Factsheet - at 30 June 2023 Marketing Communication



Share price performance (total return)

Dividend history

(pence/share)

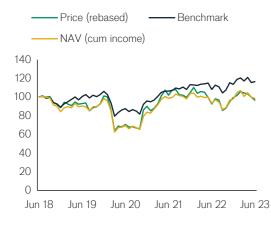
7.0

6.0

5.0

4.0

3.0



Income

Please note that this chart could include dividends that have been declared

10 12 14 16 18 20 22

Performance over (%)	6m	1y	Зу	5у	10y
Share price (Total return)	-2.8	4.5	37.0	-3.4	43.9
NAV (Total return)	0.7	5.5	41.5	-1.6	59.7
Benchmark (Total return)	2.6	7.9	33.2	16.5	78.0
Relative NAV (Total return)	-1.9	-2.4	8.3	-18.1	-18.3

Discrete year performance (%)	Share price (total return)	NAV (total return)
30/6/2022 to 30/6/2023	4.5	5.5
30/6/2021 to 30/6/2022	-9.4	-5.4
30/6/2020 to 30/6/2021	44.6	41.9
30/6/2019 to 30/6/2020	-24.2	-23.1
30/6/2018 to 30/6/2019	-6.9	-9.6

All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar.

Source: at 30/06/23. © 2023 Morningstar, Inc. All rights reserved. The information contained herein: (f) is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; (2) may not be copied or distributed; and (3) is not warranted to be accurate, complete, or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information. Past performance does not predict future returns.

Commentary at a glance

Performance

The Company underperformed the FTSE All-Share Index during the month.

Contributors/detractors (for the quarter)

The best performing holdings over the period were Vertu Motors and Standard Chartered. The largest individual detractor from performance was the Company's holding in Direct Line, the motor insurer. Its shares suffered from negative sentiment towards financial companies due to rising interest rates, along with concerns about a regulatory review of Direct Line's claims payments.

Outlook

We remain focused on investing in companies that we believe will be able to adapt to the economic circumstances by providing good quality products and services. For the time being however, investors have been focused on macroeconomic concerns. Here, the main issue has been consistently high inflation and the consequent level that interest rates might reach to tame it. It is through periods like this that we can refresh the portfolio to benefit when a degree of confidence returns to markets.

See full commentary on page 3

References made to individual securities do not constitute a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, investment strategy or market sector, and should not be assumed to be profitable. Janus Henderson Investors, its affiliated advisor, or its employees, may have a position in the securities mentioned.

Company overview

Objective

The Company aims to give shareholders a higher than average return with growth of both capital and income over the medium to long-term, by investing in a broad spread of predominantly UK companies. The Company measures its performance against the ETSE All-Share Index Total Return

Highlights

A growth and income company with a diversified portfolio of mainly UK equities and a strong dividend track record.

Company information

NAV (cum income)	127.7p
NAV (ex income)	126.2p
Share price	113.5p
Discount(-)/premium(+)	-11.1%
Yield	5.4%
Net gearing	16%
Net cash	-
Total assets Net assets	£395m £345m
Market capitalisation	£307m
Total voting rights	270,185,650
Total number of holdings	109
Ongoing charges (year end 30 Sep 2022)	0.60%
Benchmark	FTSE All-Share Index

Source: BNP Paribas for holdings information and Morningstar for all other data. Differences in calculation may occur due to the methodology used.

Please note that the total voting rights in the Company do not include shares held in Treasury.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested. Please refer to glossary for definition of share price total return.

How to invest

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Go to www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest

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Find out more

Go to www.lowlandinvestment.com

Factsheet - at 30 June 2023 Marketing Communication



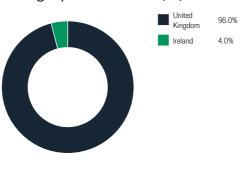
Top 10 holdings	(%)
Shell	3.3
BP	2.9
HSBC	2.7
Standard Chartered	2.3
National Grid	2.2
FBD	2.1
GSK	2.1
Vanquis Banking Group	2.0
Aviva	2.0
M&G	1.9

M&G

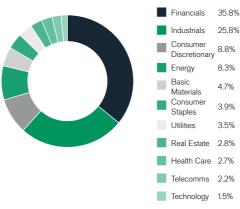
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position in the securities mentioned.

Geographical focus (%)

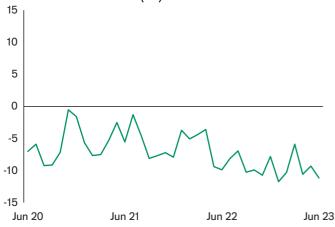


Sector breakdown (%)



The above sector breakdown may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

Premium/(discount) of share price to NAV at fair value (%)



10 year total return of £1,000



All performance, cumulative growth and annual growth data is sourced from Morningstar. Share price total return is calculated using mid-market share price with dividends reinvested.

Please remember that past performance does not predict future returns. The value of an investment and the income from it can rise as well as fall as a result of market and currency fluctuations, and you may not get back the amount originally invested.

How to invest

 $\label{thm:com/howtoinvest} Go\ to\ www.janushenderson.com/howtoinvest$

Customer services 0800 832 832

Key information

LWI
AIC UK Equity Income
FTSE All-Share Index
Conventional (Ords)
1963
30-Sep
January, April, July, October
Average
0.5% of average net chargeable assets up to £325m and 0.4% in excess thereof.
No
tion Document for more information)
UK
James Henderson 1990 Laura Foll 2016



James Henderson Fund Manager



Laura Foll, CFA Fund Manager

Factsheet - at 30 June 2023 Marketing Communication



Fund Manager commentary Investment environment

The FTSE All-Share Index was up 1.0% over June. Equities initially rose in the first half of the month but sold off in the second half as it emerged that the UK annual inflation rate remained unchanged at a higher-than-expected 8.7% in May, and the Bank of England (BoE) raised interest rates by 50 basis points (bps) to 5.0%. This renewed investors' concerns about the potential of a recession.

Portfolio review

The Company's net asset value (NAV) returned -1.5% and underperformed its FTSE All-Share Index benchmark which returned 1.0%.

The largest individual detractor from performance was the Company's holding in Direct Line, the motor insurer. Its shares suffered from negative sentiment towards financial companies due to rising interest rates, along with concerns about a regulatory review of Direct Line's claims payments. The company had already taken provisions for the regulatory review into account in its 2022 financial statements, and we do not think the review will have a material financial impact for the company. Telecom company BT was also detrimental to performance as there were concerns around its free cash flow generation, operational trends and the regulatory environment.

The best performing holdings over the period were Vertu Motors and Standard Chartered. The shares of motor retailer Vertu Motors performed strongly as the business continued to see positive trading. Standard Chartered's shares performed well after the company benefitted from improved efficiencies and a recovery in its wealth business, as Asia reopens and there are positive fund flows into the region.

Over the month we added to the position in Serica Energy. While its share price has been weak, the company has significant levels of cash, and we also think any increase in the oil price (expected later this year when OPEC will likely constrain supplies) could benefit the company. We funded this by trimming the positions in water company Severn Trent and food retailer Tesco.

Manager outlook

We remain focused on investing in companies that we believe will be able to adapt to the economic circumstances by providing good quality products and services. For the time being however, investors have been focused on macroeconomic concerns. Here, the main issue has been consistently high inflation and the consequent level that interest rates might reach to tame it. It is through periods like this that we can refresh the portfolio to benefit when a degree of confidence returns to markets.

Factsheet - at 30 June 2023 Marketing Communication



Glossary

Discount/Premium

The amount by which the price per share of an investment company is either lower (at a discount) or higher (at a premium) than the net asset value per share (cum income), expressed as a percentage of the net asset value per share.

Gearing

The effect of borrowing money for investment purposes (financial gearing). The amount a company can "gear" is the amount it can borrow in order to invest. Gearing is used in the expectation that the returns on the investments bought will exceed the costs of the borrowings that funded the purchase. This Company can also use synthetic gearing through derivatives and foreign exchange hedging and/or other non-fully funded instruments or techniques.

Leverage

The Company's leverage is the sum of financial gearing and synthetic gearing. Details of the Company's leverage limits can be found in both the Key Information Document and Annual Report. Where a company utilises leverage, the profits and losses incurred by the company can be greater than those of a company that does not use leverage.

Market capitalisation

Share price multiplied by the number of shares in issue, excluding treasury shares, at month end. Shares typically priced mid-market at month-end closing.

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total value of a company's assets less its liabilities.

NAV (Cum Income)

The value of investments and cash, including current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV (Ex Income)

The value of investments and cash, excluding current year revenue, less liabilities (prior charges such as loans, debenture stock and preference shares at fair value).

NAV total return

The theoretical total return on shareholders' funds per share reflecting the change in Net Asset Value (NAV) assuming that dividends paid to shareholders were reinvested at NAV at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. A way of measuring investment management performance of investment trusts which is not affected by movements in discounts/premiums.

Net assets

Total assets minus any liabilities such as bank loans or creditors.

Net cash

A company's net exposure to cash/cash equivalents expressed as a percentage of shareholders' funds, after any offset against its gearing. This is only shown for companies that have gearing in place.

Net gearing

A company's total assets (less cash/cash equivalents) divided by shareholders' funds expressed as a percentage.

Ongoing charges

The total expenses for the financial year (excluding performance fee), divided by the average daily net assets, multiplied by 100.

Risk rating

The key measure used to assess risk is volatility of returns, using historic net asset value (NAV) performance of the Company over 1 and 3 years. In this instance volatility measures how much a company's NAV fluctuates over time in relation to the UK equity market. The higher a volatility figure, the more the NAV has fluctuated (both up and down) over time. Please note that risk categorisations are indicative and based principally on historic data and should not be solely relied upon when making investment decisions.

Share price

Closing mid-market share price at month end.

Share price total return

The theoretical total return to the investor assuming that all dividends received were reinvested in the shares of the company at the time the shares were quoted ex-dividend. Transaction costs are not taken into account.

Total assets

Cum Income NAV multiplied by the number of shares, plus prior charges at fair value.

Yield

Calculated by dividing the current financial year's dividends per share (this will include prospective dividends) by the current price per share, then multiplying by 100 to arrive at a percentage figure.

For a full list of terms please visit:

https://www.janushenderson.com/en-gb/investor/glossary/

Factsheet - at 30 June 2023 Marketing Communication



Source for fund ratings/awards

Overall Morningstar Rating™ is shown for an investment company achieving a rating of 4 or 5.

Company specific risks

- This Company is suitable to be used as one component of several within a diversified investment portfolio. Investors should consider carefully the proportion of their portfolio invested in this Company.
- Active management techniques that have worked well in normal market conditions could prove ineffective or negative for performance at other times.
- The Company could lose money if a counterparty with which it trades becomes unwilling or unable to meet its obligations to the Company.
- Shares can lose value rapidly, and typically involve higher risks than bonds or money market instruments. The value of your investment may fall as a result.
- The return on your investment is directly related to the prevailing market price of the Company's shares, which will trade at a varying discount (or premium) relative to the value of the underlying assets of the Company. As a result, losses (or gains) may be higher or lower than those of the Company's assets.
- If a Company's portfolio is concentrated towards a particular country or geographical region, the investment carries greater risk than a portfolio that is diversified across more countries.
- Some of the investments in this portfolio are in smaller company shares. They may be more difficult to buy and sell, and their share prices may fluctuate more than those of larger companies.
- The Company may use gearing (borrowing to invest) as part of its investment strategy. If the Company utilises its ability to gear, the profits and losses incurred by the Company can be greater than those of a Company that does not use gearing.

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