JAEGER
RESOURCES

FORM 51-102F1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
NINE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis, prepared as of September 16, 2019, should be read together with the interim consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended August 31, 2019 and related notes attached thereto, which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. All amounts are stated in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated.

The reader should also refer to the annual consolidated audited financial statements for the years ended November 30, 2018 and 2017, and the Management's Discussion and Analysis for those years.

Jaeger Resources Corp. ("Jaeger" or the "Company" or the "Corporation") was incorporated on November 23, 1993 pursuant to the Alberta Business Corporations Act, is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange and trades under the symbol JAEG.

Additional information related to the Company is available on its website at www.jaegerresources.com and on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Business Overview

The Company is a junior natural resource company engaged in the acquisition, exploration and, if warranted, the development of mineral properties of merit. The Company is currently engaged in the exploration, evaluation and development of the Taylor Brook Property, located in the prolithic Bathurst Mining Camp, New Brunswick, which is host to several lead – zinc – silver deposits.

Overall Performance

During the nine months ended August 31, 2019 the Company spent $72,654 on mineral property expenditures on the Taylor Brook property compared to $38,000 during the nine months ended August 31, 2018. Please see Discussion of Operations for information on the Taylor Brook Property.

During the nine months ended August 31, 2019, the Company had net income of $246,075 compared to net income of $35,654 for the nine months ended August 31, 2018. The Company raised $101,759 from financing activities during the nine months ended August 31, 2019 compared to $61,811 raised from financing activities during the nine months ended August 31, 2018. As at August 31, 2019, the Company had a working capital deficiency of $129,523 compared to a working capital deficiency of $3,211,080 as at August 31, 2018.

Discussion of Operations

Taylor Brook Property, New Brunswick

On February 22, 2017, the Company entered into an Option Agreement (the" Agreement") with Stratabound Minerals Corp. (TSXV:SB) ("Stratabound") to acquire an 80 % interest in the Taylor Brook Property (the "Property").

Under the terms of the Agreement Jaeger issued 1,000,000 common shares to Stratabound upon execution of the Agreement, an additional 1,000,000 common shares were issued to Stratabound on the one year anniversary of the Agreement and Jaeger is required to incur cumulative exploration expenditures of $500,000 over a three year period.

On May 15, 2019 Jaeger entered into an Amending Agreement (the "Amending Agreement") with Stratabound The Amending Agreement extends the Agreement to February 22, 2023 and requires Jaeger to make $500,000 (the original exploration commitment) in cumulative exploration expenditures on the Property and maintain the Property in good standing. This includes $125,000 in cumulative exploration expenditures by February 22, 2020; $200,000 by February 22, 2021; and $300,000 by February 22, 2022. Jaeger issued 1,600,000 common shares to Stratabound as consideration for the Amending Agreement.

The historical mineral resource estimates ((Wardrop/TetraTech, 2011)) for the Taylor Brook deposit at 1.60% ZnEQ% cut-off grade are:

- an Indicated Resource of 243,000 t at 1.69 Zn%, 0.85 Pb%, 0.02 Cu% and 33.42 g/t Ag
- an Inferred Resource of 102,000 t at 1.70 Zn%, 0.87 Pb%, 0.02 Cu% and 32.59 g/t Ag

(for further information the reader is referred to the company website):

As currently known this sub-economic deposit has a strike length of approximately 650 m and a down-dip extent of greater than 600 m. It comprises one to four stratabound horizons of heavily disseminated to semi-massive and massive sulphides.

The historical PEA further notes that the Taylor Brook deposit appears to have a nucleus of higher grade massive sulphides concentrated in the northwest of the deposit, and proposes that 11 of the 24 proposed holes be drilled along the western edge of the deposit, as there has been no drilling to determine the western extent of the massive sulphide zones. This deposit appears to have several mineralized horizons,

Jaeger can joint venture with Stratabound when all option conditions are met which then "triggers" the JV clause. Stratabound can enter the JV or retain a 3% NRS and Jaeger assumes 100% of the property.

Exploration Plan

The following information relating to the Exploration Program is forward-looking information.

The reader is cautioned that assumptions used in the preparation of forward-looking information, which are considered reasonable by Jaeger at the time of preparation, may prove to be incorrect. Actual results achieved will vary from the information provided and the variations may be material. The material risk factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking information below include unavailability of financing, a shortage of qualified personnel and equipment, an unstable political environment and poor weather conditions.

The material factors or assumptions used to develop the forward-looking information below include adequate financing, sufficient qualified personnel and equipment, a stable political environment and good weather conditions.

On July 17, 2019 Jaeger announced the completion of the magnetometer and VLF geophysical surveys on the Taylor Brook zinc – lead – silver Property in New Brunswick.

New and untested magnetometer and VLF anomalies have been located on the western and southern sections of the new grid. (see press release of June 26, 2019). These anomalies occur in an area where little to no exploration work has been conducted. More lines will need to be cut in order to map the extent of these anomalies.

Additional line cutting followed by magnetometer and VLF geophysical surveys are expected to commence in September.

The purpose of these geophysical surveys is as follows:
- Locate and map linear structures.
- Define in better detail the known mineralized zones.
- Locate new mineralized zones and prospects.
- Target zones for the Induced Polarization geophysical survey.

Bruce Downing, MSc, PGeo, Qualified Person under NI 43-101, has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information disclosed in the MD&A.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Taylor Brook Property is at early stage of development and there is no certainty that the property will ever be put into commercial production.

There is no assurance that the Company will be able to acquire new mineral properties of merit for exploration and development.

There is no assurance that the Company will continue to raise sufficient funds for its operating activities and ongoing exploration programs.

Summary of Quarterly Results

Three Month Period Ended

	August 31, 2019	May 31, 2019	February 28, 2019	November 30, 2018
Revenue	$10,000	$10,045	$nil	$nil
Net income (loss)	270,943	(13,245)	(11,623)	1,953,511
Net Income (loss) per share, basic and diluted	0.01	(0.00)	(0.00)	0.12

Three Month Period Ended

	August 31, 2018	May 31, 2018	February 28, 2018	November 30, 2017
Revenue	$nil	$nil	$nil	$nil
Net income (loss)	156,058	(53,403)	(67,000)	221,820
Net Income (loss) per share, basic and diluted	0.01	(0.00)	(0.00)	0.02

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company relies on private placements, advances from directors and the exercise of stock options and warrants to finance its operating activities and exploration and development programs.

	August 31, 2019	November 30, 2018
Working capital deficiency	$(129,523)	$(334,848)
Deficit	(25,158,351)	(25,404,331)

Net cash used in operating activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2019 was $9,534 compared to net cash provided of $181,385 during the nine months ended August 31, 2018.

Net cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2019 was $72,564 compared to net cash of $252,420 used in investing activities for the nine months ended August 31, 2018.

Financing activities provided cash of $101,759 during the nine months ended August 31, 2019 compared to $61,811 for the nine months ended August 31, 2018.

Related Party Transactions

During the nine months ended August 31, 2019, the Company paid rent of $7,092 (2018 - $6,304) to a company wholly-owned by Russel Renneberg, a director of the Company.

During the nine months ended August 31, 2019, the Company paid directors' fees of $12,000 (2018 - $12,000) of which $3,000 was paid to Bruce Downing, the CEO and a director of the Company; $3,000 was paid to Don Bossert, the CFO and a director of the Company; $3,000 was paid to Russel Renneberg, a director of the Company and $3,000 was paid to Peter Gommerud, a director of the Company.

Financial Instruments and Risks

(a) Fair Values

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were presented on the Company's consolidated statement of financial position as at August 31, 2019, as follows:

	Fair Value Measurements Using			
	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	Balance, August 31, 2019
	$	$	$	$
Cash	19,798	–	–	19,798
Restricted cash	0	–	–	0
	19,798	–	–	19,798

The fair values of other financial instruments, which include amounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to related parties, approximate their carrying values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these instruments.

(b) Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consists primarily of cash and amounts receivable. The Company limits its exposure to credit loss by placing its cash with high credit quality financial institutions. Amounts receivable consists of GST receivable. GST receivable is due from the Government of Canada. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

(c) Foreign Exchange Rate Risk

The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk. The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge exposure to foreign exchange rate risk.

(d) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company manages its interest rate risk by maximizing the interest earned on excess funds while maintaining the liquidity necessary to fund daily operations. Fluctuations in market interest rates do not have a significant impact on the Company's results of operations due to the short term to maturity of the investments held.

(e) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company currently settles its financial obligations out of cash. The ability to do this is dependent on the Company raising debt or equity financing in a timely manner and by maintaining sufficient cash in excess of anticipated needs.

(f) Price Risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. The Company's ability to raise capital to fund exploration and development activities is subject to risks associated with fluctuations in the market price of commodities.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not Yet Effective

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not yet effective for the nine months ended August 31, 2019 and have not been applied in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

(i) IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments* (New)
(ii) IFRS 16, *Leases* (New)

The Company has not early adopted these revised standards and has determined that the implementation of these standards will not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Other accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Exploration and Evaluation Assets

	Taylor Brook **$**
Acquisition costs:	
Balance, December 1, 2016	-
Additions	80,000
Balance, November 30, 2017	80,000
Additions	35,000
Balance, November 30, 2018	115,000
Additions	32,000
Balance, August 31, 2019	147,000
Mineral Property costs	
Balance, December 1, 2016	-
Geology	1,700
Drilling	34,954
Sub-total of costs for the period	36,654

Balance, November 30, 2017	$	36,654
Balance, December 1, 2017		36,654
Geology		17,547
Drilling		0
Sub-total of costs for the period		17,547
Balance, November 30, 2018	$	54,201
Balance, December 1, 2018		54,201
Geology		40,654
Drilling		-
Sub-total of costs for the period		40,654
Balance, August 31, 2019	**$**	**94,855**
Carrying Amounts		
Balance, November 30, 2017	$	116,654
Balance, November 30, 2018	$	169,201
Balance, August 31, 2019	**$**	**241,855**

General & Administrative Expenses

Expense	Nine Months Ended August 31, 2019	Nine Months Ended August 31, 2018
Advertising and promotion	$250	$1,968
Consulting fees	2,825	7,200
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	-	9,175
Interest and bank charges	945	286
Insurance	6,707	7,167
Exploration and evaluation costs	-	8,141
Office and general	-	2,543
Professional fees	2,500	-
Rent	7,092	6,304
Salaries, directors fees and related benefits	12,000	12,000
Telephone and utilities	873	808
Transfer agent and regulatory fees	11,810	11,682
Travel and accommodation	3,710	174
TOTAL	**$48,711**	**$67,448**

Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data as at September 16, 2019

Common shares (basic)	48,084,187
Warrants	90,000
Common shares (fully-diluted)	48,174,187

Warrants

Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
90,000	$0.08	November 30, 2019
90,000		