

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023
Unaudited – Prepared by Management
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of Champion Bear Resources Ltd. for the three months ended March 31, 2023 have been prepared by the management of the Company and approved by the Company's Audit Committee and the Company's Board of Directors.

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indication that an auditor has not reviewed the financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of the interim financial statements by an entity's audit.

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Statements of Financial Position
As at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022
(unaudited)

	<i>March 31</i> 2023	<i>December 31</i> 2022
ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Cash	\$ 1,586	\$ 5,085
GST receivable	3,977	1,961
Prepaid expenses	10,000	10,000
	15,563	17,046
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (Note 4)	9,883	10,200
EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (Note 5)	4,993,282	4,992,082
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,018,728	\$ 5,019,328
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 98,536	\$ 94,486
Accrued liabilities for disputed claims (Note 9)	\$ 898,660	\$ 898,660
Due to related parties (Note 10)	1,807,914	1,844,318
	2,805,110	2,837,464
NOTE PAYABLE (Note 15)	300,759	300,759
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 3,105,869	\$ 3,138,223
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 7)	\$ 27,342,924	\$ 27,252,924
Equity reserve	4,593,737	4,593,737
Deficit	(30,023,802)	(29,965,556)
	1,912,859	1,881,105
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 5,018,728	\$ 5,019,328

Going concern (Note 2)

Commitments (Note 12)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

(signed) "Richard D. Kantor" *Director*

(signed) "David R. Haigh" *Director*

See accompanying notes to interim financial statements.

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

	<i>March 31</i>	<i>March 31</i>
	2023	2022
EXPENSES		
Advertising	\$ 380	\$ -
Consulting fees <i>(Note 10)</i>	22,000	22,000
Depreciation <i>(Note 4)</i>	317	30
Interest and bank charges	10,803	23
Office	9,685	9,000
Professional fees <i>(Note 10)</i>	10,200	18,181
Share-based compensation <i>(Note 8)</i>	-	4,862
Transfer agent and regulatory	4,859	7,535
NET LOSS	\$ (58,244)	\$ (61,631)
LOSS PER SHARE <i>(Note 11)</i>	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)

See accompanying notes to interim financial statements.

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Statements of Change in Shareholders' Equity
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

	Number of shares	Share Capital	Equity Reserve	Deficit	Total
As at January 1, 2022	56,589,996	\$ 26,803,089	\$ 4,657,499	\$ (29,704,196)	\$ 1,756,392
Shares issued - exploration					
- private placement	781,609	\$ 85,000	\$ -		85,000
- exploration and evaluation assets	400,000	43,500	-		43,500
Stock options exercised	510,000	164,516	(72,716)	-	91,800
Shares-for-debt	1,568,193	156,819	-		156,819
Share-based compensation	-	-	8,954	-	8,954
Net Loss	-	-	-	(261,360)	(261,360)
As at December 31, 2022	59,849,798	\$ 27,252,924	\$ 4,593,737	\$ (29,965,556)	\$ 1,881,105
As at January 1, 2023	59,849,798	\$ 27,252,924	\$ 4,593,737	\$ (29,965,558)	\$ 1,881,103
Stock options exercised	600,000	90,000	-	-	90,000
Share-based compensation	-	-	-	-	-
Net Loss	-	-	-	(58,244)	(58,244)
As at March 31, 2023	60,449,798	\$ 27,342,924	\$ 4,593,737	\$ (30,023,802)	\$ 1,912,859

See accompanying notes to interim financial statements.

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Statements of Cash Flows
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

	<i>March 31</i> 2023	<i>March 31</i> 2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss	\$ (58,244)	\$ (61,631)
Items not affecting cash:		
Share-based compensation	-	4,862
Depreciation	317	30
	<u>(57,927)</u>	<u>(56,739)</u>
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
GST receivable	(2,017)	3,129
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,050	7,165
	<u>2,032</u>	<u>10,294</u>
Cash generated by (used in) operating activities	<u>(55,895)</u>	<u>(46,445)</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Exploration and evaluation asset expenditures	(1,200)	(10,705)
Cash used in investing activities	<u>(1,200)</u>	<u>(10,705)</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from options exercised	90,000	-
Advances from related parties	-	58,037
Repayments to related parties	(36,404)	-
Cash generated by financing activities	<u>53,596</u>	<u>58,037</u>
INCREASE IN CASH	<u>(3,499)</u>	<u>887</u>
Cash - beginning of year	5,085	631
CASH - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 1,586</u>	<u>\$ 1,518</u>

See accompanying notes to interim financial statements.

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Champion Bear Resources Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the Province of Alberta. The Company's shares are traded on the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSXV"). The Company is principally engaged in the business of acquiring, exploring and developing interests in mining projects. To date, the Company has not generated revenues and is considered to be in the exploration stage.

The Company's registered office is located at 2005 – 9th Street SW, Calgary, Alberta, T2T 3C4.

On May 29, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors approved these financial statements.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretation made by the International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretation Committee ("IFRIC").

Basis of measurement and presentation

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for financial instruments classified as at fair value through profit or loss which are stated at their fair value.

2. GOING CONCERN

These financial statements have been prepared by management on a going concern basis, which assumes the Company will continue in operations for the foreseeable future and be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. As at March 31, 2023, the Company has incurred cumulative losses of \$30,023,802 and its current liabilities exceed its current assets by \$2,789,547. The ability of the Company to continue operations is dependent upon the existence of economically recoverable reserves, successful development of the Company's mineral properties, continued receipt of financial support, completion of equity financings, and generating profitable operations in the future. It is not possible to predict whether economically recoverable reserves exist, the Company's financing efforts will be successful, or if the Company will attain a profitable level of operations. As a result of these factors, there is a material uncertainty that may result in significant doubt as to the ability of the Company to meet its obligations as they come due and continue as a going concern.

The Company is in the process of exploring its mineral property interests, which will require the Company to obtain financing, and has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain reserves that are economically recoverable. To ensure the mineral claims remain in good standing, the Company has certain commitments to meet (Note 12) and if these commitments are not met, or the appropriate applications for extension are not filed by the Company or accepted by the Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines, the Company may lose its right to explore these mineral properties. Therefore, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on both its ability to obtain additional financing to meet these commitments and discharge its working capital deficiency as well as the ongoing forbearance of its creditors and related parties to which amounts are owed.

The financial statements do not reflect adjustments that may be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate. If the going concern basis was not appropriate for these financial statements, adjustments would be necessary to the carrying value of assets and liabilities, the reported revenues and expenses and the statement of financial position classification used.

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Interests in Joint Arrangements

A joint arrangement can take the form of a joint venture or joint operation. All joint arrangements involve a contractual arrangement that establishes joint control, which exists only when decisions about the activities that significantly affect the returns of the investee require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. A joint operation is a joint arrangement in which we have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities relating to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement in which we have rights to only the net assets of the arrangement.

The Company has interests in joint operations. Joint operations are accounted for by recognizing our share of the assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows of the joint operation in our financial statements.

Foreign currency translation

The presentation currency and the functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar.

Transaction in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate on the date of the transaction. Foreign currency translation differences are recognized in profit and loss.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of an item consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location, and condition necessary for its intended use.

Depreciation is calculated using the declining balance method, less the estimated residual value, at the following rates:

Computer equipment	45%
Other equipment	20%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Mining equipment	20%
Trailers and steel building	30%
Fences	10%

An item is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss. Where an item of property, plant and equipment comprises major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of property and equipment.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

Exploration and evaluation assets

After the Company obtains the right to explore a property all exploration costs are capitalized, which includes licence acquisition costs and all costs associated with exploration and evaluation activities relating to specific properties as incurred, until those properties are determined to be commercially viable for mineral production. Once a project has been established as commercially viable and technically feasible, the accumulated exploration and evaluation costs, less any impairment, are transferred to property, plant and equipment as development and production assets and assessed for impairment. Subsequent development expenditures are capitalized as property, plant and equipment. Capitalization ceases when the mine is capable of commercial operation.

Exploration and evaluation assets are assessed for impairment when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets may exceed its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in previous years.

The actual recoverable value of capitalized expenditures for mineral properties and deferred exploration costs will be contingent upon the discovery of economically viable reserves and the Company's financial ability at that time to fully exploit these properties or determine a suitable plan of disposition.

Share-based payments

The share option plan allows Company employees (including directors and senior executives) and consultants to acquire shares of the Company.

The Company uses the fair value method for valuing stock option grants using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. Under this model, the stock options granted are measured at fair value on the date of grant and the costs of equity-settled transactions are recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ("the vesting date"). The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

At the time when the share options are exercised, the amount previously recognized in contributed surplus is transferred to share capital. When unvested options are forfeited the amount previously recognized in respect of the forfeited options is reversed.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

Taxation

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, or directly in equity, in which case the income tax is also recognized directly in other comprehensive income or equity, as applicable.

a) Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period.

b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized on taxable temporary differences, at the end of each reporting period, between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred income tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward or unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred income tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period.

Flow-through shares

The Company, from time to time, issues flow-through shares to finance a portion of its capital expenditure program. Pursuant to the terms of the flow-through share agreements, the tax deductions associated with the expenditures are renounced to the subscribers. The difference between the value ascribed to flow-through shares issued and the value that would have been received for common shares at the date of issuance of the flow-through shares is initially recognized as a liability on the statement of financial position. When the qualifying expenditures are incurred, the liability is drawn down, a deferred tax liability is recorded equal to the estimated amount of deferred income tax payable by the Company as a result of the renunciation, and the difference is recognized in profit or loss.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

Financial instruments – recognition and measurement

i) Classification and measurement of financial assets:

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”):

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVOCI”) if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment’s fair value in other comprehensive income (“OCI”). This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component that is initially measured at the transaction price) is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets:

a) Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

b) Financial assets at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

c) Debt investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

ii) Classification and measurement of financial liabilities:

Financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified at FVTPL if it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

The Company has classified cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and due to related parties as 'amortized cost'.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company has elected to measure loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses ("ECLs"). The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Loss allowances for financial assets are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. Impairment losses on financial assets are presented under "other expenses" in the statement of comprehensive loss.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets, other than deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Exploration and evaluation assets are also assessed for impairment when they are transferred to development and production assets and also when facts and circumstances suggest that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit" or "CGU") amount.

The Company's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows. If there is an indication that a corporate asset may be impaired, then the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the corporate asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of CGUs are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units), on a pro rata basis.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

Leases

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Leases of right-of-use assets are recognized at the lease commencement date at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined, and otherwise at the Company's incremental borrowing rate. At the commencement date, a right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is comprised of the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any decommissioning and restoration costs, less any lease incentives received.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Leases *(continued)*

Each lease payment is allocated between repayment of the lease principal and interest. Interest on the lease liability in each period during the lease term is allocated to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease liability. Except where the costs are included in the carrying amount of another asset, the Company recognizes in profit or loss (a) the interest on a lease liability and (b) variable lease payments not included in the measurement of a lease liability in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs. The Company subsequently measures a right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses; and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term, except where the lease contains a bargain purchase option a right-of-use asset is depreciated over the asset's useful life.

Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share are computed by dividing earnings (loss) by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. The Company uses the treasury stock method for calculating diluted earnings per share. Diluted earnings per share are computed similar to basic earnings per share except that the weighted average shares outstanding are increased to include additional shares from the assumed exercise of stock options.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both the current and future periods. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the amounts recognized in the financial statements are as follows:

- **Exploration and evaluation assets**

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgement in determining the existence of possible impairment indicators and whether the future economic benefits are likely, which are based on assumptions about future events or circumstances, including the Company's expectations of commercial feasibility, resource and reserve estimates and views of future commodity prices. Estimates and assumptions made may change if new information becomes available. If, after expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the recovery of expenditure is unlikely, the amount capitalized is written down to the estimated recoverable amount in profit or loss in the period when the new information becomes available.

- **Stock-based compensation**

Stock based compensation is accounted for using the fair market value method. Under this method, stock option expense is determined by the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the volatility of the trading price of the Company's stock, the expected lives of awards of stock-based compensation, estimated forfeiture rates, and the risk-free interest rate. Differences in the estimation process for the determination of the assumptions used could cause differences in the determination of fair value.

- **Recovery of deferred income tax assets**

Judgement is required in determining whether deferred income tax assets are recognized on the statement of financial position. Deferred income tax assets, including those arising from unutilized tax losses, require management to assess the likelihood that the Company will generate taxable earnings in future periods in order to utilize recognized deferred tax assets. Estimates of future taxable income are based on forecasted cash flows from operations and the application of existing tax laws in each jurisdiction. Deferred income tax assets are recorded to recognize tax benefits only to the extent that, based on available evidence, it is probable that they will be realized.

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CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
Interim Notes to Financial Statements
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023 and 2022
(unaudited)

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (*continued*)

Upcoming accounting pronouncements:

IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" ("IAS 1")

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1, which clarify the criteria used to determine whether liabilities are classified as current or non-current. These amendments clarify that current or non-current classification is based on whether an entity has a right at the end of the reporting period to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. The amendments also clarify that 'settlement' includes the transfer of cash, goods, services, or equity instruments unless the obligation to transfer equity instruments arises from a conversion feature classified as an equity instrument separately from the liability component of a compound financial instrument.

The amendments were originally effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. However, in July 2020, the effective date was deferred to annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. The Company is currently assessing the impact of these new accounting standards and amendments. The Company does not believe that the amendments to IAS 1 will have a significant impact.

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Computer Equipment \$	Other Equipment \$	Furniture \$	Mining Equipment \$	Building and Trailers \$	Fences \$	Total \$
Cost							
At January 1, 2022	10,211	13,991	16,712	169,508	139,792	27,368	377,582
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At December 31, 2022	10,211	13,991	16,712	169,508	139,792	27,368	377,582
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At March 31, 2023	10,211	13,991	16,712	169,508	139,792	27,368	377,582
Accumulated Depreciation							
At January 1, 2022	8,600	13,903	16,547	165,500	140,726	21,641	366,917
Depreciation	40	72	156	175	(934)	956	465
At December 31, 2022	8,640	13,975	16,703	165,675	139,792	22,597	367,382
Depreciation	10	16	9	43		239	317
At March 31, 2023	8,650	13,991	16,712	165,718	139,792	22,836	367,699
Net Book Value							
At January 1, 2022	1,611	88	165	4,008	(934)	5,727	10,665
At December 31, 2022	1,571	16	9	3,833	-	4,771	10,200
At March 31, 2023	1,561	-	-	3,790	-	4,532	9,883

CHAMPION BEAR RESOURCES LTD.
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5. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

The Company's exploration and evaluation asset interests are located as follows:

	Plomp Farm	Eagle Rock	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance, January 1, 2022	712,801	4,167,822	-	4,880,623
Additions	3,854	106,805	800	111,459
Balance, December 31, 2022	716,655	4,274,627	800	4,992,082
Additions	-	1,200	-	1,200
Balance, March 31, 2023	716,655	4,275,827	800	4,993,282

a) Plomp Farm

The Plomp Farm Gold Properties are an exploration project located 20 kilometres west of Dryden, Ontario and consist of 48 claims covering 2,400 acres, owned 100% by the Company and subject to certain Back-in-Rights on a portion of those claims and a 2.0% NSR granted to Teck Cominco Limited (TCL) (now Teck Resources Limited). TCL can earn back in up to a 65% interest and a further 5% to a total of 70% interest if certain conditions are met. The Company has the right to purchase 1% of the NSR following the expiry of TCL's Back-in-Right for \$1.0million.

b) Eagle Rock

The Eagle Rock Property is an exploration project located 65 kilometres south of Dryden, Ontario and consists of 32,850 acres comprised of 458 staked claims held 100% by the Company and its officers, 58 claims under option to Gravel Ridge Resources and 1544230 Ontario Inc., and 17 claims under option from 1544230 Ontario Inc.

In September 2019, the Company entered into an agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the claims held by 1544230 Ontario Inc. An initial non-refundable payment of \$1,000 was made upon signing this agreement. Additional payments of \$6,000 were made in 2020, \$12,000 on the first anniversary, and \$16,000 on the second anniversary. A payment of \$25,000 was made in 2022, on the third anniversary. There is a 1.5% NSR Option to buy back for \$1,000,000. In 2020, the Company also issued 100,000 common shares to the Optionor recorded at a market value of \$12,000. These terms have been met, the Company has earned a 100% in these claims.

On November 12, 2021, the Company made a payment of \$20,000 and agreed to apply to the TSX Venture Exchange for permission to issue 400,000 shares, relating to the agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the claims held by 1544230 Ontario Inc. and Gravel Ridge Resources Ltd. A payment of \$24,000 was made in 2022, on the first anniversary, and further payments of \$24,000 on the second anniversary, and \$24,000 on the third anniversary and \$24,000 on the fourth anniversary are intended. There is a 0.5% NSR Option to buy back for \$1,000,000. When these terms are met, the Company will have earned a 100% in these claims. On July 21, 2022, the TSX Venture Exchange conditionally approved an issuance of 400,000 common shares at \$0.10875 relating to the Eagle Rock property.

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c) Parkin Joint Venture

The Parkin Joint Venture Project is an exploration project located 5 kilometres northeast of the Sudbury Basin comprised of 29 claims (2,850 acres) and covers a significant portion of the Parkin Offset Dike. The Company holds a 50% interest in the property and has a carried interest in any potential future production. There have not been any recoverable reserves located and valued in the Parkin properties to date along with minimal or no expectations from the operator to allocate further funds for future drilling and development, therefore the current carrying amount is recorded as \$ nil. The Company continues to press the operator to provide a suitable budget and drilling program and will re-visit this assessment when that occurs.

d) Other Mineral Interests

The Company's Separation Rapids lithium and tantalum property is located 55 km north of Kenora, northwest Ontario. The property consists of 8 mining claims in 2 blocks covering 400 acres. The carrying value of this property at March 31, 2023 is \$800 (2022 - \$ nil).

The Company also holds a 50% interest in 20 active claims covering 2,250 acres in Ermatinger Township north of Sudbury. There have not been any recoverable reserves located and valued in the Ermatinger Property to-date along with minimal or no expectations from the operator to allocate further funds for future exploration, drilling or development.

6. INCOME TAXES

a) Tax provision:

The Company's computation of deferred income tax (reduction) provision differs from that which would be expected by applying statutory rates is as follows:

	2022	2021
Net loss before taxes	\$ (261,360)	\$ (337,684)
Combined federal and provincial income tax	23.0%	23.0%
Expected income tax expense (recovery)	(60,113)	(77,667)
Share-based compensation	2,059	12,124
Change in rate		112,956
Change in unrecognized deferred tax assets	58,054	(47,413)
	\$ -	\$ -

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6. INCOME TAXES *(continued)*

b) Unrecognized deferred tax assets:

The Company's deferred tax assets have not been recognized in respect of the following temporary differences:

	2022	2021
Non-capital loss carry-forwards	\$ 1,765,040	\$ 1,609,118
Capital losses	15,901	15,901
Mineral properties and property equipment	946,838	1,044,706
	\$ 2,727,779	\$ 2,669,725

As at December 31, 2022, the Company has approximately \$10.1 million in tax pools and \$7.7 million in non-capital losses available for deductions against future taxable income. The non-capital losses expire as follows:

	Amount
2026	\$ 427,691
2027	461,869
2028	560,370
2029	340,533
2030	325,712
2031	173,127
2032	319,726
2033	378,651
2034	422,730
2035	438,592
2036	385,229
2037	556,317
2038	464,018
2039	514,927
2040	311,086
2041	915,587
2042	677,921
	\$ 7,674,086

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7. SHARE CAPITAL

Authorized:

Unlimited number of voting common shares, without nominal or par value
Unlimited number of first and second preferred shares, issuable in a series

	March 31, 2023		December 31, 2022	
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount
Common shares issued				
Beginning of the period / year	59,849,798	\$ 27,252,924	56,589,996	\$ 26,803,089
Exercise of stock options (i)	600,000	90,000	510,000	164,516
Shares-for-Debt (ii)	-	-	1,568,193	156,819
Private placement of common shares (iii)	-	-	781,609	85,000
Shares issued - exploration and evaluation assets (iv)	-	-	400,000	43,500
End of the period / year	60,449,798	\$ 27,342,924	59,849,798	\$ 27,252,924

- i) On December 22, 2022, the Company's President exercised 510,000 options to acquire common shares of the Company at \$0.18 per share. On February 7, 2023, the Company's President exercised 600,000 options to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.15 per share.
- ii) On November 29, 2021, the Company announced that it has filed a shares-for-debt application with the TSX Venture Exchange to satisfy an aggregate of \$156,819.30 of Champion Bear's outstanding debt for an aggregate of 1,568,193 common shares of the Corporation. On April 22, 2022, the application was satisfied.
- iii) In November 2021, the Company applied for TSX approval to issue 850,000 common shares relating to the \$85,000 private placement from John Squarek, a director of the Company. On July 21, 2022, the TSX approved with a revised amount of \$0.10875 per share and a total of 781,609 shares. On September 14, 2022, this private placement was completed.
- iv) On November 12, 2021, the Company agreed to apply to the TSX Venture Exchange for permission to issue 400,000 shares, relating to the agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the claims held by 1544230 Ontario Inc. and Gravel Ridge Resources Ltd. relating to the Eagle Rock property (see note 5(b)). On July 21, 2022, the TSX Venture Exchange conditionally approved an issuance of 400,000 common shares at \$0.10875.

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8. SHARE PURCHASE OPTION COMPENSATION PLAN

The Company has a stock option plan, administered by the Board of Directors, pursuant to which up to 10% of outstanding common shares are reserved for issuance. Under the plan, the options vest over an eighteen month period and expire on the earlier of up to five years from date of grant or up to 90 days from the date from which the optionee ceases to be a director, officer, employee or consultant of the Company.

A continuity of stock options is presented in the following table:

	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price March 31, 2023	Number	Weighted Average Exercise Price December 31, 2022
Outstanding at beginning of period	3,722,385	\$ 0.17	4,635,635	\$ 0.17
Granted	-	-	-	-
Exercised	(600,000)	-	(510,000)	-
Expired	-	-	(403,250)	0.17
Outstanding at end of period/year	3,122,385	\$ 0.17	3,722,385	\$ 0.17
Exercisable at end of period/year	3,122,385	\$ 0.17	3,722,385	\$ 0.17

The following summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable as of March 31, 2023:

Exercise price	Number outstanding	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Number Exercisable
0.16	84,945	1.52	84,945
0.12	418,698	2.24	418,698
0.18	2,318,742	1.46	2,318,742
0.20	300,000	3.15	300,000
Total	3,122,385	1.49	3,122,385

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8. SHARE PURCHASE OPTION COMPENSATION PLAN *(continued)*

On February 7, 2023, the Company's President exercised 600,000 options to acquire common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.15 per share.

On December 22, 2022, the Company's President exercised 510,000 options to acquire common shares of the Company at \$0.18 per share.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022, the Company recognized \$8,954 of share-based compensation expense for options granted in 2021 (2021 - \$52,713). Each vesting installment is accounted for as a separate arrangement with the related share-based compensation expensed in a graded vesting method.

The Company used the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of the options at the grant date for 2021 using the following weighted average assumptions:

	2021
Risk-free interest rate	0.670%
Dividend yield	Nil
Expected volatility	143.4%
Forfeiture rate	10.83%
Expected option life	5 years

9. CONTINGENCY

The Company has been named as a defendant in a statement of claim filed on July 31, 2019 at the Court of Queen's Bench of Alberta. The plaintiffs, Audrey Och, the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, and Brad Butler, a former director of the Company, are seeking USD \$482,213 (\$626,297 CAD) and \$265,252 CAD for alleged loans and unpaid compensation. The financial statements include a provision for disputed amounts totalling \$891,549. Management filed a statement of defense and counterclaim on August 20, 2019 and as amended October 18, 2021. The counterclaim identified Todd Dillabough, a former director of the Company, as a defendant in the counterclaim. The counterclaim against the plaintiffs and other non-arm's length parties seeks damages estimated at \$350,000, or an amount to be determined at trial. As the outcome of this lawsuit and any liability to the Company cannot be reasonably determined at this time, no additional provisions have been made in the financial statements.

Also included in the provision for amounts under dispute is \$7,111 related to expenses incurred on behalf of the Company by Todd Dillabough in the period prior to 2019.

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10. DUE TO RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions and related party balances

During the three months ended March 31, the Company had the following related party transactions:

- a) Consulting fees of \$22,000 (2022 - \$22,000), were billed by Tomahawk Oil and Gas Limited ("Tomahawk"), a private corporation controlled by the Company's Chairman and President and CEO, Richard Kantor. In addition, office rent of \$9,000 (2022 - \$9,000) was incurred and payable to Richard Kantor during the same period. Included in due to related parties as at March 31, 2023 is \$1,437,759 (December 31, 2022 - \$1,422,359) payable to Tomahawk and \$22,450 to Richard Kantor (December 31, 2022 - \$95,750).

On September 30, 2020, the Company entered into an agreement with Tomahawk and Richard Kantor to defer the payment of amounts payable of \$1,213,078 and \$215,242, respectively, until such time as the 30-day volume weighted average trading price of the Company's common shares is at least \$2.00 per common share. This agreement was cancelled on December 13, 2022.

- b) Professional fees of \$10,200 (2022 - \$10,950), were billed by SixWest inc., a private corporation controlled by the Company's Chief Financial Officer, Jason Hastie. Included in due to related parties as at March 31, 2023 is \$144,523 (December 31, 2022 - \$133,813) payable to SixWest inc.
- c) John Squarek, a director of the Company, advanced funds of \$nil (2022 - \$137,189) to the Company, which is subject to an annual interest rate of prime plus 2%. \$85,000 was settled as a private placement on September 14, 2022. Included in due to related parties as at March 31, 2023 is \$184,975 (December 31, 2022 - \$174,189). Interest totalling \$10,786 for 2022 and the first three months of 2023 have been calculated and both are included in the three months ended March 31, 2023, as no interest was included for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- d) Mike Sweeny, a director of the Company, advanced funds of \$nil (2022 - \$nil) to the Company in relation to claim filing expenses with regard to the Eagle Rock property. On April 19, 2022 the Company repaid the advances and the 1% interest in the Eagle Rock holdings, held as security, reverted back to the Company. Included in due to related parties as at March 31, 2023 is \$nil (2022 - \$nil).
- e) Reimbursable expenses of \$nil (2022 - \$3,854), were billed by Fred Plomp, a director of the Company. Included in due to related parties as at March 31, 2023 is \$3,854 (2022 - \$3,854) payable to Fred Plomp.
- f) Included in due to related parties at December 31, 2022 is an amount of \$14,353 (2022 - \$14,353) due to David Haigh, a director of the Company.
- g) Included in due to related parties as at December 31, 2022 is \$nil, which is an advance to the Company by Frank R. Sutton Investments Ltd., a company controlled by Frank Sutton, a shareholder of the Company (2022 - \$nil).

The amounts due to related parties are unsecured non-interest bearing and due on demand, except as otherwise disclosed.

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10. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS *(continued)*

Key management personal compensation:

The Company defines key management as the Company's directors, president and CEO and CFO.

	2023	2022
Consulting fees	\$ 22,000	\$ 22,000
Professional fees	\$ 10,200	\$ 10,950
Stock-based compensation	\$ -	\$ 4,862
	\$ 32,200	\$ 37,812

11. LOSS PER SHARE

Basic per share amounts are calculated using the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year ended December 31, 2022 of 58,222,937, (2021 – 56,454,996). In computing diluted per share amounts, none of the Company's options were included as they are anti-dilutive.

12. COMMITMENTS

Pursuant to assessment work commitments, the Company is required to incur certain annual expenditures to ensure the claims remain in good standing. These agreements require the Company to make exploration expenditures, commencing at various anniversary dates of the mining claims, if the claims have not been converted to a mineral lease or put into production. The Ontario Ministry of Northern Development and Mines allows holders of mining claims to bank historical expenditures made by the mining claim holders and apply these against the expenditure requirements mining claim, or contiguous mining claims, in future periods. Should the minimum expenditure requirements not be satisfied and there are no available banked expenditure credit, the holder of a mining claim may apply for a one year extension to meet the applicable expenditure requirements.

The Company has the following minimum requirements with respect to its exploration properties for the next five years:

	Eagle Rock	Plomp Farm
2023	171,200	400
2024	215,600	13,600
2025	215,600	13,600
2026	215,600	13,600
2027	215,600	13,600

As at December 31, 2022, the Company had \$343,099, \$361,918 and \$25,328 of banked expenditure credits which can be used to offset future expenditure requirements against the Eagle Rock property, Plomp Farm property and other properties, respectively.

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13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial instruments include cash, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and due to related parties. The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate their fair values due to their relatively short periods to maturity. The Company has exposure to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk as a result of its use of financial instruments.

This note presents information about the Company's exposure to each of the above risks and the Company's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing these risks. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Board has implemented and monitors compliance with risk management policies as set out herein.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company held cash of \$1,586 at March 31, 2023, which represents its maximum exposure on these assets and is held with credit worthy financial institutions.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will incur difficulties meeting its financial obligations as they are due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions without incurring unacceptable losses or risking harm to the Company's reputation.

The Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on its ability to obtain additional financing to meet commitments and discharge its liabilities. The requirements to raise funds for general operating activities and current commitments will necessitate raising capital or disposing of assets (Note 2).

As at March 31, 2023, the Company's financial liabilities were comprised of accounts payable and accrued liabilities which have a maturity of less than one year and amounts due to related parties, with no terms of repayment and due on demand.

The current challenging economic climate may lead to adverse changes in cash flow or working capital level, which may have a direct impact on the Company's results and financial position. These are other factors which may adversely affect the Company's liquidity and the Company's ability to generate profits in the future.

(c) Market risk

Market risk consists of currency risk, commodity price risk and interest rate risk. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable limits, while maximizing returns.

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13. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(continued)*

(d) Currency risk

Foreign currency exchange rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. Although the Company is considered to be in the exploration stage and has not yet developed commercial mineral interests, the underlying commodity price for minerals is impacted by changes in the exchange rate between the Canadian and United States dollars. The Company has amounts denominated in US dollars included in the provision for amounts under dispute and as such are exposed to foreign currency exchange risk related to those transactions.

(e) Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Commodity prices for minerals are impacted by world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand as well as the relationship between the Canadian and United States dollars, as outlined above. As the Company has not yet developed commercial mineral interests, it is not exposed to commodity price risk at this time.

(f) Fair values

Financial assets and liabilities that are carried at fair value are grouped into three levels based on significant inputs used in measuring the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1: fair value is based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date;

Level 2: fair value is based on inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3: fair value is based on inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data.

The Company has no financial instruments measured at fair value as at March 31, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

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14. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a flexible capital structure which will allow it to pursue the exploration of its mineral properties. Therefore, the Company monitors the level of risk incurred in its mineral property expenditures relative to its capital structure which is comprised of working capital and shareholders' equity.

The Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new equity if available on favourable terms, option its mineral properties for cash and/or expenditure commitments from optionees, enter into joint venture arrangements, or dispose of mineral properties.

The Company's investment policy is to hold excess cash in interest bearing bank accounts and highly liquid short-term interest-bearing investments with maturities of one year or less which can be liquidated at any time without penalties.

The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements. There has been no change in the Company's approach to capital management during the three months ended March 31, 2023.

15. NOTE PAYABLE

In 2022, the Company established a note agreement with a Creditor of the company for \$300,759 that was previously classified within accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The note is unsecured, non-interest bearing, and the creditor waived the right to request payment before January 31, 2024.