

Aida Minerals Corp.
(Formerly: Mianach Resource Acquisition Corp.)

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Six Months Period Ended September 30, 2017

As at November 28, 2017

INTRODUCTION

General

Aida Minerals Corp. (the "Company") was incorporated on September 19, 2013 as a wholly owned subsidiary of Web Watcher Systems Ltd. (Web Watcher) under the name of Mianach Resources Acquisition Corp. The Company entered into to a Plan of Arrangement (the "Arrangement Agreement") with Web Watcher Systems Ltd. ("Web Watcher") dated October 23, 2013 and the Arrangement was approved by the Supreme Court of British Columbia on January 7, 2014. Pursuant to the Arrangement, Web Watcher assigned its interest in a Letter of Intent with Fable Gold Exploration Inc. ("Fable Gold") dated as of November 1, 2013, to the Company in consideration for 14,403,698 common shares of the Company issued pro rata to the shareholders of Web Watcher. On October 9, 2014, the Company changed its name to Aida Minerals Corp.

Aida Minerals Corp (the "Company" or "Aida") held the right to explore and develop the Toro Mineral Property located approximately 170 kilometers west-southwest of Fort Nelson, British Columbia and consisting of nine unsurveyed mineral lode claims with a total area of 916.82 hectares (the "Toro Project"). As consideration for the rights the Company paid \$25,000 (by instalment) and 1,100,000 shares of Aida.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, management decided not to pursue further work on the Toro Property and the Company has recorded an impairment of \$80,000 on the statement of comprehensive loss.

On March 3, 2017 the Company entered into a property option agreement with an Optionor which is owned 25% by the CEO of the Company, whereby the Company has the option to acquire an undivided 100% interest in the Tay-LP property ("Tay-LP") located in the Watson Lake Mining District, Yukon Territory, by complying with the following terms and conditions:

- i) Issue 200,000 common shares to the Optionor within 5 business days from the date of execution of the property option agreement; Shares were issued.
- ii) Make payments in instalments totalling \$225,000 and expenditures in stages totaling \$1,900,000 over a period ending December 31, 2019

Management of the Company has elected to not renew the option before initial payments and expenditure commitments were due to acquire the undivided 100% interest in the Tay-LP and accordingly that agreement is terminated with no further obligations by the Company.

On July 28, 2017, the Company has entered into a Letter of Intent to raise project funding to earn an equity interest in Carbon Neutral Power Partners (CNPP); a Canadian based renewable energy company committed to Waste to Energy technologies utilizing its patented and robust gasification package. CNPP

has established property and planning permission approvals for the installation of the Corby U.K. Waste to Energy facility, the first of 6 planned projects in the UK.

Aida may earn up to 25% of CNPP on concluding investment in CNPP by combination of preferred shares and debt totalling £60,000,000 (approximately CDN\$98,400,000), to be issued on the project not as securities of the Company. Financing is proposed in stages with senior debt to be financed through power purchase agreements. Revenue is planned to commence from the first plant following 12 months of construction. Proposals to finance from institutions for the initial phase financing of £20,000,000 (approximately CDN\$32,800,000) are being assessed, and are subject to Aida being successful in satisfying the project funding conditions for credit guarantees and/or having preliminary funding in place. Please refer to Note 14 Subsequent Events in the the unaudited financial statements of the Company as at September 30, 2017.

The address of the Company's corporate office and principal place of business is Suite 440, 840 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada V6C 1J9.

The success of the Company is dependent upon certain critical factors including raising sufficient financing to complete its business acquisition plans that it enters into, and ultimately the generation of a business that can be operated profitably. If the Company is unable to complete these steps, its business, financial condition or results of operations could be materially and adversely affected.

Basis of Discussion & Analysis

This management discussion and analysis ("Interim MD&A") is dated as of November 28, 2017 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial statements of the Company as at September 30, 2017.

Our discussion in this Interim MD&A is based on the Interim Financial Statements prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), and as such do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. Unless expressly stated otherwise, all financial information is presented in Canadian dollars. These financial statements have been

All statements other than statements of historical fact in this Interim MD&A are forward-looking statements. These statements represent the Company's intentions, plans, expectations and beliefs as of the date hereof, and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors of which many are beyond the control of the Company. These factors could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements. Readers should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements and estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these judgements and estimates. The financial statements include judgements and estimates which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such judgements and estimates are pervasive throughout the financial statements, and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and the revision affects both current and future periods.

Please refer to Note 3 in the unaudited financial statements of the Company as at September 30, 2017 for complete details of the Accounting Policies of the Company

Segment reporting

A reportable segment, as defined by 'IFRS 8 Operating Segments', is a distinguishable business or geographical component of the Company, which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments. The Company considers its primary reporting format to be business segments. The Company considers that it has only one reportable segment, being the mineral property located in one geographical segment, Canada.

Future changes in accounting policies

Certain pronouncements were issued by the IASB or the IFRS Interpretations Committee that are mandatory for accounting periods beginning January 1, 2017 or later years.

The following accounting policies will be adopted by the Company effective January 1, 2017:

IAS 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': In January 2016, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 7 Statement of Cash Flows. The amendment to IAS 7 requires additional disclosures for changes in liabilities arising from financing activities. This includes changes arising from cash flows, such as drawdowns and repayments of borrowings, and non-cash changes, such as acquisitions, disposals and unrealized exchange differences. The amendment is effective for fiscal years beginning on or after January 1, 2017, and is applied on a prospective basis. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

The following accounting policies will be adopted by the Company effective January 1, 2018:

IFRS 2 '*Share-based payments*' In June 2016, the IASB issued the final amendments to IFRS 2 Share-based payments that clarify the classification and measurement of share-based payment transactions. This includes the effect of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based

payments, share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations, and a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled. The amendments are to be applied prospectively and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018, with earlier application permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, addresses classification and measurement of financial assets and replaces the multiple category and measurement models in IAS 39 for debt instruments with a new mixed measurement model having only two categories: amortized cost and fair value through profit and loss. IFRS 9 also replaces the models for measuring equity instruments and such instruments are either recognized at fair value through profit and loss or at fair value through other comprehensive income. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers - In May 2014, the IASB issued IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") which supersedes IAS 11 – Construction Contracts, IAS 18 – Revenue, IFRIC 13 – Customer Loyalty Programmes, IFRIC 15 – Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate, IFRIC 18 – Transfers of Assets from Customers, and SIC 31 – Revenue – Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services. IFRS 15 establishes a comprehensive five-step framework for the timing and measurement of revenue recognition. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

The following standard will be adopted by the Company effective January 1, 2019:

IFRS 16 'Leases': IFRS 16 will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. Early adoption will be permitted, provided the Company has adopted IFRS 15. This standard sets out a new model for lease accounting. The adoption of this standard is not expected to have a material impact on the Company's financial statements.

The Company has not yet begun the process of assessing the impact that the new and amended standards will have on its financial statements or whether to early adopt any of the new requirements.

THE COMPANY AND BUSINESS

The Company has received and is reviewing mineral exploration proposals of merit and a number of proposals in the resource and resource related industry. The Principal business of the Company is to assess these proposals to determine if it can proceed given funding and feasibility requirements. The Company continues in negotiations for financing and the purchase of the rights to a clean coal technology project.

On July 28, 2017, the Company has entered into a Letter of Intent to raise project funding to earn an equity interest in Carbon Neutral Power Partners (CNPP); a Canadian based renewable energy company committed to Waste to Energy technologies utilizing its patented and robust gasification package. CNPP

has established property and planning permission approvals for the installation of the Corby U.K. Waste to Energy facility, the first of 6 planned projects in the UK.

Aida may earn up to 25% of CNPP on concluding investment in CNPP by combination of preferred shares and debt totalling £60,000,000 (approximately CDN\$98,400,000), to be issued on the project not as securities of the Company. Financing is proposed in stages with senior debt to be financed through power purchase agreements. Revenue is planned to commence from the first plant following 12 months of construction. Proposals to finance from institutions for the initial phase financing of £20,000,000 (approximately CDN\$32,800,000) are being assessed, and are subject to Aida being successful in satisfying the project funding conditions for credit guarantees and/or having preliminary funding in place.

On October 6, 2017 the Company announced it has entered into a non-binding letter of intent (the "LOI") to acquire 100% of 10375977 Canada Inc., a blockchain technology company doing business as Greenstream ("Greenstream").

Blockchain is an emerging technology category that facilitates trust and transactions through a secure and immutable distributed ledger system. It is being declared as a significant technology movement that will provide better and more secure solutions to numerous industries such as banking, supply chain management and transaction processing.

Greenstream is engaged in the development of a blockchain-enabled supply chain management platform for the legalized cannabis industry. Joel Yaffe, Greanstream's Founder and CTO says, "With the forecasted growth in the legalized cannabis industry to \$22.6B* annually, we believe that businesses and regulators need a secure, interoperable and accessible system for tracking the supply chain from the seed to the sale. We're building the Greenstream solution to be the operating system for the industry. We have an experienced technology team and now, with Aida, we will have the resources and expertise to develop our business further." Aida will fund the development of Greenstream products and services.

SELECTED QUATERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

	For the three-Month Period Ended September 30, 2017	For the three-Month Period Ended September 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Revenues	5,200	-
Expenses	94,126	151,137
Net income (loss)	(94,126)	(151,137)
Income (loss) per common share	(0.01)	(0.01)
Total assets	63,015	238,285
Total liabilities	718,022	276,824
Dividends declared	-	-

Additional Disclosure for Venture issuers without Significant Revenue

The Company has been active as mineral exploration company and reviewing projects of merit in the resource and energy sectors. The revenue collected was Company's rental property. The net loss was attributed to the basic operating expenses, which include consulting fees, rent, management fees, bank service charges, auditing fees, legal fees and regulatory filings fees.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS AND SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

The Company has not commenced operations and there were no operations for its three months period ended September 30, 2017.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Changes in Cash Position

	For the three- Month Period Ended September 30, 2017	For the three- Month Period Ended September 30, 2016
	\$	\$
Cash (used in) /provided by:		
Net cash used in operating activities	(97,170)	(162,212)
Net cash provided (used) by financing activity	80,580	(14,323)
Net cash used in investing activities	-	(1,293)
Increase in cash	(16,590)	(177,828)
Cash, beginning of period	16,590	271,649
Cash, ending of period	-	93,821

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had \$Nil in cash. The Company had current assets of \$ 41,906 current liabilities of \$718,022, with a working capital deficiency of \$676,116. The Company has to rely upon loans for the cash required for acquisitions, exploration and development, and operating expenses.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

The Company has no off-balance sheet arrangements.

SELECTED QUARTERLY INFORMATION

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three months Ended September 30, 2017
Revenues	5,200
Net income (loss)	(94,126)
Income (loss) per common share	(0.01)

	Three months Ended June 30, 2017	Three months Ended March 31, 2017	Three months Ended December 31, 2016	Three months ended September 30, 2016	Three months Ended September 30, 2016
Revenues	6,000	3,600	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	(178,264)	(106,660)	(409,178)	(151,137)	(142,539)
Income (loss) per common share	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.02)	(0.01)	(0.01)

	Three months Ended March 31, 2016	Three months Ended December 31, 2015	Three months ended September 30, 2015	Three months Ended September 30, 2015	Three months Ended ended March 31, 2015
Revenues	-	-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	(108,135)	(188,370)	(1,340)	(21,722)	(18)
Income (loss) per common share	(0.01)	(3.87)	(13.40)	(217.22)	(0.18)

	Three months Ended December 31, 2014	Three months ended September 30, 2014	Three months ended September 30, 2014	Three months ended March 31, 2014	Period from September 19, 2013 to December 31, 2013
Revenues		-	-	-	-
Net income (loss)	(25,988)	(1,446)	(-)	-	-
Income (loss) per common share	(259.88)	(14.46)	(-)	-	-

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no proposed transactions that have not been disclosed herein.

Share Capital

(a) Authorized: unlimited common shares without par value

(b) Issued and Outstanding:

On September 19, 2013, 100 shares were issued for the incorporation of the Company at \$1 per share.

On December 14, 2015, the Company issued 14,403,698 common shares to the Web Watcher shareholders in accordance with the Plan of Arrangement as described in Note 4. No value has been assigned on these shares.

On December 14, 2015, the Company issued 1,100,000 common shares regarding the Toro Property option as described in Note 4.

For the year ended December 31, 2015, the Company issued a total of 3,964,000 common shares pursuant to several private placements at a price between \$0.05 to \$0.25 per share. Total proceeds for the private placements were \$578,900, of which \$2,500 was received in 2014 and \$10,000 was still outstanding as at September 30, 2017.

On May 24 2017, the Company issued 200,000 common shares for "Tay-LP" at \$0.10 per share.

On May 24 2017, the Company issued 200,000 common shares for loans extensions at \$0.10 per share.

(c) Escrow Shares

Pursuant to an escrow agreement dated December 14, 2015, the 7,410,318 common shares issued pursuant to the private placement are subject to escrow restrictions. At December 31, 2016, there were 5,557,739 common shares remain in escrow. The escrow shares will be released 25% every nine-month, starting on January 7, 2016 until July 7, 2017.

(d) Share Subscriptions authorized

During May, 2017, the company announced an offering of 1,000,000 units at \$1.00 per unit and each unit consisting of one Preferred Share and one Common Share purchase warrant. Each two warrants are exercisable into one common share at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share for a term of two years from date of issuance. Dividend on the preferred shares is 15% per annum payable annually after the first anniversary from issuance, and the dividends may be converted at the same conversion rate of the preferred shares. As at September 30, 2017, subscription proceeds of \$100,000 were received, but no shares have been issued and the balance of the offering was cancelled.

On July 28, 2017 the Company announced an offering of 1,000,000 units at \$1.00 per unit and each unit consisting of one Preferred Share and one Common Share purchase warrant. Each two warrants are exercisable into one common share at an exercise price of \$2.00 per share for a term of two years from date of issuance. This offering did not proceed and is cancelled.

(e) Stock Options

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan (the "Option Plan") which provides that the Board of Directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, and in accordance with the applicable stock exchange's requirements, grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants to the Company, non-transferable options to purchase common shares. Pursuant to the Option Plan, the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares of the Company. Options granted under the Option Plan can have a maximum exercise term of 5 years from the date of grant. Vesting terms will be determined at the time of grant by the Board of Directors. As at September 30, 2017, no options were granted or outstanding.

CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's future capital requirements will depend on many factors, including, among others, business acquisitions and business operating expenditures. Should the Company wish to pursue current and future business opportunities, additional funding will be required. If additional funds are raised through the issuance of equity securities, the percentage ownership of current shareholders will be reduced and such equity securities may have rights, preferences, or privileges senior to those of the holders of the Company's common stock. No assurance can be given that additional financing will be available, or that it can be obtained on terms acceptable to the Company and its shareholders. If adequate funds are not available, the Company may be unable to pursue active business.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts payable, promissory notes and due from (to) related parties; the fair values of which are considered to approximate their carrying amounts due to their short-term maturities.

The Company's risk exposures and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. As of September 30, 2017, the Company has promissory notes of \$321,637 and interest and related mortgage payables of \$126,738 due to various parties. The interest rates on these notes are fixed as described in Note 8.

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2017, the Company did not have cash and current liabilities of \$718,022. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than one year, and are subject to normal trade terms. Management is considering different alternatives to secure adequate debt or equity financing to meet the Company's short term and long term cash requirements.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company's sensitivity to interest rates is currently immaterial.

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument denominated in a foreign currency will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company holds promissory loans which are denominated in United States Dollar currency. A change in foreign currency exchange rates can have an impact on net income and comprehensive income. The result of sensitivity analysis shows an increase or decrease of 5% in exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, could have increased or decreased the net income and comprehensive income by approximately \$18,787.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

As at September 30, 2017, the Company had the following balances to the related parties:

- (a) The Company had \$3,500 (2015 - \$3,500) due to Fable Gold, the Optionor of the Toro Property as described in Note 4.
- (b) The Company had \$199,698 (2016 advance - \$141,436) due to the CFO and companies controlled by the CFO.
- (c) The Company had \$21,010 (2016 advance - \$27,000) due to the CEO.
- (d) On May 29, 2016, the Company issued a promissory note of \$128,070 (US\$100,000) due to the CEO in exchange for a cash advance as described in (Note 8 (ii)).
- (e) The Company has identified its directors and senior officers as its key management personnel. No post-employment benefits, other long-terms benefits and termination benefits were made during the period ended September 30, 2017 and 2016.

Short-term key management compensation consists of the following for the period ended September 30, 2017 and 2017:

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Management fees		
Chief Executive Officer	55,000	53,000
A company controlled by the Chief Financial Officer ("CFO")	27,000	27,000
	82,000	80,000
Office expense – A company controlled by the CFO	31,500	31,500
Rent expense – A company controlled by the CFO	-	-

All related party transactions were in the ordinary course of business and were measured at their exchange amount as agreed between the related parties

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

These statements represent the Company's intentions, plans, expectations and beliefs as of the date hereof, and are subject to risks, uncertainties and other factors of which many are beyond the control of the Company.

The financing and exploration and development of the Issuer's properties are subject to a number of factors, including laws and regulations in the areas of taxation, environmental, permitting and others, including hiring qualified people, and obtaining necessary services in jurisdictions where the Issuer operates. The current trends relating to these factors are favourable but could change at any time and negatively affect the Issuer's operations and business.

The Issuer will be applying for all necessary licences and permits under applicable laws and regulations to carry on the exploration and production activities currently planned, and management believes that they will comply in all material respects with the terms of such licences and permits. However, such licenses and permits are subject to changes in regulations and in various operation circumstances.

Mineral exploration involves numerous risks including unexpected or unusual geological conditions, rock bursts, cave-ins, fires, floods, earthquakes and other environmental occurrences, and political and social instability. It is not always possible to insure against such risks.

Strategic and operation risks may arise if the Issuer fails to raise sufficient equity and/or debt financing in financing its mineral exploration and business development. Strategic opportunities and risks may arise from a range of factors, which might include changing economic and political circumstances and regulatory approvals and competitor actions.

The Issuer's future capital requirements will depend on many factors including raising funds from investors and cash flow from operations. Should the Issuer pursue other business opportunities, the Issuer may need to raise additional funds through debt or equity financing.

The Company may carry insurance to protect against certain risks in such amounts as it considers adequate. Risks not insured against include lost records, loss or damage or other hazards against which such corporations cannot insure or against which they may elect not to insure.

Certain of the directors of the Company also serve as directors and/or officers of other companies involved in marketing and financial corporations. Consequently, there exists the possibility for such directors to be in a position of conflict. Any decision made by such directors involving the Company will be made in accordance with their duties and obligations to deal fairly and in good faith with the Company and such other companies. In addition, such directors will declare, and refrain from voting on, any matter in which such directors may have a conflict of interest.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information pertaining to the Company is available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.