

DIAMOND FIELDS R E S O U R C E S

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements
For the nine months and quarter ended March 31, 2018

(Unaudited, expressed in United States dollars, unless otherwise stated)

UNAUDITED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its auditors have not reviewed the unaudited financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2018.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.
Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Loss
For the period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

		Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	Notes	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
				\$	\$
REVENUE	7	4,826	-	1,074,826	15,616
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and benefits		(13,459)	(9,000)	(45,959)	(53,906)
Mineral property acquisition costs	8	-	-	-	(411,817)
Exploration expenditures	9	(164,010)	(42,680)	(337,400)	(120,006)
General and administrative expenses	10	(81,988)	(43,407)	(181,402)	(151,809)
		(254,631)	(95,087)	510,065	(721,922)
Fair value movement on derivative instruments	13	-	1,820	12,558	(15,039)
Foreign exchange loss		26,653	(1,785)	(17,141)	(1,424)
Interest on loans		(12,733)	(13,890)	(43,688)	(40,917)
NET PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		(240,711)	(108,942)	461,794	(779,302)
Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations		37,860	(623)	109,610	(5,371)
COMPREHENSIVE PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE PERIOD		(202,851)	(109,565)	571,404	(784,673)
BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE		(0.00)	(0.00)	0.01	(0.02)
WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING		47,344,996	47,344,996	47,344,996	47,344,996

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.
Consolidated Statement of Financial Position
As at March 31, 2018
(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

	Notes	March 31, 2018 \$	June 30, 2017 \$
ASSETS			
CURRENT			
Cash		1,121,156	128,257
Prepaid expenses and other receivables		47,600	32,422
		1,168,756	160,679
LIABILITIES			
CURRENT			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		271,831	227,431
Debenture	14	117,294	115,164
Loan payable	15	1,189,895	803,695
Derivative financial instruments	13	974,725	978,240
		2,553,745	2,124,530
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIENCY			
Share capital	12	53,647,079	53,647,079
Contributed surplus		4,023,266	4,015,808
Accumulated other comprehensive income		106,114	(3,496)
Accumulated deficit		(59,161,448)	(59,623,242)
		(1,384,989)	(1,963,851)
		1,168,756	160,679

"Sybrand Van Der Spuy"

Director

"Earl Young "

Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Deficiency
For the period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

	Number of shares	Share capital \$	Contributed surplus \$	Accumulated deficit \$	Accumulated other comprehensive Income/(loss) \$	Total \$
Balance at June 30, 2016	36,025,199	53,548,701	3,675,964	(58,114,780)	3,357	(886,758)
Private placement	10,666,667	768,000	-	-	-	768,000
Share issued as consideration for investment in Action Mining Limited	653,130	50,430	-	-	-	50,430
Share based compensation	-	-	10,757	-	-	10,757
Translation difference on consolidation	-	-	-	-	(5,371)	(5,371)
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(779,302)	-	(779,302)
Balance at September 30, 2016	47,344,996	54,367,131	3,686,721	(58,894,082)	(2,014)	(842,244)
Balance at June 30, 2017	47,344,996	53,647,079	4,015,808	(59,623,242)	(3,496)	(1,963,851)
Translation difference on consolidation	-	-	-	-	109,610	109,610
Share based compensation	-	-	7,458	-	-	7,458
Profit for the period	-	-	-	461,794	-	461,794
Balance at March 31, 2018	47,344,996	53,647,079	4,023,266	(59,161,448)	106,114	(1,384,989)

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.
Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows
Period ended March 31, 2018 and 2017
(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

	Three months ended		Nine months ended	
	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$
CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Net profit/(loss) for the period	(240,710)	(108,942)	461,795	(779,302)
Items not affecting use of cash				
Foreign exchange gain	7,366	(2,121)	120,783	(14,700)
Mineral property acquisition costs	-	-	-	411,069
Share based compensation	7,458	-	7,458	10,757
Interest and accretion	11,890	13,890	36,200	40,917
Fair value movement on derivative instruments	-	(1,819)	(12,558)	15,039
Net change in non-cash operating working capital items	(51,838)	(18,829)	29,221	(13,255)
	(265,834)	(117,821)	642,899	(329,475)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issuance of shares	-	-	-	768,000
Loan received	-	-	350,000	-
	-	-	350,000	768,000
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investment in subsidiary	-	-	-	(360,420)
CHANGE IN CASH	(265,834)	(117,821)	992,899	78,105
CASH, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	1,386,990	388,113	128,257	192,187
CASH, END OF PERIOD	1,121,156	270,292	1,121,156	270,292

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

On December 6, 2017, the Company changed its name from **Diamond Fields International Ltd** to **Diamond Fields Resources Inc.**

Diamond Fields Resources Inc's ("DFR" or the "Company") business activity is the exploration and evaluation of mineral properties in South Africa, Namibia, Madagascar and the Red Sea. The Company was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on May 28, 2000, and has continued as a company under the Business Corporations Act of British Columbia. The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange, having the symbol DFR, as a Tier 2 mining issuer and is in the process of exploring its mineral properties.

The Company's ultimate controlling party is Jean-Raymond Boule through his private investment company, Spirit Resources SARL ("Spirit").

The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 303, 595 Howe Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6C 2T5, Canada.

On September 22, 2016, the Company effected a common share consolidation on the basis of five pre-consolidation common shares for one post-consolidation common share of the Company. All references to the number of shares and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to give effect to the consolidation.

2. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND ABILITY TO CONTINUE AS A GOING CONCERN

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business as they become due.

To date, the Company has financed its activities through the issuance of equity securities and debt financing, primarily from significant shareholders of the Company. The Company expects to use similar financing techniques in the future and is pursuing such additional sources of financing as estimated to be required to sufficiently support its operations until such time that its operations become self-sustaining. Although there is no assurance that the Company will be successful in these actions, these consolidated financial statements do not give effect to potentially material adjustments that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

3. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company for the period ended March 31, 2018 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include notes of the type normally included in an annual financial report and should be read in conjunction with the most recent annual financial report.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

4. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for derivative financial instruments that have been measured at fair value.

The condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in U.S. dollars ("USD"). The parent company's functional currency is the USD while the functional currency of the subsidiaries is the same as the respective local currencies of the countries in which they are based.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment of complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 6.

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements unless otherwise indicated.

*(a) Basis of consolidation*Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are wholly owned entities controlled by Diamond Fields International Ltd. ("the Parent"). The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed when necessary to align them with the policies adopted by the Parent. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries, as shown below:

Name	Country of Incorporation	Class of Shares	Ownership Interest
Kimberley Overseas Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Common	100%
Diamond Fields (S.L.) Ltd.	Cayman Islands	Common	100%
Diamond Fields (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd.	Namibia	Common	100%
Diamond Fields Operations (Namibia) (Pty) Ltd.	Namibia	Common	100%
Diamond Fields (South Africa) (Proprietary) Ltd.	South Africa	Common	100%
Action Mining Ltd.	Mauritius	Common	100%
Compagnie Generale de Mines de Madagascar SARL	Madagascar	Common	100%
Namibian Diamond Company (Proprietary) Limited	Namibia	Common	70%
Diamond Fields Saudi Arabia Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Common	100%
Red Sea Arabian Resources Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	Common	100%

Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-company balances, transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-company transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(b) Foreign currencies

Transactions and balances

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the entity at the exchange rate in effect at the statement of financial position date and non-monetary assets and liabilities at the exchange rates in effect at the time of the transactions. Revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated at rates approximating the exchange rates in effect at the time of the transactions.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the consolidated statement of loss.

Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the functional currency of the parent are translated into United States dollars as follows:

- a. assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- b. income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive loss are translated at exchange rates approximating the exchange rates in effect at the time of the transactions;
- c. all resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of intercompany loans are taken to shareholders' equity.

When a foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold, exchange differences that were recorded in equity are recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss as part of the gain or loss on sale.

(c) Cash and equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(d) Financial instruments

Financial Assets

Financial assets are classified into one of the following categories based on the purpose for which the asset was acquired. All transactions related to financial instruments are recorded on a trade date basis. The Company's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
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Expressed in U.S. dollars

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(d) Financial instruments (continued)

Fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

A financial asset is classified as FVTPL if it is classified as held for trading or is designated as such upon initial recognition. Financial assets are designated as FVTPL if the Company manages such investments and makes purchase and sale decisions based on their fair value in accordance with the Company's documented risk management or investment strategy. On initial recognition material transaction costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred. Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value, and changes therein are recognized in profit or loss. Cash is classified as FVTPL and is accounted for at fair value.

Loans and Receivables

These assets are non-derivative financial assets resulting from the delivery of cash or other assets by a lender to a borrower in return for a promise to repay on a specified date or dates, or on demand and comprise of cash. They are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue and subsequently carried at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method, less any impairment losses. Amortized cost is calculated taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and includes fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate and transaction costs. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

Impairment of Financial Assets

At each reporting date the Company assesses whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired, if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or the group of financial assets.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as other financial liabilities, based on the purpose for which the liability was incurred, and comprise accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and convertible debentures. These liabilities are initially recognized at fair value net of any transaction costs directly attributable to the issuance of the instrument and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. This ensures that any interest expense over the period to repayment is at a constant rate on the balance of the liability carried in the statement of financial position. Interest expense in this context includes initial transaction costs and premiums payable on redemption, as well as any interest or coupon payable while the liability is outstanding.

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the quarter which are unpaid.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
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Expressed in U.S. dollars

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Compound Financial Instruments

The Company may issue compound financial instruments such as convertible debentures. Upon issuance, the Company determines whether the conversion feature represents an equity component or liability component. When the conversion feature represents an equity component, the proceeds received on issue of the convertible debenture are allocated into their liability and equity components. The amount initially attributed to the debt component equals the discounted cash flows using a market rate of interest that would be payable on a similar debt instrument that does not include an option to convert. Subsequently, the debt component is accounted for as a financial liability measured at amortized cost until extinguished on conversion or maturity of the note. The remainder of the proceeds is allocated to the conversion option and is recognized within shareholder's equity, net of income tax effects.

If the conversion feature represents a liability, or if the convertible debenture includes any other embedded derivatives, they will be separated from the host contract and accounted for as a derivative when the following three criteria are satisfied:

- When the economic risks and characteristics of the embedded derivative are not closely related to those of the host contract;
- A separate instrument with the same terms as the embedded derivative would meet the definition of a derivative; and
- The entire instrument is not measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss.

The difference between the fair value of the total compound instrument and the fair value of the embedded derivative is assigned to the host contract. The embedded derivative is fair valued at each reporting date using an appropriate fair value valuation model with changes in the fair value being recognized immediately in net loss and comprehensive loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company holds share purchase warrants and conversion options on convertible debentures that have an exercise price denominated in a currency that is different to the functional currency of the Company, thus causing them to be classified as derivative liabilities, which are measured at FVTPL. These instruments are measured at fair value through the application of an appropriate fair valuation model.

(f) Mineral properties

The Company's properties are all currently in the Exploration and Evaluation ("E&E") stage.

Acquisition and E&E expenditures incurred prior to the date of a positive economic analysis on the property are expensed as incurred. Direct costs incurred for the development of mineral properties, net of cost recoveries, are capitalized once the technical feasibility and commercial viability of extracting the mineral resource has been determined.

On the commencement of commercial production, the net capitalized costs are charged to operations on a unit-of-production basis, by property, using the estimated proven and probable reserves as the depletion base.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(g) Share-based payments

Where equity-settled share options are awarded to employees, the fair value of the options at the date of grant is charged to the statement of comprehensive loss over the vesting period. Performance vesting conditions are taken into account by adjusting the number of equity instruments expected to vest at each reporting date so that, ultimately, the cumulative amount recognized over the vesting period is based on the number of options that eventually vest. Non-vesting conditions and market vesting conditions are factored into the fair value of the options granted. As long as all other vesting conditions are satisfied, a charge is made irrespective of whether these vesting conditions are satisfied. The cumulative expense is not adjusted for failure to achieve a market vesting condition or where a non-vesting condition is not satisfied.

Where the terms and conditions of options are modified before they vest, the increase in the fair value of the options, measured immediately before and after the modification, is also charged to the statement of comprehensive loss over the remaining vesting period.

Where equity instruments are granted to employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the equity instrument granted at the grant date. The grant date fair value is recognized in comprehensive loss over the vesting period, described as the period during which all the vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

Where equity instruments are granted to non-employees, they are recorded at the fair value of the goods or services received in the statement of comprehensive loss, unless they are related to the issuance of shares. Amounts related to the issuance of shares are recorded as a reduction of share capital.

When the value of goods or services received in exchange for the share-based payment cannot be reliably estimated, the fair value is measured by use of a valuation model. The expected life used in the model is adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions, and behavioural considerations.

Equity-settled share-based payments are reflected in contributed surplus, until exercised. Upon exercise, shares are issued from treasury and the amount reflected in contributed surplus is credited to share capital, adjusted for any consideration paid.

Where a grant of options is cancelled or settled during the vesting period, excluding forfeitures when vesting conditions are not satisfied, the Company immediately accounts for the cancellation as an acceleration of vesting and recognizes the amount that otherwise would have been recognized for services received over the remainder of the vesting period. Any payment made to the employee on the cancellation is accounted for as the repurchase of an equity interest except to the extent the payment exceeds the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the repurchase date. Any such excess is recognized as an expense.

(h) Income taxes

Income tax expense comprises of current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in net income except to the extent that it relates to a business combination or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive loss.

Current income taxes are recognized for the estimated income taxes payable or receivable on taxable income or loss for the current year and any adjustment to income taxes payable in respect of previous years. Current income taxes are determined using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year-end date.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(h) Income taxes (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized where the carrying amount of an asset or liability differs from its tax base, except for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill and temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which is not a business combination and at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Recognition of deferred tax assets for unused tax losses, tax credits and deductible temporary differences is restricted to those instances where it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deferred tax asset can be utilized. At the end of each reporting period the Company reassesses unrecognized deferred tax assets. The Company recognizes a previously unrecognized deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

(i) Basic earnings / Loss per share

Basic earnings/loss per share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to common shares of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the relevant year.

Diluted earnings/loss per common share is computed by dividing the net income or loss applicable to common shares by the sum of the weighted average number of common shares issued and outstanding and all additional common shares that would have been outstanding, if potentially dilutive instruments were converted.

(j) Provisions

Rehabilitation Provisions

The Company is subject to various government laws and regulations relating to environmental disturbances caused by exploration and evaluation activities. The Company records the present value of the estimated costs of legal and constructive obligations required to restore the exploration sites in the year in which the obligation is incurred. The nature of the rehabilitation activities may include restoration, reclamation and re-vegetation of the affected exploration sites.

The rehabilitation provision generally arises when the environmental disturbance is subject to government laws and regulations. When the liability is recognized, the present value of the estimated costs is capitalized by increasing the carrying amount of the related properties, or in the case of E&E properties, charged to operations. Over time, the discounted liability is increased for the changes in present value based on current market discount rates and liability specific risks.

The Company is subject to no rehabilitation provisions as at March 31, 2018.

Other Provisions

Provisions are recognized for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount that have arisen as a result of past transactions, including legal or constructive obligations. The provision is measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

(k) Share capital

Equity instruments are contracts that give a residual interest in the net assets of the Company. Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as equity only to the extent that they do not meet the definition of a financial liability or financial asset. The Company's common shares and stock options are classified as equity instruments.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

(l) Foreign exchange

The functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The functional currency of the parent company is the USD while the functional currency of the subsidiaries is the same as the respective local currencies of the countries in which they are based. The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

Transactions in currencies other than the US dollar are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities of the Company that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the period end exchange rate while non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at the exchange rates approximating those in effect on the date of the transactions. Exchange gains and losses arising on translation are included in comprehensive loss.

(m) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet effective

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

On 24 July 2014, the IASB issued the final IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* Standard, which replaces earlier versions of IFRS 9 and completes the IASB's project to replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*.

This standard will include changes in the measurement bases of the Company's financial assets to amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss. Even though these measurement categories are similar to IAS 39, the criteria for classification into these categories are significantly different. In addition, the IFRS 9 impairment model has been changed from an "incurred loss" model from IAS 39 to an "expected credit loss" model, which is expected to increase the provision for bad debts recognised by the Company.

The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with retrospective application, early adoption is permitted.

The Company has not early adopted this standard and is currently assessing the impact on its financial statements.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

5. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(m) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet effective (continued)

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers

In May 2014, IFRS 15 was issued which establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. IFRS 15 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including IAS 18 *Revenue*, IAS 11 *Construction Contracts* and the related interpretations when it becomes effective.

The core principle of IFRS 15 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods and services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange of those goods and services.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of IFRS 15 in the future will have a material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Company's financial statements. This standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 provides a comprehensive model for the identification of lease arrangements and their treatment in the financial statements of both lessees and lessors. It will supersede the following lease Standard and Interpretations upon its effective date:

- IAS 17 *Leases*
- IFRIC 4 *Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease*
- SIC 15 *Operating Lease – Incentives*; and
- SIC 27 *Evaluating the Substance of Transactions involving the Legal Form of a Lease*

IFRS 16 is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019 with early application permitted for entities that apply IFRS 15 at or before the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

The directors of the Company do not anticipate that the application of IFRS 16 in the future will have a material impact on the amounts reported and disclosures made in the Company's financial statements.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.

**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE NINE MONTH ENDED MARCH 31, 2018.**

Expressed in U.S. dollars

6. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive loss in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities recognized in the consolidated financial statements within the next financial year are discussed below:

Share-based Payment Transactions

The Company measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees and other parties by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The Company has determined that its functional currency is the US dollar and has issued non-broker warrants and conversion options on convertible debentures in a currency other than its functional currency. The Company measures the cost of the derivative financial instruments by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted and revalued at each reporting date. Estimating fair value for non-broker warrant transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the warrant, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value derivative financial instrument transactions are disclosed in Note 13.

Convertible Debentures

The Company has issued and modified convertible debentures, the valuation and accounting for which is complex and requires the application of management estimates and judgments with respect to the determination of appropriate valuation models, certain assumptions applied within such valuation models, whether the modification of the debt instruments are significant and certain aspects of the accounting method applied on initial recognition. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value of convertible debenture transactions are disclosed in Note 13.

Title to Mineral Property Interests

Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

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7. REVENUE

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Share of income from bulk sampling program	670,000	-
Gain on disposal of Nickel Fields (Mauritius) Ltd	400,000	-
Interest income	4,826	-
	<u>1,074,826</u>	<u>-</u>

On November 17, 2017, the Company and International Mining and Dredging Holdings (Pty) Limited ("IMDH") agreed to an initial mining program on the Company's ML 111 licence and further concluded discussions with IMDH that \$670,000 be paid as the Company's share of the 2016 bulk sampling program.

On December 21, 2017, the company disposed of its wholly owned subsidiary, Nickel Fields (Mauritius) Ltd, for a consideration of \$400,000.

8. MINERAL PROPERTY ACQUISITION COSTS

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Mineral property acquisition costs	<u>-</u>	<u>411,817</u>

On August 25, 2016, the Company received acceptance from the TSX Venture Exchange of the Sale and Purchase Agreement (the "Agreement") dated August 15, 2016 between the Company, its wholly owned subsidiary Kimberley Overseas Ltd. ("Kimberley"), Pala Investments Limited ("Pala") and Austral Resources Limited ("Austral"). The Agreement pertained to the acquisition from Pala and Austral, through Kimberley, of 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Action Mining Ltd. ("Action"), a Mauritius company and the parent company of a Madagascar entity holding the license to the Beravina Zircon Deposit in Madagascar.

Pursuant to the Agreement, Kimberly acquired 100% of the issued and outstanding common shares of Action on September 8, 2016 for consideration of \$360,420 in cash and the issuance of 653,130 common shares of the Company valued at CAD \$0.10 per common share for a total fair value of \$50,430. This transaction was treated as an asset acquisition.

Purchase price	Amount
Cash	\$360,420
Shares	50,430
	<u>\$410,850</u>
Cash	\$174
Exploration and evaluation assets	411,817
Accrued liabilities	(1,141)
Net Assets	<u>\$410,850</u>

The value of the Company's common shares was calculated based on the issuance of the Company's 653,130 common shares at a price per share of CAD \$0.10 which was the TSX Venture Exchange closing price of the Company's common shares on the date the shares were issued.

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9. EXPLORATION EXPENSES

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
South Africa Phosphate project	8,717	-
Namibian Diamond project	172,449	8,325
Berovina Zircon project	111,748	-
Other projects	44,486	111,681
	337,400	120,006

10. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017
	\$	\$
Office	24,118	17,442
Consultancy and Professional fees	88,496	56,273
Regulatory	30,628	34,800
Investor relation	38,160	43,294
	181,402	151,809

11. INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense is recognized based on management's best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate for the full financial year applied to the pre-tax income of the interim period.

The Company has not recognized deferred tax assets in relation to prior year losses as it does not believe that there will be sufficient taxable income in future periods to utilize these losses.

12. SHARE CAPITAL**Authorized share capital**

The authorized capital stock of the Company comprises an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

On September 23, 2016, the Company effected a common share consolidation on the basis of five pre-consolidation common shares for one post-consolidation common share of the Company. All references to the number of shares and per share amounts have been retroactively restated to give effect to the consolidation.

Issued and outstanding share capital

On September 23, 2016, the Company closed a CAD\$1,000,000 financing on a post-consolidated basis by the issuance of 10,666,667 post-consolidated Units to Spirit Resources SARL (a private company controlled by Jean-Raymond Boulle) at a post-consolidated price of CAD\$0.09375 per Unit. Each Unit is comprised of one post-consolidated common share and one post-consolidated warrant (the "Warrant"), each Warrant entitling the holder to purchase one additional post-consolidated share at an exercise price of CAD\$0.125 per share for five years from the date of issuance. These shares, including any that may be issued on exercise of the Warrant, will be subject to a hold period under applicable Canadian securities laws expiring on January 24, 2017, and may be subject to such further restrictions on resale as may apply under applicable foreign securities laws.

In accordance with the terms of the asset acquisition agreement, on September 6, 2016 the Company issued a total of 653,131 common shares in its capital stock at a fair value of CAD\$0.1 per share to Pala (Note 8). These shares are subject to a hold period under applicable Canadian securities laws expiring January 7, 2017.

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12. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)
Stock Options

The Company has adopted a stock option plan (the “Plan”), under which the maximum number of stock options issued cannot exceed 4,700,000 of the Company’s common shares, which vest and become exercisable in full upon grant, except for options granted to consultants performing investor relations activities, which vest in stages over twelve months. The exercise period for any options granted under the Plan cannot exceed ten years. The exercise price of options granted under the Plan cannot be less than the “discounted market price” of the common shares (the market price less the maximum discount permitted by the TSX Venture Exchange).

Outstanding and exercisable share options

The following is a summary of changes in options from July 1, 2016 to March 31, 2018:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Opening Balance	During the Year			Closing Balance
			Granted	Exercised	Forfeited / expired	
Balance at June 30, 2016		1,067,000	-	-	(437,000)	630,000
12/12/2016	12/12/2021	-	2,962,800	-	-	2,962,800
02/24/2012	02/23/2017	-	-	-	(140,000)	(140,000)
Balance at June 30, 2017		630,000	2,962,800	-	(140,000)	3,452,800
02/05/2018	02/04/2023	-	400,000	-	-	3,852,800
Balance at March 31, 2018		3,452,800	400,000	-	-	3,852,800

The following is a summary of options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2018:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Exercise Price (CAD)	Outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2018
07/19/13	07/19/18	\$ 0.50	490,000
12/12/16	12/11/21	\$ 0.145	2,962,800
02/05/2018	02/04/2023	\$ 0.145	400,000
Balance at March 31, 2018			3,852,800

The fair value of options granted was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model.

Share purchase warrants

A summary of share purchase warrant activity and information concerning currently outstanding and exercisable warrants from July 1, 2016 to March 31, 2018 is as follows:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Opening Balance	During the Year			Closing Balance	Exercisable
			Granted	Exercised	Forfeited / expired		
Balance at June 30, 2016		-	-	-	-	-	-
9/23/16	9/22/21	-	10,666,667	-	-	10,666,667	10,666,667
Balance at June 30, 2017			-	10,666,667	-	-	10,666,667
No movement during the period March 31, 2018		-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2018		10,666,667	-	-	-	-	10,666,667

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12. SHARE CAPITAL (Cont'd)**Nature and purpose of equity**

The reserves recorded in equity on the Company's statement of financial position include "Contributed Surplus," "Accumulated Deficit" and "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss."

"Contributed Surplus" is used to recognize the value of share option grants prior to exercise.

"Accumulated Deficit" is used to record the Company's change in deficit from year to year.

"Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss" includes foreign exchange losses/gains on translating subsidiaries with a different functional currency.

13. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company had issued various warrants for financing purposes at various prices. As the warrants have an exercise price denominated in Canadian dollars, which is different to the functional currency of the Company (U.S. dollar), the share purchase warrants are treated as a derivative financial liability and the fair value movement during the year was recognized in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

The change in fair values of the derivative financial liabilities measured using the Binomial valuation model is as follows:

	Warrants (Note 12) \$
Balance, June 30, 2016	-
Issuance of derivative financial instruments (warrants)	714,015
Movement in fair value	261,944
Movement in foreign exchange rates	2,281
Balance, June 30, 2017	978,240
Movement in fair value	(12,558)
Movement in foreign exchange rates	9,043
Balance, March 31, 2018	974,725

	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2017
	\$	\$
Current portion of derivative financial instruments	974,725	978,240

The fair value of the derivative financial instruments was determined using the Binomial valuation model using the weighted average assumptions outlined in the following table.

	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2017
Expected volatility	196%	195 - 200%
Risk-free interest rate	1.94%	1.32%
Expected life	3.48 years	4.23 - 5.00 years

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14. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURES

	\$
Balance June 30, 2016	116,365
Foreign exchange	1,201
Balance, June 30, 2017	115,164
Fair value movement in convertible debentures	2,130
Balance March 31, 2018	\$117,294

A summary of debentures issued outstanding as at March 31, 2018 is as follows:

Debenture issued to	Principal amount	Fair value at June 30, 2017	Fair value at March 31, 2018	Issuance date	Maturity / conversion date
	CAD \$	US \$	US \$		
Spirit Resources Sarl	151,357	115,164	117,294	March 27, 2014	March 26, 2015*

*As the maturity date of the debenture has passed, this amount is now due on demand.

On March 27, 2014 the Company issued a new convertible debenture in the total principal amount of CAD \$151,357 to Firebird Global Master Fund II Holdings, Ltd. ("Firebird"). The debenture had a one year term maturing March 26, 2015, with 8% interest payable semi-annually. The debenture was convertible into a total of 605,428 units (the "Units") at a conversion price of CAD \$0.25 per unit. Each unit was comprised of one common share and one-half share purchase warrant, each whole warrant entitling the holder to acquire one additional common share on or before March 26, 2015 at a price of CAD \$0.25 per share. The debenture replaced another debenture originally issued November 7, 2012 to Firebird that matured March 27, 2014. These debentures were subsequently acquired by Spirit Resources Sarl.

The new debenture was classified as a compound financial instrument that contained both derivative and debt characteristics. On issuance, the derivative financial liability component was assessed a value of \$27,201 using the binomial model. The residual value of the principal of the debenture of \$108,583 was assessed as the value of the debt component of the convertible debenture.

15. LOANS

	March, 2018	June 30, 2017
	\$	\$
Opening balance	803,695	757,725
Loan received	350,000	
Interest	36,200	45,970
	1,189,895	803,695

A summary of loans and their maturity profiles are as follows:

Loans from	Principal amount	Interest rate (per annum)	Issuance date	Maturity date
	US \$	%		
Spirit Resources Sarl	290,000	6%	July 15, 2014	December 31, 2014*
Spirit Resources Sarl	400,000	6%	March 01, 2015	March 01, 2016**
Spirit Resources Sarl	350,000	0%	October 02, 2017	January 30, 2018***

*Loan payable matured December 31, 2014 and is now due on demand.

** Loan payable matured March 1, 2016 and is now due on demand.

*** Loan payable matured January 30, 2018 and is now due on demand.

DIAMOND FIELDS RESOURCES INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
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The Company incurred the following charges with directors and officers of the Company for the periods ended March 31, 2018 and 2017, which are recorded in the following accounts in these condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Salaries and consulting fees	24,000	27,000
Legal fees	-	33,607
	24,000	60,607

All related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount, being the amounts established and agreed to between the related parties.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On May 29, 2018, the Company announced that on May 24, 2018 TSX-V accepted the Company's private placement of 6,472,496 common shares at a price of C\$0.125 per share for gross proceeds of C\$809,062. In addition, on May 25, 2018 the TSX-V approved the issuance of 14,078,170 common shares at a deemed price of C\$0.125 per share to settle a total of C\$1,759,771 in outstanding debt owing to its major shareholder, Spirit Resources SARL.

Accordingly, on May 29, 2018 the Company issued a total of 20,550,666 common shares at C\$0.125 per share, having an aggregate value of C\$2,568,833.