

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30, 2025 AND 2024

Presented in Canadian Dollars

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

Head office and records office
4th Floor, 595 Howe St., Vancouver, BC V6C 2T5

NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3 (3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed consolidated interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that an auditor has not reviewed the financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION
(Presented in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

	November 30, 2025	May 31, 2025
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 329	\$ 7,570
Sales tax recoverable	3,171	97,406
Receivables	-	22,600
Due from related parties (Note 9(a))	2	2
	<u>3,502</u>	<u>127,578</u>
Non-current assets		
Deposit	5,000	5,000
Property and equipment (Note 4)	500,843	556,107
Right-of-use asset (Note 9(b))	197,918	214,711
	<u>703,761</u>	<u>775,818</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 707,263</u>	<u>\$ 903,396</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6, 9 & 13)	\$ 1,244,081	\$ 1,515,477
Lease liability (Note 9(b))	37,734	77,597
Loans payable (Note 7 & 9)	81,430	64,290
Deposit (Note 14)	120,000	120,000
	<u>1,483,245</u>	<u>1,777,364</u>
Non-current liabilities		
Lease liability (Note 9(b))	348,548	333,292
	<u>348,548</u>	<u>333,292</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,831,793</u>	<u>2,110,656</u>
Shareholders' equity (deficiency)		
Share capital (Note 8)	29,158,855	28,851,636
Contributed surplus (Note 8)	1,378,525	1,378,525
Share-based payment reserve (Note 8)	6,356,993	6,343,959
Deficit	(38,018,903)	(37,781,380)
Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)	<u>(1,124,530)</u>	<u>(1,207,260)</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity (deficiency)	<u>\$ 707,263</u>	<u>\$ 903,396</u>
Nature of operations and continuance of operations (Note 1)		
Commitments and contingencies (Note 13)		

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on April 6, 2026. They are signed on the Company's behalf by:

/s/ Nicholas Brusatore
Director

/s/ Rick Easthom
Director

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF LOSS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS**

(Presented in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Three months ended November 30,		Six months ended November 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
EXPENSES				
Amortization – intangible assets (Note 5)	\$ -	\$ 10,151	\$ -	\$ 20,303
Consulting and subcontractors (Note 9)	9,751	17,555	7,698	28,285
Depreciation – property and equipment (Note 4)	27,632	25,796	55,264	51,574
Depreciation – right-of-use asset (Note 9(b))	8,396	14,988	16,793	29,976
Loss (gain) on debt settlement	-	7,923	(91,439)	7,923
Interest expense (Note 7 & 9)	9,223	477	20,770	1,302
Loss on disposal of intangible assets (Note 5)	-	41,843	-	41,843
Management fees (Note 9)	40,000	40,000	80,000	80,000
Other operating expenses	3,937	11,444	5,899	16,287
Professional fees	72,522	95,290	112,865	147,626
Registration and information to shareholders	7,308	10,782	16,639	16,063
Share based compensation (Note 8, 9)	-	-	13,034	-
Loss and comprehensive loss for the period	\$ (178,769)	\$ (276,249)	\$ (237,523)	\$ (441,182)
Basic and diluted loss per common share	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding – basic and diluted	47,310,458	38,727,823	46,015,645	37,939,205

See notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**CONDENSED INTERIMCONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)**

(Presented in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	Share capital						Total shareholders' equity (deficiency)
	Number of shares	Amount	Contributed surplus	Share-based payment reserve	Deficit		
Balance as at May 31, 2024	37,176,026	\$ 28,696,523	\$ 1,375,086	\$ 6,343,959	\$ (36,126,421)	\$	289,147
Share issuance – private placements	2,580,000	129,000	-	-	-		129,000
Share issuance costs	-	(20,944)	-	-	-		(20,944)
Shares for debt	158,466	15,846	-	-	-		15,846
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(441,182)		(441,182)
Balance as at November 30, 2024	39,914,492	28,820,425	1,375,086	6,343,959	(36,567,603)		(28,133)
Share issuance – private placements	700,000	38,500	-	-	-		38,500
Share issuance costs	-	(7,289)	3,439	-	-		(3,850)
Loss for the Period	-	-	-	-	(1,213,777)		(1,213,777)
Balance as at May 31, 2025	40,614,492	28,851,636	1,378,525	6,343,959	(37,781,380)		(1,207,260)
Share issuance – private placements	600,003	33,000	-	-	-		33,000
Share issuance costs	-	(100)	-	-	-		(100)
Shares for debt	6,095,963	274,319	-	-	-		274,319
Share based compensation	-	-	-	13,034	-		13,034
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(237,523)		(237,523)
Balance as at November 30, 2025	47,310,458	\$ 29,158,855	\$ 1,378,525	\$ 6,356,993	\$ (38,018,903)	\$	(1,124,530)

See notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED NOVEMBER 30,
(Presented in Canadian Dollars)
(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

	2025	2024
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the period	\$ (237,523)	\$ (441,182)
Item not affecting cash:		
Amortization – intangible assets	-	20,303
Depreciation – right-of-use asset	16,793	29,976
Depreciation – property and equipment	55,264	51,574
Interest expense	20,769	1,301
Loss (gain) on debt settlement	(91,439)	7,923
Loss on disposal of intangible assets	-	41,843
Share based compensation	13,034	-
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Sales tax recoverable	94,235	(13,995)
Receivables	22,600	-
Prepaid expenses	-	(84,500)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	53,862	181,061
Net cash used in operating activities	(52,405)	(205,696)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisition of capital assets	-	(720)
Loan receivable	-	(3,000)
Deposit	-	120,000
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	116,280
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from share issuance	33,000	129,000
Share issuance costs	(100)	-
Loans received	60,000	-
Loans repaid	(47,736)	(40,678)
Net cash provided by financing activities	45,164	88,322
Net increase in cash for the period	(7,241)	(1,094)
Cash, beginning of period	7,570	2,906
Cash, end of period	\$ 239	\$ 1,812
Supplementary cash flow information		
Shares for debt	\$ 274,319	\$ -

See notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2025 AND 2024

(Presented in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Affinor Growers Inc. (“AGI” or the “Company”) (please see principles of consolidation note 3(a)) is incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act and its registered office is 4th Floor, 595 Howe St. Vancouver, BC, Canada, V6C 2TC. The Company’s common shares are listed for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange (“CSE”), the Frankfurt Stock Exchange and the OTC QB Exchange.

The Company is a vertical farming technology company focused on developing and commercializing economical vertical farming technologies that use less resources (e.g. land, water, and energy resources) to produce pesticide-free produce year-round. The Company’s revenue model includes entering into licensing agreements that provide licensing revenue as well as earnings on sales of its equipment and sale of produce from its production facilities.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, which assumes that the Company will be able to meet its commitments, continue operations and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. There are material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the appropriateness of the going concern assumption.

To date, the Company has generated limited revenue and significant losses, has not generated positive cash flows from operations and for the six months ended November 30, 2025 incurred operating losses of \$237,523 (2024 - \$441,182). At that date the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$38,018,903 (May 31, 2025 - \$37,781,380) and has relied upon financing primarily from private equity placements and exercise of options and warrants to fund its operations.

The Company’s business plan is dependent on raising additional funds to finance its operations within and beyond the next 12 months. The Company plans to obtain funding through additional equity offerings, sale of its produce and licensing of its technology until it achieves positive cash flows from operations. While the Company has managed to fund its operations in the past through equity financing, raising additional funds is dependent on a number of factors outside the Company’s control and, as such, there is no guarantee that it will be able to obtain additional financing in the future. If the Company is unable to obtain sufficient additional financing, it may have to delay, scale back or eliminate plans for its present or future facilities and curtail operations, which could harm the business, financial condition and results of operations. This could occur in the near term. Until such financing is secured and profitable operations are reached, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not reflect the adjustments to the carrying values of assets and liabilities and the reported expenses and statement of financial position classifications that would be necessary were the going concern assumption inappropriate, and these adjustments could be material.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION**(a) Statement of compliance**

These condensed interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (“IAS”) 34 ‘Interim Financial Reporting’ (“IAS 34”) using accounting policies consistent with the IFRS Accounting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (“IFRIC”), and on a basis consistent with the accounting policies disclosed in the Company’s annual audited financial statements for the year ended May 31, 2025.

The Company has consistently applied the accounting policies used in preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements throughout all the period presented. Significant accounting judgments and estimates used by management in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are presented in Note 3.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the basis of IFRS standards that are in effect at the issue time.

(b) Basis of preparation

Depending on the applicable IFRS requirements, the measurement basis used in the preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements is cost, net realizable value, fair value or recoverable amount. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements, except for the statement of cash flows, are based on the accrual basis.

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2025 AND 2024

(Presented in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION**(a) Principles of consolidation**

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries as at November 30, 2025. Where the Company has the power, either directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of another entity or business so as to obtain benefits from its activities, it is classified as a subsidiary. The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Company and its subsidiaries as if they formed a single entity. All inter-company transactions and balances between the companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries listed in the following table:

Name of Subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Ownership Interest at November 30, 2025	Ownership Interest at May 31, 2025	Principal Activity
Affinor Growers International Inc.	Canada	100%	100%	Holding Company

(b) Foreign currency translation

The Company assesses functional currency on an entity-by-entity basis based on the related fact pattern. However, the presentation currency used in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements is determined at management's discretion.

The functional currency of AGI, and the presentation currency applicable to these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, is the Canadian dollar. The functional currency of the Company's subsidiary is the Canadian dollar. Currently, the Company's subsidiary is inactive.

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on dates of transactions. At each statement of financial position reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates prevailing at each reporting date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Foreign currency translation differences are recognized in profit or loss.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash equivalents include money market instruments which are readily convertible into cash or have maturities at the date of purchase of less than ninety days. As at November 30, 2025 and May 31, 2025, the Company did not have any cash equivalents.

(d) Property and equipment

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property and equipment consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Where an item of property and equipment comprises major components with different useful lives, the components are accounted for as separate items of property and equipment. Expenditures incurred to replace a component of an item of property and equipment that is accounted for separately, including major inspection and overhaul expenditures, are capitalized.

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2025 AND 2024

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)***(d) Property and equipment** *(Continued)*

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of property and equipment, less their estimated residual value, over the estimated useful life of the asset. Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates:

Greenhouse	10 years straight line
Growing equipment	30% declining balance
Computer equipment	30% declining balance
Lighting equipment	10% declining balance
Dehumidifiers and fans	10% declining balance
Office equipment	20% declining balance

Depreciation commences when the assets are available for their intended use.

Property and equipment are derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of the asset, determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss in the condensed interim consolidated statement of comprehensive loss.

(e) Right-of-use assets and lease liability

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease based on whether the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company then recognizes a right-of-use asset ("RUA") and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The RUA is initially measured based on the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received. The assets are depreciated to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the RUA or the lease term using the straight-line method. The lease term includes periods by an option to extend if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or if the Company changes its assessment whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option.

When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of the remeasurement is recognized as a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the RUA or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the RUA has been reduced to zero.

(f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired is their fair value as at the date of acquisition.

The amount initially recognized for internally-generated intangible assets is the sum of the expenditures incurred from the date that the Company can demonstrate all of the following: i) the technical feasibility of completing the intangible assets so that it will be available for use or sale; ii) its intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it; iii) its ability to use or sell the intangible asset; iv) how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits; v) the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and vi) its ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development. Until these criteria are met, expenditures are expensed as incurred.

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2025 AND 2024

(Presented in Canadian Dollars)

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)***(f) Intangible assets** *(Continued)*

Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortization expense on intangible assets with finite lives is recognized in the statement of comprehensive loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible assets. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized annually on a straight-line basis. The Company holds five patents with effective lives of 15 - 20 years each and remaining lives of 12 - 16 years. The patents are amortized over the effective lives of the patents. Costs incurred for patents which are pending or are in the process of being developed are amortized over the remaining life of the patent when the patent is issued.

(g) Impairment of property and equipment and intangible assets (excluding goodwill)

Property and equipment and finite life intangible assets are reviewed for impairment if there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication is present, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine whether impairment exists. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Any intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to the recoverable amount and the impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the period. Where an impairment subsequently reverses, the carrying amount is increased to the revised estimate of recoverable amount but only to the extent that this does not exceed the carrying value that would have been determined if no impairment loss had previously been recognized. A reversal is recognized immediately in profit or loss for the period.

(h) Share capital

Proceeds from the issuance of common shares are classified as equity on the condensed interim statements of financial position. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of shares are recognized as a deduction from share capital.

The proceeds from the issuance of units comprised of shares and warrants are allocated between common shares and reserves based on the residual value method. Under this method, the proceeds are allocated to the shares based on their fair value and the residual value is allocated to the warrants.

(i) Provisions

Provisions are recognized in the condensed interim statements of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOVEMBER 30, 2025 AND 2024

(Presented in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(j) Share-based payment transactions

The Company's share option plan allows the Company's directors, officers, employees and consultants to acquire shares of the Company. The fair value of options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted, the estimated volatility, estimated risk free rate and estimated forfeitures.

If a grant of the share-based payments is cancelled or settled during the vesting period (other than a grant cancelled by forfeiture when the vesting conditions are not satisfied), the Company accounts for the cancellation or settlement as an acceleration of vesting, and recognizes immediately the amount that otherwise would be recognized for services over the remainder of the vesting period.

The amount recognized for goods or services received during the vesting period are based on the best available estimate of the number of equity instruments anticipated to vest. The Company revises that estimate, if necessary, if subsequent information indicates that the number of share options anticipated to vest differs from the previous estimates. On vesting date, the Company revises the estimate to equal the number of equity instruments that ultimately vested. After vesting date, the Company make no subsequent adjustment to total equity for goods or services received if the share options are later forfeited or they expire at the end of the share option's life.

If a grant of the share based payment is modified during the vesting period (other than a grant cancelled by forfeiture when the vesting conditions are not satisfied) and the fair value of the new instruments is higher than the fair value of the original instrument, the incremental fair value granted is included in the measurement of the amount recognized for services received over the period from modification date until the date when the modified equity instruments vests, in addition to the amount based on the grant date fair value of the original equity instruments, which is recognized over the remainder of the original vesting period of the original instrument.

Upon expiration of options, the amount applicable to expired options is moved to contributed surplus.

(k) Income taxes

Income tax on the profit or loss for the periods presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at period end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is recorded using the liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for: goodwill not deductible for tax purposes; the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting or taxable loss; nor differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted that are expected to apply when temporary differences are expected to settle.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a future tax asset will be recovered, it provides a valuation allowance against that excess. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

NOVEMBER 30, 2025 AND 2024

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)***(l) Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument.

At initial recognition, financial assets are measured at fair value and classified as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”) or fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”). The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired, the business model in which they are managed and their cash flow characteristics. At initial recognition, financial liabilities are measured at fair value and classified as, subject to certain exceptions, subsequently measured at amortized cost. For financial assets and financial liabilities not at FVTPL, fair value is adjusted for transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognized immediately in the statement of comprehensive loss.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL: (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows, and (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at FVTOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL: (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets, and (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset is measured at FVTPL unless it is measured at amortized cost or FVTOCI. However, an irrevocable election can be made at initial recognition for particular investments in equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at FVTPL to present subsequent changes in fair value through other comprehensive income.

Financial liabilities

The Company’s financial instruments are classified and subsequently measured as follows:

Account	Classification
Cash	Amortized cost
Receivables	Amortized cost
Due from related parties	Amortized cost
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	Amortized cost
Loans payable	Amortized cost
Lease liability	Amortized cost

Reclassifications

The Company would reclassify a financial asset when the Company changes its business model for managing the financial asset. All reclassifications are recorded at fair value at the date of the reclassification, which becomes the new carrying value.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition, except in the period after the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets.

AFFINOR GROWERS INC.**NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)***(l) Financial instruments** *(Continued)***Derecognition**

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset derecognized) and the sum of (i) the consideration received (including any new assets obtained less any new liability assumed) and (ii) cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive loss is recognized in profit or loss.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its obligations are discharged or cancelled or expired.

Modification of financial assets and financial liabilities

If the terms of a financial asset are modified, the Company evaluates whether the cash flows of the modified asset are substantially different. If the cash flows are substantially different, then the contractual rights to cash flows from the original financial asset are deemed to have expired. In this case, the original financial asset is derecognized and a new financial asset is recognized at fair value.

If the cash flows of the modified asset carried at amortized cost are not substantially different, then the modification does not result in derecognition of the financial asset. In this case, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes the amount arising from adjusting the gross carrying amounts as a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. If such a modification is carried out because of financial difficulties of the borrower, then the gain or loss is presented together with impairment losses. In other cases, it is presented as interest income.

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different. In this case, a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished and the new financial liability with modified terms is recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment

The Company recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost. At each reporting date, the loss allowance for the financial asset is measured at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on the financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If at the reporting date, the financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the loss allowance is measured for the financial asset at an amount equal to twelve month expected credit losses. For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses, which allows the use of a lifetime expected loss provision.

Impairment losses on financial assets carried at amortized cost are reversed in subsequent periods if the amount of the loss decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized.

(m) Loss per share

The Company presents the basic and diluted loss per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted loss per share is determined by adjusting the loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential common shares. In the Company's case, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share as the effects of including all outstanding options and warrants would be anti-dilutive.

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*

(n) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These consolidated financial statements include estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout these consolidated financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and further periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made at the statement of financial position date that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Critical judgments

- (i) Going concern – Evaluation of the ability of the Company to realize its strategy for funding its future needs for working capital involves making judgments.
- (ii) Useful life of intangible assets – Management has judgmentally used the maximum legal life of the patents as the useful life of the intangible assets for purposes of amortization.
- (iii) Impairment of intangible assets – The determination that there are no indicators of impairment indicating that the carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount. Judgment is required in assessing whether certain factors would be considered an indicator of impairment or impairment reversal. Management considers both internal and external information to determine whether there is an indicator of impairment or impairment reversal present and, accordingly, whether impairment testing is required.
- (iv) Impairment of property and equipment - An evaluation of whether or not an asset is impaired involves consideration of whether indicators of impairment exist. Factors which could indicate impairment exists include: significant underperformance of an asset relative to historical or projected operating results, significant changes in the manner in which an asset is used or in the Company's overall business strategy, the carrying amount of the net assets of the Company being more than its market capitalization or significant negative industry or economic trends.

Significant estimates and assumptions

- i. Costs of defence – as management could not determine the amount of legal fees that would ultimately be covered pursuant to the Notice of Civil Claim with any degree of certainty, any legal fees covered were recorded as a recovery in the period of final adjudication and recorded as other income (see Note 13).
- ii. Share-based payments - Share-based payments are determined using the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model based on estimated fair values of all share-based awards at the date of grant. The Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model utilizes assumptions such as expected price volatility, the expected life of the option and the number of options that may be forfeited. Changes in these input assumptions may affect the fair value estimate.
- iii. Lease modification - The discount rate used to evaluate the present value of the lease liability. The discount rate was determined by comparing debt issuances in similar companies, historical experience of the Company and by assessing macro-economic factors present in the market.
- iv. Non-cash transactions - The valuation of shares issued in non-cash transactions. Generally, the valuation of non-cash transactions is based on the value of the goods or services received. When this cannot be determined, it is based on the fair value of the non-cash consideration. When non-cash transactions are entered into with employees and those providing similar services, the non-cash transactions are measured at the fair value of the consideration given up using market prices.

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)***(o) Revenue recognition**

The Company follows IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, which establishes a five step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers:

- identify the contract with a customer;
- identify the performance obligations in the contract;
- determine the transaction price, which is the total consideration provided by the customer;
- allocate the transaction price among the performance obligations in the contract based on their relative fair values; and
- recognize revenue when the relevant criteria are met for each performance obligation.

The Company's revenue model includes entering into licensing agreements that provide licensing revenue as well as earnings on sales of its equipment and sale of produce from its production facilities. Revenue is recognized at a point of time when the control of the products has transferred to an external party, when all significant contractual obligations have been satisfied and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. These are generally met when products are shipped to the customer, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales order, the acceptance provisions have lapsed, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.

Revenue is measured based on the price specified and provided to the customer.

(p) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted

A number of new standards, and amendments to standards and interpretations, are not effective and have not been early adopted in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The following accounting standards and amendments are effective for the current and future years.

IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements ("IAS 1") - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current

In January 2020, the IASB issued amendments to IAS 1. The amendments aim to promote consistency in applying the requirements by helping companies determine whether, in the statements of financial position, debt and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date should be classified as current (due or potentially due to be settled within one year) or non-current. The amendments include clarifying the classification requirements for debt a company might settle by converting it into equity. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024, with earlier application permitted. The Company adopted this amendment as of June 1, 2024 with no impact on its condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION *(Continued)*(p) New standards, amendments and interpretations not yet adopted *(Continued)*

IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

IFRS 18 introduces three sets of new requirements to give investors more transparent and comparable information about companies' financial performance for better investment decisions.

1. Three defined categories for income and expenses – operating, investing or financing – to improve the structure of the income statements, and require all companies to provide new defined subtotals, including operating profit;
2. Requirement for companies to disclose explanations of management-defined performance measures (MPMs) that are related to the income statement; and
3. Enhanced guidance on how to organize information and whether to provide it in the primary financial statements or in the notes.

This new standard is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. The Company will be evaluating the impact of the above amendments on its condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

4. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Growing equipment	Lighting equipment	Dehumidifiers and fans	Greenhouse	Total
Cost					
As at May 31, 2024	\$ 285,823	\$ 71,289	\$ -	\$ 637,935	\$ 995,047
Addition	90,113	-	27,453	720	118,286
Impairment	-	(71,289)	(27,453)	-	(98,742)
As at May 31, 2025 and November 30, 2025	\$ 375,936	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 638,655	\$ 1,041,591
As at May 31, 2024	\$ 173,047	\$ 16,432	\$ -	\$ 174,257	\$ 375,037
Depreciation	47,350	5,486	1,373	63,830	118,039
Impairment		(21,918)	(1,373)		(23,291)
As at May 31, 2025	220,397	-	-	238,087	458,484
Depreciation	23,331	-	-	31,933	55,264
As at November 30, 2025	\$ 243,728	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 270,020	\$ 513,748
Net book value					
As at May 31, 2025	\$ 155,539	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400,568	\$ 556,107
As at November 30, 2025	\$ 132,209	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 368,635	\$ 500,843

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company impaired certain equipment as management intends to replace it in the foreseeable future.

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5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Patents	Patents Pending	Total
Cost			
As at May 31, 2024	\$ 1,164,612	\$ 41,416	\$ 1,206,028
Additions	-	3,895	3,895
Impairment	(691,081)	(45,311)	(736,392)
As at May 31, 2025 and November 30, 2025	\$ 473,531	\$ -	\$ 473,531
Accumulated amortization			
As at May 31, 2024	\$ 434,278	\$ -	\$ 434,278
Amortization	39,253	-	39,253
As at May 31, 2025 and November 30, 2025	\$ 473,531	\$ -	\$ 473,531
Net book value			
As at May 31, 2025	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
As at November 30, 2025	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

As at November 30, 2025, patents and patents pending were comprised of the following:

Patents

- Method and Apparatus for Automated Horticulture and Agriculture (Canada and United States)
- Method and Apparatus for Automated Vertical Horticulture and Agriculture (Canada and United States)
- Vertical Growing Tower for Automated Horticulture and Agriculture (Canada, United States)
- Agricultural and Horticultural Growing Tower (Canada); and
- Growing Tower (United States).

Patents Pending

Patents were pending for certain of the above-noted patents in various countries including EU, United States and United Arab Emirates. During the year ended May 31, 2024, the Company disposed of intangible assets of \$30,780.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the management completed its annual impairment testing for its intangible assets. The recoverable amounts for all patents were based on likelihood of expected revenues to determine the risk of success or failure. Due to the uncertainty about the success and future economic benefits of the intangible assets, it resulted in a write-down of \$736,392.

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	November 30, 2025	May 31, 2025
Accounts payable	\$ 1,244,081	\$ 1,515,477

During period ended November 30, 2025, the Company settled \$365,758 accounts payable by issuance of 6,095,963 shares valued at \$274,319 and recorded \$91,439 gain on the settlement.

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7. LOANS PAYABLE

Loans payable consists of the following:

	November 30, 2025	May 31, 2025
Unsecured loan, bearing interest at 10% per annum, and repayable on June 28, 2025. Monthly penalty of \$1,000 for default after the maturity date for failure of full repayment	\$ -	\$ 25,737
Unsecured loan, bearing interest at 8% per annum, and repayable on September 4, 2025 (Note 14)	421	18,347
Unsecured loan, no interest bearing (Note 14)	60,000	-
Unsecured loan, bearing interest at 8% per annum, and repayable on October 14, 2025 (Note 14)	21,009	20,206
	<u>\$ 81,430</u>	<u>\$ 64,290</u>

During the period ended November 30, 2025, the Company:

- i) recorded penalties of \$4,000 for failure of repayment of an unsecured loan payable to a consultant of \$28,736 for equipment purchased on behalf of Company. The loan accrues interest at 10% and was payable on June 28, 2025. The loan was fully repaid in period ended November 30, 2025.
- ii) recorded an unsecured loan payable to CEO of \$60,000. The loan is no interest bearing and is payable on demand.
- iii) repaid \$18,000 loan payable to CEO.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company:

- i) loan repayment of \$40,678 including total accrued interest of \$1,010 on FreshBay, Inc.'s loan (see Note 14).
- ii) settled loan amounts of \$7,923 by issuance of 158,466 common shares of the Company (see Notes 8 and 9).
- iii) recorded an unsecured loan payable to a consultant of \$28,736 for equipment purchased on behalf of Company. The loan accrues interest at 10% and is payable on June 28, 2025. During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company repaid \$5,000 against the loan, and also incurred additional penalties of \$2,000 for failure of repayment.
- iv) recorded an unsecured loan payable to CEO of \$18,000. The loan accrues interest at 8% and is payable on September 4, 2025.
- v) recorded an unsecured loan payable to a director of \$20,000. The loan accrues interest at 8% and is payable on October 14, 2025.

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8. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS

(a) Authorized:

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

As of November 30, 2025, the Company had 47,310,458 common shares outstanding (May 31, 2025 – 40,614,492).

(b) Share issuances:

During the year ended November 30, 2025, the Company:

- i) settled \$365,758 of debt by issuing 6,095,963 shares of the Company with a fair value of \$274,319 resulting in a gain on settlement of \$91,439.
- ii) completed the second tranche of a non-brokered private placement of 600,003 units of the Company at a price of \$0.055 per unit for gross proceeds of \$33,000. Each unit consists of one common share in the capital of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into one common share of the Company at \$0.08 until June 19, 2027.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company:

- i) completed a private placement for 2,580,000 units at \$0.05 per unit for total proceeds of \$129,000. Each unit consists of one common share and one common share purchase warrant exercisable at \$0.10 until October 10, 2026. Under the residual value approach, \$Nil was assigned to the warrant component of the units.
- ii) settled \$7,923 of loans payable owing to a creditor of the Company by issuing 158,466 common shares of the Company at a fair value of \$15,846 resulting in a loss on settlement of \$7,923 (see note 7).
- iii) completed the first tranche of a non-brokered private placement of 700,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.055 per unit for gross proceeds of \$38,500. Each unit consists of one common share in the capital of the Company and one share purchase warrant. Each warrant is exercisable into one common share of the Company at \$0.08 until May 21, 2027. Under the residual value approach, \$Nil was assigned to the warrant component of the units.

The Company paid \$24,794 and issued 70,000 finder's warrants valued at \$3,439 as finders' fees. Each warrant is exercisable into one common share of the Company at \$0.08 until May 21, 2027.

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8. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Continued)

(c) Warrants:

The continuity of warrants for the period ended November 30, 2025 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	As at May 31, 2025	Issued	Exercised	Expired	As at November 30, 2025
February 7, 2026**	\$ 0.10	7,086,111	-	-	-	7,086,111
February 7, 2026**	\$ 0.10	1,050,000	-	-	-	1,050,000
March 21, 2026**	\$ 0.10	1,430,000	-	-	-	1,430,000
May 9, 2026	\$ 0.10	700,000	-	-	-	700,000
October 10, 2026	\$ 0.10	2,580,000	-	-	-	2,580,000
May 21, 2027	\$ 0.08	770,000	-	-	-	770,000
June 19, 2027	\$ 0.08	-	600,003	-	-	600,003
October 12, 2027*	\$ 0.10	1,550,000	-	-	-	1,550,000
Outstanding		15,166,111	600,003	-	-	15,766,114
Weighted average exercise price	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.08	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.10	

*The expiry date on these warrants was amended on September 18, 2024 from October 12, 2024 to October 12, 2027.

**expired subsequently

As of November 30, 2025, the weighted average contractual life is 0.60 years (May 31, 2025 – 1.06 years).

The continuity of warrants for the year ended May 31, 2025 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	As at May 31, 2024	Issued	Exercised	Expired	As at May 31, 2025
February 7, 2026	\$ 0.10	7,086,111	-	-	-	7,086,111
February 7, 2026	\$ 0.10	1,050,000	-	-	-	1,050,000
March 21, 2026	\$ 0.10	1,430,000	-	-	-	1,430,000
May 9, 2026	\$ 0.10	700,000	-	-	-	700,000
October 10, 2026	\$ 0.10	-	2,580,000	-	-	2,580,000
May 21, 2027	\$ 0.08	-	770,000	-	-	770,000
October 12, 2027*	\$ 0.10	1,550,000	-	-	-	1,550,000
Outstanding		11,816,111	3,350,000	-	-	15,166,111
Weighted average exercise price	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.10	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.10	

*The expiry date on these warrants was amended on September 18, 2024 from October 12, 2024 to October 12, 2027.

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8. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Continued)

(c) Warrants (Continued):

The weighted average assumptions used to estimate the fair value of finders' warrants for the period ended November 30, 2025 and May 31, 2025 were:

	Period ended November 30, 2025	Year ended May 31, 2025
Stock price	-	\$0.07
Exercise price	-	\$0.08
Risk-free interest rate	-	2.70%
Expected life	-	2.00 years
Expected volatility	-	198.00%

(d) Share Purchase Options Compensation Plan:

The Company maintains a share-based payment plan (the "Plan") whereby the Board of Directors may from time to time grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants, options to acquire common shares in such numbers, for such terms and at such exercise prices as may be determined by the Board, but the exercise price cannot be lower than the market price. The Plan provides that the maximum number of common shares in the capital of the Company which may be reserved for issuance under the Plan may not exceed 10% of the publicly traded shares issued and outstanding on the grant date of the options (on a non-diluted basis). Options granted are exercisable at the day of grant except for persons performing investor relations activities. Options granted to suppliers of investor relations services must at a minimum vest in stages over a period not less than 12 months with no more than one fourth of the options vesting in any three-month period. Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected price volatility. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable measure of the fair value of the Company's share purchase options.

During the period ended November 30, 2025, the Company granted 300,000 options to a consultant of the Company. The options were valued at \$13,034 and are exercisable at \$0.05 per option expiring on July 3, 2030.

A summary of changes in the Company's common share purchase options for the period ended November 30, 2025 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	As at May 31, 2025	Issued	Expired/Cancelled /Forfeited	As at November 30, 2025
May 10, 2025	\$ 0.50	200,000	-	-	-
December 29, 2025	\$ 0.10	1,190,000	-	-	1,190,000
May 10, 2027	\$ 0.10	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
July 3, 2030	\$ 0.05	-	300,000	-	300,000
July 25, 2031	\$ 0.40	450,000	-	-	450,000
August 10, 2031	\$ 0.50	100,000	-	-	100,000
November 2, 2031	\$ 0.50	100,000	-	-	100,000
November 2, 2031	\$ 0.30	400,000	-	-	400,000
December 7, 2031	\$ 0.50	100,000	-	-	100,000
February 22, 2032	\$ 0.40	50,000	-	-	50,000
Outstanding		3,390,000	300,000	-	3,690,000
Options exercisable		3,390,000	300,000	-	3,690,000
Weighted average exercise price	\$	0.20	\$ 0.05	\$ -	\$ 0.19

As at November 30, 2025, the weighted average remaining life is 2.68 years (May 31, 2025 – 3.01 years)

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8. SHARE CAPITAL AND CONTRIBUTED SURPLUS (Continued)**(d) Share Purchase Options Compensation Plan (Continued):**

A summary of changes in the Company's common share purchase options for the year ended May 31, 2025 is as follows:

Expiry date	Exercise price	As at May 31, 2024	Issued	Expired/Cancelled/Forfeited	As at May 31, 2025
May 10, 2025	\$ 0.50	200,000	-	(200,000)	-
December 29, 2025	\$ 0.10	1,190,000	-	-	1,190,000
May 10, 2027	\$ 0.10	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
July 25, 2031	\$ 0.40	450,000	-	-	450,000
August 10, 2031	\$ 0.50	100,000	-	-	100,000
November 2, 2031	\$ 0.50	100,000	-	-	100,000
November 2, 2031	\$ 0.30	400,000	-	-	400,000
December 7, 2031	\$ 0.50	100,000	-	-	100,000
February 22, 2032	\$ 0.40	50,000	-	-	50,000
Outstanding		3,590,000	-	(200,000)	3,390,000
Options exercisable		3,590,000	-	(200,000)	3,390,000
Weighted average exercise price		\$ 0.22	\$ -	\$ 0.50	\$ 0.20

The weighted average assumptions used to estimate the fair value of options granted during the year ended November 30, 2025 were:

	Period ended November 30, 2025	Year ended May 31, 2025
Exercise price	\$0.05	-
Risk-free interest rate	2.94%	-
Expected life	5.00 years	-
Expected volatility	188.31%	-

All options during the year vested immediately.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company. The Company has determined that key management personnel consist of members of the Company's Board of Directors and corporate officers.

(a) Transactions with key management personnel

	For the period ended November 30 2025	For the period ended November 30 2024
Management fees	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000
Share-based compensation	-	-
	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000

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9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

At November 30, 2025, the Company had the following amounts owing to related parties:

- i) accounts and loan payable of \$147,661 (May 31, 2025 - \$202,593) owing to the CEO of the Company.
- ii) accounts payable of \$68,250 (May 31, 2025 - \$68,250) owing to a former director of the Company.
- iii) accounts payable of \$41,808 (May 31, 2025 - \$201,006) owing to a director of the Company.
- iv) accounts payable of \$5,645 (May 31, 2025 - \$5,645) owing to other directors of the Company.

At November 30, 2025 and May 31, 2025, the Company had amounts due from related parties of \$2.

During the period ended November 30, 2025, the Company issued 5,795,963 shares to settle \$347,758 of accounts payable owing to the CEO and a director of the Company.

(b) Industrial Lease

The lease is with a director and officer of the Company.

The Company paid a \$5,000 security deposit and gross rent during the term is \$81,000 per year until 2031, payable monthly commencing August 2024.

RUA/Lease Liability

The continuity of RUA is as follows:

May 31, 2024	\$	447,148
Lease modification		(173,583)
Depreciation		(58,854)
May 31, 2025		214,711
Depreciation		(16,793)
November 30, 2025	\$	197,918

The continuity of lease liabilities is as follows:

Lease liability, May 31, 2024	\$	589,299
Lease modification		(173,583)
Interest expense		1,923
Accretion of payments		(6,750)
Lease liability, May 31, 2025		410,889
Interest expense		15,893
Accretion of payments		(40,500)
Lease liability, November 30, 2025	\$	386,282
Current lease liability	\$	37,734
Long term lease liability	\$	348,548

The Company is responsible for utilities and services to the Greenhouse.

On May 15, 2025, the Company did not meet certain requirements pursuant to the industrial lease contract, which resulted in termination of the rent free period and initiated the accrual of monthly lease payments.

During the period ended November 30, 2025, the Company accrued interest expense of \$15,893 (2024 - \$292).

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has classified its financial instruments as follows:

The fair values of the Company's cash, receivables, due from related parties, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, loans payable, and lease liability approximate their carrying values because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

The Company has categorized its financial instruments that are carried at fair value, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation techniques used to measure fair value, into a three-level fair value hierarchy as follows:

Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and

Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Company has no financial instruments at FVTPL.

The Company's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including market risk, liquidity risk, credit risk and currency risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The objectives of the Company are to ensure cash inflows in the short and medium term, while reducing exposure to capital markets. The Company does not trade in financial assets for speculative purposes.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or other financial assets. As at November 30, 2025, the Company had current liabilities of \$1,777,364 (May 31, 2025 - \$1,777,364), the majority of which have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. As at November 30, 2025, the Company has a working capital deficiency of \$1,649,786 (May 31, 2025 - \$1,649,786). The ability of the Company to continue its activities relies upon the support of its suppliers and obtaining additional financing.

The following table summarizes the maturities of the Company's financial liabilities as at November 30, 2025 and May 31, 2025 based on undiscounted cash flows:

	Payment due period					Total
	<1 year	2-3 years	4-5 years	>5 years		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,244,081	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,244,081
Loans payable	81,430	-	-	-	-	81,430
Lease liability	37,734	162,000	162,000	24,548		386,282
Deposit	120,000	-	-	-		120,000
November 30, 2025	\$ 1,483,245	\$ 162,000	\$ 162,000	\$ 24,548	\$ -	\$ 1,831,793

	Payment due period					Total
	<1 year	2-3 years	4-5 years	>5 years		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 1,515,477	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,515,477
Loans payable	64,290	-	-	-	-	64,290
Lease liability	77,597	162,000	162,000	9,292		410,889
Deposit	120,000	-	-	-		120,000
May 31, 2025	\$ 1,777,334	\$ 162,000	\$ 162,000	\$ 9,292	\$ -	\$ 2,110,656

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT *(Continued)***Credit risk**

Credit risk results from the possibility that a loss may occur from the failure of another party to perform according to the terms of the contract. The Company is exposed to credit risk on cash which is held with a Canadian chartered bank and management considers this risk to be negligible.

Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk arising from exchange rate fluctuations against its reporting Canadian currency. Currency transaction risk is the impact of exchange rate fluctuations on the Company's statement of comprehensive loss, which is the effect of currency rates on expected future cash flows and investment and management considers this risk to be negligible.

11. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL RISK

The Company manages its cash and shareholders' equity (deficiency) as capital. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the costs of capital at an acceptable risk. This objective will be achieved by identifying the right agriculture projects, adding value to these projects and ultimately taking them through to production or sale and cash flow, either with partners or by the Company's own means.

The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may attempt to issue new shares, acquire or dispose of assets or adjust the amount of cash. In order to maximize ongoing operating efforts, the Company does not pay out dividends. The Company's investment policy is to invest its short-term excess cash in highly liquid short-term interest-bearing investments with maturities of 90 days or less from the original date of acquisition, selected with regards to the expected timing of expenditures from continuing operations. When financing conditions are not optimal, the Company may enter into option agreements or other solutions to continue its activities or may slow its activities until conditions improve. The Company is not subject to external capital requirements. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year ended May 31, 2025.

12. SEGMENTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The Company operates in one industry segment, the agriculture technology industry in North America.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company determines whether an estimated loss from a contingency should be accrued by assessing whether a loss is deemed probable and can be reasonably estimated. The Company assesses its potential liability by analyzing its litigation and regulatory matters using available information. The Company develops its views on estimated losses in consultation with outside counsel handling its defense in these matters, which involves an analysis of potential results, assuming a combination of litigation and settlement strategies. Should developments in any of these matters cause a change in its determination as to an unfavorable outcome and result in the need to recognize a material accrual or should any of these matters result in a final adverse judgment or be settled for significant amounts, they could have a material adverse effect on its results of operations, cash flows and financial position in the period or periods in which such change in determination, judgment or settlement occurs.

Regulatory matter

On March 8, 2018, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement by issuing 24,997,916 units ("Unit") at a price of \$0.16 per Unit for gross proceeds of \$3,999,667, all of which was raised under the Consultant Exemption under National Instrument 45-106. A large portion of the funds was paid out in the form of consulting fees as the Company had entered into 14 three-month contracts for consulting services totalling \$3,500,000 for accounting, corporate and administrative services, internet marketing, investor relations, merger and acquisition consulting and cannabis consulting. As at May 31, 2018, \$175,000 in GST paid on the consulting fees was included in receivables. Of this amount, \$47,500 was recovered from four consultants.

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13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES *(Continued)*

On November 26, 2018, the British Columbia Securities Commission (the “BCSC”) issued a Temporary Order and Notice of Hearing (the “Order”) to respondents, including the Company, pursuant to Section 161 of the Securities Act (the “Act”) advising that a hearing would be held under section 161 (3) of the Act to determine whether to extend the temporary order under Section 161. The BCSC’s concern is that the named issuers paid the majority of the private placement proceeds received, including those noted above, back when little or no consulting services had been or were intended to be performed and that this conduct is abusive to the capital markets. Considering the length of time to hold a hearing under section 161 (a) of the Act, the BCSC issued the following temporary orders under section 161 (1)(c): (i) that the exemption under section 2.24 of National Instrument 45-106 does not apply to the named issuers for a distribution to a consultant; and (ii) it does not apply to any issuer listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange for distribution to named respondents.

During the year ended May 31, 2025, the BCSC issued its decision to dismissed allegations against the Company, the Company’s CEO, the Company’s former CFO and a former director on this application.

14. AGRICULTURE TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS*Definitive Agreement – Freshbay, Inc.*

On June 16, 2023, the Company entered into an Agriculture Technology Agreement (the “Definitive Agreement”) with Freshbay, Inc. (“Freshbay”).

Pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Definitive Agreement, Freshbay engaged the Company to provide certain products and services for use at Freshbay’s geothermal agricultural site located in Hinton, Alberta. As consideration for the products and services to be provided by the Company, Freshbay agreed to make an aggregate payment of \$135,757,350 (the “Contract Price”). Prior to paying any portion of the Contract Price, it is a condition precedent that (a) Freshbay obtain adequate financing to pay the Contract Price, and (b) the parties agree to a work schedule for the project.

On May 10, 2024, the Company entered into an amending agreement whereby it granted Freshbay the option to exercise exclusive right and license to use and exploit certain patent, know-how associated therewith, and certain industrial designs held by the Company (collectively, the “Licensed IP”) in accordance with the terms and conditions of the amendment as follows:

- i) \$21,000,000 (“Funding Installment”) on such date that Freshbay receives any funding from an institutional investor in connection with the Project Solution (as defined in the Agricultural Technology Agreement). Notwithstanding the foregoing, full Funding Instalment is due and payable on a date that is six months upon the effective date of the amending agreement. During the year ended May 31, 2025, the payable date had passed and the exclusive rights lapsed due to non-payment.
- ii) \$12,500,000 on such date that is the earliest of (i) six months from the date of the first shipment of any strawberries produced in connection with the Licensed IP, or (ii) June 16, 2025.

In connection with the amending agreement, the Company has also entered into a finder’s fee agreement with an arm’s length finder pursuant to which the Company will pay a finder’s fee of \$8,250,000 in consideration for the services provided by the finder in facilitating discussions between the Company and Freshbay in connection with the transaction. The Finder’s Fee shall become payable from the Company upon the Company receiving the Funding Instalment from Freshbay pursuant to the terms and conditions of the amendments.

In connection with the agreement, the Company received an unsecured loan of \$35,000 from Freshbay. During the year ended May 31, 2025, the Company terminated the contract with Freshbay and repaid the loan in full (see Note 7).

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14. AGRICULTURE TECHNOLOGY AGREEMENTS *(Continued)*

Definitive Agreement – FARMX Produce Inc.

On September 1, 2024 the Company entered into an Agriculture Technology Agreement with FARMX Produce Inc. (“FARMX”). Under the Agreement, the Company granted FARMX the right to use and exploit the Company’s industrial designs for the cultivation of romaine lettuce and other leafy greens (the “Licensed IP”) and certain know-how associated therewith, as follows:

- i) 2 year exclusive right to use and exploit the Licensed IP in British Columbia (“Exclusive License”).
- ii) 20 year non-exclusive right to use and exploit the Licensed IP in Canada (excluding British Columbia) (“Non-exclusive License” and together with the Exclusive License, the “Licenses”)

Pursuant to terms and conditions of the Agreement, the Licenses granted and FARMX’s right to use the Licensed IP is subject to the following conditions:

- i) FARMX is to exclusively source and purchase any equipment required to use the Licensed IP, including but not limited to vertical towers, greenhouses and any other equipment required to utilize the Licensed IP (the “Equipment”), from the Company (unless the Company, in its sole discretion waives the right to be the exclusive equipment provider for any Equipment).
- ii) FARMX is to purchase the necessary Equipment from the Company required to use the Licensed IP for a minimum 60,000 square foot facility in British Columbia at a price to be determined.

Within 6 months of the September 1, 2024 of the Agreement, FARMX is to either (i) purchase Equipment for a minimum 60,000 square foot facility, or (ii) pay the Company a non-refundable deposit of \$5,000,000 (the “Deposit”) (\$120,000 was received during the year ended May 31, 2025), which is to be applied towards FARMX’s payment for its purchase of the Equipment. However, if FARMX has not made the purchase of Equipment as required and has not paid the Deposit, then the Company has the right to either allow FARMX another six months to make the required purchase of the Equipment or else to terminate the Exclusive License such that FARMX’s rights shall convert to non-exclusive.

As of November 30, 2025, the Agreement remains in effect but on hold until future notice.