



Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

Delota Corp.

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Delota Corp.

Notice to Reader

Under National Instrument 51-102 “Continuous Disclosure Obligations”, Part 4, Subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared and are the responsibility of the Company’s management.

The Company’s independent auditor has not performed a review of these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

December 1, 2025

Delota Corp.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

As at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		September 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
	Notes	\$	\$
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash		2,084,587	2,934,022
Accounts receivable		1,457,693	1,444,348
Inventory	5	2,810,074	3,114,897
Prepaid expenses		282,781	296,554
Net investment in sublease	8	85,466	76,222
Total current assets		6,720,601	7,866,043
Non-current assets			
Intangible assets	6	459,156	481,666
Intangible assets - trade name	6	2,527,000	2,647,333
Property and equipment	7	494,810	576,278
Net investment in sublease	8	284,818	329,455
Right-of-use assets	8	2,959,210	3,323,790
Total non-current assets		6,724,994	7,358,522
Total assets		13,445,595	15,224,565
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	9, 20	5,352,282	5,460,165
Lease liabilities	10	1,357,492	1,260,114
Contract liability	11	290,026	390,276
Government loan	13	260,367	254,367
Loans payable	12, 20	445,529	453,029
Convertible debentures	17	-	819,355
Derivative liabilities	19	-	31,029
Total current liabilities		7,705,696	8,668,335
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liabilities	10	3,367,305	3,940,432
Contract liability	11	252,640	203,339
Derivative liabilities	19	349,107	387,054
Deferred tax liability		669,656	701,544
Total non-current liabilities		4,638,708	5,232,369
Total liabilities		12,344,404	13,900,704
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)			
Share capital	14	7,832,560	7,832,560
Warrant reserve		99,398	99,398
Contributed surplus		507,513	507,513
Accumulated deficit		(7,338,280)	(7,115,610)
Total shareholders' equity		1,101,191	1,323,861
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		13,445,595	15,224,565

Nature of Operations and Going Concern (Note 1)

Related Party Transactions (Note 20)

Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

(signed) "Mark Pelchovitz", Director

(signed) "Steven Glaser", Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Delota Corp.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

		Three Months Ended September 30, 2025	Three Months Ended July 31, 2024	Six Months Ended September 30, 2025	Six Months Ended July 31, 2024
	Notes	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue	22	8,672,936	9,757,783	18,716,606	19,641,666
Cost of goods sold	5	5,942,029	5,696,719	12,358,587	11,652,958
Gross profit		2,730,907	4,061,064	6,358,019	7,988,708
Expenses					
Salaries and wages		1,602,747	1,745,503	3,214,289	3,412,441
Office and general		500,562	572,075	928,381	1,237,308
Delivery		168,137	561,238	547,855	1,203,096
Rent and utilities		217,616	211,144	428,269	425,084
Professional fees		101,473	98,351	206,040	190,445
Insurance		56,305	61,490	124,288	148,617
Advertising and promotion		9,094	49,394	22,859	91,217
Repairs and maintenance		16,824	33,221	42,571	37,248
Stock-based compensation	15	-	4,663	-	7,817
Foreign exchange loss		1,943	6,903	5,474	16,229
Depreciation	7	42,590	55,886	89,354	113,430
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	8	258,984	266,229	519,770	531,027
Amortization	6	22,124	15,230	43,558	30,129
Interest on loans payable	12, 13, 17	23,173	53,927	53,946	107,845
Interest on lease liabilities	10	161,739	161,515	332,271	325,249
Total expenses		3,183,311	3,896,769	6,558,925	7,877,182
Income (loss) from operations		(452,404)	164,295	(200,906)	111,526
Other income		38,833	30,129	78,349	62,764
Accretion	17	-	(150,000)	(80,645)	(300,000)
Fair value adjustment of derivative liabilities	19	25,469	340,970	68,977	47,139
Amortization of intangible assets - trade name	6	(60,166)	(60,166)	(120,333)	(120,333)
Income (loss) before income tax recovery		(448,268)	325,228	(254,558)	(198,904)
Deferred tax recovery		15,944	15,944	31,888	31,888
Net income (loss) and comprehensive income (loss)		(432,324)	341,172	(222,670)	(167,016)
Earnings (loss) per share - basic		(0.01)	0.01	(0.01)	(0.01)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - basic		29,110,330	29,051,190	29,110,330	28,976,974
Earnings (loss) per share - diluted		(0.01)	0.01	(0.01)	(0.01)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding - diluted		29,110,330	29,600,420	29,110,330	28,976,974

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Delota Corp.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Shareholders' Equity

For the Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Notes	Number of Common Shares #	Share Capital \$	Contributed Surplus \$	Warrant Reserve \$	Accumulated Deficit \$	Shareholders' Equity \$
Balance, January 31, 2024		27,449,615	7,592,481	507,005	99,398	(7,814,486)	384,398
Issuance and vesting of stock options	15	-	-	7,817	-	-	7,817
Units issued for settlement of debt	14,16	1,535,715	215,000	-	-	-	215,000
Common shares issued pursuant to grant of restricted share units	14,15	125,000	25,079	(11,329)	-	-	13,750
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	(167,016)	(167,016)
Balance, July 31, 2024		29,110,330	7,832,560	503,493	99,398	(7,981,502)	453,949
Balance, March 31, 2025		29,110,330	7,832,560	507,513	99,398	(7,115,610)	1,323,861
Net loss for the period		-	-	-	-	(222,670)	(222,670)
Balance, September 30, 2025		29,110,330	7,832,560	507,513	99,398	(7,338,280)	1,101,191

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Delota Corp.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	September 30, 2025 \$	July 31, 2024 \$
Operating activities		
Net loss for the period	(222,670)	(167,016)
Items not requiring an outlay of cash:		
Accretion	80,645	300,000
Stock-based compensation	-	7,817
Deferred tax recovery	(31,888)	(31,888)
Depreciation	89,354	113,430
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	519,770	531,027
Amortization of intangible assets - trade name	120,333	120,333
Amortization	43,558	30,129
Interest on lease liabilities	332,271	325,249
Fair value adjustment of derivative liabilities	(68,977)	(47,139)
Interest expense	33,408	-
Finance income (expense)	(29,515)	18,689
Change in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivable	(13,345)	158,228
Inventory	304,823	(34,969)
Prepaid expenses	13,773	(18,056)
Contract liability	(50,949)	119,643
Trade and other payables	(135,289)	690,991
Cash flows provided by operating activities	985,302	2,116,468
Financing activities		
Repayment of loans payable	(7,500)	(15,000)
Repayment of convertible debentures	(900,000)	-
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	-	13,750
Rent received	64,908	-
Lease payments	(963,210)	(885,076)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(1,805,802)	(886,326)
Investing activities		
Purchase of intangible assets	(21,048)	(102,099)
Purchase of property and equipment	(7,887)	(31,769)
Cash flows used in investing activities	(28,935)	(133,868)
Increase (decrease) in cash during the period	(849,435)	1,096,274
Cash, beginning of period	2,934,022	1,753,355
Cash, end of period	2,084,587	2,849,629
Cash paid for:		
Interest	45,502	46,033
Taxes	-	-

Non-cash transactions affecting cash flows from financing and investing activities (Note 21)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Delota Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. Nature of Operations and Going Concern

Delota Corp. ("Delota" or the "Company") was incorporated pursuant to the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta) on February 20, 2014. The Company's common shares currently trade on the Canadian Securities Exchange ("CSE") under the symbol "NIC" and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol "S62". The Company's corporate and registered office is 7941 Jane Street, Unit 2, Concord, Ontario, L4K 2M7.

The Company is a nicotine vape enterprise that spearheads the smoke-free revolution in Canada, catering to adult consumers seeking alternatives to traditional combustible tobacco. With a strong emphasis on delivering exceptional retail experiences and carefully curated product offerings, the Company is dedicated to redefining the way people transition away from smoking. The Company's flagship brand, 180 Smoke Vape Store, stands as Ontario's largest omni-channel specialty vape retailer, fueling innovation, growth, and leadership in the nicotine vape and alternative tobacco sector. The Company currently operates 32 brick-and-mortar specialty vape stores in Ontario under the 180 Smoke Vape Store brand, a leading national e-commerce platform www.180smoke.ca, and three licenced dispensaries in Ontario under the Offside Cannabis brand.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on a going concern basis which presumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. During the three and six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company had net loss in the amount of \$432,324 and \$222,670, respectively (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – net income in the amount of \$341,172 and a net loss of \$167,016, respectively), had an accumulated deficit of \$7,338,280 as at September 30, 2025 (March 31, 2025 – \$7,115,610), and had a working capital deficiency of \$985,095 as at September 30, 2025 (March 31, 2025 – \$802,292). As such, there is material uncertainty related to these events and conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent on the Company receiving sufficient funding to support its operations. The Company intends to finance its future requirements through a combination of debt or equity financings. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain such financings or obtain them on favorable terms. These material uncertainties cast significant doubt as to the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

As at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amount and classification of liabilities or any other adjustments that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

Delota Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

2. Basis of Preparation

a) Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with International Accounting Standards (“IAS”) 34 – *Interim Financial Reporting* and do not include all information required for full annual consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS and should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the fourteen months ended March 31, 2025 and twelve months January 31, 2024, which have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and interpretations of the IFRS. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issuance by the Company’s Audit Committee and its Board of Directors on December 1, 2025.

b) Basis of Measurement

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except where otherwise disclosed. Historical cost is based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. In addition, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information.

c) Functional and Presentation Currency

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries.

d) Basis of Consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. Control exists when the Company has the power, directly and indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity and be exposed to the variable returns from its activities. The financial statements of the Company’s subsidiaries are included in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: 2360149 Ontario Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: 420 Wellness Inc. and 180 Smoke LLC; 2766563 Ontario Inc.; 2488004 Ontario Inc.; 1000712645 Ontario Inc.; 180 VFC Inc.; and Spyder Cannabis Subco Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: Spyder Vapes Inc., Spyder Vapes (East) Inc., Spyder Vapes (Appleby) Inc., and The Green Spyder Inc. and its wholly-owned subsidiaries: The Green Spyder (Pickering) Inc., The Green Spyder (Lundy’s) Inc. and The Green Spyder IP Inc. All inter-company transactions, balances and unrealized gains and losses on transactions between these subsidiaries are eliminated upon consolidation.

2. Basis of Preparation (continued)**a) Use of Estimates and Judgements**

The preparation of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of material accounting policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Actual outcomes could differ from these estimates. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include estimates, which, by their nature, are uncertain. The impacts of such estimates are pervasive throughout these condensed interim consolidated financial statements and may require accounting adjustments based on future occurrences.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a regular basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

3. Material Accounting Policies

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the same material accounting policies and methods as those used in the annual consolidated financial statements for the fourteen months ended March 31, 2025 and twelve months ended January 31, 2024, as disclosed in Note 3 of those consolidated financial statements.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements

There were no new accounting pronouncements, amendments, or standards adopted in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended September 30, 2025.

New standards not yet adopted and interpretations issued but not yet effective

The following amendments and standards have been recently issued but are not yet effective. Pronouncements that are irrelevant or not expected to have a significant impact have been excluded.

IFRS 18 Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements

IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements, replaces IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements for reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, including for interim financial statements with retrospective application. IFRS 18, introduces a specified structure for the income statement by requiring income and expenses to be presented into the three defined categories of operating, investing and financing, and by specifying certain defined totals and subtotals. Where company-specific measures related to the income statement are provided, IFRS 18 requires companies to disclose explanations around these measures, which are referred to as management defined performance measures. IFRS 18 also provides additional guidance on principles of aggregation and disaggregation which apply to the primary financial statements and the notes. IFRS 18 will not affect the recognition and measurement of items in the financial statements, nor will it affect which items are classified in other comprehensive income and how these items are classified. The Company is currently assessing the effect of this new standard on its consolidated financial statements.

3. Material Accounting Policies (continued)**New standards not yet adopted and interpretations issued but not yet effective (continued)*****Amendments to IFRS 9 and IFRS 7: Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments***

In May 2024, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9, Financial Instruments, and IFRS 7, Financial Instruments: Disclosures, relating to the classification and measurement requirements of financial instruments recognized within those standards. These amendments clarify that a financial liability is to be derecognized on the 'settlement date' and introduces an accounting policy to derecognize financial liabilities settled through an electronic payment system before settlement date if certain conditions are met. Also, it requires additional disclosures for financial assets and liabilities with contractual terms that reference a contingent event and equity instruments classified at fair value through other comprehensive income. These amendments will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026 and will be applied retrospectively with an adjustment to opening retained earnings. Prior periods will not be required to be restated and can only be restated without using hindsight. The Company is currently assessing the effect of this new standard on its consolidated financial statements.

4. Use of Judgements and Estimates

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses for the periods presented. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant, the results of which form the basis of the valuation of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the critical judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that have a risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Judgements and Estimates

Critical accounting estimates are those that require management to make assumptions about matters that are highly uncertain at the time the estimate or assumption is made. Judgements are used in situations when there is a choice and/or assessment required by management. Critical accounting estimates are also those that could potentially have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial results where a different estimate or assumption is used. The significant areas of estimation uncertainty and use of judgements are as follows:

4. Use of Judgements and Estimates (continued)**Inventory valuation**

Inventory is carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value; in estimating net realizable value, the Company makes estimates related to obsolescence, future selling prices, seasonality, customer behavior, and fluctuations in inventory levels. The Company records a write-down to reflect management's best estimate of the net realizable value of inventory based on the above noted factors.

Share-based compensation

Estimating fair value for granted stock options and warrants requires determining the most appropriate valuation model which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the option or warrant, volatility, dividend yield, and rate of forfeitures and assumptions of these inputs.

Carrying values of tangible assets, and definite life intangible assets

The Company assesses the carrying value of its tangible assets and definite life intangible assets annually or more frequently if indicators of impairment exist. If it is determined that carrying values of these assets cannot be recovered, the unrecoverable amounts are charged against the current period net income (loss). Recoverability is dependent upon assumptions and judgements regarding market conditions, costs of operations and sustaining capital requirements. Other assumptions used in the calculation of recoverable amounts are discount rates and future cash flows. A material change in assumptions may significantly impact the potential impairment of these assets.

Contingencies

Management uses judgement to assess the existence of contingencies. By their nature, contingencies will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. Management exercises significant judgement to assess the likelihood of the occurrence of one or more future events.

Income taxes

The calculations for current and deferred taxes require management's interpretation of tax regulations and legislation in the various tax jurisdictions in which the Company operates in, which are subject to change. The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities requires estimates of the timing of the reversal of temporary differences identified and management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income before they expire, which involves estimating future taxable income.

The Company is subject to assessments by various taxation authorities in the tax jurisdictions in which it operates and these taxation authorities may interpret the tax legislation and regulations differently. In addition, the calculation of income taxes involves many complex factors. As such, income taxes are subject to measurement uncertainty and actual amounts of taxes may vary from the estimates made by management.

4. Use of Judgements and Estimates (continued)**Leases**

The Company estimates a lease term by considering the facts and circumstances that can create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option by assessing relevant factors such as profitability. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated). The assessment of a lease term is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstance occurs, which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee. The Company estimates the incremental borrowing rate used to measure the lease liability for each lease contract. This includes estimation in determining the asset-specific security impact.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The estimation of income taxes includes evaluating the recoverability of deferred tax assets and liabilities based on an assessment of the Company's ability to utilize the underlying future tax deductions against future taxable income prior to expiry of those deductions. Management assesses whether it is probable that some or all of the deferred income tax assets and liabilities will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets and liabilities is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income, which in turn is dependent upon the successful execution of the Company's business plan. To the extent that management's assessment of the Company's ability to utilize future tax deductions changes, the Company would be required to recognize more or fewer deferred tax assets or liabilities, and deferred income tax provisions or recoveries could be affected.

Assessment of revenues

Management assesses which contracts occur at a point in time, over a period of time, and based on usage and royalties. Judgement is required on revenues recorded over a period of time. Royalty, service fee, and license fee revenues from franchisees of the Company are recognized over a period of time as they are earned in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreement.

Carrying values of goodwill and other indefinite-life intangible assets

The values associated with goodwill and other indefinite-life intangible assets involve significant estimates and assumptions, including those with respect to the determination of cash generating units ("CGUs"), future cash inflows and outflows, discount rates and useful asset lives. At least annually, the carrying amount of goodwill and other indefinite-life intangible assets are reviewed for potential impairment. Among other things, this review considers the recoverable amounts of the CGUs based on the higher of value in use or fair value less costs of disposal using discounted estimated future cash flows. These significant estimates require considerable judgement which could affect the Company's future results if the current estimates of future performance and fair value change.

Delota Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. Use of Judgements and Estimates (continued)

Derivative liabilities

The Company measures the embedded derivative liabilities relating to the conversion feature of the convertible debentures and warrants issued using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model taking into account the features of the instrument and market data as at the grant date and on the basis of the Company's management assumptions.

Going concern assumption

The Company's going concern presentation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations as they come due.

5. Inventory

As of September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, the Company's inventory is comprised of the following:

	September 30, 2025 \$	March 31, 2025 \$
Raw materials	124,144	130,725
Work-in-progress	-	8,757
Finished goods	2,685,930	2,975,415
Balance	2,810,074	3,114,897

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2025, inventory expensed as cost of goods sold amounted to \$5,942,029 and \$12,358,587, respectively (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$5,696,719 and \$11,652,958, respectively).

Delota Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. Intangible Assets

The Company's intangible assets include the costs to develop its website and enterprise resource planning software, as well as a trade name. Changes to the intangible assets balance during the periods ended September 30, 2025, and March 31, 2025 consist of the following:

Cost:	Website and ERP \$	Intangible assets in progress \$	Trade name \$	Total \$
As at January 31, 2024	471,251	101,838	3,610,000	4,183,089
Additions	-	150,608	-	150,608
As at March 31, 2025	471,251	252,446	3,610,000	4,333,697
Additions	-	21,048	-	21,048
Transfers	273,494	(273,494)	-	-
As at September 30, 2025	744,745	-	3,610,000	4,354,745
Accumulated amortization:				
As at January 31, 2024	171,674	-	681,889	853,563
Amortization	70,357	-	280,778	351,135
As at March 31, 2025	242,031	-	962,667	1,204,698
Amortization	43,558	-	120,333	163,891
As at September 30, 2025	285,589	-	1,083,000	1,368,589
Carrying amount:				
As at March 31, 2025	229,220	252,446	2,647,333	3,128,999
As at September 30, 2025	459,156	-	2,527,000	2,986,156

During the six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company completed the development of its ERP for operations. As a result, the intangible assets in progress have been transferred to Website and ERP in the amount of \$273,494. During the three and six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recorded amortization expense related to the website and ERP software in the amount of \$22,124 and \$43,558, respectively (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$15,230 and \$30,129, respectively) and trade name in the amount of \$60,166 and \$120,333, respectively (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$60,166 and \$120,333, respectively).

Delota Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is comprised of the following:

	Furniture and equipment \$	Plant and machinery \$	Computer equipment \$	Leasehold improvements \$	Signs and automobile \$	Total \$
Cost						
As at January 31, 2024	395,842	34,226	49,804	1,181,494	55,756	1,717,122
Additions	57,732	-	1,493	74,774	-	133,999
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	453,574	34,226	51,297	1,256,268	55,756	1,851,121
Additions	2,810	-	5,077	-	-	7,887
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at September 30, 2025	456,384	34,226	56,374	1,256,268	55,756	1,859,008
Accumulated depreciation						
As at January 31, 2024	170,901	17,331	42,267	739,774	51,748	1,022,021
Depreciation	55,609	7,266	2,759	184,473	2,716	252,823
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2025	226,510	24,597	45,026	924,247	54,464	1,274,844
Depreciation	23,429	3,129	1,048	60,456	1,292	89,354
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at September 30, 2025	249,939	27,726	46,074	984,703	55,756	1,364,198
Net book value (\$)						
As at March 31, 2025	227,064	9,629	6,271	332,021	1,292	576,278
As at September 30, 2025	206,445	6,500	10,300	271,565	-	494,810

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recorded depreciation expense related to property and equipment in the amount of \$42,590 and \$89,354, respectively (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$55,886 and \$113,430, respectively).

8. Right-of-use Assets

Right-of-use assets are comprised of the following:

	\$
Balance, January 31, 2024	3,439,981
Additions during the period	1,324,206
Disposals during the period	-
Derecognition upon entering into sublease	(205,525)
Depreciation during the period	(1,234,872)
Balance, March 31, 2025	3,323,790
Additions during the period	155,190
Disposals during the period	-
Depreciation during the period	(519,770)
Balance, September 30, 2025	2,959,210

Leased properties are depreciated over the terms of their respective leases.

Delota Corp.

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8. Right-of-use Assets (continued)

Net investment in sublease

During the six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company did not enter into any sublease arrangements.

During the fourteen months ended March 31, 2025, the Company entered into sublease arrangements for one of its leased premises. This resulted in a derecognition of the right-of-use assets related to these leased premises in the amount of \$205,525 and the recognition of a net investment in sublease in the amount of \$159,234.

The Company received deposits in the amount of \$26,224 from three subleases in relation to the lease payments for the last two months of the lease term. This amount has been included in trade and other payables on the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position.

The following table sets out a maturity analysis of the net investment in sublease, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date.

	September 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Less than one year	135,316	132,316
One to two years	141,316	138,316
Two to three years	147,316	144,316
Three to four years	51,566	101,066
Four to five years	-	24,408
More than five years	-	-
Total undiscounted lease receivable	475,514	540,422
Unearned finance income	105,230	134,745
Net investment in the lease	370,284	405,677

Net investment in subleases represents leased retail stores that have been subleased to third parties. These subleases are classified as finance leases as the sublease terms are for the remaining term of the related head lease.

	September 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
Net investment in the lease analysed as:	\$	\$
Current portion	85,466	76,222
Long-term	284,818	329,455
Balance	370,284	405,677

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9. Trade and Other Payables

The Company's trade and other payables are comprised of the following:

	September 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,727,588	2,973,669
Sales tax payable	2,472,236	2,301,495
Excise tax payable	152,458	185,001
Balance	5,352,282	5,460,165

Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is interest payable on loans payable (Note 12).

10. Lease Liabilities

The Company has entered into various long-term lease agreements. At the commencement date of each lease, the lease liability was measured at the present value of the lease payments that have not been paid. These lease payments are discounted by the Company's specific business unit's incremental borrowing rate. The following represents the Company's lease obligations as at September 30, 2025:

	\$
Balance, January 31, 2024	5,193,086
Additions during the period	1,324,206
Interest expense	784,230
Lease payments	(2,100,976)
Balance, March 31, 2025	5,200,546
Additions during the period	155,190
Interest expense	332,271
Lease payments	(963,210)
Balance, September 30, 2025	4,724,797

Summary:

	September 30, 2025	March 31, 2025
	\$	\$
Current portion of lease liabilities	1,357,492	1,260,114
Non-current portion of lease liabilities	3,367,305	3,940,432
Balance	4,724,797	5,200,546

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10. Lease Liabilities (continued)

The Company has commitments relating to operating leases for its retail locations under its non-cancelable operating leases. The future minimal annual undiscounted rental payments under these operating leases as at September 30, 2025 are as follows:

One year	\$ 1,865,258
Between two to five years	\$ 3,610,614
More than five years	\$ -

11. Contract Liability

Contract liability relates to deferred revenue consisting of loyalty programs, franchise fee revenue, and service fee revenue. As at September 30, 2025, this contract liability amounted to \$542,666 (March 31, 2025 – \$593,615). The Company received advanced payments from customers in the amount of \$278,858 (July 31, 2024 – \$340,078) and recognized performance obligations in the amount of \$329,807 (July 31, 2024 – \$220,435) during the six months ended September 30, 2025. The current portion of this contract liability amounted to \$290,026 and the long-term portion of this contract liability amounted to \$252,640 (March 31, 2025 – \$390,276 and \$203,339, respectively) as on September 30, 2025. Details of the Company's contract liability is noted as follows:

	\$
Balance, January 31, 2024	438,437
Additions during the period	632,436
Revenue recognized from contract liability	(477,258)
Balance, March 31, 2025	593,615
Additions during the period	278,858
Revenue recognized from contract liability	(329,807)
Balance, September 30, 2025	542,666

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(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

12. Loans Payable

Loans payable are comprised of the following:

	September 30, 2025 \$	March 31, 2025 \$
Operating facility, interest bearing at 15% per annum, secured and due on demand.	130,780	130,780
Loan facility, interest bearing at 21.70% per annum, secured and due on demand. This is a non-arm's length promissory note payable to a corporation controlled by the CEO of the Company (Note 20).	75,000	75,000
Promissory note, unsecured, interest bearing at 12% per annum and due on demand. This is a non-arm's length promissory note payable to the chairman of the Company (Note 20).	26,800	26,800
Promissory note, unsecured, interest bearing at 12% per annum and due on demand. This is a non-arm's length promissory note payable to a family member of the chairman of the Company (Note 20).	25,000	25,000
Promissory note, secured, interest bearing at 21.70% per annum and due on demand. This is a non-arm's length promissory note payable to a family member of the chairman of the Company (Note 20).	176,449	176,449
Promissory note, non-interest bearing and due on demand. This is a non-arm's length promissory note payable to the chairman of the Company (Note 20).	11,500	19,000
Balance	445,529	453,029

Interest expense on loans payable amounted to \$20,173 and \$41,589, respectively (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$23,927 and \$47,840, respectively) during the three and six months ended September 30, 2025.

As at September 30, 2025, interest payable on these loans amounted to \$308,220 (March 31, 2025 – \$304,712) which has been included in trade and other payables on the condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position. During the six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company made repayments to an outstanding related party loan noted above in the principal amount of \$7,500. As noted above, loans payables include amounts due to non-arm's length parties (Note 20).

During the fourteen months ended March 31, 2025, the Company:

- repaid an outstanding promissory note in the principal amount of \$22,350. This non-arm's length promissory note was payable to a family member of the chairman of the Company, interest bearing at 24% per annum and was due on demand;
- made repayments towards an outstanding promissory note in the principal amount of \$30,000. This promissory note is with a third-party, interest bearing at 15% per annum and is due on demand;
- made repayments to an outstanding loan facility in the principal amount of \$25,000. This is a non-arm's length promissory note payable to the CEO of the Company, interest bearing at 21.70% per annum and is due on demand; and
- made repayments to an outstanding related party loan noted above in the principal amount of \$15,000. This non-arm's length loan is payable to the chairman of the Company, is non-interest bearing, and due on demand.

13. Government Loan

During the year ended January 31, 2021, the Company obtained an aggregate of \$300,000 in loans under the Canada Emergency Business Account (collectively, the “CEBA Loans”). The CEBA Loans were granted in the form of an interest-free revolving line of credit. If two-thirds of the outstanding CEBA Loans were paid on or before January 18, 2024, the remaining one-third would be forgiven. The Company discounted the CEBA Loans during the interest-free loan period at the Company's specific business unit's incremental borrowing rate. During the twelve months ended January 31, 2024, the Company repaid one of the five CEBA Loans in the amount of \$40,000 and qualified for \$20,000 in loan forgiveness. The remaining four CEBA Loans, totaling \$160,000, along with \$80,000 in unqualified loan forgiveness, were converted into interest-bearing loans at an annual interest rate of 5%.

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company recorded interest expense on the CEBA Loans in the amount of \$3,000 and \$6,000, respectively (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$3,000 and \$6,005, respectively), which has been recorded as part of the aggregate CEBA Loan balance. As at September 30, 2025, the CEBA Loans amounted to \$260,367 (March 31, 2025 – \$254,367).

14. Share Capital

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares.

During the six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company did not have any common share transactions.

During the six months ended July 31, 2024, the Company had the following common share transactions:

- On February 5, 2024, the Company completed debt settlements in the aggregate amount of \$215,000 with certain officers, directors, and consultants of the Company to preserve the Company's cash for working capital through the issuance of 1,535,715 units of the Company (each, a “Settlement Unit”) at a price of \$0.14 per Settlement Unit. Each Settlement Unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one common share purchase warrant of the Company. Each warrant entitles the holder thereof to purchase one common share of the Company at a price of \$0.15 per share for a period of 24 months from the date of issuance.

The Company applies the residual value method with respect to the valuation of warrants issued as a part of the debt settlement. The residual value method allocates the net proceeds to the common shares up to their fair value, as determined by the current quoted trading price on the announcement date, and the balance, if any, to the attached warrants. As a result, no value was assigned to the warrants as, under the residual value method, the fair value of the shares was equal to the price per Settlement Unit (Note 16).

- On June 12, 2024 and in connection with the exercise of previously issued stock options (Note 15 (b)), the Company issued 125,000 common shares at a value of \$0.11 per share to an employee of the Company. As a result of this exercise, \$11,329 was transferred from contributed surplus to share capital.

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(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

14. Share Capital (continued)

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of preferred shares, issuable in series. The preferred shares may be issued in one or more series at the discretion of the Company's board of directors who are authorized to fix the number of preferred shares in each series and to determine the designation, rights, privileges, restrictions and conditions attached to the preferred shares of each series.

As at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, no preferred shares were issued and outstanding.

15. Share-based Payments

The Company has an omnibus incentive plan (the "Omnibus Plan") under which the board of directors may from time to time, in its discretion, grant non-transferable stock options ("Options") and restricted share units ("RSUs") (Options and RSUs collectively referred to as "Awards") to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company. Pursuant to the Omnibus Plan, the aggregate number of common shares reserved for issue under the Omnibus Plan may not exceed ten percent (10%) of the common shares of the Company outstanding from time to time. Furthermore, the Omnibus Plan sets the maximum number of common shares reserved for issuance, in the aggregate, pursuant to the settlement of RSUs granted under the Omnibus Plan at 740,000 common shares.

Options granted pursuant to the Omnibus Plan shall be exercisable for a period of up to ten (10) years at an exercise price of not less than the closing price of the common shares on the trading day immediately preceding that date of grant, less the maximum discount, if any, permitted by the principal stock exchange on which the common shares are listed.

The maximum number of common shares reserved for issue pursuant to Awards granted to participants who are insiders of the Company in any twelve (12) month period may not exceed, in the aggregate, ten percent (10%) of the number of common shares then outstanding. The maximum number of common shares reserved for issue pursuant to Awards granted to any one participant in any twelve (12) month period shall not exceed five percent (5%) of the number of common shares then outstanding. The maximum number of common shares reserved for issue under Awards granted to any one participant (other than a participant who is an eligible director or eligible employee) in any twelve (12) month period shall not exceed two percent (2%) of the number of common shares then outstanding.

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15. Share-based Payments (continued)

The following is a continuity of the Company's Options for the six months ended September 30, 2025 and the fourteen months ended March 31, 2025:

	Options Outstanding (#)	Weighted Average Exercise Price (\$)	Weighted Average Life Remaining (yrs)
Balance, January 31, 2024	2,220,000	0.20	2.95
Granted	150,000	0.20	1.34
Exercised	(125,000)	0.11	3.09
Expired	-	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2025	2,245,000	0.20	1.70
Granted	-	-	-
Expired	(510,000)	0.50	-
Balance, September 30, 2025	1,735,000	0.12	1.66
Exercisable, September 30, 2025	1,735,000	0.20	1.66

A summary of the Company's Options outstanding as at September 30, 2025 is as follows:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Options Outstanding	Options Exercisable	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Life (Years)
10-Jul-23	10-Jul-27	1,585,000	1,585,000	\$0.11	1.78
14-Mar-24	14-Mar-26	150,000	150,000	\$0.20	0.45

(a) Option Grants

During the six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company did not have any stock options transactions.

During the six months ended July 31, 2024, the Company had the following stock options transactions:

On March 14, 2024, the Company granted Options to a consultant for the purchase of up to 150,000 common shares of the Company exercisable for a period of two years from the date of issuance with an exercise price of \$0.20 per share. These Options vest over a period of one year in four equal instalments, every three months following the date of grant.

The fair value of these Options was determined using the Black-Scholes-Merton option pricing model with the following assumptions:

Risk-free interest rate:	4.25 %
Expected life:	2 years
Estimated volatility in the market price of the common shares:	92 %
Dividend yield:	Nil

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company expensed \$nil in the fair value of the above Options as stock-based compensation (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 - \$4,663 and \$7,817, respectively).

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15. Share-based Payments (continued)

(b) Restricted Share Units

During the six months ended September 30, 2025 and six months ended July 31, 2024, the Company did not issue any RSUs.

16. Warrants

The following is a continuity of the Company's warrants for the six months ended September 30, 2025 and the fourteen months ended March 31, 2025:

	Warrants Outstanding (#)	Weighted Average Exercise Price (\$)	Weighted Average Life Remaining (yrs)
Balance, January 31, 2024	9,000,000	0.15	2.88
Granted	1,535,715	0.15	2.00
Expired	-	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2025	10,535,715	0.15	1.59
Granted	-	-	-
Expired	-	-	-
Balance, September 30, 2025	10,535,715	0.15	1.09
Exercisable, September 30, 2025	10,535,715	0.15	1.09

During the six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company did not issue any common share purchase warrants.

During the six months ended July 31, 2024, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,535,715 common share purchase warrants of the Company in connection with the issuance of the Settlement Units (Note 14).

A summary of the Company's share purchase warrants outstanding as at September 30, 2025 are as follows:

Grant Date	Expiry Date	Warrants Outstanding	Warrants Exercisable	Exercise Price	Weighted Average Life (Years)
19-Dec-23	19-Dec-26	9,000,000	9,000,000	\$0.15	1.22
05-Feb-24	05-Feb-26	1,535,715	1,535,715	\$0.15	0.35

17. Convertible Debentures

On December 19, 2023, the Company closed a non-brokered private placement (the “Offering”) of senior secured convertible debenture units (the “Debenture Units”) of the Company for an aggregate gross proceeds of \$900,000. In connection with the Offering, the Company issued an aggregate of 900 Debenture Units to subscribers at a price of \$1,000 per Debenture Unit. Each Debenture Unit consisted of: (i) a \$1,000 principal senior secured convertible debenture (each a “Debenture”); and (ii) 10,000 common share purchase warrants of the Company (each a “Debenture Warrant”).

The Debentures mature on June 19, 2025 and bear interest at a rate of 1% per month, beginning on the date of issuance and payable in cash on the last day of each calendar month. The principal sum of the Debentures, or any portion thereof, and any accrued but unpaid interest, may be converted into common shares of the Company at the option of the holder at any time prior to the maturity date at a conversion price of \$0.10 per share, subject to adjustments as described below.

Each Debenture Warrant entitles the holder to purchase one common share of the Company by December 19, 2026 at an exercise price of \$0.15 per share, subject to adjustment as described below. An aggregate of 9,000,000 Debenture Warrants were issued in connection with the Offering of Debenture Units. The conversion feature in the Debentures and exercise price of the Debenture Warrants have a ratchet provision which could result in repricing of the conversion price or exercise price, as applicable and conditional upon compliance with the policies of the CSE, if the Company were to issue any common shares at a price less than \$0.10 per share, or if any convertible instruments, stock options, share purchase warrants, or RSUs are issued at an exercise price less than \$0.15 per share (collectively, the “Ratchet Provision”). The obligations under the Debentures are collaterally secured by a general security agreement from the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, 2360149 Ontario Inc., 180 VFC Inc., 1000712645 Ontario Inc., and Spyder Cannabis Subco Inc. (collectively, the “Guarantors”) and a pledge of the security interests of the Guarantors.

The Debenture Units were determined to be a compound instrument, comprising of a liability and embedded derivative liabilities consisting of the conversion feature of the Debentures and the Debenture Warrants as a result of the Ratchet Provision. The fair values of the embedded derivative liability components were estimated using the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model with the assumptions disclosed in Note 19. Using the residual method, the carrying amount of the debt component is the difference between the principal amount, less debt issuance costs, and the initial fair value of the embedded derivative liabilities. The carrying value of the Debentures has been accreted using the effective interest rate method over the term of the Debentures, such that the carrying amount of the financial liability will equal the face value of Debentures at maturity.

The embedded derivative liabilities are carried at fair market value with changes in fair value recorded in the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss). In connection with the issuance of the Debentures Units, the Company incurred debt issuance costs of \$57,500, which was amortized over the term of the Debentures.

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17. Convertible Debentures (continued)

	\$
Proceeds from issuance of convertible debentures	900,000
Debt issuance costs	(57,500)
Amount classified as embedded derivative liability (Note 19)	(842,500)
Amount classified as convertible debenture at amortised cost	-
Accretion of convertible debenture and debt issuance costs	119,355
Carrying amount of convertible debt as at January 31, 2024	119,355
Accretion of convertible debenture and debt issuance costs	700,000
Carrying amount of convertible debt as at March 31, 2025	819,355
Accretion of convertible debenture and debt issuance costs	80,645
Repayment	(900,000)
Carrying amount of convertible debt as at September 30, 2025	-

In connection with the Debentures, the Company incurred interest expense in the amount of \$nil and \$6,357, respectively, for the three and six months ended September 30, 2025 (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$27,000 and \$54,000, respectively) and accretion expense in the amount of \$nil and \$80,645, respectively, for the three and six months ended September 30, 2025 (three and six months ended July 31, 2024 – \$150,000 and \$300,000, respectively).

On April 22, 2025, the Company completed the early redemption of Debentures in the amount of \$900,000 plus accrued interest. As a result, the Debentures have been cancelled, and none of the Debentures were converted into common shares. Furthermore, the security interests and obligations of the Guarantors and the Company have been discharged and all pledged securities have been returned to the Company.

18. Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to:

- Deploy capital to provide an appropriate return on investment to the Company's shareholders;
- Maintain financial flexibility in order to preserve the Company's ability to meet its financial obligations; and
- Maintain a capital structure that provides financial flexibility to execute on strategic opportunities.

The Company monitors its capital structure and makes adjustments according to market conditions in an effort to meet its objectives given the current outlook of the business and industry in general. The Company may manage its capital structure by issuing new shares, repurchasing outstanding shares, adjusting capital spending, or disposing of assets. The capital structure is reviewed by management and the board of directors on an ongoing basis.

18. Capital Management (continued)

The Company's equity comprises of share capital, contributed surplus, warrant reserve, and accumulated deficit in the definition of capital. As at September 30, 2025, the Company's shareholders' equity amounted to 1,101,191 (March 31, 2025 – \$1,323,861) which included an accumulated deficit of \$7,338,280 (March 31, 2025 - \$7,115,610).

The Company manages capital through its financial and operational forecasting processes. The Company reviews its working capital and forecasts its future cash flows based on operating expenditures, and other investing and financing activities. Selected information is provided to the board of directors of the Company. The Company's capital management objectives, policies and processes have remained unchanged during the six months ended September 30, 2025. The Company is not subject to any external capital requirements.

19. Financial Instruments and Risk Assessment

The fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making fair value measurements is as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. from derived prices); and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based upon observable market data.

Assets are classified in their entirety based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value. Financial instruments of the Company consist of cash, accounts receivable, trade and other payables, contract liabilities, government loan, loans payable, derivative liabilities, and convertible debentures. There are no significant differences between the carrying amounts of the current assets and current liabilities reported on the consolidated statements of financial position and their estimated fair values due to the relatively short-term maturities of these financial instruments. The government loan as at September 30, 2025 approximated its fair value as terms and conditions represented market terms and conditions.

The Company has determined the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based on appropriate valuation methodologies. Where quoted market values are not readily available, the Company may use considerable judgement to develop estimates of fair value. Accordingly, any estimated values are not necessarily indicative of the amounts to which the Company could realize on such financial instruments in a current market exchange and could be materially affected by the use of different assumptions or methodologies.

The Company uses the Black-Scholes-Merton valuation model to estimate fair value of the derivative liabilities at each reporting period. This is a level 3 reoccurring fair value measurement. The key level 3 inputs used by management to determine the fair value are the expected future volatility in the price of the Company's shares and the expected life of the convertible debentures. The Company believes that a 1% difference in the inputs used for this fair value measurement would not cause a material difference to the fair value.

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19. Financial Instruments and Risk Assessment (continued)

The following range of assumptions were used to value the embedded derivative liabilities during the six months ended September 30, 2025 and fourteen months ended March 31, 2025:

Stock price	\$0.09 - \$0.15
Risk-free interest rate	2.47 – 2.60 %
Expected life	0.06 – 1.22 years
Estimated volatility in the market price of the common shares	122 – 135 %
Dividend yield	Nil

Transactions related to the Company's derivative liabilities during the six months ended September 30, 2025 and fourteen months ended March 31, 2025 are comprised of the following:

	Conversion Feature \$	Warrant Liability \$	Total \$
As at February 1, 2023	-	-	-
Fair value of embedded derivative liabilities on issuance date (<i>Note 17</i>)	318,833	523,667	842,500
Fair value change in embedded derivative liabilities during the period	324,396	241,816	566,212
As at January 31, 2024	643,229	765,483	1,408,712
Fair value change in embedded derivative liabilities during the period	(612,200)	(378,429)	(990,629)
As at March 31, 2025	31,029	387,054	418,083
Fair value change in embedded derivative liabilities during the period	(31,029)	(37,947)	(68,976)
As at September 30, 2025	-	349,107	349,107

The Company's risk exposures and their impact on the Company's financial instruments are summarized below:

Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk on its cash balance, and accounts receivable from customers. The credit risk associated with the Company's cash is considered low, as the cash is held with reputable financial institutions. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk associated with its customers is limited to \$1,457,693 (March 31, 2025 – \$1,444,348), the balance held as at September 30, 2025. Given the Company's history with these customers and their financial strength, the Company has assessed the credit risk related to these customers as low.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due within one year. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

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19. Financial Instruments and Risk Assessment (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

The following is an analysis of the contractual maturities of the Company's financial liabilities:

	1 year	2 to 5 years	>5 years	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
September 30, 2025				
Trade and other payables	5,352,282	-	-	5,352,282
Lease liabilities	1,865,258	3,160,614	-	5,025,872
Government loan	260,367	-	-	260,367
Loans payable	453,029	-	-	445,529
March 31, 2025				
Trade and other payables	5,460,165	-	-	5,460,165
Lease liabilities	1,843,769	3,907,485	-	5,751,254
Government loan	254,367	-	-	254,367
Loans payable	453,029	-	-	453,029
Convertible debentures	900,000	-	-	900,000

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices comprise of interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk, and price risk.

(a) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rates on all of the Company's existing debt are fixed or non-interest bearing, and therefore it is not currently subject to any significant interest rate risk.

(b) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on fluctuations to cash, accounts receivable, and trade and other payables. As at September 30, 2025, the Company had minimal accounts in foreign currencies and considers foreign exchange risk to be insignificant.

(c) Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. The Company closely monitors individual equity movements and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

Delota Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

20. Related Party Transactions

Key management personnel compensation

The Company defines key management personnel as the officers and directors of the Company. Key management compensation during the three and six months ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2025 \$	Three Months Ended July 31, 2024 \$	Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 \$	Six Months Ended July 31, 2024 \$
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	197,034	197,323	395,984	385,459
Car allowance to director	3,150	3,024	6,300	6,402
Director fees	13,500	13,500	27,000	27,000
	213,684	213,847	429,284	418,861

Related party transactions for the six months ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024 and balances as at September 30, 2025 and March 31, 2025, not disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is amounts payable to related parties in the amount of \$351,134 (March 31, 2025 – \$324,134) to related parties of the Company (Note 12);
- The Company had loans payable to related parties of the Company bearing interest between 12% to 24%, with no set terms of repayment (Note 12). During the three months and six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company made repayments towards these non-arm's length loans payable in the amount of \$7,500. During the fourteen months ended March 31, 2025, the Company made repayments towards these non-arm's length loans payable in the amount of \$62,350. The non-arm's length loans payables were owing to the chairman of the Company, immediate family members of the chairman of the Company, and CEO of the Company (Note 12). Included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities is interest payable in the amount of \$127,721 (March 31, 2025 – \$141,453) to related parties of the Company; and
- On February 5, 2024, the Company had debt settlement transactions with directors and officers of the Company in the aggregate amount of \$165,000 (Note 14).

Delota Corp.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Six Months Ended September 30, 2025 and July 31, 2024

(Unaudited – Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

21. Non-cash transactions affecting cash flows from financing and investing activities

During the six months ended September 30, 2025, the Company had no non-cash transactions from investing and financing activities

During the six months ended July 31, 2024, the Company had the following non-cash transactions from investing and financing activities:

- The Company issued Options (Note 15); and
- The Company issued Settlement Units comprising of common shares and common share purchase warrants for the settlement of debt (Note 14, 15, 16); and
- The Company issued common shares as a result of an exercise of stock options exercised by an employee of the Company (Note 14, 15).

22. Operating Segments

The Company has assessed that it operates in only one operating segment, being retail. The chief operating decision maker (“CODM”) is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, who reviews, assesses, and allocates resources on the total operations. The Company segregates total revenue as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2025	Three Months Ended July 31, 2024	Six Months Ended September 30, 2025	Six Months Ended July 31, 2024
	\$	\$	\$	\$
180 Smoke – Vape (B2C – Direct to Consumer)	4,539,522	7,653,446	12,241,581	15,472,965
180 Smoke – Vape (B2B – Franchise, Wholesale and Partnership)	3,139,840	1,204,925	4,524,941	2,425,337
Offside Cannabis – Cannabis (B2C – Direct to Consumer)	993,574	899,412	1,950,084	1,743,364
Total Revenue	8,672,936	9,757,783	18,716,606	19,641,666

During the three and six months ended September 30, 2025 and the three and six months ended July 31, 2024, the Company had no sales to any customer exceeding 10% of total revenue.