



RAINY MOUNTAIN ROYALTY CORP.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

Dated: March 23, 2026

Contact Information:

**Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.
1450 – 789 West Pender Street.
Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 1H2**

Website: www.rmroyalty.com

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS AND OVERVIEW OF OPERATIONS AND FINANCIAL CONDITION

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial position and results of Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp. ("RMO" or the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed interim financial statements and the accompanying notes thereto as at and for the nine months ended January 31, 2026 and 2025 ("interim financial statements").

The Company's certifying officers are responsible for ensuring that the annual financial statements and MD&A do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated, or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made. The Company's certifying officers certify that the annual financial statements, together with the other financial information included in the filings, fairly present, in all material respects, the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Company as of the date and for the periods presented in the filings.

In this MD&A, "RMO", the "Company", or the words "we", "us", or "our", collectively refer to Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp. The first, second, third and fourth quarters of the Company's fiscal years are referred to as "Q1", "Q2", "Q3" and "Q4", respectively. The year-to-date periods ended January 31, 2026 and 2025 are referred to as "YTD 2026" and "YTD 2025", respectively.

The Company's Audit Committee and the Board of Directors provide an oversight role with respect to all public financial disclosures by the Company. The Board of Directors approve the annual financial statements and MD&A after the completion of its review and recommendation for approval by the Audit Committee, which meets periodically to review all financial reports, prior to filing.

Description of Business

The Company is engaged in the acquisition and exploration of mineral resource properties (exploration and evaluation assets). Costs directly related to the identification, exploration and development of mineral properties are capitalized and are either amortized over the life of the property's production or written off when the property is sold, abandoned or released.

The Company trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol RMO and the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the trading symbol EK7N–FF.

CORPORATE UPDATES

On August 26, 2025, the Company held its Annual General Meeting, with all matters passing.

On September 11, 2025, the Company announced the appointment of Jody Bellefleur as the Company's new CFO and Corporate Secretary and announced the resignation of Dilshan Anthony as CFO and Jen Hanson as Corporate Secretary.

Subsequent to the nine months ended January 31, 2026, 250,000 warrants priced at \$0.05 were exercised for gross proceeds of \$12,500.

On March 17, 2026, the Company announced the appointment of Colton Griffith to the Company's Board of Directors and announced the resignation of David Speck as a Director of the Company.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Title to mineral properties

All costs related to the acquisition, exploration and development of mineral properties are capitalized by property, if economically recoverable ore reserves are developed, capitalized costs of the related property are reclassified as mining assets and amortized using the unit of production method. When a property is abandoned, all related costs are written off to operations. If, after management review, it is determined that the carrying amount of a mineral property is impaired, that property is written down to its estimated net realizable value. A mineral property is reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The amounts shown for exploration and evaluation assets do not necessarily represent present or future values. Their recoverability is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development, and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

Realization of assets

The investment in and expenditures on mineral properties comprise a significant portion of the Company's assets. Realization of the Company's investment in these assets is dependent upon the confirmation of legal ownership, the attainment of successful production from the properties or from the proceeds of their disposal.

Resource exploration and development is highly speculative and involves inherent risks. While the rewards if an ore body is discovered can be substantial, few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines.

There can be no assurance that current exploration programs will result in the discovery of economically viable quantities of ore.

Environmental

The Company is subject to the laws and regulations relating to environmental matters in all jurisdictions in which it operates, including provisions relating to property reclamation, discharge of hazardous material and other matters. The Company may also be held liable should environmental problems be discovered that were caused by former owners and operators of its properties and properties in which it has previously had an interest. To the best of its knowledge, the Company conducts its mineral exploration activities in compliance with applicable environmental protection legislation. The Company is not aware of any existing environmental problems related to any of its current or former properties that may result in material liability to the Company. Environmental legislation is becoming increasingly stringent, and costs and expenses of regulatory compliance are increasing. The impact of new and future environmental legislation on the Company's operations may cause additional expenses and restrictions. If the restrictions adversely affect the scope of the exploration and the development of a mineral property, the potential for production on the property may be diminished or negated.

Exploration Programs

A summary of the Company's current exploration programs is set out below, however, for additional information and details regarding such matters, reference is made to the Company's news releases and related filings that can be viewed on www.sedar.com and the Company's website www.rmroyalty.com.

The technical information regarding the Company's currently active projects referred to herein has been reviewed and approved by Robert Middleton, P. Eng., who has been acting as the Company's Qualified

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

Person, in accordance with regulations under NI 43-101. With respect to the technical information disclosed prior to Robert Middleton becoming the Company's Qualified Person, such technical information was reviewed and approved by Gordon Gibson, P. Geo.

The Company's expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets are as follows:

	Marshall Lake	Other Properties*	Total
Balance, April 30, 2024 and 2025	\$2,588,780	\$ 5	\$ 2,588,785
Deferred costs:			
Additions during the period:			
Permitting	4,723	-	4,723
Net change for the period	4,723	-	4,723
Balance, January 31, 2026	\$2,593,503	\$ 5	\$ 2,593,503

* Other Properties currently consist of the Brunswick, Clay/Powell and Norton Lake Properties.

Marshall Lake Property

The Marshall Lake property is located in the Thunder Bay Mining Division, Ontario, and the Company has a joint venture interest in certain claim units as follows:

- (i) The Company acquired a 100% interest in certain mineral leases from Teck Resources Ltd. ("Teck") and the underlying titleholder. Teck retains a 2% Net Smelter Returns Royalty (NSR).
- (ii) The Company acquired from Carey Lance (the "Vendor") of Ontario 100% interest in certain surface and mineral rights. The Vendor retains a 2% NSR of which the Company can purchase one-half thereof (1% NSR) at any time for \$1,000,000 and the Company has a right of first refusal on the remaining 1% NSR.
- (iii) (iii) The Company acquired a 100% interest in certain leases and claim units from NWT Copper Mines ("NWT"). NWT retains a 3% NSR on precious metals and a 2% NSR on base metals, with 1% of either royalty purchasable by the Company for \$2,000,000 and the Company having a right of first refusal on the remaining portions of these royalties. In connection with the NSRs, the Company is required to pay an annual advance royalty of \$25,000, which payments are credited against royalties otherwise payable to NWT. The Company has paid to date all such advance royalty payments and such payments are shared on a 50/50 basis with Copper Lake Resources Ltd. ("Copper Lake") pursuant to an option agreement dated July 6, 2010, as amended, as referred to herein.

By agreement dated July 6, 2010, and as amended, the Company and Marshall Lake Mining Limited ("MLMP"), a privately held company based in the United Kingdom (each holding a 50% interest in the Marshall Lake property), granted an option to Copper Lake, whereby Copper Lake has the right to acquire up to a 50% joint venture interest in the Marshall Lake property and project. Additionally, once Copper Lake had completed its share issuance and spending requirements, it has the additional option to increase its joint venture interest to 75% by incurring such additional property expenditures as are necessary to take the Marshall Lake project to bankable feasibility stage.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

On September 29, 2016, Copper Lake announced that it received shareholder and TSX-V approvals, to an agreement with MLMP to acquire its 31.25% interest in the Marshall Lake property. The acquisition gave Copper Lake a 68.75% interest in the Marshall Lake property with the remaining 31.25% held by the Company.

On June 14, 2018, the Company approved the expenditures and the earn in of Copper Lake's 75% interest. Copper Lake had earned its 75% interest and had the option to increase its joint venture interest to 87.5%.

In January 2020, the Company amended the underlying joint venture with Copper Lake to remove Copper Lake's right to participate in future mineral properties acquired by the Company. The Company paid Copper Lake \$25,000 as compensation for the amendment.

On June 6, 2021, Copper Lake exercised its option to acquire a 75% in the joint venture. The Company retains the remaining 25% interest and each party is responsible for funding its proportionate share of expenditures. Should the Company choose not to contribute its pro rata share will be diluted. Once the Company's interest is reduced to 10%, it is automatically converted into a 1% NSR. Copper Lake will have the right to acquire the NSR at any time for \$1,000,000.

On June 25, 2022 the Company decided to diluted the interest to 20.45% by not participating in it's share of expenditures. In January 2023, the Company contributed of \$250,000 to maintain its interest in the Marshall Lake Property. Further, \$150,000 was contributed in July 2023.

In July 31, 2023 company made another contribution of \$150,000 to maintain its interest in the Marshall lake property.

As at January 31, 2026, the Company's interest in the Marshall Lake Property is 17.01% (April 30, 2025 – 17.01%).

Current Status:

A systematic review and compilation of historical data at Marshall Lake combined with recently completed exploration work by Copper lake Resources has identified targets by high base -metal and precious metal grads that warrant follow-up work.

Copper Lake Resources announced 112 known occurrences of base-metal mineralization outcrop over an extensive area across the Property. A systematic review and compilation of historical data at Marshall Lake currently ongoing, identified high-priority targets characterized by high base-metal and precious-metal grades that warrant immediate follow up work. These are as follows.

Billiton Zone

The Main Billiton Zone contains a historical resource of 2.2 million tonnes at a grade of 1.3% copper, 4.2% zinc and 2.5 oz/t silver¹. It comprises a minimum of 5 stacked lenses of heavily disseminated to massive sulphides, traced by drilling over a 500-metre strike length and to a maximum depth of 150 metres below surface. Highlights from historical drilling include 3.0% Cu, 11.0% Zn & 219.7 g/t Ag over 7.4 met as well as 2.3% Cu, 9.8% Zn & 124.4 g/t Ag over 5.5 metres. The Main Billiton Zone is hosted in the 'Marshall Mineralized Band', an altered and mineralized sequence of chemical sediments interbedded with fragmental felsic volcanic rocks. Alteration zones associated with the sulphide mineralization contain biotite, garnet and actinolite.

Deeds Island Target – Copper Lake resources reported two target areas were the focus of diamond drilling in 2024, including a prominent MT (magneto-telluric) conductor, situated below high-grade copper-zinc-silver mineralization, known as the Conductive Centre. The second drill target comprised an EM conductor

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

situated 2 km to the east of the Billiton deposit. MT Conductor 1 comprised the highest priority target for drilling, given its close association with bore-hole electromagnetic (BHEM) conductors and associated high-grade mineralization, situated 250 metres to the SE of the Billiton deposit (collectively known as the Conductive Centre). MT Conductor 1 consists of a moderate to strong conductor, persistent over a vertical range of approximately 700 metres, extending from a depth of 300 to 1000 metres below surface, respectively.

As per Copper Lake Resources report, Hole MAR-24-02 was drilled through the centre of MT Conductor 1 to a final depth of 802 metres. Despite the presence of moderate to strong hydrothermal alteration typical of that associated with volcanogenic massive sulphide deposits being encountered in the drill hole, only weak to moderate ubiquitous disseminated sulphides (1% to 5%) including pyrite and lesser sphalerite, galena and chalcopyrite were encountered. Locally, narrow intervals over 1 to 2 metres contain heavier sulphide mineralization in intermediate to felsic volcanic rocks, characterized by strong to very strong alteration. The best mineralized intervals returned the following assays: 0.27% Cu, 1.36% Zn, 39.20 g/t Ag & 0.11 g/t Au over 2.30 metres • 1.46% Cu, 2.07% Zn, 26.40 g/t Ag & 0.24 g/t Au over 0.80 metres.

The second target was an interesting electromagnetic conductor, known as the Build-Up Conductor, defined in a recent large-loop electromagnetic survey (LLEM) completed by Abitibi Geophysics. The conductor is situated in younger rocks (relative to the Billiton deposit and Conductive Centre), in an area of the Marshall Lake property that had not previously been drilled. The conductor was modelled, has dimensions of 500 metres by 150 metres and has moderate strength conductance. A single drill hole MAR-24-01, was completed to evaluate the conductor and was drilled to a final depth of 502 metres. The hole intersected a thick sequence of altered volcanic rocks intruded by gabbro sills. Alteration in the volcanic and intrusive lithotypes comprises weak to moderate chloritization, silicification and potassic alteration in high-grade metamorphic rocks.

Brunswick Property

On September 1, 2016, the Company entered into an option agreement to acquire an undivided 100% interest in a 13-claim unit property located in Brunswick Twp., Ontario (the "Brunswick Property"). The Brunswick Property is currently owned by Michael Tremblay of Wawa, Ontario (as to 50% interest) and Fiorella Santamaria of Sault St. Marie, Ontario (as to 50% t540 laptopi7 laptop interest) (the "Optionors").

Under the option agreement (as Amended on September 20, 2019), the Company can earn a 100% interest in the Brunswick Property by making a series of cash payments and share payments as follows:
On February 10, 2023, Pursuit terminated the option agreement.

A 2% net smelter return royalty ("NSR") has been retained by the Optionors and the Company has the right to purchase one half thereof (1% NSR) at any time for \$1.0 million, and as well, the Company has a right of first refusal to purchase the remaining 1% NSR.

During the year ended April 30, 2019, the Company fully impaired the Brunswick property due to inactivity.

In January 2021, the Company entered into an Option agreement with Pursuit Gold Corp. ("Pursuit"), whereby Pursuit has the right to earn up to a 90% interest in the Brunswick Property by completing the following steps and obligations. As per above, the property is subject to a 2% NSR held by the underlying Optionors and the following terms:

- 1) Payment to the Company of \$30,000, (completed).
- 2) Payment to the Company of \$25,000 by September 15, 2021. (completed)
- 3) Payment to the Company of \$25,000 by September 15, 2022. (Did not receive)
- 4) A firm expenditure commitment of \$100,000, as part of completing expenditures of \$200,000 by September 30, 2022.
- 5) An expenditure commitment of \$350,000 for a cumulative total of \$550,000 by September 30, 2023, which will earn Pursuit a 51% interest in the Property.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

- 6) In order to earn an additional 29%, for a total of 80% interest in the Property, Pursuit must pay \$50,000 by September 30, 2023 and a further \$50,000 by September 30, 2024 and make exploration expenditures of \$400,000 by September 30, 2023 and a further \$500,000 by September 30, 2024 for a cumulative total of 1,450,000. Upon Pursuit earning an 80% interest in the property, the Company will be granted a 1.5% NSR which shall be under the same terms as the NSR to the Optionors, and Pursuit shall have the right to reduce said NSR to 0.5% by the payment of \$1,000,000.
- 7) An additional 10%, for a total of 90% interest in the property, may be earned by Pursuit by completing a bankable feasibility study.

On February 10, 2023, Pursuit terminated the option agreement.

Clay and Powell Properties

During 2003, the Company and Mega Uranium Ltd. ("Mega") acquired a 100% interest (50% each) in 11 claims located in the Thunder Bay Mining Division, Ontario. In August 2016, the Company entered into an agreement with Mega to acquire its 50% interest in the Powell Property and as a result, the Company now owns 100% of the Powell Property.

During the year ended April 30, 2017, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$34,508 related to the Clay and Powell properties since the Company has no currently planned exploration activities for the properties.

Norton Lake Property

The Company continues to hold a 30.21% interest and Copper Lake holds a 69.79% interest in certain claim units in the Norton Lake area. Some of the claim units are subject to a 2% NSR (the Company may purchase 1% of the NSR for \$1,000,000 and has a right of first refusal on the remaining 1% NSR).

During the year ended April 30, 2016, the Company fully impaired the Norton Lake Property due to inactivity. In July 2023, the Company contributed \$30,000 towards the new technical report.

During the year ended April 30, 2024, the Company incurred \$35,591 to Copper Lake for the Company's share on the new National Instrument 43-101 resource report. The amount has been recorded as exploration expenses on the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY

The following is a summary of the significant events and transactions that occurred during the nine months ended January 31, 2026:

- During the nine months ended January 31, 2026, the Company carried out normal day-to-day operations. There were no significant activities recorded.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

	Year Ended April 30, 2025	Year Ended April 30, 2024	Year Ended April 30, 2023
Operating loss	235,494	254,372	349,356
Net loss	235,494	254,372	349,356
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.01	0.01	0.02
Total assets	2,630,573	2,758,056	2,904,680
Total liabilities	1,144,996	1,036,985	929,237

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

	January 31, 2026	October 31, 2025	July 31, 2025	April 30, 2025
Total assets	2,621,715	2,649,174	2,622,309	2,630,573
Exploration and evaluation assets	2,593,508	2,593,508	2,591,712	2,588,785
Working capital (deficit)	(1,323,589)	(1,258,944)	(1,166,203)	(1,103,208)
Shareholders' equity	1,269,919	1,334,564	1,425,509	1,485,577
Operating expenses	64,645	90,945	60,068	59,236
Net loss	(64,645)	(90,945)	(60,068)	(59,230)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

	January 31, 2025	October 31, 2024	July 31, 2024	April 30, 2024
Total assets	2,668,147	2,691,763	2,706,656	2,758,056
Exploration and evaluation assets	2,588,785	2,588,785	2,588,785	2,588,785
Working capital (deficit)	(1,044,099)	(983,509)	(923,371)	(867,870)
Shareholders' equity	1,544,807	1,605,409	1,665,558	1,721,071
Operating expenses	60,602	60,149	55,514	69,107
Net loss	(60,602)	(60,149)	(55,514)	(69,125)
Basic and diluted loss per share	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)

Results of operations

The following discussion addresses the operating results and financial condition of the Company for the nine months ended January 31, 2026, compared with the nine months ended January 31, 2025. The Management's Discussion and Analysis should be read in conjunction with the Company's condensed interim financial statements and the accompanying notes for the nine months ended January 31, 2026.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

For the nine months period ended January 31, 2026:

Net loss for the period

The Company had a net loss for the nine months period ended January 31, 2026 of \$215,658 (2025 - \$176,265). The net loss arises mainly due to consulting & director, transfer agent and regulatory fees, interest and financing fees, and general office and administration fees.

During the nine month period ended January 31, 2026 the Company incurred the following expenses:

- consulting and director fees of \$49,500 (2025 - \$49,500) were consistent with the prior period,
- Interest and financing fees of \$39,904 (2025 - \$37,808) for interest accrued on loans payable,
- office expenses of \$67,444 (2025 - \$53,875) includes rent expense and other office services,
- professional fees of \$35,532 (2025 - \$26,689) related to audit and legal expenses, and
- transfer agent and regulatory fees of \$23,275 (2025 - \$8,223).

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's mineral exploration activities have been funded to date primarily through the issuance of common shares and loans. The company expects that it will continue to be able to utilize this source of financing until it develops cash flow from its mining operations. Other than as discussed herein, the Company is not aware of any trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that may result in its liquidity either materially increasing or decreasing at present or in the foreseeable future.

Material increases or decreases in the Company's liquidity will be substantially determined by the success or failure of its exploration programs on its properties, as well as its continued ability to raise capital.

The Company anticipates spending capital resources on the exploration of the Brunswick Property in the next twelve months. The Company principally engages in option agreements with optionees paying 100% of the exploration costs. Under such arrangements, the optionees are responsible for exploration expenditures on such properties and pay fees to the Company (in cash or shares) as part of the agreement to earn an interest in the Company's properties. The Company is continuing its search for additional optionees and joint venture partners, and will attempt to meet expenditure requirements through such arrangements rather than through the spending of its own capital resources.

The Company assesses its financing requirements and its ability to access equity or debt markets on an ongoing basis. The assessment considers: the stage and success of the Company's evaluation activities to date; the continued participation of the Company's partners in evaluation activities; and financial market conditions. The loan balance as of January 31, 2026 was \$761,466 (April 30, 2025 - \$671,562). It is possible that future economic events and global conditions may result in further volatility in the financial markets, which could negatively impact the Company's ability to access equity or debt markets in the future.

As at January 31, 2026, the Company had a working capital deficit of \$1,323,589 compared to working capital deficit of \$1,103,208 as at April 30, 2025. As at January 31, 2026, the Company had cash of \$5,796 compared to cash of \$25,787 at April 30, 2025.

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended January 31, 2026, was \$65,268 compared to \$87,977 for the nine months ended January 31, 2025, consisting primarily of the operating loss for the period and the change in non-cash items.

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended January 31, 2026 was \$4,723 compared to \$nil for the nine months ended January 31, 2025 consisting of net cash used in exploration and evaluation assets (net recoveries).

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

Net cash from financing activities for the nine months ended January 31, 2026 was \$50,000 compared to \$nil for the nine months ended January 31, 2025 consisting of an addition to the existing loan.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has not entered any off-balance sheet transactions.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

The Company does not have any current proposed asset or business acquisition or dispositions; however, the Company continues to seek new business opportunities to raise capital.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

All significant accounting policies and critical accounting estimates are fully disclosed in the notes of the financial statements and the annual financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2025, and 2024.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The adoption of new accounting policies are disclosed in Note 3 of the audited financial statements for the years ended April 30, 2025, and 2024.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of executive and non-executive members of the Company's Board of Directors and Corporate Officers.

During the three and nine months ended January 31, 2026, and 2025, the Company entered into the following transactions in the ordinary course of business with a related party that is not a subsidiary of the Company.

	Three months ended January 31, 2026		Nine months ended January 31, 2026	
		2025		2025
Consulting and director fees	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,500	\$ 4,500	\$ 4,500

As at January 31, 2026, the Company had \$38,500 (April 30, 2025 - \$34,000) due to related parties included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. Interest is not charged on outstanding balances and there are no specific terms of repayment.

LOANS PAYABLE

In August 2019, the Company entered into certain loan agreements. The loans were provided by certain shareholders of the Company and each loan advance was for a term of one year from the date of the last advance with interest at a rate of 1% per month (12% per annum). As consideration for providing the loans, the Company issued 355,556 bonus shares with a fair value of \$71,111 which was applied against the loans and accreted using the effective interest method.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

On January 6, 2022, the Company entered into an arms-length loan agreement for an aggregate unsecured loan of \$500,000, of which \$100,000 was outstanding as at April 30, 2022. The loan is for a term of one year with interest at a rate of 10% per annum. As consideration for providing the loan the lender received an aggregate of 2,272,727 common share purchase warrants with an exercise price of \$0.22 and a one-year term. The warrants expired unexercised during the year ended April 30, 2023.

In August 2025, the lender of the January 2022 loan provided the Company with an additional \$50,000 advance under the same terms.

The initial advances, subsequent advances, capitalized interest and balances are noted as follows:

	January 31, 2026	April 30, 2025
Loan balance:		
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$671,562	\$621,562
Additions	50,000	-
Interest	39,904	50,000
	\$761,466	\$671,562

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's capital comprises its shareholders' equity under management. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of its mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure that optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, issue new debt, or acquire or dispose of assets.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors, including successful capital deployment and general industry conditions. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business.

In order to maximize ongoing development efforts, the Company does not pay dividends. The Company's investment policy is to invest its short-term excess cash in highly liquid short-term interest-bearing investments with maturities of 365 days or less from the original date of acquisition, selected with regard to the expected timing of expenditures from continuing operations.

To fund future operations and exploration activities, the Company may need to raise funds through future share issuances, loans, issue new debt, or dispose of assets.

There have been no changes to the Company's approach to capital management during the nine months ended January 31, 2026 or the year ended April 30, 2025. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair value

Financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of three levels in the fair value hierarchy according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair values. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 - Inputs that are not based on observable market data.

As at January 31, 2026, the Company has the cash balance of \$5,796 (April 30, 2025- \$25,787).

The fair value of the Company's cash, receivables, accounts payable and loans payable approximates their carrying value because of the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

Risk Management

The Company is exposed to a variety of risks related to financial instruments. The Board approves and monitors the risk management processes. The principal types of risk exposure and the way in which they are managed are as follows:

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its payment obligations. The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and cash equivalents and receivables.

The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents. Management believes that the credit risk concentration with respect to cash and cash equivalents is remote, as it maintains accounts with highly- rated financial institutions. Receivables are due primarily from GST input tax credits.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. As of January 31, 2026, the Company had accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and loans payable of \$1,351,796 (compared to \$1,144,996 as of April 30, 2025).

Based on the current funds held, the Company has a liquidity risk. The company will need to rely upon financing from shareholders and/or debt holders to obtain sufficient long-term working capital. There is no assurance that such financing will be available on terms and conditions acceptable to the Company.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, and other price risk.

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

(i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Company currently has no debt subject to variable interest rates. Accordingly, the Company has limited exposure to interest rate movements.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as all its exploration and evaluation assets are all located in Canada.

(iii) Other price risk

The Company is exposed to other price risk with respect to commodity prices. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors the commodity prices of precious metals and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Outstanding share data as at March 23, 2026:

- a) Authorized Share Capital: Unlimited number of common shares without par value
- b) Issued Share Capital: 26,250,178 common shares with a stated value of \$24,506,086
- c) Outstanding stock options: There are no stock options outstanding and exercisable.
- d) Outstanding share purchase warrants:

Expiry Date	Exercise Price	Number of Warrants	
		March 23, 2026	April 30, 2025
January 6, 2026	\$ 0.09	-	6,200,000
December 21, 2027	\$ 0.05	13,750,000	14,000,000
Total issued and outstanding		13,750,000	20,200,000

- e) Shares held in escrow or pooling agreements: Nil

f) **DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS**

Sean Charland, CEO and Director (Chairman)

Shawn Smith, Director

Colton Griffith, Director

Jody Bellefleur, CFO and Corporate Secretary

Forward-looking Statement

This report includes certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities legislation. All statements, other than statements of historical facts that address such matters as future events or developments that the Company expects, are forward looking statements and, as such, are subject to risks, uncertainties, assumptions, and other factors of which are beyond the reasonable control of the Company. You can identify these statements by forward-looking words

Rainy Mountain Royalty Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the nine months ended January 31, 2026

such as “expects”, “does not expect”, “plans”, “anticipates”, “does not anticipate”, “believes”, “intends”, “estimated”, “projects”, “potential”, “scheduled”, “forecast”, “budget”, and similar expressions, or that events or conditions “will”, “would”, “may”, “could”, “should” or “might” occur and similar words. Such statements give the Company's current expectations or forecasts of future events and are not guarantees of future performance and actual results or developments may differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, this forward-looking information. With respect to forward-looking statements and information contained herein, we have made numerous assumptions including among other things anticipated costs and expenditures and the Company's ability to achieve its goals. Although management believes that the assumptions made and the expectations represented by such statements or information are reasonable, there can be no assurance that a forward-looking statement or information herein will prove to be accurate. Forward-looking statements and information by their nature are based on assumptions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements or information. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in forward-looking statements include, for example, such matters as continued availability of capital and financing and general economic, market or business conditions. Although we have attempted to identify factors that would cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those disclosed in the forward-looking statements or information, there may be other factors that cause actual results, performances, achievements or events not to be anticipated, estimated or intended. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements or information. Any forward-looking statements are expressly qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement.

The information contained herein is stated as of the current date and subject to change after that date and the Company does not undertake any obligation to update publicly or to revise any of the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable securities laws.

Additional information related to the Company is available for view on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca, and on the Company's website at www.rmroyalty.com.