONS	20.5	31.6	54%
Income tax for the year on current operations	(6.9)	(10.6)	53%
PROFIT (LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	13.6	21.0	55%

Balance Sheet



Balance Sheet (€MIn)	2024	9M25	Var% YTD
Cash and cash equivalents	122.4	144.7	18%
Financial assets measured at fair value through p/I	8.1	8.1	(0%)
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	614.9	598.7	(3%)
Property, Plan and Equipment (PPE)	6.5	6.0	(7%)
Intangible assets	3.3	3.5	8%
Tax assets	7.3	4.5	(39%)
a) current	6.9	4.0	(42%)
b) deferred	0.4	0.5	22%
Other assets	7.2	18.6	157%
TOTAL ASSETS	769.7	784.1	2%
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	635.2	617.1	(3%)
a) payables	558.4	485.5	(13%)
b) outstanding securities	76.8	131.6	71%
Tax liabilities	10.4	10.6	2%
Other liabilities	42.3	62.9	49%
Severance pay	1.6	1.7	8%
Provision for risk and charges	0.2	1.3	531%
Share capital	4.2	4.2	0%
Share premium reserve	25.4	25.4	0%
Reserves	29.2	39.8	36%
Valuation reserves	0.1	0.1	11%
Profit (loss) for the year	21.1	21.0	(1%)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS'S EQUITY	769.7	784.1	2%

An organization oriented to risk control and business



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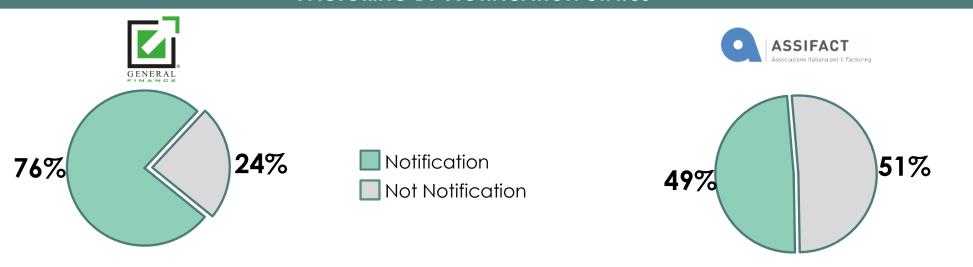
Turnover breakdown vs system average 1/3



SELLERS' DIVERSIFICATION BY DIMENSION



FACTORING BY NOTIFICATION STATUS

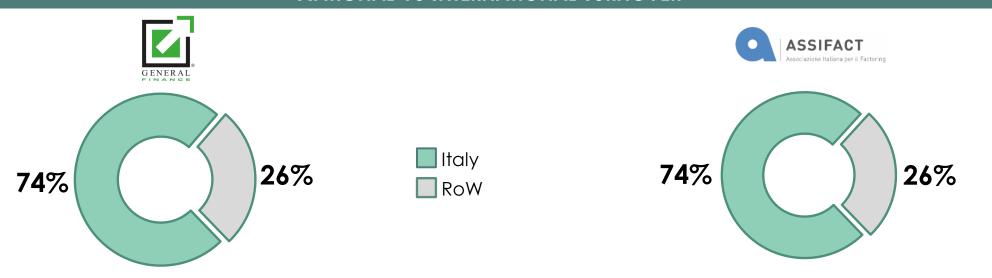


Generalfinance's Turnover data refers to September 30, 2025 Assifact's Turnover data refers to June 30, 2025

Turnover breakdown vs system average 2/3



NATIONAL VS INTERNATIONAL TURNOVER



TURNOVER BY PRODUCT

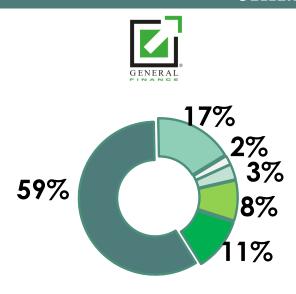


Generalfinance's Turnover data refers to September 30, 2025 Assifact's Turnover data refers to June 30, 2025

Turnover breakdown vs system average 3/3



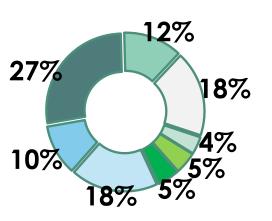
SELLERS' DIVERSIFICATION BY SECTOR GEOGRAPHY



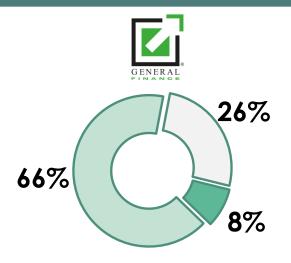


- **Trade**
- ☐ Services
- Transportation
- Construction
- Others
- 🔲 Foreign
- Not classified



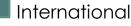


SELLERS' DIVERSIFICATION GEOGRAPHY

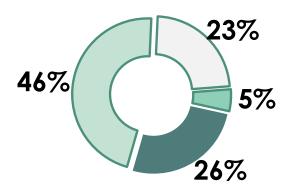










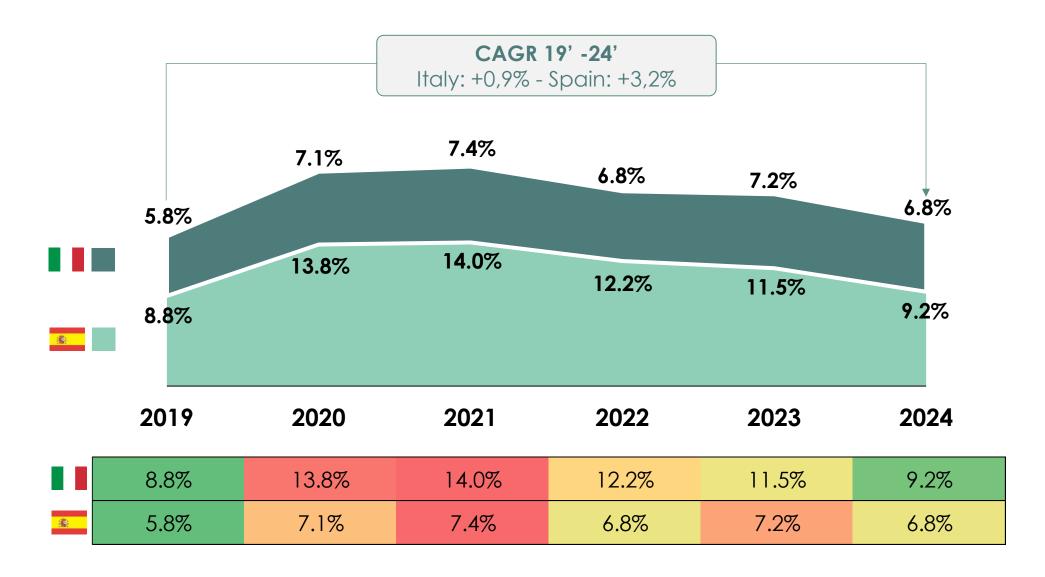


Generalfinance's Turnover data refers to September 30, 2025 Assifact's Turnover data refers to June 30, 2025

Stage 2 evolution in Italy and Spain



STAGE 2 LOAN RATIO



Stage 2 loan ratio: loans and advances at amortised cost / Sum of stage 1, 2, 3 and POCI loans and advances at amortised cost Source: EBA risk dashboard, Scope Ratings

Credit Process Overview



Phase	Client Acquisition	Assessment & pre-qualification	3 Proposal	Negotiation and underwriting	Credit decision	Credit management	Monitoring
Activities	 Acquisition of new Clients Collection of Client data to check sales, turnover, customers, suppliers, etc.) Generate Client Report 	 Customer assessment (economic and financial analysis, AML checks, Summary Report Process assessment (for distressed procedures) Debtor assessment (data collection, creditworthiness check) 	 Overall file assessment (review of Summary Report and other relevant documents) Definition of a non-binding proposal, to be shared with the Client 	 Forwarding of proposal to Client Discussion of any amendments within the decision-making scope of the Sales Office Sign-off of terms and conditions by the Client 	 Additional data collection on the Assignor Review of Assign ee assessment Credit decision on the maximum amount disbursable to Assignor and credit facilities to Debtors Signing of contract 	 Acquisition / assignment of receivables , prepayments and relevant process management Relationship management with Assignor and Assigned Debtors Collection management 	 Monitoring of factored receivables Monitoring of credit risk Management of outstanding receivables Monitoring of collections Reporting on information flows between corporate bodies
Department	- cco	- ClO	- Credit Committee	- CCO - CLO	- Credit Committee	- COO	• CLO

Top line components



SINCE 2016, GENERALFINANCE HAS ADOPTED IAS/IFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS PRO SOLVENDO FACTORING PRO SOLUTO FACTORING¹ **Factoring Commissions Factoring Commissions** Deducting from allocated amount Accounted in financial statements Other Commissions **Other Commissions** through accrued income or by cash (other commissions) **Interest Income Interest Income** Accounted cash Interests and commissions derived payment time from delay in payments Settled within the DPP (Deferred Purchase Price) framework SIMPLE AND TRANSPARENT P&L PAIRED WITH ALMOST NO VOLATILITY OF FAIR VALUE / CREDIT ADJUSTMENT

Source: Management

Note: 1) Pro soluto Factoring regarding full rights purchase IAS compliant

Revenues' generation – example



PRO SOLVENDO TRANSACTION		Formula	P&L Accounting
Invoice's nominal value	100.000	a	
Advance rate	80,00%	b	
Gross disbursed amount	80.000	c = a x b	
Maturity of disbursed amount (days)	68	е	
Contractual interest rate	5,50%	f	
Interest revenues	843,8	g = (c x f x (e+2)) / 365	Prepayment
700	70		
DSO	70	h	
Monthly commission rate	0,45%	i	
Commission revenues	1050,00	I = a x i x (h/30)	Prepayment
Total revenues	1893,8	m = g + l	Prepayment
Total Tevellocs	1070,0	m g · i	1 Topay Thom
Net disbursed amount	78.106,2	n = c - m	
Delay in payment (days)	5	o	
Delay in payment interest rate	6,00%	p	
Delay in payment commission rate	0,50%	a q	
Delay in payment interest revenues	65,8	r = (c x p x o) / 365	Cash basis
Delay in payment commission revenues	83,3	$s = a \times q \times (o/30)$	Cash basis
Dolay in payment total revenues	149,1	t = r + s	Cash basis
Delay in payment total revenues	147,1	1-1+5	Casti basis
Non-advance amount	20.000	u = a - c	
Net settlement	19.850,9	v = u - t	

Benefits of pro-solvendo lending contract



The offsetting mechanism is a specific technicality of the Factoring Agreement, which is elaborated consistently with the Assifact standard

ARTICLE 28 OF GENERALFINANCE FACTORING AGREEMENT

"The Factor will be entitled to retain sums and set off the debts (of every kind) due by the Factor to the Seller against the Receivables (of every kind) due from the Seller to the Factor, including the Receivables due from the Seller to third parties and assigned to/guaranteed by the Factor.

Should the Seller default on any of its payment obligations, the Factor will be able to treat its Receivables as liquid and payable, even if not already fallen due. Offsets by the Seller require the prior written consent of the Factor".

A PRACTICAL EXAMPLE:

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ID Borrower	Nominal Value (A)	LTV (B)	Disbursement (C) = (A x B)	Unpaid	Amount Collected (D)	Amounts not advanced to be settled (D - C)
1	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	Yes	-	_
2	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
3	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
4	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
5	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
6	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
7	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
8	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
9	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
10	100.000,00	80%	80.000,00	No	100.000,00	20.000,00
	1.000.000,00		800.000,00		900.000,00	180.000,00
			Debts of the Factor			180.000,00
			Unpaid debts			
			compensated			80.000,00
			Netting to be liquidated			100.000,00

In FY 2021, Generalfinance paid an average advance equal to **80%** of Turnover. With regard to the prosolvendo factoring, Generalfinance is entitled to set off amounts owed by the Sellers to it against amounts owed by Generalfinance to the Sellers based on specific clauses included in the factoring agreement.

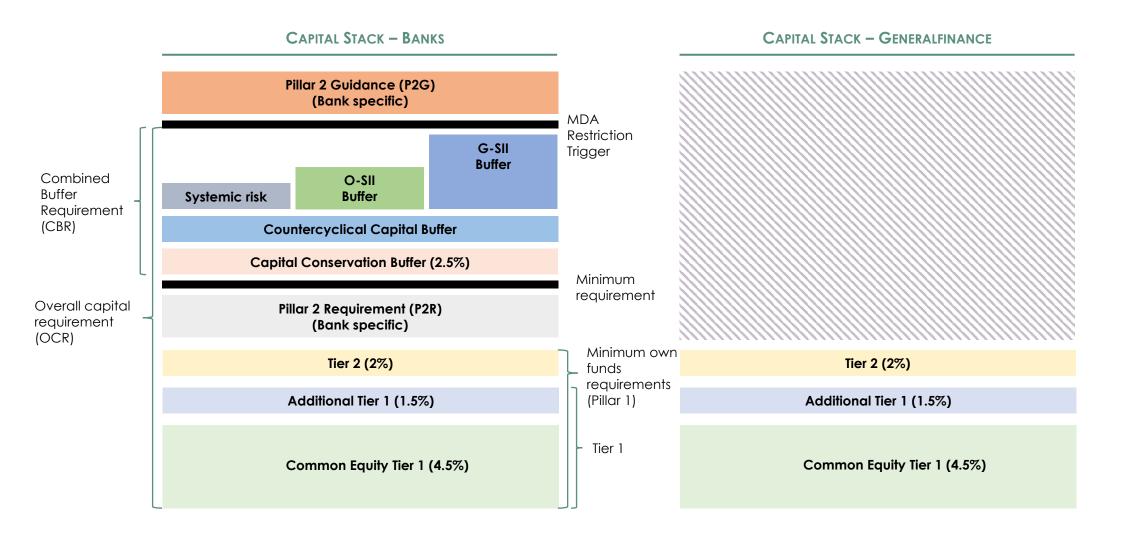
The Company has a high Debtor/Seller ratio equal to **58**, growing steadily over the last 3 financial years, against an average of the Italian factoring market - calculated excluding private assigned Debtors - equal to 10¹, which expands the possibilities of offsetting between receivables and debit items against the Sellers as part of pro-solvendo transactions.

Source: Management

Note: 1) Pro soluto Factoring regarding full rights purchase IAS compliant

Capital Stack – A capital light lending business





Generalfinance - contacts





www.generalfinance.it



https://www.linkedin.com/company/general-finance/



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