
STRATA MINERALS INC.
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014
(EXPRESSED IN CANADIAN DOLLARS)

Management's Responsibility for Consolidated Financial Reporting

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Strata Minerals Inc. (the "Company") are the responsibility of the management and Board of Directors of the Company.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management, on behalf of the Board of Directors, in accordance with the accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements. Where necessary, management has made informed judgments and estimates in accounting for transactions which were not complete at the statement of financial position date. In the opinion of management, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared within acceptable limits of materiality and are in accordance with accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards appropriate in the circumstances.

Management has established processes which are in place to provide them sufficient knowledge to support management representations that they have exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the consolidated financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the consolidated financial statements and (ii) the consolidated financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the Company, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the consolidated financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

(signed) "*Jim Steel*"
Jim Steel
Chief Executive Officer

(signed) "*Bob MacBean*"
Bob MacBean
Chief Financial Officer

Toronto, Canada
October 28, 2015



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholders of Strata Minerals Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Strata Minerals Inc., which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at June 30, 2015 and 2014, and the consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss, cash flows and changes in equity for the years then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Strata Minerals Inc. as at June 30, 2015 and 2014 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

**Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 in the consolidated financial statements which indicates that the Company incurred a net loss of \$1,462,998 for the year ended June 30, 2015, has an accumulated deficit of \$10,208,169 as at June 30, 2015 and has not yet generated income or cash flows from operations. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note 1, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

BDO Canada LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

Toronto, Ontario
October 28, 2015

STRATA MINERALS INC.**Consolidated Statements of Financial Position****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)**

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 6)	\$ 28,928	\$ 651,492
Amounts receivable (note 7)	10,464	2,020
Prepaid expenses and deposits	12,766	86,425
Total current assets	52,158	739,937
Non-current assets		
Exploration and evaluation assets (note 8)	182,381	492,755
Plant and equipment (note 10)	-	3,855
Reclamation bond (note 9)	11,558	89,899
Total non-current assets	193,939	586,509
Total assets	\$ 246,097	\$ 1,326,446
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (notes 11 and 19(c))	\$ 603,897	\$ 633,184
Promissory notes (note 19(d))	107,000	-
Total current liabilities	710,897	633,184
Equity		
Share capital (note 12)	9,205,639	8,966,684
Contributed surplus	252,134	177,029
Warrant reserve (note 13)	372,667	673,667
Foreign currency translation reserve	(87,071)	(77,947)
Deficit	(10,208,169)	(9,046,171)
Total equity	(464,800)	693,262
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 246,097	\$ 1,326,446

Approved by the Board of Directors:

"Jim Steel" Director"Bob MacBean" Director

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STRATA MINERALS INC.**Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss**
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

Year ended June 30,	2015	2014
Operating expenses		
Exploration and evaluation expenditures (note 15)	\$ 505,744	\$ 864,368
General and administrative expenses (note 18)	649,050	696,452
Share based payment	75,105	53,432
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets (note 8)	302,082	151,012
Operating loss before the following items	(1,531,981)	(1,765,264)
Finance income	-	10
Gain on settlement of accounts payable and accrued liabilities	68,983	-
Net loss for the year	(1,462,998)	(1,765,254)
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to income		
Exchange difference on translation from functional to presentation currency	(9,124)	9,399
Comprehensive loss for the year	\$ (1,472,122)	\$ (1,755,855)
Basic and diluted net loss per share (note 16)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.15)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	22,821,010	11,806,690

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STRATA MINERALS INC.**Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)**

Year ended June 30,	2015	2014
Operating activities		
Net loss for the year	\$ (1,462,998)	\$ (1,765,254)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of plant and equipment	3,855	1,927
Share-based payments	75,105	53,432
Gain on settlement of accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(68,983)	-
Write-off of exploration and evaluation assets	302,082	151,012
	(1,150,939)	(1,558,883)
Changes in non-cash operating capital:		
Amounts receivable	(8,444)	26,554
Prepaid expenses and deposits	73,659	(66,761)
Accounts payables and accrued liabilities	101,296	532,912
Net cash used in operating activities	(984,428)	(1,066,178)
Financing activities		
Proceeds from private placement	179,000	1,500,000
Cost of issue	(1,645)	(8,775)
Proceeds from promissory notes (note 19(d))	107,000	-
Net cash provided by financing activities	284,355	1,491,225
Investing activities		
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation assets	-	(82,381)
Purchase of reclamation bond	-	(94,474)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(176,855)
Effect of foreign currency translation	77,509	4,944
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(700,073)	248,192
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	651,492	398,356
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 28,928	\$ 651,492
Supplemental information		
Shares issued to settle accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 61,600	\$ -
Units issued for acquisition of exploration and evaluation assets	\$ -	\$ 100,000

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

	Number of Shares	Share Capital	Contributed Surplus	Warrant Reserve	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Deficit	Total
Balance, June 30, 2013	8,080,663	\$ 7,748,126	\$ 123,597	\$ 470,000	\$ (87,346)	\$ (7,449,917)	\$ 804,460
Units issued for private placement	12,500,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
Fair value of warrants issued	-	(372,667)	-	372,667	-	-	-
Cost of issue - cash	-	(8,775)	-	-	-	-	(8,775)
Units issued for exploration and evaluation assets	833,333	100,000	-	-	-	-	100,000
Share-based payment	-	-	53,432	-	-	-	53,432
Warrants expired	-	-	-	(169,000)	-	169,000	-
Exchange difference on translation from functional to presentation currency	-	-	-	-	9,399	-	9,399
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(1,765,254)	(1,765,254)
Balance, June 30, 2014	21,413,996	\$ 8,966,684	\$ 177,029	\$ 673,667	\$ (77,947)	\$ (9,046,171)	\$ 693,262
Common shares issued for private placement	1,790,000	179,000	-	-	-	-	179,000
Cost of issue - cash	-	(1,645)	-	-	-	-	(1,645)
Shares issued to settle accounts payable	1,120,000	61,600	-	-	-	-	61,600
Warrants expired	-	-	-	(301,000)	-	301,000	-
Share-based payment	-	-	75,105	-	-	-	75,105
Exchange difference on translation from functional to presentation currency	-	-	-	-	(9,124)	-	(9,124)
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(1,462,998)	(1,462,998)
Balance, June 30, 2015	24,323,996	\$ 9,205,639	\$ 252,134	\$ 372,667	\$ (87,071)	\$ (10,208,169)	\$ (464,800)

The accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

1. Nature of operations and going concern

Strata Minerals Inc. and its subsidiary (the "Company" or "SMP") is engaged in the exploration and development of commercial scale phosphate rock mineralization deposits. The Company's exploration property is located in Utah. The head office of the Company is located at 1110 - 1111 West Georgia Street, Vancouver, British Columbia V6E 4M3.

SMP was incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act on February 7, 2008 and was classified as a Capital Pool Company as defined in the TSX Venture Exchange ("TSX-V" or the "Exchange") Policy 2.4 and domiciled in Canada. The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Strata Minerals Pty Ltd. ("Strata") was incorporated under the laws of Australia on September 8, 2009.

As at June 30, 2015, the Company had not determined the existence of economically recoverable reserves. The Company's assets may be subject to increases in taxes and royalties, renegotiation of contracts, currency exchange fluctuations and restrictions, and political uncertainty.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared using International Financial Reporting Standards applicable to a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future as they come due. In assessing whether the going concern assumption is appropriate, management takes into account all available information about the future, which is at least, but is not limited to, twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Given that the Company has not yet determined whether its mineral properties contain mineral deposits that are economically recoverable, the Company has not yet generated income or cash flows from its operations. The Company has incurred a loss in the current and prior periods, with a current net loss of \$1,462,998 during the year ended June 30, 2015 (year ended June 30, 2014 - \$1,765,254) and has an accumulated deficit of \$10,208,169 (June 30, 2014 - \$9,046,171). These material uncertainties cast significant doubt regarding the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

As at June 30, 2015, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$658,739, including \$28,928 in cash and cash equivalents and current liabilities totalling \$603,897. The Company will require additional financing to meet its on-going operating expenses and advance its exploration work at its mineral properties. The Company is considering alternative financing opportunities. While there is no assurance additional funds can be raised, the Company believes such financing will be available as required. The Company's discretionary exploration activities do have considerable scope for flexibility in terms of the amount and timing of exploration expenditure, and expenditures may be adjusted accordingly.

These consolidated financial statements do not reflect adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, the reported revenues and expenses and the statement of financial position classifications used that would be necessary if the going concern assumptions were not appropriate.

2. Significant accounting policies

(a) *Statement of compliance*

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC"). The policies applied in these consolidated financial statements are based on IFRS issued and outstanding as of October 28, 2015, the date the Board of Directors approved the statements.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. In addition, these consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting except for cash flow information.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance (continued)

In the preparation of these consolidated financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

(b) Principles of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Company has control, where control is defined as the power to govern financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefit from its activities. All material intercompany transactions are eliminated upon consolidation.

The following companies have been consolidated within the annual consolidated financial statements:

Company	Registered	Principal activity
Strata Minerals Inc.	British Columbia, Canada	Parent company
Strata Minerals Pty Ltd.	Perth, Australia	Exploration company

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars. The functional currency for each entity consolidated with the Company is determined by the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates ("the functional currency"). The functional currency of Strata is the Australian dollar and the functional currency of SMP is the Canadian dollar. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's presentation currency.

At the end of each reporting year: monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at that date; non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange prevailing at the date when fair value was determined; and, non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated. Such exchange differences arising from retranslation at year-end are recognized in the statement of net loss and comprehensive loss.

The results and financial position of all the Company entities (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that financial year end;
- income and expenses for each statement of loss and comprehensive loss are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions);
- equity transactions are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component of equity.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) *Financial instruments*

Financial instruments are defined as any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity. The Company recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are classified into the following categories at their initial recognition:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- held-to-maturity investments;
- loans and receivables;
- or available-for-sale investments.

Financial liabilities are classified into the following categories at their initial recognition:

- financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss;
- or other financial liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at fair value, plus, in the case of a financial asset or liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition or issuance of the financial asset or liability. In a purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition occurs using trade date accounting.

Financial assets are subsequently measured after initial recognition at fair value, except for financial assets classified as held-to-maturity investments or loans and receivables, which are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently remeasured after recognition at fair value. All other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

Financial assets are derecognized when:

- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire;
- the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset are retained, but a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to another party without material delay is assumed by the Company;
- or when the Company transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognized when the obligations are discharged, cancelled, or expire.

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial assets, the estimated future cash flows of the investments have been negatively impacted. Evidence of impairment could include: significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty; or default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; or the likelihood that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) *Financial Instruments (continued)*

The carrying amount of financial assets is reduced by any impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of financial assets classified as loans and receivables, where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When these assets are considered uncollectible, they are written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortized cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

Financial instruments recorded at fair value on the statement of financial position are classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels: Level 1 - valuation based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2 - valuation techniques based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and Level 3 - valuation techniques using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(e) *Impairment of non-financial assets*

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. Where such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of loss and comprehensive loss.

(f) *Leases*

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term, except where another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognized as an expense in the year in which they are incurred.

(g) *Segmented information*

The Company's operations comprise a single reporting operating segment engaged in mineral exploration. The Company has three geographical segments: Canada, Australia, and USA.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) *Plant and equipment*

Items of plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into operation, the initial estimate of the rehabilitation obligation, and for qualifying assets, borrowing costs. The purchase price or construction cost is the aggregate amount paid and fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset. When parts of an item of plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of plant and equipment.

Computer hardware and equipment are depreciated at a rate of 33.33% per annum.

An item of plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of loss and comprehensive loss when the asset is derecognized. The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed each reporting period, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate.

(i) *Exploration and acquisition expenditures*

The Company has adopted the policy of capitalizing initial acquisition costs relating to tenements and expensing all exploration and evaluation expenditure in relation to its phosphate leases as incurred. Where the Directors decide to progress the development in an area of interest all further expenditure incurred relating to the area will be capitalized. Projects are advanced to development status and classified as phosphate assets when it is expected that further expenditure can be recouped through sale or successful development and exploitation of the area of interest. Such expenditure is carried forward up to commencement of production at which time it is amortized over the life of the economically recoverable reserve.

(j) *Cash and cash equivalents*

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of financial position comprise cash at banks and short-term bank deposits with original maturity of three months or less. The Company's cash is invested with major financial institutions in business accounts that are available on demand by the Company for its programs.

(k) *Interest income*

Interest is recognised as the interest accrues (using the effective interest method, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

(l) *Provisions*

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Company from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting its obligations under the contract. The Company had no material provisions at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(m) *Share-based payment transactions*

The fair value of share options granted is recognized as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity. An individual is classified as an employee when the individual is an employee for legal or tax purposes (direct employee) or provides services similar to those performed by a direct employee, including directors of the Company.

The fair value of share-based payments to employees is measured at the grant date and recognized on a graded-vesting basis over the period during which the options vest. Share-based payments to non-employees are measured at the fair value of the goods or services received or the fair value of the equity instruments issued if it is determined the fair value of the goods or services cannot be reliably measured, and are recorded at the date the goods or services are received. The fair value of the options granted to employees is measured using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Consideration paid for the shares on the exercise of stock options is credited to share capital. At each financial position reporting date, the amount recognized as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that are expected to vest. For those options that expire after vesting, the recorded value is transferred to retained earnings (deficit).

(n) *Income taxes*

Income tax on the profit or loss for the years presented comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current tax expense is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at year end, adjusted for amendments to tax payable with regards to previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the asset and liability method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Temporary differences are not provided for goodwill not deductible for tax purposes and the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the financial position reporting date.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. To the extent that the Company does not consider it probable that a future tax asset will be recovered, it provides a valuation allowance against that excess.

(o) *Restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations*

A legal or constructive obligation to incur restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs may arise when environmental disturbance is caused by the exploration, development or ongoing production of a mineral property interest. Such costs arising from the decommissioning of plant and other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the start of each project to the carrying amount of the asset, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. Discount rates using a pretax rate that reflects the time value of money are used to calculate the net present value. These costs are charged against profit or loss over the economic life of the related asset, through amortization using either a unit of production or the straight line method as appropriate. The related liability is adjusted for each period for the unwinding of the discount rate and for changes to the current market based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation. Costs for restoration of subsequent site damage that is created on an ongoing basis during production are provided for at their net present values and charged against profits as extraction progresses.

The Company has no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental costs as the disturbance to date is minimal.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(p) Loss per share

The Company presents basic and diluted loss per share data for its common shares, calculated by dividing the loss attributable to common shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share is determined by adjusting the loss attributable to common shareholders and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the effects of all warrants and options outstanding that may add to the total number of common shares.

(q) Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These consolidated financial statements include estimates that, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout the consolidated financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. These estimates are based on historical experience, current and future economic conditions and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates

Significant assumptions about the future that management has made that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities, in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

- the recoverability of amounts receivable that is included in the consolidated statements of financial position;
- the inputs used in the Black-Scholes valuation model (volatility; interest rate; expected life and forfeiture rate) in accounting for warrants and share-based payment transactions;
- the valuation of income tax accounts; and
- the recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets that are included in the consolidated statements of financial position.

Critical accounting judgments

- management applied judgment in determining the functional currency of Strata as Australian dollars, the functional currency of SMP as Canadian dollars and the presentation currency of the Company as Canadian dollars; and
- management assessment of no material restoration, rehabilitation and environmental obligations, based on the facts and circumstances that existed during the year.

(r) New accounting standards and interpretations

IFRS 9 – Financial instruments (“IFRS 9”) was issued by the IASB in October 2010 and will replace IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement (“IAS 39”). IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing the multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Most of the requirements in IAS 39 for classification and measurement of financial liabilities were carried forward unchanged to IFRS 9. The new standard also requires a single impairment method to be used, replacing the multiple impairment methods in IAS 39. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. Earlier adoption is permitted. The Company has not yet assessed the impact of this standard.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital with the following objectives:

- to ensure sufficient financial flexibility to achieve the ongoing business objectives including funding of future growth opportunities, and pursuit of accretive acquisitions; and
- to maximize shareholder return through enhancing the share value.

The Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments according to market conditions in an effort to meet its objectives given the current outlook of the business and industry in general. The Company may manage its capital structure by issuing new shares, repurchasing outstanding shares, adjusting capital spending, or disposing of assets. The capital structure is reviewed by management and the Board of Directors on an ongoing basis.

The Company considers its capital to be equity, which comprises share capital, reserves and accumulated deficit, which at June 30, 2015 totalled \$(464,800) (June 30, 2014 - \$693,262).

The Company manages capital through its financial and operational forecasting processes. The Company reviews its working capital and forecasts its future cash flows based on operating expenditures, and other investing and financing activities. The forecast is updated based on activities related to its mineral properties. Selected information is provided to the Board of Directors of the Company. The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the year ended June 30, 2015.

The Company is not subject to any capital requirements imposed by a lending institution or regulatory body, other than Policy 2.5 of the TSX-V which requires adequate working capital or financial resources of the greater of (i) \$50,000 and (ii) an amount required in order to maintain operations and cover general and administrative expenses for a period of 6 months. As of June 30, 2015, the Company is not compliant with Policy 2.5, but is working to become compliant. The impact of this violation is not known and is ultimately dependent on the discretion of the TSX-V.

4. Financial risk management

Financial risk

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including interest rate, foreign currency risk and commodity and equity price risk).

Risk management is carried out by the Company's management team under policies approved by the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors also provides regular guidance for overall risk management. There were no changes to credit risk, liquidity risk or market risk for the year ended June 30, 2015.

(i) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to cash and cash equivalents. Cash is held with select major Canadian and Australian chartered banks, from which management believes the risk of loss to be minimal.

(ii) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not have sufficient cash resources to meet its financial obligations as they come due. All accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due in the next twelve months. The Company's liquidity and operating results may be adversely affected if its access to the capital market is hindered, whether as a result of a downturn in stock market conditions generally or matters specific to the Company. The Company generates cash flow primarily from its financing activities.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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4. Financial risk management (continued)

(iii) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and commodity and equity prices.

(a) Interest rate risk

The Company currently does not have any short-term or long-term debt that is interest bearing and, as such, the Company's current exposure to interest rate risk is minimal.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The functional currency of Strata is the Australian dollar and the functional currency of SMP is the Canadian dollar. The consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Company's presentation currency. The Company holds cash balances in Canadian dollars, US dollars and Australian dollars which could give rise to exposure to foreign exchange risk. It is not the Company's policy to hedge its foreign currency related to the US dollar or Australian dollar.

(c) Commodity and equity price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity prices. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors commodity prices, as they relate to global fertilizer industry and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Commodity price risk could adversely affect the Company. In particular, the Company's future profitability and viability of development depend upon the world market price of phosphate and fertilizer. There is no assurance that, even if commercial quantities of phosphate rock deposits are produced in the future, a profitable market will exist for them. As of June 30, 2015, the Company was not a phosphate producer. Even so, commodity price risk may affect the completion of future equity transactions such as equity offerings and the exercise of stock options and warrants. This may also affect the Company's liquidity and its ability to meet its ongoing obligations.

Sensitivity analysis

The Company is exposed to currency risk to the extent that monetary assets and liabilities held by the Company are not denominated in the functional currency in which they are measured. The Company has not entered into any foreign currency contracts to mitigate this risk.

The Company holds balances in US dollars which could give rise to exposure to foreign exchange risk. Sensitivity to a plus or minus 10% change in the foreign exchange rate of the US dollar against the Canadian dollar would affect the reported loss and comprehensive loss by approximately \$29,000.

STRATA MINERALS INC.**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****June 30, 2015 and 2014****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)**

5. Categories of financial instruments

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Financial assets:		
Loans and receivables:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 28,928	\$ 651,492
Amounts receivable	\$ 10,464	\$ 2,020
Reclamation bond	\$ 11,558	\$ 89,899
Financial liabilities:		
Other financial liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 603,897	\$ 633,184
Loan from related parties	\$ 107,000	\$ -

As at June 30, 2015 and 2014, the fair value of all the Company's financial instruments approximates the carrying value, due to their short-term nature.

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Cash on hand	\$ 28,368	\$ 649,658
Short-term bank deposits	560	1,834
	\$ 28,928	\$ 651,492

7. Amounts receivable

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Sales tax receivable	\$ 10,464	\$ 2,020

As at June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, all amounts receivable were neither past due nor impaired.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

June 30, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)

8. Exploration and evaluation assets

	Total
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 452,356
Additions	182,381
Foreign exchange	9,030
Write-off	(151,012)
Balance, June 30, 2014	492,755
Foreign exchange	(8,292)
Write-off	(302,082)
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 182,381

SMP's sole project consists of the Diamond Mountain phosphate project located in the State of Utah.

The Company signed an Option Agreement with Utah Mineral Resources LLC (the "Optionor") dated November 12, 2013 pursuant to which the Company can earn up to an 80% interest in the Diamond Mountain phosphate project located in the State of Utah, approximately 30 kms north-east of Vernal, Utah (the "Diamond Mountain Project"). Under the terms of the Option Agreement, the Company earned a 51% interest in the Diamond Mountain Project by incurring expenditures of US\$1,000,000 in exploration and development on the Diamond Mountain Project and making cash payments totalling US\$75,000 and a unit (common shares plus warrants) payment equal to \$100,000.

The Company can earn a further 29% interest to hold an aggregate share of 80% of the Diamond Mountain Project by incurring a further US\$1.5 million in exploration and development expenditures on the Diamond Mountain Project on or before the mutually agreed to Phase II Completion Date (target date of June 15, 2016) and by paying a further US\$100,000 and issuing \$100,000 in shares priced in the context of the market at the time of issuance. Upon completion of the terms of the Option Agreement, the Company and the Optionor shall enter into a Joint Venture Agreement.

On November 7, 2014 Strata announced an agreement to lease 98.7 hectares of privately held mineral and surface rights contiguous with its Diamond Mountain project. In addition, the Company announced the filing of an additional 1,236.6 hectares of Phosphate Prospecting Permit Application ("PPPA") areas to the South East of, and contiguous with, Strata's existing PPPA areas.

The Company acquired its previous interest in the Cardabia project from South Boulder Mines Limited ("SBM") pursuant to a Joint Venture Agreement dated February 6, 2012 (the "JV Agreement"). Under the terms of the JV Agreement, SMP acquired an 80% interest in the Cardabia project in consideration for a cash payment of AUD \$200,000 and the issuance of 250,000 SMP common shares.

Management previously decided to relinquish a portion of the Cardabia project and as a result, costs of \$151,012 were written off in the year ended June 30, 2014. During the year ended June 30, 2015, the Company decided to relinquish all interest in the Cardabia project. As a result, costs of \$302,082 were written off in the year ended June 30, 2015.

STRATA MINERALS INC.**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****June 30, 2015 and 2014****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)**

9. Reclamation bond

The Company posted a US\$84,254 reclamation bond for the Diamond Mountain Project, as required by the State of Utah, to secure clean-up costs if the projects are abandoned or closed. During the year ended June 30, 2015, US\$75,000 was released back to the Company for reclamation work performed. As at June 30, 2015, US\$9,254 remains posted.

10. Plant and equipment

Cost	Computer Hardware	Equipment	Total
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 7,774	\$ 4,787	\$ 12,561
Balance, June 30, 2014	7,774	4,787	12,561
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 7,774	\$ 4,787	\$ 12,561
Accumulated Depreciation	Computer Hardware	Equipment	Total
Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 1,992	\$ 4,787	\$ 6,779
Depreciation for the year	1,927	-	1,927
Balance, June 30, 2014	3,919	4,787	8,706
Depreciation for the year	3,855	-	3,855
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ 7,774	\$ 4,787	\$ 12,561
Carrying Amount	Computer Hardware	Equipment	Total
Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 3,855	\$ -	\$ 3,855
Balance, June 30, 2015	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

11. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Falling due within the next year:		
Trade payables	\$ 335,711	\$ 393,621
Accrued liabilities	268,186	239,563
	\$ 603,897	\$ 633,184

12. Share capital

On January 13, 2014, the Company completed the share consolidation of its issued and outstanding common shares on the basis of one post-consolidation common share for every ten pre-consolidation common shares. As part of the share consolidation, the stock options and warrants were also consolidated and the exercise price adjusted to reflect the consolidation. The share consolidation has been reflected in these financial statements and all applicable references to the number of shares, warrants and stock options and their strike price and per share information has been restated.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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12. Share capital (continued)

a) Authorized share capital

At June 30, 2015, the authorized share capital consisted of an unlimited number of common shares. The common shares do not have a par value. All issued shares are fully paid.

b) Common shares issued

	Number of common shares	Amount
Balance - June 30, 2013	8,080,663	\$ 7,748,126
Units issued for private placements (i)	12,500,000	1,500,000
Fair value of warrants issued (i)	-	(372,667)
Cost of issue - cash (i)	-	(8,775)
Units issued for exploration and evaluation assets (ii)	833,333	100,000
Balance, June 30, 2014	21,413,996	\$ 8,966,684
Shares issued to settle accounts payable (iii)	1,120,000	61,600
Units issued for private placements (iv)	1,790,000	179,000
Cost of issue - cash (iv)	-	(1,645)
Balance - June 30, 2015	24,323,996	\$ 9,205,639

(i) On March 20, 2014, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement of aggregate gross proceeds of \$1,500,000 at a price of \$0.12 per unit for a total of 12,500,000 units. Each unit consists of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant. Each warrant will entitle the purchaser to purchase an additional common share at a price of \$0.12 per share until September 20, 2015. Where the Company's common shares trade for twenty consecutive trading days at a weighted average trading price of not less than \$0.18 per share, the Company may accelerate the expiry of the warrants, such that the warrants shall expire within 30 days of the issuance of a news release by the Company disclosing such accelerated expiry.

The fair value of the 6,250,000 warrants was estimated at \$349,375 using a valuation option pricing formula with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield - 0%, expected volatility - 86%, risk-free interest rate - 1.02% and an expected average life of 18 months.

Under the terms of the subscription agreement with Dundee Corporation ("Dundee"), the Company has granted a pre-emptive right to Dundee whereby Dundee will have the right to participate in any subsequent equity offering for cash by the Company on a pro rata basis. This right will continue until the earlier of five years from the closing of the private placement and the date on which Dundee and its affiliates hold less than 12.5% of the issued and outstanding shares of the Company.

(ii) On March 20, 2014, the Company issued 833,333 units, having the same price and the same terms and conditions as the units issued in connection with the financing completed March 20, 2014, in accordance with the Option Agreement with Utah Mineral Resources LLC (see note 8).

The fair value of the 416,667 warrants was estimated at \$23,292 using a valuation option pricing formula with the following assumptions: expected dividend yield - 0%, expected volatility - 86%, risk-free interest rate - 1.02% and an expected average life of 18 months.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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12. Share capital (continued)

b) Common shares issued (continued)

(iii) On November 20, 2014, the Company issued 1,120,000 common shares of the Company as settlement of accounts payable of US\$100,000 (\$113,060) due to a trade creditor. As a result, the Company recorded a gain on settlement of accounts payable and accrued liabilities of \$51,460.

(iv) On February 2, 2015, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement for gross proceeds of \$179,000 at a price of \$0.10 per common share for a total of 1,790,000 common shares. All securities issued under the private placement are subject to a hold period expiring on June 3, 2015. Strata's directors and officers subscribed for 1,565,000 common shares under the private placement.

13. Warrants

The following table reflects the continuity of warrants for the periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Number of warrants	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, June 30, 2013	1,025,000	\$ 1.30
Issued (note 12 (b)(i), (ii))	6,666,667	0.12
Expired	(325,000)	1.50
Balance, June 30, 2014	7,366,667	\$ 0.22
Expired	(700,000)	1.20
Balance, June 30, 2015	6,666,667	\$ 0.12

The warrant reserve represents the fair value estimate of the warrants issued and outstanding. The following table reflects the warrants issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2015:

Number of Warrants Outstanding	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Expiry Date
6,666,667	\$ 0.12	0.22	September 20, 2015

The warrants have an expiry date acceleration clause, whereby if SMP's common shares trade on a stock exchange in Canada for 20 consecutive trading days at a weighted average trading price of not less than \$0.18, then the Company may in its sole discretion accelerate the expiry of the warrants, such that the warrants shall expire within 30 days of the issuance of a news release by the Company disclosing such accelerated expiry.

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14. Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan for its directors, officers, employees and technical consultants to the Company that are non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares. The number of common shares reserved for issuance to any individual, director or officer will not exceed 5% of the issued and outstanding common shares and the number of common shares reserved for issuance pursuant to options granted to all Technical consultants will not exceed 2% of the issued and outstanding common shares. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 10 years from the date of grant. Vesting terms will be determined at the time of grant by the Board of Directors.

The following table reflects the continuity of stock options for the periods ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	Number of stock options	Weighted average exercise price
Balance, June 30, 2013	385,833	\$ 1.45
Granted (i)(ii)	1,525,000	0.13
Expired/Forfeited	(43,333)	1.51
Balance, June 30, 2014	1,867,500	\$ 0.37
Granted (iii)	100,000	0.13
Expired/Forfeited	(127,500)	0.15
Balance, June 30, 2015	1,840,000	\$ 0.37

- (i) On April 1, 2014, the Company granted 750,000 stock options to an officer and director of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.12 and expiry date of April 1, 2019. These stock options vest in three equal installments over a period of three years. A value of \$64,575 was assigned to the options using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: share price of \$0.13; expected dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility 80% (based on comparable companies); risk-free interest rate - 1.72% and an expected life of 5 years.
- (ii) On April 15, 2014, the Company granted 375,000 stock options to an officer of the Company and 400,000 stock options to non-executive directors of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.13 and expiry date of April 15, 2019. The 375,000 stock options vest in three equal installments over a period of three years and the 400,000 stock options vest in four equal installments over a period of three years. A value of \$56,455 was assigned to the options using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions: share price of \$0.13; expected dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility 81% (based on comparable companies); risk-free interest rate - 1.63% and an expected life of 5 years.
- (iii) On January 7, 2015, the Company granted 100,000 stock options to a director of the Company at an exercise price of \$0.13 and expiry date of January 7, 2020. These stock options vest in four equal installments over a period of three years. A value of \$9,320 was assigned to the options using the Black-Scholes pricing model with the following assumptions: share price of \$0.10; expected dividend yield - 0%; expected volatility 167% (based on historical volatility); risk-free interest rate - 1.22% and an expected life of 5 years.

STRATA MINERALS INC.**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements****June 30, 2015 and 2014****(Expressed in Canadian Dollars unless otherwise stated)**

14. Stock options (continued)

The following table reflects the stock options issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2015:

Expiry Date	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (years)	Number of Options Outstanding	Number of Options Vested (Exercisable)
October 24, 2015	\$ 1.50	0.32	40,000	40,000
September 26, 2016	1.50	1.24	150,000	150,000
December 12, 2016	1.50	1.45	25,000	25,000
October 24, 2017	1.50	2.32	25,000	18,750
December 4, 2017	1.50	2.43	25,000	18,750
April 10, 2018	1.20	2.78	75,000	56,250
April 1, 2019	0.12	3.76	750,000	250,000
April 15, 2019	0.13	3.79	725,000	325,000
January 7, 2020	0.13	4.53	25,000	25,000
	\$ 0.37	3.39	1,840,000	908,750

15. Exploration and evaluation expenditures

The following tables reflect the exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred in the year ended June 30, 2015 and year ended June 30, 2014. Cumulative expenses are shown for only the projects where the Company continues to hold the tenements.

Year ended June 30, 2015	Diamond Mountain
Drilling	\$ 316,593
Geological	132,079
Administration and other	34,128
Total for the year ended June 30, 2015	482,800
Cumulative exploration and evaluation expenditures as at June 30, 2014	730,920
Cumulative exploration and evaluation expenditures as at June 30, 2015	\$ 1,213,720

Year ended June 30, 2014	Diamond Mountain
Leases and taxes	\$ 18,329
Drilling	591,437
Consulting	70,792
Geological	39,469
Travel	2,410
Administration and other	8,483
Total for the year ended June 30, 2014	730,920
Cumulative exploration and evaluation expenditures as at June 30, 2013	-
Cumulative exploration and evaluation expenditures as at June 30, 2014	\$ 730,920

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16. Loss per share

Year ended June 30,	2015	2014
Net loss per share:		
- basic	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.15)
- diluted	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.15)
Net loss attributable to common shareholders	\$ (1,462,998)	\$ (1,765,254)
Weighted average outstanding - basic	22,821,010	11,806,690
Weighted average outstanding - diluted	22,821,010	11,806,690

(i) Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss (the numerator) by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares for the period (the denominator). Options and warrants outstanding have been excluded from computing diluted earnings per share because they are anti-dilutive.

17. Income taxes

The income tax allowance differs from the amount resulting from the application of the combined Canadian income tax rate as follows:

	2015	2014
Loss before income taxes	\$ (1,462,998)	\$ (1,765,254)
Combined statutory income tax rate	26.00 %	26.00 %
Income tax recovery at the combined combined statutory income tax rate	(380,379)	(458,966)
Permanent differences	19,527	35,862
Tax rate differential and other	(92,275)	(51,052)
Movement in deferred tax assets not recognized	453,127	474,156
	\$ -	\$ -

The significant components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities not recognized as at June 30, 2015 and 2014 are as follows:

	2015	2014
Deferred tax assets:		
Non-capital loss carry forwards	\$ 1,887,412	\$ 1,631,525
Share issue costs	14,255	34,222
Exploration and evaluation assets	390,567	214,586
Provisions	-	2,718
Other	12,624	13,142
Total deferred tax assets	2,304,858	1,896,193
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Capital assets	-	(42,660)
Marketable securities	-	(1,803)
Total deferred tax liabilities	-	(44,463)
	\$ 2,304,858	\$ 1,851,730

STRATA MINERALS INC.

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17. Income taxes (continued)

The Company has Australian non-capital losses of approximately \$3,460,000 that have an indefinite life and has Canadian non-capital losses of approximately \$3,270,000 available to apply against the future taxable income, expiring has follows.

2030	\$	96,000
2031		438,000
2032		649,000
2033		790,000
2034		630,000
2035		667,000
		\$ 3,270,000

18. General and administrative expenses

Year ended June 30,	2015	2014
Consulting fees	\$ 137,876	\$ 341,408
Accounting and audit fees	60,441	61,056
Legal fees	13,382	12,240
Office and general	87,963	49,171
Travel and accommodation	14,199	58,955
Regulatory and listing fees	65,921	43,704
Telephone	2,215	1,952
Salaries and director fees (note 19)	263,198	126,039
Depreciation	3,855	1,927
		\$ 649,050 \$ 696,452

19. Related party transactions

Related parties include the Board of Directors, officers, close family members and enterprises that are controlled by these individuals as well as certain persons performing similar functions. The below noted transactions are in the normal course of business and are measured at the amount as agreed to by the parties, and approved by the Board of Directors in strict adherence to conflict of interest laws and regulations.

(a) SMP entered into the following transactions with related parties:

Year ended June 30,	2015	2014
BRL Consulting Inc. (i) - Consulting fees	\$ -	\$ 73,333
Jason Bahnsen (ii) - Consulting fees	\$ -	\$ 137,980
Adam Rochacewich (iii) - Consulting fees	\$ 87,750	\$ 24,750

(i) Brent Lokash, a former director and former officer of the Company, is an officer of BRL Consulting Inc.

(ii) Jason Bahnsen is a director and former officer of the Company.

(iii) Adam Rochacewich is a former officer of the Company.

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19. Related party transactions (continued)

(b) In addition to the above payments the Company paid or accrued remuneration of Directors and key management of the Company as follows:

Year ended June 30,	2015	2014
Director's fees	\$ 46,500	\$ 44,833
Salaries	\$ 208,171	\$ 73,333
Share-based payments	\$ 71,870	\$ 50,903

(c) Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities are the following amounts due to related parties:

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Jason Bahnsen, director and former officer	\$ 119,622	\$ 19,975
Hugh Agro, former director and interim CEO	6,000	6,000
Richard Kelertas, director	6,000	6,000
Peter Kozicz, former director	5,000	5,000
Kal Malhi, former director	3,750	2,500
Gordon Tainton, former director	3,750	-
Adam Rochacewich, former officer	42,630	11,670
	\$ 186,752	\$ 51,145

As of June 30, 2015, \$186,752 (2014 - \$51,145) of salaries, directors fees and management consulting fees have been deferred in order to assist in the conservation of cash.

(d) Promissory notes

As of June 30, 2015, \$107,000 (2014 - \$nil) of non-interest bearing promissory notes due on November 12, 2015 were owing to a director and former directors.

(e) Insider shareholdings

As of June 30, 2015, Dundee controls 3,941,667 common shares of the Company or approximately 16% of the total common shares outstanding.

None of the Company's major shareholders have different voting rights than other holders of the Company's common shares.

As of June 30, 2015, directors and officers of the Company at June 30, 2015 collectively control 5,985,632 common shares of the company or approximately 25% of the total common shares outstanding. To the knowledge of the directors and executive officers of the Company, the remaining common shares of the Company were widely held.

STRATA MINERALS INC.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

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20. Segmented information

The Company has determined that it only operates in one segment, being mineral exploration. Non-current assets segmented by geographical area are as follows:

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Canada	\$ -	\$ 1,378
Australia	-	312,851
United States	193,939	272,280
Total	\$ 193,939	\$ 586,509

21. Proposed transaction

On May 11, 2015, the Company announced it executed an arm's length, non-binding letter of intent with beckettbank Corp. ("beckettbank LOI").

beckettbank Corp. is affiliated with Toronto-based wealth management company, Beckett Wealth Management Inc. Under the terms of the beckettbank LOI the Company will change its name to beckettbank and broaden the scope of the business to become a small-cap, merchant bank/private equity fund (the "Strategic Transaction"). The new business strategy will see the Company continue to advance the Diamond Mountain phosphate project in Utah as well as make new investments in other attractive small cap companies and assets.

22. Subsequent events

(i) Subsequent to June 30, 2015, 40,000 options with an exercise price of \$1.50 and an expiry date of October 24, 2015, 150,000 options with an exercise price of \$1.50 and an expiry date of September 26, 2016, 60,000 options with an exercise price of \$1.20 and an expiry date of April 10, 2018, 250,000 options with an exercise price of \$0.13 and an expiry date of April 15, 2019 and 25,000 options with an exercise price of \$0.13 and an expiry date of January 7, 2020 expired unexercised.

(ii) Subsequent to June 30, 2015, 6,666,667 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.12 and an expiry date of September 20, 2015 expired unexercised.