

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management, reviewed by the Audit, Nominating and Governance Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company. Management is responsible for the information and representations contained in these consolidated financial statements.

The Company maintains appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. The material accounting policies which management believes are appropriate for the Company are described in note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements and overseeing management's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit, Nominating and Governance Committee of non-management independent directors is appointed by the Board of Directors.

The Audit, Nominating and Governance Committee reviews the consolidated financial statements, adequacy of internal controls, audit process and financial reporting with management and with the external auditors. The Audit, Nominating and Governance Committee reports to the Board of Directors prior to the approval of the audited consolidated financial statements for publication.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, the Company's external auditors, who are appointed by the holders of Subordinate Voting Shares, audited the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable them to express to the shareholders their opinion on the consolidated financial statements. Their report is set out on the following pages.

[signed]

Christopher A. Govan
Chief Financial Officer
February 20, 2025

[signed]

Derek C. Mackay
Managing Director, Finance

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Shareholders of Onex Corporation

Our opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Onex Corporation and its subsidiaries (together, the Company) as at December 31, 2024 and 2023, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IFRS Accounting Standards).

What we have audited

The Company's consolidated financial statements comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheets as at December 31, 2024 and 2023;
- the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings for the years then ended;
- the consolidated statements of equity for the years then ended;
- the consolidated statements of cash flows for the years then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, comprising material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
Valuation of the non-public equity investments underlying corporate investments <i>Refer to note 1 — Basis of Preparation and Material Accounting Policies, note 5 — Corporate Investments and note 23 — Fair Value Measurements to the consolidated financial statements.</i> Corporate investments of \$12,019 million as at December 31, 2024 represent the Company's investments in its Investment Holding Companies, which are measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized through net earnings. The fair value measurement of the Investment Holding Companies utilized the adjusted net asset method to derive the fair values, by reference to the underlying fair value of the Investment Holding Companies' assets and liabilities. The measurement of the Investment Holding Companies is significantly impacted by the fair values of the underlying non-public equity investments held by the Investment Holding Companies directly or indirectly, which are included in the total private equity investments amount of \$5,718 million. The valuation of the underlying non-public equity investments requires significant judgement. For these investments, management used valuation methodologies such as discounted cash flow and the comparable company valuation multiple technique. Management used its own assumptions regarding unobservable inputs, where there is little, if any, market activity in the underlying investments or related observable inputs that can be corroborated as at the measurement date. For a discounted cash flow analysis, the assumptions included unlevered free cash flows, specifically the timing of earnings projections and the expected long-term revenue growth, the weighted average costs of capital (WACC) and the exit multiples. For the comparable company valuation multiple technique, the assumptions included adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (adjusted EBITDA) and adjusted EBITDA multiples. We considered this a key audit matter due to the significant judgments used by management when determining the fair values of the non-public equity investments and the high degree of complexity in assessing audit evidence related to the assumptions made by management. In addition, the audit effort involved the use of professionals with specialized skill and knowledge in the field of valuation.	Our approach to addressing the matter included the following procedures, among others: • Tested management's process of estimating the fair values of underlying non-public equity investments underlying corporate investments by: – testing the appropriateness of the methodologies used by management; – evaluating the reasonableness of the assumptions related to unlevered free cash flows including the timing of earnings projections and expected long-term revenue growth, and adjusted EBITDA by considering the current and past performance of the particular investment; – agreeing certain data included in the unlevered free cash flows and adjusted EBITDA used in the valuations to confirmations obtained independently from the particular investment's management teams; – evaluating the ability of management to estimate unlevered free cash flows and adjusted EBITDA by assessing management's comparison of actual results to the budgeted unlevered free cash flows and adjusted EBITDA used in the prior year's valuations; – utilizing professionals with specialized skill and knowledge in the field of valuation to assist in assessing the reasonability of the adjusted EBITDA multiples, the WACC and exit multiples; and – testing the mathematical accuracy of the valuations. • Tested the disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements, particularly with regard to the sensitivity of the WACC, exit multiples, and adjusted EBITDA multiples assumptions used.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the information, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon, included in the annual report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Plan and perform the group audit to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business units within the Company as a basis for forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and review of the audit work performed for purposes of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Alaina Tennison.

[signed]

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario

February 20, 2025

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars)</i>	As at December 31, 2024	As at December 31, 2023
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 2)	\$ 929	\$ 265
Treasury investments (note 3)	83	–
Management and advisory fees, recoverable fund expenses and other receivables (note 4)	539	683
Corporate investments (including intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers of \$5,155 (December 31, 2023 – \$3,874), comprising part of the fair value of Investment Holding Companies) (note 5)	12,019	11,521
Other assets (note 6)	150	128
Property and equipment (notes 7 and 9)	91	119
Intangible assets (notes 8 and 9)	11	34
Goodwill (notes 8 and 9)	142	149
Total assets	\$ 13,964	\$ 12,899
Intercompany loans payable to Investment Holding Companies (notes 10 and 14)	(5,155)	(3,874)
Total assets net of intercompany loans payable to Investment Holding Companies	\$ 8,809	\$ 9,025
Other liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 26	\$ 24
Accrued compensation (note 11)	89	108
Stock-based compensation payable (note 12)	209	218
Contingent consideration (note 27)	–	15
Lease liabilities (notes 13 and 14)	41	61
Other liabilities (note 9)	25	35
Total other liabilities	\$ 390	\$ 461
Net assets	\$ 8,419	\$ 8,564
Equity		
Share capital (note 16)	\$ 265	\$ 281
Retained earnings and accumulated other comprehensive earnings (loss)	8,154	8,283
Total equity	\$ 8,419	\$ 8,564

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors

[signed]

Director

[signed]

Director

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS

(in millions of U.S. dollars except per share data)

Year ended December 31

	2024	2023
Income		
Net gain on corporate investments (note 5)	\$ 385	\$ 800
Management and advisory fees (note 17)	200	252
Performance fees and carried interest from Credit (note 17)	6	13
Reimbursement of expenses from investment funds and operating businesses (note 17)	38	43
Interest and net treasury investment income (note 18)	18	14
Other income	2	4
Total income	\$ 649	\$ 1,126
Expenses		
Compensation	\$ (178)	\$ (214)
Stock-based compensation expense (note 19)	(36)	(75)
Amortization of property, equipment and intangible assets (notes 7 and 8)	(24)	(35)
Recoverable expenses from investment funds and operating businesses	(38)	(43)
Restructuring expenses, net (note 9)	(21)	(46)
Impairment of goodwill, intangible assets and property and equipment (note 9)	–	(162)
Contingent consideration recovery (note 27)	–	42
Other expenses (note 20)	(47)	(61)
Total expenses	\$ (344)	\$ (594)
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 305	\$ 532
Provision for income taxes (note 15)	(2)	(3)
Net earnings	\$ 303	\$ 529
Other comprehensive loss	(1)	–
Total comprehensive earnings	302	529
Net Earnings per Subordinate Voting Share of Onex Corporation (note 21)		
Basic	\$ 4.01	\$ 6.66
Diluted	\$ 4.00	\$ 6.65

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY

<i>(in millions of U.S. dollars except per share data)</i>	Share Capital (note 16)	Retained Earnings and Accumulated Other Comprehensive Earnings (Loss) ⁽ⁱ⁾	Total Equity
Balance – December 31, 2022	\$ 287	\$ 7,963	\$ 8,250
Dividends declared ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	–	(23)	(23)
Stock options exercised	4	–	4
Repurchase and cancellation of shares (note 16)	(10)	(186)	(196)
Net earnings	–	529	529
Balance – December 31, 2023⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 281	\$ 8,283	\$ 8,564
Dividends declared ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	–	(22)	(22)
Stock options exercised	1	–	1
Repurchase and cancellation of shares (note 16)	(17)	(409)	(426)
Net earnings	–	303	303
Currency translation adjustments included in other comprehensive loss	–	(1)	(1)
Balance – December 31, 2024⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 265	\$ 8,154	\$ 8,419

(i) Accumulated other comprehensive loss at December 31, 2024 was less than \$1 (December 31, 2023 – earnings of \$1) and consisted solely of currency translation adjustments. Income taxes did not have a significant effect on these adjustments.

(iii) Dividends declared per Subordinate Voting Share were C\$0.40 for the year ended December 31, 2024 (2023 – C\$0.40). There are no tax effects for Onex on the declaration or payment of dividends.

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in millions of U.S. dollars)

Year ended December 31

	2024	2023
Operating Activities		
Net earnings	\$ 303	\$ 529
Adjustments to net earnings:		
Provision for income taxes	2	3
Interest and net treasury investment income	(18)	(14)
Interest expense	5	2
Earnings before interest and income taxes	292	520
Income taxes paid	(1)	(2)
Net stock-based compensation paid	(60)	(22)
Investments made in and loans made to Investment Holding Companies (note 5)	(195)	(199)
Distributions and loan repayments received from Investment Holding Companies and operating companies (note 5)	347	479
Items not affecting cash and cash equivalents:		
Amortization of property, equipment and intangible assets (notes 7 and 8)	24	35
Net gain on corporate investments (note 5)	(385)	(800)
Stock-based compensation expense (note 19)	36	75
Restructuring expenses (note 9)	7	–
Impairment of goodwill, intangible assets and property and equipment (note 9)	–	162
Contingent consideration recovery (note 27)	–	(42)
Other	1	1
	66	207
Changes in working capital items:		
Management and advisory fees, recoverable fund expenses and other receivables (note 4)	144	(139)
Other assets (note 6)	(11)	(6)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other liabilities	(8)	20
Accrued compensation (note 11)	(17)	(14)
Increase (decrease) due to changes in working capital items	108	(139)
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 174	\$ 68
Financing Activities		
Issuance of loans from Investment Holding Companies	\$ 905	\$ 335
Repayment of loans to Investment Holding Companies	–	(73)
Repurchase of share capital of Onex Corporation (note 16)	(417)	(196)
Cash dividends paid	(23)	(24)
Principal elements of lease payments (note 13)	(10)	(10)
Cash interest paid (note 13)	(2)	(2)
Cash provided by financing activities	\$ 453	\$ 30
Investing Activities		
Sale of treasury investments	\$ 23	\$ 53
Cash interest received	16	10
Purchase of property and equipment (note 7)	–	(8)
Other	(1)	–
Cash provided by investing activities	\$ 38	\$ 55
Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 665	\$ 153
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in foreign exchange rates	(1)	1
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	265	111
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 929	\$ 265

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(in millions of U.S. dollars except per share data)

Onex Corporation, along with its wholly-owned subsidiaries, manages and invests capital in its private equity funds, private credit strategies and liquid strategies on behalf of shareholders, institutional investors and private clients from around the world.

Onex invests in its two private equity platforms: Onex Partners for upper-middle-market and larger transactions and ONCAP for lower-middle-market and smaller transactions. Onex also invests in private credit strategies, which primarily consist of non-investment grade debt in collateralized loan obligations, and Structured, Opportunistic, Liquid and Direct Lending strategies.

Throughout these statements, the terms “Onex” and the “Company” refer to Onex Corporation, the ultimate parent company, and its wholly-owned subsidiaries.

Onex Corporation is a Canadian corporation domiciled in Canada and listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol ONEX. Onex’ shares are traded in Canadian dollars. The registered address for Onex is 161 Bay Street, Toronto, Ontario. Mr. Gerald W. Schwartz controls Onex through his ownership of all outstanding Multiple Voting Shares of the corporation. Mr. Schwartz also indirectly held 11% of the outstanding Subordinate Voting Shares of Onex at December 31, 2024.

All amounts included in the notes to the consolidated financial statements are in millions of U.S. dollars unless otherwise noted.

The consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 20, 2025.

1. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IFRS Accounting Standards”). These consolidated financial statements were prepared on a going concern basis.

The U.S. dollar is Onex’ functional currency and the financial statements have been reported on a U.S. dollar basis.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Throughout the notes to the consolidated financial statements, **investments** and **investing activity** of Onex’ capital primarily relate to its private equity funds, private credit strategies and certain investments held outside the private equity funds and private credit strategies. These investments are held directly or indirectly through wholly-owned subsidiaries of Onex, which are referred to as **Investment Holding Companies**. While there are a number of Investment Holding Companies, these companies primarily consist of direct or indirect subsidiaries of Onex Private Equity Holdings

LLC, Onex CLO Holdings LLC or Onex Credit Holdings LLC. These three companies, which are referred to as the **Primary Investment Holding Companies**, are the holding companies for the majority of Onex’ investments, excluding intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers, as defined below. The Primary Investment Holding Companies were formed in the United States.

Asset management refers to the activity of managing capital in Onex’ private equity funds, private credit strategies and liquid strategies. This activity is conducted through wholly-owned subsidiaries of Onex, which are the managers of the Onex Partners Funds, ONCAP Funds and Credit strategies. These subsidiaries are referred to as Onex’ **Asset Managers** and are consolidated by Onex. The **Credit** platform includes a broad spectrum of private credit, liquid credit and public equity strategies that are managed by the Onex Credit team.

References to an **Onex Partners Group** represent Onex, the limited partners of the relevant Onex Partners Fund, the Onex management team and, where applicable, certain other limited partners as co-investors. References to an **ONCAP Group** represent Onex, the limited partners of the relevant ONCAP Fund, the Onex management team and, where applicable, certain other limited partners as co-investors.

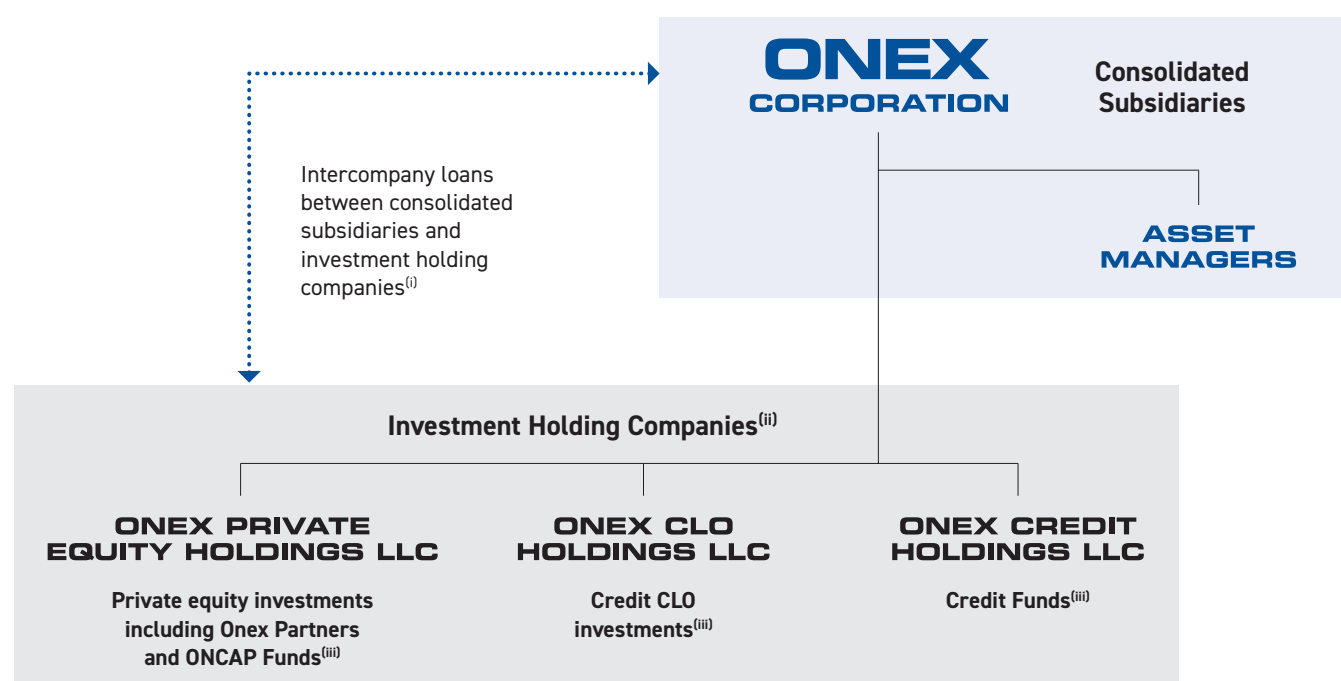
Onex meets the definition of an investment entity, as defined by IFRS 10, *Consolidated financial statements* ("IFRS 10"). As a result, Onex' investments in its subsidiaries that do not provide investment-related services are accounted for as corporate investments at fair value through net earnings (loss).

The Company has also performed an assessment to determine which of its subsidiaries are investment entities, as defined under IFRS 10. When performing this assessment, the Company considered the subsidiaries' current business purpose along with

the business purpose of the subsidiaries' direct and indirect investments. The Company has concluded that the Primary Investment Holding Companies meet the definition of an investment entity.

Throughout these consolidated financial statements, wholly-owned subsidiaries of Onex that are recognized at fair value are referred to as Investment Holding Companies. Investment Holding Companies include subsidiaries determined to be investment entities under IFRS 10, and all other subsidiaries that do not provide investment-related services and are not investment entities.

The simplified diagram below illustrates the types of subsidiaries included within Onex' corporate structure and the basis on which they are accounted.



(i) Onex Corporation and the consolidated asset management subsidiaries enter into intercompany loans that, in aggregate, have no net effect on Onex' financial position. Intercompany loans payable by Onex and the consolidated subsidiaries to the Investment Holding Companies are recognized as liabilities in the consolidated balance sheets, with the corresponding loans receivable classified as assets within corporate investments in the consolidated balance sheets.

(ii) Onex' investments in the Investment Holding Companies are recorded as corporate investments at fair value through net earnings (loss).

(iii) Onex' investments in private equity and Credit strategies are typically held directly or indirectly through wholly-owned investment holding companies, which are subsidiaries of the Primary Investment Holding Companies.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table presents the material unconsolidated subsidiaries, as well as associates and joint ventures of the Investment Holding Companies at December 31, 2024.

	Headquarters ⁽ⁱ⁾	Onex' Economic Interest	Voting Interest ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾
Onex Partners III			
BBAM Limited Partnership	United States	9%	35% ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾
Meridian Aviation Partners Limited and affiliates	Ireland	25%	100%
Onex Partners III and Onex Partners V			
Emerald X	United States	24%	92%
Onex Partners IV			
Advanced Integration Technology LP	United States	9%	37% ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾
Parkdean Resorts	United Kingdom	33%	100%
PowerSchool Group LLC	United States	8%	24% ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾
SCP Health	United States	22%	66%
WireCo WorldGroup	United States	22%	69%
Onex Partners V			
Acacium Group	United Kingdom	21%	79%
Accredited	United States	26%	98%
Analytic Partners, Inc.	United States	14%	52%
Convex Group Limited	United Kingdom	13%	96%
Fidelity Building Services Group	United States	21%	74%
Imagine Learning	United States	10%	40% ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾
Newport Healthcare	United States	23%	92%
Morson Group	United Kingdom	18%	64%
OneDigital	United States	11%	51%
Resource Environmental Solutions, LLC	United States	19%	71%
Tes Global	United Kingdom	25%	90%
Wealth Enhancement Group	United States	10%	35% ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾
WestJet Airlines Ltd.	Canada	19%	76%
Onex Partners Opportunities			
Farsound	United Kingdom	20%	58%
Fischbach KG	Germany	37%	92%

(i) Certain entities were legally formed in a different jurisdiction than where they are headquartered.

(ii) Onex controls the General Partner and Manager of the Onex Partners Funds and as such, the voting interests in each Onex Partners investment includes voting securities held by the related Onex Partners Fund Group. The voting interests include shares that Onex has the right to vote through contractual arrangements or through multiple voting rights attached to certain shares.

(iii) Onex exerts joint control or significant influence over these investments through its right to appoint members to the boards of directors of these entities.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Several amendments and interpretations of the IFRS Accounting Standards apply for the first time in 2024; however, these items do not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Company.

Foreign currency translation

The Company's functional currency is the U.S. dollar, as it is the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the year-end exchange rates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at historical exchange rates and revenues and expenses are translated at the exchange rates on the date of the transactions. Exchange gains and losses also arise on the settlement of foreign-currency denominated transactions. These exchange gains and losses are recognized in net earnings.

The functional currency of Onex Credit's Canadian operations is the Canadian dollar and as such, the assets and liabilities of Onex Credit's Canadian operations are translated into U.S. dollars using the year-end exchange rate and its revenues and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates prevailing during the relevant period of the transaction. Gains and losses arising from the translation of these financial results are deferred in the currency translation account included in equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits and money market instruments. These investments are carried at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

Treasury investments

Treasury investments include commercial paper, federal debt instruments, corporate obligations, asset-backed securities and structured products. Treasury investments are measured at fair value through net earnings (loss) in accordance with IFRS 9, *Financial instruments* ("IFRS 9").

Purchases and sales of treasury investments are recognized on the settlement date of the transactions.

Management and advisory fees, recoverable fund expenses and other receivables

Management and advisory fees receivable represent amounts owing to Onex and the Asset Managers from the Onex private equity funds, private credit strategies, Onex Credit pooled funds and certain operating companies of the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds.

Recoverable fund expenses include amounts owing to the Asset Managers from the Onex private equity funds, private credit strategies and certain operating companies of the Onex private equity funds related to certain deal investigation, research and other expenses incurred by the Asset Managers which are recoverable at cost.

The Company's receivables are recognized initially at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost. The Company recognizes a loss allowance for receivables based on the 12-month expected credit losses for receivables that have not had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. For receivables with a credit risk that has significantly increased since initial recognition, the Company records a loss allowance based on the lifetime expected credit losses. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty and default in payments are considered indicators that the credit risk associated with a receivable balance may have changed since initial recognition.

Corporate investments

Corporate investments include Onex' investments in its subsidiaries, primarily consisting of Investment Holding Companies, that meet the investment entity exception to consolidation criteria under IFRS 10. These subsidiaries primarily invest Onex' capital in the Onex Partners Funds, ONCAP Funds and certain private credit strategies. Corporate investments are measured at fair value through net earnings (loss) in accordance with IFRS 9. The fair value of corporate investments includes the fair value of both intercompany loans receivable from and payable to Onex and the Asset Managers. The Onex entities that are entitled to carried interest from the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds are investment holding companies. As such, Onex' portion of the carried interest earned from Onex' private equity funds is accounted for as a financial asset under IFRS 9 and is included in the fair value of corporate investments. The liability associated with management incentive programs, including the Management Investment Plan (the "MIP") as described in note 26(f), is also included in the fair value of corporate investments.

The Company's corporate investments, excluding intercompany loans, primarily consisted of investments made in the Primary Investment Holding Companies.

Leases

Leases are recognized as a right-of-use asset with a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use, with the exception of leases for low-value assets and leases with a term of 12 months or less, which are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense. Each lease payment is allocated between the repayment of the lease liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings over the lease period to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Right-of-use assets are included within property and equipment in the consolidated balance sheets.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and provisions for impairment, if any. Cost consists of expenditures directly attributable to the acquisition of the asset. Subsequent expenditures for maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred, while costs related to betterments and improvements that extend the useful lives of property and equipment are capitalized.

Amortization is provided for other property and equipment on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Aircraft	20 years
Leasehold improvements	up to the term of the lease
Furniture and equipment	up to 10 years

Residual values, useful lives and methods of amortization are reviewed at each fiscal year end and adjusted prospectively as required.

Property and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Judgement is required in determining whether events or changes in circumstances are indicators that a review for impairment should be conducted. An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ("CGU") exceeds the recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use or its fair value less costs to sell.

Impairment losses for property and equipment are reversed in future periods if the circumstances that led to the impairment no longer exist. The reversal is limited to restoring the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized in prior periods.

Goodwill and intangible assets

Goodwill and intangible assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of acquisition of the related subsidiary. Goodwill is initially measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the fair value of any contingent consideration, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquired company and, for a business combination achieved in stages, the fair value at the acquisition date of the Company's previously held interest in the acquired company compared to the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired. Goodwill is not amortized and is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently if conditions exist which indicate that goodwill may be impaired. After initial recognition, goodwill is recorded at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets that are amortized are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the asset may not be recoverable. Judgement is required in determining whether events or changes in circumstances during the year are indicators that a review for impairment should be conducted prior to the annual impairment test for goodwill.

Impairment of goodwill is tested at the level where goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. The determination of CGUs and the level at which goodwill is monitored requires judgement by management. The carrying amount of a CGU or a group of CGUs is compared to its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its value in use or fair value less costs to sell, to determine if an impairment exists. Impairment losses for goodwill are not reversed in future periods. Impairment losses for intangible assets are reversed in future periods if the circumstances that led to the impairment no longer exist. The reversal is limited to restoring the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized in prior periods.

Amortization is provided for intangible assets with a limited life on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Client relationships and asset management contracts	up to 15 years
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Residual values, useful lives and methods of amortization are reviewed at each fiscal year end and adjusted prospectively as required.

Intercompany loans with Investment Holding Companies

Intercompany loans payable to the Investment Holding Companies represent financial liabilities that are payable to subsidiaries of Onex, which are recorded at fair value in the consolidated financial statements.

Intercompany loans receivable from the Investment Holding Companies are classified as corporate investments and represent loans receivable from subsidiaries of Onex, which are recorded at fair value in the consolidated financial statements.

Onex has elected to measure these financial instruments at fair value through net earnings (loss) in accordance with IFRS 9.

Income taxes

Income taxes are recorded using the asset and liability method of income tax allocation. Under this method, assets and liabilities are recorded for the future income tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying values of assets and liabilities and their respective income tax bases, and on tax loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, as well as tax loss and tax credit carryforwards, can be utilized. These deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recorded using substantively enacted income tax rates. The effect of a change in income tax rates on these deferred income tax assets or liabilities is included in net earnings (loss) in the period in which the rate change occurs. Certain of these differences are estimated based on current tax legislation and the Company's interpretation thereof.

Income tax expense or recovery is based on the income earned or loss incurred in each tax jurisdiction and the enacted or substantively enacted tax rate applicable to that income or loss. Tax expense or recovery is recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case the tax effect is also recognized in equity.

Deferred tax liabilities for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries are recognized, except when the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

In the ordinary course of business, there are transactions for which the ultimate tax outcome is uncertain. The final tax outcome of these matters may be different from the judgements and estimates originally made by the Company in determining its income tax provisions. The Company periodically evaluates the

positions taken with respect to situations in which applicable tax rules and regulations are subject to interpretation. Provisions related to tax uncertainties are established where appropriate based on the most likely amount or expected value that will ultimately be paid to or received from tax authorities. Accrued interest and penalties relating to tax uncertainties are recorded in current income tax expense in accordance with IAS 12, *Income Taxes*.

Note 15 provides further details on income taxes.

Revenue recognition

Revenues from management fees, advisory fees, performance fees, carried interest from Credit Funds and the reimbursement of expenses from investment funds and the private equity operating businesses are recognized using the following five-step model in accordance with IFRS 15, *Revenue from contracts with customers* ("IFRS 15"): 1) identify the contract or contracts with the client; 2) identify the separate performance obligations in the contract; 3) determine the transaction price; 4) allocate the transaction price to separate performance obligations; and 5) recognize revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied, collection of consideration is probable and control of the good or service has been transferred.

The transaction price represents the amount of consideration that the Company expects to be entitled to and may include variable components such as performance fees and carried interest from the Credit Funds. Management estimates the amount of variable consideration to be included in the transaction price to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. This estimate is updated at each reporting date until the uncertainty is resolved.

The Company transfers the benefit of its services to clients and limited partners as it performs asset management services, and therefore satisfies its performance obligations over time.

A receivable is recognized when the transfer of control for services to a client occurs prior to the client paying consideration and the right to the consideration is unconditional. A contract liability is recognized when the client's payment of consideration precedes the completion of a performance obligation.

Revenue recognition requires management to make certain judgements and estimates, including the identification of performance obligations, the allocation and amount of the transaction price, and the collectability of cash consideration.

The significant revenue recognition streams of the Company are as follows:

Management and advisory fees

Onex earns management fees for managing investor capital through its private equity funds, private credit strategies and public strategies. Onex also earns advisory fees for services provided directly to certain underlying operating businesses of the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds. Asset management services are provided over time, and the amounts earned are generally calculated based on a percentage of limited partners' committed capital, limited partners' net funded commitments, unfunded commitments, the collateral principal balance, invested capital, gross invested assets, net asset value or assets under management of the respective strategies. Revenues earned from management and advisory fees are recognized over time as services are provided.

Performance fees

Performance fees are recognized as revenue to the extent the fees are highly probable to not reverse, which is typically at the end of each performance period, or transfer of assets to a different investment model.

Performance fees associated with the management of liquid strategies by Onex Credit are determined by applying an agreed-upon formula to the growth in the net asset value of clients' assets under management. Performance fees range between 12.5% and 20% and may be subject to performance hurdles.

Carried interest – Credit strategies

The General Partners of the Credit strategies are entitled to a carried interest of up to 20% on the realized net gains from limited partners in certain private credit strategies, subject to a hurdle or minimum preferred return to investors. Onex receives 40% of the realized carried interest, while the Onex Credit management team is allocated the remaining 60%.

The Onex entities that are entitled to carried interest from the Credit strategies are consolidated subsidiaries. As such, carried interest earned by Onex from the Credit strategies is considered revenue under IFRS 15, which is recognized to the extent it is highly probable it will not reverse, which typically occurs when the investments held by a given fund are substantially realized, toward the end of the fund's life. In Onex' segmented results, unrealized carried interest from third-party limited partners in the Credit strategies is recognized based on the fair values of the underlying investments and the unrealized net gain (loss) in each respective fund, as described in note 29.

Reimbursement of expenses from investment funds and operating businesses

Certain deal investigation, research and other expenses incurred by the Asset Managers are recoverable at cost from the Onex private equity funds, private credit strategies and certain operating businesses of the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds. These expense reimbursements are recognized as revenue in accordance with IFRS 15 and are excluded from Onex' segmented results, as described in note 29.

Stock-based compensation

The Company follows the fair value method of accounting for all stock-based compensation plans, which include the following:

- a) The Company's Stock Option Plan provides that in certain situations the Company has the right, but not the obligation, to settle any exercisable option under the plan by the payment of cash to the option holder. The Company has recorded a liability for the potential future settlement of the vested options at the balance sheet date by reference to the fair value of the liability. The liability is adjusted each reporting period for changes in the fair value of the options, with the corresponding amount reflected in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.
- b) The Company's Director Deferred Share Unit ("DSU") Plan entitles the holder to receive, upon redemption, a cash payment equivalent to the market value of an Onex Subordinate Voting Share ("SVS") at the redemption date. The Director DSU Plan enables Onex directors to apply directors' fees earned to acquire DSUs based on the market value of Onex shares at the time. Grants of DSUs may also be made to Onex directors from time to time. The DSUs vest immediately, are redeemable only when the holder retires from the Onex Board of Directors and must be redeemed within one year following the year of retirement. Additional units are issued for any cash dividends paid on the SVS. The Company has recorded a liability for the future settlement of the DSUs by reference to the value of the underlying SVS at the balance sheet date. On a quarterly basis, the liability is adjusted for the change in the market value of the underlying shares, with the corresponding amount reflected in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings. To economically hedge a portion of the Company's exposure to changes in the market value of Onex' SVS, the Company enters into forward agreements with counterparty financial institutions. The change in value of the forward agreements is recorded to partially offset the amounts recorded as stock-based compensation under the Director DSU Plan. Director DSUs are redeemable only for cash and no shares or other securities of Onex will be issued on the exercise, redemption or other settlement thereof.

- c) The Company's Management DSU Plan enabled the Onex management team to apply all or a portion of their annual compensation earned to acquire DSUs based on the market value of Onex shares at the time in lieu of cash. Holders of DSUs are entitled to receive for each DSU, upon redemption, a cash payment equivalent to the market value of an Onex SVS at the redemption date. The DSUs vest immediately, are only redeemable once the holder ceases to be an officer or employee of the Company or an affiliate, and must be redeemed by the end of the year following the year the holder ceases to be an officer or employee of the Company or an affiliate. Additional units are issued for any cash dividends paid on the SVS. The Company has recorded a liability for the future settlement of the DSUs by reference to the value of the underlying SVS at the balance sheet date. On a quarterly basis, the liability is adjusted for the change in the market value of the underlying shares, with the corresponding amount reflected in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings. To economically hedge the Company's exposure to changes in the market value of Onex' SVS, the Company enters into forward agreements with counterparty financial institutions for all grants under the Management DSU Plan. The change in value of the forward agreements is recorded to offset the amounts recorded as stock-based compensation under the Management DSU Plan. The administrative costs of those arrangements are borne by participants in the plan. Management DSUs are redeemable only for cash and no shares or other securities of Onex will be issued on the exercise, redemption or other settlement thereof.
- d) The Company's Performance Share Unit ("PSU") Plan was established for certain senior executives of Onex, which entitles the holder to receive, upon redemption, a cash payment equivalent to the market value of an Onex SVS at the vesting date. Units issued under the PSU Plan generally vest after three years and payments for redeemed units are conditional on certain performance targets being met with respect to the market performance of Onex' SVS or the achievement of other financial targets. Additional units are issued for any cash dividends paid on the SVS. Vested PSUs are settled within 31 days of the vesting date. PSUs are settled only for cash and no shares or other securities of Onex will be issued on the settlement of PSUs. The Company has recorded a liability for the potential future settlement of the vested PSUs at the balance sheet date by reference to the fair value of the liability. On a quarterly basis, the liability is adjusted each reporting period for changes in the fair value of the units, with the corresponding amount reflected in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings. To economically hedge a portion of the Company's exposure to changes in the market value of Onex' SVS, the Company enters into forward agreements with a counterparty financial institution. The change in value of the forward agreements is recorded to offset the amounts recorded as stock-based compensation under the PSU Plan.
- e) The Company's Restricted Share Unit ("RSU") Plan entitles the holder to receive, upon redemption, a cash payment equivalent to the market value of an Onex SVS at the vesting date. Units issued under the RSU Plan generally vest over a three-year period. Additional units are issued for any cash dividends paid on the SVS. Vested RSUs are settled within 31 days of the vesting date. RSUs are settled only for cash and no shares or other securities of Onex will be issued on the settlement of RSUs. The Company has recorded a liability for the future settlement of the vested RSUs by reference to the value of the underlying SVS at the balance sheet date. On a quarterly basis, the liability is adjusted for the change in the market value of the underlying shares, with the corresponding amount reflected in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings. To economically hedge the Company's exposure to changes in the market value of Onex' SVS, the Company enters into forward agreements with a counterparty financial institution. The change in value of the forward agreements is recorded to offset the amounts recorded as stock-based compensation under the RSU Plan.

Financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and are subsequently accounted for based on their classification, as described below. Transaction costs in respect of an asset or liability not recorded at fair value through net earnings (loss) are added to the initial carrying amount. Gains and losses on financial instruments recognized through net earnings (loss) are primarily recognized in net gain on corporate investments and interest and net treasury investment income in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings. The classification of financial assets depends on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows. The classification of financial liabilities depends on the purpose for which the financial liabilities were incurred and their characteristics. Except in very limited circumstances, the classification of financial assets and financial liabilities is not changed after initial recognition.

a) Financial assets – amortized cost

Financial assets with the following characteristics are accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

The Company recognizes loss allowances for financial assets accounted for at amortized cost based on the financial assets' expected credit losses, which are assessed on a forward-looking basis.

b) Financial assets – fair value through net earnings (loss)

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through net earnings (loss). Financial assets may also be designated as fair value through net earnings (loss) on initial recognition if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency. Intercompany loans receivable from Investment Holding Companies, which are presented within Corporate Investments, are designated as fair value through net earnings (loss).

c) Financial liabilities measured at fair value through net earnings (loss)

Financial liabilities may be designated as fair value through net earnings (loss) on initial recognition if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency, or the group of financial liabilities is managed, and its performance is evaluated, on a fair value basis. Intercompany loans payable to Investment Holding Companies are designated as fair value through net earnings (loss).

d) Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

Financial liabilities not classified as fair value through net earnings (loss) are accounted for at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

e) Interest income

Interest income recognized by the Company primarily relates to interest earned from investments recognized at fair value through net earnings (loss).

Derecognition of financial instruments

A financial asset is derecognized if substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and, in certain circumstances, control of the financial asset are transferred. A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, with any gain or loss on extinguishment recognized in other expense in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is based on the weighted average number of SVS outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is calculated using the treasury stock method, which includes the impact of converting certain limited partnership units of an Onex subsidiary into 144,579 Onex SVS, and excludes the impact of converting outstanding stock options into Onex SVS, given Onex accounts for the liability associated with outstanding stock options issued under its Stock Option Plan as a liability at fair value through net earnings (loss).

Dividend distributions

Dividend distributions to the shareholders of Onex Corporation are recognized as a liability in the consolidated balance sheets in the periods in which the dividends are declared and authorized by the Board of Directors.

Use of judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and equity, the related disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue, expenses and gains (losses) on financial instruments during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates and assumptions. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Areas that involve critical judgements, assumptions and estimates and that have a significant influence on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements are further described as follows:

Investment entity status

Judgement is required when determining whether Onex, the parent company, meets the definition of an investment entity, which IFRS 10 defines as an entity that: (i) obtains funds from one or more investors for the purpose of providing those investors with investment management services; (ii) commits to its investors that its business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income or both; and (iii) measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all its investments on a fair value basis. When determining whether Onex meets the definition of an investment entity under IFRS 10, Onex management applied significant judgement when assessing whether the Company measures and evaluates the performance of substantially all its investments on a fair value basis.

Onex conducts its business primarily through controlled subsidiaries, which consist of entities providing asset management services, investment holding companies and General Partners of private equity funds, credit funds and limited partnerships. Certain of these subsidiaries were formed for legal, regulatory or similar reasons by Onex and share a common business purpose. The assessment of whether Onex, the parent company, meets the definition of an investment entity was performed on an aggregate basis with these subsidiaries.

Corporate investments

The measurement of corporate investments is significantly impacted by the fair values of the investments held by the Onex Partners Funds, ONCAP Funds, private equity investments held directly by Onex and investments in private credit strategies. The fair value of corporate investments is assessed at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognized through net earnings (loss).

The valuation of the underlying non-public investments requires significant judgement due to the absence of quoted market values, the inherent lack of liquidity, the long-term nature of such investments and heightened market uncertainty as a result of global inflationary pressures, changes in interest rates and heightened geopolitical risks. Valuation methodologies include discounted cash flows and observations of the valuation multiples implied by precedent transactions or trading multiples of public companies considered comparable to the private companies being valued. Key assumptions made in the valuations include unlevered free cash flows, including the timing of earnings projections and the expected long-term revenue growth, the weighted average costs of capital, the exit multiples, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (“adjusted EBITDA”) and adjusted EBITDA multiples. The valuations take into consideration company-specific items, the lack of liquidity inherent in a non-public investment and the fact that precedent transactions and comparable public companies are not identical to the companies being valued. Such considerations are necessary since, in the absence of a committed buyer and completion of due diligence procedures, there may be company-specific items which are not fully known that may affect the fair value. A variety of additional factors are reviewed, including, but not limited to, financing and sales transactions with third parties, current operating performance and future expectations of the particular investment, changes in market outlook and the third-party financing environment. In determining changes to the fair value of the underlying private equity investments, emphasis is placed on current company performance and market conditions.

For publicly traded investments, the valuation is based on closing market prices less adjustments, if any, for regulatory sale restrictions.

The fair value of underlying investments in private credit strategies that are not quoted in an active market may be determined by using reputable pricing sources (such as pricing agencies) or indicative prices from bond/debt market makers (such as broker quotes). Broker quotes obtained from the pricing sources may be indicative and not executable or binding. Judgement and estimates are used to determine the quantity and quality of the

pricing sources used. Where limited or no market data is available, positions may be valued using third-party valuation services and/or internally developed pricing models that include the use of third-party pricing information, and are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognized as standard within the industry. Internally developed models use observable data to the extent practicable. However, areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations may require estimates to be made. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of the underlying investments in private credit strategies.

Liabilities associated with management incentive programs related to the performance of Onex’ private equity investments are included in the fair value of corporate investments and are determined using an internally developed valuation model. The critical assumptions and estimates used in the valuation model include the fair value of the underlying investments, the time to expected exit from each investment, a risk-free rate of return and an industry-comparable historical volatility for each investment. The fair value of the underlying investments includes the same critical assumptions and estimates previously described.

Corporate investments are measured with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy), which are further described in note 23.

The changes in fair value of corporate investments are further described in note 5.

The Company assessed whether its underlying subsidiaries met the definition of an investment entity, as defined under IFRS 10. In certain circumstances, this assessment was performed together with other entities that were formed in connection with each other for legal, regulatory or similar reasons. Similarly, where a subsidiary’s current business purpose is to facilitate a common purpose with a group of entities, the assessment of whether those subsidiaries met the definition of an investment entity was performed on an aggregated basis.

Certain subsidiaries were formed for various business purposes that, in certain circumstances, have evolved since their formation. When the Company assessed whether these subsidiaries met the definition of an investment entity, as defined under IFRS 10, professional judgement was exercised to determine the primary business purpose of these subsidiaries and the measurement basis, which were significant factors in determining their investment entity status.

Goodwill impairment tests and recoverability of assets

The Company tests at least annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with its accounting policies. The determination of the recoverable amount of a CGU to which goodwill is allocated involves the use of estimates by management. The Company generally uses a discounted cash flow-based model to determine this value. The discounted cash flow calculation typically uses a five-year projection that is based on the operating plans approved by management. Cash flow projections take into account past experience and represent management's best estimate of future developments. Cash flows after the planning period are extrapolated using estimated growth rates. Key assumptions on which management has based its determination of fair value less costs to sell and value in use include estimated growth rates, weighted average cost of capital and tax rates. These estimates, including the methodology used, can have a material impact on the respective values and ultimately the amount of any goodwill impairment. Likewise, whenever property, equipment and other intangible assets are tested for impairment, the determination of the assets' recoverable amount involves the use of estimates by management and can have a material impact on the respective values and ultimately the amount of any impairment.

The Company also exercised significant judgement when testing assets for impairment and estimating the restructuring provision in connection with the transition and wind-down of Gluskin Sheff's wealth management and wealth planning operations, as described in note 9.

Income and other taxes

The Company operates and earns income in various countries and is subject to changing tax laws or application of tax laws in multiple jurisdictions within these countries. Significant judgement is necessary in determining worldwide income and other tax liabilities. Although management believes that it has made reasonable estimates concerning the final outcome of tax uncertainties, no assurance can be given that the outcome of these tax matters will be consistent with what is reflected in historical income tax provisions. Such differences could have an effect on income and other tax liabilities and deferred tax liabilities in the period in which such determinations are made. At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether the realization of future tax benefits is sufficiently probable to recognize deferred tax assets. This assessment requires the exercise of judgement on the part of management with respect to, among other things, benefits that could be realized from available tax strategies and future taxable income, as well as other positive and negative factors. The recorded amount of total deferred tax assets could be reduced if estimates of projected future taxable income and benefits from available tax strategies are lowered, or if changes in current tax regulations are enacted that impose restrictions on the timing or extent of the Company's ability to utilize future tax benefits.

The Company uses significant judgement when determining whether to recognize deferred tax liabilities with respect to taxable temporary differences associated with corporate investments, in particular whether the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and whether it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Judgement includes consideration of the Company's future cash requirements in its numerous tax jurisdictions.

Legal provisions and contingencies

The Company, in the normal course of operations, can become involved in various legal proceedings. While the Company cannot predict the final outcome of such legal proceedings, the outcome of these matters may have a material effect on Onex' consolidated financial position, results of operations or cash flows. Management regularly analyzes current information about such matters and provides provisions for probable contingent losses, including an estimate of legal expenses to resolve the matters. Internal and external counsel are used for these assessments. In making the decision regarding the need for provisions, management considers the degree of probability of an unfavourable outcome and the ability to make a sufficiently reliable estimate of the amount of loss. The filing of a suit or formal assertion of a claim or the disclosure of any such suit or assertion does not automatically indicate that a provision may be appropriate.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**Standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted or effective***IFRS 18 – Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements*

In April 2024, the International Accounting Standards Board issued IFRS 18, *Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements* ("IFRS 18"), which replaces IAS 1, *Presentation of Financial Statements*. This standard introduces a new requirement to classify income and expenses within the statement of comprehensive earnings into one of the following categories: operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discontinued operations. IFRS 18 also requires the disclosure of management-defined performance measures. IFRS 18 will apply retrospectively and is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, with earlier application permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of adopting IFRS 18 on its consolidated financial statements.

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprised the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Cash and demand deposits		
held at financial institutions	\$ 606	\$ 163
Money market funds	323	102
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 929	\$ 265

3. TREASURY INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2024, treasury investments comprised the following (December 31, 2023 – nil):

	December 31, 2024
Federal debt instruments	\$ 42
Commercial paper and corporate obligations	37
Other	4
Total treasury investments	\$ 83

4. MANAGEMENT AND ADVISORY FEES, RECOVERABLE FUND EXPENSES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The Company's receivables comprised the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Management and advisory fees	\$ 339	\$ 422
Recoverable fund and operating businesses' expenses	176	229
Performance fees	6	11
Other	18	21
Total	\$ 539	\$ 683

Receivables primarily consisted of management fees and recoverable expenses receivable of \$457 from the Onex private equity funds (December 31, 2023 – \$577) and \$7 from the Credit Funds (December 31, 2023 – \$38), which Onex elected to defer cash receipt from. The majority of receivables outstanding at December 31, 2024 consisted of management fees and recoverable expenses receivable from the Onex Partners V Fund (December 31, 2023 – Onex Partners IV and V Funds). The decline in receivables from December 31, 2023 was primarily driven by the cash receipt of management fees and recoverable expenses from the Onex Partners IV Fund.

5. CORPORATE INVESTMENTS

The Company's interests in its Investment Holding Companies are recorded at fair value through net earnings (loss) in accordance with IFRS 9 and IFRS 10, as described in note 1. The Investment Holding Companies directly or indirectly invest the Company's capital in the Onex Partners Funds, ONCAP Funds, private credit strategies and other investments. The Company's corporate investments comprised the following:

	December 31, 2023 ⁽ⁱ⁾	Capital Deployed	Realizations and Distributions	Change in Fair Value	December 31, 2024
Onex Partners Funds	\$ 4,445	\$ 283	\$ (752)	\$ 96	\$ 4,072
ONCAP Funds	929	145	(309)	30	795
Other private equity	407	74	(26)	132	587
Carried interest	252	n/a	(15)	27	264
Total private equity investments ^(a)	6,033	502	(1,102)	285	5,718
Private Credit Strategies ^(b)	904	922	(978)	76	924
Real estate ^(c)	18	–	(15)	(3)	–
Other net assets ^(d)	692	(2,227)	1,733	24	222
Total corporate investments, excluding intercompany loans	7,647	(803)	(362)	382	6,864
Intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers ^(e)	3,874	1,281	(3)	3	5,155
Intercompany loans payable to Onex and the Asset Managers ^(f)	(374)	(119)	7	(1)	(487)
Intercompany loans receivable from Investment Holding Companies ^(f)	374	119	(7)	1	487
Total corporate investments	\$ 11,521	\$ 478	\$ (365)	\$ 385	\$ 12,019

(i) Onex' interest in junior capital is included in other net assets. Onex' junior capital investments were previously included within Private Credit Strategies.

	December 31, 2022	Capital Deployed	Realizations and Distributions	Change in Fair Value ⁽ⁱ⁾	December 31, 2023 ⁽ⁱ⁾
Onex Partners Funds	\$ 4,228	\$ 54	\$ (191)	\$ 354	\$ 4,445
ONCAP Funds	718	261	(160)	110	929
Other private equity	853	38	(640)	156	407
Carried interest	265	n/a	(12)	(1)	252
Total private equity investments ^(a)	6,064	353	(1,003)	619	6,033
Private Credit Strategies ^(b)	701	495	(455)	163	904
Real estate ^(c)	34	–	(15)	(1)	18
Other net assets ^(d)	588	(977)	1,062	19	692
Total corporate investments, excluding intercompany loans	7,387	(129)	(411)	800	7,647
Intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers ^(e)	3,488	518	(132)	–	3,874
Intercompany loans payable to Onex and the Asset Managers ^(f)	(398)	(11)	35	–	(374)
Intercompany loans receivable from Investment Holding Companies ^(f)	398	11	(35)	–	374
Total corporate investments	\$ 10,875	\$ 389	\$ (543)	\$ 800	\$ 11,521

(i) Onex' interest in junior capital is included in other net assets. Onex' junior capital investments were previously included within Private Credit Strategies.

a) Private equity investments

The Company's private equity investments comprised the following:

	December 31, 2023	Capital Deployed	Realizations and Distributions	Change in Fair Value	December 31, 2024
Onex Partners Funds					
Onex Partners I	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1
Onex Partners II	4	-	-	2	6
Onex Partners III	342	-	(114)	11	239
Onex Partners IV	1,409	-	(527)	(151)	731
Onex Partners V	2,894	140	(111)	245	3,168
Onex Partners Opportunities	-	143	-	(5)	138
Management incentive programs	(205)	n/a	-	(6)	(211)
Total investment in Onex Partners Funds⁽ⁱ⁾	4,445	283	(752)	96	4,072
ONCAP Funds					
ONCAP II	102	-	(139)	41	4
ONCAP III	42	12	(8)	(11)	35
ONCAP IV	686	17	(141)	(24)	538
ONCAP V	184	18	(47)	30	185
ONCAP SPV	-	98	-	-	98
Management incentive programs	(85)	n/a	26	(6)	(65)
Total investment in ONCAP Funds⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	929	145	(309)	30	795
Other private equity investments⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	407	74	(26)	132	587
Carried interest^(iv)	252	n/a	(15)	27	264
Total private equity investments	\$ 6,033	\$ 502	\$ (1,102)	\$ 285	\$ 5,718

	December 31, 2022	Capital Deployed	Realizations and Distributions	Change in Fair Value	December 31, 2023
Onex Partners Funds					
Onex Partners I	\$ 1	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1
Onex Partners II	5	-	-	(1)	4
Onex Partners III	304	-	(5)	43	342
Onex Partners IV	1,585	54	(161)	(69)	1,409
Onex Partners V	2,521	-	(40)	413	2,894
Management incentive programs	(188)	n/a	15	(32)	(205)
Total investment in Onex Partners Funds⁽ⁱ⁾	4,228	54	(191)	354	4,445
ONCAP Funds					
ONCAP II	118	-	(30)	14	102
ONCAP III	64	-	(50)	28	42
ONCAP IV	616	83	(101)	88	686
ONCAP V	-	178	(3)	9	184
Management incentive programs	(80)	n/a	24	(29)	(85)
Total investment in ONCAP Funds⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	718	261	(160)	110	929
Other private equity investments⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	853	38	(640)	156	407
Carried interest^(iv)	265	n/a	(12)	(1)	252
Total private equity investments	\$ 6,064	\$ 353	\$ (1,003)	\$ 619	\$ 6,033

i) Onex Partners Funds

The Onex Partners Funds typically make controlling equity investments in operating companies headquartered, organized, domiciled or whose principal executive offices are in North America or Europe. Onex Partners V has not invested more than 20% of aggregate commitments in any single operating company and its affiliates. Onex Partners Opportunities will not invest more than 25% of aggregate commitments in any single operating company and its affiliates, based on the aggregate commitments of the investments. Certain Onex Partners Funds also have limits on the amount of aggregate commitments that can be invested in operating companies whose headquarters or principal executive offices are located outside North America.

At December 31, 2024, the Onex Partners Funds had investments in 24 operating businesses (December 31, 2023 – 21) in various industry sectors and countries, of which two were publicly traded companies (December 31, 2023 – three). The fair value of Onex' investments in the Onex Partners publicly traded companies at December 31, 2024 was \$323 (December 31, 2023 – \$969). The decrease of \$646 million was primarily driven by the partial realization of PowerSchool Group ("PowerSchool") and the company becoming a private entity, as described below.

Onex' investments in the Onex Partners Funds include co-investments, where applicable.

Onex Partners III – 2024

In August 2024, Onex received \$25 of proceeds in connection with a distribution made by Sedgwick Claims Management Services ("Sedgwick") to the Onex Partners III Group. In October and December 2024, Onex received \$61 and \$10, respectively, in connection with the Onex Partners III Group's partial sales of its investment in Sedgwick.

Onex Partners IV – 2024

In August 2024, the Onex Partners IV Group completed the sale of its investment in ASM Global. Onex' share of the net proceeds from this sale was \$278, including \$5 of estimated proceeds that remain held in escrow.

In October 2024, the Onex Partners IV Group sold approximately 34.3 million common shares of PowerSchool, approximately half of the Group's interest in the company, in connection with a transaction that resulted in PowerSchool becoming a private entity. Onex' share of the net proceeds from this transaction was \$254.

Onex Partners V – 2024

During the six months ended June 30, 2024, Onex invested \$47 as part of the Onex Partners V Group's investment in Morson Group, a leading engineering and technical staffing and workforce solutions business based in the United Kingdom.

In June 2024, Onex invested \$97 as part of the Onex Partners V Group's investment in Accredited, a specialty insurance company operating in North America and Europe that provides underwriting capacity to Managing General Agents with support from the global reinsurance market. During the three months ended September 30, 2024, the Onex Partners V Group syndicated a portion of its investment in Accredited to a third-party co-investor. As a result of this transaction, Onex' investment in Accredited was reduced to \$93.

In 2024, Onex received \$43 in connection with distributions paid by WestJet to the Onex Partners V Group.

In July and November 2024, Onex received \$15 and \$17, respectively, in connection with distributions paid by Tes Global ("Tes") to the Onex Partners V Group.

In September 2024, Onex received \$18 in connection with a distribution paid by Fidelity Building Services Group to the Onex Partners V Group.

Onex Partners Opportunities – 2024

In October 2024, the Onex Partners Opportunities Group acquired Fischbach KG ("Fischbach"), a leading provider of cartridge packaging solutions for sealants and adhesives used in building repair, renovation and construction, aftermarket automotive, marine weather and water-sealing applications and aerospace bonding applications. In November, the Onex Partners Opportunities Group syndicated a portion of its investment in Fischbach to third-party co-investors. Onex' share of the investment in Fischbach, after its initial investment and syndication, was \$73. Onex' share of the investment in Fischbach was further reduced by \$10 in February 2025 following the final close of the Onex Partners Opportunities Fund and the syndication of a co-investment, as described in note 28.

In December 2024, the Onex Partners Opportunities Group acquired Farsound, a leading global supply chain solutions provider for the aerospace engine maintenance, repair and overhaul market. Onex' share of the investment in Farsound was \$70. Onex' share of the investment in Farsound was reduced by \$6 in February 2025 following the final close of the Onex Partners Opportunities Fund, as described in note 28.

Onex Partners IV – 2023

In March 2023, the Onex Partners IV Group sold approximately 4.3 million common shares of PowerSchool at a price of \$21.00 per share. Onex' share of the net proceeds was \$28. At December 31, 2023, Onex held approximately 23.1 million common shares of PowerSchool through Onex Partners IV.

In August 2023, the Onex Partners IV Group sold its investment in Ryan, LLC ("Ryan") to a single-asset continuation fund managed by Onex. Onex' share of the net proceeds from this transaction was \$118, net of payments under the management incentive programs. Net proceeds of current Onex Partners management were reinvested into the continuation fund. Onex no longer has an ownership interest in Ryan following the sale to the continuation fund. Onex will manage the continuation fund, which has an initial term of five years, in exchange for recurring management fees and a carried interest opportunity.

In December 2023, Onex invested \$54 as part of the Onex Partners IV Group's add-on investment in Parkdean Resorts.

ii) ONCAP Funds

The ONCAP Funds typically make controlling equity investments in operating companies organized, headquartered, having principal executive offices or significantly operating in, or deriving significant revenue from, the United States or Canada. ONCAP V will not invest more than 20% of aggregate commitments in any single operating company and its affiliates.

At December 31, 2024, the ONCAP Funds had investments in 15 operating businesses (December 31, 2023 – 17). Onex' investments in the ONCAP Funds include co-investments, where applicable.

ONCAP II and III – 2024

In July 2024, the ONCAP II Group completed the sale of Englobe. Onex' share of the net proceeds received from the sale was \$99, including carried interest and net of payments under management incentive programs. Net proceeds include \$2 that remains held in escrow.

In August 2024, Onex received \$28 in connection with a distribution made by PURE Canadian Gaming to the ONCAP II and III Groups, including carried interest and net of payments under management incentive programs. In December 2024, the ONCAP II and III Groups completed the sale of PURE Canadian Gaming. Onex' share of the net proceeds received from the sale was \$13, including carried interest and net of payments under management incentive programs. Net proceeds include \$3 held in escrow.

ONCAP IV – 2024

In March 2024, Onex transferred a portion of its interest in ONCAP IV to a special purpose vehicle ("SPV") in exchange for a limited partnership interest in the SPV. The ONCAP IV interest transferred to the SPV had a fair value of \$93, which was gross of amounts owing under management incentive programs. A third-party investor has made a \$100 commitment to ONCAP V through the SPV in exchange for a preferred return from the SPV.

In June 2024, the ONCAP IV Group sold its investment in Wyse Meter Solutions ("Wyse") to a single-asset continuation fund managed by ONCAP. Onex' share of the proceeds from this transaction was \$45, including carried interest and net of payments under the management incentive programs. Onex reinvested \$8 of proceeds into the continuation fund and net proceeds of current ONCAP management were also reinvested into the continuation fund. ONCAP will manage the continuation fund, which has an initial term of five years, in exchange for recurring management fees and a carried interest opportunity.

ONCAP V – 2024

In January 2024, Onex received \$21 following the syndication of the co-investment in Biomerics. Onex' share of the investment in Biomerics will be reduced as additional capital is raised by ONCAP V.

During 2024, Onex invested \$17 as part of the ONCAP V Group's investment in Rebox, a leading distributor of once-used corrugated boxes in North America. Onex' share of the investment in Rebox will be reduced as additional capital is raised by ONCAP V.

ONCAP II and ONCAP III – 2023

In January 2023, Onex received \$29 of proceeds in connection with a distribution made by PURE Canadian Gaming to the ONCAP II and ONCAP III Groups, including carried interest and net of payments under management incentive programs.

In November 2023, the ONCAP III Group sold its investment in Hopkins Manufacturing Corporation ("Hopkins"). Onex' share of the net proceeds from this sale was \$41, including estimated proceeds from amounts held in escrow, carried interest and net of payments under the management incentive programs.

ONCAP IV and ONCAP V – 2023

In February 2023, Onex received \$17 of proceeds in connection with a distribution made by International Language Academy of Canada Inc. (“ILAC”) to the ONCAP IV Group, including carried interest and net of payments under management incentive programs.

In July 2023, Onex invested \$80 as part of the ONCAP V Group’s investment in Right at School, a provider of before and after school care to students in the United States. Onex’ share of the investment in Right at School will be reduced as additional capital is raised by ONCAP V.

During the third quarter of 2023, Onex invested \$162 as part of the ONCAP IV and V Groups’ investment in Biomerics, a leading medical device contract manufacturer serving the interventional device market. As part of this transaction, Biomerics merged with the medical business of Precision Concepts International (“Precision Concepts”), an ONCAP IV operating business. Onex received net proceeds of \$63, net of payments under the management incentive programs, from the ONCAP IV Group’s sale of the medical business of Precision Concepts to Biomerics.

In December 2023, Onex received \$18 of proceeds in connection with a distribution made by Walter Surface Technologies to the ONCAP IV Group.

iii) Other private equity investments

Other private equity investments primarily consist of Onex’ direct investments in Meridian Aviation, the Incline Aviation Funds, Ryan Specialty and Unanet.

During 2024, Onex made a direct investment of \$43 in Meridian Aviation Partners Limited, an aircraft investment company managed by BBAM Limited Partnership (“BBAM”), a leading dedicated manager of leased aircraft.

During 2024, Onex completed investments in Incline Aviation Fund II totalling \$30, and received distributions from Incline Aviation and Incline Aviation Fund II totalling \$10 and \$11, respectively.

In May 2023, Onex sold approximately 8.2 million Class A common shares of Ryan Specialty at a price of \$43.45 per share. Total proceeds received by Onex were \$318, net of payments under the management incentive programs. Onex also received a \$2 distribution from Ryan Specialty during the fourth quarter of 2023. At December 31, 2023 and 2024, Onex held approximately 4.1 million Class A common shares of Ryan Specialty.

In June 2023, Onex sold approximately 11.9 million subordinate voting shares of Celestica at a price of \$12.26 per share. Total proceeds received by Onex were \$142, net of payments under the management incentive programs. In August 2023, Onex sold its remaining 6.7 million subordinate voting shares of Celestica at a price of \$20.52 per share. Total proceeds received by Onex were \$133, net of payments under the management incentive programs. Onex also redeemed its deferred share units of Celestica during the fourth quarter of 2023 for \$9. Onex no longer holds an investment in Celestica following these transactions.

iv) Carried interest

The General Partner of each Onex Partners and ONCAP Fund is entitled to 20% of the realized net gains of the limited partners in such fund provided the limited partners have achieved a minimum 8% net compound annual return on their investment. This performance-based capital allocation of realized net gains is referred to as carried interest. Onex is entitled to 40% of the carried interest realized in the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds. If the ONCAP IV investors achieve a net return of two times their aggregate capital contributions, carried interest participation increases from 20% to 25% of the realized net gains. The amount of carried interest ultimately received by Onex is based on realizations, the timing of which can vary significantly from period to period.

During 2024, Onex received \$15 of carried interest, primarily from the sales of Englobe and Wyse and the distribution from and sale of PURE Canadian Gaming, as described earlier in this note.

During 2023, Onex received \$12 of carried interest, primarily from the sale of Hopkins and the distribution from PURE Canadian Gaming, as described earlier in this note.

Unrealized carried interest is calculated based on the current fair values of the funds and the overall realized and unrealized gains in each fund in accordance with its limited partnership agreements.

b) Private credit strategies

Collateralized Loan Obligations (“CLOs”) are leveraged structured vehicles that hold a widely diversified asset portfolio funded through the issuance of long-term debt in a series of rated and unrated tranches of secured notes and equity. The Onex Credit U.S. CLOs invest only in securities denominated in U.S. dollars, while the Onex Credit EURO CLOs invest only in securities denominated in euros. The Company primarily invests in the equity tranches of the Onex Credit CLOs. Other Structured strategies invest primarily in U.S. and European CLOs.

The Opportunistic Credit Strategies invest primarily in North American and European first-lien senior secured loans, second-lien loans, bonds, trade claims, credit default swaps and other debt investments having similar characteristics.

The Liquid strategies hold investments in first-lien senior secured loans and may employ leverage.

The Direct Lending strategies primarily hold investments in senior secured loans and other loan investments in private equity sponsor-owned portfolio companies and, selectively, other corporate borrowers. Investments may also include warrants, payment-in-kind preferred stock with warrants and non-control common equity in conjunction with subordinated debt or preferred stock. The investments are predominantly with borrowers in the United States and, selectively, in Canada and Europe.

The Company’s investment in private credit strategies comprised the following:

	December 31, 2023 ⁽ⁱ⁾	Capital Deployed	Realizations and Distributions	Change in Fair Value	December 31, 2024
Structured Credit Strategies					
U.S. CLOs	\$ 234	\$ 148	\$ (138)	\$ 28	\$ 272
EURO CLOs	136	85	(133)	11	99
CLO Warehouses	35	539	(510)	6	70
Other Structured Strategies	55	55	(49)	14	75
Opportunistic Credit Strategies	181	39	(7)	12	225
Liquid Strategies	155	28	(52)	5	136
Direct Lending	108	28	(89)	–	47
Total investment in Private Credit Strategies	\$ 904	\$ 922	\$ (978)	\$ 76	\$ 924

(i) Onex’ interest in junior capital is included in other net assets. Onex’ junior capital investments were previously included within Private Credit Strategies.

	December 31, 2022	Capital Deployed	Realizations and Distributions	Change in Fair Value	December 31, 2023 ⁽ⁱ⁾
Structured Credit Strategies					
U.S. CLOs	\$ 248	\$ 121	\$ (185)	\$ 50	\$ 234
EURO CLOs	61	61	(30)	44	136
CLO Warehouses	21	204	(194)	4	35
Other Structured Strategies	46	13	(18)	14	55
Opportunistic Credit Strategies	135	29	(4)	21	181
Liquid Strategies	100	36	–	19	155
Direct Lending	90	31	(24)	11	108
Total investment in Private Credit Strategies	\$ 701	\$ 495	\$ (455)	\$ 163	\$ 904

(i) Onex’ interest in junior capital is included in other net assets. Onex’ junior capital investments were previously included within Private Credit Strategies.

During 2024, Onex’ net investments in the CLOs decreased by \$38 (2023 – \$33) primarily as a result of regular quarterly distributions totalling \$98 (2023 – \$94) and the partial sale of equity interests in certain U.S. and European CLOs for \$173 (2023 – \$103), partially offset by \$204 invested in 10 new U.S. and three new European CLOs raised by Onex Credit (2023 – four new U.S. CLOs and three new European CLOs).

During 2024, the net increase in Onex' investments in CLO warehouses was driven by the investments made to support the warehouse facilities for potential future Onex Credit U.S. and European CLOs.

During 2024, the net investments in Opportunistic Credit strategies increased by \$32 (2023 – \$25), primarily as a result of \$39 invested in the Onex Capital Solutions Fund (2023 – \$27), as described in note 26(n).

During 2024, the net investments in Direct Lending decreased by \$61, primarily as a result of \$54 of distributions received from Onex Credit Lending Partners ("OCLP I").

c) Real estate

Onex' investment in real estate at December 31, 2023 comprised an investment in Flushing Town Center, a commercial and residential complex located in Flushing, New York. During 2024, the remaining residential units in Flushing Town Center were sold. Onex' share of the proceeds from these sales was \$15.

d) Other net assets

Other net assets consisted of assets and liabilities of the Investment Holding Companies, excluding investments in private equity, Onex' private credit strategies, real estate and intercompany loans receivable from and payable to Onex and the Asset Managers. Other net assets comprised the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023 ⁽ⁱ⁾
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 194	\$ 411
Treasury investments	–	197
Restricted cash	–	22
Other net assets ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	28	62
Total other net assets	\$ 222	\$ 692

(i) The December 31, 2023 junior capital investment balance is included in other net assets. Onex' junior capital investments were previously included within Private Credit Strategies.

(ii) Other net assets at December 31, 2024 included Onex' investment in Falcon Fund VII, unrealized carried interest in the Falcon Funds and \$35 of subscription financing receivable, including interest receivable, attributable to third-party investors in Onex Partners V and ONCAP V (December 31, 2023 – \$77 attributable to third-party investors in certain Credit Funds and ONCAP V). These assets were partially offset by \$36 of uncalled expenses payable to the consolidated Asset Managers (December 31, 2023 – \$35) and \$2 payable for Onex' management incentive programs related to a private equity realization (December 31, 2023 – less than \$1). The December 31, 2023 balance also included \$37 related to a short-term loan receivable from an Onex Partners operating company, which was repaid during 2024.

Treasury investments held by the Investment Holding Companies as of December 31, 2023 comprised the following:

	December 31, 2023
Federal debt instruments	\$ 111
Commercial paper and corporate obligations	78
Other	8
Total treasury investments	\$ 197

e) Intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers

The Investment Holding Companies have intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers. At December 31, 2024, the intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers of \$5,155 (December 31, 2023 – \$3,874) formed part of Onex' net investment in the Investment Holding Companies, which is recorded at fair value through net earnings (loss). These intercompany loans receivable are the same loans presented as intercompany loans payable to the Investment Holding Companies in the consolidated balance sheets, which totalled \$5,155 at December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – \$3,874) and are described in note 10. There is no impact on net assets or net earnings from these intercompany loans.

f) Intercompany loans payable to Onex and the Asset Managers and intercompany loans receivable from Investment Holding Companies

At December 31, 2024, Onex and the Asset Managers had intercompany loans receivable from the Investment Holding Companies totalling \$487 (December 31, 2023 – \$374). The corresponding intercompany loans payable to Onex and the Asset Managers, which totalled \$487 at December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – \$374), formed part of Onex' net investment in the Investment Holding Companies, which is recorded at fair value through net earnings (loss). There is no impact on net assets or net earnings from these intercompany loans.

6. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets comprised the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Forward agreements	\$ 138	\$ 110
Restricted cash	8	11
Prepaid expenses and other	4	7
Total other assets	\$ 150	\$ 128

Forward agreements represent the fair value of hedging arrangements entered into with financial institutions to economically hedge the Company's exposure to changes in the market value of Onex SVS associated with the DSU, PSU and RSU Plans, as described in notes 1, 12 and 16.

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

The Company's property and equipment comprised the following:

	Right-of-Use Assets	Aircraft	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture and Equipment	Total
Year ended December 31, 2023					
Opening net book amount	\$ 62	\$ 41	\$ 33	\$ 4	\$ 140
Additions	–	–	7	2	9
Amortization charge	(11)	(4)	(6)	(2)	(23)
Impairment (note 9)	–	–	(7)	–	(7)
Closing net book amount	\$ 51	\$ 37	\$ 27	\$ 4	\$ 119
At December 31, 2023					
Cost	\$ 96	\$ 64	\$ 72	\$ 21	\$ 253
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	(45)	(27)	(45)	(17)	(134)
Net book amount	\$ 51	\$ 37	\$ 27	\$ 4	\$ 119
Year ended December 31, 2024					
Opening net book amount	\$ 51	\$ 37	\$ 27	\$ 4	\$ 119
Disposals	(7)	–	–	–	(7)
Amortization charge	(9)	(3)	(6)	(2)	(20)
Foreign exchange	(1)	–	–	–	(1)
Closing net book amount	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 21	\$ 2	\$ 91
At December 31, 2024					
Cost	\$ 81	\$ 64	\$ 65	\$ 18	\$ 228
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	(47)	(30)	(44)	(16)	(137)
Net book amount	\$ 34	\$ 34	\$ 21	\$ 2	\$ 91

Right-of-use assets primarily consist of leased office space in Canada, the United States and the United Kingdom.

During 2023, certain leasehold improvements related to leased office space were impaired as a result of the ongoing transition and wind-down of Gluskin Sheff's wealth management and wealth planning operations, as described in note 9.

8. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company's goodwill and intangible assets consisted of the following:

	Goodwill	Trade Name	Client Relationships and Asset Management Contracts	Total Intangible Assets
Year ended December 31, 2023				
Opening net book amount	\$ 257	\$ 2	\$ 91	\$ 93
Amortization charge	–	–	(12)	(12)
Impairment	(108)	–	(47)	(47)
Closing net book amount	\$ 149	\$ 2	\$ 32	\$ 34
As at December 31, 2023				
Cost	\$ 149	\$ 3	\$ 80	\$ 83
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	–	(1)	(48)	(49)
Net book amount	\$ 149	\$ 2	\$ 32	\$ 34
Year ended December 31, 2024				
Opening net book amount	\$ 149	\$ 2	\$ 32	\$ 34
Amortization charge	–	–	(4)	(4)
Transfer of Onex Falcon (note 9)	(7)	(2)	(17)	(19)
Closing net book amount	\$ 142	\$ –	\$ 11	\$ 11
As at December 31, 2024				
Cost	\$ 142	\$ –	\$ 48	\$ 48
Accumulated amortization and impairment losses	–	–	(37)	(37)
Net book amount	\$ 142	\$ –	\$ 11	\$ 11

The goodwill balance as of December 31, 2024 was attributable to the acquired workforce and industry relationships at Onex Credit. At December 31, 2023, goodwill was also attributable to Onex Falcon's competitive position in the U.S. private credit market and the skills and competence of its workforce.

Management tested goodwill for impairment in 2024 and concluded that no impairment existed.

9. RESTRUCTURING EXPENSES AND IMPAIRMENT OF GOODWILL, INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Transfer of Onex Falcon

In June 2024, Onex transferred 80% of its interest in Onex Falcon to certain members of the Onex Falcon management team and retained a 20% economic interest in the Onex Falcon asset manager. Onex received the following in exchange for its 80% economic interest in Onex Falcon's junior capital asset management business:

- an increased carried interest entitlement from Falcon Fund VI to approximately 25%;
- a 30% carried interest entitlement from Falcon Fund VII was retained;
- a 20% carried interest entitlement from Falcon Fund VIII, if raised, was retained; and
- all contingent consideration entitlements from the purchase of Falcon Investment Advisors in 2020 were waived.

As a result of this transaction, Onex no longer consolidates Onex Falcon. During 2024, Onex recognized a loss on the transfer of Onex Falcon and restructuring expenses totalling \$9, of which \$7 are non-cash expenses. The loss on transfer and restructuring expenses are included in restructuring expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings.

In connection with this transaction, Onex' commitment to Falcon Fund VII was reduced from \$80 to \$40.

Restructuring of Gluskin Sheff, Onex Partners and Corporate Functions

In March 2023, following developments at Gluskin Sheff, Onex decided to change the private capital distribution strategy of its investment products. As part of this change in strategy, Onex entered into an agreement with a leading wealth management firm in Canada to offer employment to the wealth advisor team of Gluskin Sheff. Onex wound down its wealth management and wealth planning operations and plans to grow its private capital distribution through third-party strategic relationships. As a result, during the year ended December 31, 2023, a non-cash impairment charge of \$162 was recognized on the following assets:

	Year Ended December 31, 2023
Goodwill	\$ 108
Intangible assets – client relationships	47
Leasehold improvements ⁽ⁱ⁾	7
Total impairment expense	\$ 162

(i) Leasehold improvements that were impaired during 2023 were related to leased office space.

The impairment for Gluskin Sheff goodwill and intangible assets was calculated on a fair value less costs of disposal basis, which resulted in a negligible recoverable amount for the Gluskin Sheff cash-generating unit following the transition and wind-down of the business. The recoverable amount was a Level 3 measurement in the fair value hierarchy due to significant unobservable inputs used in determining the recoverable amount, which was based on a discounted cash flow projection. Significant assumptions included in the discounted cash flow projection were i) a 16.7% discount rate; and ii) the expected amount of fee-generating assets under management. As a result of the impairment charge, goodwill and client relationship intangible assets associated with the acquisition of Gluskin Sheff were reduced to nil in the December 31, 2023 consolidated balance sheet.

During 2023, restructuring expenses totalling \$28 were recognized in connection with the transition and wind-down of the wealth management business. At December 31, 2024, a restructuring provision of \$3 was included within the other liabilities financial statement line item, representing the remaining restructuring expenses to be paid in connection with the wind-down (December 31, 2023 – \$11).

In addition, during 2024 and 2023, restructuring expenses totalling \$9 and \$18 were recognized, respectively, in connection with the reorganizations of the Onex Partners platform and Onex' corporate functions. At December 31, 2024, a restructuring provision of \$9 was included within the other liabilities financial statement line item, representing the remaining restructuring expenses to be paid for these reorganizations (December 31, 2023 – \$5).

10. INTERCOMPANY LOANS PAYABLE TO INVESTMENT HOLDING COMPANIES

Onex and the Asset Managers have intercompany loans payable to the Investment Holding Companies. The loans are primarily due on demand and non-interest bearing. At December 31, 2024, intercompany loans payable to the Investment Holding Companies totalled \$5,155 (December 31, 2023 – \$3,874) and the corresponding receivable of \$5,155 (December 31, 2023 – \$3,874) was included in the fair value of the Investment Holding Companies within corporate investments (note 5). There is no impact on net assets or net earnings from these intercompany loans.

11. ACCRUED COMPENSATION

Accrued compensation at December 31, 2024 was \$89 (December 31, 2023 – \$108) and primarily consisted of employee incentive compensation for fiscal 2024 (December 31, 2023 – fiscal 2023), which will be substantially paid during the first quarter of 2025 (December 31, 2023 – first quarter of 2024). The decline in accrued compensation from December 31, 2023 was primarily driven by the transfer of Onex Falcon during 2024, as described in note 9, and a reduction in employee headcount as a result of other restructuring activities during 2024.

12. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION PAYABLE

Stock-based compensation payable comprised the following:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Stock Option Plan	\$ 81	\$ 112
Management DSU Plan	65	59
Director DSU Plan	49	41
PSU and RSU Plans	14	6
Total stock-based compensation payable	\$ 209	\$ 218

Included in other assets (note 6) at December 31, 2024 was \$138 (December 31, 2023 – \$110) related to forward agreements to economically hedge the Company's exposure to changes in the trading price of Onex shares associated with the DSU, PSU and RSU Plans.

The decrease in stock-based compensation payable at December 31, 2024 was primarily driven by stock options and RSUs redeemed, exercised, expired or forfeited during 2024, as described in note 16, partially offset by a 21% increase in the market value of Onex' SVS to C\$112.28 at December 31, 2024 from C\$92.53 at December 31, 2023, and RSUs granted during 2024.

13. LEASES

The Company leases office space in Canada, the United States and the United Kingdom and lease payments are made in Canadian dollars, U.S. dollars and pounds sterling. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of terms and conditions. The terms of the Company's leasing agreements are generally made for fixed periods up to 2033 and in certain circumstances contain options to extend beyond the initial fixed periods. In circumstances where it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise an option to extend a leasing agreement, the minimum lease payments to be made during the extension period are included in the value of the lease liability to be recorded. The lease contracts do not contain any significant restrictions or covenants.

The Company's lease liabilities at December 31, 2024 totalled \$41 (December 31, 2023 – \$61) and the annual minimum payment requirements for these liabilities were as follows:

For the year:	
2025	\$ 10
2026	11
2027	9
2028	5
2029	3
Thereafter	7
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 45
Less: imputed interest	(4)
Balance of obligations under lease	\$ 41

During 2024, the Company recognized \$2 (2023 – \$2) in interest expense related to its lease liabilities, which was included in other expenses. The Company had total cash disbursements of \$12 (2023 – \$12) related to lease liabilities.

Information concerning right-of-use assets is disclosed in note 7.

14. LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The following tables provide an analysis of liabilities arising from financing activities:

	December 31, 2024	December 31, 2023
Principal balance of intercompany loans payable to Investment Holding Companies	\$ 5,155	\$ 3,874
Principal balance of lease liabilities	45	69
Accrued and imputed interest	(4)	(8)
Net financing obligations	\$ 5,196	\$ 3,935

	Intercompany Loans Payable to Investment Holding Companies	Lease Liabilities	Total
Balance – December 31, 2022	\$ 3,488	\$ 70	\$ 3,558
Issuance of loans ⁽ⁱ⁾	515	–	515
Interest accrued	3	2	5
Repayment of financing obligations	(73)	(10)	(83)
Non-cash settlements	(59)	–	(59)
Cash interest paid	–	(2)	(2)
Foreign exchange	–	1	1
Balance – December 31, 2023	\$ 3,874	\$ 61	\$ 3,935
Issuance of loans ⁽ⁱ⁾	1,281	–	1,281
Interest accrued	3	2	5
Repayment of financing obligations	–	(10)	(10)
Non-cash settlement	(3)	–	(3)
Lease assignments	–	(8)	(8)
Cash interest paid	–	(2)	(2)
Foreign exchange	–	(2)	(2)
Balance – December 31, 2024	\$ 5,155	\$ 41	\$ 5,196

(i) Includes non-cash issuances of \$376 in exchange for certain equity investments and treasury investments (December 31, 2023 – \$180).

15. INCOME TAXES

The reconciliation of statutory income tax rates to the Company's effective tax rate is as follows:

Year ended December 31	2024	2023
Income tax expense at statutory rate	\$ 81	\$ 141
Changes related to:		
Non-taxable net gains on corporate investments	(59)	(110)
Utilization of tax loss carryforwards not previously benefited	(27)	(45)
Non-taxable dividends	(6)	(14)
Non-deductible stock-based compensation expense	6	20
Other, including permanent differences	7	11
Provision for income taxes	\$ 2	\$ 3
Classified as:		
Current	\$ 2	\$ 1
Deferred	–	2
Provision for income taxes	\$ 2	\$ 3

The Company deferred income tax assets and liabilities outstanding as of December 31, 2023 and 2024 are less than \$1.

As at December 31, 2024, Onex and the Asset Managers had \$529 of non-capital loss carryforwards and \$1 of capital loss carryforwards that were available to offset current and future taxable income when realized. However, a net deferred tax asset has not been recognized in respect of these income tax losses since it is not probable, as of December 31, 2024, that sufficient taxable income or taxable temporary differences will arise in the future to utilize these losses prior to their expiry. The Company will continue to assess the likelihood of sufficient future taxable income being recognized to utilize available tax losses.

During 2023 and 2024, no deferred tax provision was recognized on income from Onex' investments in foreign Investment Holding Companies since the Company had determined, as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, that it is probable these earnings will be indefinitely reinvested. In addition, foreign realized and unrealized gains are typically not subject to taxation in the foreign tax jurisdictions.

At December 31, 2024, the aggregate amount of taxable temporary differences not recognized in association with investments in subsidiaries was \$2,519 (December 31, 2023 – \$2,157). The aggregate taxable amount of realized and unrealized investment gains that have not been repatriated to Canada is \$3,918 (December 31, 2023 – \$4,357).

In June 2024, Canada, the jurisdiction in which Onex Corporation is incorporated, enacted the Global Minimum Tax Act (the "GMTA"). The GMTA implements the global minimum tax under Pillar Two into Canadian tax law and will apply to Onex retroactively from January 1, 2024. Under Pillar Two, Onex is required to pay a top-up tax for the difference between its Global Anti-Base Erosion ("GloBE") effective tax rate and the 15% minimum tax rate for all constituent entities within a given tax jurisdiction. The Company has estimated that no Pillar Two top-up tax is payable for the 2024 tax year.

16. SHARE CAPITAL

a) The authorized share capital of the Company consists of the following:

i) 100,000 Multiple Voting Shares, which entitle their holders to elect 60% of the Company's directors and carry such number of votes in the aggregate as represents 60% of the aggregate votes attached to all shares of the Company carrying voting rights. The Multiple Voting Shares have no entitlement to a distribution on winding up or dissolution other than the payment of their nominal paid-in value.

ii) An unlimited number of SVS, which carry one vote per share and as a class are entitled to 40% of the aggregate votes attached to all shares of the Company carrying voting rights to elect 40% of the Company's directors and to appoint the Company's auditor. These

shares are entitled, subject to the prior rights of other classes, to distributions of the residual assets on winding up and to any declared but unpaid cash dividends. The shares are entitled to receive cash dividends, dividends in kind and stock dividends as and when declared by the Board of Directors.

The Multiple Voting Shares and SVS are subject to provisions whereby, if an event of change occurs, the Multiple Voting Shares will thereupon be entitled to elect only 20% of the Company's directors and otherwise will cease to have any general voting rights. The SVS would then carry 100% of the general voting rights and be entitled to elect 80% of the Company's directors. An event of change would occur if Mr. Gerald W. Schwartz ceased to hold directly or indirectly more than 5,000,000 of Onex' SVS. An event of change may also occur if Mr. Gerald W. Schwartz ceases to hold the role of Chairman of Onex. Notwithstanding the preceding events, an event of change will be deemed to have occurred in May 2026.

iii) An unlimited number of Senior and Junior Preferred Shares issuable in series. The Company's directors are empowered to fix the rights to be attached to each series.

b) At December 31, 2024, the issued and outstanding share capital consisted of 100,000 Multiple Voting Shares (December 31, 2023 – 100,000) and 71,715,920 SVS (December 31, 2023 – 77,399,292). The Multiple Voting Shares have a nominal paid-in value in these consolidated financial statements.

There were no issued and outstanding Senior and Junior Preferred Shares at December 31, 2024 or 2023.

c) Onex renewed its Normal Course Issuer Bid in April 2024 for one year, permitting the Company to purchase on the Toronto Stock Exchange up to 10% of the public float of its SVS. The 10% limit represents approximately 6.3 million shares.

In November 2024, Onex initiated a Substantial Issuer Bid, for which the Company offered to repurchase for cancellation up to C\$400 of its SVS. The offer to repurchase Onex SVS under the Substantial Issuer Bid expired on December 23, 2024.

During 2024, the Company repurchased and cancelled 5,693,741 of its SVS for a cost of \$417 (C\$583) or an average cost per share of \$73.28 (C\$102.39). In addition, Onex incurred expenses totalling \$9 (C\$13) in connection with the Substantial Issuer Bid and share repurchase tax. The excess of the purchase cost of these shares over the average paid-in amount was \$409 (C\$573), which was charged to retained earnings. The shares repurchased were comprised of: (i) 2,436,019 SVS repurchased under the Normal Course Issuer Bid at a cost of \$168 (C\$228) or an average cost per share of \$68.83 (C\$93.70); (ii) 2,257,722 SVS repurchased under the Substantial Issuer Bid at a cost of \$183 (C\$264) or a cost per share of \$81.28 (C\$117.00); and (iii) 1,000,000 SVS repurchased in a private transaction for a total cost of \$66 (C\$91) or a cost per share of \$66.06 (C\$90.60). As at December 31, 2024, the Company had the capacity under the current Normal Course Issuer Bid to repurchase 3,434,054 shares.

During 2023, the Company repurchased and cancelled 3,479,066 of its SVS for a total cost of \$196 (C\$264) or an average cost per share of \$56.44 (C\$76.01). The excess of the purchase cost of these shares over the average paid-in amount was \$186 (C\$250), which was charged to retained earnings. The shares repurchased were comprised of: (i) 2,479,066 SVS repurchased under the Normal Course Issuer Bid for a total cost of \$137 (C\$184) or an average cost per share of \$55.17 (C\$74.09); and (ii) 1,000,000 SVS repurchased

in a private transaction for a total cost of \$59 (C\$81) or a weighted average cost per share of \$59.59 (C\$80.76).

During 2024, 10,369 SVS were issued upon the exercise of stock options at an average price per share of C\$111.29. During 2023, 70,015 SVS were issued upon the exercise of stock options at an average price per share of C\$77.28.

d) The Company has DSU, PSU and RSU Plans, as described in note 1.

Details of DSUs outstanding under the plans were as follows:

	Management DSU Plan		Director DSU Plan		PSU and RSU Plans	
	Number of DSUs	Weighted Average Price	Number of DSUs	Weighted Average Price	Number of PSUs and RSUs	Weighted Average Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	846,250		637,782		80,022	
Granted	-	-	52,519	C\$ 61.71	251,996	C\$ 71.57
Redeemed	(2,767)	C\$ 85.66	(129,061)	C\$ 79.22	(73,714)	C\$ 77.71
Forfeited	-	-	-	-	(106,957)	C\$ 72.66
Additional units issued in lieu of compensation and cash dividends	4,731	C\$ 71.71	17,754	C\$ 74.83	1,232	C\$ 70.93
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	848,214		578,994		152,579	
Granted	2,667	C\$ 101.10	32,250	C\$ 99.69	247,785	C\$ 103.27
Redeemed	(24,062)	C\$ 101.09	-	-	(91,584)	C\$ 111.93
Forfeited	-	-	-	-	(9,584)	C\$ 89.79
Additional units issued in lieu of compensation and cash dividends	3,414	C\$ 97.90	13,092	C\$ 100.15	1,304	C\$ 98.14
Outstanding at December 31, 2024⁽ⁱ⁾	830,233		624,336		300,500	

(i) All outstanding DSUs, PSUs and RSUs at December 31, 2024 are hedged with counterparty financial institutions.

e) The Company has a Plan under which options and/or share appreciation rights for a term not exceeding 10 years may be granted to directors, officers and employees for the acquisition of SVS of the Company at a price not less than the market value of the shares on the business day preceding the day of the grant. Under the Plan, no options or share appreciation rights may be exercised unless the average market price of the SVS for the five previous business days exceeds the exercise price of the options or the share appreciation rights by at least 25% (the "hurdle price"). At December 31, 2024, 15,366,193 SVS (December 31, 2023 - 15,376,562) were reserved for issuance under the Plan, against which options representing 3,863,823 shares (December 31, 2023 - 6,118,671) were

outstanding, of which 2,857,611 options were vested. The Plan provides that the number of options issued to certain individuals in aggregate may not exceed 10% of the shares outstanding at the time the options are issued.

Options granted vest at a rate of 20% per year from the date of grant. When an option is exercised, the employee has the right to request that the Company repurchase the option for an amount equal to the difference between the fair value of the stock under the option and its exercise price. Upon receipt of such request, the Company has the right to settle its obligation to the employee by the payment of cash, the issuance of shares or a combination of cash and shares.

Details of the options outstanding were as follows:

	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding at December 31, 2022	7,584,295	C\$ 78.94
Granted	375,438	C\$ 70.71
Surrendered for cash	(1,172,008)	C\$ 59.22
Exercised for SVS	(263,512)	C\$ 57.42
Expired or forfeited	(405,542)	C\$ 83.87
Outstanding at December 31, 2023	6,118,671	C\$ 82.81
Granted	595,618	C\$ 99.21
Surrendered for cash	(2,407,845)	C\$ 80.71
Exercised for SVS	(27,000)	C\$ 63.53
Expired or forfeited	(415,621)	C\$ 89.89
Outstanding at December 31, 2024	3,863,823	C\$ 86.02

During 2024 and 2023, the total cash consideration paid on options surrendered, including employer taxes, was \$52 (C\$72) and \$17 (C\$23), respectively. These amounts represent the difference between the market value of the Onex SVS at the time of surrender and the exercise price, both as determined under the Plan. The weighted average share price at the date of exercise was C\$110.33 per share (2023 – C\$78.83).

Options outstanding at December 31, 2024 consisted of the following:

Exercise Prices	Number of Options Outstanding	Number of Options Exercisable	Hurdle Prices	Weighted Average Remaining Life (Years)
C\$ 63.62 – C\$ 69.99	48,500	8,800	C\$ 79.53 – C\$ 83.09	8.0
C\$ 70.00 – C\$ 79.99	669,205	277,161	C\$ 89.03 – C\$ 98.28	6.4
C\$ 80.00 – C\$ 89.99	1,686,000	1,634,800	C\$ 102.09 – C\$ 106.13	4.7
C\$ 90.00 – C\$ 103.96	1,460,118	–	C\$ 115.19 – C\$ 129.95	4.8
Total	3,863,823	1,920,761		

17. REVENUES

The Company generates revenues by providing asset management and advisory services. Revenues are generated from the following sources:

	Management and Advisory Fees	Performance Fees and Carried Interest from Credit	Reimbursement of Expenses	Total
Year ended December 31, 2024				
Credit				
Structured Credit Strategies	\$ 76	\$ 1	\$ 12	\$ 89
Other Credit Strategies	31	5	5	41
Private Equity ⁽ⁱ⁾	93	–	21	114
Total	\$ 200	\$ 6	\$ 38	\$ 244

(i) Includes advisory fees and reimbursement of expenses from the Onex Partners and ONCAP operating businesses.

	Management and Advisory Fees	Performance Fees and Carried Interest from Credit	Reimbursement of Expenses	Total
Year ended December 31, 2023				
Credit				
Structured Credit Strategies	\$ 61	\$ –	\$ 9	\$ 70
Other Credit Strategies	79	13	4	96
Private Equity ⁽ⁱ⁾	112	–	30	142
Total	\$ 252	\$ 13	\$ 43	\$ 308

(i) Includes advisory fees and reimbursement of expenses from the Onex Partners and ONCAP operating businesses.

18. INTEREST AND NET TREASURY INVESTMENT INCOME

Interest and net treasury investment income recognized by the Company consisted of income earned from certain investments recognized at fair value through net earnings (loss).

19. STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION EXPENSE

Stock-based compensation expense comprised the following:

Year ended December 31	2024	2023
Stock Option Plan	\$ 23	\$ 70
PSU and RSU Plans	13	4
Director DSU Plan	–	1
Total stock-based compensation expense	\$ 36	\$ 75

The fair value of Onex' Stock Option Plan is determined using an option valuation model. The significant inputs into the model were the share price at December 31, 2024 of C\$112.28 (December 31, 2023 – C\$92.53), the exercise price of the options, the remaining life of each option issuance, the volatility of each option issuance ranging from 23.38% to 30.81% (December 31, 2023 – 21.39% to 31.91%), the average dividend yield of 0.36% (December 31, 2023 – 0.43%) and an average risk-free rate of 2.95% (December 31, 2023 – 3.29%). The volatility is measured as the historical volatility based on the remaining life of each respective option issuance.

The fair values of the DSU, PSU and RSU Plans are determined by reference to the market value of Onex' SVS at the balance sheet dates, as described in note 1. Onex economically hedges its exposure to changes in the trading price of Onex SVS associated with the DSU, PSU and RSU Plans, as described in notes 1 and 6.

20. OTHER EXPENSES

Other expenses comprised the following:

Year ended December 31	2024	2023
Professional services	\$ 14	\$ 12
Information technology	10	11
Research subscriptions	4	6
Facilities	4	5
Directors' compensation	3	3
Interest expense from lease liabilities	2	2
Travel	1	3
Contract employees	1	2
Insurance	1	2
Integration expense	–	4
Administrative and other	7	11
Total other expenses	\$ 47	\$ 61

21. NET EARNINGS PER SUBORDINATE VOTING SHARE

The weighted average number of SVS for the purpose of the net earnings per share calculations was as follows:

Year ended December 31	2024	2023
Weighted average number of shares outstanding <i>(in millions)</i> :		
Basic	76	79
Diluted	76	79

22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets held by the Company, presented by financial statement line item, were as follows:

	Fair Value through Net Earnings (Loss)		Amortized Cost ⁽ⁱ⁾	Total
	Recognized	Designated		
December 31, 2024				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 929	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 929
Treasury investments	83	-	-	83
Management and advisory fees, recoverable fund expenses and other receivables	-	-	538	538
Corporate investments	11,532	487	-	12,019
Forward agreements and other assets	147	-	-	147
Total	\$ 12,691	\$ 487	\$ 538	\$ 13,716

(i) The carrying value of financial assets at amortized cost approximated their fair value.

	Fair Value through Net Earnings (Loss)		Amortized Cost ⁽ⁱ⁾	Total
	Recognized	Designated		
December 31, 2023				
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 265	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 265
Management and advisory fees, recoverable fund expenses and other receivables	-	-	679	679
Corporate investments	11,147	374	-	11,521
Forward agreements and other assets	122	-	-	122
Total	\$ 11,534	\$ 374	\$ 679	\$ 12,587

(i) The carrying value of financial assets at amortized cost approximated their fair value.

Financial liabilities held by the Company, presented by financial statement line item, were as follows:

	Fair Value through Net Earnings (Loss)		Amortized Cost	Total
	Designated			
December 31, 2024				
Financial liabilities				
Intercompany loans payable to				
Investment Holding Companies	\$ 5,155		\$ -	\$ 5,155
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-		25	25
Lease liabilities	-		41	41
Other liabilities	-		6	6
Total	\$ 5,155		\$ 72	\$ 5,227

	Fair Value through Net Earnings (Loss)		Amortized Cost	Total
	Recognized	Designated		
December 31, 2023				
Financial liabilities				
Intercompany loans payable to				
Investment Holding Companies	\$ -	\$ 3,874	\$ -	\$ 3,874
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	-	23	23
Contingent consideration	15	-	-	15
Lease liabilities	-	-	61	61
Other liabilities	-	-	7	7
Total	\$ 15	\$ 3,874	\$ 91	\$ 3,980

At December 31, 2024, intercompany loans payable to Investment Holding Companies that are recorded at fair value through net earnings (loss) had contractual amounts due on maturity of \$5,155 (2023 - \$3,874).

The gains recognized by the Company related to financial assets and liabilities during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

Year ended December 31	2024	2023
Financial assets recognized at fair value through net earnings (loss)		
Net gain on corporate investments	\$ 385	\$ 800
Net gain and interest income from treasury investments	18	14
Net gain from forward agreements ⁽ⁱ⁾	14	35
Financial liabilities recognized at fair value through net earnings (loss)		
Contingent consideration recovery ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	15	42
Interest expense	(3)	-
Financial liabilities at amortized cost		
Interest expense	(2)	(2)
Total net gain recognized	\$ 427	\$ 889

(i) Onex has entered into forward agreements related to its DSU, PSU and RSU Plans, as described in note 1. The net gain from forward agreements is recognized within stock-based compensation expense.

(iii) The contingent consideration recovery of \$15 in 2024 was included in the net loss on the transfer of Onex Falcon, which is recorded within restructuring expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive earnings, as described in note 9.

23. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair values of financial instruments

The estimated fair values of financial instruments as at December 31, 2024 and 2023 were based on relevant market prices and information available at those dates. The carrying values of receivables, accounts payable, accrued liabilities, lease liabilities and other liabilities approximated the fair values of these financial instruments.

Financial instruments measured at fair value are allocated within the fair value hierarchy based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Transfers between the three levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized on the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no significant transfers between the three levels of the fair value hierarchy during 2024 and 2023. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (“Level 1”);
- Significant other observable inputs (“Level 2”); and
- Significant other unobservable inputs (“Level 3”).

The allocation of financial assets in the fair value hierarchy, excluding cash and cash equivalents (which are a Level 1 measurement), was as follows:

As at December 31, 2024	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through net earnings (loss)				
Investments in equities ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,532	\$ 11,532
Investments in debt	-	83	-	83
Intercompany loans receivable from Investment Holding Companies	-	487	-	487
Forward agreements and other assets	8	138	1	147
Total financial assets at fair value through net earnings (loss)	\$ 8	\$ 708	\$ 11,533	\$ 12,249

(i) Onex' investments in the Investment Holding Companies are further described in note 5.

As at December 31, 2023	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through net earnings (loss)				
Investments in equities ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,147	\$ 11,147
Intercompany loans receivable from Investment Holding Companies	-	374	-	374
Forward agreements and other assets	11	111	-	122
Total financial assets at fair value through net earnings (loss)	\$ 11	\$ 485	\$ 11,147	\$ 11,643

(i) Onex' investments in the Investment Holding Companies are further described in note 5.

Financial liabilities measured at fair value at December 31, 2024 consisted of intercompany loans payable to Investment Holding Companies totalling \$5,155 (December 31, 2023 – \$3,874), which are a Level 2 measurement in the fair value hierarchy. Financial liabilities measured at fair value at December 31, 2023 also included contingent consideration payable of \$15, which is a Level 3 measurement in the fair value hierarchy.

Details of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were as follows:

	Financial Assets at Fair Value through Net Earnings (Loss)	Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Net Earnings (Loss)
Balance – December 31, 2022	\$ 10,477	\$ 57
Change in fair value recognized in net earnings	800	(42)
Net distributions received from the Investment Holding Companies ⁽ⁱ⁾	(130)	–
Balance – December 31, 2023	\$ 11,147	\$ 15
Change in fair value recognized in net earnings	385	–
Reversal of Onex Falcon contingent consideration	–	(15)
Other	1	–
Balance – December 31, 2024	\$ 11,533	\$ –
Unrealized change in fair value of assets and liabilities recognized in net earnings during 2024	\$ 384	\$ –

(i) Net distributions received from the Investment Holding Companies and net investments made in the Investment Holding Companies include activity associated with intercompany loans payable by Onex and the Asset Managers to the Investment Holding Companies.

Financial assets measured at fair value with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) were recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings in the net gain on corporate investments line item.

The valuation of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value with significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) is determined quarterly using company-specific considerations and available market data of comparable public companies. The fair value measurements for corporate investments were primarily driven by the underlying net asset values of Onex' investments in the Onex Partners Funds, ONCAP Funds and private credit strategies. The valuation of underlying non-public investments requires significant judgement due to the absence of quoted market values, the inherent lack of liquidity, the long-term nature of such investments and heightened market uncertainty as a result of global inflationary pressures, changes in interest rates and heightened geopolitical risks. A change to reasonably possible alternative estimates and assumptions in the valuation of non-public investments in the Onex Partners Funds and ONCAP Funds, as well as investments held in private credit strategies, may have a significant impact on the fair values calculated for these financial assets.

The Company used the adjusted net asset method to derive the fair values of its investments in its Investment Holding Companies by reference to the underlying fair value of the Investment Holding Companies' assets and liabilities, along with assessing any required discount or premium to be applied to the net asset values. The discount or premium applied to the net asset values of the Investment

Holding Companies was a significant unobservable input. The Company determined that the adjusted net asset method was the appropriate valuation technique to be used, considering the value of the Investment Holding Companies is primarily derived from the assets they hold, which primarily consists of investments in private equity and private credit strategies and intercompany loans receivable from Onex and the Asset Managers. The Company has determined that no discount or premium was required for the net asset values of its Investment Holding Companies at December 31, 2024 and 2023. If a discount of 1% or a premium of 1% were applied to all of the net asset values of the Investment Holding Companies, with all other variables remaining constant, the total fair value of the Company's corporate investments at December 31, 2024 would decrease or increase by \$115 (December 31, 2023 – \$111).

Private equity investments

The valuation of investments in the Onex Partners Funds and ONCAP Funds is reviewed and approved by the General Partner of the respective fund each quarter.

The valuation of public investments held directly by Onex or through the Onex Partners Funds is based on their publicly traded closing prices at December 31, 2024 and 2023. For certain public investments, a discount is applied to the closing price in relation to restrictions that were in place relating to the securities held by Onex or the Onex Partners Funds. At December 31, 2024, no discount on the closing price of Onex' public investments was required. At December 31, 2023, these discounts resulted in a reduction of \$47 in the fair value of corporate investments.

Valuation methodologies for the underlying private equity investments may include observations of the trading multiples of public companies considered comparable to the private companies being valued and discounted cash flows. The following table presents the significant unobservable inputs used to value the private equity funds' underlying private securities that impact the valuation of corporate investments.

Investment Platform	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Inputs at December 31, 2024	Inputs at December 31, 2023
Onex Partners Funds	Comparable company valuation multiple	Adjusted EBITDA multiples	8.5x – 21.2x	8.5x – 20.4x
Onex Partners Funds	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average costs of capital	13.4% – 20.3%	15.0% – 21.3%
		Exit multiples	4.0x – 19.5x	4.0x – 19.5x
ONCAP Funds	Comparable company valuation multiple	Adjusted EBITDA multiples	7.5x – 10.0x	8.3x – 20.0x
ONCAP Funds	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average costs of capital	12.8% – 20.6%	12.2% – 21.0%
		Exit multiples	7.7x – 20.0x	5.0x – 13.0x

In addition, at December 31, 2024, the Onex Partners Funds had one investment that was valued using the adjusted net assets approach, one investment that was valued based on a multiple of book value, one investment that was valued based on a recent precedent transaction and three investments that were valued at cost as this approximated fair value. At December 31, 2023, the Onex Partners Funds had one investment that was valued using the adjusted net assets approach, one investment that was valued using a convertible bond model, one investment that was valued based on a multiple of book value and one investment that was valued based on estimated sales proceeds. At December 31, 2024, the ONCAP Funds had one investment valued at cost as this approximated fair value.

The impact on the fair value of corporate investments as at December 31, 2024 from changes in the significant unobservable inputs used to value the private equity funds' underlying private securities included the following:

Investment Platform	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Multiple Increase by 0.5	Multiple Decrease by 0.5
Onex Partners Funds	Comparable company valuation multiple	Adjusted EBITDA multiples	\$ 139	\$ [136]
ONCAP Funds	Comparable company valuation multiple	Adjusted EBITDA multiples	\$ 25	\$ [25]

Investment Platform	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Multiple Increase by 0.5	Multiple Decrease by 0.5
Onex Partners Funds	Discounted cash flow	Exit multiples	\$ 74	\$ [74]
ONCAP Funds	Discounted cash flow	Exit multiples	\$ 37	\$ [37]

Investment Platform	Valuation Technique	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Decrease of 0.5 Percentage Point	Increase of 0.5 Percentage Point
Onex Partners Funds	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average costs of capital	\$ 29	\$ [28]
ONCAP Funds	Discounted cash flow	Weighted average costs of capital	\$ 17	\$ [16]

Generally, adjusted EBITDA represents earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization as well as other adjustments. Other adjustments can include non-cash costs of stock-based compensation and retention plans, transition and restructuring expenses including severance payments, annualized pro-forma adjustments for acquisitions, the impact of derivative instruments that no longer qualify for hedge accounting, the impacts of purchase accounting and other similar amounts. Adjusted EBITDA is a measurement that is not defined under IFRS Accounting Standards.

During 2024, Onex' investments in publicly traded companies generated a net loss of \$16, which includes a net loss from PowerSchool during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. The underlying securities held in private companies generated a net gain of \$307. Included in the net gain during 2024 is a foreign exchange mark-to-market loss of \$60. At December 31, 2024, Onex' private equity investments denominated in Canadian dollars and pounds sterling totalled approximately \$515 (C\$740) and \$355 (£285), respectively.

Private credit investments

The valuation of investments in the Credit Funds is reviewed and approved by the General Partner or the applicable responsible party of the respective fund at each reporting period.

The valuation of certain investments held by the Liquid strategies is measured by obtaining quoted market prices or broker quotes for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Valuation methodologies used for certain investments held by the Opportunistic Credit strategies may include comparable market yield analysis, enterprise value coverage analysis, liquidation analysis and weighting to available quoted levels or recent and comparable market transactions.

Investments in the Credit CLOs and Other Structured strategies are valued using internally developed pricing models based on a projection of the future cash flows expected to be realized from the underlying collateral of the CLOs, which is a Level 3 measurement in the fair value hierarchy. These pricing models include third-party pricing information and a number of unobservable inputs, including default rates, discount rates and recovery rates. Significant increases or decreases in certain unobservable inputs in isolation may result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement. Fair values determined by the internally developed pricing models are also compared to fair values determined by third-party pricing models to ensure management's estimates are reasonable.

The following table presents the significant unobservable inputs used to value Onex' investments in the Credit CLOs.

Investment Platform	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Inputs at December 31, 2024	Inputs at December 31, 2023
U.S. CLOs	Default rate	2%	2%
	Discount rate	13% – 21%	16% – 21%
	Recovery rate	55%	55%
EURO CLOs	Default rate	2%	2%
	Discount rate	16% – 21%	16% – 21%
	Recovery rate	55%	55%

In addition, at December 31, 2024, Credit had six U.S. and two European CLOs that were valued at cost as this approximated fair value (December 31, 2023 – one U.S. CLO and one European CLO).

The impact on the fair value of corporate investments as at December 31, 2024 from changes in the significant unobservable inputs used to value Onex' investments in the CLOs included the following:

Investment Platform	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Decrease of 1.5 Percentage Points	Increase of 1.5 Percentage Points
U.S. CLOs	Default rate	\$ 35	\$ (40)
EURO CLOs	Default rate	\$ 11	\$ (11)

Investment Platform	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Decrease of 3.0 Percentage Points	Increase of 3.0 Percentage Points
U.S. CLOs	Discount rate	\$ 16	\$ (14)
EURO CLOs	Discount rate	\$ 4	\$ (3)

Investment Platform	Significant Unobservable Inputs	Increase of 15.0 Percentage Points	Decrease of 15.0 Percentage Points
U.S. CLOs	Recovery rate	\$ 14	\$ (15)
EURO CLOs	Recovery rate	\$ 4	\$ (4)

24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISKS

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform its obligation and cause the Company to incur a loss.

Cash, cash equivalents and treasury investments are subject to credit risk. Certain underlying assets within corporate investments are debt securities which are also subject to credit risk.

At December 31, 2024, Onex, including its Investment Holding Companies, had cash, cash equivalents and treasury investments held by a third-party investment manager at market value of \$245 and cash held at financial institutions or invested in money market funds of \$961. Cash and cash equivalents are held with financial institutions having a current Standard & Poor's short-term rating of A-1 or above. Treasury investments have current Standard & Poor's ratings ranging from BBB to AAA. The portfolio concentration limits range from a maximum of 10% for BBB investments to 100% for AAA investments.

The Company's management and advisory fees receivable, recoverable fund expenses receivable and other receivables, including those held by the Investment Holding Companies, are also subject to credit risk. The Company did not experience any collection issues with receivables during 2024 or 2023.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that Onex will have insufficient funds on hand to meet its obligations as they come due. Onex needs to be in a position to support the operating businesses its private equity funds invest in when and if it is appropriate and reasonable for Onex, as an equity owner with paramount duties to act in the best interests of Onex shareholders, to do so. Maintaining sufficient liquidity at Onex is important given Onex, as a holding company, generally does not have guaranteed sources of meaningful cash flow to support its investing activities.

Accounts payable are generally due within 90 days. The repayment schedule for leases is disclosed in note 13. Onex has no external debt and does not guarantee the debt of the operating businesses of the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds or any other operating business Onex invests in directly. Onex has provided guarantees for credit facilities that certain members of the management team have access to in connection with personal investments made in certain Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds, as more fully described in note 26(a). Onex has also made commitments to invest in certain private equity and private credit strategies that it manages, as described in note 26.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The Company is primarily exposed to fluctuations in the foreign currency exchange rates associated with the Canadian dollar, U.S. dollar, pound sterling and euro, as well as fluctuations in EURIBOR, SOFR and the U.S. prime interest rate.

Foreign currency exchange rates

The functional currency of Onex is the U.S. dollar; however, certain cash and cash equivalents, receivables, corporate investments, forward hedging agreements, accounts payable and lease liabilities are denominated in Canadian dollars, while certain cash and cash equivalents, private credit corporate investments, receivables and accounts payable are denominated in euros. In addition, the Company has cash and cash equivalents, corporate investments, receivables, accounts payable and a lease liability denominated in pounds sterling. As a result, Onex is exposed to currency risk related to these financial instruments. At December 31, 2024, had the U.S. dollar strengthened by 5% relative to the Canadian dollar, euro and pound sterling, with all other variables held constant, the net decrease in net earnings from financial instruments would have been \$13. Conversely, had the U.S. dollar weakened by 5% relative to the Canadian dollar, euro and pound sterling, with all other variables held constant, the net increase in net earnings from financial instruments would have been \$14. Certain underlying investments held by the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds may be denominated in Canadian dollars, euros or pounds sterling, while Onex' investments in these funds are denominated in U.S. dollars, with the exception of investments made in the ONCAP II and ONCAP III Funds, which are denominated in Canadian dollars. As such, Onex is also indirectly exposed to foreign currency exchange risk associated with these underlying investments. Refer to note 23 for further information concerning Onex' private equity investments denominated in Canadian dollars and pounds sterling.

Interest rates

The Company is exposed to changes in future cash flows as a result of changes in the interest rate environment, primarily through the cash and cash equivalents held in money market funds, short-term term deposits and commercial paper. Assuming no significant changes in cash balances held by the Company from those at December 31, 2024, a one percentage point increase (one percentage point decrease) in the interest rate would not result in a material impact on interest income recognized.

Onex also has exposure to interest rate risk through its treasury investments managed by a third-party investment manager. As interest rates change, the fair values of fixed income investments are inversely impacted. Investments with shorter durations are less impacted by changes in interest rates compared to investments with longer durations. At December 31, 2024, Onex' treasury investments had \$77 of fixed income securities measured at fair value, which are subject to interest rate risk. These securities had a weighted average duration of 0.3 years. Other factors, including general economic and political conditions, may also affect the value of fixed income securities. These risks are monitored on an ongoing basis and the treasury investments may be repositioned in response to changes in market conditions.

Price risk

Price risk is the risk of variability in fair value as a result of movements in equity prices. Onex is exposed to price risk in relation to the equity interests in its private equity investments held within its corporate investments. At December 31, 2024, had the price of equity securities held within corporate investments related to private equity investments decreased by 5%, with all other variables held constant, the decrease in net earnings would have been \$287. Conversely, had the price increased by 5%, with all other variables held constant, the increase in net earnings would have been \$287. Onex' investments in private credit strategies are primarily held in underlying debt instruments. Onex is not exposed to significant price risks associated with its interest in private credit investments.

Regulatory risk

Onex is subject to government regulations and oversight with respect to its business activities. Failure to comply with applicable regulations, obtain applicable regulatory approvals or maintain those approvals may subject Onex to civil penalties, suspension or withdrawal of any regulatory approval obtained, injunctions, operating restrictions and criminal prosecutions and penalties, which could, individually or in the aggregate, have a material adverse effect on Onex' consolidated financial position.

25. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES

Onex considers the capital it manages to be the amounts it has in cash and cash equivalents, near-cash investments, treasury investments managed by a third-party investment manager and the investments made in its private equity funds, credit strategies and other investments. Onex' objectives in managing capital are to:

- preserve a financially strong parent company with appropriate liquidity and no, or a limited amount of, external debt so that funds are available to pursue new investments and growth opportunities, as well as support expansion of its existing businesses;
- achieve an appropriate return on capital invested commensurate with the level of assumed risk;
- build the long-term value of its corporate investments; and
- control the risk associated with capital invested in any particular strategy. Onex Corporation does not guarantee the debt of its investment funds or the underlying operating businesses of its private equity funds.

A portion of the Company's capital is managed by a third-party investment manager. At December 31, 2024, the fair value of investments, including cash yet to be deployed, managed by the third-party investment manager was \$245. The investments are managed in a mix of short- and long-term portfolios and include liquid investments, including money market instruments and commercial paper with original maturities of three months to one year, in addition to longer-term investments, which can include federal and municipal debt instruments, corporate obligations and structured products with maturities of one year to five years. The investments are managed to maintain an overall weighted average duration of two years or less.

The strategy for risk management of capital has not changed significantly since December 31, 2023.

26. COMMITMENTS AND RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

a) Other commitments

Incline Aviation Fund, Incline Aviation Fund II and Incline Aviation Fund III (“Incline Aviation Funds”) are aircraft investment funds managed by BBAM, which in turn is an operating business of Onex Partners III. At December 31, 2024, Onex’ total uncalled commitments to Incline Aviation Funds were \$50 (December 31, 2023 – \$59).

Onex has provided guarantees for credit facilities that certain members of the management team have access to in connection with personal investments made in certain Onex Partners, ONCAP and Onex Credit Funds. Borrowings under these credit facilities are collateralized by the personal assets of each participating management team member. These credit facilities had \$1 outstanding at December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – \$2).

c) Commitments to Onex Partners Funds

Onex Partners III, Onex Partners IV, Onex Partners V and Onex Partners Opportunities (collectively, the “Onex Partners Funds”) were established to provide committed capital for Onex-sponsored acquisitions not related to Onex’ direct investments or ONCAP. Onex controls the General Partner and Manager of the Onex Partners Funds. The following table provides information concerning Onex’ commitments to the Onex Partners Funds:

	Final Close Date	Total Onex Commitments	Onex Commitments Invested ⁽ⁱ⁾	Remaining Onex Commitments ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾
Onex Partners III	December 2009	\$ 1,200	\$ 929	\$ 99
Onex Partners IV	March 2014	\$ 1,700 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	\$ 1,600 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	\$ 46
Onex Partners V	November 2017	\$ 2,000	\$ 1,822	\$ 142
Onex Partners Opportunities ^(iv)	January 2025	\$ 400	\$ 145	\$ 255

(i) Amounts include capitalized acquisition costs and bridge financing, where applicable.

(ii) Onex’ remaining commitments are calculated based on the assumption that all remaining limited partners’ commitments are invested.

(iii) Excludes the impact of an additional commitment that was acquired by Onex from a limited partner in 2017.

(iv) Onex’ invested commitments in the Onex Partners Opportunities Fund were reduced to \$129 and its remaining commitments to the fund increased to \$271 following the final fundraising close of the fund in January 2025, as described in note 28.

The Onex Partners Opportunities Fund is a shorter duration fund which focuses on upper-middle-market investing in companies headquartered, organized, having principal executive offices or primarily operating in North America or Europe. The remaining commitments for Onex Partners Opportunities are primarily for the funding of future Onex-sponsored investments.

The remaining commitment for Onex Partners III is for future funding of partnership expenses. Up to \$38 of the remaining Onex Partners IV commitment is available for possible follow-on investments in a remaining business. Uncalled commitments from Onex Partners IV can also be used for future funding of partnership expenses. The remaining commitment for Onex Partners V is for possible follow-on investments and future funding of partnership expenses.

The Company has commitments with respect to leases, as described in note 13.

b) Legal contingencies

Onex is or may become a party to legal claims arising in the ordinary course of business. Onex has not recorded any legal provision as of December 31, 2024 or 2023 and does not believe that the resolution of known claims would reasonably be expected to have a material adverse impact on Onex’ consolidated financial position. However, the final outcome with respect to outstanding, pending or future actions cannot be predicted with certainty, and therefore there can be no assurance that their resolution will not have an adverse effect on Onex’ consolidated financial position.

Onex management has committed, as a group, to invest a minimum percentage in each of the Onex Partners Funds. The minimum commitment to Onex Partners Opportunities from Onex management is 2%, which may be adjusted annually to a maximum of 10%. At December 31, 2024, Onex management and directors have committed 6% to Onex Partners Opportunities for new investments completed in 2025. During 2024, Onex management and its directors invested \$28 in the Onex Partners Funds, including bridge financing, where applicable (2023 – \$7). The investments held by the Onex management team and directors, at fair value, in the Onex Partners Funds totalled \$452 at December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – \$622).

d) Commitments to ONCAP Funds

ONCAP III, ONCAP IV and ONCAP V (collectively, the “ONCAP Funds”) were established to provide committed capital for acquisitions of small and medium-sized businesses. Onex controls the General Partner and Manager of the ONCAP Funds. The following table provides information concerning Onex’ commitments to the ONCAP Funds:

	Final Close Date	Total Onex Commitments	Onex Commitments Invested⁽ⁱ⁾	Remaining Onex Commitments⁽ⁱⁱ⁾
ONCAP III	September 2011	C\$ 252	C\$ 203	C\$ 8
ONCAP IV	November 2016	\$ 480	\$ 443	\$ 15
ONCAP V ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	n/a	\$ 250	\$ 165	\$ 82

(i) Amounts include capitalized acquisition costs and bridge financing, where applicable.

(ii) Onex’ remaining commitments are calculated based on the assumption that all remaining limited partners’ commitments are invested.

(iii) Fundraising for ONCAP V is ongoing and Onex’ investment in the fund and remaining commitments to the fund will decrease and increase, respectively, as additional capital is raised by the fund in the future.

ONCAP V invests in operating companies organized, headquartered, having principal executive offices or significantly operating in, or deriving significant revenue from, the United States or Canada. ONCAP V will not invest more than 20% of aggregate commitments in any single operating company and its affiliates. The remaining commitment for ONCAP V is primarily for the funding of future ONCAP-sponsored investments.

The remaining commitments for ONCAP III and ONCAP IV are for possible follow-on investments in remaining businesses and future funding of partnership expenses.

ONCAP management has committed, as a group, to invest a minimum percentage in each of the ONCAP Funds. The minimum commitment to ONCAP V from ONCAP management is 2%. The commitment from management of Onex and ONCAP and directors may be increased to a maximum of 10% of ONCAP V. At December 31, 2024, management of Onex and ONCAP and directors have committed 8% to ONCAP V for new investments completed in 2025. During 2024, Onex management and its directors invested \$13 (2023 – \$58 in the ONCAP Funds). The investments in the ONCAP Funds held by the Onex management team and directors, at fair value, totalled \$162 at December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – \$155).

e) Carried interest participation

The General Partners of the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds are entitled to a carried interest of 20% on the realized net gains of the limited partners in each fund, subject to an 8% compound annual preferred return to those limited partners on all amounts contributed in each individual fund. Onex is entitled to 40% of the carried interest realized in the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds. Onex and Onex Partners management are allocated 60% of the carried interest realized in the Onex Partners Funds. For Onex Partners V, Onex Partners Opportunities and certain direct and co-investments, Onex Partners management is also entitled to a carried interest of 12% of the realized gains from Onex’ capital, subject to an 8% compound annual preferred return to Onex on amounts contributed to the fund or invested directly by Onex. ONCAP management is allocated 60% of the carried interest realized in the ONCAP Funds and an equivalent carried interest on Onex’ capital. If ONCAP IV investors achieve a return of two times their aggregate capital contributions, carried interest participation increases from 20% to 25% of the realized net gains. Under the terms of the partnership agreements, the General Partners may receive carried interest as realizations occur. The ultimate amount of carried interest earned will be based on the overall performance of each fund, independently, and includes typical catch-up and clawback provisions within each fund, but not between funds.

Carried interest received from Onex Partners I, Onex Partners II, Onex Partners III, Onex Partners IV and Onex Partners V has fully vested for Onex management. Carried interest received from Onex Partners Opportunities for management will substantially vest equally over three years from the first capital call of the fund. Carried interest received from ONCAP II, ONCAP III and ONCAP IV has fully vested for ONCAP management. Carried interest received from ONCAP V for management will vest equally over five years from July 2023.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, management's share of carried interest from realizations in Onex Partners and ONCAP was \$46 (2023 – \$35). Management has the potential to receive \$608 of carried interest on businesses in the Onex Partners Funds, ONCAP Funds and the continuation Funds that invest in Ryan, LLC and Wyse, based on their fair values as determined at December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – \$580, based on their fair values as determined at December 31, 2023).

The General Partners of the Onex Credit strategies are entitled to a carried interest of up to 20% on the realized net gains of the limited partners in certain private credit funds, provided the limited partners have achieved a minimum preferred rate of return on their investment. Onex receives 40% of the carried interest realized from Credit strategies, while the Onex Credit management team is allocated the remaining 60%.

During the year ended December 31, 2024, management's share of carried interest from realizations in the Credit strategies managed by Onex was \$3 (2023 – \$25, including carried interest received from the Falcon Funds). Management has the potential to receive \$37 of carried interest from Credit strategies managed by Onex based on their fair values as determined at December 31, 2024 (December 31, 2023 – \$110, based on fair values as determined by December 31, 2023, including unrealized carried interest from the Falcon Funds).

f) Management Investment Plan

For all investments completed prior to 2020 and excluding all Onex Partners V investments, the MIP required Onex management team members to invest in each of the operating businesses acquired or invested in by Onex. In addition to this required investment, management was allocated 12% of Onex' realized gain from an operating business investment, subject to certain conditions. In particular, Onex must realize the full return of its investment plus a net 15% internal rate of return from the investment in order for management to be allocated the additional gain on Onex' investment.

Realizations under the program during 2024 were \$6 (2023 – \$64) and were settled by certain Investment Holding Companies, which are accounted for as corporate investments at fair value through net earnings (loss), as described in note 1.

g) Stock Option Plan

Onex has a Stock Option Plan that provides for options and/or share appreciation rights to be granted to Onex directors, officers and employees for the acquisition of SVS of Onex, as more fully described in note 16(e).

h) Management Deferred Share Unit Plan

Onex has a Management Deferred Share Unit Plan, which enabled the Onex management team to apply all or a portion of their annual compensation earned to acquire DSUs based on the market value of Onex shares at the time, in lieu of cash, as more fully described in note 1.

i) Director Deferred Share Unit Plan

Onex has a Director Deferred Share Unit Plan, which entitles Onex directors to apply directors' fees earned to acquire DSUs based on the market value of Onex shares at the time, as more fully described in note 1.

j) Performance Share Unit Plan

Onex has a Performance Share Unit Plan, which entitles the holder to receive, upon redemption, a cash payment equivalent to the market value of an Onex SVS at the vesting date, as more fully described in note 1.

k) Restricted Share Unit Plan

Onex has a Restricted Share Unit Plan, which entitles Onex employees to receive, upon redemption, a cash payment equivalent to the market value of an Onex SVS at the vesting date, as more fully described in note 1.

l) OCLP I

Onex Credit Lending Partners ("OCLP I") provides committed capital for investments in senior secured loans and other loan investments in middle-market, upper middle-market and large private equity sponsor-owned portfolio companies and, selectively, other corporate borrowers. Onex controls the General Partner and Manager of OCLP I and as at December 31, 2024, Onex had invested \$79 of its \$100 commitment in OCLP I. Onex did not invest in OCLP I during 2024 (2023 – Onex invested \$5 in OCLP I). As at December 31, 2024, the Onex management team had invested \$63 of its \$80 commitment in OCLP I, of which none was invested during 2024 (2023 – \$3). The investment period for OCLP I has expired and the remaining uncalled commitments to the fund will be used for future fund expenses and to settle existing liabilities of the fund.

m) Onex Structured Credit Opportunities Fund

The Onex Structured Credit Opportunities Fund ("OSCO") invests primarily in U.S. and European collateralized loan obligations. Onex controls the General Partner and Manager of OSCO and as at December 31, 2024, Onex had invested all of its aggregate \$50 commitment to OSCO and a separately managed account which follows a similar strategy to OSCO, of which \$4 was invested during 2024 (2023 – \$1). As at December 31, 2024, the Onex management team had also invested all of its \$49 commitment in OSCO, of which \$5 was invested during 2024 (2023 – \$1).

n) Onex Capital Solutions Fund

The Onex Capital Solutions Fund ("OCS") invests primarily in loans, bonds, trade claims and credit default swaps, among other assets. Onex controls the General Partner and Manager of OCS and as at December 31, 2024, Onex had invested all of its aggregate \$200 commitment to OCS, of which \$39 was invested during 2024 (2023 – \$27). As at December 31, 2024, the Onex management team had also invested all of its \$34 commitment in OCS, of which \$7 was invested during 2024 (2023 – \$13).

o) Falcon Fund VII

Falcon Fund VII is a fund managed by Falcon Investments, which makes junior capital investments in the U.S. lower middle market and primarily invests in subordinated debt or second-lien debt with warrants, payment-in-kind preferred stock with warrants and non-control common equity in conjunction with subordinated debt or preferred stock. Onex holds a 20% interest in the Manager of Falcon Fund VII, as described in note 9. As of December 31, 2024, Onex had invested \$26 of its aggregate \$40 commitment to Falcon Fund VII, all of which was invested during 2024. The investment period for Falcon Fund VII is set to expire in January 2028.

p) Subscription financing to Credit Funds

Onex has committed to provide up to \$150 of subscription financing to certain Credit Funds. As of December 31, 2024, \$9 was drawn from these subscription facilities (2023 – nil).

q) Management and directors' investment in Onex Credit

The Onex management team and directors may invest in strategies and funds managed by Onex Credit. During 2024, the Onex management team and directors invested \$16 (2023 – \$20) in funds managed by Onex Credit. At December 31, 2024, investments at fair value held by the Onex management team and directors in strategies and funds managed by Onex Credit, excluding investments held in separately managed accounts, totalled \$276 (December 31, 2023 – \$469), which included investments held in OCLP I, OSCO and OCS, and Onex Senior Credit Funds I and II.

r) Management and directors' investment in other investments

Members of management and the Board of Directors of Onex can invest limited amounts in partnership with Onex in all acquisitions outside the Onex Partners and ONCAP Funds, including co-investment opportunities, at the same time and cost as Onex and other outside investors. During 2024, a total of \$1 (2023 – \$30) in investments was made by the Onex management team and directors in Incline Aviation Fund II (2023 – investments made primarily in the continuation fund that invests in Ryan, LLC).

s) Remuneration to key management

Remuneration to key management includes amounts recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings as compensation and stock-based compensation expenses. Stock-based compensation associated with Onex stock options, PSUs and RSUs is included in the table below based on the cash ultimately paid to key management or the value of SVS issued to key management for options exercised for SVS, while DSUs issued to Onex directors are included at the grant date fair value. Payments received by key management from investment holding companies related to management incentive programs, including their carried interest participation and the MIP, are excluded, and are described in notes 26(e) and 26(f), respectively. Aggregate payments to the Company's key management were as follows:

Year ended December 31	2024	2023
Short-term employee benefits and costs	\$ 14	\$ 15
Share-based payments ⁽ⁱ⁾	22	16
Total	\$ 36	\$ 31

(i) Share-based payments include \$16 (2023 – \$13) paid on the exercise of Onex stock options (note 16).

t) Related-party revenues and receivables

Onex receives management fees on limited partners' and clients' capital within the Onex private equity funds and private credit strategies, and advisory fees directly from certain operating businesses. Onex also receives carried interest and performance fees from certain Credit strategies and recovers certain deal investigation, research and other expenses from the Onex private equity funds, private credit strategies and private equity portfolio companies. Onex indirectly controls the Onex private equity funds and private credit strategies, and therefore the management fees, performance fees and carried interest earned from these sources represent related-party transactions. Furthermore, Onex indirectly controls, jointly controls or has significant influence over certain operating businesses held by the Onex private equity funds and, as such, advisory fees from these operating businesses represent related-party transactions.

Onex Credit acts as an investment fund manager, portfolio manager and/or exempt market dealer for its pooled funds. In the case of those pooled funds that are organized as trusts, Onex Credit acts as a trustee, while for pooled funds organized as limited partnerships, Onex Credit or an affiliate of Onex Credit acts as the General Partner. As such, the Onex Credit pooled funds are related parties of the Company.

During 2024, the Company recognized \$200 (2023 – \$248) of management and advisory fees from related parties, \$38 (2023 – \$43) of revenue from the reimbursement of expenses from related parties, and \$6 (2023 – \$13) of performance fees and carried interest from related parties, as outlined in note 17.

At December 31, 2024, consolidated receivables from related parties totalled \$536 (2023 – \$673). Refer to note 4 for further details concerning Onex' consolidated receivables, which include \$3 (2023 – \$10) of other receivables from third parties.

u) Repurchase of shares

In August 2024, Onex repurchased 1,000,000 of its SVS that were held indirectly by Mr. Gerald W. Schwartz in a private transaction. The shares were repurchased at a cost of \$66.06 (C\$90.60) per SVS, or a total cost of \$66 (C\$91), which represented a discount to the trading price of Onex shares on the date of the transaction.

In December 2024, Onex repurchased 255,279 of its SVS that were held indirectly by Mr. Gerald W. Schwartz, as part of the Substantial Issuer Bid, as described in note 16. The shares were repurchased at a cost of \$81.28 (C\$117.00) per SVS, or a total cost of \$21 (C\$30).

During 2023, Onex repurchased 1,000,000 of its SVS that were held indirectly by Mr. Gerald W. Schwartz. The shares were repurchased at a cost of \$59.59 (C\$80.76) per SVS, or a total cost of \$59 (C\$81), which represented a discount to the trading price of Onex shares on the date of the transaction.

v) Services received from operating companies

During the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, Onex received services from certain operating companies, the value of which was not significant.

27. CONTINGENT CONSIDERATION

Contingent consideration of \$15 was recorded as a liability in Onex' consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2023, which represented the fair value of contingent consideration owed by Onex in connection with the acquisition of Falcon Investment Advisors in December 2020. During 2024, all contingent consideration entitlements were waived as a result of the transfer of Onex Falcon, as described in note 9.

28. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

In January 2025, the Onex Partners Opportunities Fund completed its final close, reaching aggregate commitments of approximately \$1,200, including affiliated vehicles and Onex' commitment of \$400. In February 2025, Onex received distributions totalling \$16 from the Onex Partners Opportunities Fund representing a partial return of capital for the investments made by Onex in connection with the acquisitions of Farsound and Fischbach, and which also includes proceeds from the syndication of a co-investment in Fischbach.

29. INFORMATION BY REPORTABLE SEGMENT

The Company has two reportable segments:

- **Investing**, which comprises the activity of investing Onex' capital; and
- **Asset management**, which comprises the asset management activities provided by Onex to support its private equity and Credit strategies, as well as Onex' corporate functions.

Onex' segmented results include unrealized carried interest from third-party limited partners in the Credit strategies, which is recognized based on the fair values of the underlying investments and the unrealized net gain (loss) in each respective strategy, in accordance with the limited partnership agreements, and net of allocations to management. In Onex' consolidated financial statements, carried interest from the Credit strategies is recognized as revenue to the extent it is highly probable it will not reverse, which typically occurs when the investments held by a given strategy are substantially realized, toward the end of the fund's term, as described in note 1.

Onex' segmented results also include unrealized performance fees associated with the management of certain Credit strategies, which are based on the funds' performance during the periods presented by applying an agreed-upon formula to the growth in the net asset value of clients' assets under management. In Onex' consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings, performance fees are recognized as revenue to the extent the fees are highly probable to not reverse, which is typically at the end of each performance period, as described in note 1.

Onex' segmented results exclude revenues and expenses associated with recoverable expenses from the Onex Partners, ONCAP and private credit strategies, and the operating businesses of Onex Partners and ONCAP. Onex management excludes these amounts when assessing Onex' performance given the nature of these expenses, which are recoverable at cost.

Year Ended December 31, 2024				Year Ended December 31, 2023		
	Investing	Asset Management	Total	Investing	Asset Management	Total
Net gain on corporate investments ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 326	\$ 31	\$ 357	\$ 801	\$ 4	\$ 805
Management and advisory fees	–	200	200	–	252	252
Performance fees and carried interest from Credit ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	–	19	19	–	25	25
Interest and net treasury investment income	18	–	18	14	–	14
Other income	–	2	2	–	2	2
Total segment income	344	252	596	815	283	1,098
Compensation	–	(178)	(178)	–	(214)	(214)
Amortization of right-of-use assets	–	(9)	(9)	–	(11)	(11)
Other expense	–	(44)	(44)	–	(56)	(56)
Segment net earnings	\$ 344	\$ 21	\$ 365	\$ 815	\$ 2	\$ 817
Stock-based compensation expense			(36)			(75)
Amortization of property, equipment and intangible assets, excluding right-of-use assets			(15)			(24)
Restructuring expenses, net			(21)			(46)
Carried interest from Falcon Funds previously recognized in segment net earnings			25			–
Unrealized carried interest included in segment net earnings – Credit ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾			(10)			(17)
Unrealized performance fees included in segment net earnings			(3)			–
Impairment of goodwill, intangible assets and property and equipment			–			(162)
Contingent consideration recovery			–			42
Integration expenses			–			(4)
Other			–			1
Earnings before income taxes			\$ 305			\$ 532
Provision for income taxes			(2)			(3)
Net earnings			\$ 303			\$ 529

(i) The investing segment includes \$3 of interest expense attributable to intercompany loans payable to Investment Holding Companies during 2024, which is included in other expenses in the consolidated statements of comprehensive earnings. The asset management segment includes an increase in carried interest of \$4 (2023 – \$5) that Onex is entitled to from the Falcon Funds.

(ii) The asset management segment includes an increase in unrealized carried interest of \$10 (2023 – \$12) from third-party limited partners in the Credit strategies.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Segmented assets included the following:

As at December 31, 2024				As at December 31, 2023		
	Investing	Asset Management	Total	Investing	Asset Management	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 840	\$ 89 ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 929	\$ 142	\$ 123 ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 265
Treasury investments	83	–	83	–	–	–
Management and advisory fees, recoverable fund expenses and other receivables	464 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	75	539	615 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	68	683
Corporate investments	6,864	–	6,864	7,647	–	7,647
Unrealized carried interest – Credit ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	22	–	22	29	–	29
Other assets	–	150	150	–	128	128
Property and equipment	–	91	91	–	119	119
Intangible assets	–	11	11	–	34	34
Goodwill	–	142	142	–	149	149
Total segment assets	\$ 8,273	\$ 558	\$ 8,831	\$ 8,433	\$ 621	\$ 9,054
Net intercompany loans receivable, comprising part of the fair value of Investment Holding Companies				3,874		
Unrealized carried interest included in segment assets – Credit				(29)		
Total assets				\$ 12,899		

(i) Cash and cash equivalents allocated to the asset management segment relate to accrued employee incentive compensation. At December 31, 2023, cash and cash equivalents allocated to the asset management segment also included contingent consideration payable related to the 2020 acquisition of Onex Falcon.

(ii) Includes management fees and recoverable fund expenses receivable from certain funds which Onex has elected to defer cash receipt from.

(iii) At December 31, 2023, unrealized carried interest from Credit included carried interest from the Falcon Funds. At December 31, 2024, unrealized carried interest from the Falcon Funds is included within corporate investments as a result of the transfer of Onex Falcon, as described in note 9.

Geographic Segments

As at December 31, 2024					As at December 31, 2023			
	Canada	United States	United Kingdom	Total	Canada	United States	United Kingdom	Total
Year-to-date revenues ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	\$ 43	\$ 201	\$ -	\$ 244	\$ 62	\$ 246	\$ -	\$ 308
Property and equipment	\$ 57	\$ 27	\$ 7	\$ 91	\$ 74	\$ 35	\$ 10	\$ 119
Intangible assets	\$ -	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ 11	\$ -	\$ 34	\$ -	\$ 34
Goodwill	\$ -	\$ 142	\$ -	\$ 142	\$ -	\$ 149	\$ -	\$ 149

(i) Revenues attributed to geographic areas are based on the location of the asset management entities.