ORD MOUNTAIN RESOURCES CORP.
(FORMERLY SINO ENVIRON-ENERGY TECH CORP.)

Interim Report
Management Discussion and Analysis

For the Three Months Ended
May 31, 2015

Description of Business

Ord Mountain Resources Corp. (formerly Sino Environ-Energy Tech Corp.) (the "Company") was incorporated on January 7, 2010 under the *Business Corporations Act* (British Columbia) . The Company is a Capital Pool Company ("CPC") as defined by Policy 2.4 (the "CPC Policy") of the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange"). The Company's Prospectus, dated May 7, 2010 was filed and accepted by the Exchange and the British Columbia and Alberta Securities Commissions effective May 12, 2010 pursuant to the provisions of the British Columbia and Alberta Securities Acts. The common shares of the Company were listed on the Exchange effective at the opening of trading on Friday, May 28, 2010. The gross proceeds of the offering were $300,000 (1,500,000 common shares at $0.20 per share) (the "Offering").The Sponsoring Member and Agent for the Offering was Canaccord Genuity Corp.

The Company's principal business activity is the identification and evaluation of business opportunities with the objective of completing a qualifying transaction (a "Qualifying Transaction") under Exchange rules. A Qualifying Transaction must be entered into within 24 months of listing under the Policy and is subject to shareholders' approval and the acceptance by regulatory authorities.

The head office and principal address of the Company is located at 758 Riverside Drive, Unit 46, Port Coquitlam, British Columbia, Canada V3B 7V8.

The Company is a reporting issuer in the provinces of British Columbia and Alberta and trades on the Exchange under the trading symbol OMR.H. The Company had 2,370,000 common shares issued and outstanding at May 31, 2015 and as of the date of this MD&A.

The Company's continuing operations are dependent upon the Company's ability to identify, evaluate and negotiate the acquisition of an interest in properties, assets or a business, which is considered a Qualifying Transaction. Such an acquisition will be subject to regulatory approval and may be also subject to shareholders' approval. In the case of a non-arm's length transaction (as defined in the CPC Policy) a majority of the minority shareholders' approval must also be obtained in accordance with the CPC Policy. Should the Company fail to complete such a transaction within the timeline stipulated in the CPC Policy, its ability to raise sufficient financing to maintain operations may be impaired and accordingly the Company may be unable to realize on the carrying value of its net assets.

The Company did not complete its Qualifying Transaction within the prescribed time frame and in accordance with the TSX Venture Exchange (the "Exchange") Policy 2.4. Effective June 1, 2012, the Company's tier classification was changed from Tier 2 to NEX.

Forward-Looking Information and Report Date

This Management Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") may contain forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. When used in this MD&A, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimates", "expects" and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned that these statements, which describe the Company's proposed plans, objectives, and budgets, may differ materially from actual results. These forward looking statements speak only as of the date of this document, or as of the date specified in the documents incorporated into this document by reference, as the case may be.

The forward looking statements contained in the document and documents incorporated by reference are expressly qualified by this cautionary statement. Management and the Company do not undertake any obligation to publicly update or revise any forward looking statements except as required by securities law.

The following discussion and analysis of the financial position and results of operations for the Company is dated July 22, 2015 (the "Report Date") and should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements and the notes thereto for the year ended February 28, 2015 which are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Overall Performance

The Company did not complete a Qualifying Transaction within the prescribed time frame in accordance with Exchange Policy 2.4. Consequently the Company's tier classification was changed from Tier 2 to NEX and its common shares commenced trading on the NEX board of the Exchange under the symbol "OMR.H" effective June 1, 2012.

On November 5, 2014, the Company announced that Mr. Jun (James) Shang, a director and Chairman of the Company, passed away on October 27, 2014.

Results of Operations

The Company is a CPC and has no business operations or sales revenue. Until such time as the Company completes a Qualifying Transaction as required by the Exchange, corporate expenditures will be restricted to costs associated with the raising of equity financing, administrative costs to maintain the Company in good standing and costs to identify and evaluate potential business acquisitions. Public company costs include audit and legal fees, Exchange listing and filing fees, transfer agent fees, and costs of preparing, printing, filing and mailing quarterly and annual reports and general meeting materials and other continuous disclosure documents to shareholders as applicable.

The major expenses incurred during the three months ended May 31, 2015 are related to the on-going maintenance costs associated with a Public Company.

Set forth below is a summary discussion of selected financial data in respect of the three months ended May 31, 2015.

- Three months Ended May 31, 2015

The Company had no revenue for the three months ended May 31, 2015. General and administrative expenses amounted to $3,701 of which $1,250 was paid for filing fees, $803 for transfer agent services, $1,500 for administration, and $148 for other expenses.

- Three months Ended May 31, 2015 compared with three months ended May 31, 2014

The Company had cash and cash equivalents amounting to $94,774 on May 31, 2015 (February 28, 2015 $99,760). The Company had no revenue for the three months ended May 31, 2015. Operating expenses for the three months amounted to $3,701 (May 31, 2014 - $3,933) and consisted of $1,250 for filing fees (May 31, 2014 - $1,250), $803 for transfer agent services (May 31, 2014 - $887), $1,500 for administration (May 31, 2014 - $1,500), $Nil for legal fees (May 31, 2014 - $261), and $148 for other expenses (May 31, 2014 - $35).

Summary of Quarterly Results

	In accordance with IFRS							
	May 31 2015 Q1 2016	**February 28 2015 Q4 2015**	**November 30 2014 Q3 2015**	**August 31 2014 Q2 2015**	**May 31 2014 Q1 2015**	**February 28 2014 Q4 2014**	**November 30 2013 Q3 2014**	**August 31 2013 Q2 2014**
G&A (incl. stock comp.)	$ 3,701	$ 5,984	$ 11,763	$ 15,426	$ 3,933	$ 6,322	$ 5,599	$ 16,567
Share-based payments	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Adjusted G&A (less share-based payments)	$ 3,701	$ 5,984	$ 11,763	$ 15,426	$ 3,933	$ 6,322	$ 5,599	$ 16,567
Income (loss)	$ (3,701)	$ (5,984)	$ (11,763)	$ (15,426)	$ (3,933)	$ (6,322)	$ (5,599)	$ (16,567)
Income (loss) per share -basic & diluted	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)
Weighted avg. common shares -basic & diluted	2,370,000	2,370,000	2,370,000	2,370,000	2,370,000	2,370,000	2,370,000	2,370,000

Liquidity

At May 31, 2015, the Company had $95,231 (February 28, 2015 - $98,932) in working capital. The Company believes it has sufficient working capital at this time to meet its current year's anticipated financial obligations. The Company did not pledge any of its assets as security for loans, or otherwise and is not subject to any debt covenants.

At May 31, 2015, the Company had sales tax receivable of $1,237 (February 28, 2015 - $1,131) which will be recovered upon the annual filing of the GST return with the CRA and accounts payable of $780 (February 28, 2015 - $1,959).

Capital Resources

Capital resources include all of the Company's shareholders' equity. As at May 31, 2015, the Company had made no commitments for capital expenditures.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has not entered into any Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements.

Related Party Transactions

During the three months ended May 31, 2015, the Company did not pay or accrue any expenses to any director or officer of the Company.

As at May 31, 2015, there was neither accounts receivable from nor accounts payable to any director or officer of the Company.

Name Change

The Company changed its name to "Ord Mountain Resources Corp." in accordance with the SW Tech Letter of Intent. The Company received Exchange and the Company's shareholders approval for the name change on December 16, 2011.

Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates, and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and related disclosure.

Judgment is used mainly in determining how a balance or transaction should be recognized in the financial statements. Estimates and assumptions are used mainly in determining the measurement of recognized transactions and balances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Significant areas where management's estimates and judgment has been applied include:

Going Concern
The Company's ability to execute its strategy by funding future working capital requirements requires judgment. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, such as, expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Deferred taxes
Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductable temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductable temporary differences and carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilized. In addition, the valuation of tax credits receivable requires management to make judgments on the amount and timing of recovery.

Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates and assumptions include:

Share-Based Compensation
The Company uses the fair value method of valuing compensation expense associated with the Company's share-based compensation plan whereby notional shares are granted to employees, board of directors and key consultants. Estimating fair value requires determining the most appropriate valuation model for a grant of equity instruments, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant.

New accounting standards and interpretations

Effective March 1, 2015, the Company has adopted the following new and revised standards, along with any consequential amendments:

IAS 24 Related party disclosures
The amendments to IAS 24, issued in December 2013, clarify that a management entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, that provides key management services to a reporting entity, or its parent, is a related party of the reporting entity. The amendments also require an entity to disclose amounts incurred for key management personnel services provided by a separate management entity. This replaces the more detailed disclosure by category required for other key management personnel compensation. The amendments affect disclosure and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after July 1, 2014.

Accounting Standards Issued But Not yet Effective

Standards issued but not yet effective up to the date of issuance of the Company's financial statements are listed below. This listing is of standards and interpretations issued, which the Company reasonably expects to be applicable at a future date. The Company intends to adopt those standards when they become effective. The Company does not expect the impact of such changes on the financial statements to be material.

IFRS 9 Financial instruments
IFRS 9 was issued in November 2009 and subsequently amended as part of an ongoing project to replace IAS 39 Financial instruments: Recognition and measurement. The standard requires the classification of financial assets into

two measurement categories based on the entity's business model for managing its financial instruments and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the instrument. The two categories are those measured at fair value and those measured at amortized cost. The classification and measurement of financial liabilities is primarily unchanged from IAS 39. However, for financial liabilities measured at fair value, changes in the fair value attributable to changes in an entity's "own credit risk" is now recognized in other comprehensive income instead of in profit or loss. This new standard will also impact disclosures provided under IFRS 7 Financial instruments: disclosures.

In November 2013, the IASB amended IFRS 9 for the significant changes to hedge accounting. In addition, an entity can now apply the "own credit requirement" in isolation without the need to change any other accounting for financial instruments. The mandatory effective date of January 1, 2015 has been removed to provide sufficient time for preparers of financial statements to make the transition to the new requirements.

Financial Instruments

All financial instruments are classified into one of the following five categories: fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity, available-for-sale financial assets, loans and receivables or other financial liabilities. Initial and subsequent measurement and recognition of changes in the value of the financial instruments depends on their initial classification.

The Company classifies its cash and cash equivalents, and accounts receivable as fair value through profit or loss, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities as other financial liabilities. The Company does not use derivative instruments or hedges to manage risk because the Company's exposure to credit and interest risk is minimal.

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents, sales tax receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Fair value estimates are made at the balance sheet date, based on relevant market information and other information about the financial instruments. Fair values are determined directly by reference to published price quotations in an active market, when available, or by using a valuation technique that uses inputs observed from the markets. The Company classifies its financial instruments measured at fair value at one of three levels according to the relative reliability of the inputs used to estimate the fair value:

- Level 1 – quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 – inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 – inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

As the carrying values of the Company's financial instruments approximate their fair values, disclosure is not made of their level in the fair value hierarchy.

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash.

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is its cash balance of $94,774 (February 28, 2015 - $99,760). The Company manages credit risk with respect to its cash by maintaining deposits with a major Canadian financial institution; however, this exposes the Company's cash to concentration of credit risk as all amounts are held at a single institution.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company has cash at May 31, 2015 in the amount of $94,774 (February 28, 2015 - $99,760). The Company believes it has sufficient funds to meet its short-term business requirements.

At May 31, 2015, the Company had accounts payable of $780 (February 28, 2015 - $1,959), which are due in the short term (under 90 days).

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk consists of two components:

To the extent that payments made or received on the Company's monetary assets and liabilities are affected by changes in the prevailing market interest rates, the Company is exposed to interest rate risk on cash and cash equivalents; and

To the extent that changes in prevailing market rates differ from the interest rate in the Company's monetary assets and liabilities, the Company is exposed to interest rate price risk.

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk due to the short-term maturity of its monetary assets and liabilities.

b) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is not exposed to foreign currency risk as its monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Canadian dollars.

c) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to other price risk.

Other MD&A Requirements

Additional information relating to the Company is available on SEDAR at www.Sedar.Com.

Controls and Procedures

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company have reviewed the financial statements and MD&A for the three months ended May 31, 2015 and have certified that based on their knowledge, having exercised reasonable diligence that:

(1) the filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the annual filings.

(2) the financial statements together with the other financial information included in the annual filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, financial performance and cash flows of the issuer, as of the date of and for the periods presented in the annual filings.

The Company disclosed that:

(1) it is not required to certify the design and evaluation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (DC&P) and internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) and has not completed such an evaluation, and

(2) inherent limitations on the ability of certifying officers of the Company to design and implement on a cost effective basis DC&P and ICFR may result in additional risks to the quality, reliability, transparency and timeliness of interim and annual filings and other reports provided under securities legislation.

Authorized share capital

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without nominal or par value. The holders of common shares are entitled to dividends, if, as, and when declared by the board of directors to be approved at meetings of shareholders of the Company and, upon dissolution, to share equally in such assets of the company that are distributable to the holders of common shares.

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares without nominal or par value.

Issued Share Capital

As at May 31, 2015 and the date of this MD&A, the Company had 2,370,000 common shares issued and outstanding.

Shares held in Escrow

600,000 issued and outstanding common Shares are held in escrow pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange. The Shares will be released in stages over a period up to three years from the date of the Final Exchange Bulletin accepting the completion of the Qualifying Transaction.

Stock Options

The Company has a stock option plan for its directors, officers, consultants and employees under which the Company may grant options to acquire a maximum number of common shares equal to 10% of the total issued and outstanding shares of the Company.

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had the following unexercised stock options:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
81,000	$0.20	May 22, 2017
81,000		

Warrants

As at May 31, 2015 and as at the date of this MD&A, the Company had no Warrants.

Risks and Uncertainties

The Company had not completed its Qualifying Transaction within the prescribed time frame and in accordance with Exchange Policy 2.4. Therefore, effective at the opening on June 1, 2012, the Company's tier classification was changed from Tier 2 to NEX.

Until the Company enters into a Qualifying Transaction and the Transaction is completed, the Shares of the Company should be considered highly speculative. There can be no assurances that shareholders will realize any returns from their investment and may lose their entire investment in the Company.

The following risk factors should be given special consideration when evaluating an investment in any of the Company's securities given the Company's limited history of operations.

Dilution - There will be an additional number of common shares which will be issued in the future pursuant to a Qualifying Transaction which will result in further dilution to the Company's shareholders.

Revenue and Dividends - The Company has no meaningful revenues and does not expect to have any meaningful revenues in the near future.

Trading in the Company's Shares may or will be halted for an extended period of time if and when the Company enters into a new Qualifying Transaction. Trading of the Company's Shares will not be reinstated until completion of any subsequent Qualifying Transaction in accordance with Exchange policies.

The Company did not complete its Qualifying Transaction within the prescribed time frame in accordance with Exchange Policy 2.4. The Company's tier classification was changed from Tier 2 to NEX on June 1, 2012.

The Company does not have any full time employees and does not maintain liability insurance. If the Company completes a Qualifying Transaction it may add appropriate coverage to minimize the risks associated with its new business activities.

Factors that may affect future results

Future financial performance will be influenced by a successful evaluation and acquisition of a potential business and the completion of a Qualifying Transaction.

Subsequent events

Mr. Chunfeng (Cliff) Guan resigned as director of the Company effective July 21, 2015 for personal reasons.

ORD MOUNTAIN RESOURCES CORP.
(FORMERLY SINO ENVIRON-ENERGY TECH CORP.)

MAILING ADDRESS

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Sino Environ-Energy Tech Corp.)
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V3J 1P1

OFFICERS & DIRECTORS

Gong (Michael) Chen
Chief Executive Officer, President, Director and Promoter

Steve Paquin
Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Director

Charles Desjardins
Director

LISTING

TSX Venture Exchange: OMR.H

CAPITALIZATION
(as at May 31, 2015)

Shares Authorized: Unlimited
Shares Issued: 2,370,000

REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT

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