



VOX ROYALTY ACQUIRES FEASIBILITY-STAGE STOCKMAN COPPER-GOLD ROYALTY IN AUSTRALIA

DENVER — December 18, 2025 — Vox Royalty Corp. (TSX: VOXR) (NASDAQ: VOXR) (“Vox” or the “Company”), a returns-focused mining royalty and streaming company, is pleased to announce that it has executed a binding agreement to acquire an existing royalty over the feasibility-stage Stockman copper-gold-zinc-silver project (“**Stockman**”) in Victoria, Australia.

The royalty is a 1.5% Net Smelter Return royalty, reducing to 1.0% after nine million tonnes of production (the “**Royalty**”). The Royalty is being purchased from IGO Stockman Project Pty Ltd, a subsidiary of IGO Limited, for A\$5 million cash at closing and A\$10 million deferred based on cumulative production milestones, payable in either cash or stock at Vox’s election, for up to A\$15 million (~US\$10 million) in total consideration.

The Stockman project is operated by Aeris Resources Limited (“**Aeris**”), a mid-tier Australian copper and gold producer, and is recognised as one of the most advanced undeveloped polymetallic projects in Australia.

Spencer Cole, Vox Chief Investment Officer stated: “*We are excited to acquire this brownfields development-stage copper royalty in Australia that has potential to generate over \$3M in annual royalty revenue⁽⁷⁾ based on the latest Stockman 12-year mine life feasibility study, with multiple catalysts expected in 2026. Aeris is expected to publish an updated feasibility study [in the coming months](#). With all primary permits in place, a feasible near-to-mid-term development horizon, and clear engineering milestones expected, this royalty offers meaningful value and optionality for Vox shareholders.*”

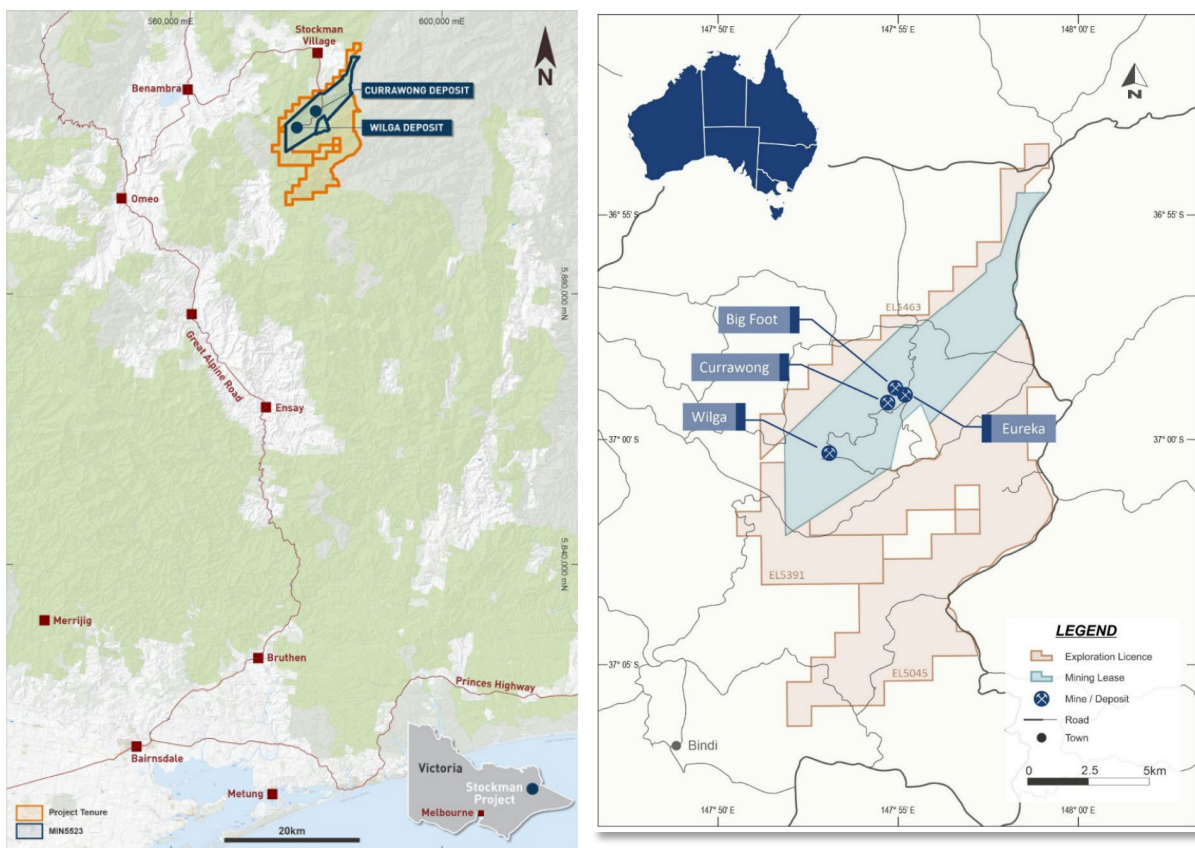


Figure 1 – Stockman Project Location & Mineral Tenure⁽²⁾

Transaction Highlights

- Advanced brownfields polymetallic copper-zinc-gold-silver development project in Victoria, Australia with all primary permits in place for mining and onsite processing, including the Environmental Effects Statement (EES), Mine Work Plan (MWP), and Environmental Protection and Biodiversity Conservation Act (EPBC) approvals.
 - The historical Wilga mine produced copper and zinc and was operated from October 1992 to July 1996⁽⁶⁾.
- [January-2024 Feasibility Update](#) outlined a simplified mine plan focused on the Currawong deposit only (excluded the Wilga deposit) for an expected 12 year mine life processing up to 850,000tpa.
 - Expansion potential from the Wilga, Eureka and Bigfoot deposits beyond initial the 12-year mine life.
- Current total resource as of Dec 31, 2024 comprises 13.4Mt @ 2.1% Cu, 4.2% Zn, 1.0g/t Au Indicated and 2.4Mt @ 1.1% Cu, 2.6% Zn, 1.5g/t Au Inferred.
- Strong community support through active engagement programs including the Community Reference Group.
- Albion Process testwork showing leach recoveries of +98% for Cu and Zn, and overall Cu & Zn recoveries above 90% (vs ~77% Cu and 70% Zn recoveries via conventional flotation).
- Processing optimisation studies targeting completion by mid-FY26 and strategic partner engagement underway.

Project Overview – Stockman ^(1,2,3,4,5)

Stockman is an advanced copper-zinc-gold-silver development project located approximately 300km northeast of Melbourne in the East Gippsland region of Victoria. Currawong and Wilga are volcanic-hosted massive sulphide (VHMS) style deposits, occurring as polymetallic (pyrite-sphalerite-chalcopryrite) massive sulphide lenses with stringer feeder zones within a volcano-sedimentary succession.

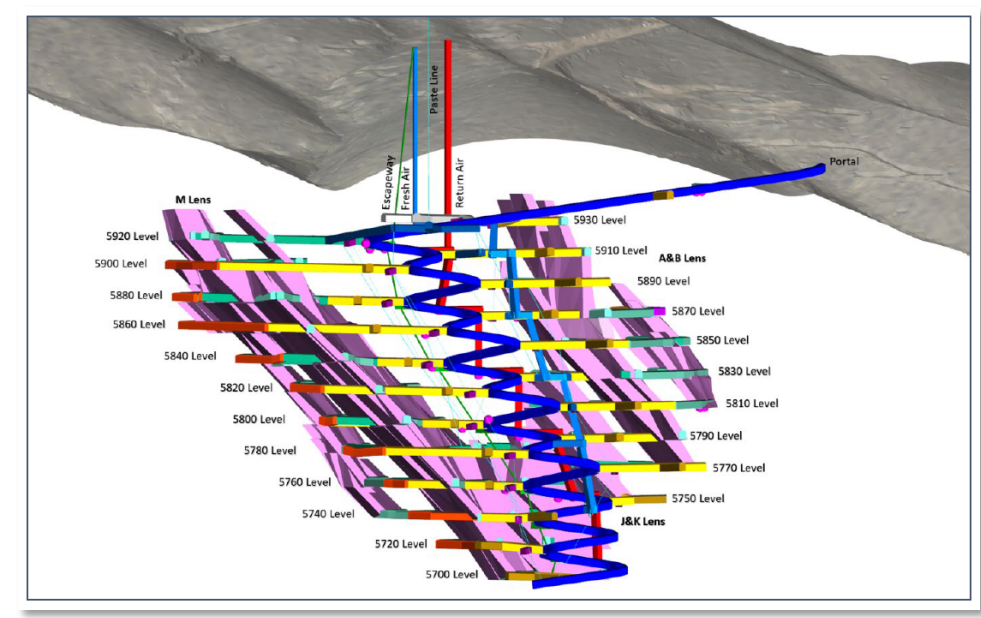


Figure 2 – Currawong Mine Design looking west⁽³⁾

Aeris acquired the project in July 2022 as part of the Round Oak Minerals transaction and has advanced the project through a major technical work program since 2023:

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|--------------------|--|
| • January 2024 | Updated Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) for Currawong and Wilga |
| • January 2024 | Feasibility Study Update confirming simplified Currawong-only mine plan |
| • 2024 (Q1–Q3) | Metallurgical variability testwork, Albion Process desktop studies, flowsheet redesign |
| • July 2024 | Breakthrough metallurgical testwork results |
| • August 2024 | Offsite processing site selection shortlisting |
| • December 2024 | Testwork expansion, marketing activities, concentrate sampling |
| • Late 2025 | Albion optimisation testwork, leach refinement, front-end engineering, feasibility study update |
| • 2026 | Strategic partner process outcomes |

The development plan outlined in the Stockman Feasibility Study Update (dated [January 24, 2024](#)), focuses on mining the Currawong deposit for the first 12 years of operations at a rate of up to 850,000 tonnes per annum of ore. This simplified approach reduces upfront capital requirements compared to the previous plan of mining Currawong and Wilga concurrently. The development plan is underpinned by a strong and updated mineral resource base, with the Currawong deposit containing 10.2 million tonnes at 2.1% Cu, 4.1% Zn, 1.10 g/t Au and 40g/t Ag (Indicated) as well as 1.0 million tonnes at 1.2% Cu, 2.3% Zn, 0.7g/t Au and 26g/t Ag (Inferred). While the Wilga deposit is currently excluded from the initial mine schedule, it remains a valuable medium-term expansion option, complemented by the underexplored Eureka and Bigfoot prospects.

The most recent Mineral Resource and Reserve Estimates announced by Aeris on July 22, 2025, are as follows:

Deposit	Category	Tonnes (kt)	Grade				Contained Metal			
			Cu (%)	Zn (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (kt)	Zn (kt)	Au (koz)	Ag (koz)
Currawong	Measured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Indicated	10,200	2.1	4.1	1.1	40	219	415	374	13,020
	Inferred	1,000	1.2	2.3	0.7	26	13	24	22	860
	Total	11,300	2.1	3.9	1.1	38	232	439	397	13,880
Wilga	Measured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Indicated	3,200	2.2	4.6	0.4	29	69	146	46	2,980
	Inferred	300	2.1	1.7	0.2	21	7	6	2	220
	Total	3,500	2.2	4.3	0.4	28	76	152	48	3,200
Bigfoot	Measured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Indicated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Inferred	500	0.4	3.6	4.4	57	2	17	66	860
	Total	500	0.4	3.6	4.4	57	2	17	66	860
Eureka	Measured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Indicated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Inferred	500	1.0	3.0	1.5	30	5	16	26	500
	Total	500	1.0	3.0	1.5	30	5	16	26	500
Total	Measured	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Indicated	13,400	2.1	4.2	1.0	37	288	561	420	16,000
	Inferred	2,400	1.1	2.6	1.5	32	27	62	117	2,440
	Grand Total	15,800	2.0	4.0	1.1	36	315	624	537	18,450

Table 1 – Stockman Mineral Resource (December 31, 2024)⁽²⁾

Deposit	Category	Tonnes (kt)	Grade				Contained Metal			
			Cu (%)	Zn (%)	Au (g/t)	Ag (g/t)	Cu (kt)	Zn (kt)	Au (koz)	Ag (koz)
Currawong	Proved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Probable	7,988	1.9	4.0	1.1	38	153	323	290	9,811
	Total	7,988	1.9	4.0	1.1	38	153	323	290	9,811
Wilga	Proved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Probable	1,652	1.8	5.5	0.5	30	32	67	60	2,029
	Total	1,652	1.8	5.5	0.5	30	32	67	60	2,029
Total	Proved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Probable	9,640	1.9	4.3	1.0	37	183	413	318	11,409
	Grand Total	9,640	1.9	4.3	1.0	37	183	413	318	11,409

Table 2 – Stockman Mineral Reserve (December 31, 2024)⁽²⁾

A significant inflection point for the project occurred in July 2024, when Aeris reported breakthrough metallurgical testwork results utilising the Albion Process - an oxidative leach technology developed by Glencore Technology in 1994. The Albion Process is successfully deployed at multiple operations worldwide, including at the McArthur River and Mount Isa sites in Australia. Compared with conventional pressure oxidation (POx) circuits, the Albion Process offers materially lower capital costs and, by operating at atmospheric pressure, eliminates the substantial technical and operational risks typically associated with POx plants.

The Aeris Albion test results demonstrated leach recoveries exceeding 98% for both copper and zinc in bulk concentrate, translating to overall recoveries above 90%, a step-change improvement compared to traditional flotation performance, which previously delivered ~77% copper and ~70% zinc recoveries.

The new flowsheet has also materially improved gold recoveries to 72% - 88%, with ongoing work aimed at enhancing silver extraction. This metallurgical success has set the stage for a multi-phase optimisation program. Throughout 2024 and 2025, Aeris has undertaken detailed variability testing, grind-size optimisation, leach residence time studies, and flowsheet refinement, while also engaging with potential offtake and processing partners. Several candidate locations for a regional offsite Albion facility were shortlisted in mid-2024, chosen based on logistics, grid power availability, and permitting considerations.

Aeris flagged a potential two-stage processing strategy which includes an onsite mine processing plant producing high-grade copper concentrate and a polymetallic bulk concentrate (reducing the site processing plant footprint and power consumption); as well as a bulk concentrate trucked to a regional offsite facility utilizing the Albion Process to produce separate saleable copper, zinc and precious metals products.

Aeris is targeting completion of processing-route optimisation studies by approximately mid-FY26, ahead of progressing to a final feasibility update and, subsequently, a development decision. The company is presently evaluating multiple development pathways and is also considering the introduction of a strategic partner to help unlock long-term value.

Transaction Details

Vox will acquire the Royalty for total consideration of up to A\$15 million, comprised of A\$5 million cash payable at closing and A\$10 million in cash or Vox shares at Vox's sole election, payable upon Vox receiving royalty revenue from Stockman for at least two consecutive quarters at a quarterly processing run-rate in excess of 150kt. The Company will pay the A\$5 million cash payable at closing with cash on hand.

The Transaction has received conditional approval from the Toronto Stock Exchange. Closing is expected to occur in December 2025.

Upcoming potential catalysts for the Stockman Royalty:

- **Completion of processing route optimisation studies expected by mid-FY26, including finalisation of Albion Process design parameters, updated recoveries, capital/operating cost outcomes, and flowsheet selection, providing several key required inputs before a full feasibility update and development decision.**
- **Resource and life-of-mine expansion potential from Wilga, Eureka, and Bigfoot - future drilling or inclusion of Wilga in updated mine planning could materially extend mine life beyond the initial 12 years.**

Qualified Person

Timothy J. Strong, MIMMM, of Kangari Consulting LLC and a “Qualified Person” under NI 43-101, has reviewed and approved the scientific and technical disclosure contained in this press release.

About Vox

Vox is a returns focused mining royalty company with a portfolio of over 70 royalties and streams spanning eight jurisdictions. The Company was established in 2014 and has since built unique intellectual property, a technically focused transactional team and a global sourcing network which has allowed Vox to target the highest returns on royalty acquisitions in the mining royalty sector. Since the beginning of 2020, Vox has announced over 25 separate transactions to acquire over 60 royalties.

Further information on Vox can be found at www.voxroyalty.com.

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Cautionary Statements to U.S. Securityholders

This press release and the documents incorporated by reference herein, as applicable, have been prepared in accordance with Canadian standards for the reporting of mineral resource and mineral reserve estimates, which differ from the previous and current standards of the U.S. securities laws. In particular, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the terms “mineral reserve”, “proven mineral reserve”, “probable mineral reserve”, “inferred mineral resources”, “indicated mineral resources”, “measured mineral resources” and “mineral resources” used or referenced herein and the documents incorporated by reference herein, as applicable, are Canadian mineral disclosure terms as defined in accordance with NI 43-101 and the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (the “CIM”) — CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves, adopted by the CIM Council, as amended (the “CIM Definition Standards”). In addition to NI 43-101, a number of resource and reserve estimates have been prepared in accordance with the JORC Code (as such term is defined in NI 43-101), which differ from the requirements of NI 43-101 and U.S. securities laws but is defined in NI 43-101 as an “acceptable foreign code”. Readers are cautioned that a qualified person has not carried out independent work to validate the JORC Code resource and reserve estimates referenced herein.

For U.S. reporting purposes, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”) has adopted amendments to its disclosure rules (the “SEC Modernization Rules”) to modernize the mining property disclosure requirements for issuers whose securities are registered with the SEC under the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, which became effective February 25, 2019. The SEC Modernization Rules more closely align the SEC’s disclosure requirements and policies for mining properties with current industry and global regulatory practices and standards, including NI 43-101, and replace the historical property disclosure requirements for mining registrants that were included in SEC Industry Guide 7. Issuers were required to comply with the SEC Modernization Rules in their first fiscal year beginning on or after January 1, 2021. As a foreign private issuer that is eligible to file reports with the SEC pursuant to the multi-jurisdictional disclosure system, the Company is not required to provide disclosure on its mineral properties under the SEC Modernization Rules and will continue to provide disclosure under NI 43-101 and the CIM Definition Standards. Accordingly, mineral reserve and mineral resource information contained or incorporated by reference herein may not be comparable to similar information disclosed by companies domiciled in the U.S. subject to U.S. federal securities laws and the rules and regulations thereunder.

As a result of the adoption of the SEC Modernization Rules, the SEC now recognizes estimates of “measured mineral resources”, “indicated mineral resources” and “inferred mineral resources.” In addition, the SEC has amended its definitions of “proven mineral reserves” and “probable mineral reserves” to be “substantially similar” to the corresponding CIM Definition Standards that are required under NI 43-101. While the SEC will now recognize “measured mineral resources”, “indicated mineral resources” and “inferred mineral resources”, U.S. investors should not assume that all or any part of the mineralization in these categories will be converted into a higher category of mineral resources or into mineral reserves without further work and analysis. Mineralization described using these terms has a greater amount of uncertainty as to its existence and feasibility than mineralization that has been characterized as reserves. Accordingly, U.S. investors are cautioned not to assume that all or any measured mineral resources, indicated mineral resources, or inferred mineral resources that the Company reports are or will be economically or legally mineable without further work and analysis. Further, “inferred mineral resources” have a greater amount of uncertainty and as to whether they can be mined legally or economically. Therefore, U.S. investors are also cautioned not to assume that all or any part of inferred mineral resources will be upgraded to a higher category without further work and analysis. Under Canadian securities laws, estimates of “inferred mineral resources” may not form the basis of feasibility or pre-feasibility studies, except in rare cases. While the above terms are “substantially similar” to CIM Definitions, there are differences in the definitions under the SEC Modernization Rules and the CIM Definition Standards. Accordingly, there is no assurance any mineral reserves or mineral resources that the Company may report as “proven mineral reserves”, “probable mineral reserves”, “measured mineral resources”, “indicated mineral resources” and “inferred mineral resources” under NI 43-101 would be the same had the Company prepared the reserve or resource estimates under the standards adopted under the SEC Modernization Rules or under the prior standards of SEC Industry Guide 7.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements and Forward-Looking Information

This press release contains “forward-looking statements”, within the meaning of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and “forward-looking information” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. Any statements that express or involve discussions with respect to predictions, expectations, beliefs, plans, projections, objectives, assumptions or future events or performance (often, but not always, using words or phrases such as “expects” or “does not expect”, “is expected”, “anticipates” or “does not anticipate” “plans”, “estimates” or “intends” or stating that certain actions, events or results “may”, “could”, “would”, “might” or “will” be taken, occur or be achieved) are not statements of historical fact and may be “forward-looking statements”. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to materially differ from those reflected in the forward-looking statements.

The forward-looking statements and information in this press release include, but are not limited to, summaries of operator disclosure provided by management and the potential impact on the Company of such operator disclosure, statements regarding expectations for the timing of commencement of resource updates, development, construction at and/or resource production at Stockman, expectations regarding the size, quality and exploitability of the resources at Stockman, and requirements for and operator ability to receive regulatory approvals.

Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to materially differ from those reflected in the forward-looking statements, including but not limited to: the impact of general business and economic conditions; the absence of control over mining operations from which Vox will purchase precious metals or from which it will receive royalty or stream payments, and risks related to those mining operations, including risks related to international operations, government and environmental regulation, delays in mine construction and operations, actual results of mining and current exploration activities, conclusions of economic evaluations and changes in project parameters as plans are refined; problems related to the ability to market precious metals or other metals; industry conditions, including commodity price fluctuations, interest and exchange rate fluctuations; interpretation by government entities of tax laws or the implementation of new tax laws; the volatility of the stock market; competition; risks related to Vox's dividend policy; epidemics, pandemics or other public health crises, including the global outbreak of the novel coronavirus, geopolitical events and other uncertainties, such as the conflict in Ukraine, as well as those factors discussed in the section entitled "Risk Factors" in Vox's annual information form for the financial year ended December 31, 2024 available at www.sedar.com and the SEC's website at www.sec.gov (as part of Vox's Form 40-F).

Should one or more of these risks, uncertainties or other factors materialize, or should assumptions underlying the forward-looking information or statement prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as intended, planned, anticipated, believed, estimated or expected. Vox cautions that the foregoing list of material factors is not exhaustive. When relying on the Company's forward-looking statements and information to make decisions, investors and others should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and potential events.

Vox has assumed that the material factors referred to in the previous paragraph will not cause such forward looking statements and information to differ materially from actual results or events. However, the list of these factors is not exhaustive and is subject to change and there can be no assurance that such assumptions will reflect the actual outcome of such items or factors. The forward-looking information contained in this press release represents the expectations of Vox as of the date of this press release and, accordingly, is subject to change after such date. Readers should not place undue importance on forward looking information and should not rely upon this information as of any other date. While Vox may elect to, it does not undertake to update this information at any particular time except as required in accordance with applicable laws.

None of the TSX, its Regulation Services Provider (as that term is defined in policies of the TSX) or The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC accepts responsibility for the adequacy or accuracy of this press release.

Technical and Third-Party Information

Except where otherwise stated, the disclosure in this press release is based on information publicly disclosed by project operators based on the information/data available in the public domain as at the date hereof and none of this information has been independently verified by Vox. Specifically, as a royalty investor, Vox has limited, if any, access to the royalty operations. Although Vox does not have any knowledge that such information may not be accurate, there can be no assurance that such information from the project operators is complete or accurate. Some information publicly reported by the project operators may relate to a larger property than the area covered by Vox's royalty interests. Vox's royalty interests often cover less than 100% and sometimes only a portion of the publicly reported mineral reserves, mineral resources and production from a property.

References & Notes:

- (1) ASX Aeris News Release dated 20 Oct 2025: Annual Report 30 June 2025 (<https://clients3.weblink.com.au/pdf/AIS/03010516.pdf>)
- (2) ASX Aeris News Release dated 22 July 2025: Group Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve Statement (<https://clients3.weblink.com.au/pdf/AIS/02969483.pdf>)
- (3) ASX Aeris News Release dated 24 January 2024: Stockman Feasibility Update (<https://clients3.weblink.com.au/pdf/AIS/02765095.pdf>)
- (4) ASX Aeris News Release dated 04 July 2024: Stockman Project – Flotation & Albion Leach Testwork Results Provides Opportunity to Materially Improve Project Returns (<https://clients3.weblink.com.au/pdf/AIS/02824587.pdf>)
- (5) Glencore Technology – The Albion Process (https://www.glencoretechnology.com/en/technologies/albion-process?gad_source=1&gad_campaignid=14231387696&gbraid=0AAAADEpjRh959UwQMF7RMYYVs4Mrkrt&gclid=CjwKCAiA8vXIBhAtEiwAf3B-g77Y8s94_cvIntvzvPlzd6IDfbubV2Z01n9A8fRD5nLWVNfKZrfDrRoCs3UQAvD_BwE)
- (6) Stockman Project Fact Sheet (March 2023): <https://www.aerisresources.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2023/03/Aeris-Fact-Sheet-Stockman-V1.pdf>

- (7) Vox estimate of potential illustrative annual royalty revenues based on the following calculation: 850Ktpa reserves mined x reserve grades (1.9% Cu and 4.3% Zn) x 77% Cu and 70% Zn recoveries x long term consensus prices (US\$9,345/t Cu and US\$2,667/t Zn) x 1.5% NSR = US\$3M (rounded)