



CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020

(Unaudited - Prepared by Management)

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management.

The company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

49 North Resources Inc.
Statements of Financial Position
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)
(See Note 1 – Description of business)

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash	\$ 71	\$ 51
Equity investments, at fair value (Note 3)	30,817	6,945
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses (Note 4)	27	29
Loans and advances receivable (Note 4)	610	644
	31,525	7,669
Non-current assets		
Convertible debenture receivable (Note 5)	7,620	6,884
Property and equipment (Note 6)	32	37
Right of use asset (Note 7)	219	243
Total assets	\$ 39,396	\$ 14,833
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	\$ 1,292	\$ 976
Lease liability (Note 7)	72	72
Convertible debentures (Note 9)	4,625	4,422
Subordinate debentures (Note 10)	845	808
	6,834	6,278
Non-current liabilities		
Lease liability (Note 7)	164	182
Debt portion of preferred shares (Note 12)	700	705
Total liabilities	7,698	7,165
EQUITY		
Common shares (Note 12)	70,876	70,844
Preferred shares (Note 12)	2,659	2,678
Contributed surplus (Note 12)	5,456	5,456
Equity portion of convertible debentures (Note 9)	1,565	1,567
Equity portion of subordinate debentures (Note 10)	301	301
Deficit	(49,159)	(73,178)
Total equity	31,698	7,668
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 39,396	\$ 14,833
Nature of business and going concern (Note 1)		
Events after the reporting period (Note 16)		

Approved on behalf of the Board

“Tom MacNeill”
Director

“Andrew Cook”
Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

49 North Resources Inc.**Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

	For the three months ended June 30		For the six months ended June 30	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues				
Interest and dividend income (Note 5)	\$ 188	\$ 175	\$ 370	\$ 345
Realized (losses) gains on equity investments	(196)	(209)	(259)	306
Unrealized (losses) gains on equity investments	21,676	(1,038)	24,477	852
Unrealized gains on convertible debenture receivable (Note 5)	181	148	373	320
Other consulting	-	-	-	-
	21,849	(924)	24,961	1,823
Expenses				
Amortization and depletion (Note 6)	24	3	48	6
Business and investor relations	20	27	50	72
Finance (Notes 8)	180	170	361	337
General and administration	44	79	108	156
Management fees (Note 7)	230	106	348	220
Professional fees	7	66	14	76
Share based compensation (Note 13)	-	119	-	119
Transaction costs	1	3	3	4
Wages and benefits	5	6	10	18
	511	579	942	1,008
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 21,338	\$ (1,503)	\$ 24,019	\$ 815
Basic income (loss) per share (Note 12)	\$ 0.26	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.01
Diluted income (loss) per share (Note 12)	\$ 0.26	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.01
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	83,022,507	83,010,815	83,053,942	83,010,810
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted	83,022,507	83,010,815	83,053,942	83,010,810

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

49 North Resources Inc.
Statements of Changes in Equity
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Attributable to the common shareholders					Total Equity
	Common Share Capital	Preferred Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Equity portion of debentures	Deficit	
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 70,833	\$ 2,682	\$ 5,337	\$ 1,869	\$ (73,369)	\$ 7,352
Convertible debenture conversions (Note 9)	5	-	-	(1)	-	4
Preferred share conversions (Note 12)	3	(2)	-	-	-	1
Share-based compensation (Note 12)	-	-	119	-	-	119
Net loss	-	-	-	-	815	815
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 70,841	\$ 2,680	\$ 5,456	\$ 1,868	\$ (72,554)	\$ 8,291
	Common Share Capital	Preferred Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Equity portion of debentures	Deficit	Total Equity
Balance, January 1, 2020	\$ 70,844	\$ 2,678	\$ 5,456	\$ 1,868	\$ (73,178)	\$ 7,668
Convertible debenture conversions (Note 9)	7	-	-	(2)	-	5
Preferred share conversions (Note 12)	25	(19)	-	-	-	6
Net income	-	-	-	-	24,019	24,019
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 70,876	\$ 2,659	\$ 5,456	\$ 1,866	\$ (49,159)	\$ 31,698

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

49 North Resources Inc.
Statements of Cash Flows
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

For the six months ended June 30,	2020	2019
Cash flows from Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 24,019	\$ 815
Items not affecting cash		
Realized losses (gains) on equity investments	259	(305)
Amortization	29	6
Accretion of lease liability	18	-
Accretion of debentures payable	246	220
Accrued dividends	42	42
Accrued interest income	(370)	(345)
Share-based compensation	-	119
Unrealized gain on equity investments	(24,477)	(852)
Unrealized gain on convertible debenture receivable	(373)	(320)
Purchase of equity investments	(76)	(213)
Proceeds from disposal of equity investments	410	1,042
Net changes in non-cash working capital items related to operations (Note 15)	274	153
	1	362
Cash flows from Investing Activities		
Lease payments	(36)	-
Purchase of property and equipment	-	(3)
Loans and advances receivable, net	55	(355)
	19	(358)
Net change in cash during the year	20	4
Cash, beginning of period	51	63
Cash, end of period	\$ 71	\$ 67

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 15)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

1. Nature of business and Going Concern**Nature of business**

49 North Resources Inc. (the "Corporation") is a resource investment, financial, and managerial advisory company which, as its principal business, invests in a diversified portfolio of common shares and other securities of resource issuers including, without limitation, resource issuers engaged in mineral or oil and gas exploration and development, with a view to achieving capital appreciation of the portfolio. On January 1, 2016 the Company completed a change of business to an "investment issuer".

The Corporation is domiciled in the Province of Saskatchewan, Canada and its office address is at Suite 602 – 224 4th Avenue South, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada, S7K 5M5.

2. Significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in conformity with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting, and do not include all the information required for full annual financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). It is suggested that these financial statements be read in conjunction with the annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019.

The financial statements of the Corporation for the three month periods ended June 30, 2020 were authorized for issuance by the Corporation's board of directors on August 5, 2020.

Basis of preparation

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are prepared in Canadian dollars, which is the Corporation's functional currency.

New accounting standards adopted

IFRS 16 was issued by the IASB in January 2016 and brings most leases onto the statement of financial position for lessees under a single model, eliminating the distinction between operating and finance leases. Under IFRS 16, a lessee recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability. The right-of-use asset is treated similarly to other non-financial assets and depreciated accordingly, and the liability accrues interest.

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

2. Significant accounting policies - continued**New accounting standards adopted - continued****Leases**

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted at the rate implicit in the lease or an entity's incremental borrowing rate if the implicit rate cannot be readily determined. Lessees are permitted to make an election for leases with a term of 12 months or less, or where the underlying asset is of low value and not recognize lease assets and lease liabilities.

The expense associated with these leases can be recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term or on another systematic basis. A lessee will apply IFRS 16 to its leases either retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented or retrospectively with the cumulative effect of initially applying IFRS 16 being recognized at the date of initial application.

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 recognizing the cumulative effect on net assets of \$nil on adoption within opening equity as at January 1, 2019. As at January 1, 2019, the Company recognized a right of use asset and a lease liability of \$292 related to its outstanding lease agreements. The Company's lease liabilities were calculated using a discount rate of 15%, which represents the Company's assessed incremental borrowing rate. See Note 7 for disclosure of the Company's lease liabilities and right of use assets at December 31, 2019.

The Company's right of use assets are amortized over the term of the lease.

Income Tax

IFRIC 23 clarifies the application of recognition and measurement requirement in IAS 12, Income Taxes, when there is uncertainty over income tax treatments. It specifically addresses whether an entity considers each tax treatment independently or collectively, the assumptions an entity makes about the examination of tax treatments by taxation authorities, how an entity determines taxable profit (tax loss), tax bases, unused tax credits and tax rates, and how an entity considers changes in facts and circumstances. IFRIC 23 is effective for the Company's first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The Company adopted IFRIC 23 as at January 1, 2019 with no impact on the Company's financial statements.

There are no other standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are not yet effective that are expected to have a material impact on the Corporation.

3. Equity investments

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Corporation's investments consist of equity interests in companies in the following segments:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Cost	FMV	Cost	FMV
Publicly listed companies	\$ 18,385	\$ 29,499	\$ 19,004	\$ 5,641
Private companies	10,964	1,318	10,951	1,304
	\$ 29,349	\$ 30,817	\$ 29,955	\$ 6,945

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

3. Equity investments - continued

As at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019, the Corporation's investments consist of equity interests in companies in the following industries:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Cost	FMV	Cost	FMV
Base and Precious Metals	\$ 12,516	\$ 28,200	\$ 13,053	\$ 4,131
Coal	1,981	-	1,981	-
Diamonds	637	749	703	1,226
Oil & Gas	11,035	335	11,036	138
Other	3,032	1,528	3,034	1,445
Uranium	148	5	148	5
	\$ 29,349	\$ 30,817	\$ 29,955	\$ 6,945

The equity investments consist of investments in common shares of corporations of which 92.85% (December 31, 2019 – 59.26%) are listed on the TSX-V, 4.28% (December 31, 2019 – 18.78%) are private, 2.43% (December 31, 2019 – 17.66%) are listed on the TSX and 0.44% (December 31, 2019 – 4.30%) are listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange (“CSE”) as of June 30, 2020.

An analysis of fair value was prepared for the private investments held in the portfolio. The analysis used comparable entities public corporation stock prices, observable index comparisons, transaction prices for same or similar instruments and information from brokers and other analysis.

4. Loans, advances, accounts receivable and prepaid expensesAccounts receivable and prepaid expenses

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Trade accounts receivable	\$ 26	\$ 26
Prepaid expenses	1	3
	\$ 27	\$ 29

The aging of accounts receivables at the reporting date was:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Not past due	\$ -	\$ 5
Past due 0 - 30 days	-	-
Past due 31+ days	26	21
	\$ 26	\$ 26

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

4. Loans, advances, accounts receivable and prepaid expenses - continuedLoans and advances receivable

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
<u>Current</u>		
Unrelated corporations	\$ 442	\$ 388
Related corporation (Note 7)	168	256
	\$ 610	\$ 644

Certain of the loans to unrelated corporations bear interest at 10% and are due on demand. The loans to related corporations are non-interest bearing, and are due on demand.

5. Convertible debentures receivable

The Corporation has a convertible debenture recoverable from Omineca Mining and Metals Ltd. ("OMM"). The face value of the debenture is \$5,400 and the debenture bears interest at 8% per annum, is secured by current and future property rights, is payable upon maturity at October 1, 2021 and may be converted into common shares of OMM at any time at a revised conversion price as follows:

- \$0.20 prior to October 1, 2017
- \$0.50 on or after October 1, 2017, but prior to October 1, 2018
- \$0.75 on or after October 1, 2018

	<u>Convertible Debenture Receivable</u>		<u>Embedded derivative asset</u>
	<u>Face Value</u>	<u>Carrying Value</u>	
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 8,207	\$ 5,417	\$ -
Interest income accrued	681	681	-
Fair value adjustments	-	786	-
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ 8,888	\$ 6,884	\$ -
Interest income accrued	363	363	-
Fair value adjustments	-	373	-
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 9,251	\$ 7,620	\$ -

49 North Resources Inc.
Notes to the Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

6. Property and equipment

		Computers, Furniture and leasehold improvements
Cost:		
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	414
Additions		3
Balance at December 31, 2019		417
Additions		-
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	417
Accumulated amortization:		
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$	369
Amortization expense		11
Balance at December 31, 2019		380
Amortization expense		5
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	385
Total balance at December 31, 2019	\$	37
Total balance at June 30, 2020	\$	32

7. Right of use asset

The Corporation has a lease agreement for the headquarter office space in Saskatoon, Saskatchewan. Upon transition to IFRS 16, the Corporation recognized \$292 as a right of use asset "ROU" and \$292 as a lease liability as at January 1, 2019.

The continuity of the of the ROU asset and lease liability for the period ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Right of use asset		
Value of ROU as at January 1, 2019	\$	292
Amortization		(49)
Value of ROU as at December 31, 2019		243
Amortization		(24)
Value of ROU as at June 30, 2020	\$	219
Lease liability		
Lease liability as at January 1, 2019	\$	292
Lease payments		(79)
Lease accretion		41
Lease liability as at December 31, 2019		254
Lease payments		(36)
Lease accretion		18
Lease liability as of June 30, 2020	\$	236
Current portion	\$	72
Long-term portion		164
	\$	236

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

8. Related party transactionsCompensation of key executive personnel

For the six months ended June 30,	2020	2019
Management fees to officers	\$ 348	\$ 220
Directors' fees	-	6
Share-based compensation to directors and officers	-	78
	\$ 348	\$ 304

TMM Portfolio Management Inc. ("TMM") is responsible for the management of the Corporation's investment portfolio in accordance with the terms of a portfolio management agreement made January 1, 2008 (the "Management Agreement") and is to be reimbursed by the Corporation for all expenses reasonably and properly incurred in conducting the Corporation's business and in performing its duties and obligations under the Management Agreement. Additionally, pursuant to the Management Agreement, TMM: (a) is entitled to a quarterly management fee equal to 0.5% of the net asset value of the Corporation calculated as of the last business day of the relevant fiscal quarter; and (b) an annual performance bonus, calculated as of the last business day of the applicable fiscal year, in an amount in respect of each common share that is outstanding as of such day, equal to 20% of the amount, if any, by which the sum of the net asset value per common share as of that date, plus all dividends per common share during that fiscal year, exceeds the greater of \$16.34 and the net asset value per common share as of the last business day of the preceding fiscal year.

Effective June 1, 2015, the Company and Jaelky Holdings Inc. ("Jaelky") entered into a consulting agreement. Mr. Andrew Davidson, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, was and continues to be the sole director and sole voting shareholder of Jaelky. Jaelky is entitled to be paid a consulting fee of \$20 (2018 - \$20) plus GST on a monthly basis.

Related party balances

As at June 30, 2020, \$92 is receivable (December 31, 2019 – \$nil receivable) from Westcore Energy Ltd., which has been included in loans and advances receivable. The balance is non interest bearing and due on demand. During the year ended December 31, 2019 the Company wrote off the \$1,200 loan receivable.

As at June 30, 2020, \$72 is receivable (December 31, 2019 – \$254 receivable) from OMM, which has been included in loans and advances receivable. The balance is non interest bearing and due on demand.

As at June 30, 2020, \$201 is payable (December 31, 2019 – \$24 payable) to TMM, which has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

As of June 30, 2020, \$259 is payable (December 31, 2019 - \$178) to Jaelky, which has been included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

During the year ended December 31, 2019 the Company advanced \$2 to Allstar, which has been written-off.

49 North Resources Inc.

Notes to the Financial Statements

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

9. Convertible debentures

a) On May 26, 2015 the Corporation received debenture holder approval to restructure the terms of the debentures originally issued on June 29, 2011 and July 11, 2011 and restructured on June 6, 2013 (the “original debentures”). Pursuant to the terms of the restructure, the Corporation extinguished the original debentures and issued 18,622,722 common shares, a new \$3,104 senior secured convertible debenture (the “revised debentures”) and 3,103,795 preferred shares (Series I), with a cumulative annual dividend rate of 2.5%. The preferred shares are redeemable by the Corporation after the third anniversary of the issuance date.

The revised debentures have a 5 year term, maturing June 29, 2020, bear interest from the date of issuance at 2.5% per annum (previously 9%) which, unless the debentures are earlier converted or redeemed in accordance with their terms, interest will be paid on June 29 in each of 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and on maturity.

The revised debentures are convertible, at the option of the respective holders, at any time or from time to time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on June 29, 2020, into fully paid, non-assessable common shares of the Corporation at a conversion price of \$0.50 per common share.

Subject to certain conditions precedent, the Corporation may redeem the revised debentures prior to maturity at a redemption price equal to their principal amount plus interest accruing to but otherwise unpaid to the date preceding the redemption date.

The restructuring was accounted for as an extinguishment for accounting purposes, which resulted in a gain on extinguishment of \$9,390. The original debentures were derecognized and the revised debentures, preferred shares and common shares were measured at their fair values on the date of the restructuring with an effective interest rate of 12%. The fair value of the revised debentures of \$2,041 was estimated using discounted future cash flows, and the difference between the fair value and the principal amount was allocated to the conversion feature in the amount of \$1,063. In addition, the \$647 fair value of the preferred share cumulative dividend was estimated using discounted future cash flows and was allocated to the debt component of the preferred shares. The residual value of the revised debentures and preferred shares were allocated to equity, and the common shares were valued using the market price at the date of the restructuring. The carrying value of the liability component of the revised debentures as at June 30, 2020 was \$2,867 (December 31, 2019 - \$2,743).

b) On December 18, 2015 the Corporation received debenture holder approval to restructure the terms of the debentures originally issued on September 23, 2010 and October 13, 2010 and restructured on June 6, 2013 (the “original debentures”). Pursuant to the terms of the restructure, the Corporation extinguished the original debentures and issued 4,605,979 common shares, a new \$1,896 senior secured convertible debenture (the “revised debentures”), \$880 in subordinated debentures (Note 9) and 767,663 preferred shares (Series II), with a cumulative annual dividend rate of 2.5%. The preferred shares are redeemable by the Corporation after the third anniversary of the issuance date.

The revised debentures have a 5 year term, maturing December 18, 2020, bear interest from the date of issuance at 2.5% per annum (previously 9%) which, unless the debentures are earlier converted or redeemed in accordance with their terms, interest will be paid on December 18 in each of 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and on maturity.

The revised debentures are convertible, at the option of the respective holders, at any time or from time to time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on December 18, 2020, into fully paid, non-assessable common shares of the Corporation at a conversion price of \$0.50 per common share.

Subject to certain conditions precedent, the Corporation may redeem the revised debentures prior to maturity at a redemption price equal to their principal amount plus interest accruing to but otherwise unpaid to the date preceding the redemption date.

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

9. Convertible debentures - continued

The restructuring was accounted for as an extinguishment for accounting purposes, which resulted in a gain on extinguishment of \$3,411. The original debentures were derecognized and the revised debentures, subordinate debentures, preferred shares and common shares were measured at their fair value on the date of the restructuring with an effective interest rate of 12%. The fair value of the revised debentures of \$1,248 was estimated using discounted future cash flows, and the difference between the fair value and the principal amount was allocated to the conversion feature in the amount of \$650. In addition, the \$160 fair value of the preferred share cumulative dividend was estimated using discounted future cash flows and was allocated to the debt component of the preferred shares. The residual value of the revised debentures and preferred shares were allocated to equity, and the common shares were valued using the market price at the date of the restructuring. The carrying value of the liability component of the revised debentures as at June 30, 2020 was \$1,758 (December 31, 2019 - \$1,679).

	Liability Component		Equity Component
	Face Value	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 4,579	\$ 4,032	\$ 1,568
Conversions	(5)	(4)	(1)
Accretion	-	394	-
Balance at December 31, 2019	4,574	4,422	1,567
Conversions	(5)	(5)	(2)
Accretion	-	208	-
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 4,569	\$ 4,625	\$ 1,565

10. Subordinate debentures

On December 18, 2015 as part of the debenture restructure as described in Note 8(b), \$881 in subordinated debentures were issued.

The subordinated debentures have a 5 year term, maturing December 18, 2020, bear interest from the date of issuance at 2.5% per annum which, unless the debentures are earlier converted or redeemed in accordance with their terms, interest will be paid on December 18 in each of 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and on maturity.

The debentures are convertible, at the option of the respective holders, at any time or from time to time prior to 5:00 p.m. (Toronto time) on December 18, 2020, into fully paid, non-assessable common shares of the Corporation at a conversion price of \$0.50 per common share.

	Liability Component		Equity Component
	Face Value	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
Balance, January 1, 2019	\$ 880	\$ 741	\$ 301
Accretion	-	67	-
Balance at December 31, 2019	880	808	301
Accretion	-	37	-
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 880	\$ 845	\$ 301

Subject to certain conditions precedent, the Corporation may redeem the revised debentures prior to maturity at a redemption price equal to their principal amount plus interest accruing to but otherwise unpaid to the date preceding the redemption date.

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

10. Subordinate debentures - continued

The fair value of the subordinate debentures of \$579 was estimated using discounted future cash flows, and the difference between the fair value and the principal amount was allocated to the conversion feature in the amount of \$301. The carrying value of the liability component of the subordinate debentures as at June 30, 2020 was \$845 (December 31, 2019 - \$808).

11. Deferred income taxes

As of December 31, 2019, the Corporation has approximately the following tax pools available as a deduction from future income at the prescribed tax rates. These tax pools are subject to confirmation by income tax authorities: As of December 31, 2019, the Corporation has non-capital losses of \$11,426 (December 31, 2018 - \$9,388) available to carry forward to reduce future years' taxable income with expiration ranging from 2033 to 2039.

Tax attributes are subject to review, and potential adjustment, by tax authorities.

12. Common shares, preferred shares and contributed surplusAuthorized:

An unlimited number of voting common shares without par value, an unlimited number of non-voting first preferred shares (Series I) with a redemption value of \$1, and an unlimited number of non-voting first preferred shares (Series II) with a redemption value of \$1. All shares are fully paid.

Issued and outstanding

	Common shares	
	Quantity	Amount
Balance at January 1, 2019	83,006,633	\$ 70,833
Debt conversion	9,318	5
Preferred share conversions	10,608	6
Balance at December 31, 2019	83,026,559	\$ 70,844
Debt conversion	10,804	7
Preferred share conversions	49,506	25
Balance at June 30, 2020	83,086,869	\$ 70,876

The first preferred shares are convertible at the option of the holder into common shares at a conversion price of \$0.50 per common share and were valued at issuance at \$1.00 per preferred share. The preferred shares bear a cash dividend at the rate of 2.5% payable annually in arrears. The following table summarizes the components.

	Preferred shares		
	Liability Component	Equity Component	
		Quantity	Amount
Balance at January 1, 2019	\$ 706	3,388,946	\$ 2,682
Preferred share conversions	(1)	(5,304)	(4)
Balance at December 31, 2019	705	3,383,642	2,678
Preferred share conversions	(5)	(24,753)	(19)
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 700	3,358,889	\$ 2,659

49 North Resources Inc.**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except securities and per share amounts)

For the six months ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

12. Common shares, preferred shares and contributed surplus – continued**Stock option plan**

The directors of the Corporation have adopted, and the shareholders have approved a stock option plan (the “2008 Option Plan”), pursuant to which the directors may from time to time grant options for up to 10% of its issued and outstanding shares, all options vest immediately upon issuance. The purpose of the 2008 Option Plan is to attract, retain and motivate directors, employees and consultants of the Corporation and its subsidiaries and to advance the interests of the Corporation by providing such persons with the opportunity, through stock options, to acquire an equity interest in the Corporation.

A summary of the status of the outstanding and exercisable stock options during the year is presented below:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Options	Price	Options	Price
Beginning of period	7,755,000	\$ 0.11	5,240,000	\$ 0.16
Options cancelled			(535,000)	0.29
Options granted			3,050,000	0.05
Options expired	(75,000)	0.35	-	-
End of period	7,680,000	\$ 0.11	7,755,000	\$ 0.11

As at June 30, 2020, the weighted average remaining life of stock options is 6.83 years (December 31, 2019 – 7.26 years).

On May 2, 2019, the board of directors of the Corporation approved the grant of 3,050,000 stock options pursuant to the 2008 Option Plan. 2,000,000 of the options were granted to directors and executive officers with the balance granted to employees and consultants. The options are exercisable at \$0.05 per share, vest immediately and, if not exercised, expire May 2, 2029, subject to earlier expiration in accordance with the 2008 Option Plan and applicable policies of the TSX-V.

The value of options issued on May 2, 2019, using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, was \$119 (\$0.04 per option) which was allocated to the share-based compensation expense with a corresponding increase in contributed surplus. Assumptions used in the pricing model for the year are as follows: risk-free interest rate of 1.69%, expected life of 10 years, annualized volatility 153.34% and dividend rate of nil.

Warrants

A summary of the outstanding and exercisable warrants during the year is presented below:

	June 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Warrants	Price	Warrants	Price
Beginning of period	-	\$ -	10,000,000	\$ 0.15
Warrants expired			(10,000,000)	0.11
End of period	-	\$ -	-	\$ -

As at June 30, 2020, the weighted average remaining life of warrants is nil years (December 31, 2019 – nil years).

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12. Common shares, preferred shares and contributed surplus - continued**Contributed surplus**

A summary of the contributed surplus activity is as follows:

	June 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 5,456	\$ 5,337
Fair value of stock options granted	-	119
Balance, end of period	\$ 5,456	\$ 5,456

EPS and diluted EPS

	June 30, 2020	March 31, 2019
Net income (loss) attributable to common shareholders	\$ 24,019	\$ (5,209)
Weighted average number of common shares - basic	83,053,942	61,502,344
Weighted average number of common shares - diluted	83,053,942	61,502,344
Basic income (loss) per common share - basic	\$ 0.29	\$ (0.08)
Basic income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$ 0.29	\$ (0.08)

All stock options, convertible debentures and preferred shares were excluded from the diluted weighted average number of shares calculation for the periods ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, as their effect would have been anti-dilutive.

Shareholder rights plan

The directors of the Corporation have approved a shareholder rights plan ("Rights Plan"). In the event a bid to acquire control of the Corporation is made, the Rights Plan is designed to give the directors of the Corporation time to consider alternatives to allow shareholders to receive full and fair value for their shares. In the event that a bid, other than a permitted bid, is made, shareholders become entitled to exercise rights to acquire common shares of the Corporation at a significant discount to the market price.

13. Capital management

The Corporation defines capital as shareholders' equity.

The Corporation's objectives when managing capital are:

- (a) to allow the Corporation to respond to changes in economic and/or marketplace conditions by maintaining the Corporation's ability to purchase new investments;
- (b) to provide sustained growth and value by increasing equity; and,
- (c) to maintain a flexible capital structure which optimizes the cost of capital at acceptable levels of risk.

13. Capital management - continued

The Corporation manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its underlying assets. The Corporation maintains or adjusts its capital level to enable it to meet its objectives by:

- (a) realizing proceeds from the disposition of its investments;
- (b) utilizing leverage in the form of margin (due from brokers);
- (c) raising capital through equity financings;
- (d) borrowing funds in the form of advances from related parties; and,

The Corporation is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a regulator. There were no changes in the Corporation's approach to capital management during the year. The Corporation's management is responsible for the management of capital and monitors the Corporation's use of various forms of leverage on a daily basis.

14. Financial instruments and risk management

The investment operations of the Corporation's business involve the purchase and sale of securities and, accordingly, a significant portion of the Corporation's assets are currently comprised of financial instruments. The use of financial instruments can expose the Corporation to several risks, including market, credit, interest rate, commodity price and liquidity risks. A discussion of the Corporation's use of financial instruments and their associated risks is provided below.

(a) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will have insufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Corporation's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if the Corporation's access to the capital markets is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in stock market conditions, generally or related to matters specific to the Corporation, or if the value of the Corporation's investments decline, resulting in losses upon disposition.

The Corporation generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities and proceeds from the disposition of its investments, in addition to interest and dividend income earned on its investments.

The Corporation may use financial leverage (or "margin") when purchasing investments. Trading on margin allows the Corporation to borrow part of the purchase price of the investments (using marginable investments as collateral), rather than pay for them in full. Buying on margin allows the Corporation to increase its portfolio size by increasing the number and amount of investments through leverage. However, if the market moves against the Corporation's positions and the Corporation's investments decline in value, the Corporation may be required to provide additional funds to its brokers.

Given the nature of the Corporation's business, the Corporation may not have sufficient cash on hand to meet margin calls and may be required to liquidate investments prematurely and/or at a loss, in order to generate funds needed to satisfy the Corporation's obligations.

The Corporation has at times borrowed funds from other sources to meet its obligations, but there can be no assurances that such funds will be available in the future, or available on reasonable terms, and the absence of available funding and/or the sale of the Corporation's investments in order to meet margin calls could have a materially adverse impact on the Corporation's operating results. The Corporation manages liquidity risk by reviewing the amount of margin available and managing its cash flow. The Corporation holds investments which can be readily converted into cash when required.

14. Financial instruments and risk management - continued

(b) Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of, or future cash flows from, the Corporation's financial instruments will significantly fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The value of the financial instruments can be affected by changes in interest rates, equity and commodity prices. The Corporation is exposed to market risk in trading its investments and unfavorable market conditions could result in dispositions of investments at less than favorable prices.

The Corporation manages market risk by having a portfolio which is not singularly exposed to any one issuer or class of issuers. The Corporation's investment activities are currently concentrated primarily across several sectors in the natural resource industry, including potash, oil and gas, coal, precious metals, base metals, uranium, diamonds and other commodities.

(c) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the impact that changes in interest rates could have on the Corporation's earnings and liabilities. As at June 30, 2020 and 2019, the Corporation had no liabilities payable that bear interest at rates fluctuating with the prime rate.

(d) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk associated with the inability of a third party to fulfill its payment obligations. The Corporation is exposed to the risk that third parties that owe it money or securities (in connection with its loans receivable, for example) will not perform their underlying obligations.

The Corporation's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the demographics of the Corporation's customer base, including the default risk of the industry in which the customers operate, as these factors may have an influence on credit risk, particularly in the current economic circumstances.

At June 30, 2020 the Corporation had loans and advances receivable and accounts receivable and prepaid expenses from companies, totaling \$637 (December 31, 2019 - \$673) which represents approximately 1.6% (December 31, 2019 - 4.8%) of the Corporation's total assets. The Corporation's credit provisions are represented by its loss allowance based on lifetime expected credit losses as at June 30, 2020 of \$nil (December 31, 2019 - \$1,202). The amount of the loss allowance was calculated based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

(e) Commodity price risk:

Commodity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in commodity prices. Commodity prices for petroleum and natural gas are impacted not only by the relationship between the Canadian and United States dollar, but also by world economic events that dictate the levels of supply and demand.

In the past, and from time to time, the Corporation has attempted to mitigate a portion of its commodity price risk through the use of the futures contract, as at June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 – all futures contracts have been disposed.

14. Financial instruments and risk management - continued

(f) Fair value:

The fair value of the Corporation's financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying values unless otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

Fair value hierarchy and determination of fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Corporation uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The fair value of the financial instruments is included at the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described, as follows, based on the lowest-level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest-level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest-level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis at fair value, the Corporation determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest-level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Corporation assets that are recognized at fair value on a recurring basis are the equity investments and investment in convertible debentures.

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14. Financial instruments and risk management - continued

The following is a summary of the fair value of financial assets segregated based on the various levels of inputs, as discussed in Note 2:

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Equity investments, at fair value	\$ 29,499	\$ -	\$ 1,318	\$ 30,817
Convertible debenture receivable	-	-	7,620	7,620
	<u>\$ 29,499</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,938</u>	<u>\$ 38,437</u>

For the period ended June 30, 2020, a reconciliation of financial assets measured at fair value using unobservable inputs (Level 3) is presented as follows:

Beginning balance as at December 31, 2019	\$ 1,304
Purchases	14
Fair value adjustments	-
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 1,318</u>

Within Level 3, the Corporation includes the convertible debenture receivable and private company investments. The key assumptions driving the valuation of the private company investments include, but are not limited to, the value at which a recent financing was completed by the investee, significant changes in general market conditions and company specific information. For those investments valued based on general market condition and company specific information, these inputs can be highly judgmental. A +/- 25% change in the fair value of these investments will result in a corresponding +/- \$326 (2019 - \$326) change to the total fair value of the investments. While this illustrates the overall effect of changing the values of the unobservable inputs by a set percentage, the significance of the impact and the range of reasonably possible alternative assumptions may differ significantly between investments, given their different circumstances.

The fair value of the convertible note receivable, which is not traded in an active market, is determined by discounting the stream of future interest and principal repayments at the rate of interest prevailing at the statement of financial position date for instruments of similar term and risk, and adding this value to the value of the convertibility feature which is estimated using a Black-Scholes model based on assumptions including risk free interest rate, expected dividend yield, expected volatility and expected remaining life of the convertible note receivable.

Management estimates that the market interest rate on similar borrowing without the conversion feature was approximately 22% and has used an implied volatility of 150% in valuing the convertibility feature. Holding all other variables constant, a fluctuation in interest rates of 1% would have impacted the valuation by approximately \$155 while a fluctuation in the implied volatility use of 25% would have impacted the valuation by approximately \$22.

The sensitivity analysis is intended to reflect the uncertainty inherent in the valuation of these investments under current market conditions and its results cannot be extrapolated due to non-linear effects that changes in valuation assumptions may have on the fair value of these investments. Furthermore, the analysis does not indicate a probability of such changes occurring and it does not necessarily represent the Corporation's view of expected future changes in the fair value of these investments. Any management actions that may be taken to mitigate the inherent risks are not reflected in this analysis.

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15. Supplemental cash flow information

The following table summarizes the net changes in non-cash working capital items related to operating activities:

For the six months ended June 30,	2020	2019
Accounts receivable and prepaid expenses	\$ 2	\$ 2
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	272	151
	\$ 274	\$ 153

Non-cash transactions:	2020	2019
Convertible debentures converted to common shares	\$ 7	\$ 5
Preferred shares converted to common shares	\$ 25	\$ 3
Interest paid in the year	\$ 74	\$ 74
Income taxes paid in the year	\$ -	\$ -

16. Events after the reporting period

The Company received notification that it was in default of the Trust indenture dated May 27, 2015 as it had not repaid the principal portion of the convertible senior secured debentures that matured on June 1, 2020.

As outlined in the June 1, 2020 press release, the Company announced its intention to amend seek approval from the debenture holders to extend the maturity date three (3) years and to amend the conversion price from \$0.50 to \$0.20. The Company is preparing the information circular and has not set a meeting date.