

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

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NOTICE TO READER

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3) (a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and Board of Directors of the Company.

The Company's independent auditors have not performed a review of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of condensed interim financial statements by an entity's auditors.

August 14, 2024

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

As at	Notes	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalent	4	\$ 251,253	363,615
Receivables		3,543	2,636
Prepaid expenses		2,797	4,196
		257,593	370,447
Investment	5	223,650	223,650
Exploration and evaluation assets	6	170,850	169,818
		\$ 652,093	763,915
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Trades payable and accrued liabilities	7	\$ 18,350	30,966
Due to related parties	9	25,229	107,000
		43,579	137,966
EQUITY			
Capital stock	8	3,229,596	3,229,596
Reserves	8	551,507	551,507
Deficit		(3,172,589)	(3,155,154)
		608,514	625,949
		\$ 652,093	763,915

Nature of Business and Going Concern (Note 1)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

	Share Capital		Reserves	Deficit	Total equity
	Number of common shares	Common Shares Amount			
Balance, March 31, 2023	34,400,000	\$ 3,229,596	\$ 551,507	\$ (2,749,715)	\$ 1,031,388
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(94,985)	(94,985)
Balance, June 30, 2023	34,400,000	\$ 3,229,596	\$ 551,507	\$ (2,844,700)	\$ 936,403

	Share Capital		Reserves	Deficit	Total equity
	Number of common shares	Common Shares Amount			
Balance, March 31, 2024	34,400,000	\$ 3,229,596	\$ 551,507	\$ (3,155,154)	\$ 625,949
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(17,435)	(17,435)
Balance, June 30, 2024	34,400,000	\$ 3,229,596	\$ 551,507	\$ (3,172,589)	\$ 608,514

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

		For the three months ended June 30,	
	Notes	2024	2023
EXPENSES			
Administration	9	\$ 28,500	\$ 28,500
Directors fees	9	-	39,720
Management fees	9	-	19,860
Office and miscellaneous		1,088	727
Professional fees (recovery)		(12,863)	-
Regulatory and transfer agent fees		3,960	2,316
Loss before other items		(20,685)	(91,123)
OTHER ITEMS			
Interest income	4	2,974	46
Foreign exchange gain (loss)		276	(3,908)
		3,250	(3,862)
Net and comprehensive loss for the period		\$ (17,435)	\$ (94,985)
Earnings per share			
- basic and diluted		\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.01)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding			
- basic and diluted		34,400,000	34,400,000

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars - Unaudited)

	For the three months ended June 30,	
	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net loss for the period	\$ (17,435)	\$ (94,985)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Receivables	(907)	14,488
Prepaid expenses	1,399	10,942
Trades payable and accrued liabilities	(12,617)	(18,321)
Due to related parties	(81,771)	(773)
Net cash used in operating activities	(111,331)	(88,649)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Exploration and evaluation asset costs	(1,031)	1,690
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,031)	1,690
Change in cash and cash equivalent	(112,362)	(86,959)
Cash and cash equivalent, beginning of period	363,615	723,460
Cash and cash equivalent, end of period	\$ 251,253	\$ 636,501

There were no cash financing activities during the periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars- Unaudited)

1. NATURE OF BUSINESS AND GOING CONCERN

Norrand Gold Corp. (the “Company” or “Norrand”) was incorporated under the laws of the Province of British Columbia. The Company’s primary business is precious metals exploration that is focused on gold discovery in Sweden.

The Company’s shares trade on the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) under the symbol “NORR”. Also, the Company’s shares are listed on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the trading symbol “8VC”.

On January 19, 2022, the Company incorporated Nordmark Exploration AB (“Nordmark”), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, in Sweden as the operating entity for Swedish exploration.

In 2021, the Company completed a QT with Horizon Gold Ltd. (“Horizon Gold”), a company which held the tenements of Vittantraskey, Pingisvaara and Liljendal (the “Tenements”) (Note 6). The Company’s management have determined that it was in the Company’s best interest to dissolve Horizon Gold and to transfer the Tenements to Nordmark to continue exploration on the properties. During the year ended March 31, 2023, Horizon Gold completed the transfer of the Tenements to Nordmark and applied to voluntarily dissolve the entity. Effective June 21, 2022, Horizon Gold was dissolved.

The Company’s head office and principal address is Suite 2050-1055 West Georgia Street, PO Box 11121, Royal Centre, Vancouver, BC V6E 3P3. The registered and records office is Suite 2501-550 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC V6C 2B5.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. There are material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the appropriateness of the going concern assumption as the Company has not generated any revenues. The Company has incurred operating losses since inception and has a net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2024 of \$17,435 (June 30, 2023 - \$94,985) and an accumulated deficit of \$3,172,589 (March 31, 2024 - \$3,155,154) at that date. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability of assets and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars- Unaudited)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue on August 14, 2024 by the directors of the Company.

Statement of compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, "Interim Financial Reporting" using accounting policies consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared using accounting policies consistent with those used in the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024. It is therefore recommended that these condensed interim consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the Company's audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024.

Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared on an accrual basis, except for cash flow information, and are based on the historical cost basis, except for financial instruments at fair value. These consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

Principles of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include amounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiary, and Nordmark.

Subsidiaries are corporations in which the Company is able to control the financial operating, investing and financing activities and policies, which is the authority usually connected with holding majority voting rights. The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its controlled entities from the date on which control was acquired. Nordmark uses the same reporting period and the same accounting policies as the Company.

All inter-entity balances and transactions, including unrealized profits and losses arising from inter-company transactions, have been eliminated on consolidation.

Functional and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of an entity is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates.

The functional currency of the Company is the Canadian dollar. Additionally, the functional currency of Nordmark is the Swedish Krona "SEK". The functional currency determinations were conducted through an analysis of the consideration factors identified in IAS 21, The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars- Unaudited)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd)

Functional and Presentation Currency (cont'd)

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency for an entity are recorded at exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the period end exchange rate while non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates. Revenues and expenses are translated at the exchange rates approximating those in effect on the date of the transactions.

Exchange gains and losses arising on translation are included in consolidated statement of (loss) income.

The subsidiary with a SEK functional currency has been translated into Canadian dollars as follows: monetary assets and liabilities are translated at year end exchange rates and while non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at historical rates. The revenues and expenses are translated using average rates over the year. Translation gains and losses relating to the foreign operations are included in consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive Loss.

The Company's presentation currency is the Canadian dollar.

Significant judgment, assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The Company's management reviews these estimates and underlying assumptions on an ongoing basis, based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to estimates are adjusted prospectively in the period in which the estimates are revised.

Estimates and assumptions are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. However, actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

Critical judgments

Going concern

The assumption that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern is subject to critical judgments by management with respect to assumptions surrounding the short and long-term operating budget, expected profitability, investing and financing activities and management's strategic planning. Should those judgments prove to be inaccurate, management's continued use of the going concern assumption could be inappropriate.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
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2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd)

Critical judgments (cont'd)

Control and Significant Influence

At the time of acquisition, the Company assesses whether it has control over the acquiree. Control exists when the Company has power over an entity, when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from the entity and when the Company has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Where control exists, the Company consolidates the results of the acquired entity.

In the acquisition of a 24.3% equity stake in Eversley Resources Pty ("Eversley"), it was assessed that control and significant influence does not reside with Norrland. Consequently, in accordance with accounting principles, this transaction has been treated as an investment in financial instruments. As such, the investment in the equity stake of Eversley is classified as a financial asset and accounted under IFRS 9 Financial Instruments.

Impairment of Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditures requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company. Assets or cash-generating units ("CGUs") are evaluated at each reporting date to determine whether there are any indications of impairment. The Company considers both internal and external sources of information when making the assessment of whether there are indications of impairment for the Company's mineral properties.

Functional Currency

The Company applies judgment in assessing the functional currency of each entity consolidated in these consolidated financial statements. The functional currency of the Company and its subsidiary is determined using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity receives funding for operations.

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty

Significant estimates made by management affecting these consolidated financial statements include:

Share-based compensation

Share-based compensation expense is measured by reference to the fair value of the stock options at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for granted stock options requires determining the most appropriate valuation model which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars- Unaudited)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (cont'd)

Key Sources of Estimation Uncertainty (cont'd)

This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the option, volatility, dividend yield, and rate of forfeitures and making assumption about them. The Company estimates volatility based on historical share price of comparable companies, excluding specific time frames in which volatility was affected by specific transactions that are not considered to be indicative of the entities' expected share price volatility. The expected life of the options is based on historical experience and general option holder behaviour. Dividends were not taken into consideration as the Company does not expect to pay dividends. Management also makes an estimate of the number of options that will forfeit, and the rate is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest. The value of the share-based compensation expense for the year along with the assumptions and model used for estimating fair value for share-based compensation transactions are disclosed in Note 9.

Carrying value and recoverability of exploration and evaluation assets

The carrying amount of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets does not necessarily represent present or future values, and the Company's exploration and evaluation assets have been accounted for under the assumption that the carrying amount will be recoverable. Recoverability is dependent on various factors, including the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to complete the development and upon future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition of the mineral properties themselves. Additionally, there are numerous geological, economic, environmental and regulatory factors and uncertainties that could impact management's assessment as to the overall viability of its properties or to the ability to generate future cash flows necessary to cover or exceed the carrying value of the Company's exploration and evaluation assets.

Investments in privately held companies.

The fair value of any shares which are not listed or traded upon a stock exchange are originally recorded at cost. After the initial recognition, the Company has elected to measure its investment in equity instruments at fair value unless measurement at cost represents the best estimate of fair value within the range. The decision to account for this investment at cost is driven by the unavailability of reliable and readily ascertainable fair value measurements due to the absence of an active market or other valuation techniques with sufficient reliability. Adjustments to the carrying value of investments are made to reflect any changes in value as a result of an independent third-party transaction. Downward adjustments to the carrying values are also made when there is evidence of a decline in value, as indicated by an assessment of the financial condition of the investment based on operational results, forecasts and other developments.

3. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE

Certain accounting standards or amendments to existing accounting standards that have been issued but have future effective dates are either not applicable or are not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
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4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT

	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024
Cash	\$ 101,072	\$ 126,429
GIC investment	150,181	237,186
	\$ 251,253	\$ 363,615

The Company invested in a Canadian dollar denominated redeemable guaranteed investment certificate ("GIC") yielding a variable interest rate of prime rate less 2.7% per annum. The counter-party is a financial institution. As at June 30, 2024, the Company held \$150,181 (March 31, 2024 – \$237,186) in the GIC investment including accrued interest of \$181 (March 31, 2024 – \$7,186).

5. INVESTMENT

The investment represents an equity interest of 24.3% in Eversley Resources Pty ("Eversley") a privately held Australian company in copper, gold, and rare earth elements exploration in Tier 1 Australian mineral provinces in which the Company does not have significant influence or control. As of June 30, 2024, the carrying value of the investment stands at CAD\$223,650 (A\$250,000) (March 31, 2024- CAD\$223,650), which represents the original cost of acquisition as an appropriate estimate of fair value.

6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

As at June 30, 2024, the Company held the following tenements:

Vittanträsket:

Vittanträsket is a gold prospect located in the "Gold-line" in Västerbotten province. The Vittanträsket tenement is valid until December 20, 2024, and can thereafter be renewed.

On April 27, 2020, the Company entered into a Letter of Agreement with a third party, Goldore Sweden AB ("Goldore") to acquire the Vittanträsket tenement.

Following are the terms of the agreement:

- (i) The Company shall reimburse Goldore for tenement application and occupation fees in the amount of Swedish Krona 75,000 (CAD \$11,263). This amount had been paid by related parties of the Company.
- (ii) Upon the tenement declaring a Joint Ore Reserves Committee ("JORC") compliant resource estimate of 250,000 ounces of gold, the Company will issue Goldore a number of common shares equivalent to USD \$250,000.
- (iii) Upon the tenement declaring commercial production, Goldore shall be entitled to receive a 1% Net Smelter Return ("NSR") Royalty (the "Royalty"). The Company may buy out the Royalty at any time by paying Goldore the amount of USD \$4,000,000.

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6. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS (cont'd)

Pingisvaara:

Pingisvaara covers a strong geochemical gold anomaly. Pingisvaara lacks outcrop and is located in the extreme northern part of Sweden, just kilometers to the northern border with Finland. The Pingisvaara tenement, covering 900 ha within Kiruna Municipality, Northern Sweden, is valid until March 10, 2024. During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Company decided to discontinue further exploration of Pingisvaara as historical results could not be verified and recorded a write off of the property in the historical value of \$2,604.

Liljedal:

The Liljedal Rare Earth Elements ("REE") tenement, located in central Sweden, covers an area of 1,732 hectares. The first exploration period expires February 2, 2025.

Summary of exploration expenditures incurred on the properties:

	Vittanträsket (\$)	Pingisvaara (\$)	Liljedal (\$)	Total (\$)
Acquisition costs:				
Balance, March 31, 2023	36,973	2,602	3,396	42,971
Write-off of exploration and evaluation asset	-	(2,604)	-	(2,604)
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	(372)	2	(125)	(495)
Balance, March 31, 2024	36,601	-	3,271	39,872
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	197	-	86	283
Balance, June 30, 2024	36,798	-	3,357	40,155
Deferred exploration:				
Balance, March 31, 2023	128,356	-	-	128,356
Assays	823	-	-	823
Travel	1,676	-	-	1,676
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	(909)	-	-	(909)
Balance, March 31, 2024	129,946	-	-	129,946
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	749	-	-	749
Balance, June 30, 2024	130,695	-	-	130,695
Total, March 31, 2024	166,547	-	3,271	169,818
Total, June 30, 2024	167,493	-	3,357	170,850

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars- Unaudited)

7. TRADE PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2024
Trades payable	\$ 18,350	\$ 620
Accrued liabilities	-	30,346
	\$ 18,350	\$ 30,966

8. SHARE CAPITAL

a. Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

b. Issued and outstanding

During the three months ended June 30, 2024 and the year ended March 31, 2024, there were no transactions effecting share capital.

c. Escrow shares

Pursuant to a surplus security escrow agreement dated July 19, 2021, as at June 30, 2024, 8,240,000 (March 31, 2024 – 8,240,000) common shares issued were held in escrow. Under the escrow agreement, 5% of the originally escrowed common shares were released from escrow on the date of issuance of the final Exchange bulletin (the “Bulletin”) upon completion of the Transaction and every six months thereafter at 5%, 10%, 15% and 40% over a period of 3 years.

d. Stock options

The Company has adopted an incentive stock option plan (the “Equity Incentive Plan”) (approved on March 11, 2019), and as amended on June 16, 2021, which provides that the board of directors of the Company may from time to time, in its discretion, grant to directors, officers, employees and consultants non-transferable options to purchase common shares, provided that the number of common shares reserved for issuance will not exceed 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares from time to time at the time at the date of grant. Such options will be exercisable for a period of up to 10 years from the date of grant. Each option agreement with the grantee sets forth, among other things, the number of options granted, the exercise price, expiry date, and the vesting conditions of the options as determined by the Board of Directors.

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Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
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8. SHARE CAPITAL (cont'd)

d. *Stock options* (cont'd)

Pursuant to the Equity Incentive Plan, the board of directors of the Company may from time to time authorize the issue of options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company and its subsidiaries or employees of companies providing management or consulting services to the Company or its subsidiaries. The number of shares which may be reserved for issuance to any one individual may not exceed 5% of the issued shares on a yearly basis or an aggregate maximum of 2% if the optionee is engaged in investor relations activities or if the optionee is a consultant, no more than 2% per consultant. The Equity Incentive Plan contains no vesting requirements other than those that will apply to options granted to investor relations service providers, but permits the board of directors of the Company to specify a vesting schedule in its discretion.

Stock option transactions are summarized as follows:

	Options Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, March 31, 2023	2,185,000	\$ 0.22
Forfeited	(25,000)	0.25
Outstanding, March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024	2,160,000	\$ 0.21

The Company uses the Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model to calculate the fair value of stock options granted. The model requires management to make estimates, which are subjective and may not be representative of actual results. Changes in assumptions can materially affect estimates of fair values.

Stock options outstanding and exercisable at June 30, 2024 are summarized as follows:

Number of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Remaining Life of Options (Years)	Number of Options Exercisable
515,000	\$ 0.10	August 19, 2024	0.14	515,000
1,645,000	\$ 0.25	July 19, 2026	2.05	1,645,000
2,160,000	\$ 0.21		1.60	2,160,000

e. *Warrants*

Warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Warrants Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, March 31, 2023	490,000	\$ 0.25
Expired	(490,000)	0.40
Outstanding, March 31, 2024 and June 30, 2024	-	\$ -

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9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key management personnel include persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of the Company as a whole. Key management personnel comprise of the directors of the Company, executive and non-executive, and officers.

The remuneration of the key management personnel during the periods ended June 30, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

June 30,	2024	2023
Management fees (ii)	\$ -	\$ 19,860
Directors' fees (iii)	-	39,720
Total	\$ -	\$ 59,580

Other related party transactions and balances

- (i) On July 20, 2021, the Company entered into an administrative services agreement with Varshney Capital Corp. ("VCC"), a company with a director in common, for administrative services provided to the Company for an initial term of one year and thereafter, on an annual basis unless terminated, in exchange for a monthly fee of \$9,500 plus taxes.

During the period ended June 30, 2024, the Company paid \$28,500 (2023 - \$28,500) for administrative fees to VCC.

- (ii) The Company incurred \$nil (2023 - \$19,860) in management fees to the CEO of the Company. As at June 30, 2024, \$nil (2023 - \$19,860) was due to the CEO for management fees.
- (iii) The Company incurred \$nil (2023 - \$39,720) in directors fees to two directors of the Company. As at June 30, 2024, \$16,819 (2023 - \$56,833) was due to two directors for director fees and reimbursement of operating expenses paid on behalf of the Company.
- (iv) As at June 30, 2024, \$8,410 (2023 - \$8,557) was due to an officer for reimbursement of operating expenses paid on behalf of the Company.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair value estimates of financial instruments are made at a specific point in time, based on relevant information about financial markets and specific financial instruments. As these estimates are subjective in nature, involving uncertainties and matters of significant judgment, they cannot be determined with precision. Changes in assumptions can significantly affect estimated fair values.

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10. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of the financial instruments by valuation technique:

- i) Level 1 – Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- ii) Level 2 – Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets or indirectly such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets with insufficient volume or infrequent transactions.
- iii) Level 3 – Applies to assets or liabilities for which there are unobservable market data.

Cash and cash equivalent and investment are carried at fair value using a level 1 fair value measurement. The carrying value of trade payables and due to related parties approximate their fair value because of the short-term nature of these instruments.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with the counterparty's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company believes it has no significant credit risk. The Company's primary exposure to credit risk is on its cash and cash equivalent on hand of \$251,253 (March 31, 2024 - \$363,615). This risk is managed by using major Canadian banks that are high credit quality financial institutions as determined by rating agencies.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's objective in managing liquidity risk is to maintain sufficient readily available reserves in order to meet its liquidity requirements at any point in time. The Company achieves this by maintaining sufficient cash and seeking equity financing when needed.

As at June 30, 2024, the Company's current assets consisted of \$251,253 (March 31, 2024 - \$363,615) in cash and cash equivalent, \$3,543 (March 31, 2024 - \$2,636) in receivables, and \$2,797 (March 31, 2024 - \$4,196) in prepaid expenses. The Company's current liabilities consisted of \$18,350 (March 31, 2024 - \$30,966) in trades payable and accrued liabilities and \$25,229 (March 31, 2024 - \$107,000) in dues to related parties. The Company's trade payables and accrued liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 30 days and are subject to normal trade terms. The Company's due to related parties is non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, and commodity and equity prices. These market factors that could impact the fair value of the investment.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

NORRLAND GOLD CORP.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
For the Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars- Unaudited)

10. RISK MANAGEMENT (cont'd)

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that a variation in exchange rates between GBP, SEK and other foreign currencies will affect the Company's operations and financial results. The Company does not hold significant monetary assets or liabilities in foreign currencies and therefore is not exposed to significant risks arising from the fluctuation of foreign exchange rates.

Price risk

The Company is exposed to price risk with respect to commodity and equity prices. Equity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on the Company's earnings due to movements in individual equity prices or general movements in the level of the stock market. Commodity price risk is defined as the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company closely monitors certain commodity prices, individual equity movements, and the stock market to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

11. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives of capital management are intended to safeguard the entity's ability to support the Company's normal operating requirement on an ongoing basis, continue the development and exploration of its mineral properties, and support any expansionary plans. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria for management, but rather relies on the expertise of the Company's management to sustain future development of the business. The Company considers its capital to be equity.

The Company's operations are currently not generating positive cash flow; as such, the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out potential expansion and to continue operations and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital, and raise additional amounts as needed. Companies in this stage typically rely upon equity and debt financing or joint venture partnerships to fund their operations. The current financial markets are very difficult and there is no certainty with respect to the Company's ability to raise capital. Management may require to seek additional sources of financing in the form of equity or debt financing in the future. These uncertainties may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company has one reportable operating segment, being the acquisition and exploration of resource properties in Sweden.