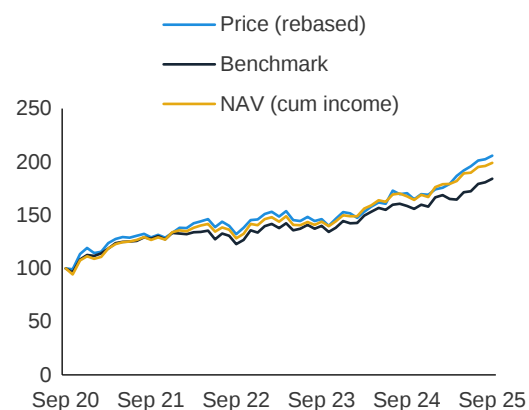
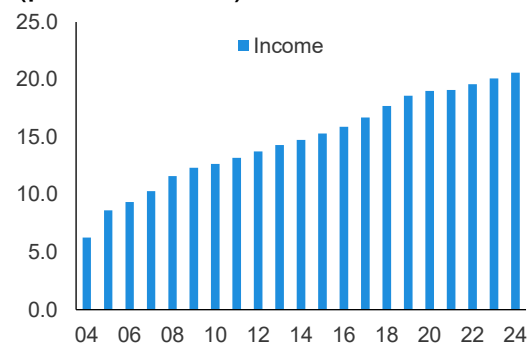


Share price performance
(total return)Dividend history
(pence/share)

Please note that this chart could include dividends that have been declared but not yet paid.

Performance
over (%)

	6m	1y	3y	5y	10y
Share price (Total return)	14.7	20.7	55.9	105.8	114.4
NAV (Total return)	11.1	18.7	55.3	99.0	116.1
Benchmark (Total return)	11.6	16.2	50.0	84.1	118.3
Relative NAV (Total return)	-0.5	2.5	5.3	14.9	-2.2

Discrete year
performance (%)

	Share price (total return)	NAV (total return)
30/9/2024 to 30/9/2025	20.7	18.7
30/9/2023 to 30/9/2024	16.6	16.5
30/9/2022 to 30/9/2023	10.7	12.3
30/9/2021 to 30/9/2022	2.2	1.2
30/9/2020 to 30/9/2021	29.1	26.6

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar.

Source: at 30/09/25. © 2025 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (1) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. **Past performance does not predict future returns.**

Commentary at a glance

Performance

In the month under review the Company's NAV total return was 1.5% and the FTSE All-Share Index total return was 1.9%.

Contributors/detractors

The biggest positive contributor to performance versus the benchmark index was BAE Systems. The biggest detractor was not holding Rolls Royce.

Outlook

We think the valuation of UK equities is compelling compared with equivalents overseas. In particular, the dividend yields on offer are attractive to us relative to the main alternatives.

See full commentary on page 3.

References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Company overview

Objective

The Company's objective is to provide long-term growth in income and capital, principally by investment in equities listed on the London Stock Exchange. The Board fully recognises the importance of dividend income to shareholders.

Highlights

Renowned for its record-setting annual dividend increases since 1966, the Company targets long-term income and capital growth.

Company information

NAV (cum income)	496.3p
NAV (ex income)	491.5p
Share price	507.0p
Discount(-)/premium(+)	2.2%
Yield	4.2%
Net gearing	5%
Net cash	-
Total assets	£2,573m
Net assets	£2,478m
Market capitalisation	£2,532m
Shares in issue excluding shares in Treasury	499,367,106
Total number of holdings	77
Ongoing charges (year end 30 Jun 2025)	0.36%
Benchmark	FTSE All-Share Index
Overall Morningstar Rating™ As of 30/09/2025	★★★★
Morningstar Medalist Rating™ Effective 24/03/2025	Gold

Analyst-Driven %: 100.00
Data Coverage %: 100.00

Source: BNP Paribas for holdings information and Morningstar for all other data. Differences in calculation may occur due to the methodology used.

Please note that the total voting rights in the Company do not include shares held in Treasury.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

How to invest

Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest

Find out more

Go to www.cityinvestmenttrust.com

Factsheet - at 30 September 2025

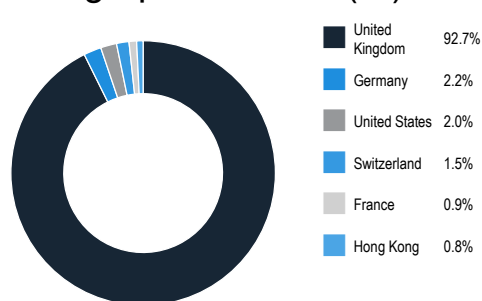
Marketing Communication

Top 10 holdings (%)

HSBC	5.5
Shell	4.4
BAE Systems	4.4
British American Tobacco	4.1
Unilever	4.0
NatWest Group	3.6
Imperial Brands	3.5
RELX	3.5
Tesco	3.4
Lloyds Banking Group	3.1

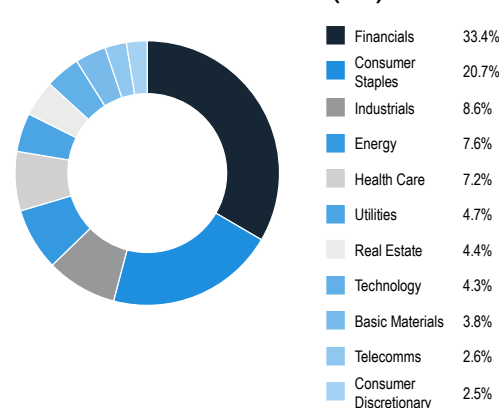
References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Geographical focus (%)



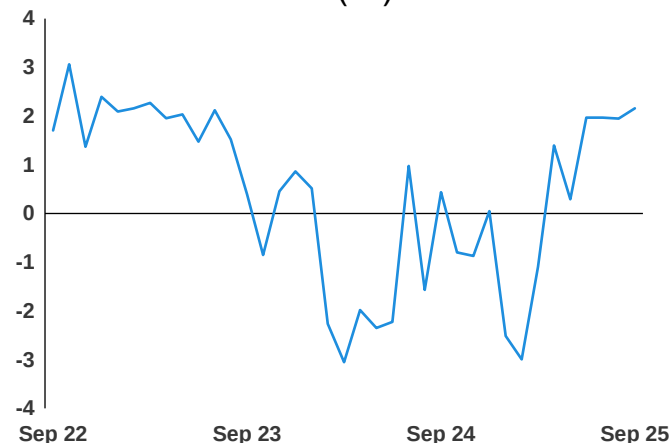
The above geographical breakdown may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Sector breakdown (%)

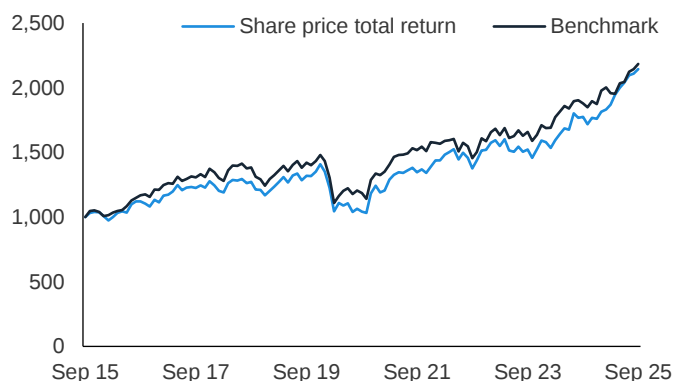


The above sector breakdown may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Premium/(discount) of share price to NAV at fair value (%)



10 year total return of £1,000



All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar. Share price total return is calculated using mid-market share price with dividends reinvested.

Key information

Stock code	CTY
AIC sector	AIC UK Equity Income
Benchmark	FTSE All-Share Index
Company type	Conventional (Ords)
Launch date	1891
Financial year	30-Jun
Dividend payment	November, February, May, August
Management fee	0.3% per annum of net assets
Performance fee	No
(See Annual Report & Key Information Document for more information)	
Regional focus	UK
Fund manager appointment	Job Curtis 1991 David Smith 2021



Job Curtis, ASIP
Fund Manager



David Smith, CFA
Deputy Fund Manager



For the award/achievement source, refer to page 5.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to the glossary for the definition of share price total return.

How to invest

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Customer services

0800 832 832

Fund Manager commentary

Investment environment

The FTSE All-Share Index rose 1.9%, buoyed by some positive updates from companies. The rise seemed to outweigh general worries about the UK government's finances and the prospect of further tax rises.

As was expected, the Bank of England (BoE) left its benchmark interest rate unchanged at 4.0%, and suggested it was in no hurry to ease borrowing conditions because of persistent pressure on inflation. While annual inflation of 3.8% in August was the same as July's increase, it remained above the BoE's 2.0% target.

In the US, the Federal Reserve (Fed) announced an interest-rate cut given signs of a weakening labour market.

Meanwhile, the European Central Bank (ECB) held its deposit rate at 2.0%, with inflation steady for the third month in a row in August (at 2.0%).

Portfolio review

The biggest positive contributor to performance relative to the benchmark was BAE Systems, the defence company, which has been benefiting from increased defence spending by governments. The second biggest contributor was AstraZeneca, the pharmaceutical company, which we hold but at an underweight position relative to the index.

The biggest detractor from performance relative to the benchmark was not holding Rolls Royce, the aero engine manufacturer. The second biggest detractor was not holding Anglo American, the mining company.

We continued to add to the position in Unilever, the global consumer products company. We believe that Unilever, which is in the process of demerging its ice cream division, has the potential to improve the organic growth rate of the rest of the business. We took some profits in the position in 3i, whose portfolio of investments in private companies is dominated by its holding in Action, the successful European discount retailer.

Manager outlook

Rising trade tariffs are viewed negatively by most investors given the likely adverse implications for inflation and economic growth. We think the UK economy is likely to be relatively less affected given its bias towards services. Some 60% of the revenues earned by companies that we are invested in are from outside the UK, which provides useful diversification, even though the companies are predominantly listed on the London Stock Exchange.

We think the valuation of UK equities is compelling compared with the equivalents overseas, possibly due to the low allocation from domestic, institutional investors. In particular, we find the dividend yield of UK equities attractive relative to the main alternatives.

Glossary

Discount/Premium

The amount by which the price per share of an investment company is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

Gearing

The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can “gear” is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage

The Company's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Company's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a company utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the company can be greater than those of a company that does not use leverage.

Market capitalisation

Share price multiplied by the number of shares in issue, excluding treasury shares, at month end. Shares typically priced mid-market at month-end closing.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total value of a Company's assets less its liabilities.

NAV (Cum Income)

The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV (Ex Income)

The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV total return

The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Net assets

Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Net cash

A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing

A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Ongoing charges

The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Share price

Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Share price total return

The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account.

Total assets

Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Yield

Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

For a full list of terms please visit:

<https://www.janushenderson.com/en-gb/investor/glossary/>

Source for fund ratings/awards

Overall Morningstar Rating™ is a measure of a fund's risk-adjusted return, relative to similar funds. Fund share classes are rated from 1 to 5 stars, with the best performers receiving 5 stars and the worst performers receiving a single star.

Overall Morningstar Rating™ is shown for an investment company achieving a rating of 4 or 5.

Morningstar Medalist Rating™

Ratings should not be taken as a recommendation. For more detailed information about Morningstar Ratings, including its methodology, please go to <https://shareholders.morningstar.com/investor-relations/governance/Compliance--Disclosure/default.aspx>.

The City of London Investment Trust plc has been awarded the AIC Dividend Hero award for 58 years of dividend growth. For more information including its methodology, visit <https://www.theaic.co.uk/income-finder/dividend-heroes>. Source: AIC, Morningstar calculations, 12/03/2025.

The City of London Investment Trust plc has won the 'Income Company' category for 2024 in AJ Bell's Investment Awards. For more information including its methodology, visit <https://investmentawards.ajbell.co.uk/>. Source: AJ Bell voting, 11/09/2024.

The City of London Investment Trust plc has been awarded the FundCalibre Elite Rating for 2024. For more information including its methodology, visit <https://www.fundcalibre.com/about-us/what-is-the-elite-rating>. Source: FundCalibre calculations, 01/01/2023.

Company specific risks

- Shares can lose value rapidly, and typically involve higher risks than bonds or money market instruments. The value of your investment may fall as a result.
- Active management techniques that have worked well in normal market conditions could prove ineffective or negative for performance at other times.
- The Company maintains a portfolio with a bias towards income-generating companies. This may result in the Company significantly underperforming or outperforming the wider market.
- A persistent reduction in dividend income from investee companies could adversely affect the Company's ability to maintain its record of paying a growing dividend each year.
- This Company is suitable to be used as one component of several within a diversified investment portfolio. Investors should consider carefully the proportion of their portfolio invested in this Company.
- The Company could lose money if a counterparty with which it trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the Company.
- The return on your investment is directly related to the prevailing market price of the Company's shares, which will trade at a varying discount (or premium) relative to the value of the underlying assets of the Company. As a result, losses (or gains) may be higher or lower than those of the Company's assets.
- If a Company's portfolio is concentrated towards a particular country or geographical region, the investment carries greater risk than a portfolio that is diversified across more countries.
- Where the Company invests in assets that are denominated in currencies other than the base currency, the currency exchange rate movements may cause the value of investments to fall as well as rise.
- The Company may use gearing (borrowing to invest) as part of its investment strategy. If the Company utilises its ability to gear, the profits and losses incurred by the Company can be greater than those of a Company that does not use gearing.
- All or part of the Company's management fee is taken from its capital. While this allows more income to be paid, it may also restrict capital growth or even result in capital erosion over time.

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