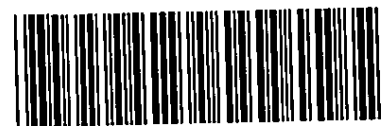


NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

REPORT AND ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

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NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE

The Company's objective is to achieve long-term capital growth

THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT and, if you are a holder of Ordinary shares requires your attention. If you are in doubt as to what action to take you should seek advice from your own independent personal financial advisor. If you have sold or otherwise transferred all of your Ordinary shares in the capital of the Company you should send this document and the accompanying Form of Proxy immediately to the purchaser or transferee, or to the stockbroker, bank or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was affected.

REGISTERED OFFICE

1 Knightsbridge Green, London SW1X 7QA

Company Number 3969011

COMPANY INFORMATION

DIRECTORS

G Howard-Spink (Chairman)
J L Duffield (Deputy Chairman)
M J Gregson

INVESTMENT MANAGER

Brompton Asset Management LLP
1 Knightsbridge Green, London SW1X 7QA
(Authorised and Regulated by the Financial Services Authority)

SECRETARY AND ADMINISTRATOR

Phoenix Administration Services Limited
Springfield Lodge, Colchester Road, Chelmsford, Essex CM2 5PW
Telephone 01245 398950 Facsimile 01245 398952

SOLICITORS

Olswang LLP
90 High Holborn, London WC1V 6XX

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP
1 More London Place, London SE1 2AF

CUSTODIAN

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co
Park House, 16-18 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7EB

REGISTRARS

Equiniti Limited
Aspect House, Spencer Road, Lancing, West Sussex BN99 6DA
Telephone 0871 384 2549
(calls cost 8p per minute plus network charges)
Website www.shareview.co.uk

WEBSITE

www.nsitplc.com

The Company's shares are traded on the London Stock Exchange and their prices are shown in the Financial Times under "Investment Companies"

NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Geoffrey Howard-Spink (Chairman)* was one of the founders in 1981 of Lowe Group Limited, one of the UK's biggest advertising groups. He is Chairman of Immedia Broadcasting PLC. Mr Howard-Spink was appointed Chairman of the Company with effect from 13th May 2009.

John L Duffield (Deputy Chairman) is the Senior Partner of Brompton Asset Management Group LLP. Mr Duffield was Chairman of New Star Asset Management Group PLC between 2000 and April 2009. Prior to founding New Star, Mr Duffield was the founder and chief executive of Jupiter International Group from 1985 to 2000.

Marcus Gregson* was deputy chairman of Sand Aire, a leading family office, up to the end of 2010. Prior to Sand Aire he was chief executive of HSBC Private Bank (UK) for over 16 years. He is a director of All Star Leisure (Group) Limited. Mr Gregson was appointed chairman of the Company's Audit Committee with effect from 2nd September 2009.

** Members of the Audit Committee*

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	30th June 2012	30th June 2011	% Change
PERFORMANCE			
Net assets (£'000)	68,067	75,484	(9.8)
Net asset value per Ordinary share	95.84p	106.28p	(9.8)
Mid-market price per Ordinary share	66.50p	73.13p	(9.1)
Discount of price to net asset value	30.6%	31.2%	N/A
FTSE World Index (total return, sterling adjusted)	603.27	624.88	(3.5)
FTSE All-Share Index (total return)	4,101.28	4,233.69	(3.1)
	1st July 2011 to 30th June 2012	1st July 2010 to 30th June 2011	
REVENUE			
Return per Ordinary share	(0.11)p	(0.38)p	
Dividend per Ordinary share	–	–	
TOTAL RETURN			
Net assets	(9.8)%	11.1%	

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

for the year ended 30th June 2012

MARKET BACKDROP AND PERFORMANCE

The net asset value of your company declined 9.82% over the year to 30th June 2012. This compares with a 3.13% fall in the FTSE All-Share Total Return Index and a 3.46% decline in the FTSE World Total Return Index. At the year end, the net asset value per ordinary share was 95.84p.

The main reason for your Company's underperformance relative to equity markets was the above average exposure to emerging markets such as China, Russia and sub-Saharan Africa and stocks affected by commodity prices. With low interest rates continuing to depress returns on the Company's cash deposits, the net revenue loss for the year was £78,000 after a £273,000 loss the previous year. Your Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend.

The eurozone crisis was a key driver of global stockmarket sentiment over the year under review. In the late summer of 2011, investors grew increasingly concerned about the deteriorating health of the currency union's southern members, principally Greece and Portugal. Although a second rescue package for Greece was organised, contagion set in, with investors selling bonds issued by other southern currency members. The European Central Bank (ECB) responded initially by buying Spanish and Italian bonds but the recovery in confidence was short-lived and shares weakened again in November.

There was a partial recovery during December and over the first quarter of 2012 as the eurozone authorities unveiled emergency measures. The ECB, having increased its repo rate a quarter percentage point to 1.5% in July 2011, cut it twice, taking the rate to 1%. Even more significantly, it also launched longer-term refinancing operations, offering European banks cheap three-year loans to alleviate their funding difficulties in the wholesale markets. Meanwhile, eurozone governments agreed a package aimed at tackling the region's public finances. This involved new fiscal rules, the early creation of the permanent European Stability Mechanism and extra European Union funding for the International Monetary Fund to help troubled eurozone members.

Shares retreated again in the spring as eurozone tensions revived. An inconclusive general election provoked a political crisis in Greece. Meanwhile, Spanish government bond yields rose to unsustainable levels and the health of a leading Spanish bank deteriorated to the point where an international rescue for the country's banking system had to be organised. There was, however, a year-end rally after eurozone governments agreed a scheme to allow troubled banks to gain access to bail-out funds without adding to the government debts of their countries of domicile. Outside the equity markets, the eurozone woes made a significant impact on currency movements, with the euro falling 12.47% against the dollar and 10.40% against the pound. Gold, meanwhile, retained its safe haven status, rising 5.73% in dollar terms.

With investors' risk appetites reduced by the eurozone crisis, larger stocks were more resilient than smaller stocks. In the UK, the FTSE 100 Total Return Index eased 2.66% while the FTSE 250 and FTSE Small Cap Total Return Indices fell 5.58% and 6.48% respectively. The flight to perceived safety was also apparent in the US, where the Russell 1000 Index of larger stocks gained 4.61% in sterling terms while the Russell 2000 Index of smaller companies eased 1.22%. In the bond markets, UK government bonds and US treasuries returned 15.91% and 11.47% respectively while Spanish and Italian government bonds fell 9.80% and 9.58% respectively.

Within the Group of Seven (G7) major industrial nations, the eurozone members suffered the biggest losses, with Italian equities down 29.42% in sterling terms while the French and German stockmarkets fell 23.25% and 21.05% in sterling terms respectively. The resource-heavy Canadian market also underperformed as a result of weaker commodity prices, falling 12.85%. By contrast,

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

for the year ended 30th June 2012

continued

US equities gained 6.50% amidst investor confidence that the US economy would continue to grow, albeit modestly, while Japanese shares eased 2.96%. Among the smaller developed economies, Greece was particularly weak as a result of its developing economic and fiscal woes, falling 54.00%, while Portugal and Spain fell 37.00% and 32.05% respectively. New Zealand, up 2.41%, and Ireland, down 0.88%, were however, relatively resilient. Amid heightened risk aversion, emerging markets underperformed developed markets, falling 13.68% on average. Eastern European markets suffered particularly badly, with Bulgaria and Hungary down 41.87% and 37.88% respectively, but some Latin American and Asian countries generated strong positive returns, with the volatile Venezuelan market up 190.57% and the Philippines up 22.63%.

At the sector level, basic materials suffered the biggest losses, falling 24.92% in sterling terms, principally as a result of the 28.27% fall in industrial commodity prices as measured by Thomson Reuters. With Brent Crude falling 16.50% to \$92.53 per barrel, energy stocks were also conspicuously weak, falling 11.72%. The eurozone's banking woes depressed financial stocks, down 10.70%, while weakening economic growth left industrials down 10.23%. By contrast, the healthcare and technology sectors generated gains, returning 7.43% and 6.20% respectively, as did consumer services, up 4.44%, and consumer goods, up 1.33%.

G7 industrial output slowed markedly in the first half of 2012 and declining business confidence over the early summer, particularly in the US, may lead to further weakness over the next few months. The growth slowdown followed a decline in the G7's inflation-adjusted money supply growth, typically a lead indicator of economic trends. Money supply trends stabilised in the second quarter, however, suggesting there may be a recovery in economic momentum towards the end of 2012.

Conditions in the eurozone remained particularly precarious in the early summer of 2012, with Spanish short-term bond yields rising above the levels of late 2011 and Italian yields also approaching unsustainable levels. The confidence crisis affecting Spanish banks led to private sector outflows from the country's banking system, which required increasing central bank support. In the UK and the US, meanwhile, economic growth trends remained lacklustre, with the US growing only modestly and the UK economy still in recession over the second quarter of 2012. Forward-looking UK money supply measures were, however, improving over the summer, suggesting a return to modest economic growth later in 2012.

Your Company's unaudited net asset value at 31st August 2012 was 98.03p.

Geoffrey Howard-Spink
Chairman
7th September 2012



INVESTMENT MANAGER'S REPORT

for the year ended 30th June 2012

Your Company's strategy is to invest in a diversified portfolio of open-ended funds, investment trusts, exchange-traded funds (ETFs) and hedge funds selected from across the market place as well as certain selected special situations. The portfolio is spread across diverse asset classes from UK and overseas equities and bonds to commercial property, commodities and private equity.

Various adjustments were made to the portfolio during the year under review. Your Company took a new position in Aberdeen Asia Pacific Fund, an open-ended fund managed by a team headed by the veteran Asian equities specialist, Hugh Young. The Company also added to its holding in the Aberforth Geared Income Trust and participated in an equity fundraising for Westhouse Holdings, a stockbroker specialising in smaller companies. The principal disposals comprised reductions in the holdings in the Lion Trust Asia Fund (previously known as the Occam Asia Fund) and the Henderson Private Equity Investment Trust, the latter as a result of a tender offer at a significant premium to the market price.

A number of holdings made significant gains over the year. Among the portfolio's investment trust holdings, Henderson Private Equity Investment Trust returned 20.07%, partly as a result of the tender offer. This was in accordance with the board's announcement that the fund would be gradually liquidated, with the proceeds distributed to shareholders. Among the open-ended funds, Fundsmith Equity Fund, Terry's Smith's global special situations fund, returned 10.82% while M&G Optimal Income Fund and the Trojan Investment Fund returned 9.00% and 7.33% respectively. In the commodities area, the Gold Bullion Securities ETF gained 8.12% while in hedge funds, BH Global Limited, a closed-end fund investing in Brevan Howard's Global Opportunities strategy, returned 2.71%. One particular disappointment was Bumi, the Indonesian thermal coal miner, which fell 70.78%. Other weak areas in the portfolio included Atlantis China Fund, down 36.47%, Neptune Russia & Greater Russia Fund, down 28.53%, BlackRock Gold & General Fund, down 19.10%, Aquilus Inflection Fund, down 18.80%, and Investec Africa, down 17.71%.

As a result of market movements and portfolio changes, your Company ended the year with 52.87% of its assets in retail funds, 8.69% in investment trusts, 4.53% in hedge funds, 3.99% in ETFs, 5.91% in other investments and 24.01% in cash. Geographically, the biggest non-cash holdings were in the UK, at 19.82%, specialist and global equities, at 18.57%, emerging markets, at 11.26%, Europe excluding the UK, at 9.65%. In asset class terms, the biggest non-cash holdings were in equities, at 46.45%, commodities, at 11.58%, and private equity, at 7.00%.

There was a further escalation in the eurozone crisis in the weeks after the year end, with Spanish bond yields rising above their highs of November 2011 amid fears that the country would need further measures beyond June's support package for its banks. Such concerns sent eurozone shares to a new low since the start of 2012 relative to other regions.

Elsewhere, business confidence measures were suggesting that global economic news was likely to remain weak over the third quarter of 2012, with growth continuing to slow in the US. Inflation-adjusted US money supply trends were, however, suggesting that there could be some re-acceleration in growth towards the year-end, aided by slower inflation. One particular cause for longer-term optimism was the growing evidence that the US housing market was slowly recovering, albeit from a low base, with housing starts and house builders' sentiment improving. In the UK, prospects appeared more uncertain, with the government's fiscal deficit reduction plans blown off course by the recession. There were, however, signs of

INVESTMENT MANAGER'S REPORT

for the year ended 30th June 2012

continued

recovering private sector confidence over the summer, with consumers' financial optimism back to levels last seen in 2010, partly as a result of labour market trends that confounded pessimistic forecasts

Brompton Asset Management LLP
Investment Manager
7th September 2012

NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

SCHEDULE OF TWENTY LARGEST INVESTMENTS

at 30th June 2012

Holding	Activity	30th June 2012	
		Bid-market value £'000	Percentage of invested portfolio
Henderson Euro Special Situations Funds	Investment Fund	6,603	12.91
BlackRock Gold & General Fund	Investment Fund	5,193	10.15
Investec Africa Fund	Investment Fund	3,686	7.21
Henderson Private Equity Investment Trust	Investment Company	3,055	5.97
Trojan Investment Fund	Investment Fund	2,989	5.84
Polar Capital Global Technology Fund	Investment Fund	2,986	5.84
M&G Optimal Income Fund	Investment Fund	2,903	5.68
Gold Bullion Securities ETF	Exchange Traded Fund	2,732	5.35
Artemis UK Special Situations Fund	Investment Fund	2,651	5.18
Aquilus Inflection Fund	Investment Fund	2,120	4.15
Atlantis China Fund	Investment Fund	2,005	3.92
Fundsmith Equity Fund	Investment Fund	1,798	3.52
Aberforth Geared Income Trust	Investment Company	1,744	3.41
Neptune Russia & Greater Russia Fund	Investment Fund	1,476	2.89
PFS Brompton UK Recovery Unit Trust	Investment Fund	1,315	2.57
Aberdeen Asia Pacific Fund	Investment Fund	1,183	2.31
BH Global Limited	Investment Company	1,149	2.25
All Star Leisure (Group) Limited	Equity	923	1.80
SW Mitchell Small Cap European Fund	Investment Fund	919	1.80
Liontrust Asia Fund	Investment Fund	853	1.67
		48,283	94.42
Balance held in 16 investments		2,857	5.58
Total investments		51,140	100.00

The investment portfolio can be further analysed as follows

	£'000
Equities (including Investment Companies)	7,931
Loan	348
Investment funds and ETF's	42,861
	51,140

All the Company's investments are either unlisted or are unit trusts/OEIC funds with the exception of Henderson Private Equity Investment Trust, Aberforth Geared Income Trust, BH Global Limited, Mann Funds, Gold Bullion Securities ETF, Immediate Broadcasting, Westhouse Holdings and Bumi Plc

SCHEDULE OF TWENTY LARGEST INVESTMENTS

at 30th June 2011

Holding	Activity	30th June 2011	
		Bid-market value £'000	Percentage of invested portfolio
Henderson Euro Special Situations Fund	Investment Fund	7,711	12.71
BlackRock Gold & General Fund	Investment Fund	6,485	10.69
Liontrust Asia Fund	Investment Fund	4,378	7.21
Investec Africa Fund	Investment Fund	4,299	7.08
Polar Capital Global Technology Fund	Investment Fund	3,216	5.30
Atlantis China Fund	Investment Fund	3,191	5.26
Henderson Private Equity Investment Trust	Investment Company	3,006	4.95
Artemis UK Special Situations Fund	Investment Fund	2,852	4.70
Trojan Investment Fund	Investment Fund	2,797	4.61
M&G Optimal Income Fund	Investment Fund	2,738	4.51
Aquilus Inflection Fund	Investment Fund	2,578	4.25
Gold Bullion Securities ETF	Exchange Traded Fund	2,528	4.16
Bumi Plc	Quoted Equity	2,320	3.82
Neptune Russia & Greater Russia Fund	Investment Fund	2,055	3.39
Fundsmith Equity Fund	Investment Fund	1,626	2.68
PFS Brompton UK Recovery Unit Trust	Investment Fund	1,429	2.35
The Sierra Investment Fund	Investment Fund	1,183	1.95
BH Global Limited	Investment Company	1,118	1.84
SW Mitchell Small Cap European Fund	Investment Fund	1,112	1.83
Aberforth Geared Income Trust	Investment Company	1,093	1.80
		57,715	95.09
Balance held in 11 investments		2,977	4.91
Total investments		60,692	100.00

The investment portfolio can be further analysed as follows

	£'000
Equities (including Investment Companies)	9,165
Convertible securities	130
Loan	498
Investment funds and ETF's	50,899
	60,692

All the Company's investments are either unlisted or are unit trusts/OEIC funds with the exception of Henderson Private Equity Investment Trust, Aberforth Geared Income Trust, BH Global Limited, Mam Funds, Gold Bullion Securities ETF, Immedia Broadcasting, Westhouse Holdings and Bumi Plc.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present the audited accounts of the Company and their report for the year ended 30th June 2012

BUSINESS REVIEW

The following business review is designed to provide information primarily about the Company's business and results for the year ended 30th June 2012. The Business Review should be read in conjunction with the Chairman's Statement on pages 6 and 7 and the Investment Manager's Report on pages 8 and 9, which provide a review of the year's performance of the Company and the outlook for the future.

STATUS

The Company is an investment company under section 833 of the Companies Act 2006. It conducts its affairs in accordance with the requirements of sections 1158/1159 Corporation Tax Act 2010 ('section 1158') so as to gain exemption from liability to United Kingdom capital gains tax. For accounting periods up to 30th June 2012, approval by HM Revenue & Customs ('HMRC') under section 1158 could only be obtained annually and has been granted for the financial year ended 30th June 2011, subject to no subsequent enquiry into the Company's corporation tax self-assessment. For accounting periods from 1st July 2012 the Company can apply for status as an Approved Investment Trust and the Directors are of the opinion that the Company continues to conduct its affairs in such a manner that it will be granted such approval and exemption under section 1158.

The Company is listed on the London Stock Exchange. It therefore conducts its affairs in accordance with the Listing Rules and Disclosure and Transparency Rules published by the Financial Services Authority.

The Company is incorporated and registered in England and Wales and is domiciled in the United Kingdom. The Company number is 3969011.

INVESTMENT OBJECTIVE AND POLICY

Investment Objective

The Company's investment objective is to achieve long-term capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Company's investment policy is to allocate assets to global investment opportunities through investment in equity, bond, commodity, real estate, currency and other markets. The Company's assets may have significant weightings to any one asset class or market, including cash.

The Company will invest in pooled investment vehicles, exchange traded funds, futures, options, limited partnerships and direct investments in relevant markets. The Company may invest up to 15% of its net assets in direct investments in relevant markets.

The Company will not follow any index with reference to asset classes, countries, sectors or stocks. Aggregate asset class exposure to any one of the United States, the United Kingdom, Europe ex UK, Asia ex Japan, Japan or Emerging Markets and to any individual industry sector will be limited to 50% of the Company's net assets, such values being assessed at the time of investment and for funds by reference to their published investment policy or, where appropriate, the underlying investment exposure.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

The Company may invest up to 20% of its net assets in unlisted securities (excluding unquoted pooled investment vehicles) such values being assessed at the time of investment

The Company will not invest more than 15% of its net assets in any single investment, such values being assessed at the time of investment

Derivative instruments and forward foreign exchange contracts may be used for the purposes of efficient portfolio management and currency hedging. Derivatives may also be used outside of efficient portfolio management to meet the Company's investment objective. The Company may take outright short positions in relation to up to 30% of its net assets, with a limit on short sales of individual stocks of up to 5% of its net assets, such values being assessed at the time of investment

The Company may borrow up to 30% of net assets for short-term funding or long-term investment purposes

No more than 10%, in aggregate, of the value of the Company's total assets may be invested in other closed-ended investment funds except where such funds have themselves published investment policies to invest no more than 15% of their total assets in other listed closed-ended investment funds

Information on the Company's portfolio of assets with a view to spreading investment risk in accordance with its investment policy is set out on pages 10 and 11

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Assets

Net assets at 30th June 2012 amounted to £68,067,000 compared with £75,484,000 at 30th June 2011. In the year under review, the net asset value per Ordinary share decreased by 9.8% from 106.28p to 95.84p

Costs

Total expenses for the year amounted to £727,000 (2011: £822,000). In the year under review the investment management fee amounted to £513,000 (2011: £552,000). No performance fee was payable in respect of the year under review as the Company did not outperform the hurdle rate. Further details on the Company's expenses may be found in notes 3 and 4.

Revenue

The Group's gross revenue increased to £485,000 (2011: £402,000). After deducting expenses and adding back taxation the revenue loss for the year was £78,000 (2011: loss of £273,000).

Dividends

Dividends do not form a central part of the Company's investment objective. The Directors have not declared a final dividend for the year ended 30th June 2012 (2011: nil).

Funding

The primary source of the Company's funding is shareholder funds. The Company is typically ungeared.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

VAT

No VAT is charged on investment management fees but is payable at standard rate on other services provided to the Company. During the year, £35,000 of VAT was refunded in respect of amounts paid in prior periods.

Payment of suppliers

The Company seeks to obtain the best possible terms for the business it conducts, therefore, there is no single payment of supplier policy. In general the Company agrees with its suppliers the terms on which business will take place. There were no trade creditors at 30th June 2012 (2011: nil).

Future developments

While the future performance of the Company is dependent, to a large degree, on the performance of international financial markets, which, in turn, are subject to many external factors, the Board's intention is that the Company will continue to pursue its stated investment objective in accordance with the strategy outlined above. Further comments on the outlook for the Company for the next 12 months are set out in both the Chairman's Statement on pages 6 and 7 and the Investment Manager's Report on pages 8 and 9.

Going concern

The Directors believe that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts as the assets of the Company consist mainly of securities that are readily realisable or cash and it has no significant liabilities. Accordingly, the Company has adequate financial resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. In reaching this view, the Directors reviewed the anticipated level of expenditure of the Company for the next twelve months against the cash and liquid assets within the portfolio.

PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT AND KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

In order to measure the success of the Company in meeting its objectives and to evaluate the performance of the Investment Manager, the Directors take into account the following key performance indicators:

	30th June 2012	30th June 2011	% Change
PERFORMANCE			
Net assets (£'000)	68,067	75,484	(9.8)
Net asset value per share	95.84p	106.28p	(9.8)
Share price	66.50p	73.13p	(9.1)
Discount	30.6%	31.2%	N/A
Total return per share	(10.44p)	10.58p	N/A
FTSE World Index (total return, sterling adjusted)	603.27	624.88	(3.5)
FTSE All-Share Index (total return)	4,101.28	4,233.69	(3.1)

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

MANAGEMENT ARRANGEMENTS

In common with most investment trusts, the Company does not have any executive directors or employees. The day-to-day management and administration of the Company, including investment management, accounting and company secretarial matters, and custodian arrangements are delegated to specialist companies.

Investment management services

The Company's investments are managed by Brompton Asset Management LLP ('Brompton'). This relationship is governed by an agreement dated 23rd December 2009. The portfolio manager is Gill Lakin.

Brompton receives a management fee, payable quarterly in arrears, equivalent to an annual 0.75 per cent of total assets after the deduction of the value of any investments managed by the Investment Manager or its associates (as defined in the investment management agreement). The investment management agreement may be terminated by either party giving three months written notice to expire on the last calendar day of any month.

With effect from 1st September 2008, the Investment Manager has also been entitled to a performance fee of 15 per cent of the growth in net assets over a hurdle of 3 month Sterling LIBOR plus 1 per cent per annum, payable six monthly in arrears, subject to a high watermark. The aggregate of the Company's management fee and performance fee are subject to a cap of 4.99 per cent of net assets in any financial year (with any performance fee in excess of this cap capable of being earned in future years).

During the year under review the investment management fee amounted to £513,000 (2011: £552,000). No performance fee was accrued or paid in respect of the year ended 30th June 2012 (2011: £nil).

Secretarial, administration and accounting services

Secretarial services, general administration and accounting services for the Company are undertaken by Phoenix Administration Services Limited.

Custodian services

Brown Brothers Harriman & Co is the independent custodian to the Company.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Mr Duffield is the senior partner of Brompton Asset Management Group LLP, the ultimate parent of Brompton.

The investment management fee payable to Brompton in relation to the year ended 30th June 2012 was £513,000. No performance fee was payable in respect of the year ended 30th June 2012.

During the year the Group's investments included one fund managed by the Investment Manager or by associates of the Investment Manager. At 30th June 2012, the Company held one such investment. No investment management fees were payable by the Company in respect of this investment.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks associated with the Company that have been identified by the Board, together with the steps taken to mitigate them can be summarised as follows

Investment strategy

Inappropriate long-term strategy, asset allocation and manager selection might lead to the underperformance of the Company

The Company's strategy is kept under regular review by the Board. Investment performance is discussed at every Board meeting and the Directors receive a monthly report which details the Company's asset allocation, investment selection and performance

Business conditions and general economy

The Company's investment returns are influenced by general economic conditions in the UK and globally. Factors such as interest rates, inflation, investor sentiment and the availability and cost of credit could adversely affect investment returns. The Board regularly considers the economic environment in which the Company operates

The portfolio is managed with a view to mitigating risk by investing in a spread of different asset classes and geographic regions. A schedule of the twenty largest investments, excluding cash, may be found on page 10

Portfolio risks – Market price, foreign currency and interest rate risks

The downward valuation of investments contained in the portfolio would lead to a reduction in the Company's net asset value. A proportion of the Company's portfolio is invested in investments denominated in foreign currencies and movements in exchange rates can significantly affect their sterling value. It is the Board's policy to hold an appropriate spread of investments in order to reduce the risk arising from factors specific to a particular investment or sector. The Investment Manager takes account of foreign currency risk and interest rate risk when making investment decisions

The Company does not normally hedge against foreign currency movements affecting the value of the portfolio, although hedging techniques may be employed in appropriate circumstances

Further information on how the Company manages risk may be found in the Corporate Governance Statement on pages 21 and 22 and in note 18 on pages 48 to 57

Investment Manager

The quality of the management team employed by the Investment Manager is an important factor in delivering good performance and the loss by the Investment Manager of key staff could adversely affect investment returns. The Board receives a monthly financial report which includes information on performance, and a representative of the Investment Manager attends each Board meeting. The Board is kept informed of any personnel changes to the investment team employed by the Investment Manager

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

Tax and regulatory risks

A breach of sections 1158 to 1165 Corporation Tax Act 2010 could lead to a loss of investment trust status, resulting in capital gains realised within the portfolio being subject to United Kingdom capital gains tax. A breach of the UKLA Listing Rules could result in suspension of the Company's shares, while a breach of company law could lead to criminal proceedings, or financial or reputational damage. The Board employs Brompton as Investment Manager, and Phoenix Administration Services Limited as Secretary and Administrator, to help manage the Company's legal and regulatory obligations. The Board receives a monthly financial report which includes information on the Company's compliance with section 1158.

Operational

Disruption to, or failure of, the Investment Manager's or Administrator's accounting, dealing or payment systems or the Custodian's records could prevent the accurate reporting and monitoring of the Company's financial position. The Company is also exposed to the operational risk that one or more of its suppliers may not provide the required level of service.

Details of how the Board monitors the services provided by the Investment Manager, Administrator and its other suppliers, and the key elements designed to provide effective internal control, are explained further in the internal controls section of the Corporate Governance Statement on pages 21 and 22.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND COMMUNITY ISSUES

The Company has no employees, with day-to-day management and administration of the Company being delegated to the Investment Manager and the Administrator. The Company's portfolio is managed in accordance with the investment objective and policy, environmental, social and community matters are considered to the extent that they potentially impact on the Company's investment returns.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

APPLICABLE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODES

The UK Listing Authority requires all listed companies to include within the annual financial report a report on corporate governance and to disclose which code of corporate governance the Company has applied. Throughout the year under review the Company applied the UK Corporate Governance Code issued by the Financial Reporting Council in June 2010 (the "Code"). In addition, the Company paid regard to the AIC Code of Corporate Governance, issued by the Association of Investment Companies in October 2010 ("the AIC Code"), which provides specific corporate governance guidance to investment trusts.

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

It is considered that the Company has complied with the provisions of the Code subject to the exceptions explained below. The Company has not arranged insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors (Code provision A 1.3), the Company has not appointed a Senior Independent Director (Code provision A 4.1), the Company does not have a Nominations Committee (Code Provision B 2.1). These instances of non-compliance are explained in more detail below.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

DIRECTORS

Board composition

The Articles of Association provide that the total number of Directors shall be not less than two and not more than ten

The following Directors, all of whom are non-executive, served throughout the year

	Date of appointment as a Director
G Howard-Spink (Chairman)	13th April 2000
J L Duffield	13th April 2000
M J Gregson	1st December 2006

No Director has a contract of employment with the Company. Directors' terms of appointment are set out in letters of appointment which are available for inspection at the registered office of the Company and will be available at the AGM.

During the year under review the Company did not arrange insurance cover in respect of legal action against its Directors, as it was considered that the premiums would not have constituted good value to shareholders.

Board independence

The Board considers a range of factors in determining the independence of the individual Directors including their character and judgment, whether they have any material business relationships with the Company or its advisers, whether they have any close family ties with the Company's advisers or Directors and their other commitments. The Directors consider that length of service does not of itself impair a director's ability to act independently. Rather, a long-serving director can offer a perspective that adds value to the deliberations of a well-balanced investment trust company board.

It is considered by the Board that, with the exception of Mr Duffield, all of the Directors are independent. The biographies of the Directors holding office at the date of this report demonstrate a breadth of investment and commercial experience relevant to their positions as directors. All Directors have a wide range of other interests and are not dependent on the Company itself. The Chairman's other significant commitments are detailed on page 4.

The Board considers that, given its small size and the size and nature of the Company's operations, it is unnecessary to nominate one Director as a Senior Independent Director.

Directors' appointment, retirement and rotation

The Board may appoint directors without shareholder approval. Any Director so appointed must stand for election by shareholders at the following AGM in accordance with the Articles of Association. No directors were appointed during the year.

The Articles of Association provide that one-third of directors are required to retire by rotation in each year. In order to comply with the Code, the Directors have also adopted a policy that each Director will stand for re-election by shareholders at least every three years and that any director who has served for more than nine years will stand for re-election annually. As explained above, the Directors consider that length of service does not of itself impair a director's ability to act

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

independently and that a long-serving director can offer a perspective that adds value to the deliberations of a well-balanced investment trust company board. Nonetheless the Directors recognise that it is desirable for the composition of the Board to be periodically refreshed.

Under the Articles of Association, shareholders may remove a director before the end of their term by passing an ordinary resolution at a meeting. An ordinary resolution is passed if more than 50% of the votes cast, in person or by proxy, are in favour of the resolution.

Mr Howard-Spink has served for more than nine years and therefore stands for re-election annually. The Board considers that Mr Howard-Spink continues to exhibit independence of character and judgment, and recommends his re-election to shareholders.

Mr Duffield has a beneficial interest in 59.14% of the Company's shares and is the senior partner of the Investment Manager's parent company. He is therefore not considered to be independent. It is the policy of the Board that all directors who are not considered to be independent stand for re-election annually. The independent Directors consider that Mr Duffield makes a significant contribution to the Company and recommend his re-election to shareholders.

Mr Gregson retires by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association. The Directors consider Mr Gregson to be a valuable member of the Board and recommend his re-election.

All Directors standing for re-election are eligible to be re-elected.

Directors' remuneration

The Board consists solely of non executive directors and accordingly the Company is not required to comply with the principles of the Code in respect of executive directors' remuneration and does not have a Remuneration Committee. Details of the fees paid to the Directors can be found in the Directors' Remuneration Report on pages 26 and 27.

Directors' interests in shares

The interests of the Directors in the Ordinary shares of the Company at the beginning and end of the financial year are shown in the table below.

Ordinary shares of 1p Beneficial	30th June 2012	30th June 2011
J L Duffield	42,003,223	42,003,223
M J Gregson	10,000	10,000
G Howard-Spink	–	–

There have been no changes in the Directors' interests in the period from 30th June 2012 to the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

THE BOARD

Responsibilities of the Board

The Board is responsible for the effective stewardship of the Company's affairs. It determines the strategic direction of the Company and sets the boundaries within which the Investment Manager operates. The Board meets at least four times a year and reviews the Company's investment policy, performance and financial position. The Investment Manager takes decisions as to the purchase and sale of individual investments and is responsible for effecting those decisions on the best available terms. Matters specifically reserved for decision by the full Board have been defined and there is an agreed procedure for Directors in the furtherance of their duties, to take independent professional advice at the Company's expense.

The Chairman is responsible for leading the Board and ensuring that it continues to deal effectively with all aspects of its role. In particular, he ensures that the Investment Manager and Administrator provide the Directors, in a timely manner, with management, regulatory and financial information that is clear, accurate and relevant. Representatives of the Investment Manager attend each Board meeting, enabling the Directors to seek clarification on specific issues or to probe further on matters of concern.

The Board comprises three non-executive Directors. In the light of the small size of the Board, it has been decided not to appoint a formal Nominations Committee and appointments of any new directors are considered by the Board as a whole.

Audit Committee

The Board has established an Audit Committee which consists of Mr Gregson (Chairman) and Mr Howard-Spink. Both members of the Audit Committee served throughout the year and are considered by the Board to be independent of the Investment Manager. It is considered that each of the members of the Audit Committee has recent and relevant financial experience.

The Audit Committee, which met twice during the year, operates within clearly defined terms of reference. The Committee provides a forum through which the Company's external auditors report to the Board. The main work and responsibilities of the Audit Committee include monitoring the integrity of the Company's financial statements and appropriateness of its accounting policies. It also reviews the internal control systems and the risks to which the Company is exposed. The Audit Committee makes recommendations to the Board regarding the appointment and independence of the external auditor, Ernst & Young LLP and the objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process. Details of the amounts payable to the external auditors during the year under review, for audit and other services are set out in note 4 on page 41. In addition to auditing the annual financial report, Ernst & Young LLP also performed certain agreed upon review procedures in respect of the half year report. These procedures are considered to be a non-audit service.

The Audit Committee monitors the integrity of the financial statements and effectiveness of reporting procedures at its meetings to consider the Company's Annual Report & Accounts and Half Year Statements. It also reviews any public announcements, other than the monthly Net Asset Value Statements, giving details of financial performance prior to release.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the Company's website.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

*continued**Other Matters*

In common with many investment trusts, the Company does not have a whistle-blowing policy. The main functions of the Company are delegated to third parties and the Audit Committee believes that it is appropriate to rely on the whistle-blowing policies operated by those third parties.

The Company does not have any employees and its day-to-day operations are delegated to third parties. The Board has determined that, in view of these circumstances, there is no need for the Company to have an internal audit function. The Directors annually review whether a function equivalent to internal audit is needed and will continue to monitor its systems of internal controls in order to provide assurance that they operate as intended.

Board attendance

Attendance at the Board and Audit Committee meetings held during the financial year is shown below.

	Board meetings	Audit Committee meetings
No of meetings	4	2
John Duffield	4	N/A
Marcus Gregson	4	2
Geoffrey Howard-Spink	4	2

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION

The Company

The performance of the Company is considered in detail at each Board meeting.

The Board

The Board has formulated a periodic process to evaluate its own performance and that of its Chairman. This usually takes the form of a questionnaire followed by a discussion to identify the effectiveness of the Board, the Audit Committee and the individual Directors. The evaluation process undertaken in respect of the year ended 30th June 2012 concluded that the current Directors contributed effectively and that they had the skills and necessary experience for the Board to fulfil its responsibilities.

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board has overall responsibility for the establishment of the Company's systems of internal control and for reviewing their effectiveness. Internal control systems are designed to meet the particular requirements of the Company and to manage rather than eliminate the risks of failure to achieve its objectives. The systems by their very nature provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control systems including the financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management processes for the period since 1st July 2011.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

The key procedures which have been established with a view to providing effective internal control are as follows

- Throughout the year under review, there has been an ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks faced by the Company. This process accords with the guidance in the document "Internal Control Guidance for Directors on the Combined Code". This process is reviewed on a regular basis by the whole board in accordance with the Turnbull guidance. The process involves reports from the Company Secretary and Investment Manager on risk control and compliance, in conjunction with the Investment Manager's regular report which covers investment performance and compliance issues. In addition, the Company Secretary or Investment Manager report on the internal control environment at the Company's third party service providers. Internal control statements from the third party service providers are made available to the Audit Committee.
- The duties of investment management, accounting and custody of assets are segregated, the procedures of the individual parties are designed to complement one another.
- Investment management is performed by Brompton. The board is responsible for setting the overall investment policy and monitors the activity of the Investment Manager at regular board meetings. The responsibilities of the Investment Manager are included in the Investment Management Agreement between the Company and Brompton. Brompton is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority.
- Custody of assets is undertaken by Brown Brothers Harriman & Co.
- Administration, accounting and company secretarial duties are performed by Phoenix Administration Services Limited.
- Authorisation and exposure limits are set by the board.
- The Company clearly defines the duties and responsibilities of its agents through their contracts. The appointment of agents and advisers is conducted by the Board after consideration of the quality of parties involved, the Board monitors their ongoing performance and contractual arrangements. The Board reviews financial information produced by the Investment Manager and the Company Secretary on a regular basis.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND RELATIONSHIP WITH INVESTMENT MANAGER

The Statement of Directors' Responsibilities in respect of the accounts is set out on page 28. The responsibilities of the independent auditor are set out on pages 29 and 30. The Directors' Report states that the business is a going concern on page 14.

The Board has delegated contractually to external agents, including the Investment Manager, the management of the investment portfolio, the custodial service (which includes the safeguarding of assets), the day to day accounting, company secretarial and administration requirements and the registration services. Each of these contracts was entered into after full and proper consideration by the Board of the quality and cost of the services offered. The Board receives regular reports from the Investment Manager and ad hoc reports and information are supplied as required.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

STEWARDSHIP

The Board has delegated the voting of investee company shares to the Investment Manager. The Board is also conscious that the majority of its investments are in funds and its holdings in quoted companies do not constitute positions of significant influence. If there are material concerns over proposals by investee companies the most likely approach would be to dispose of that investment.

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHAREHOLDERS

Share capital

The Company's share capital comprises 305,000,000 Ordinary shares of 1p each (2011 305,000,000), of which 71,023,695 (2011 71,023,695) are issued and fully paid. No shares are held in treasury (2011 nil). The Company did not issue or repurchase any shares during the year or up to the date of this report.

There are no restrictions on the transfer of the Company's shares other than a) transfers by Directors and Persons Discharging Managerial Responsibilities and their connected persons during prohibited periods under the rules of the UK Listing Authority or which may constitute insider dealing, b) transfers for more than one class of share, c) transfers to more than 4 joint transferees and d) transfers of shares which are not fully paid up or on which the Company has a lien provided that such would not prohibit dealings taking place on an open and proper basis.

The Company is not aware of any arrangements between shareholders or between the Company and any shareholders which restrict the transfer of shares or which would take effect or terminate in the event of a change of control of the Company.

The voting rights of the Ordinary shares on a poll are one vote for every share held. Accordingly there were 71,023,695 voting rights held throughout the year.

Substantial share interests

At 30th June 2012 and 13th September 2012, the Company was aware of the following interests which represent 3% or more of the voting rights in the Company.

Shareholder	% of voting rights 30th June 2012	% of voting rights 13th September 2012
J L Duffield	59.14	59.14
Clients of Jupiter Asset Management Ltd*	11.02	10.97
M R L Astor	3.94	3.94
Armstrong Investments	2.37	3.21

* excluding any shareholders disclosed individually

Relations with shareholders

The Board and Investment Manager are available for dialogue with shareholders. The prime medium by which the Company communicates with its shareholders is through the Half Year Report and Annual Financial Report which aim to provide shareholders with a clear understanding of the Company's activities and its results.

All shareholders will have the opportunity to attend and vote at the AGM during which the Directors and Investment Manager will be available to answer questions regarding the Company. The Company will generally seek to provide twenty working days notice of the AGM.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

The Notice of Meeting sets out the business of the Annual General Meeting and any item not of an entirely routine nature is explained in the Directors' Report or, if applicable, the Notice of Meeting. Separate resolutions are proposed for each substantive issue. The Company reports to shareholders twice a year by way of the Half Year Report and Annual Financial Report. The Company's Annual Financial Report, Half Year Report and Interim Management Statements are also published on the Company's website at www.nsitplc.com. In addition, net asset values are published on a monthly basis.

SUBSIDIARY

The Company owns the whole of the issued share capital (£1) of JIT Securities Limited, an investment company registered in England and Wales.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Ernst & Young LLP have indicated their willingness to remain in office. Accordingly a resolution proposing the re-appointment of Ernst & Young LLP, and to authorise the Directors to determine their remuneration, will be put to shareholders at the forthcoming AGM.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT AS TO THE DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITORS

The Directors who were members of the board at the time of approving this Report are listed on page 4. Each of those Directors confirms that

- to the best of his knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of the Report and Accounts of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

AGM

The annual general meeting will be held on Thursday, 8th November 2012 at 11.00 a.m. The notice of meeting can be found on pages 58 to 60.

SPECIAL BUSINESS AT THE AGM

At the forthcoming annual general meeting, in addition to the Ordinary business to be transacted, Resolutions will be proposed on the following:

Resolution 7 is proposed as an Ordinary Resolution to provide a general and unconditional authority for the Directors to allot shares. Shares cannot be allotted by a company unless this general authority has been obtained. The authority can be sought for up to 5 years but is sought annually. Resolution 7 is proposed to renew the authority to issue shares for the period to the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting or, if earlier, fifteen months after the passing of the resolution. The Directors currently do not have any plans to exercise the authority granted under this Resolution.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

continued

Resolutions 8 to 11 are proposed as Special Resolutions

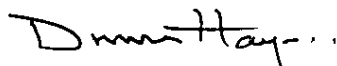
Resolution 8 would enable the Company to allot a limited number of equity securities outside of pre-emption rights. The Directors again do not currently have any plans to exercise the authority under this Resolution, but consider it to be in the Company's interest for the Directors to have it available in case circumstances arose where the Directors believe it is in the interests of the Company to exercise it without the delay and cost of calling a separate general meeting to authorise it.

Resolution 9 seeks to renew the existing authority for the Company to make market purchases of the Company's Ordinary shares. The authority is limited to 10,646,450 Ordinary shares representing approximately 14.99% of the current issued Ordinary share capital. The Directors have not as yet effected any market purchases but feel it is important to have the ability to do so, and would only do so if they considered it would result in an increase in the net asset value per Ordinary share without taking undue risks. Any Ordinary shares bought back would be cancelled or held in treasury at the discretion of the Directors. Shareholders authorised a similar resolution at the 2011 AGM.

Resolution 10 would enable the Directors to re-issue Ordinary shares held in treasury provided they were not re-issued at a price below the latest published net asset value prior to re-issue.

Resolution 11 would enable the Directors to call general meetings, other than an annual general meeting, at not less than 14 clear days notice rather than 21 days. Ordinarily the Directors would expect to give the full notice period but circumstances might arise where it would be desirable to call a meeting on shorter notice and this Resolution would provide that flexibility.

The Directors strongly recommend that shareholders vote in favour of all Resolutions being put to the annual general meeting, as they themselves intend to vote in respect of their own beneficial shareholdings totalling 42,013,223, being approximately 59.1% of the Ordinary share capital in issue at the date of this report.



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Phoenix Administration Services Limited
Secretary
10th September 2012

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT

The Directors are pleased to present their report on remuneration which is prepared in accordance with the requirements of section 420 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Act"). The report also meets the relevant requirements of the Listing Rules of the Financial Services Authority and describes how the board has applied the principles relating to directors' remuneration in the Combined Code. An ordinary resolution to receive this report will be put to members of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

The Act requires the Auditors to report to the Company's members on certain parts of the Directors' Remuneration Report and to state whether in their opinion those parts of the report have been properly prepared in accordance with the Act. Where information set out below has been audited, it is clearly indicated. The Auditor's opinion is included within the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 29 and 30.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company has three non-executive directors. The Board as a whole fulfils the function of a Remuneration Committee. The Board has appointed the Company Secretary to provide advice when the Directors consider the level of Directors' fees.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' FEES

The Board's policy is that the remuneration of non-executive Directors should reflect the experience of the Board as a whole, be fair and comparable to that of other investment trusts that have a similar capital structure (ordinary shares), and have a similar investment objective (long-term capital growth). It is intended that this policy will continue for the year ending 30th June 2013.

The fees for the non-executive Directors are determined within the limits set out in the Company's Articles of Association. The Chairman receives a fee of £20,000 p a , whilst the other Directors receive fees of £15,000 p a . It is the Company's policy that no Director shall be entitled to any benefits in kind, share options, long-term incentives, pensions or other retirement benefits or compensation for loss of office. It is considered that no part of the Directors' remuneration should be performance related in the light of their non-executive status. Directors are entitled to claim expenses in respect of duties undertaken in connection with the management of the Company.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

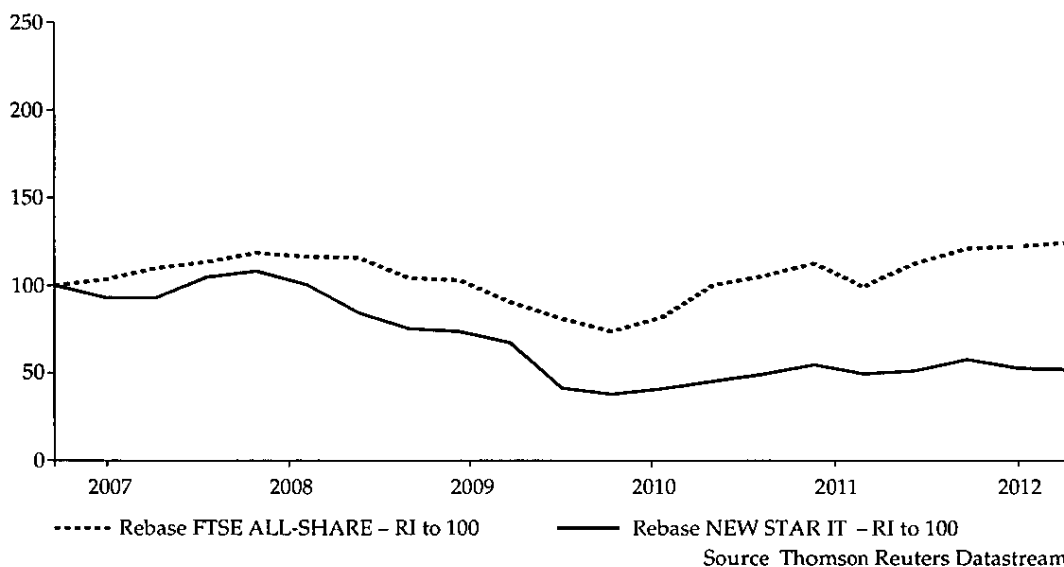
It is the Board's policy that none of the Directors has a service contract. Each Director shall retire and be subject to election at the first Annual General Meeting after his appointment, and be subject to re-election at least every three years after that. Any Director may be removed without notice and compensation will not be due on leaving office. Directors who are not considered by the board to be independent and those who have served on the board for nine years or more are required to stand for re-election annually.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT

continued

YOUR COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE

The graph below compares the share price total return (assuming all dividends are reinvested) over the last five years with the FTSE All-Share Index (total return) which is one of the Company's benchmark indices. The data has been rebased to 100 on 30th June 2007.



DIRECTORS FEES (AUDITED)

The Directors who served during the year received the following emoluments in the form of fees

	2012	2011
	£	£
J L Duffield	15,000	15,000
M J Gregson	15,000	15,000
G Howard-Spink (Chairman)	20,000	20,000
Total	<u>50,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
 Geoffrey Howard-Spink
 Chairman
 10th September 2012

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the Group financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and those International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the European Union

Under Company Law, the directors must not approve the Group financial statements unless they are satisfied that they present fairly the financial position of the Group and the financial performance and cash flows of the Group for that period. In preparing those Group financial statements the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies in accordance with IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors and apply them consistently,
- present information, including accounting policies, in a manner that provides relevant, reliable, comparable and understandable information,
- provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements in IFRSs is insufficient to enable users to understand the impact of particular transactions, other events and conditions on the Group's financial position and financial performance,
- state that the Group has complied with IFRSs, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare a Directors' Report and Directors' Remuneration Report which comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006 and Article 4 of the IAS Regulation. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included in the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

STATEMENT UNDER DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY RULE 41.12

The Directors of the Company each confirm to the best of their knowledge that

- (a) the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the Group, and
- (b) this Annual Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company and the Group, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties they face



For and on behalf of the Board of Directors
Phoenix Administration Services Limited
Secretary

10th September 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

We have audited the financial statements of New Star Investment Trust PLC for the year ended 30th June 2012 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated and Company Statements of Changes in Equity, the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets, the Consolidated and Company Cash Flow Statements, and the related notes 1 to 20. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and, as regards the parent company financial statements, as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 28, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and the parent company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Report and Accounts to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 30th June 2012 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended,
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union,
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, and

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

continued

- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and, as regards the group financial statements, Article 4 of the IAS Regulations

OPINION ON OTHER MATTERS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion

- the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited has been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

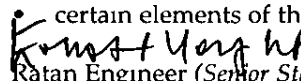
We have nothing to report in respect of the following

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements and the part of the Directors' Remuneration Report to be audited are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Under the Listing Rules we are required to review

- the directors' statement, set out on page 14, in relation to going concern,
- the part of the Corporate Governance Statement relating to the Company's compliance with the nine provisions of the UK Corporate Governance Code specified for our review, and
- certain elements of the report to shareholders by the Board on directors' remuneration


Ratan Engineer (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor
London
10th September 2012

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30th June 2012

	Notes	Year ended 30th June 2012			Year ended 30th June 2011		
		Revenue Return £'000	Capital Return £'000	Total £'000	Revenue Return £'000	Capital Return £'000	Total £'000
INVESTMENT INCOME	2	468	–	468	391	–	391
Other operating income	2	17	–	17	11	–	11
		<u>485</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>485</u>	<u>402</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>402</u>
GAINS AND LOSSES ON INVESTMENTS							
Losses/gains on investments at fair value through profit or loss	9	–	(7,824)	(7,824)	–	8,388	8,388
Other exchange gains/(losses)		–	65	65	–	(414)	(414)
Trail commission		–	141	141	–	92	92
		<u>485</u>	<u>(7,618)</u>	<u>(7,133)</u>	<u>402</u>	<u>8,066</u>	<u>8,468</u>
EXPENSES							
Management fees	3	(513)	–	(513)	(552)	–	(552)
VAT Recovery		35	–	35	–	–	–
Other expenses	4	(249)	–	(249)	(270)	–	(270)
		<u>(727)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(727)</u>	<u>(822)</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>(822)</u>
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COSTS AND TAX		(242)	(7,618)	(7,860)	(420)	8,066	7,646
Finance costs		–	–	–	–	–	–
(LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX		(242)	(7,618)	(7,860)	(420)	8,066	7,646
Tax	5	164	279	443	147	(281)	(134)
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		<u>(78)</u>	<u>(7,339)</u>	<u>(7,417)</u>	<u>(273)</u>	<u>7,785</u>	<u>7,512</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE							
Ordinary shares (pence)	7	<u>(0 11)</u>	<u>(10 33)</u>	<u>(10 44)</u>	<u>(0 38)</u>	<u>10 96</u>	<u>10 58</u>

The total column of this statement represents the Group's profit and loss account, prepared in accordance with IFRS. The supplementary Revenue Return and Capital Return columns are both prepared under guidance published by the Association of Investment Companies. All revenue and capital items in the above statement derive from continuing operations.

The Company did not have any income or expense that was not included in 'profit for the year'. Accordingly, the 'profit for the year' is also the 'Total comprehensive income for the year', as defined in IAS1 (revised) and no separate Statement of Other Comprehensive Income has been presented.

No operations were acquired or discontinued during the year.

All income is attributable to the equity holders of the parent company. There are no minority interests.

The Notes on pages 37 to 57 form an integral part of these Accounts.

NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30th June 2012

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Special reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
AT 30TH JUNE 2011	710	21,573	56,908	(3,707)	75,484
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(7,417)	(7,417)
AT 30TH JUNE 2012	<u>710</u>	<u>21,573</u>	<u>56,908</u>	<u>(11,124)</u>	<u>68,067</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30th June 2011

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Special reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
AT 30TH JUNE 2010	710	21,573	56,908	(11,219)	67,972
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	7,512	7,512
AT 30TH JUNE 2011	<u>710</u>	<u>21,573</u>	<u>56,908</u>	<u>(3,707)</u>	<u>75,484</u>

The Notes on pages 37 to 57 form an integral part of these Accounts

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30th June 2012

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Special reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
AT 30TH JUNE 2011	710	21,573	56,908	(4,206)	74,985
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(7,417)	(7,417)
AT 30TH JUNE 2012	<u>710</u>	<u>21,573</u>	<u>56,908</u>	<u>(11,623)</u>	<u>67,568</u>

COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

for the year ended 30th June 2011

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Special reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total £'000
AT 30TH JUNE 2010	710	21,573	56,908	(11,715)	67,476
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	7,509	7,509
AT 30TH JUNE 2011	<u>710</u>	<u>21,573</u>	<u>56,908</u>	<u>(4,206)</u>	<u>74,985</u>

The Notes on pages 37 to 57 form an integral part of these Accounts

NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

at 30th June 2012

	Notes	30th June 2012 £'000	30th June 2011 £'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	9	51,140	60,692
CURRENT ASSETS			
Other receivables	11	127	61
Cash and cash equivalents	12	17,181	15,495
		<u>17,308</u>	<u>15,556</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		68,448	76,248
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payables	13	(232)	(221)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		68,216	76,027
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liability	5	(149)	(543)
NET ASSETS		68,067	75,484
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS			
Called-up share capital	14	710	710
Share premium	15	21,573	21,573
Special reserve	15	56,908	56,908
Retained earnings	15	(11,124)	(3,707)
TOTAL EQUITY		68,067	75,484
NET ASSET VALUE PER ORDINARY SHARE (Pence)	16	95 84	106 28

These Accounts were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 10th September 2012

Geoffrey Howard-Spink
Chairman
New Star Investment Trust Plc
Registered in England & Wales No 3969011



The Notes on pages 37 to 57 form an integral part of these Accounts

NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET

at 30th June 2012

	Notes	30th June 2012 £'000	30th June 2011 £'000
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	9	<u>51,140</u>	<u>60,692</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Other receivables	11	1,041	975
Cash and cash equivalents	12	<u>15,768</u>	<u>14,082</u>
		<u>16,809</u>	<u>15,057</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		67,949	75,749
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Other payables	13	<u>(232)</u>	<u>(221)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		67,717	75,528
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Deferred tax liability	5	<u>(149)</u>	<u>(543)</u>
NET ASSETS		67,568	74,985
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS			
Called-up share capital	14	710	710
Share premium	15	21,573	21,573
Special reserve	15	56,908	56,908
Retained earnings	15	<u>(11,623)</u>	<u>(4,206)</u>
TOTAL EQUITY		67,568	74,985

These Accounts were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 10th September 2011

Geoffrey Howard-Spink
Chairman
New Star Investment Trust Plc
Registered in England & Wales No 3969011



The Notes on pages 37 to 57 form an integral part of these Accounts

NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

CASH FLOW STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

	Note	Year ended 30th June 2012 Group £'000	Year ended 30th June 2012 Company £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 Group £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 Company £'000
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(107)	(108)	(361)	(390)
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM SERVICING OF FINANCE		-	-	-	-
FINANCIAL INVESTMENT					
Purchase of Investments		(5,415)	(5,415)	(8,247)	(8,247)
Sale of Investments		7,143	7,143	4,845	4,845
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) FROM FINANCIAL INVESTMENT		1,728	1,728	(3,402)	(3,402)
EQUITY DIVIDENDS PAID		-	-	-	-
NET CASH INFLOW/(OUTFLOW) BEFORE FINANCING		1,621	1,620	(3,763)	(3,792)
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH		1,621	1,620	(3,763)	(3,792)
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET FUNDS					
Increase/(decrease) in cash resulting from cash flows		1,621	1,620	(3,763)	(3,792)
Exchange movements		65	66	(414)	(415)
Movement in net funds		1,686	1,686	(4,177)	(4,207)
Net funds at 1st July		15,495	14,082	19,672	18,289
NET FUNDS AT END OF YEAR	17	17,181	15,768	15,495	14,082
RECONCILIATION OF (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE FINANCE COSTS AND TAXATION TO NET CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
(Loss)/profit before finance costs and taxation		(7,860)	(7,860)	7,646	7,643
(Losses)/gains on investments		7,824	7,824	(8,388)	(8,388)
Exchange differences		(65)	(66)	414	415
Capital trail rebates		(141)	(141)	(92)	(92)
Net revenue loss before finance costs and taxation		(242)	(243)	(420)	(422)
Decrease/(increase) in debtors		14	14	(20)	(20)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors		11	11	(9)	(9)
Taxation		(31)	(31)	(4)	(31)
Capital trail rebates		141	141	92	92
NET CASH OUTFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(107)	(108)	(361)	(390)

The Notes on pages 37 to 57 form an integral part of these Accounts

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

1 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') These comprise standards and interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB'), together with interpretations of the International Accounting Standards and Standing Interpretations Committee ('IASC') that remain in effect, and to the extent that they have been adopted by the European Union

These financial statements are presented in pounds sterling, the Group's functional currency, being the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Group operates, rounded to the nearest thousand

- (a) *Basis of preparation* The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below

Where presentational guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice ('SORP') for investment trusts issued by the Association of Investment Companies ('AIC') in January 2009 is consistent with the requirements of IFRS, the Directors have sought to prepare the financial statements on a basis compliant with the recommendations of the SORP

- (b) *Basis of consolidation* The Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and Balance Sheet include the Accounts of the Company and its subsidiary made up to 30th June 2012 No Statement of Comprehensive Income is presented for the parent company as permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006

- (c) *Presentation of Statement of Comprehensive Income* In order to better reflect the activities of an investment trust company and in accordance with guidance issued by the AIC, supplementary information which analyses the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income between items of a revenue and capital nature has been presented alongside the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, net capital returns may not be distributed by way of a dividend Additionally, the net revenue is the measure the Directors believe is appropriate in assessing the Group's compliance with certain requirements set out in section 1159 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010

- (d) *Use of estimates* The preparation of financial statements requires the Group to make estimates and assumptions that affect items reported in the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets and Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial instruments Although these estimates are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current facts, circumstances and, to some extent, future events and actions, the Group's actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates, possibly significantly
- (e) *Revenue* Dividends and other such distributions from investments are credited to the revenue column of the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income on the day in which they are quoted ex-dividend Interest on fixed interest securities and deposits is accounted for on an effective yield basis Where the Company has elected to receive its dividends in the form of additional shares rather than in cash, the amount of the cash dividend is recognised as income, and any excess in the value of the shares received over the amount recognised is credited to the capital reserve Deposit interest and capital trail rebates are taken into account on a receipts basis

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

continued

- (f) *Expenses* Expenses are accounted for on an accruals basis. Management fees, administration and other expenses, with the exception of transaction charges, are charged to the revenue column of the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income. Transaction charges are charged to the capital column of the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

- (g) *Investments held at fair value* Purchases and sales of investments are recognised and derecognised on the trade date where a purchase or sale is under a contract whose terms require delivery within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value.

All investments are classified as held at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition and are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value, which is either the bid price or the last traded price, depending on the convention of the exchange on which the investment is quoted. Investments in units of unit trusts or shares in OEICs are valued at the closing bid price released by the relevant investment manager. Unquoted investments are valued by the Directors at the balance sheet date based on recognised valuation methodologies, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital ('IPEVC') Valuation Guidelines such as dealing prices or third party valuations where available, net asset values and other information as appropriate.

The Company's investment in its subsidiary company, JIT Securities Limited, is valued at net asset value in the Company's Balance Sheet.

- (h) *Taxation* The charge for taxation is based on taxable income for the year. Withholding tax deducted from income received is treated as part of the taxation charge against income. Taxation deferred or accelerated can arise due to temporary differences between the treatment of certain items for accounting and taxation purposes. Full provision is made for deferred taxation under the liability method on all temporary differences not reversed by the Balance Sheet date.

- (i) *Foreign currency* Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Foreign currency transactions are translated at the rates of exchange applicable at the transaction date. Foreign currency differences including exchange gains and losses are dealt with in the capital reserve.

- (j) *Capital reserve* The following are accounted for in this reserve:

- gains and losses on the realisation of investments together with the related taxation effect,
- foreign exchange gains and losses on capital transactions, including those on settlement, together with the related taxation effect,
- revaluation gains and losses on investments, and
- trail rebates received from the managers of the Company's investments.

The capital reserve is not available for the payment of dividends.

- (k) *Special reserve* The special reserve can be used to finance the redemption and/or purchase of shares in issue.

- (l) *Cash and cash equivalents* Cash and cash equivalents comprise current deposits, overdrafts with banks and bank loans. Cash and cash equivalents may be held for the purpose of either asset allocation or managing liquidity.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

continued

- (m) *Dividends payable* Dividends are recognised from the date on which they are irrevocably committed to payment
- (n) *Segmental Reporting* The Directors consider that the Group is engaged in a single segment of business with the primary objective of investing in securities to generate long-term capital growth for its shareholders. Consequently no business segmental analysis is provided
- (o) *Accounting developments* At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following Standards which have not been applied in these financial statements were in issue but were not yet effective (and in some cases had not yet been adopted by the European Union)

	Accounting periods beginning on or after
IAS 1 Financial statements presentation – Presentation of items of other comprehensive income	1st July 2012
IAS 27 Reissued as IAS 27 Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements (as amended in 2011)	1st January 2013
IFRS 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures – Enhanced Derecognition Disclosure Requirements	1st July 2011
IFRS 9 Financial Instruments Classification & Measurement	1st January 2013
IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements	1st January 2013
IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements	1st January 2013
IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	1st January 2013
IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement	1st January 2013

The Directors are considering what impact, if any, the adoption of these standards/interpretations in future periods will have. Currently they do not believe that there will be a material impact on the 2013 consolidated financial statements

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***2 INVESTMENT INCOME**

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS		
UK net dividend income	310	120
Unfranked investment income	158	271
	<u>468</u>	<u>391</u>
OTHER OPERATING INCOME		
Bank interest receivable	10	11
VAT reclaim interest received from HMRC	7	–
	<u>17</u>	<u>11</u>
TOTAL INCOME COMPRISES		
Dividends	468	391
Other income	17	11
	<u>485</u>	<u>402</u>

3 MANAGEMENT FEES

	Year ended 30th June 2012			Year ended 30th June 2011		
	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
Investment management fee	513	–	513	552	–	552
Performance fee	–	–	–	–	–	–
	<u>513</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>513</u>	<u>552</u>	<u>–</u>	<u>552</u>

At 30th June 2012 there were amounts outstanding of £126,000 (2011 £139,000) for investment management fees

A summary of the terms of the investment management agreement may be found in the Directors' Report on page 15

£35,000 of VAT paid on management fees in past years was recovered during the year (2011 £nil)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***4 OTHER EXPENSES**

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
Legal fees	7	26
Directors' remuneration	50	50
Administrative and secretarial fee	96	95
Auditors' remuneration		
– Audit	26	26
– Other	16	16
Other	54	57
	<u>249</u>	<u>270</u>
Allocated to		
– Revenue	249	270
– Capital	–	–
	<u>249</u>	<u>270</u>

5 TAXATION**(a) Analysis of tax charge for the year**

	Year ended 30th June 2012			Year ended 30th June 2011		
	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000	Revenue £'000	Capital £'000	Total £'000
UK corporation tax	–	–	–	–	–	–
Overseas tax	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tax relief to income	(115)	115	–	(178)	178	–
Irrecoverable income tax	–	–	–	49	–	49
Prior year adjustment	(49)	–	(49)	(18)	–	(18)
Total current tax for the year	<u>(164)</u>	<u>115</u>	<u>(49)</u>	<u>(147)</u>	<u>178</u>	<u>31</u>
Deferred tax	–	(394)	(394)	–	103	103
Total tax for the year (note 5b)	<u>(164)</u>	<u>(279)</u>	<u>(443)</u>	<u>(147)</u>	<u>281</u>	<u>134</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued*

5 TAXATION CONTINUED

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the (loss)/profit per the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income as follows

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(7,860)	7,646
Theoretical tax at the UK corporation tax rate of 25.5%* (2011 27.5%)	(2,004)	2,103
Effects of		
Non-taxable UK dividend income	(79)	(33)
Gains and losses on investments that are not taxable	1,801	(2,085)
Movement in unrealised gains on non-qualifying offshore funds	(394)	103
Irrecoverable income tax	–	49
Overseas dividends which are not taxable	–	(8)
Excess expenses not utilised	–	23
Prior year adjustment	49	(18)
Total tax for the year	(443)	134

* Under the Finance Act 2011, the rate of Corporation Tax was lowered to 24% from 26% on 1st April 2012. An average rate of 25.5% was applicable for the year ended 30th June 2012.

Due to the Company's tax status as an investment trust and the intention to continue meeting the conditions required to obtain approval of such status in the foreseeable future, the Company has not provided tax on any capital gains arising on the revaluation or disposal of the majority of investments.

(c) Provision for deferred tax

	Group and Company	
	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
Provision at start of year	543	440
Deferred tax charge for the year	(394)	103
Provision at end of year	149	543

The deferred tax credit of £394,000 (2011 charge of £103,000) in the capital account of the Company relates to unrealised gains on non-reporting offshore funds. There is no deferred tax charge in the revenue account (2011 nil) relating to the reversal of the prior year tax charge on income taxable in the subsequent accounting period.

There is no unrecognised deferred tax asset (2011 nil) as a result of excess expenses.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***6 COMPANY RETURN FOR THE YEAR**

The Company's total return for the year was £(7,417,000) (2011 £7,509,000)

7 RETURN PER ORDINARY SHARE

Total return per Ordinary share is based on the Group total return on ordinary activities after taxation of £(7,417,000) (2011 £7,512,000) and on 71,023,695 (2011 71,023,695) Ordinary shares, being the weighted average number of Ordinary shares in issue during the year

Revenue return per Ordinary share is based on the Group revenue loss on ordinary activities after taxation of £78,000 (2011 £(273,000)) and on 71,023,695 (2011 71,023,695) Ordinary shares, being the weighted average number of Ordinary shares in issue during the year

Capital return per Ordinary share is based on net capital losses for the year of £7,339,000 (2011 capital gains of £7,785,000) and on 71,023,695 (2011 71,023,695) Ordinary shares, being the weighted average number of Ordinary shares in issue during the year

8 DIVIDENDS ON EQUITY SHARES

Amounts recognised as distributions in the year

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
Dividends paid for the year ended 30th June 2012 nil (2011 nil) per share	-	-

The total dividend payable in respect of the financial year, which is the basis on which the requirements of section 1159 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 are considered, is set out below

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
Final dividend for the year ended 30th June 2012 nil (2011 nil)	-	-
Revenue available for distribution by way of dividend	(79)	(275)

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 30th June 2012 (2011 nil)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

continued

9 INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

INVESTMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000	
GROUP AND COMPANY	51,140	60,692	
ANALYSIS OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO – GROUP AND COMPANY			
	Listed* £'000	Unlisted £'000	Total £'000
Opening book cost	44,435	5,093	49,528
Opening investment holding gains/(losses)	13,416	(2,252)	11,164
Opening valuation	57,851	2,841	60,692
Movement in period			
Purchases at cost	5,415	–	5,415
Sales			
– Proceeds	(6,938)	(205)	(7,143)
– Realised gains on sales	2,136	55	2,191
Investment holding losses	(9,512)	(503)	(10,015)
Closing valuation	48,952	2,188	51,140
Closing book cost	45,048	4,943	49,991
Closing investment holding gains/(losses)	3,904	(2,755)	1,149
Closing valuation	48,952	2,188	51,140

* Listed investments include unit trust and OEIC funds

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
ANALYSIS OF CAPITAL GAINS AND LOSSES		
Realised gains/(losses) on sales of investments	2,191	(5,349)
Increase in investment holding (losses)/gains	(10,015)	13,737
	(7,824)	8,388

Transaction costs

The purchases and sales proceeds figures above include transaction costs on purchases of £nil (2011 £3,000) and on sales of £nil (2011 £3,000)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***10 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKING**

The Company owns the whole of the issued share capital (£1) of JIT Securities Limited, an investment company registered in England and Wales

The financial results of the subsidiary are summarised as follows

	Year ended 30th June 2012 £'000	Year ended 30th June 2011 £'000
Net assets brought forward	499	496
Profit for year	–	3
NET ASSETS CARRIED FORWARD	499	499

11 OTHER RECEIVABLES

	30th June 2012 Group £'000	30th June 2012 Company £'000	30th June 2011 Group £'000	30th June 2011 Company £'000
Prepayments and accrued income	47	47	61	61
Taxation	80	80	–	–
Amounts owed by subsidiary undertakings	–	914	–	914
	127	1,041	61	975

12 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30th June 2012 Group £'000	30th June 2012 Company £'000	30th June 2011 Group £'000	30th June 2011 Company £'000
Cash at bank	17,181	15,768	15,495	14,082

13 OTHER PAYABLES

	30th June 2012 Group £'000	30th June 2012 Company £'000	30th June 2011 Group £'000	30th June 2011 Company £'000
Accruals	232	232	221	221

NEW STAR INVESTMENT TRUST PLC

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

continued

14 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	30th June 2012 £'000	30th June 2011 £'000
Authorised 305,000,000 (2011 305,000,000) Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	3,050	3,050
Issued and fully paid 71,023,695 (2011 71,023,695) Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	710	710

15 RESERVES

	Share premium account £'000	Special reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000
GROUP			
At 30th June 2011	21,573	56,908	(3,707)
Decrease in investment holding gains	-	-	(10,015)
Net gains on realisation of investments	-	-	2,191
Gains on foreign currency	-	-	65
Trail rebates	-	-	141
Deferred tax charge in capital	-	-	394
Tax relief to income from capital	-	-	(115)
Retained revenue loss for year	-	-	(78)
At 30th June 2012	21,573	56,908	(11,124)

	Share premium account £'000	Special reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000
COMPANY			
At 30th June 2011	21,573	56,908	(4,206)
Decrease in investment holding gains	-	-	(10,015)
Net gains on realisation of investments	-	-	2,191
Gains on foreign currency	-	-	66
Trail rebates	-	-	141
Deferred tax charge in capital	-	-	394
Tax relief to income from capital	-	-	(115)
Retained revenue loss for year	-	-	(79)
At 30th June 2012	21,573	56,908	(11,623)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***15 RESERVES CONTINUED**

The components of retained earnings are set out below

	30th June 2012 £'000	30th June 2011 £'000
GROUP		
Capital reserve – realised	(12,040)	(14,791)
Capital reserve – revaluation	876	10,966
Revenue reserve	40	118
	<u>(11,124)</u>	<u>(3,707)</u>
COMPANY		
Capital reserve – realised	(12,392)	(15,144)
Capital reserve – revaluation	876	10,966
Revenue reserve	(107)	(28)
	<u>(11,623)</u>	<u>(4,206)</u>

16 NET ASSET VALUE PER ORDINARY SHARE

The net asset value per Ordinary share is calculated on net assets of £68,067,000 (2011 £75,484,000) and 71,023,695 (2011 71,023,695) Ordinary shares in issue at year end

17 ANALYSIS OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR

	At 1st July 2011 £'000	Cash flow	Exchange movement	At 30th June 2012 £'000
GROUP				
Cash at bank and on deposit	<u>15,495</u>	<u>1,621</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>17,181</u>
COMPANY				
Cash at bank and on deposit	<u>14,082</u>	<u>1,620</u>	<u>66</u>	<u>15,768</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

for the year ended 30th June 2012

continued

18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's investment objective is to produce long-term capital growth. The investment objective is implemented by allocating assets to global investment opportunities through investment in equity, bond, commodity, real estate, currency and other markets. The Group's assets are stated at fair value.

For listed securities, this represents bid prices, or for unit trusts and OEICs, the closing bid price released by the relevant investment manager.

Unquoted investments are valued by the Directors at the balance sheet date based on recognised valuation methodologies, in accordance with International Private Equity and Venture Capital ('IPEVC') Valuation guidelines such as dealing prices or third party valuations where available, net asset values and other information as appropriate.

The holding of securities, investing activities and associated financing undertaken pursuant to this objective involve certain inherent risks. Events may occur that would result in either a reduction in the Group's net assets or a reduction of potential revenue/profits available for dividend. As an investment trust, the Group invests in securities for the long-term. Accordingly it is, and has been throughout the year under review, the Group's policy that no short-term trading in investments or other financial instruments shall be undertaken.

The main financial instrument risks arising from the Group's pursuit of its investment objective are market risk (comprising price risk, currency risk, and interest rate risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Board has reviewed and agreed policies for managing each of these risks, which are unchanged from the previous year, and which are summarised below.

Note 18 (h) sets out a summary of the Group's financial assets and liabilities by category.

(a) Market Risk

The fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument held by the Group may fluctuate because of changes in market prices of investments held by the Group.

This market risk comprises three elements - currency risk (see note 18 (b)), interest rate risk (see note 18 (c)), and other price risk (see note 18 (d)). The Board reviews and agrees policies for managing these risks. The Group's Investment Manager assesses the exposure to market risk when making each investment decision, and monitors the overall level of market risk on the whole of the investment portfolio on an ongoing basis.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued*

18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED

(b) Currency Risk

A proportion of the Group's portfolio is invested in investments denominated in a foreign currency and movements in exchange rates can significantly affect their Sterling value

Management of the risk

The Investment Manager does not normally hedge against foreign currency movements affecting the value of the investment portfolio, but takes account of this risk when making investment decisions. In addition, the Directors may authorise the Investment Manager to hedge currency risk or increase it in appropriate circumstances

Foreign currency exposure

During the year under review, the Investment Manager did not enter into any forward currency contracts (2011 nil)

The fair values of the Group's monetary items that have foreign currency exposure at 30th June 2012 are shown below

	2012 US Dollars £'000	2012 Euros £'000	2012 Total £'000	2011 US Dollars £'000	2011 Euros £'000	2011 Total £'000
Investment at fair value through profit or loss	9,875	3,039	12,914	11,922	3,690	15,612
Cash at bank and short-term deposits	9,138	1,241	10,379	8,871	1,384	10,255
Other receivables	2	–	2	3	–	3
Total net foreign currency exposure	<u>19,015</u>	<u>4,280</u>	<u>23,295</u>	<u>20,796</u>	<u>5,074</u>	<u>25,870</u>

The above table represents the assets denominated/dealt in Dollars and Euros. Underlying currency exposure may be significantly greater.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued*

18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED

(b) Currency Risk *continued**Foreign currency sensitivity*

During the financial year sterling depreciated by 2.3% against the US dollar (2011 appreciated by 7.3%) and appreciated by 11.6% against the euro (2011 depreciated by 9.3%)

Applying a 10% change in rate to the exposures listed above would affect net assets and total return as follows

	2012 US Dollars £'000	2012 Euros £'000	2012 Total £'000	2011 US Dollars £'000	2011 Euros £'000	2011 Total £'000
If exchange rates appreciated by 10%	(1,729)	(389)	(2,118)	(1,891)	(461)	(2,352)
If exchange rates depreciated by 10%	2,112	476	2,588	2,310	564	2,874

It should be noted that the above illustration is based on the exposures noted above at the year end. Exposures may be subject to change during the year as a result of investment decisions.

(c) Interest Rate Risk

The Group will be affected by interest rate changes as it holds cash. The majority of the Group's investments are equity based and are not therefore subject to interest rate risk. However interest rate changes will have an impact on the valuation of equities, although this forms part of other price risk, which is considered separately below.

Management of the risk

The possible effects on fair value and cash flows that could arise as a result of changes in interest rates are taken into account when making investment decisions. The Group currently has no gearing.

The Group may from time to time hold significant cash balances. Short-term borrowings are used when required. Cash balances are invested in the market.

Derivative contracts are not used to hedge against the exposure to interest rate risk.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued*

18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED

(c) Interest Rate Risk *continued**Interest rate exposure*

The exposure, at 30th June, of financial assets and liabilities to interest rate risk is shown by reference to

- floating interest rates – when the rate is due to be re-set,
- fixed interest rates – when the financial instrument is due for repayment

	2012	2012	2012	2011	2011	2011
	In 1 year	Greater	Total	In 1 year	Greater	Total
	or less	than		or less	than	
	£'000	1 year	£'000	£'000	1 year	£'000
Exposure to floating interest rates						
Cash at bank	17,181	–	17,181	15,495	–	15,495
Exposure to fixed interest rates						
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	–	–	–	–	130	130
Total exposure to interest rates	17,181	–	17,181	15,495	130	15,625

The above year-end amounts are not representative of the exposure to interest rates during the year, since the level of cash held during the year will be affected by the strategy being followed in response to the Board's and Investment Manager's perception of the market prospects and the investment opportunities available at any particular time

Interest receivable and payable are at the following rates

- Interest received on cash balances, or paid on bank overdrafts is at a margin above or below LIBOR or its foreign currency equivalent (2011 same)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued*

18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED

(c) Interest Rate Risk *continued**Interest rate sensitivity*

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the profit after taxation for the year and equity to an increase or decrease of 50 (2011 50) basis points in interest rates in regard to the Group's monetary financial assets which are subject to interest rate risk

The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's monetary financial instruments held at each balance sheet date, with all other variables held constant

	Increase in rate 2012 £'000	Decrease in rate 2012 £'000	Increase in rate 2011 £'000	Decrease in rate 2011 £'000
Effect on total return to equity	86	(10)	77	(77)

(d) Other price risk

The Group's exposure to other price risk comprises mainly movements in the value of its equity related investments

A Schedule of the Twenty Largest Investments is given on page 10. Investments are valued in accordance with the Group's accounting policies. Uncertainty in valuations of the Group's investments arises as a result of future changes in the market prices of the Group's listed equity investments and its unit trust and OEIC investments, and the effect changes in exchange rates may have on the sterling value of the investments

Management of the risk

In order to manage this risk the Directors meet regularly with the Investment Manager to compare the performance of the portfolio against market indices. Given the Group's investment objective, the Group does not hedge against the effect of changes in the underlying prices of the investments

The Group had no derivative instruments at the year end, but, in the event that it had, the value of derivative instruments held at the balance sheet date would be determined by reference to their market value at that date

The unquoted investments are held at Directors' valuations. All valuations are reviewed by the Investment Manager, the Group's Audit Committee and subsequently recommended to the Board for review

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED****(d) Other price risk** *continued**Other price risk exposure*

The Group's exposure to other changes in market prices at 30th June on its quoted investments, which are all equities or equity related, was as follows

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Fixed asset quoted investments at fair value through profit or loss	48,952	57,851

The Group's exposure to other changes in prices at 30th June on its unquoted investments was as follows

	2011 £'000	2010 £'000
Fixed asset unquoted investments at fair value through profit or loss	2,188	2,841
Analysed as		
Equities	1,840	2,213
Fixed Interest	–	130
Loan	348	498
	2,188	2,841

Other price risk sensitivity

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the profit after taxation for the year and the equity to an increase or decrease of 10% in the fair values of the Group's investments. The sensitivity analysis is based on the Group's investments at each balance sheet date, with all other variables held constant

	Increase in fair value 2012 £'000	Decrease in fair value 2012 £'000	Increase in fair value 2011 £'000	Decrease in fair value 2011 £'000
Effect on total return and on net assets	5,114	(5,114)	6,069	(6,069)

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED****(e) Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the possibility of failure of the Group to realise sufficient assets to meet its financial liabilities, including outstanding commitments associated with financial instruments

The Group's assets mainly comprise securities which can be readily sold to meet future funding commitments, if necessary. Unlisted securities, which carry a higher degree of liquidity risk form only 3.3% (2011: 4.7%) of the investment portfolio

Management of the risk

The liquidity risk is managed by maintaining some cash or cash equivalent holdings in order to meet investment requirements and other liabilities as they fall due. At the year end the Group had liquid resources of £66.1 million (2011: £73.3 million)

This was made up of £17.2 million (2011: £15.5 million) of cash and money market instruments and £50.0 million (2011: £57.9 million) of listed investments

Liquidity risk exposure

A summary of the Group's financial liabilities is provided in note 18 (h). The Group has sufficient funds to meet these financial liabilities as they fall due

(f) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the exposure to loss from failure of a counterparty to deliver securities or cash for acquisitions or disposals of investments or to repay deposits

Management of the risk

Credit risk is managed as follows

- investment transactions are carried out with approved brokers, whose credit standard is reviewed periodically by the Investment Manager, and
- cash at bank is held only with an authorised list of banks, periodically reviewed by the Board

Credit risk exposure

The maximum exposure to credit risk at 30th June 2012 was £17,308,000 (2011: £15,556,000), comprising

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Accrued income	47	61
Tax recoverable	80	–
Cash and cash equivalents	17,181	15,495
	<u>17,308</u>	<u>15,556</u>

All of the above financial assets are current, their fair values are considered to be the same as the values shown and the likelihood of a material credit default is considered to be low

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued*

18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED

(g) Fair Values of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The Group's financial instruments are stated at their fair values at the year end. The fair value of listed shares and securities and unit trusts and OEICs is based on last traded market bid prices. The fair value of unlisted shares and securities is based on Directors' valuations as detailed in the accounting policies (note 1 (g)).

(h) Summary of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities by Category

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities, as recognised at the balance sheet date of the reporting periods under review, are categorised as follows

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
Fixed asset investments – designated as such on initial recognition	51,140	60,692
Loans and receivables		
Current assets		
Debtors (due from brokers, dividends receivable, accrued income and other debtors)	47	61
Tax recoverable	80	–
Cash and cash equivalents	17,181	15,495
	<u>68,448</u>	<u>76,248</u>
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
<i>Measured at amortised cost</i>		
<i>Creditors amounts falling due within one year</i>		
Accruals	232	221
<i>Creditors amounts falling due after one year</i>		
Creditors (deferred taxation)	149	543
	<u>381</u>	<u>764</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued*

18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED

(h) Summary of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities by Category *continued**Valuation of financial instruments*

The Company measures fair values using the following fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. Categorisation within the hierarchy has been determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the relevant assets as follows

- Level 1 – valued using quoted prices unadjusted in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 – valued by reference to valuation techniques using observable inputs for the asset or liability other than quoted prices included within Level 1
- Level 3 – valued by reference to valuation techniques using inputs that are not based on observable market data for the asset or liability

The tables below set out fair value measurements of financial instruments at the year-end, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorized

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS AT 30TH JUNE 2012

	Level 1 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Equities	48,952	1,840	50,792
Loan	–	348	348
	<u>48,952</u>	<u>2,188</u>	<u>51,140</u>

FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS AT 30TH JUNE 2011

	Level 1 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Equities	57,851	2,213	60,064
Fixed Interest	–	130	130
Loan	–	498	498
	<u>57,851</u>	<u>2,841</u>	<u>60,692</u>

The valuation techniques used by the Company are explained in the accounting policies on page 38. There have been no transfers during the year between Levels 1 and 2.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

*for the year ended 30th June 2012**continued***18 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS CONTINUED****(h) Summary of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities by Category** *continued*

A reconciliation of fair value measurements in Level 3 is set out below

LEVEL 3 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS AT 30TH JUNE

	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Opening fair value	2,841	1,870
Purchases at cost	–	1,425
Sales proceeds	(205)	–
Transfer from Level 2	–	104
Total gains or losses included in gains on investments in the Statement of Comprehensive Income		
– on sold assets	55	–
– on assets held at the end of the year	(503)	(558)
Closing fair value	<u>2,188</u>	<u>2,841</u>

Level 3 valuations comprise the unlisted investments held at Directors' valuation

(i) Capital Management

The Group and the Company's capital is as disclosed in the Balance Sheets and is managed on a basis consistent with its investment objective and policies, as disclosed in the Directors' Report on pages 12 and 13. The principal risks and their management are disclosed above.

19 RELATED PARTIES

Since 1st January 2010 Brompton has acted as Investment Manager to the Company. This relationship is governed by an agreement dated 23rd December 2009. Details of the investment management fee payable may be found on page 15.

Mr Duffield is the senior partner of Brompton Asset Management Group LLP, the ultimate parent of Brompton.

The total investment management fee payable to Brompton for the year ended 30th June 2012 was £513,000 (2011: £552,000) and at the year end £126,000 (2011: £139,000) was accrued. No performance fee was payable in respect of the year ended 30th June 2012 (2011: £nil).

The Group's investments include one fund managed by Brompton or its associates. No investment management fees were payable by the Company in respect of this investment.

20 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

There are no other commitments or contingencies at the reporting date (2011: nil).

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 2012 Annual General Meeting of New Star Investment Trust plc ("Company") shall be held at Tenth Floor, 1 Knightsbridge Green, London, SW1X 7QA commencing at 11 00 a m on Thursday 8th November 2012 for the following purposes

ORDINARY BUSINESS

To consider, and if thought fit to pass, the following Resolutions which are proposed as Ordinary Resolutions of the Company

- 1 To receive, consider and adopt the Company's annual accounts for the year to 30th June 2012 together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors therein
- 2 To receive and approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year to 30th June 2012
- 3 To re-elect Mr Geoffrey Howard-Spink, retiring in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, as a Director
- 4 To re-elect Mr John Duffield, retiring in accordance with the Listing Rules, as a Director
- 5 To re-elect Mr Marcus Gregson, retiring by rotation in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, as a Director
- 6 To re-appoint Ernst & Young LLP as auditors until the conclusion of the next general meeting at which accounts are laid before members, AND authorise the Directors to determine the auditor's remuneration

SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider, and if thought fit to pass, Resolution 7 which is proposed as an Ordinary Resolution of the Company, and Resolutions 8 to 11 as Special Resolutions of the Company

- 7 THAT the Directors be generally and unconditionally authorised under section 551 of the Companies Act 2006 ("Act") to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot Ordinary shares in the capital of the Company ("Shares") and/or grant rights to subscribe for or convert any security into Shares up to an aggregate of
 - a) £236,745 in nominal value of such Shares, and
 - b) a further £236,745 in nominal value of Shares in connection with an offer by way of a rights issue
 - (i) to holders of Ordinary shares in proportion (or as nearly may be) to their existing holdings, and
 - (ii) to holders of other equity securities as required by the rights of those equity securities or otherwise as the Directors may consider necessary,

subject to such exclusions restrictions or other arrangements as the Directors consider necessary or appropriate in relation to fractional entitlements, record dates, treasury shares, or any legal or regulatory or practical problems under the laws of any territory or the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange, and

unless otherwise renewed varied or revoked the authorities hereby granted shall expire at the earlier of the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company in 2013 or fifteen months after the passing of this Resolution SAVE THAT the Company may before such expiry enter into offer(s) or agreement(s) which shall or may require Shares to be allotted after such expiry and the Company may allot Shares in pursuance of such offer(s) or agreement(s) as if the authorities hereby granted had not so expired

- 8 THAT subject to the passing of Resolution 7 above the Directors be generally and unconditionally authorised pursuant to section 570 of the Companies Act 2006 ("Act") to allot equity securities (as defined in section 560 of the Act) as if section 561 of the Act did not apply to such allotment, provided that unless otherwise renewed varied or revoked the authority

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

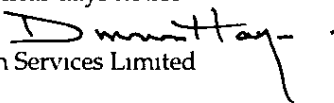
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hereby granted shall expire at the earlier of the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company in 2013 or the date fifteen months after the passing of this Resolution, and shall be limited to

- (i) the allotment of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £35,511 (being approximately 5% of the capital currently in issue), and
- (ii) the allotment of equity securities at a price (excluding expenses) not less than the net asset value per share for the business day immediately preceding such allotment, or if earlier the agreement to allot,

save that the Company is hereby authorised to enter into offer(s) or agreement(s) which shall or may require Shares to be allotted after such expiry and the Company may allot Shares in pursuance of such offer(s) or agreement(s) as if the authorities hereby granted had not so expired

- 9 THAT the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised in accordance with section 701 of the Companies Act 2006 ("Act") to make market purchases (within the meaning of section 693(4) of the Act) of Ordinary shares in the capital of the Company upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall determine provided that
- (i) the maximum aggregate number of Ordinary shares authorised hereby to be purchased shall be 10,646,450, being approximately 14.99% of the Ordinary share currently in issue,
 - (ii) the minimum price which may be paid per Ordinary share shall be £0.01,
 - (iii) the maximum price (exclusive of expenses) which may be paid per Ordinary share shall be an amount equal to the highest of (a) 5% above the average of the mid-market quotations for Ordinary shares as shown on the London Stock Exchange Daily Official List or website on the five business days immediately preceding the day of purchase and (b) in the event of a programme of buybacks the higher of the last independent trade and the highest current independent bid price,
 - (iv) at the discretion of the Directors any Ordinary shares bought back under this authority may be cancelled or placed in treasury,
 - (v) unless otherwise renewed varied or revoked the authority hereby granted shall expire at the earlier of the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company in 2013 or the date fifteen months after the passing of this Resolution SAVE THAT the Company may enter into offer(s) or agreement(s) which shall or may require Shares to be bought back after such expiry and the Company may buy back Ordinary shares pursuant to such offer(s) or agreement(s) as if the authority hereby granted had not so expired
- 10 THAT any Ordinary shares held by the Company in treasury, whether as a result of being bought back in accordance with the authority conferred by Resolution 9 above or otherwise may, at the discretion of the Directors, be cancelled or resold or allotted from treasury, provided that they shall not be resold or allotted at a price below the last published net asset value prior to re-issue
- 11 THAT General Meetings of the Company, other than an Annual General Meeting, may be called on not less than 14 clear days notice

By order of the Board 
Phoenix Administration Services Limited
Corporate Secretary
10th September 2012

Registered Office 1 Knightsbridge Green, London SW1X 7QA
Registered in England & Wales No 3969011

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

continued

NOTES TO THE NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- 1 This Report and Accounts is circulated to holders of Ordinary shares, all of whom are entitled to attend, speak and vote at the above Annual General Meeting ("AGM")
- 2 Any member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is also entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM on their behalf, provided that if multiple proxies are appointed they must be appointed in respect of different Ordinary shares. Proxies need not be members of the Company. A form of proxy is sent to members with the Report and Accounts and must be received by the Company's Registrar Equiniti Registrars, Aspect House, Spencer Road, Lancing, West Sussex BN99 6DA duly completed in accordance with the instructions on the form of proxy not less than 48 hours before the time of the meeting, or in the case of an adjourned meeting not less than 24 hours before the time of the adjourned meeting. If multiple proxies are being appointed the form of proxy should be copied and a separate form of proxy completed, identifying the different Ordinary shares each represents, stating that it is in respect of a multiple proxy appointment, for each proxy and have an original signature of the member making the appointment(s). Completion and return of form(s) of proxy will not preclude a member from attending, speaking and voting in person at the AGM.
- 3 To appoint proxies or give/amend an instruction to an appointed proxy via the CREST system, the CREST message must be received by the issuer's agent, Equiniti Registrars (ID RA19) by 11 00 a.m. on 6th November 2012. The time of receipt will be taken as the time (as determined by the timestamp applied by the CREST Applications Host) that the issuer's agent is able to retrieve the message. CREST Personal Members or other CREST Sponsored Members, and CREST Members who have appointed voting service providers, should refer to their relevant sponsor or voting service provider for advice on appointing proxies via CREST. Regulation 35 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001 will apply to all proxy appointments sent via CREST. Members should refer to the CREST Manual (available at www.euroclear.com/crest) for information on CREST system limitations, procedures and timing.
- 4 A person who is not a member of the Company and receives this notice of meeting as a person nominated by a member to enjoy information rights under Section 146 of the Companies Act 2006 ("Act") does not have a right to appoint proxies. However, if a nominated person has an agreement with the member who nominated them, the nominated person may have a right to be appointed as a proxy or a right to instruct the member as to the exercise of voting rights at the AGM.
- 5 Shareholders entered on the Register of Members of the Company by 6 00 p.m. two days before the time for the meeting, or by 6 00 p.m. two days prior to an adjourned meeting, are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM. Any changes to the Register of Members after such time and date shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any shareholders to attend and vote at the AGM.
- 6 Under Section 319(A) of the Act the Company must cause to be answered any question relating to the business being dealt with at the AGM put by a member attending the AGM unless answering the question would interfere unduly with the preparation for the meeting, would involve the disclosure of confidential information, an answer has already been given on a website, or is undesirable in the interests of the Company or good order of the AGM.
- 7 Members may not use any electronic address provided in this notice or any related document(s) to communicate with the Company for any purpose other than as specifically stated.
- 8 As at 7th September 2012, the latest practicable date prior to the publication of this notice, the issued capital carrying voting rights comprised 71,023,695 Ordinary shares.
- 9 Information regarding the AGM, including the information required by Section 311A of the Act, can be found on the Company's website at www.nsitplc.com.
- 10 No Director has a service agreement with the Company. Directors' letters of appointment will be available for inspection at the AGM venue from 15 minutes before the time for the meeting until conclusion of the meeting.
- 11 Members holding requisite shareholdings are entitled, pursuant to Sections 388 and 388A of the Act, to include a Resolution to be dealt with in the business of the AGM and to require the Company to give notice of that Resolution.