

**Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. and
Subsidiaries**

**Consolidated Financial Statements for the
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 and
Independent Auditors' Review Report**

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REVIEW REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (the “Bank”) and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”), as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, the consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the three months then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information (collectively referred to as the “consolidated financial statements”). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, and International Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

We conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standards on Review Engagements of the Republic of China 2410 “Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity”. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our reviews, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the three months then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms, and International Accounting Standard 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors' review report are Shu-Lin Liu and Pan-Fa Wang.

Deloitte & Touche
Taipei, Taiwan
Republic of China

May 9, 2024

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to review such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' review report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' review report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%	Amount	%
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (Note 6)	\$ 16,021,744	2	\$ 26,978,259	3	\$ 18,170,691	2
DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS (Notes 7 and 36)	46,728,489	5	43,950,642	5	45,889,764	6
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Note 8)	31,684,606	4	31,233,562	4	34,263,985	4
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Note 9)	77,360,974	9	64,687,776	7	46,681,620	6
INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST (Notes 10 and 36)	109,118,688	12	111,914,866	13	106,223,462	13
SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESALE AGREEMENTS (Note 11)	11,954,946	1	10,696,795	1	10,911,716	2
RECEIVABLES, NET (Notes 12 and 36)	24,199,224	3	22,156,479	3	15,818,882	2
CURRENT TAX ASSETS (Note 4)	2	-	2	-	-	-
NOTES DISCOUNTED AND LOANS, NET (Notes 13 and 35)	549,377,596	62	541,844,103	62	508,771,625	63
INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD, NET (Note 14)	179,553	-	172,446	-	172,257	-
RESTRICTED ASSETS, NET (Notes 15 and 36)	150,425	-	127,681	-	399,327	-
OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET (Note 16)	121,422	-	190,878	-	271,035	-
PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET (Note 17)	18,177,425	2	17,923,896	2	16,949,491	2
RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET (Note 18)	1,017,621	-	1,063,394	-	801,087	-
INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET (Notes 19 and 36)	1,191,063	-	1,193,306	-	604,289	-
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET (Note 20)	256,339	-	250,853	-	257,460	-
DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (Note 4)	905,307	-	806,669	-	699,424	-
OTHER ASSETS (Notes 21 and 36)	<u>2,659,315</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,756,182</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,446,180</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 891,104,739</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 877,947,789</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 809,332,295</u>	<u>100</u>
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY						
DUE TO THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS (Note 22)	\$ 7,013,656	1	\$ 11,615,468	1	\$ 8,353,740	1
FUNDS BORROWED FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS (Notes 23 and 36)	13,093,280	2	12,482,762	2	9,634,969	1
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (Note 8)	1,754,013	-	2,971,490	-	1,120,056	-
SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (Note 24)	9,150,588	1	5,756,555	1	-	-
PAYABLES (Notes 25 and 35)	11,262,635	1	10,969,541	1	7,953,438	1
CURRENT TAX LIABILITIES (Note 4)	1,291,363	-	831,989	-	819,994	-
DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES (Notes 26 and 35)	740,374,045	83	728,915,771	83	683,601,178	85
BANK DEBENTURES (Notes 27 and 35)	16,500,000	2	16,500,000	2	16,500,000	2
OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (Note 28)	8,144,758	1	7,658,434	1	6,750,297	1
PROVISIONS (Notes 4 and 29)	1,352,658	-	1,318,560	-	1,265,282	-
LEASE LIABILITIES (Notes 18 and 35)	1,050,175	-	1,093,882	-	845,524	-
DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (Note 4)	109,486	-	109,486	-	109,486	-
OTHER LIABILITIES (Note 30)	<u>1,084,706</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,208,867</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,054,808</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities	<u>812,181,363</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>801,432,805</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>738,008,772</u>	<u>91</u>
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE BANK (Note 31)						
Ordinary shares	52,260,953	6	52,260,953	6	50,154,465	6
Capital surplus	1,528,256	-	1,528,256	-	1,528,256	-
Retained earnings						
Legal reserve	13,760,327	2	13,760,327	2	12,141,002	2
Special reserve	308,196	-	308,196	-	149,077	-
Unappropriated earnings	9,363,294	1	6,960,395	1	6,889,830	1
Other equity	<u>1,702,350</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,696,857</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>460,893</u>	<u>-</u>
Total equity attributable to owners of the Bank	<u>78,923,376</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>76,514,984</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>71,323,523</u>	<u>9</u>
Total equity	<u>78,923,376</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>76,514,984</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>71,323,523</u>	<u>9</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 891,104,739</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 877,947,789</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 809,332,295</u>	<u>100</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
INTEREST REVENUE (Notes 32 and 35)	\$ 5,894,798	126	\$ 4,861,612	117
INTEREST EXPENSE (Notes 32 and 35)	<u>(2,961,375)</u>	<u>(63)</u>	<u>(2,104,585)</u>	<u>(51)</u>
NET INTEREST	2,933,423	63	2,757,027	66
NET INCOME AND LOSS OTHER THAN INTEREST				
Service fee income, net (Notes 32 and 35)	1,165,753	25	892,800	22
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 32)	1,129,456	24	395,254	10
Realized gains on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 32)	51,048	1	10,487	-
Foreign exchange (losses) gains, net	(607,163)	(13)	75,227	2
(Impairment losses) reversal of impairment losses on financial assets (Notes 9, 10 and 32)	(3,092)	-	2,556	-
Share of loss of associates accounted for using the equity method (Note 14)	(378)	-	(495)	-
Other non-interest gains, net (Notes 29 and 32)	<u>8,393</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,530</u>	<u>-</u>
TOTAL NET REVENUE	<u>4,677,440</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>4,149,386</u>	<u>100</u>
PROVISION FOR BAD DEBTS EXPENSE, COMMITMENTS AND GUARANTEES (Notes 12, 13, 29 and 32)	<u>(260,784)</u>	<u>(6)</u>	<u>(438,443)</u>	<u>(11)</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Employee benefits expenses (Note 32)	(1,218,056)	(26)	(1,216,385)	(29)
Depreciation and amortization expenses (Note 32)	(128,467)	(3)	(113,779)	(3)
Other selling and administrative expenses (Notes 32 and 35)	<u>(580,914)</u>	<u>(12)</u>	<u>(611,882)</u>	<u>(15)</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>(1,927,437)</u>	<u>(41)</u>	<u>(1,942,046)</u>	<u>(47)</u>
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	2,489,219	53	1,768,897	42
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 4 and 33)	<u>(399,410)</u>	<u>(9)</u>	<u>(295,577)</u>	<u>(7)</u>
NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	<u>2,089,809</u>	<u>44</u>	<u>1,473,320</u>	<u>35</u>

(Continued)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31			
	2024		2023	
	Amount	%	Amount	%
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Unrealized gains on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 533,837	11	\$ 270,508	6
Share of the other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using the equity method	7,485	-	451	-
Income tax expense relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Notes 4 and 33)	<u>(11,405)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,908)</u>	<u>-</u>
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit, net of income tax	<u>529,917</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>268,051</u>	<u>6</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:				
Exchange differences on the translation of financial statements of foreign operations	41,365	1	(17,568)	-
Unrealized gains (losses) on investments in debt instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	<u>(252,699)</u>	<u>(5)</u>	<u>370,094</u>	<u>9</u>
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of income tax	<u>(211,334)</u>	<u>(4)</u>	<u>352,526</u>	<u>9</u>
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period, net of income tax	<u>318,583</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>620,577</u>	<u>15</u>
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 2,408,392</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>\$ 2,093,897</u>	<u>50</u>
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 34)				
Basic	<u>\$ 0.40</u>		<u>\$ 0.28</u>	
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.40</u>		<u>\$ 0.28</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Equity Attributable to Owners of the Bank						Other Equity		Total Equity
	Share Capital Ordinary Shares	Capital Surplus	Retained Earnings			Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income		
			Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings				
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2023	\$ 50,154,465	\$ 1,528,256	\$ 12,141,002	\$ 149,077	\$ 5,416,510	\$ (37,875)	\$ (121,809)	\$ 69,229,626	
Net profit for the three months ended March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	1,473,320	-	-	1,473,320	
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the three months ended March 31, 2023, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	(17,568)	638,145	620,577	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2023	-	-	-	-	1,473,320	(17,568)	638,145	2,093,897	
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2023	<u>\$ 50,154,465</u>	<u>\$ 1,528,256</u>	<u>\$ 12,141,002</u>	<u>\$ 149,077</u>	<u>\$ 6,889,830</u>	<u>\$ (55,443)</u>	<u>\$ 516,336</u>	<u>\$ 71,323,523</u>	
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2024	\$ 52,260,953	\$ 1,528,256	\$ 13,760,327	\$ 308,196	\$ 6,960,395	\$ (91,150)	\$ 1,788,007	\$ 76,514,984	
Net profit for the three months ended March 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	2,089,809	-	-	2,089,809	
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2024, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	41,365	277,218	318,583	
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three months ended March 31, 2024	-	-	-	-	2,089,809	41,365	277,218	2,408,392	
Disposals of investments in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	313,090	-	(313,090)	-	
BALANCE AT MARCH 31, 2024	<u>\$ 52,260,953</u>	<u>\$ 1,528,256</u>	<u>\$ 13,760,327</u>	<u>\$ 308,196</u>	<u>\$ 9,363,294</u>	<u>\$ (49,785)</u>	<u>\$ 1,752,135</u>	<u>\$ 78,923,376</u>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 2,489,219	\$ 1,768,897
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation expense	107,101	94,228
Amortization expense	21,366	19,551
Provision for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees liabilities	260,784	438,443
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(1,129,456)	(395,254)
(Gains) losses on disposal of properties and equipment	(275)	37
Interest expense	2,961,375	2,104,585
Interest revenue	(5,894,798)	(4,861,612)
Dividend income	(8,379)	(10,487)
Share of loss of associates	378	495
Gains on disposal of investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(42,669)	-
Impairment losses (reversal of impairment losses) on financial assets	3,092	(2,556)
Unrealized (gains) losses on foreign currency exchange	(532,666)	246,915
Gains on lease suspension	(12)	(1,461)
Total adjustment	(4,254,159)	(2,367,116)
Net changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	(23,231)	17,699
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	2,385,273	(2,639,032)
Receivables	(1,964,779)	(1,325,870)
Notes discounted and loans	(7,694,416)	4,965,804
Other financial assets	54,267	100
Other assets	(175,406)	139,454
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	(4,601,812)	(350,000)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(2,924,338)	(2,731,514)
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	3,394,033	-
Payables	(467,822)	(2,121,560)
Deposits and remittances	11,458,274	497,029
Other financial liabilities	232,298	159,956
Provision for employee benefits	10,768	(8,752)
Other liabilities	(96,340)	22,870
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	(413,231)	(3,373,816)
Cash used in operations	(2,178,171)	(3,972,035)
Interest received	5,708,924	4,785,812
Dividends received	8,379	10,487
Interest paid	(2,199,209)	(1,456,176)
Income tax paid	(50,079)	(40,310)
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities	1,289,844	(672,222)

(Continued)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ (15,716,186)	\$ (1,487,241)
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,999,306	650,000
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	(162,353,400)	(178,314,082)
Proceeds from redemption of financial assets at amortized cost	166,091,554	176,619,075
Payments for properties and equipment	(309,419)	(746,780)
Proceeds from disposal of properties and equipment	370	-
Decrease in refundable deposits	249,529	80,965
Payments for intangible assets	(26,748)	(40,115)
Payments for investment properties	<u>-</u>	<u>(13,261)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(9,064,994)</u>	<u>(3,251,439)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in funds borrowings from Central Bank and other banks	610,518	736,867
Proceeds from (repayments of) commercial papers issued	254,026	(80,169)
Refund of guarantee deposits received	(27,821)	(11,573)
Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities	<u>(46,686)</u>	<u>(39,684)</u>
Net cash generated from financing activities	<u>790,037</u>	<u>605,441</u>
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	<u>41,365</u>	<u>(17,568)</u>
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(6,943,748)	(3,335,788)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	<u>58,184,278</u>	<u>55,897,012</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 51,240,530</u>	<u>\$ 52,561,224</u>

(Continued)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	March 31	
	2024	2023
RECONCILIATIONS OF THE AMOUNTS IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS WITH THE EQUIVALENT ITEMS REPORTED IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS AT MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023		
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheets	\$ 16,021,744	\$ 18,170,691
Due from the central bank and call loans to other banks in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”	23,263,840	23,478,817
Securities purchased under resale agreements in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows”	<u>11,954,946</u>	<u>10,911,716</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	<u>\$ 51,240,530</u>	<u>\$ 52,561,224</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

(Concluded)

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024 AND 2023 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. (the “Bank”), formerly known as Taichung District Association Saving Co., Ltd. It was established in April 1953 and started operations in August of the same year. In July of 1975, the Banking Act of the Republic of China was revised and implemented. On January 1, 1978, the Taichung District Association Saving Co., Ltd. was restructured into Taichung SME Bank Co., Ltd. (“Taichung SME Bank”) and its shares were listed on May 15, 1984.

In line with the national financial policy to provide public and social financial services and support the economic construction as well as the development of industrial and commercial, Taichung SME Bank was renamed as Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. in December 1998. As of March 31, 2024, the Bank had a business department, a trust department, a foreign exchange transaction department, 85 domestic branches, a Malaysia Labuan branch and an offshore banking unit (OBU) and Vietnam Ho Chi Minh Representative Office. The operations of the Bank consist of planning, managing, operating a trust business and overseas financial business. These operations are regulated under the Bank Law of the Republic of China (“ROC”).

At the time of the establishment, the amount of capital invested by the Bank was \$500 thousand. In line with the government degree, in order to improve the capital structure and cooperate with the government decree, the Bank has successively applied for increase and decrease of capital. As of March 31, 2024, the Bank’s capital amount was \$52,260,953 thousand.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in the Bank’s functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Bank’s board of directors on May 9, 2024.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the “IFRS Accounting Standards”) endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRS Accounting Standards endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have any material impact on the Group’s accounting policies.

- b. The IFRS Accounting Standards in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New, Amended and Revised Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture”	To be determined by IASB
IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 “Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information”	January 1, 2023
IFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements”	January 1, 2027
Amendments to IAS 21 “Lack of Exchangeability”	January 1, 2025 (Note 2)

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRS Accounting Standards are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Note 2: An entity shall apply those amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Upon initial application of the amendments, the entity recognizes any effect as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings. When the entity uses a presentation currency other than its functional currency, it shall, at the date of initial application, recognize any effect as an adjustment to the cumulative amount of translation differences in equity.

IFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosures in Financial Statements”

IFRS 18 will supersede IAS 1 “Presentation of Financial Statements”. The main changes comprise:

- Items of income and expenses included in the statement of profit or loss shall be classified into the operating, investing, financing, income taxes and discounted operations categories.
- The statement of profit or loss shall present totals and subtotals for operating profit or loss, profit or loss before financing and income taxes and profit or loss.
- Provides guidance to enhance the requirements of aggregation and disaggregation: The Group shall identify the assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows that arise from individual transactions or other events and shall classify and aggregate them into groups based on shared characteristics, so as to result in the presentation in the primary financial statements of line items that have at least one similar characteristic. The Group shall disaggregate items with dissimilar characteristics in the primary financial statements and in the notes. The Group labels items as “other” only if it cannot find a more informative label.
- Disclosures on Management-defined Performance Measures (MPMs): When in public communications outside financial statements and communicating to users of financial statements management’s view of an aspect of the financial performance of the Group as a whole, the Group shall disclose related information about its MPMs in a single note to the financial statements, including the description of such measures, calculations, reconciliations to the subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards and the income tax and non-controlling interests effects of related reconciliation items.

Except for the above impact, as of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of other standards and interpretations on the Group’s financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

a. Statement of compliance

These interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms and IAS 34 “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC. Disclosure information included in these interim consolidated financial statements is less than the disclosure information required in a complete set of annual consolidated financial statements.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and based on the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Accounts included in the Group’s consolidated financial statements are not classified as current or non-current but are stated in the order of their liquidity. Refer to Note 39 for the maturity analysis of assets and liabilities.

d. Basis of consolidation

1) Principles for preparing consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Bank and the entities controlled by the Bank (i.e. its subsidiaries).

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

2) Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements

The subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Investor Company	Subsidiary	Main Business and Products	Percentage of Equity Held (%)		
			March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taichung Bank Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	Insurance broker industry	100	100	100
	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Leasing business	100	100	100
Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Securities industry	100	100	100
	TCCBL Co., Ltd.	Financial leasing and investment business	100	100	100
TCCBL Co., Ltd.	Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Financial leasing business	100	100	100
Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Taichung Bank Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Venture capital business	100	100	100

3) Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.

e. Other material accounting policies

Except for the following, please refer to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023.

1) Employee benefits

Retirement benefits

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant plan amendments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

Other long-term employee benefits

Other long-term employee benefits are accounted for in the same way as the accounting required for defined benefit plans except that remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Income tax expense

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax. Interim period income taxes are assessed on an annual basis and calculated by applying to an interim period's pre-tax income the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

5. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, the Group's management is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

The same critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty have been followed in these consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2023. Please refer to Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2023 for the details of critical accounting judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Cash on hand	\$ 4,517,031	\$ 4,483,977	\$ 4,517,739
Checks for clearing	4,177,669	4,215,282	2,080,767
Due from banks	<u>7,327,044</u>	<u>18,279,000</u>	<u>11,572,185</u>
	<u>\$ 16,021,744</u>	<u>\$ 26,978,259</u>	<u>\$ 18,170,691</u>

- a. The loss allowance was measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs per historical experience and forward-looking information; there was no loss allowance on cash and cash equivalents as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023.
- b. Reconciliations of cash and cash equivalents between the consolidated statements of cash flows and the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2024 and 2023 are shown in the consolidated statements of cash flows. Reconciliations as of December 31, 2023 are stated below:

	December 31, 2023
Reconciliations of the amounts in the consolidated statements of cash flows with the equivalent items reported in the consolidated balance sheets at December 31, 2022	
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated balance sheets	\$ 26,978,259
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"	20,509,224
Securities purchased under resell agreements in accordance with cash and cash equivalents under IAS 7 "Statement of Cash Flows"	<u>10,696,795</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	<u>\$ 58,184,278</u>

- c. The amount of time deposits due from other banks as the operating deposit of Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd. was \$200,000 thousand on March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, which were transferred to the refundable deposits. Refer to Note 21.

7. DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND CALL LOANS TO OTHER BANKS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Deposit reserves			
Deposit reserves for checking accounts	\$ 14,098,423	\$ 14,420,430	\$ 14,706,824
Deposit reserves for demand accounts	23,184,469	23,170,517	22,157,926
Inter-bank clearing account	3,998,339	4,513,789	4,998,782
Deposit reserves for foreign currency deposits	112,000	104,380	94,401
Call loans to banks	5,255,258	1,661,526	3,861,831
Deposit reserves for trust compensation	<u>80,000</u>	<u>80,000</u>	<u>70,000</u>
	<u>\$ 46,728,489</u>	<u>\$ 43,950,642</u>	<u>\$ 45,889,764</u>

- a. The loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs per historical experience and forward-looking information; there was no loss allowance on due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023.
- b. The monthly depository reserves to be deposited in the Central Bank of the Republic of China are calculated by applying the legally required reserve ratio to the monthly average balance of the reserve accounts. These reserve accounts can be used at any time but the demand accounts can only be used for monthly deposit reserve adjustments.
- c. The Group deposited the reserves for trust compensation on government bonds measured at amortized cost on March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, with a nominal amount of \$80,000 thousand, \$80,000 thousand and \$70,000 thousand, respectively. Refer to Note 36.

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>			
Commercial papers	\$ 20,135,263	\$ 18,814,086	\$ 24,174,966
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	1,271,575	1,060,821	956,670
Domestic unlisted shares	70,355	63,573	90,562
PEM group policy assets	636,495	746,351	878,079
Beneficiary certificates	959,572	903,291	355,719
Corporate bonds	83,997	174,577	546,900
Asset swap contracts	6,296,352	7,444,433	6,101,176
Cross-currency swap contracts	1,134,508	1,104,265	274,741
Foreign exchange forward contracts	81,839	66,320	56,975
Cross-currency option contracts	510,087	452,643	445,376
Interest rate-linked structured instruments	504,311	403,202	382,821
Futures contracts	<u>252</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 31,684,606</u>	<u>\$ 31,233,562</u>	<u>\$ 34,263,985</u>

(Continued)

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>			
Cross-currency swap contracts	\$ 725,686	\$ 2,071,989	\$ 270,159
Foreign exchange forward contracts	9,927	39,715	17,878
Cross-currency option contracts	514,089	456,584	449,198
Interest rate-linked structured instruments	<u>504,311</u>	<u>403,202</u>	<u>382,821</u>
	<u>\$ 1,754,013</u>	<u>\$ 2,971,490</u>	<u>\$ 1,120,056</u>
			(Concluded)

- a. The Group engages in exchange rate related derivative financial contracts, mainly to provide customers and the Group with hedging instruments for foreign exchange positions from transactions such as import/export and currency exchange, to avoid the risks from the business and to flatten the demand for foreign exchange funds from non-transactional operations.
- b. The nominal principal amounts of outstanding derivative contracts as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 were as follows:

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
	Contract Amounts	Interest Rate Range	Contract Amounts	Interest Rate Range	Contract Amounts	Interest Rate Range
Asset swap contracts	\$ 6,260,400	0.90%-5.50%	\$ 7,398,800	0.85%-5.50%	\$ 6,071,400	0.80%-5.00%
Cross-currency swap contracts	95,756,501	-	80,607,610	-	41,339,915	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	2,636,481	-	2,321,961	-	2,350,205	-
Cross-currency option contracts	58,259,930	-	49,032,868	-	44,630,492	-
Interest rate-linked structured instrument contracts	4,072,249	0.00%-10.20%	3,839,951	0.00%-10.20%	4,149,444	0.00%-10.20%
Futures contracts	64,000	-	-	-	-	-

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	\$ 5,195,793	\$ 5,366,637	\$ 5,695,897
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	<u>72,165,181</u>	<u>59,321,139</u>	<u>40,985,723</u>
	<u>\$ 77,360,974</u>	<u>\$ 64,687,776</u>	<u>\$ 46,681,620</u>

- a. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Domestic listed shares	\$ 3,710,927	\$ 4,055,958	\$ 4,474,651
Domestic unlisted shares	1,019,790	903,979	878,745
Foreign listed shares	<u>465,076</u>	<u>406,700</u>	<u>342,501</u>
	<u>\$ 5,195,793</u>	<u>\$ 5,366,637</u>	<u>\$ 5,695,897</u>

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

The ordinary shares sold had a fair value of \$769,236 thousand and their related unrealized valuation gains of \$313,090 thousand were transferred from other equity to retained earnings for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Dividend income of \$8,379 thousand and \$10,487 thousand was recognized in profit or loss for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

b. Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Corporate bonds	\$ 34,218,290	\$ 30,306,167	\$ 29,391,000
Government bonds	10,200,460	9,499,322	5,292,512
Foreign bonds	25,862,229	17,635,583	4,630,512
Bank debentures	<u>1,884,202</u>	<u>1,880,067</u>	<u>1,671,699</u>
	<u>\$ 72,165,181</u>	<u>\$ 59,321,139</u>	<u>\$ 40,985,723</u>

Foreign bonds denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
USD	\$ 393,300	\$ 240,300	\$ 95,300
CNY	195,000	260,000	380,000
AUD	429,000	414,000	6,000
GBP	70,000	20,000	-
EUR	30,000	20,000	-
NZD	75,000	-	-

- 1) As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the government bonds and foreign bonds at amortized cost amounted to \$500,000 thousand and \$3,369,600 thousand (US\$105,300 thousand), \$0 thousand and \$184,200 thousand (US\$6,000 thousand), respectively, which had been sold under repurchase agreements. Refer to Note 40 for information relating to their carrying amounts.
- 2) The Group recognized impairment (loss) reversal of \$(2,851) thousand and \$537 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, after assessing the expected credit losses of the investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI.
- 3) Refer to Note 39 for information relating to their credit risk management and impairment.

10. INVESTMENTS IN DEBT INSTRUMENTS AT AMORTIZED COST

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Foreign bonds	\$ 28,013,336	\$ 28,285,539	\$ 28,431,137
Government bonds	10,180,478	11,289,765	11,821,110
NCDs issued by the CBC	47,780,000	49,200,000	46,950,000
Corporate bonds	23,666,823	23,660,576	19,437,375
Bank debentures	100,000	100,000	100,000
Treasury bills	<u>49,412</u>	<u>49,412</u>	<u>148,280</u>
	109,790,049	112,585,292	106,887,902
Less: Allowance for impairment loss	(40,861)	(39,926)	(43,940)
Less: Withdrawal of reserves for trust compensation and refundable deposits	<u>(630,500)</u>	<u>(630,500)</u>	<u>(620,500)</u>
	<u>\$ 109,118,688</u>	<u>\$ 111,914,866</u>	<u>\$ 106,223,462</u>

- a. The foreign bonds denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
USD	\$ 663,797	\$ 708,797	\$ 711,797
CNY	805,000	855,000	920,000
AUD	97,500	87,500	92,500
ZAR	780,000	680,000	580,000

- b. As of March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the government bonds and foreign bonds at amortized cost amounted to \$1,120,000 thousand and \$4,704,000 thousand (US\$147,000 thousand), \$870,000 thousand and \$5,243,560 thousand (US\$170,800 thousand), respectively, which had been sold under repurchase agreements. Refer to Note 40 for information relating to their carrying amount.
- c. The Group recognized impairment (loss) reversal of \$(241) thousand and \$2,019 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, after assessing the expected credit losses of the investments in debt instruments at amortized cost.
- d. Refer to Note 39 for information relating to their credit risk management and impairment.

11. SECURITIES PURCHASED UNDER RESALE AGREEMENTS

Securities purchased under resale agreements in the amounts of \$11,954,946 thousand, \$10,696,795 thousand and \$10,911,716 thousand as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 would be subsequently resold for \$11,958,682 thousand, \$10,701,501 thousand and \$10,916,713 thousand, respectively, with interest rate ranging from 1.385%-1.510%, 1.380%-1.400% and 1.240%-1.330%, respectively.

12. RECEIVABLES, NET

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Notes receivable	\$ 9,350,365	\$ 8,971,691	\$ 6,394,956
Receivables on credit cards	748,661	770,595	765,691
Accounts receivable factored without recourse	87,117	144,660	116,658
Acceptances	756,850	602,675	855,882
Interest receivables	2,609,525	2,436,690	1,756,075
Receivables on foreign currency settlement	7,947	4,137	6,194
Lease receivables	6,500,205	6,365,406	4,853,266
Assignment receivables	1,801,253	1,538,231	721,383
Beneficiary right of trust receivables	1,328,738	1,236,811	-
Receivables on securities settlement	2,131,637	1,569,709	1,158,172
Other receivables	<u>873,341</u>	<u>507,180</u>	<u>433,555</u>
	26,195,639	24,147,785	17,061,832
Less: Unrealized interest income	(1,576,402)	(1,574,037)	(894,612)
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(420,013)</u>	<u>(417,269)</u>	<u>(348,338)</u>
	<u>\$ 24,199,224</u>	<u>\$ 22,156,479</u>	<u>\$ 15,818,882</u>

- a. Movements in the total carrying amount of receivables for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 97,009,735	\$ 454,328	\$ 756,937	\$ 98,221,000
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(172,324)	172,538	(214)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(66,138)	(20,597)	86,735	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	15,786	(15,697)	(89)	-
New receivables purchased or originated	10,730,509	813	2,667	10,733,989
Write-offs	-	(2,517)	(92,739)	(95,256)
Derecognition	(15,802,154)	(64,626)	(48,964)	(15,915,744)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>73,335</u>	<u>10,043</u>	<u>15,558</u>	<u>98,936</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 91,788,749</u>	<u>\$ 534,285</u>	<u>\$ 719,891</u>	<u>\$ 93,042,925</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 82,750,786	\$ 396,675	\$ 778,507	\$ 83,925,968
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(91,023)	91,283	(260)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(76,784)	(6,592)	83,376	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	3,889	(3,804)	(85)	-
New receivables purchased or originated	6,263,707	2,762	7,298	6,273,767
Write-offs	-	(6,537)	(39,412)	(45,949)
Derecognition	(3,105,224)	(59,203)	(18,399)	(3,182,826)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>146,723</u>	<u>(12,182)</u>	<u>9,731</u>	<u>144,272</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 85,892,074</u>	<u>\$ 402,402</u>	<u>\$ 820,756</u>	<u>\$ 87,115,232</u>

The above-mentioned carrying amounts of receivables include due from the banks, due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks, securities purchased under resale agreements, notes receivable, receivables on credit cards, accounts receivable factored without recourse, acceptances, interest receivables, lease receivables, assignment receivables, beneficiary right of trust receivables, receivables on securities settlement, other receivables, other financial assets (including delinquent receivables not from loans) and refundable deposits.

- b. Movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts of receivables for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 156,321	\$ 9,050	\$ 210,939	\$ 376,310	\$ 157,314	\$ 533,624
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(2,926)	2,987	(61)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(751)	(441)	1,192	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	1,224	(1,159)	(65)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(26,947)	(2,132)	(6,817)	(35,896)	-	(35,896)
New financial assets purchased or originated	37,300	57	612	37,969	-	37,969
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	81,120	81,120
Write-offs	-	(2,517)	(28,057)	(30,574)	(64,682)	(95,256)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	3,131	3,131
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(4,795)</u>	<u>4,644</u>	<u>27,016</u>	<u>26,865</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>26,865</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 159,426</u>	<u>\$ 10,489</u>	<u>\$ 204,759</u>	<u>\$ 374,674</u>	<u>\$ 176,883</u>	<u>\$ 551,557</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 127,490	\$ 9,604	\$ 196,536	\$ 333,630	\$ 152,676	\$ 486,306
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(1,246)	1,410	(164)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(1,246)	(516)	1,762	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	545	(489)	(56)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(24,424)	(2,201)	(2,325)	(28,950)	-	(28,950)
New financial assets purchased or originated	40,820	346	188	41,354	-	41,354
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	(12,686)	(12,686)
Write-offs	-	(6,537)	(4,016)	(10,553)	(35,396)	(45,949)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	3,614	3,614
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(9,733)	6,647	23,603	20,517	-	20,517
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 132,206</u>	<u>\$ 8,264</u>	<u>\$ 215,528</u>	<u>\$ 355,998</u>	<u>\$ 108,208</u>	<u>\$ 464,206</u>

The allowance for doubtful accounts of the above-mentioned receivables includes allowances for delinquent receivables not from loans, refer to Note 16.

- c. Refer to Note 36 for information relating to notes receivable as a guarantee for interbank financing.

13. NOTES DISCOUNTED AND LOANS, NET

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Bills negotiated	\$ 191,289	\$ 182,898	\$ 150,293
Secured overdrafts	11,564	9,090	7,979
Accounts receivable financing	34,290	20,503	57,753
Securities margin loans receivables	1,513,145	1,521,179	1,275,892
Short-term unsecured loans	42,297,947	42,172,142	39,934,188
Short-term secured loans	95,691,584	98,193,946	97,209,220
Medium-term unsecured loans	93,809,043	90,661,279	81,106,038
Medium-term secured loans	138,433,406	136,756,767	121,775,600
Long-term unsecured loans	13,662,899	13,168,766	11,237,701
Long-term secured loans	170,087,433	166,068,185	162,048,494
Delinquent loans	612,394	359,696	683,016
	556,344,994	549,114,451	515,486,174
Add: Adjustment of premium or discount	10,698	10,753	21,430
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts	(6,978,096)	(7,281,101)	(6,735,979)
	<u>\$ 549,377,596</u>	<u>\$ 541,844,103</u>	<u>\$ 508,771,625</u>

- a. As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the delinquent loans on which interest ceased to accrue amounted to \$612,394 thousand, \$359,696 thousand and \$683,016 thousand, respectively. The unrecognized interest revenues on these loans were \$5,054 thousand, \$8,431 thousand and \$4,242 thousand, respectively.

- b. There was no credit loan written off without a lawsuit for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.
- c. Movements in the total carrying amount of notes discounted and loans for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 526,504,293	\$ 15,147,713	\$ 7,473,198	\$ 549,125,204
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(3,715,364)	3,724,479	(9,115)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(257,191)	(263,241)	520,432	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	959,852	(959,454)	(398)	-
New notes discounted and loans purchased or originated	88,967,960	629,361	20,767	89,618,088
Write-offs	-	-	(616,613)	(616,613)
Derecognition	(70,238,498)	(1,428,024)	(233,637)	(71,900,159)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(9,556,864)</u>	<u>(262,469)</u>	<u>(51,495)</u>	<u>(9,870,828)</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 532,664,188</u>	<u>\$ 16,588,365</u>	<u>\$ 7,103,139</u>	<u>\$ 556,355,692</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit-impaired Financial Assets	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 499,535,755	\$ 14,044,049	\$ 7,187,918	\$ 520,767,722
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(2,323,549)	2,335,480	(11,931)	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(538,704)	(835,105)	1,373,809	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	981,169	(962,231)	(18,938)	-
New notes discounted and loans purchased or originated	80,376,806	631,131	6,500	81,014,437
Write-offs	-	-	(381,184)	(381,184)
Derecognition	(72,084,777)	(2,211,612)	(141,541)	(74,437,930)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(11,154,253)</u>	<u>(215,292)</u>	<u>(85,896)</u>	<u>(11,455,441)</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 494,792,447</u>	<u>\$ 12,786,420</u>	<u>\$ 7,928,737</u>	<u>\$ 515,507,604</u>

- d. Movements in the allowance for doubtful accounts of notes discounted and loans for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 2,144,996	\$ 963,707	\$ 1,464,248	\$ 4,572,951	\$ 2,708,150	\$ 7,281,101
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(10,392)	11,682	(1,290)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(1,271)	(17,341)	18,612	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	48,050	(47,955)	(95)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(430,481)	(78,332)	(55,219)	(564,032)	-	(564,032)
New financial assets purchased or originated	488,950	34,403	4,998	528,351	-	528,351
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	74,062	74,062
Write-offs	-	-	(76,062)	(76,062)	(540,551)	(616,613)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	152,685	152,685
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(124,199)	200,017	46,724	122,542	-	122,542
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 2,115,653</u>	<u>\$ 1,066,181</u>	<u>\$ 1,401,916</u>	<u>\$ 4,583,750</u>	<u>\$ 2,394,346</u>	<u>\$ 6,978,096</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 2,055,966	\$ 1,156,156	\$ 1,634,126	\$ 4,846,248	\$ 1,808,648	\$ 6,654,896
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(4,818)	5,879	(1,061)	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(3,408)	(72,070)	75,478	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	107,441	(105,724)	(1,717)	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(446,201)	(297,486)	(16,271)	(759,958)	-	(759,958)
New financial assets purchased or originated	478,994	108,768	4,325	592,087	-	592,087
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	396,333	396,333
Write-offs	-	-	(46,838)	(46,838)	(334,346)	(381,184)
Recovery of written-offs	-	-	-	-	86,870	86,870
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(199,159)	109,259	236,835	146,935	-	146,935
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 1,988,815</u>	<u>\$ 904,782</u>	<u>\$ 1,884,877</u>	<u>\$ 4,778,474</u>	<u>\$ 1,957,505</u>	<u>\$ 6,735,979</u>

14. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD, NET

The following table shows the Group's proportion of ownership and voting right of associates at the end of the reporting date:

	March 31, 2024		December 31, 2023		March 31, 2023	
	Amount	Proportion of Ownership (%)	Amount	Proportion of Ownership (%)	Amount	Proportion of Ownership (%)
Associates that are not individually material						
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ 179,553</u>	38.46	<u>\$ 172,446</u>	38.46	<u>\$ 172,257</u>	38.46

The share of loss of the investments in associates accounted for using the equity method was as follows:

Investee Company	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	<u>\$ (378)</u>	<u>\$ (495)</u>

Investment was accounted for using the equity method and the share of loss of the investment was calculated based on financial statements which have been reviewed.

The Group is the single largest shareholder of Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. with 38.46% interest in the investee, in which the remaining interest is held by several other shareholders. The Group considered the absolute size of its holding, and the relative size and dispersion of the other shareholdings in Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. and concluded that it does not have control over Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. The management of the Group considered the Group as exercising significant influence over Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. and, therefore, classified Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd. as associate of the Group.

15. RESTRICTED ASSETS, NET

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Restricted assets - cash in banks	\$ 135,513	\$ 123,040	\$ 394,925
Pending settlement payments	<u>14,912</u>	<u>4,641</u>	<u>4,402</u>
	<u>\$ 150,425</u>	<u>\$ 127,681</u>	<u>\$ 399,327</u>

Refer to Note 36 for information relating to the restricted assets - cash in banks, which are used as collateral for financing to other banks.

16. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS, NET

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Other delinquent receivables, net	<u>\$ 121,422</u>	<u>\$ 190,878</u>	<u>\$ 271,035</u>

Other delinquent receivables, net were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Delinquent receivables not from loans	\$ 252,966	\$ 307,233	\$ 386,903
Less: Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 12)	<u>(131,544)</u>	<u>(116,355)</u>	<u>(115,868)</u>
	<u>\$ 121,422</u>	<u>\$ 190,878</u>	<u>\$ 271,035</u>

17. PROPERTIES AND EQUIPMENT, NET

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024							
	Land	Buildings and Structures	Transportation Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment	Lease Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total
<u>Cost</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 7,859,148	\$ 2,232,409	\$ 66,102	\$ 2,141,019	\$ 104,149	\$ 8,853,913	\$ 21,256,740
Additions	-	26,762	1,826	34,892	8,758	237,181	309,419
Disposals	-	-	(1,318)	(16,194)	-	-	(17,512)
Reclassifications	-	-	-	2,327	-	(2,327)	-
Exchange differences, net	-	-	186	1,184	222	-	1,592
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>7,859,148</u>	<u>2,259,171</u>	<u>66,796</u>	<u>2,163,228</u>	<u>113,129</u>	<u>9,088,767</u>	<u>21,550,239</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2024	-	1,369,660	52,118	1,806,406	27,660	-	3,255,844
Additions	-	15,505	1,735	32,907	5,978	-	56,125
Disposals	-	-	(1,252)	(16,165)	-	-	(17,417)
Exchange differences, net	-	-	131	1,009	122	-	1,262
Balance at March 31, 2024	-	<u>1,385,165</u>	<u>52,732</u>	<u>1,824,157</u>	<u>33,760</u>	-	<u>3,295,814</u>
<u>Impairment</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2024	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	<u>77,000</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	<u>77,000</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 7,782,148</u>	<u>\$ 874,006</u>	<u>\$ 14,064</u>	<u>\$ 339,071</u>	<u>\$ 79,369</u>	<u>\$ 9,088,767</u>	<u>\$ 18,177,425</u>
For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023							
	Land	Buildings and Structures	Transportation Equipment	Miscellaneous Equipment	Lease Improvements	Construction in Progress	Total
<u>Cost</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 7,859,148	\$ 2,187,301	\$ 70,162	\$ 2,145,461	\$ 43,637	\$ 7,189,832	\$ 19,495,541
Additions	-	320	342	17,997	7,683	720,438	746,780
Disposals	-	-	(31)	(17,821)	-	-	(17,852)
Reclassifications	-	-	-	18,013	-	(20,126)	(2,113)
Exchange differences, net	-	-	40	94	(40)	-	94
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>7,859,148</u>	<u>2,187,621</u>	<u>70,513</u>	<u>2,163,744</u>	<u>51,280</u>	<u>7,890,144</u>	<u>20,222,450</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2023	-	1,312,047	51,013	1,786,170	13,228	-	3,162,458
Additions	-	12,941	1,884	33,477	2,880	-	51,182
Disposals	-	-	(31)	(17,784)	-	-	(17,815)
Exchange differences, net	-	-	25	119	(10)	-	134
Balance at March 31, 2023	-	<u>1,324,988</u>	<u>52,891</u>	<u>1,801,982</u>	<u>16,098</u>	-	<u>3,195,959</u>
<u>Impairment</u>							
Balance at January 1, 2023	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	<u>77,000</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>77,000</u>	-	-	-	-	-	<u>77,000</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 7,782,148</u>	<u>\$ 862,633</u>	<u>\$ 17,622</u>	<u>\$ 361,762</u>	<u>\$ 35,182</u>	<u>\$ 7,890,144</u>	<u>\$ 16,949,491</u>

The above items of property and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and structures	
Buildings	30 to 60 years
Renovation	10 to 29 years
Transportation equipment	3 to 5 years
Miscellaneous equipment	1 to 15 years
Lease improvements	2 to 5 years

18. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
<u>Carrying amount</u>			
Land and buildings	\$ 967,419	\$ 1,008,643	\$ 760,283
Transportation equipment	<u>50,202</u>	<u>54,751</u>	<u>40,804</u>
	<u>\$ 1,017,621</u>	<u>\$ 1,063,394</u>	<u>\$ 801,087</u>
		For the Three Months Ended March 31	
		2024	2023
Additions to right-of-use assets		<u>\$ 4,954</u>	<u>\$ 53,693</u>
Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets			
Land and buildings		\$ 42,608	\$ 37,033
Transportation equipment		<u>6,125</u>	<u>4,874</u>
		<u>\$ 48,733</u>	<u>\$ 41,907</u>

The Group suspended the leases of some land and buildings and transportation equipment before the leases expired. The amount of right-of-use assets derecognized was \$2,969 thousand and \$20,033 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The disposal gain of \$12 thousand and \$1,461 thousand was recognized for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

Except for the aforementioned suspension and addition and recognized depreciation, the Group did not have significant sublease or impairment of right-of-use assets during the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

b. Lease liabilities

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Carrying amount	<u>\$ 1,050,175</u>	<u>\$ 1,093,882</u>	<u>\$ 845,524</u>

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Land	1.01%-4.14%	1.01%-4.14%	1.01%-4.14%
Buildings	1.01%-5.95%	1.01%-5.95%	1.16%-5.95%
Transportation equipment	1.01%-4.14%	1.01%-5.96%	1.16%-5.96%

c. Material lease-in activities and terms

The Group leases domestic offices, ATM sites and transportation equipment with lease terms of 1 to 15 years. The lease contract specifies that lease payments will be adjusted on the basis of changes in market rental rates. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms.

d. Other lease information

Lease arrangements under operating leases for the leasing out of freehold properties are set out in Note 19.

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Expenses relating to short-term leases	\$ 749	\$ 1,095
Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	\$ 6,440	\$ 3,031
Total cash outflow for leases	\$ (59,730)	\$ (50,351)

The Group's leases of certain office equipment qualify as short-term leases and leases of certain computer equipment qualify as low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

19. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES, NET

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024			
	Land	Structures	Investment Properties Under Construction	Total
<u>Cost</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 1,065,212	\$ 135,283	\$ -	\$ 1,200,495
Additions	-	-	-	-
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>1,065,212</u>	<u>135,283</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,200,495</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2024	-	7,189	-	7,189
Additions	-	2,243	-	2,243
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>-</u>	<u>9,432</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,432</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 1,065,212</u>	<u>\$ 125,851</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,191,063</u>

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023

	Land	Structures	Investment Properties Under Construction	Total
<u>Cost</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 464,341	\$ 91,104	\$ 38,620	\$ 594,065
Additions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>13,261</u>	<u>13,261</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>464,341</u>	<u>91,104</u>	<u>51,881</u>	<u>607,326</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
Balance at January 1, 2023	-	1,898	-	1,898
Additions	<u>-</u>	<u>1,139</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,139</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>-</u>	<u>3,037</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,037</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 464,341</u>	<u>\$ 88,067</u>	<u>\$ 51,881</u>	<u>\$ 604,289</u>

- a. The investment properties are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Building and structures

Building	20 to 60 years
Renovation	10 to 25 years

- b. The fair value of investment properties of the Group on March 31, 2024 and December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 were \$1,250,000 thousand, \$1,250,000 thousand and \$651,880 thousand, respectively. The fair value wasn't evaluated by independent qualified professional appraisers. The valuation was arrived at by reference to the market evidence of transaction price for similar properties, and the fair value was measured by using Level 3 inputs.
- c. The abovementioned investment properties were leased out for 5 to 17 years. The lessees do not have bargain purchase options to acquire the investment properties at the expiry of the lease periods.
- d. The maturity analysis of lease payments receivable under operating leases of investment properties as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 is as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Year 1	\$ 24,000	\$ 24,000	\$ 10,255
Year 2	24,000	24,000	30,154
Year 3	24,000	24,000	30,154
Year 4	8,000	14,000	30,265
Year 5	-	-	14,344
Year 6 onwards	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>84,109</u>
	<u>\$ 80,000</u>	<u>\$ 86,000</u>	<u>\$ 199,281</u>

- e. Refer to Note 36 for information relating to investment properties as a guarantee for interbank financing.

20. INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Business rights	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000	\$ 28,000
Computer software	<u>228,339</u>	<u>222,853</u>	<u>229,460</u>
	<u>\$ 256,339</u>	<u>\$ 250,853</u>	<u>\$ 257,460</u>

- a. Business rights of the Group arose from the transfer of Fengxing Securities Co., Ltd., which was classified as intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and not subject to amortization. As of March 31, 2024, there was no impairment loss of the business rights.
- b. Movements of intangible assets were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Balance at January 1	\$ 250,853	\$ 234,756
Additions	26,748	40,115
Amortization	(21,366)	(19,551)
Reclassifications	-	2,113
Exchange differences, net	<u>104</u>	<u>27</u>
Balance at March 31	<u>\$ 256,339</u>	<u>\$ 257,460</u>

Computer software is amortized on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life as follows:

Computer software	1 to 5 years
-------------------	--------------

21. OTHER ASSETS, NET

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Refundable deposits	\$ 2,168,190	\$ 2,417,719	\$ 2,193,638
Prepayments	433,962	331,064	224,637
Receipts under payment for shares underwriting	40,199	4,848	-
Credit transactions	708	-	-
Others	<u>16,256</u>	<u>2,551</u>	<u>27,905</u>
	<u>\$ 2,659,315</u>	<u>\$ 2,756,182</u>	<u>\$ 2,446,180</u>

As of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, the time deposits and government bonds at amortized cost in the amounts of \$750,500 thousand, were pledged as collateral to the district court for litigation related to the overdraft of the U.S. dollar clearing account and the guarantee deposits of business operations. These amounts were stated as refundable deposits. Refer to Note 36.

22. DUE TO THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Call loans from banks	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 11,600,000	\$ 8,000,000
Due to Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd.	12,701	12,700	53,687
Due to banks	<u>955</u>	<u>2,768</u>	<u>300,053</u>
	<u>\$ 7,013,656</u>	<u>\$ 11,615,468</u>	<u>\$ 8,353,740</u>

23. FUNDS BORROWED FROM THE CENTRAL BANK AND OTHER BANKS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Funds borrowed from other banks	<u>\$ 13,093,280</u>	<u>\$ 12,482,762</u>	<u>\$ 9,634,969</u>
Funds borrowed from other banks (%)	1.89-5.30	1.78-5.44	1.65-5.23

Refer to Note 36 for information relating to collateral provided for funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks.

24. SECURITIES SOLD UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Government bonds	\$ 1,621,306	\$ 870,000	\$ -
Foreign bonds	<u>7,529,282</u>	<u>4,886,555</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 9,150,588</u>	<u>\$ 5,756,555</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Foreign bonds denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
USD	<u>\$ 235,290</u>	<u>\$ 159,171</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

The details of repurchase price and interest rate at the end of the period were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Government bonds	\$ 1,622,614	\$ 870,954	\$ -
Foreign bonds	<u>7,620,631</u>	<u>4,956,294</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 9,243,245</u>	<u>\$ 5,827,248</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Government bonds	1.05%-1.30%	1.20%-1.22%	-
Foreign bonds	5.45%-5.65%	5.65%-5.85%	-

25. PAYABLES

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Notes and checks in clearing	\$ 4,177,669	\$ 4,215,282	\$ 2,080,767
Accounts payable for delivery	2,368,276	1,691,473	1,268,664
Interest payable	1,782,898	1,021,982	1,259,896
Accrued expenses	1,483,774	2,458,632	1,456,191
Acceptances	757,987	603,967	856,940
Collections payable	114,401	60,633	50,686
Factored accounts payable	17,467	33,345	14,387
Foreign currency settlement payable	8,002	3,747	2,003
Other payables	<u>552,161</u>	<u>880,480</u>	<u>963,904</u>
	<u>\$ 11,262,635</u>	<u>\$ 10,969,541</u>	<u>\$ 7,953,438</u>

26. DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Checking	\$ 8,303,760	\$ 11,983,839	\$ 7,194,481
Demand	198,097,166	203,927,408	195,154,868
Demand savings	166,715,976	167,281,466	162,313,007
Time	161,695,014	145,375,176	133,846,159
Time savings	205,525,284	200,320,855	185,089,001
Remittances	<u>36,845</u>	<u>27,027</u>	<u>3,662</u>
	<u>\$ 740,374,045</u>	<u>\$ 728,915,771</u>	<u>\$ 683,601,178</u>

27. BANK DEBENTURES

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Subordinated financial debenture	<u>\$ 16,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,500,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,500,000</u>

- a. The Bank issued first subordinated financial debenture on December 28, 2015, which was approved under ruling reference No. 10400200460 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on August 26, 2015. Details of the subordinated financial debenture's issuance are summarized as follows:

- 1) Total approved principal: \$1,500,000 thousand.
- 2) Principal issued: \$1,500,000 thousand.
- 3) Denomination: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
- 4) Period: No due date.
- 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.

- 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- b. The Bank issued first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, third no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on March 28, 2017, May 18, 2017, August 28, 2017 and December 28, 2016, respectively, which were approved under ruling reference No. 10500210950 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on September 2, 2016. Details of the subordinated financial debenture's issuance are summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$3,500,000 thousand.
 - 2) Principal issued:
 - a) Debenture I in 2016: \$1,500,000 thousand.
 - b) Debenture I in 2017: \$1,000,000 thousand.
 - c) Debenture II in 2017: \$500,000 thousand.
 - d) Debenture III in 2017: \$500,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination:
 - a) Debenture I in 2016: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - b) Debenture I in 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - c) Debenture II in 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - d) Debenture III in 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: No due date.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.
 - 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- c. The Bank issued first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fourth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on April 25 2018, December 5, 2017 and December 27, 2017, respectively, which were approved under ruling reference No. 10600229120 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on September 22, 2017. Details of the subordinated financial debenture's issuance are summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$5,000,000 thousand.
 - 2) Principal issued:
 - a) Debenture IV in 2017: \$1,350,000 thousand.
 - b) Debenture V in 2017: \$2,650,000 thousand.
 - c) Debenture I in 2018: \$1,000,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination:
 - a) Debenture IV in 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - b) Debenture V in 2017: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - c) Debenture I in 2018: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.

- 4) Period: No due date.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.
 - 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- d. The Bank issued second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture on December 18, 2018, which was approved under ruling reference No. 10702156550 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on August 23, 2018. Details of the subordinated financial debenture issuance is summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$1,500,000 thousand.
 - 2) Principal issued: \$1,500,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: No due date.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: According to the interest rate of one-year time savings deposit of Chunghwa Post Co., Ltd., plus 3.08%.
 - 6) Repayment: To be executed according to the issuance.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.
- e. The Bank issued first subordinated financial debenture on December 27, 2021, which was approved under ruling reference No. 1100226929 issued by the Banking Bureau of the FSC on October 12, 2021. Detail of the subordinated financial debenture issuance is summarized as follows:
- 1) Total approved principal: \$5,000,000 thousand.
 - 2) Principal issued: \$5,000,000 thousand.
 - 3) Denomination: \$10,000 thousand, issued at par.
 - 4) Period: 7 years with maturities on December 27, 2028.
 - 5) Nominal interest rate: Fixed interest, 1.2%.
 - 6) Repayment: The subordinated financial debenture will be paid on the maturity date.
 - 7) The interest will be paid annually from the issuance date.

28. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Commercial papers payable	\$ 4,072,509	\$ 3,818,483	\$ 2,600,853
Structured commodity principal	<u>4,072,249</u>	<u>3,839,951</u>	<u>4,149,444</u>
	<u>\$ 8,144,758</u>	<u>\$ 7,658,434</u>	<u>\$ 6,750,297</u>

29. PROVISIONS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Provision for employee benefits	\$ 843,910	\$ 833,142	\$ 817,500
Provision for losses on guarantees	327,263	307,263	279,263
Provision for loan commitments	138,039	136,042	120,172
Provision for outstanding loss	30,340	29,090	25,340
Other provisions	<u>13,106</u>	<u>13,023</u>	<u>23,007</u>
	<u>\$ 1,352,658</u>	<u>\$ 1,318,560</u>	<u>\$ 1,265,282</u>

a. Details of provision for employee benefits were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Benefit plans	\$ 637,693	\$ 629,295	\$ 620,696
Preferential interest on employees' deposits	163,469	162,038	155,625
Other long-term employee benefit liabilities	<u>42,748</u>	<u>41,809</u>	<u>41,179</u>
	<u>\$ 843,910</u>	<u>\$ 833,142</u>	<u>\$ 817,500</u>

1) Defined contribution plans

The Group adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages.

The amounts of contributions paid by the Group in accordance with the defined contribution plan and recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income were \$30,700 thousand and \$30,106 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

2) Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan adopted of the Bank in accordance with the Labor Standards Act is operated by the government of the ROC. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the six months before retirement. The Bank contributes amounts equal to 10% of total monthly salaries and wages of general employees that applicable to old seniority personnel (excluding appointed managers) to a pension fund administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Bank assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Bank is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Bank has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

An analysis by function of the amounts recognized in profit or loss in respect of the defined benefit plans in accordance with the pension cost rate for the year ended December 31, 2023 and 2022 was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Operating expenses	<u>\$ 5,886</u>	<u>\$ 3,353</u>

3) Preferential interest on employees' deposits plan

The Group had revised the interest rate of the employees' savings deposit since December 21, 2014, in accordance with the regulations of the Financial Management Law No. 10110000850 and the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks, and the preferential interest on employee's deposit liabilities were carried out by qualified actuaries.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the expenses under preferential interest on employees' deposits plan recognized in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income amounted to \$1,431 thousand and \$1,381 thousand, respectively.

4) Other long-term employee benefit liabilities

Other long-term employee benefits of the Bank of the Group are long-term disability benefits. If the employee does not encounter any casualty due to occupational disaster or accidental death, the Bank will pay the pension according to the seniority.

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the Group recognized total expenses related to the long-term employee benefits in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income were \$939 thousand and \$911 thousand, respectively.

- b. Movements of the provision for losses on guarantees were as follows:

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 217,243	\$ 5,638	\$ 37,095	\$ 259,976	\$ 47,287	\$ 307,263
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(272)	272	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(120)	-	120	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	3,281	(3,281)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(81,326)	(1,084)	(531)	(82,941)	-	(82,941)
New financial assets purchased or originated	101,331	-	-	101,331	-	101,331
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	1,030	1,030
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(10,395)	4,788	6,187	580	-	580
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$ 229,742	\$ 6,333	\$ 42,871	\$ 278,946	\$ 48,317	\$ 327,263

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 193,788	\$ 20,588	\$ 34,996	\$ 249,372	\$ 26,591	\$ 275,963
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(2)	2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(18)	-	18	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	19	(19)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(73,496)	(12,296)	-	(85,792)	-	(85,792)
New financial assets purchased or originated	62,142	56,774	-	118,916	-	118,916
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	(23,013)	(23,013)
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(7,442)	(125)	756	(6,811)	-	(6,811)
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$ 174,991	\$ 64,924	\$ 35,770	\$ 275,685	\$ 3,578	\$ 279,263

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, a provision was recognized for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees.

- c. Movements of the other provision were as follows:

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 9,815	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,815	\$ 3,208	\$ 13,023
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(8,343)	-	-	(8,343)	-	(8,343)
New financial assets purchased or originated	8,039	-	-	8,039	-	8,039
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	1,130	1,130
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(743)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(743)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(743)</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 8,768</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,768</u>	<u>\$ 4,338</u>	<u>\$ 13,106</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 8,267	\$ 9,214	\$ -	\$ 17,481	\$ 343	\$ 17,824
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(6,323)	(9,214)	-	(15,537)	-	(15,537)
New financial assets purchased or originated	10,237	-	-	10,237	-	10,237
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	11,713	11,713
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	<u>(1,230)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,230)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,230)</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 10,951</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,951</u>	<u>\$ 12,056</u>	<u>\$ 23,007</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, a provision was recognized for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees.

d. Movements of the loan commitments were as follows:

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 114,706	\$ 1,902	\$ 10,239	\$ 126,847	\$ 9,195	\$ 136,042
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(4)	4	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	(1)	(6)	7	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	607	(607)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(11,946)	(63)	(8,460)	(20,469)	-	(20,469)
New financial assets purchased or originated	20,273	-	-	20,273	-	20,273
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	2,581	2,581
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(601)	220	(7)	(388)	-	(388)
Balance at March 31, 2024	\$ 123,034	\$ 1,450	\$ 1,779	\$ 126,263	\$ 11,776	\$ 138,039

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	12-month ECLs	Lifetime ECL	Credit- impaired Financial Assets	Impairment Loss Assessed under IFRS 9	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 77,787	\$ 1,648	\$ 11,897	\$ 91,332	\$ 2,056	\$ 93,388
Reconciliation from financial instruments recognized at the beginning of the period:						
Transfers to lifetime ECL	(2)	2	-	-	-	-
Transfers to credit-impaired financial assets	-	(13)	13	-	-	-
Transfers to 12-month ECLs	340	(340)	-	-	-	-
Derecognition of financial assets in current period	(12,108)	(27)	(659)	(12,794)	-	(12,794)
New financial assets purchased or originated	12,144	26,851	-	38,995	-	38,995
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-	1,751	1,751
Foreign exchange differences and other changes	(1,001)	(155)	(12)	(1,168)	-	(1,168)
Balance at March 31, 2023	\$ 77,160	\$ 27,966	\$ 11,239	\$ 116,365	\$ 3,807	\$ 120,172

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, a provision was recognized for bad debt expense, commitments and guarantees.

- e. The outstanding loss provision of the Bank were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Balance at January 1	\$ 29,090	\$ 24,090
Recognized	<u>1,250</u>	<u>1,250</u>
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 30,340</u>	<u>\$ 25,340</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the amount of \$1,250 thousand for the outstanding loss provision of the Bank was recognized for interest expense, please refer to Note 37 for contingent liabilities.

30. OTHER LIABILITIES

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Guarantee deposits received	\$ 652,600	\$ 680,421	\$ 608,698
Advance receipts	408,004	491,200	413,183
Credit transactions	-	3,397	240
Others	<u>24,102</u>	<u>33,849</u>	<u>32,687</u>
	<u>\$ 1,084,706</u>	<u>\$ 1,208,867</u>	<u>\$ 1,054,808</u>

31. EQUITY

- a. Share capital

Ordinary shares

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Number of shares authorized (in thousands)	<u>7,770,000</u>	<u>7,770,000</u>	<u>7,770,000</u>
Shares authorized	<u>\$ 77,700,000</u>	<u>\$ 77,700,000</u>	<u>\$ 77,700,000</u>
Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands)	<u>5,226,095</u>	<u>5,226,095</u>	<u>5,015,447</u>
Shares issued	<u>\$ 52,260,953</u>	<u>\$ 52,260,953</u>	<u>\$ 50,154,465</u>

Ordinary shares issued at par value of \$10, each share has one voting right and the right to receive dividends.

As of March 31, 2023, the Bank had issued ordinary shares totaling \$50,154,465 thousand, divided into 5,015,447 thousand ordinary shares at par value of \$10 per share. In July 2023, the Bank transferred \$2,106,488 thousand of unappropriated earnings to ordinary shares, consisting of 210,649 thousand ordinary shares at par value of \$10 per share. As of March 31, 2024, the Bank had increased ordinary shares to \$52,260,953 thousand, divided into 5,226,095 thousand ordinary shares at \$10 par value per share.

b. Capital surplus

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital*			
Issuance of ordinary shares	\$ 1,381,133	\$ 1,381,133	\$ 1,381,133
Issuance of ordinary shares - employee share options	115,707	115,707	115,707
Expired employee share options	6,874	6,874	6,874
<u>May be used to offset a deficit only</u>			
Share of changes in capital surplus of associates	16,813	16,813	16,813
Conversion of bank debentures' components	<u>7,729</u>	<u>7,729</u>	<u>7,729</u>
	<u>\$ 1,528,256</u>	<u>\$ 1,528,256</u>	<u>\$ 1,528,256</u>

* Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Bank has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Bank's capital surplus and to once a year).

c. Appropriation of earnings and dividend policy

Under the Bank's dividend policy as set forth in the Articles, where the Bank made a profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be first utilized for paying taxes, offsetting losses of previous years, setting aside as a legal reserve of 30% of the remaining profit; however, provided that the legal reserve amounts to the total paid-in capital, the legal reserve need not be set aside, setting aside or reversing a special reserve in accordance with the laws and regulations, and then any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be used by the Bank's board of directors as the basis for proposing a distribution plan, which should be resolved in the shareholders' meeting for the distribution of dividends and bonuses to shareholders. For the policies on the distribution of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors, refer to employees' compensation and remuneration of directors in Note 32(9).

The appropriation of earnings mentioned above shall be retained by the board of directors in accordance with the changing operating environment, operation and investment needs. When dividends are declared, cash dividends must be at least 10% of total dividends declared.

An appropriation of earnings to the legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Bank's paid-in capital. The legal reserve may be used to offset deficits. If the Bank has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Bank's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

In addition, the Banking Law limits the appropriation of cash dividends to 15% of the Bank's paid-in capital. But when the legal reserve equals the Bank's paid-in capital, this 15% limit may be waived. If the ratio of own capital to risky assets does not meet the standards set by the competent authority, the appropriation of earnings in cash or other assets should be subject to the restrictions or prohibitions of the relevant regulations.

Under related regulations, a special reserve is appropriated from the balance of the retained earnings at an amount from the net income and unappropriated earnings that is equal to the debit balance of accounts in the shareholders' equity section. Afterward, if there is any reversal of the decrease in shareholders' equity, the Bank is allowed to appropriate retained earnings from the reversed amount.

According to Order No. 1090150022 issued by the FSC, Order No. 10901500221 issued by the FSC and International Financial Reporting Standards and "Q&A on the application of the reference to the special reserve following adoption of IFRSs", retained earnings should be appropriated to or reversed from a special reserve by the Bank. Afterward, if there is any reversal of the decrease in other shareholders' equity, the Bank is allowed to appropriate retained earnings from the reversal amount. According to Order No. 10510001510 issued by the FSC, a special reserve should be appropriated between 0.5% and 1% of net income after tax when banks appropriate earnings of 2016 through 2018. After that, under No. 10802714560 issued by the FSC, the Bank no longer uses special reserve to protect the right of its employee in response to the developments of financial technology since 2019. From the fiscal year of 2019, the Bank can reverse the amount of expenditure of employees' transfer from financial technology development within the amount of the abovementioned special reserve from 2016 to 2018.

The appropriations of earnings for 2023 and 2022 had been proposed by board of directors on February 23, 2024 and were approved in the shareholders' meetings on May 15, 2023, respectively, as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings		Dividends Per Share (NT\$)	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Legal reserve	\$ 2,080,035	\$ 1,619,325	\$ -	\$ -
Special reserve	-	159,684	-	-
Reverse a special reserve	(160,454)	(565)	-	-
Cash dividends	2,090,438	1,504,634	0.40	0.30
Share dividends	2,926,613	2,106,488	0.56	0.42

The appropriation of earnings for 2023 are subject to the resolution of the shareholders in their meeting to be held on May 24, 2024.

d. Other equity items

	Exchange Differences on Translating the Financial Statements of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Total
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ (91,150)	\$ 1,788,007	\$ 1,696,857
Recognized for the period			
Unrealized gains			
Equity instruments	-	533,837	533,837
Debt instruments	-	(255,550)	(255,550)
Net remeasurement of loss allowance - debt instruments	-	2,851	2,851
Share from associates accounted for using the equity method	-	7,485	7,485
Cumulative unrealized gain of equity instruments transferred to retained earnings due to disposal	-	(313,090)	(313,090)
Cumulative translation adjustment			
Exchange differences for current period	41,365	-	41,365
Income tax related to other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u>(11,405)</u>	<u>(11,405)</u>
Balance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ (49,785)</u>	<u>\$ 1,752,135</u>	<u>\$ 1,702,350</u>
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ (37,875)	\$ (121,809)	\$ (159,684)
Recognized for the period			
Unrealized gains			
Equity instruments	-	270,508	270,508
Debt instruments	-	370,631	370,631
Net remeasurement of loss allowance - debt instruments	-	(537)	(537)
Share from associates accounted for using the equity method	-	451	451
Cumulative translation adjustment			
Exchange differences for current period	(17,568)	-	(17,568)
Income tax related to other comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	<u>(2,908)</u>	<u>(2,908)</u>
Balance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ (55,443)</u>	<u>\$ 516,336</u>	<u>\$ 460,893</u>

32. NET PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS

Net profit from continuing operations was attributable to:

a. Net interest

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
<u>Interest revenue</u>		
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 4,429,914	\$ 3,841,976
Due from banks and call loans to the other banks	170,451	167,339
Investment in securities	957,609	611,858
Installment plan	147,877	91,132
Rental	144,620	103,898
Revolving interests of credit cards	8,871	7,891
Securities purchased under resale agreements	30,726	34,087
Accounts receivable factoring without recourse	4,473	3,180
Others	<u>257</u>	<u>251</u>
	<u>5,894,798</u>	<u>4,861,612</u>
<u>Interest expense</u>		
Deposits	(2,478,982)	(1,798,592)
Financial debentures	(147,993)	(140,096)
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	(168,429)	(109,748)
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	(51)	(381)
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	(91,893)	-
Structured instruments	(62,030)	(43,338)
Lease liabilities	(5,855)	(6,541)
Others	<u>(6,142)</u>	<u>(5,889)</u>
	<u>(2,961,375)</u>	<u>(2,104,585)</u>
	<u>\$ 2,933,423</u>	<u>\$ 2,757,027</u>

b. Service fee income, net

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
<u>Service fee income</u>		
Insurance brokering	\$ 344,948	\$ 233,367
Securities brokering	90,233	61,832
Trust business	378,084	252,450
Loans	274,200	264,078
Guarantee	81,894	62,869
Others	<u>102,730</u>	<u>95,371</u>
	<u>1,272,089</u>	<u>969,967</u>

(Continued)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
<u>Service fee expense</u>		
Commission	\$ (55,463)	\$ (32,979)
Cross-bank transactions	(9,410)	(8,936)
Others	<u>(41,463)</u>	<u>(35,252)</u>
	<u>(106,336)</u>	<u>(77,167)</u>
	<u>\$ 1,165,753</u>	<u>\$ 892,800</u>
		(Concluded)

The Group provides custody, trust, investment management and consultancy services to third parties, so the Group's activities involve the planning, management and trading decisions of financial instruments. For the trust funds or investment portfolios that are managed and used on behalf of the trustee, the independent accounting reports and preparation of financial statements for internal management purposes are not included in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

- c. Gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
<u>Realized profit or loss</u>		
Commercial papers	\$ 68,481	\$ 75,179
Shares	80,809	49,821
Beneficiary certificates	11,848	18,166
Derivative financial instruments	(541,132)	189,031
Corporate bonds	(20)	3,059
Others	<u>1,441</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>(378,573)</u>	<u>335,256</u>
<u>Valuation</u>		
Commercial papers	(805)	2,888
Shares	50,997	84,845
Beneficiary certificates	28,513	7,436
PEM Group policy assets	14,107	9,751
Derivative financial instruments	1,415,097	(48,076)
Corporate bonds	<u>120</u>	<u>3,154</u>
	<u>1,508,029</u>	<u>59,998</u>
	<u>\$ 1,129,456</u>	<u>\$ 395,254</u>

- 1) For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, realized profit or loss of gain on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss included disposal (loss) profit amounted to \$(513,002) thousand and \$218,012 thousand, dividend income amounted to \$10,337 thousand and \$1,653 thousand and interest revenue amounted to \$124,092 thousand and \$115,501 thousand, respectively.

- 2) Net income from exchange rate commodities includes realized and unrealized gains and losses on exchange forward contracts, cross-currency options and cross-currency swaps. The translation gains or losses included net income from exchange rate commodities when significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies classified as at FVTPL are not designated for hedging relationship.

- d. Realized gains on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Dividend income	\$ 8,379	\$ 10,487
Gain on disposal of bonds	<u>42,669</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 51,048</u>	<u>\$ 10,487</u>

- e. (Impairment losses) reversal of impairment losses on financial assets

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI	\$ (2,851)	\$ 537
Financial assets at amortized cost	<u>(241)</u>	<u>2,019</u>
	<u>\$ (3,092)</u>	<u>\$ 2,556</u>

- f. Other non-interest gains (losses), net

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Gains (losses) on disposal of properties and equipment	\$ 275	\$ (37)
Others	<u>8,118</u>	<u>16,567</u>
	<u>\$ 8,393</u>	<u>\$ 16,530</u>

- g. Provision for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantees

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Bad debts on receivables	\$ 106,860	\$ 19,946
Bad debts on notes discounted and loans	133,004	382,997
Losses on guarantees	20,000	3,300
Loan commitments	920	27,000
Others	<u>-</u>	<u>5,200</u>
	<u>\$ 260,784</u>	<u>\$ 438,443</u>

h. Employee benefits expenses

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Salaries	\$ 1,019,414	\$ 1,040,531
Labor and health insurance	84,797	78,442
Pension expense	36,586	33,459
Other employee expenses	<u>77,259</u>	<u>63,953</u>
	<u>\$ 1,218,056</u>	<u>\$ 1,216,385</u>

i. Employees' compensation and remuneration of directors

According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Bank, the Bank accrues employees' compensation and remuneration of directors at rates of 0.5%-3% and no higher than 2.5%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, employees' compensation and remuneration of directors. The employees' compensation and the remuneration of directors for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Employees' compensation	0.70%	0.75%
Remuneration of directors	2.38%	2.50%

Amount

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Employees' compensation	<u>\$ 17,511</u>	<u>\$ 13,444</u>
Remuneration of directors	<u>\$ 60,000</u>	<u>\$ 44,815</u>

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

The appropriations of employees' compensation and remuneration of directors for 2023 and 2022 that were resolved by the Bank's board of directors on February 23, 2024 and 2023 respectively, are as shown below:

	Cash	
	2023	2022
Employees' compensation	<u>\$ 62,490</u>	<u>\$ 50,173</u>
Remuneration of directors	<u>\$ 208,301</u>	<u>\$ 167,245</u>

There was no difference between the actual amounts of employee's compensation and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Information on the employees' compensation and remuneration of directors resolved by the Bank's board of directors in 2024 and 2023 is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

j. Depreciation and amortization expenses

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Properties and equipment	\$ 56,125	\$ 51,182
Investment properties	2,243	1,139
Right-of-use assets	48,733	41,907
Intangible assets	<u>21,366</u>	<u>19,551</u>
	<u>\$ 128,467</u>	<u>\$ 113,779</u>

k. Other selling and administrative expenses

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Taxes	\$ 278,737	\$ 241,015
Professional service	38,848	100,587
Advertisement	14,538	21,190
Insurance	51,854	48,797
Entertainment	14,811	19,103
Donation	3,675	22,306
Postage	18,893	16,263
Others	<u>159,558</u>	<u>142,621</u>
	<u>\$ 580,914</u>	<u>\$ 611,882</u>

33. INCOME TAXES RELATING TO CONTINUING OPERATIONS

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Current tax		
In respect of the current period	\$ 509,453	\$ 305,856
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current period	<u>(110,043)</u>	<u>(10,279)</u>
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 399,410</u>	<u>\$ 295,577</u>

b. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
<u>Deferred tax</u>		
In respect of the current period		
Fair value changes of financial assets at FVTOCI	<u>\$ (11,405)</u>	<u>\$ (2,908)</u>

c. Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd., Taichung Bank Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd., and Taichung Commercial Bank Securities Co., Ltd. through 2022 along with Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited through 2021 have been assessed and approved by the tax authorities.

34. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.40</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.40</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>

The weighted average number of shares outstanding used for the earnings per share computation was adjusted retroactively for the issuance of bonus shares. The basic and diluted earnings per share adjusted retrospectively for the three months ended March 31, 2023 were as follows:

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	Before Retrospective Adjustment	After Retrospective Adjustment
Basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>
Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 0.29</u>	<u>\$ 0.28</u>

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

Net profit for the period

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Earnings used in the computation of earnings per share	<u>\$ 2,089,809</u>	<u>\$ 1,473,320</u>

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands of shares) was as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of basic earnings per share	5,226,095	5,226,095
Effect of potentially dilutive ordinary shares		
Employees' compensation or bonuses issued to employees	<u>3,328</u>	<u>3,301</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the computation of diluted earnings per share	<u>5,229,423</u>	<u>5,229,396</u>

The Group may settle the compensation or bonuses paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Group assumes that the entire amount of the compensation or bonuses will be settled in shares, and the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

35. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	Parent company of the Bank
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	Legal director of the Bank
Chien-An Shin (Notes 2 and 4)	Chairman and legal director of the Bank
Kuei-Fong Wang (Note 3)	Natural director of the Bank
Te-Wei Chia (Note 2)	General manager of the Bank
Jinyi Li, Hsin-Chang Tsai, Li-Woon Lim, Pi-Ta Chen	Independent director of the Bank
Hsueh-Hsuan Liao (Notes 1 and 4), Shih-Yi Chiang, Ying-Hui Wu	Legal representatives of the Bank's director
22 persons including the Chairman and general manager's spouse	The spouses and second-degree relatives, etc. of the Bank's chairman and general managers
26 persons including the director of the Board's spouse	The spouses and children of the Bank's directors
7 persons including Kai-Yu, Lin	Key management personnel
19 persons including associate general manager's spouse	The spouses and children of the Bank's associate general managers
112 persons including Hung-Lung Tsai	Managers of the Bank
12 persons including Kuei-Hsien Wang	The spouses and children of the parent company's chairman and general managers
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Associate accounted for using the equity method
Pan Asia Chemical Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
China Fiber Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Pan Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Taichung Commercial Bank Cultural and Educational Foundation, Taichung Commercial Bank Workers' Welfare Commission	Related party in substance
Deh Hsing Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance

(Continued)

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
Iolite Company Limited	Related party in substance
Hebei Hanoshi Contact Lens Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chou Chin Industrial Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chou Chang Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Nan Chung Petrochemical Corporation	Related party in substance
Reliance Securities Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Sheen Ren Knitting Factory Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Ta Fa Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Formosa Imperial Wineseller Corp.	Related party in substance
Yu Hui Limited	Related party in substance
Formosawine Vintners Corporation	Related party in substance
Bomi International Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Shanghai Bomi Food Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Noble House Global Limited	Related party in substance
Noble House Glory Corporation	Related party in substance
Wang Wanjin Culture and Education Foundation	Related party in substance
Chaoqing Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Sheng Yuan Ze Investment Limited Company	Related party in substance
Pan Hsu Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Precious Wealth International Limited	Related party in substance
Storm Model Management Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Shanghai Bomi Consulting management Limited Company	Related party in substance
Shuo-Jung Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
General Pride Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Fengqi Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Reliance Kuan Chun Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Reliance Securities Investment Consultant Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Reliance Kuan Chun Venture Management Consulting Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Shen Ching Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Lei Fu Life Business Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Chi Da Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Syu Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Yao Shang Investment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
China Man-Made Fiber Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Dr. Brain Lab Technology Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Bang-Yu Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance

(Concluded)

Note 1: Hsueh-Hsuan, Liao, the legal representative of Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd., was designated on December 28, 2023, and on the same day, the board of directors elected him as an executive director.

Note 2: Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd. reassigned its legal representative from Te-Wei Chia to Chien-An Shin on February 26, 2024.

Note 3: Kuei-Fong Wang resigned as chairman of the board on March 14, 2024.

Note 4: Hsueh-Hsuan Liao resigned as executive director on March 18, 2024, and on the same day, an interim meeting of the board resolved to appoint Chien-An Shin as executive director, and the executive board elected Chien-An Shin as chairman of the board.

a. Loans

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	Numbers/ Name	Highest Balance	Balance, End of the Period	Compliance		Interest Revenue	Collateral	The Difference Between Related and Non-related Party
				Performing Loans	Overdue Loans			
Employees consumption loans	7	\$ 3,607	\$ 3,439	\$ 3,439	\$ -	\$ 20	Credit loans	None
Loans on mortgage	42	211,955	192,529	192,529	-	1,009	Real estate	None
Other loans	Lee OO	1,995	1,960	1,960	-	10	Real estate	None
	Yang OO	4,119	4,032	4,032	-	23	Real estate	None
	Lin OO	138	115	115	-	-	Real estate	None
	Wang OO	3,000	3,000	3,000	-	17	Real estate	None
	Chen OO	40,000	40,000	40,000	-	206	Real estate	None
	Fang OO	3,310	3,000	3,000	-	19	Real estate	None
	Chang OO	1,656	1,639	1,639	-	10	Real estate	None
	Chang OO	2,500	2,500	2,500	-	13	Real estate	None
	Liang OO	403	372	372	-	2	Real estate	None
	Huang OO	1,020	985	985	-	5	Real estate	None
	Chiu OO	2,009	1,603	1,603	-	9	Real estate	None
	Liao OO	5,500	5,500	5,500	-	34	Real estate	None
	Huang OO	1,463	1,188	1,188	-	7	Real estate	None

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	Numbers/ Name	Highest Balance	Balance, End of the Period	Compliance		Interest Revenue	Collateral	The Difference Between Related and Non-related Party
				Performing Loans	Overdue Loans			
Employees consumption loans	10	\$ 4,252	\$ 3,977	\$ 3,977	\$ -	\$ 20	Credit loans	None
Loans on mortgage	42	224,426	201,149	201,149	-	899	Real estate	None
Other loans	Lee OO	2,133	2,098	2,098	-	10	Real estate	None
	Yang OO	4,465	4,379	4,379	-	23	Real estate	None
	Lin OO	229	206	206	-	-	Real estate	None
	Wang OO	6,000	3,000	3,000	-	18	Real estate	None
	Chen OO	40,000	40,000	40,000	-	189	Real estate	None
	Fang OO	11,716	9,216	9,216	-	58	Real estate	None
	Chang OO	1,726	1,709	1,709	-	10	Real estate	None
	Chang OO	2,500	2,500	2,500	-	13	Real estate	None
	Liang OO	525	495	495	-	2	Real estate	None
	Ye OO	11,000	11,000	11,000	-	51	Real estate	None
	Huang OO	1,159	1,124	1,124	-	5	Real estate	None
	Chiu OO	2,317	2,240	2,240	-	10	Real estate	None
	Hsu OO	2,200	2,200	2,200	-	12	Real estate	None
	Huang OO	2,224	1,804	1,804	-	9	Real estate	None

According to Articles 32 and 33 of the Banking Law, credit loans cannot be made to related party except loans to government and consumers; secured loans to related party shall be provided with adequate collateral, and the terms of credits to related party should be similar to those for third parties.

b. Deposits

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024		
	Ending Balance	Interest Ratio	Interest Expense
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$ 104,609	0.00-1.58	\$ 326
Taichung Commercial Bank Workers' Welfare Commission	151,909	0.01-5.63	2,048
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	50,382	0.71-1.30	101

(Continued)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2024			
	Ending Balance	Interest Ratio	Interest Expense
Taichung Commercial Bank Cultural and Educational Foundation	\$ 8,272	0.01-1.72	\$ 32
Formosa Imperial Wineseller Corp.	2	0.71	-
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	2,076	0.71	4
Pan Asia Chemical Corporation	29,922	0.71	51
Chou Chin Industrial Co., Ltd.	3,323	0.01-0.71	5
Chou Chang Co., Ltd.	1,957	0.01	-
Shuo-Jung Co., Ltd.	6,394	0.01	-
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	122,748	0.01-1.30	3
Reliance Securities Co., Ltd.	10,288	0.71-1.34	34
Deh Hsing Investment Co., Ltd.	46,135	0.40-1.30	138
Yu Hui Limited	4	0.01	-
Fengqi Investment Co., Ltd.	4	0.71	-
China Man-Made Fiber Entertainment Co., Ltd.	1	0.71	-
Lei Fu Life Business Co., Ltd.	2,719	0.71	5
Pan Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	7	0.01	-
Pan Hsu Investment Co., Ltd.	2	0.01	-
Chi Da Investment Co., Ltd.	4,417	0.71	8
Yao Shang Investment Co., Ltd.	4,417	0.71	8
Syu Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	4,417	0.71	8
Others	<u>445,331</u>	0.00-6.20	<u>2,036</u>
	<u>\$ 999,336</u>		<u>\$ 4,807</u>
			(Concluded)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023			
	Ending Balance	Interest Ratio	Interest Expense
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$ 95,688	0.00-1.45	\$ 234
Taichung Commercial Bank Workers' Welfare Commission	159,292	0.01-5.51	2,085
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	68,629	0.01-1.25	83
Taichung Commercial Bank Cultural and Educational Foundation	8,238	0.01-1.47	30
Formosa Imperial Wineseller Corp.	1	0.58	-
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	4,018	0.58	3
Pan Asia Chemical Corporation	30,405	0.01-0.58	15
Chou Chin Industrial Co., Ltd.	17,456	0.01-0.58	4
Chou Chang Co., Ltd.	-	0.01	-
Shuo-Jung Co., Ltd.	8,161	0.01	-
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	123,226	0.01-1.25	2
Reliance Securities Co., Ltd.	10,159	0.58-1.22	25
Deh Hsing Investment Co., Ltd.	8,235	0.58-1.25	10
Yu Hui Limited	4	0.01	-
Fengqi Investment Co., Ltd.	5	0.58	-
China Man-Made Fiber Entertainment Co., Ltd.	1	0.58	-
			(Continued)

For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2023			
	Ending Balance	Interest Ratio	Interest Expense
Lei Fu Life Business Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,240	0.58	\$ 2
Pan Asia Investment Co., Ltd.	7	0.01	-
Pan Hsu Investment Co., Ltd.	8	0.01	-
Chi Da Investment Co., Ltd.	4,171	0.58	5
Yao Shang Investment Co., Ltd.	4,171	0.58	5
Syu Yi Investment Co., Ltd.	4,171	0.58	5
Others	<u>444,161</u>	0.00-5.51	<u>1,696</u>
	<u>\$ 991,447</u>		<u>\$ 4,204</u>
			(Concluded)

The interest rates did not significantly differ from those with ordinary customers except for the interest rates on the Bank's employee deposits at 5.63% and 5.51% as of March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

c. Financial debentures

The Bank issued, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2015, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2016, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, third no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fourth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2017, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2018, and entrusted Concord Securities Co., Ltd. and KGI Securities Co., Ltd. as financial advisors for the issuance and collection of bonds.

As of March 31, 2024 the related party subscribed for the financial debentures issued by the Bank through underwriting brokers as follows:

Counterparty	Subscription	Period
Hsu Tian Investment Co., Ltd.	\$ 4,000,000	First no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2015, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2016, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2017, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2018
		(Continued)

Counterparty	Subscription	Period
Others	\$ 3,740,000	First no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2015, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2016, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, third no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fourth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture, fifth no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2017, first no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture and second no due date non-cumulative subordinated financial debenture in 2018 (Concluded)

The interest payables on the financial debentures of the above-mentioned related parties were \$145,694 thousand, \$56,156 thousand and \$136,259 thousand as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, respectively. The interest expenses were \$89,538 thousand and \$84,406 thousand for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

d. Service fee income

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	\$ 453	\$ 460

The above amounts are for the promotion and channel revenue, etc. The price of transactions with its related party is similar to those of the non-related party.

e. Other expenses

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Greenworld Food Co., Ltd.	\$ 115	\$ 336

The above amounts are other business expenses. The price of transactions with its related party is similar to those of the non-related party.

f. Lease arrangements

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	March 31	
		2024	2023
Lease liabilities	Related party in substance		
	Yu Hui Limited	\$ 2,822	\$ 5,838
	General Pride Enterprise Co., Ltd.	\$ 90	\$ 444

Line Item	Related Party Category/Name	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
		2024	2023
Interest expense	Related party in substance		
	Yu Hui Limited	\$ 17	\$ 33
	General Pride Enterprise Co., Ltd.	\$ 1	\$ 3

The lease period and rent payment are in accordance with the contract. The general lease period is 2 to 5 years, and the payment is mainly made on a monthly basis.

g. Refundable deposits

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Yu Hui Limited.	\$ 544	\$ 544

h. Compensation of directors and key management personnel

For the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023, the amounts of remuneration of directors and key management personnel were as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Short-term benefits	\$ 135,554	\$ 122,574
Post-employee benefits	333	12,031
Other long-term benefits	2	2
	<u>\$ 135,889</u>	<u>\$ 134,607</u>

36. PLEDGED ASSETS

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Call loans to other banks - time deposits	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000	\$ 200,000
Restricted assets - cash in banks	135,513	123,040	394,925
Notes receivable	6,540,661	6,373,255	3,241,141
Investment properties	1,191,063	644,314	-
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost			
- government bonds	<u>630,500</u>	<u>630,500</u>	<u>620,500</u>
	<u>\$ 8,697,737</u>	<u>\$ 7,971,109</u>	<u>\$ 4,456,566</u>

Call loans to other banks - time deposits were the provision for operation deposit. Restricted assets - cash in banks, investment properties and notes receivable were the guarantee for financing to other banks. Government bonds were pledged as collateral to district courts for litigation related to the overdraft of the clearing account and the compensation reserve for the securities firm and the trust business. The details were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Guarantee to district court for litigation	\$ 50,500	\$ 50,500	\$ 50,500
Reserve of trust compensation	80,000	80,000	70,000
Collateral for overdraft of clearing account	<u>500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>
	<u>\$ 630,500</u>	<u>\$ 630,500</u>	<u>\$ 620,500</u>

37. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in Notes 8, 11 and 24, significant commitments and contingencies of the Group as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 were as follows:

a. Significant commitments

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Loan commitments (excluding credit cards)	\$ 197,855,571	\$ 193,158,508	\$ 180,502,739
Loan commitments - credit cards	15,115,693	14,759,255	14,673,958
Guarantee receivables	32,129,386	30,437,196	26,253,131
Trust liabilities	105,620,371	97,964,074	85,618,683
Letters of credit	3,519,559	3,813,732	4,201,141
Lease contract commitments	5,590,624	6,826,165	3,743,047

b. According to Article 17 of the Implementation Rules of Trust Law, the Bank should disclose its balance sheet of trust account and its asset items, which were as follows:

Trust Account Balance Sheet March 31, 2024

Trust Asset	Amount	Trust Liability	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 9,768,733	Securities under custody	
Debentures	19,191,723	payable	\$ 4,404,033
Shares	4,934,629	Trust capital	101,216,338
Funds	44,945,606	Net income	393,148
Structured finance instruments	2,214,875	Deferred carryover amounts	<u>(393,148)</u>
Real estate			
Land	20,037,640		
Buildings	123,132		
Securities under custody	<u>4,404,033</u>		
Trust assets	<u>\$ 105,620,371</u>	Trust liabilities	<u>\$ 105,620,371</u>

Note: On March 31, 2024, the bank's Offshore Banking Unit invested in foreign securities under specific purpose trust accounts amounting to \$3,121,138 thousand.

Trust Account Asset Items
March 31, 2024

Item	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 9,768,733
Debentures	19,191,723
Shares	4,934,629
Funds	44,945,606
Structured finance instruments	2,214,875
Real estate	
Land	20,037,640
Buildings	123,132
Securities under custody	<u>4,404,033</u>
	<u>\$ 105,620,371</u>

Trust Account Income Statement
Three Months Ended March 31, 2024

	Amount
Trust income	
Interest revenue	\$ 770,861
Trust expense	
Management fee	(377,713)
Tax	<u>-</u>
Income before income tax	393,148
Income tax expense	<u>-</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 393,148</u>

Trust Account Balance Sheet
December 31, 2023

Trust Asset	Amount	Trust Liability	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 7,463,891	Securities under custody	
Debentures	16,451,588	payable	\$ 4,526,547
Shares	4,630,816	Trust capital	93,437,527
Funds	44,570,998	Net income	1,521,788
Structured finance instruments	1,967,801	Deferred carryover amounts	<u>(1,521,788)</u>
Real estate			
Land	18,228,109		
Buildings	124,324		
Securities under custody	<u>4,526,547</u>		
Trust assets	<u>\$ 97,964,074</u>	Trust liabilities	<u>\$ 97,964,074</u>

Note: On December 31, 2023, the bank's Offshore Banking Unit invested in foreign securities under specific purpose trust accounts amounting to \$2,820,860 thousand.

Trust Account Asset Items
December 31, 2023

Item	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 7,463,891
Debentures	16,451,588
Shares	4,630,816
Funds	44,570,998
Structured finance instruments	1,967,801
Real estate	
Land	18,228,109
Buildings	124,324
Securities under custody	<u>4,526,547</u>
	<u>\$ 97,964,074</u>

Trust Account Income Statement
Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Amount
Trust income	
Interest revenue	\$ 2,606,145
Trust expense	
Management fee	(1,083,950)
Tax	<u>(407)</u>
Income before income tax	1,521,788
Income tax expense	<u>-</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 1,521,788</u>

Trust Account Balance Sheet
March 31, 2023

Trust Asset	Amount	Trust Liability	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 5,324,807	Securities under custody	
Debentures	12,484,342	payable	\$ 4,800,496
Shares	4,796,735	Trust capital	80,818,187
Funds	46,831,381	Net income	349,904
Structured finance instruments	1,766,148	Deferred carryover amounts	<u>(349,904)</u>
Real estate			
Land	9,492,291		
Buildings	122,483		
Securities under custody	<u>4,800,496</u>		
Trust assets	<u>\$ 85,618,683</u>	Trust liabilities	<u>\$ 85,618,683</u>

Note: On March 31, 2023, the bank's Offshore Banking Unit invested in foreign securities under specific purpose trust accounts amounting to \$2,693,631 thousand.

Trust Account Asset Items
March 31, 2023

Item	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 5,324,807
Debentures	12,484,342
Shares	4,796,735
Funds	46,831,381
Structured finance instruments	1,766,148
Real estate	
Land	9,492,291
Buildings	122,483
Securities under custody	<u>4,800,496</u>
	<u>\$ 85,618,683</u>

Trust Account Income Statement
Three Months Ended March 31, 2023

	Amount
Trust income	
Interest revenue	\$ 601,742
Trust expense	
Management fee	(251,838)
Tax	<u>-</u>
Income before income tax	349,904
Income tax expense	<u>-</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 349,904</u>

c. Maturity analysis of lease commitments and capital expenditures

The lease contract commitments of the Group include operating leases and finance leases.

Operating lease commitment is the minimum lease payment when the Group is lessee or lessor with non-cancellation condition. The lease contract commitments of the operating leases are referred to in Note 19(4).

The finance lease commitments refer to the total lease investment of the lessor under the finance lease conditions and the present value of the minimum lease payments receivable.

Capital expenditure commitments represent contractual commitments for the acquisition of capital expenditures on construction and equipment.

Considering the expansion of business scale and the increasing number of employees in the future, the Bank held a tender for the construction project of head office through an online open bidding process on February 11, 2019. Dacin Construction Co., Ltd. and Earthpower Co., Ltd. won the bidding, both parties entered into a joint venture agreement worth \$11,160,000 thousand on March 29, 2019, and started construction on April 27, 2019. In order to improve construction safety, both parties agreed to change the “reverse drilling steel column well type foundation alternative construction method” and the “raft foundation beam structure optimization alternative plan”. The first supplementary agreement was made on January 8, 2021, and the total contract price after the change is \$11,155,943 thousand. In addition, the second supplementary agreement was processed on May 9, 2022, and the total contract price after the change was \$11,154,971 thousand. In addition, the fifth supplementary agreement was

processed on February 2, 2024, and the total contract price after the change was \$11,239,324 thousand. The Group entered into a contract of planning, design and supervision with YSL Architects & Associates, and the contract price was worth \$480,492 thousand. The Group entered into a contract of planning, design and supervision with Rich Honour Design Group, and the estimated contract price was \$195,000 thousand.

Maturity analysis of lease commitments and capital expenditures is summarized as follows:

Financing lease income

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Year 1	\$ 4,210,811	\$ 3,997,722	\$ 3,096,028
Year 2	1,780,293	1,831,376	1,263,270
Year 3	265,872	289,159	329,210
Year 4	19,106	19,058	12,739
Year 5	19,106	19,106	12,739
Year 6 onwards	<u>206,530</u>	<u>211,567</u>	<u>138,398</u>
	<u>\$ 6,501,718</u>	<u>\$ 6,367,988</u>	<u>\$ 4,852,384</u>

Present value of financing lease income

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Year 1	\$ 3,729,187	\$ 3,530,448	\$ 2,715,045
Year 2	1,673,760	1,702,872	1,168,646
Year 3	246,194	269,103	309,680
Year 4	7,761	7,508	4,453
Year 5	8,384	8,166	4,874
Year 6 onwards	<u>137,374</u>	<u>139,340</u>	<u>83,816</u>
	<u>\$ 5,802,660</u>	<u>\$ 5,657,437</u>	<u>\$ 4,286,514</u>

Capital expenditure commitment

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Year 1	\$ 3,794,653	\$ 3,934,181	\$ 3,924,610
Year 2	109,185	176,209	903,602
Year 3	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>74,620</u>
	<u>\$ 3,903,838</u>	<u>\$ 4,110,390</u>	<u>\$ 4,902,832</u>

- d. The Bank and Pihsiang Energy Technology Co., Ltd. are parties in a consumer consignment litigation. The Taichung District Court of first instance issued a civil judgment on the 2018 case No. 598, which the Bank lost on February 4, 2020. The claim of Pihsiang Energy Technology Co., Ltd. against the Bank is \$100 million, and the interest shall be calculated at 5% per annum from April 10, 2018 to the settlement date. The litigation costs shall be borne by the defendant (i.e., the Bank). The appointed lawyer for the Bank assessed that the content of the original judgment is contradictory and unprovoked. Therefore, the Bank filed an appeal on February 27, 2020, and was in the High Court Taichung Branch, as 2020 renewed trial No. 78. After the second instance, the High Court Taichung Branch reappealed to trial No. 78 of 2020 on March 29, 2022, ruling that the Bank won the case. However, the plaintiff

refused to accept the judgment of the second instance and filed an appeal, the Supreme Court remanded the case to the High Court Taichung Branch. According to the civil judgment on the 2018 case No. 598 on February 4, 2020, the Bank has prepared in advance the outstanding indemnities (statutory fruits and litigation costs) of the open litigation. As of March 31, 2024, the outstanding loss provision were \$30,340 thousand, please refer to Note 29 for movements of the outstanding loss provision.

38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Fair value of financial instruments not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the carrying amounts of financial instruments recognized in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values or that the fair values cannot be reasonably measured. Therefore, those were not disclosed in this note.

1) Fair value hierarchy

March 31, 2024

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 109,749,188	\$ 81,652,057	\$ 27,137,343	\$ -	\$ 108,789,400
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at amortized cost					
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	16,383,474	-	16,383,474

December 31, 2023

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Investments in debt instrument at amortized cost	\$ 112,545,366	\$ 84,256,467	\$ 27,477,571	\$ -	\$ 111,734,038
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at amortized cost					
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	16,370,469	-	16,370,469

March 31, 2023

	Carrying Amount	Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
<u>Financial assets</u>					
Investments in debt instruments at amortized cost	\$ 106,843,962	\$ 78,498,052	\$ 27,357,756	\$ -	\$ 105,855,808
<u>Financial liabilities</u>					
Financial liabilities at amortized cost					
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	16,643,029	-	16,643,029

2) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Non-derivatives	The market transaction price in the non-active market is taken as the fair value.

b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis

1) Fair value hierarchy

March 31, 2024				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial assets	\$ 8,527,349	\$ 252	\$ 8,527,097	\$ -
Commercial papers	20,135,263	20,135,263	-	-
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	1,271,575	1,128,198	143,377	-
Domestic unlisted shares	70,355	-	-	70,355
Beneficiary certificates	959,572	959,572	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds	83,997	83,997	-	-
Others	636,495	-	636,495	-
	<u>\$ 31,684,606</u>	<u>\$ 22,307,282</u>	<u>\$ 9,306,969</u>	<u>\$ 70,355</u>
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>				
Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 1,019,790	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,019,790
Domestic listed shares	3,710,927	3,710,927	-	-
Foreign listed shares	465,076	465,076	-	-
Investments in debt instruments				
Domestic corporate bonds	34,218,290	31,418,753	2,799,537	-
Domestic government bonds	10,200,460	10,200,460	-	-
Foreign bonds	25,862,229	-	25,862,229	-
Bank debentures	1,884,202	1,884,202	-	-
	<u>\$ 77,360,974</u>	<u>\$ 47,679,418</u>	<u>\$ 28,661,766</u>	<u>\$ 1,019,790</u>
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial liabilities	<u>\$ 1,754,013</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,754,013</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments:

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTPL							
Unlisted shares	\$ 63,573	\$ 6,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,355

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTOCI							
Unlisted shares	\$ 903,979	\$ 115,811	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,019,790

	December 31, 2023			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial assets	\$ 9,470,863	\$ -	\$ 9,470,863	\$ -
Commercial papers	18,814,086	18,814,086	-	-
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	1,060,821	903,090	157,731	-
Domestic unlisted shares	63,573	-	-	63,573
Beneficiary certificates	903,291	903,291	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds	174,577	174,577	-	-
Others	746,351	-	746,351	-
	<u>\$ 31,233,562</u>	<u>\$ 20,795,044</u>	<u>\$ 10,374,945</u>	<u>\$ 63,573</u>

Financial assets at FVTOCI

Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 903,979	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 903,979
Domestic listed shares	4,055,958	4,055,958	-	-
Foreign listed shares	406,700	406,700	-	-
Investments in debt instruments				
Domestic corporate bonds	30,306,167	30,306,167	-	-
Domestic government bonds	9,499,322	9,499,322	-	-
Foreign bonds	17,635,583	-	17,635,583	-
Bank debentures	1,880,067	1,880,067	-	-
	<u>\$ 64,687,776</u>	<u>\$ 46,148,214</u>	<u>\$ 17,635,583</u>	<u>\$ 903,979</u>

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Derivative financial liabilities	<u>\$ 2,971,490</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,971,490</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
----------------------------------	---------------------	-------------	---------------------	-------------

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments:

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTPL							
Unlisted shares	\$ 87,095	\$ (15,592)	\$ 49,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,630	\$ 63,573

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTOCI							
Unlisted shares	\$ 898,032	\$ 5,947	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 903,979

	March 31, 2023			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial assets	\$ 7,261,089	\$ -	\$ 7,261,089	\$ -
Commercial papers	24,174,966	24,174,966	-	-
Domestic listed shares and emerging market shares	956,670	921,065	35,605	-
Domestic unlisted shares	90,562	-	-	90,562
Beneficiary certificates	355,719	355,719	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds	546,900	546,900	-	-
Others	878,079	-	878,079	-
	<u>\$ 34,263,985</u>	<u>\$ 25,998,650</u>	<u>\$ 8,174,773</u>	<u>\$ 90,562</u>

(Continued)

March 31, 2023				
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>				
Investments in equity instruments				
Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 878,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 878,745
Domestic listed shares	4,474,651	4,474,651	-	-
Foreign listed shares	342,501	342,501	-	-
Investments in debt instruments				
Domestic corporate bonds	29,391,000	29,391,000	-	-
Domestic government bonds	5,292,512	5,292,512	-	-
Foreign bonds	4,630,512	-	4,630,512	-
Bank debentures	<u>1,671,699</u>	<u>1,671,699</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 46,681,620</u>	<u>\$ 41,172,363</u>	<u>\$ 4,630,512</u>	<u>\$ 878,745</u>
<u>Financial liabilities at FVTPL</u>				
Derivative financial liabilities	<u>\$ 1,120,056</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,120,056</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
				(Concluded)

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments:

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTPL							
Unlisted shares	\$ 87,095	\$ 3,467	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 90,562

Item	Beginning Balance	Valuation Gains (Losses)	Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance
			Buy or Issue	Transfer in	Sell, Disposal	Transfer Out	
Financial assets at FVTOCI							
Unlisted shares	\$ 898,032	\$ (19,287)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 878,745

2) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instruments	Valuation Techniques and Inputs
Non-derivatives	The market transaction price in the non-active market is taken as the fair value.
Derivatives	
Option contracts	Valuation model: The execution price, maturity date, market volatility, interest rate and exchange rate set by the contract are used as valuation parameters. The model with closed-form solution is then used for valuation.
Cross-currency swap contracts, foreign exchange forward contracts	Discounted cash flow: Future cash flows are estimated based on observable forward exchange rates at the end of the reporting period and forward rates of contracts, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.
Asset swap contract	The closing price for convertible corporate bond minus bond value. The pure bond value is discounted by the cash flow provided by the convertible corporate bond in accordance with Taiwan Bills Index Rate (TAIBIR).
Structured finance instruments	
Interest rate-linked structured instruments	The counterparty quotes.

3) The quantitative information on fair value of significant unobservable input (Level 3)

The quantitative information on unobservable inputs of the financial instruments classified as Level 3, and held by the Group on March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023, were as follows:

Items	Fair Value on March 31, 2024	Fair Value on December 31, 2023	Fair Value on March 31, 2023	Valuation Techniques	Significant Unobservable Input	Range	Relationship Between Inputs and Fair Value
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
Domestic unlisted shares	\$ 70,355	\$ 63,573	\$ 90,562	Seller's quote (Monte Carlo Simulation Method)	Volatility rate	19.69%-33.00%	The lower the volatility rate, the higher the fair value
					Minority equity volatility rate	34.14%	The lower the minority equity volatility rate, the higher the fair value
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income							
Domestic unlisted shares	1,019,790	903,979	878,745	Seller's quote (Monte Carlo Simulation Method)	Volatility rate	21.85%-21.91%	The lower the volatility rate, the higher the fair value

4) The assessment of Level 3 fair value

The Group assessed fair value in accordance with valuation report provided by independent company, and compiled the valuation results into a quarterly report presented to the board of directors.

5) Sensitivity analysis of Level 3 fair value if reasonable possible alternative assumptions may be used.

The Group adopts multiple approaches to estimate the volatility rate of quantitative information on its significant unobservable input. The sensitivity analysis based on category of assets is as follows:

March 31, 2024

Significant Unobservable Input	Sensitivity Rate	Impact
Liquidity discount ratio	Increase 10%	\$ (26,595)
	Decrease 10%	26,595

December 31, 2023

Significant Unobservable Input	Sensitivity Rate	Impact
Liquidity discount ratio	Increase 10%	\$ (23,816)
	Decrease 10%	23,816

March 31, 2023

Significant Unobservable Input	Sensitivity Rate	Impact
Liquidity discount ratio	Increase 10%	\$ (23,458)
	Decrease 10%	23,458

c. Categories of financial instruments

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 31,684,606	\$ 31,233,562	\$ 34,263,985
Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 1)	759,880,923	760,282,270	708,650,140
Financial assets at FVTOCI			
Equity instruments	5,195,793	5,366,637	5,695,897
Debt instruments	72,165,181	59,321,139	40,985,723
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Financial liabilities at FVTPL	1,754,013	2,971,490	1,120,056
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (Note 2)	806,191,562	794,578,952	733,402,320

Note 1: The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks, investments in debt instruments at amortized cost, securities purchased under resale agreements, receivables, notes discounted and loans, restricted assets, refundable deposits, receipts under payment for shares underwriting, and other financial assets.

Note 2: The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise due to the Central Bank and other banks, funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks, securities sold under repurchase agreements, payables, deposits and remittances, bank debentures, other financial liabilities, and guarantee deposits received.

39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Overview

The financial risk management objectives of the Group is to achieve the goal of balancing risk tolerance, business objectives and external legal restrictions. These risks include market risks (including interest rate, exchange rate, equity securities and product price) and liquidity risks of on and off-balance sheet business.

The Group has formulated a relevant risk management policy, which has been approved by the board of directors to effectively identify, measure, monitor and control credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk.

Risk Management Organizational Structure

The board of directors is the highest decision-making unit for the Group's corporate risk management and assumes the ultimate responsibility for risk management. The Group has a risk management committee and a risk management department, which grants risk authority and confers responsibilities on the relevant departments to ensure the smooth operation of risk management. The responsibilities of the committee are as follows:

- a. Consideration of the risk management program.
- b. Consideration and review of risk limits.
- c. Consideration of the bill on institutionalization of risk management.
- d. Report to the board of directors regularly.

Members of the risk management committee set up various risk management measurement indicators according to the nature of their business and the scope of their duties, and the risk management department should report to the risk management committee to provide a reference for senior decision-making.

1) Market risk

a) The source and definition of market risk

Market risks refer to the loss due to the changes in market price, such as the changes of the market interest rate, the exchange rate, the share price and the product price.

b) Market risk management policy

The objective of the Group market risk management is to develop a sound and effective market risk management mechanism that is consistent with the size, nature and complexity of the Group's business to ensure that the risks borne by the Group can be properly managed and market risks are effectively identified, measured, monitored and controlled, and strike a balance between the level of risk tolerance and the expected level of compensation.

c) Market risk management process

i. Identification and measurement

The relevant market risks should be assessed through appropriate procedures to consider whether the risk is within an acceptable risk range before new products, business activities, processes and systems are rolled out or operated. The relevant units should use the methods of business analysis or product analysis to identify the sources of market risks, define the market risk factors of each financial commodity and make appropriate specifications.

Market risk measurement can use a variety of effective measures to properly measure risk, including but not limited to the following methods: Statistical basis of measures, sensitivity analysis and situational analysis. The risk management department should measure the risk of the site on a daily basis and conduct regular stress tests to measure the amount of abnormal losses that may occur under the current or historical extremes.

ii. Monitoring and reporting

The risk management department should report to the risk management committee and the board of directors regularly on the implementation of the Group's market risk management, including the Group's market risk allocation, risk level, profit and loss status, quota usage and compliance with relevant market risk management regulations and suggestions. The authorities also set up relevant limit management, stop loss mechanism, overrun treatment and exception management methods to effectively monitor market risks. In the event of an overrun or exception, it should be notified immediately to facilitate the immediate response.

d) Interest rate risk

i. Definition of interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the change in interest rate, which causes the Group to bear the risk of changes in the fair value of the interest rate risk or the loss of surplus liquidity. The main sources of risk include deposits and interest rate-related securities.

ii. Measurement methods and management procedures

The Group monitors the interest rate risk system, sets the scope of the indicators to regularly monitor and report the results to the asset and liability management committee, the risk management committee and the board of directors, and adjusts according to the overall operating conditions of the Group. In addition, the Group measures the interest rate risk by DV01, assuming that the interest rate curve has a parallel shift of 100 basis points, the degree of impact on earnings and equity is used to control the interest rate risk.

iii. The effect of interest rate benchmark reform

For the financial instruments of the Group affected by changes in interest rate benchmark, the linked indicator interest rates include USD LIBOR. It is expected that the US Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) will replace the USD LIBOR. However, there is a fundamental difference between the replacement interest rate and LIBOR. LIBOR is a forward-looking interest rate indicator that implies market expectations for future interest rate trends, and includes inter-Group credit discounts. Each alternative interest rate is a retrospective interest rate indicator calculated with reference to actual transaction data, and does not include a credit discount. Therefore, when an existing contract is modified from a linked LIBOR to a linked alternative interest rate, additional adjustments must be made to the aforementioned differences to ensure that the interest rate basis before and after the modification is economically equivalent.

The Group has formulated a LIBOR conversion plan to deal with risk management policy adjustments, internal process adjustments, information system updates, financial instrument evaluation model adjustments, and related accounting or tax issues that are required to meet the changes in interest rate benchmark.

The Group has completed the USD LIBOR transition plans, and all the affected financial instruments were transitioned to SOFR.

e) Exchange rate risk

i. Definition of exchange rate risk

Exchange rate risk is the gain or loss resulting from the conversion of two different currencies at different times. The Group's exchange rate risk is mainly due to the changes in spot and forward foreign exchange rates of the business operations. Since the foreign exchange transactions are mostly based on the principle of flattening the customer's position for the day, the exchange rate risk is relatively small.

ii. Measurement methods and management procedures

The Group adopts the quota management mechanism for the exchange rate risk system, sets the business quota and overnight limit for each currency, controls the maximum net foreign exchange position that can be held by all levels of personnel, and sets the maximum transaction amount according to the counterparty, and monitors it regularly. The results will be reported to the risk management committee and the board of directors for discussion.

In addition, the Group assesses the degree of impact on earnings and equity under the hypothetical scenarios when the USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, and AUD/NTD separately appreciates/depreciates by 3%, in order to control exchange rate risk.

f) Equity securities price risk

i. Definition of equity securities price risk

The market risk of the Group's equity securities is the individual risk arising from changes in the market price of individual equity securities and the general market risk arising from changes in the overall market price. The main risks include listed shares and beneficiary certificates.

ii. Measurement methods and management procedures

The Group adopts a quota management mechanism for the equity securities price risk, ensuring that all levels are traded within the authorized amount, and sets up relevant mechanisms for stop loss control, and regularly reports the monitoring results to the risk management committee and the board of directors for discussion.

In addition, the Group assesses the degree of impact on earnings and equity under the hypothetical scenarios when the price of equity securities rises/falls by 15% in order to control the risk of equity securities.

g) Market risk sensitivity analysis

Interest risk

The Group assumed that when other factors remain unchanged, if the yield curve increased/decreased by 100 basis points, the income before income tax of the Group as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$566,241 thousand, \$628,343 thousand and \$676,717 thousand, respectively, and other equity would have decreased/increased by \$3,756,100 thousand, \$3,349,442 thousand and \$1,906,589 thousand, respectively.

Exchange rate risk

The Group assumed that when other factors remain unchanged, if the exchange rate of USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, and AUD/NTD appreciated/depreciated by 3%, the income before income tax as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$9,493 thousand, and increased/decreased by \$117,501 thousand and \$234,812 thousand, respectively, and other equity would have increased/decreased by \$655,052 thousand, \$407,747 thousand and \$165,105 thousand, respectively.

Equity securities price risk

The Group assumed that when other factors remain unchanged, if the price of equity securities increased/decreased by 15%, the income before income tax as of March 31, 2024, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2023 would have increased/decreased by \$345,225 thousand, \$303,864 thousand and \$210,443 thousand, respectively, and other equity would have increased/decreased by \$779,369 thousand, \$804,996 thousand and \$854,385 thousand, respectively.

The summary of sensitivity analysis was as follows:

March 31, 2024			
Main Risk	Range of Change	Influence Amount	
		Other Equity	Income
Interest risk	Interest rate curve rises 100BPS	\$ (3,756,100)	\$ 566,241
	Interest rate curve falls 100BPS	3,756,100	(566,241)
Exchange rate risk	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, AUD/NTD increase by 3%	655,052	9,493
	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, AUD/NTD decrease by 3%	(655,052)	(9,493)
Equity securities price risk	Equity securities prices rise by 15%	779,369	345,225
	Equity securities prices fall by 15%	(779,369)	(345,225)

December 31, 2023			
Main Risk	Range of Change	Influence Amount	
		Other Equity	Income
Interest risk	Interest rate curve rises 100BPS	\$ (3,349,442)	\$ 628,343
	Interest rate curve falls 100BPS	3,349,442	(628,343)
Exchange rate risk	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, AUD/NTD increase by 3%	407,747	117,501
	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, AUD/NTD decrease by 3%	(407,747)	(117,501)
Equity securities price risk	Equity securities prices rise by 15%	804,996	303,864
	Equity securities prices fall by 15%	(804,996)	(303,864)

March 31, 2023			
Main Risk	Range of Change	Influence Amount	
		Other Equity	Income
Interest risk	Interest rate curve rises 100BPS	\$ (1,906,589)	\$ 676,717
	Interest rate curve falls 100BPS	1,906,589	(676,717)
Exchange rate risk	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, AUD/NTD increase by 3%	165,105	234,812
	USD/NTD, CNY/NTD, AUD/NTD decrease by 3%	(165,105)	(234,812)
Equity securities price risk	Equity securities prices rise by 15%	854,385	210,443
	Equity securities prices fall by 15%	(854,385)	(210,443)

2) Credit risk

a) The source and definition of credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. Credit risk exists in both on and off-balance sheet items. The on-balance sheet exposures to credit risks are mainly from notes discounted and loans, the credit card business, due from other banks and call loans to other banks, acceptances, investments in debt instruments and derivatives. The off-balance sheet exposures to credit risks are mainly from financial guarantees, letter of credits and loan commitments.

b) Credit risk management policy

Before launching new products or businesses, the Group ensures compliance with all applicable rules and regulations and identifies relevant credit risks. On March 31, 2024, the ratio of loans with collateral to the total amount of loans was approximately 74%. The ratio of financing guarantees to commercial letters of collateral held was approximately 22%, and the collateral required for loans, loan commitments or guarantees is usually in the forms of cash, inventories, liquid securities or other property in circulation. If the customers default, the Group will execute its rights on collateral in accordance with the terms of contracts.

c) Credit risk management program

The measurement and management of credit risks from the Group's main businesses were as follows:

i. Loan's business (including loan commitments and guarantees)

i) Determination that credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.

The Group assesses the change in the probability of default of loans during the lifetime on each reporting date to determine if the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. In order to make this assessment, the Group's considerations show the reasonable and supportable information that the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition (including forward-looking information). The main considerations include:

Quantitative indicators

- Changes in external credit ratings of Taiwan Corporate Credit Rating Index (TCRI)

The TCRI rating of the listed cabinet company corresponding to the external rating has been reduced from the investment grade to the non-investment grade, that is, the credit risk has significantly increased since the initial recognition.

- Information on overdue status

When the contract amount is overdue for more than one month, it is determined that the credit risk of the financial asset has increased significantly since the initial recognition.

Qualitative indicators

- Unfavorable changes in the current or projected operating, financial or economic conditions that are expected to result in significant changes in the ability of the debtor to perform debt obligations.

- Significant changes in actual or expected results of the debtor's operations.
- The credit risk of other financial instruments from the same debtor has increased significantly.

ii) Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

The definition of financial asset default is the same as that of financial asset credit impairment. If one or more of the following conditions are met, the Group determines that the financial asset has defaulted and becomes credit impaired:

Quantitative indicators

- Changes in external TCRI credit ratings

The TCRI rating of the listed cabinet company is default grade, which means that the credit has been deducted since the initial recognition.

- Information on overdue status

When the contract amount is overdue for more than three months, it is determined that the credit of the financial asset has been impaired since the initial recognition.

Qualitative indicators

If there is evidence that the borrower will not be able to pay the contract, or that the borrower has significant financial difficulties, such as:

- The debtor has gone bankrupt or may have called for bankruptcy or financial restructuring.
- Other debt instrument contracts of the debtor have defaulted.
- Due to the economic or contractual reasons associated with the debtor's financial difficulties, the debtor's creditors give the borrower an unconfirmed concession and report the overdue loan.

The aforementioned default and credit impairment definitions are used to consolidate all financial assets held by the Group and are consistent with the definitions used for the internal credit risk management purposes of the financial assets, and are also applied to the relevant impairment assessment model.

iii) Measurement of expected credit losses

In order to assess the expected credit losses, the Group divides the credit assets into the following combinations according to the credit risk characteristics such as the use of borrowing, industrial nature, collateral type and borrowing status.

Product Portfolio	
Corporate loans	Corporate loans - secured
	Corporate loans - unsecured
Consumer loans	House mortgage
	Consumer loans - secured
	Consumer loans - unsecured
	Credit loans
	Debit card
	Credit card

The Group evaluates loss allowance of financial assets, which credit risk does not significantly increase after initial recognition based on 12-month expected credit losses. The Group evaluates loss allowance of financial assets, which credit risk significantly increases after initial recognition based on lifetime expected credit losses.

In order to evaluate expected credit losses, the Group takes into consideration the debtor's probability of default (PD) within the next 12 months, which includes the loss given default (LGD), the results are then multiplied by the exposure at default (EAD), while also considering the effect of time value of money to calculate the expected credit losses during the duration of 12 months.

PD is the default percentage of a borrower. LGD is the loss ratio once a borrower default. The Group applied PD and LGD to evaluate loan business impairment based on each portfolio's historical information calculated internally (i.e. credit loss experience), and adjusted historical data based on current observable information and forward-looking macroeconomic information calculated by using direct estimation method.

The Group evaluates the loan default risk by using direct estimation method. The Group calculates 12-month and lifetime ECLs of financing commitments based on direct estimation method. The Group uses credit conversion factor to calculate the portion of financing commitments expected to be used in 12 months after the record date and the credit duration to calculate the default exposure amount of ECLs.

Consideration of forward-looking estimation

In estimating the expected credit losses, the Group uses forward-looking economic factors that affect credit risk and expected credit losses to consider forward-looking information. Forward-looking information is based on the Taiwan National Development Council's regular promulgation of the "Benefit Strategy Signal" of Taiwan's overall prosperity as indicators, which are divided into boom expansion period, contraction period and flat period. The Group evaluates the economic situation to adjust the default probability every quarter, and then incorporates it into the overall expected credit loss assessment.

ii. Debt instrument investments

The Group considers the historical default loss rate provided by the external rating agencies and the current financial status of the debtor to calculate 12-month and lifetime ECLs of financing commitments in debt instrument investments.

The securities held by the Group recognize the expected credit losses according to the lifetime ECLs of financing commitments. The credit quality of the Group's securities was as follows:

- i) The determination that the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition

The Group assesses the change in the probability of default of debt instrument investments during the lifetime on each reporting date to determine if the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. In order to make this assessment, the Group's considerations show the reasonable and supportable information that the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. The main considerations include:

Quantitative indicators

- At the time of initial recognition, the issuer's credit rating is above the investment grade, but at the financial reporting date, the issuer's credit rating is reduced to a non-investment grade.
- For debt instrument investments on the initial recognition date, the issuer's credit rating is below the non-investment grade and the credit rating on the reporting date has not changed.
- When the issuer's credit rating is a non-investment grade, the reported daily credit rating is reduced to a certain extent.

Qualitative indicators

- The credit rating of the issuer indicates that its credit risk has increased significantly.
- The fair value of the debt instrument investments has significantly and adversely changed on the reporting date.

- ii) Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

If the debt instrument investment meets one or more of the following conditions, it determines that the financial asset has defaulted and becomes credit impaired.

Quantitative indicators

- Debt instrument investments, such as bonds, have become credit impaired since they were purchased.
- The default rate for credit rating of the issuer or debt instrument investments will be adjusted on the reporting date.

Qualitative indicators

- The issuer modifies the issue conditions of the debt instrument investments due to financial difficulties or fails to pay the principal or interest according to the conditions of the issue.

- The issuer or the guarantee institution has ceased operations or has applied for reorganization, bankruptcy, dissolution, and sale of major assets that have a significant impact on the group's continued operations.

Measurement of expected credit losses

- In order to evaluate expected credit losses, the Group takes into consideration the debtor's probability of default (PD) within the next 12 months, which includes the loss given default (LGD), the results are then multiplied by the exposure at default (EAD), while also considering the effect of time value of money to calculate the expected credit losses during the duration of 12 months.
- Comparing the risk of default on the debt instrument with the default risk at the time of initial recognition, and considering the reasonable and corroborative information for a significant increase in credit risk since the initial recognition, to determine whether the financial instrument's credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.
 - Those who meet the normal credit risk status will estimate the expected loss amount based on the one-year probability of default (PD).
 - Those who meet the significant increase in credit risk status must consider the duration of the assets and calculate the probability of default (PD) for each duration. If the cash flow of the contract in the future period (i.e., the default exposure amount of each period) can be assessed, the cash flow method is used to assess the expected amount of credit loss, and if the cash flow of each period cannot be assessed, the current risk calculation method is used.
 - Those who meet the abnormal credit risk status are considered to be 100%, and will not consider the probability of default in each duration. Only consider the relevant recoverable amount and evaluate the overall expected credit loss amount.
 - Debt instrument investments' probability of default is the value released by external credit rating agencies, which implies the possibility of future market fluctuations.

d) Credit risk hedging or mitigation policies

i. Collaterals

The Group implements a series of policies and measures to reduce credit risks when granting of credit. One of the commonly used methods is to require borrowers to provide collaterals. To enforce the rights to collaterals, the Group manages and assesses the collaterals according to the procedures adopted in determining the scope of collateralization and valuation of collaterals.

The main types of collateral for granting credit are as follows:

- i) Real estate.
- ii) Chattels and rights of pledge.
- iii) Guarantee from external agency.

To enhance guarantee of transaction risk, the Group's demand for collaterals depends on the nature of derivative transactions as follows:

- i) Guarantee of amount invested: Asking different ratio of guarantee based on the credit rating scale of clients.
- ii) Guarantee of high-risk transactions: Asking for collaterals when option contracts are under resale agreement.
- iii) Performance bond (loss on investment position): Asking for collaterals when loss on investment position exceeds the limit of approved market value.

The Group closely observed the value of pledged financial assets and evaluated which financial assets had been impaired in order to recognize allowance for impairment. Credit-impaired financial assets and their pledged values which eliminate potential loss, are as follows:

March 31, 2024

	Total Carrying Amount	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Total Value of Exposure	Fair Value of Collateral
Financial assets that were impaired				
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 7,103,139	\$ (1,401,916)	\$ 5,701,223	\$ 5,701,223
Receivables	719,891	(204,759)	515,132	462,106
Guarantees and letters of credit	116,538	(42,871)	73,667	42,517
Debt instruments	29,000	(1,779)	27,221	-
Others	<u>8,732</u>	<u>(8,732)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total financial assets that were impaired	<u>\$ 7,977,300</u>	<u>\$ (1,660,057)</u>	<u>\$ 6,317,243</u>	<u>\$ 6,205,846</u>

December 31, 2023

	Total Carrying Amount	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Total Value of Exposure	Fair Value of Collateral
Financial assets that were impaired				
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 7,473,198	\$ (1,464,248)	\$ 6,008,950	\$ 6,008,950
Receivables	756,937	(210,939)	545,998	512,717
Guarantees and letters of credit	106,609	(37,095)	69,514	46,927
Debt instruments	8,378	(8,378)	-	-
Others	<u>53,019</u>	<u>(10,239)</u>	<u>42,780</u>	<u>-</u>
Total financial assets that were impaired	<u>\$ 8,398,141</u>	<u>\$ (1,730,899)</u>	<u>\$ 6,667,242</u>	<u>\$ 6,568,594</u>

March 31, 2023

	Total Carrying Amount	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Total Value of Exposure	Fair Value of Collateral
Financial assets that were impaired				
Notes discounted and loans	\$ 7,928,737	\$ (1,884,877)	\$ 6,043,860	\$ 6,043,860
Receivables	820,756	(215,528)	605,228	590,284
Guarantees and letters of credit	97,110	(35,770)	61,340	42,517
Debt instruments	8,310	(8,310)	-	-
Others	<u>69,894</u>	<u>(11,239)</u>	<u>58,655</u>	<u>-</u>
Total financial assets that were impaired	<u>\$ 8,924,807</u>	<u>\$ (2,155,724)</u>	<u>\$ 6,769,083</u>	<u>\$ 6,676,661</u>

ii. Credit risk concentration limits and control

To avoid the concentration of credit risks, the Group has included credit limits for the same person (entity) and for the same related-party corporation (group) based on the credit risk arising from loans, securities investment and derivatives transactions.

Meanwhile, for trading and banking book investments, the Group has set a ratio, which is the credit limit of a single issuer in proportion to the total securities position. The Group has also included credit limits for a single counterparty and a single group.

In addition, to manage the concentration risk of the financial assets, the Group has set credit limits by industry, conglomerate, country and transactions collateralized by shares, and integrated within one system to supervise the concentration of credit risk in these categories. The Group monitors concentration of each asset and controls various types of credit risk concentration in a single transaction involving counterparties, groups, related-party corporations, industries and nations.

iii. Other credit enhancements

To reduce its credit risks, the Group stipulates in its credit contracts the term for offsetting which clearly stated that the Group reserves the right to offset the borrowers' debt against their deposits in the Group.

e) Maximum exposure to credit risk

The maximum exposures of assets on the consolidated balance sheets to credit risks without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instruments approximate the assets' carrying amounts. The maximum exposures of off-balance sheet items to credit risks without consideration of guarantees or other credit enforcement instrument were as follows:

	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Irrevocable loan commitments	\$ 20,081,954	\$ 17,858,544	\$ 12,515,900
Credit card commitments	15,115,693	14,759,255	14,673,958
Guarantee receivables	32,129,386	30,437,196	26,253,131
Letters of credit	3,519,559	3,813,732	4,201,141

The management of the Group believes their abilities to minimize the credit risk exposures of the off-balance sheet items are mainly attributed to their rigorous evaluation of extended credit and the periodic reviews of these credits.

f) Credit risk concentration of the Group

When the counterparty of financial product transactions is concentrated on one person, or when there are several counterparties but they are mostly engaged in similar economic activities and have similar economic characteristics, causing their abilities to fulfill contract obligations to be similarly affected by economic or other situations, credit risk concentration is deemed to have occurred. The characteristics of significant credit risk concentration include the nature of the debtor's activities. The Group's transactions are not concentrated on a single customer or counterparty but spread among counterparties with similar industry types and operating regions. The contract amounts of significant credit risk concentration were as follows:

Counterparty	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Private enterprise	\$ 305,291,582	\$ 302,467,216	\$ 281,956,923
Natural person	294,094,895	288,104,811	267,945,175
Government agencies	1,511,075	1,473,625	2,296,272
Others	<u>6,903,844</u>	<u>5,928,101</u>	<u>2,792,691</u>
	<u>\$ 607,801,396</u>	<u>\$ 597,973,753</u>	<u>\$ 554,991,061</u>

Credit Risk Profile by Group or Industry	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Natural person	\$ 294,094,895	\$ 288,104,811	\$ 267,945,175
Manufacturing	79,888,434	81,857,283	80,629,166
Commercial	52,660,348	51,187,123	49,203,529
Real estate and leasing	88,821,441	86,670,196	75,422,599
Construction industry	31,325,330	31,210,873	27,282,305
Servicing	12,829,829	13,309,103	11,572,778
Finance and insurance	22,601,208	21,799,135	22,943,235
Transportation warehousing and information communication	9,627,640	9,229,174	8,688,753
Others	<u>15,952,271</u>	<u>14,606,055</u>	<u>11,303,521</u>
	<u>\$ 607,801,396</u>	<u>\$ 597,973,753</u>	<u>\$ 554,991,061</u>

Credit Risk Profile by Region	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Domestic	\$ 567,461,652	\$ 559,552,578	\$ 519,522,273
Asia	26,845,464	26,042,242	23,411,888
North America	7,262,064	7,053,277	8,930,376
Others	<u>6,232,216</u>	<u>5,325,656</u>	<u>3,126,524</u>
	<u>\$ 607,801,396</u>	<u>\$ 597,973,753</u>	<u>\$ 554,991,061</u>

Credit Risk Profile by Collateral	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Unsecured	\$ 102,179,614	\$ 100,050,882	\$ 89,341,847
Secured			
Real estate	441,908,692	436,774,312	408,322,467
Letter of bank guarantee	17,988,498	17,705,647	16,751,634
Chattel	10,469,394	10,089,119	8,146,403
Debenture	19,450,668	17,769,006	17,453,815
Notes receivable	2,761,569	2,484,120	1,480,076
Shares	8,301,768	8,479,180	7,569,492
Others	<u>4,741,193</u>	<u>4,621,487</u>	<u>5,925,327</u>
	<u>\$ 607,801,396</u>	<u>\$ 597,973,753</u>	<u>\$ 554,991,061</u>

g) Write-off policy

If one of the following events have occurred, overdue loans and delinquent receivables should have the estimated recoverable amount deducted and should then be written off as bad debts:

- The debtor may not recover all or part of the obligatory claim due to dissolution, disappearance, settlement, bankruptcy or other reasons.
- The appraisal value of collateral and asset of the main and subordinate debtors are very low, or the compensation is not available after deducting the amount of the first mortgage, or it is not beneficial that execution fee is close to or may exceed the Bank's reimbursable amount.
- The collateral and the assets of the main and subordinate debtors are auctioned off at multiple auctions, of which the Bank did not receive any benefit.
- Overdue loans and delinquent receivables which have been overdue for more than 2 years have been collected but not yet received.
- The minimum payable amount of credit card which is overdue for six months that should be written off in three months.

h) Information of credit quality

i. Notes discounted, loans and receivables

March 31, 2024

Notes Discounted and Loans					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 253,620,763	\$ 4,904,263	\$ 4,393,885	\$ -	\$ 262,918,911
Consumer loans	279,032,955	11,683,934	2,709,194	-	293,426,083
Others	10,470	168	60	-	10,698
Total carrying amount	532,664,188	16,588,365	7,103,139	-	556,355,692
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,115,653)	(1,066,181)	(1,401,916)	-	(4,583,750)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(2,394,346)	(2,394,346)
	<u>\$ 530,548,535</u>	<u>\$ 15,522,184</u>	<u>\$ 5,701,223</u>	<u>\$ (2,394,346)</u>	<u>\$ 549,377,596</u>
Receivables					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 19,310,745	\$ 498,925	\$ 654,332	\$ -	\$ 20,464,002
Consumer loans	2,955,308	35,355	38,005	-	3,028,668
Others	69,522,696	5	27,554	-	69,550,255
Total carrying amount	91,788,749	534,285	719,891	-	93,042,925
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(159,426)	(10,489)	(204,759)	-	(374,674)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(176,883)	(176,883)
	<u>\$ 91,629,323</u>	<u>\$ 523,796</u>	<u>\$ 513,132</u>	<u>\$ (176,883)</u>	<u>\$ 92,491,368</u>
Irrevocable Loan Commitments					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 18,882,790	\$ -	\$ 29,000	\$ -	\$ 18,911,790
Consumer loans	1,170,164	-	-	-	1,170,164
Total carrying amount	20,052,954	-	29,000	-	20,081,954
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(118,058)	-	(1,779)	-	(119,837)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(10,820)	(10,820)
	<u>\$ 19,934,896</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 27,221</u>	<u>\$ (10,820)</u>	<u>\$ 19,951,297</u>

Credit Card Commitments					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Consumer loans	\$ 15,054,148	\$ 61,545	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,115,693
Total carrying amount	15,054,148	61,545	-	-	15,115,693
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,976)	(1,450)	-	-	(6,426)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(956)	(956)
	<u>\$ 15,049,172</u>	<u>\$ 60,095</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (956)</u>	<u>\$ 15,108,311</u>
Guarantee Receivables					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 31,920,159	\$ 92,689	\$ 116,538	\$ -	\$ 32,129,386
Total carrying amount	31,920,159	92,689	116,538	-	32,129,386
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(229,742)	(6,333)	(42,871)	-	(278,946)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(48,317)	(48,317)
	<u>\$ 31,690,417</u>	<u>\$ 86,356</u>	<u>\$ 73,667</u>	<u>\$ (48,317)</u>	<u>\$ 31,802,123</u>
Letters of Credit					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 3,519,559	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,519,559
Total carrying amount	3,519,559	-	-	-	3,519,559
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(8,768)	-	-	-	(8,768)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(4,338)	(4,338)
	<u>\$ 3,510,791</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (4,338)</u>	<u>\$ 3,506,453</u>

December 31, 2023

Notes Discounted and Loans					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 253,385,461	\$ 3,554,650	\$ 4,765,071	\$ -	\$ 261,705,182
Consumer loans	273,108,459	11,592,785	2,708,025	-	287,409,269
Others	10,373	278	102	-	10,753
Total carrying amount	526,504,293	15,147,713	7,473,198	-	549,125,204
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(2,144,996)	(963,707)	(1,464,248)	-	(4,572,951)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(2,708,150)	(2,708,150)
	<u>\$ 524,359,297</u>	<u>\$ 14,184,006</u>	<u>\$ 6,008,950</u>	<u>\$ (2,708,150)</u>	<u>\$ 541,844,103</u>
Receivables					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 18,479,774	\$ 417,856	\$ 690,903	\$ -	\$ 19,588,533
Consumer loans	2,480,079	36,471	39,964	-	2,556,514
Others	76,049,882	1	26,070	-	76,075,953
Total carrying amount	97,009,735	454,328	756,937	-	98,221,000
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(156,321)	(9,050)	(210,939)	-	(376,310)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(157,314)	(157,314)
	<u>\$ 96,853,414</u>	<u>\$ 445,278</u>	<u>\$ 545,998</u>	<u>\$ (157,314)</u>	<u>\$ 97,687,376</u>
Irrevocable Loan Commitments					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 16,573,981	\$ -	\$ 53,019	\$ -	\$ 16,627,000
Consumer loans	1,231,544	-	-	-	1,231,544
Total carrying amount	17,805,525	-	53,019	-	17,858,544
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(109,854)	-	(10,239)	-	(120,093)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(8,567)	(8,567)
	<u>\$ 17,695,671</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 42,780</u>	<u>\$ (8,567)</u>	<u>\$ 17,729,884</u>

Credit Card Commitments					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Consumer loans	\$ 14,673,946	\$ 85,309	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,759,255
Total carrying amount	14,673,946	85,309	-	-	14,759,255
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,852)	(1,902)	-	-	(6,754)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(628)	(628)
	<u>\$ 14,669,094</u>	<u>\$ 83,407</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (628)</u>	<u>\$ 14,751,873</u>
Guarantee Receivables					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 30,237,516	\$ 88,071	\$ 106,609	\$ -	\$ 30,432,196
Consumer loans	5,000	-	-	-	5,000
Total carrying amount	30,242,516	88,071	106,609	-	30,437,196
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(217,243)	(5,638)	(37,095)	-	(259,976)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(47,287)	(47,287)
	<u>\$ 30,025,273</u>	<u>\$ 82,433</u>	<u>\$ 69,514</u>	<u>\$ (47,287)</u>	<u>\$ 30,129,933</u>
Letters of Credit					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 3,813,732	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,813,732
Total carrying amount	3,813,732	-	-	-	3,813,732
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(9,815)	-	-	-	(9,815)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(3,208)	(3,208)
	<u>\$ 3,803,917</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,208)</u>	<u>\$ 3,800,709</u>

March 31, 2023

Notes Discounted and Loans					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 240,396,161	\$ 2,871,057	\$ 4,989,890	\$ -	\$ 248,257,108
Consumer loans	254,375,763	9,914,546	2,938,757	-	267,229,066
Others	20,523	817	90	-	21,430
Total carrying amount	494,792,447	12,786,420	7,928,737	-	515,507,604
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,988,815)	(904,782)	(1,884,877)	-	(4,778,474)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(1,957,505)	(1,957,505)
	<u>\$ 492,803,632</u>	<u>\$ 11,881,638</u>	<u>\$ 6,043,860</u>	<u>\$ (1,957,505)</u>	<u>\$ 508,771,625</u>
Receivables					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 13,889,848	\$ 365,417	\$ 754,153	\$ -	\$ 15,009,418
Consumer loans	2,004,193	26,011	38,860	-	2,069,064
Others	69,998,033	10,974	27,743	-	70,036,750
Total carrying amount	85,892,074	402,402	820,756	-	87,115,232
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(132,206)	(8,264)	(215,528)	-	(355,998)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(108,208)	(108,208)
	<u>\$ 85,759,868</u>	<u>\$ 394,138</u>	<u>\$ 605,228</u>	<u>\$ (108,208)</u>	<u>\$ 86,651,026</u>
Irrevocable Loan Commitments					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 10,637,121	\$ 239,780	\$ 69,894	\$ -	\$ 10,946,795
Consumer loans	1,569,105	-	-	-	1,569,105
Total carrying amount	12,206,226	239,780	69,894	-	12,515,900
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(72,340)	(26,851)	(11,239)	-	(110,430)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(2,360)	(2,360)
	<u>\$ 12,133,886</u>	<u>\$ 212,929</u>	<u>\$ 58,655</u>	<u>\$ (2,360)</u>	<u>\$ 12,403,110</u>

Credit Card Commitments					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Consumer loans	\$ 14,622,626	\$ 51,332	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,673,958
Total carrying amount	14,622,626	51,332	-	-	14,673,958
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,820)	(1,115)	-	-	(5,935)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(1,447)	(1,447)
	<u>\$ 14,617,806</u>	<u>\$ 50,217</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,447)</u>	<u>\$ 14,666,576</u>
Guarantee Receivables					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 25,828,402	\$ 327,619	\$ 97,110	\$ -	\$ 26,253,131
Total carrying amount	25,828,402	327,619	97,110	-	26,253,131
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(174,991)	(64,924)	(35,770)	-	(275,685)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(3,578)	(3,578)
	<u>\$ 25,653,411</u>	<u>\$ 262,695</u>	<u>\$ 61,340</u>	<u>\$ (3,578)</u>	<u>\$ 25,973,868</u>
Letters of Credit					
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Difference of Impairment Loss under Regulations	Total
Product category					
Corporate loans	\$ 4,201,141	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,201,141
Total carrying amount	4,201,141	-	-	-	4,201,141
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(10,951)	-	-	-	(10,951)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	(12,056)	(12,056)
	<u>\$ 4,190,190</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (12,056)</u>	<u>\$ 4,178,134</u>

ii. Debt instrument investments

March 31, 2024

Financial Assets at FVTOCI				
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 72,202,040	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,202,040
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	-	-
Total carrying amount	72,202,040	-	-	72,202,040
Allowance for impairment	(36,859)	-	-	(36,859)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 72,165,181</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 72,165,181</u>

	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			Total
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 61,951,905	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 61,951,905
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	8,732	8,732
Others (NCDs issued by the CBC)	47,829,412	-	-	47,829,412
Total carrying amount	109,781,317	-	8,732	109,790,049
Allowance for impairment	(32,129)	-	(8,732)	(40,861)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 109,749,188</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 109,749,188</u>

Note: The bond rating is based on the original credit rating of Moody's, Fitch (Fitch), Standard & Poor's (S&P) and China Credit Rating.

The breakdown below shows the Group's investments in debt instruments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at amortized cost:

March 31, 2024

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Total carrying amount	\$ 72,693,211	\$ 109,790,049
Loss allowance	(36,859)	(40,861)
Amortized cost	72,656,352	109,749,188
Fair value adjustment	(491,171)	-
	<u>\$ 72,165,181</u>	<u>\$ 109,749,188</u>

The Group's current credit risk rating mechanism and the total carrying amount of the investments in debt instruments of each credit rating are as follows:

Credit Rating	Definition	Recognition Basis	Expected Credit Loss	Total Carrying Amount at March 31, 2024	
				Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Normal (Stage 1)	The debtor has a low credit risk and is fully capable of paying off contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses	0.00%-0.53%	\$ 72,693,211	\$ 109,781,317
Abnormal (Stage 2)	Credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses (no credit impaired)	-	-	-
Default (Stage 3)	There is evidence that the credit is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses (credit impaired)	100%	-	8,732
Write offs	There is evidence that the debtor is facing serious financial difficulties and the Bank cannot reasonably expect to recover the debt.	Write-off	-	-	-

With respect to the Group's investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and at amortized cost, information on the changes in their loss allowance summarized by credit risk rating is as follows:

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 33,941	\$ -	\$ -
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	3,045	-	-
Disposal	(303)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>176</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss allowance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 36,859</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>Financial assets at amortized cost</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2024	\$ 31,548	\$ -	\$ 8,378
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	136	-	-
Disposal	(537)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>982</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>354</u>
Loss allowance at March 31, 2024	<u>\$ 32,129</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,732</u>

December 31, 2023

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI			Total
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 59,355,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 59,355,080
Non-investment grade bond	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total carrying amount	59,355,080	-	-	59,355,080
Allowance for impairment	(33,941)	-	-	(33,941)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 59,321,139</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 59,321,139</u>

	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			Total
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 63,327,503	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,327,503
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	8,378	8,378
Others (NCDs issued by the CBC)	49,249,411	-	-	49,249,411
Total carrying amount	112,576,914	-	8,378	112,585,292
Allowance for impairment	(31,548)	-	(8,378)	(39,926)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 112,545,366</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 112,545,366</u>

Note: The bond rating is based on the original credit rating of Moody's, Fitch (Fitch), Standard & Poor's (S&P) and China Credit Rating.

The breakdown below shows the Group's investments in debt instruments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at amortized cost:

December 31, 2023

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Total carrying amount	\$ 59,590,634	\$ 112,585,292
Loss allowance	(33,941)	(39,926)
Amortized cost	59,556,693	112,545,366
Fair value adjustment	(235,554)	-
	<u>\$ 59,321,139</u>	<u>\$ 112,545,366</u>

The Group's current credit risk rating mechanism and the total book value of the investments in debt instruments of each credit rating are as follows:

Credit Rating	Definition	Recognition Basis	Expected Credit Loss	Total Carrying Amount at December 31, 2023	
				Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Normal (Stage 1)	The debtor has a low credit risk and is fully capable of paying off contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses	0.00%-0.53%	\$ 59,590,634	\$ 112,576,914
Abnormal (Stage 2)	Credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses (no credit impaired)	-	-	-
Default (Stage 3)	There is evidence that the credit is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses (credit impaired)	100%	-	8,378
Write offs	There is evidence that the debtor is facing serious financial difficulties and the Bank cannot reasonably expect to recover the debt.	Write-off	-	-	-

With respect to the Group's investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and at amortized cost, information on the changes in their loss allowance summarized by credit risk rating is as follows:

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 27,120	\$ -	\$ -
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	18,918	-	-
Disposal	(7,743)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(4,354)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss allowance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 33,941</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Financial assets at amortized cost

Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 22,742	\$ 15,100	\$ 8,380
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	15,100	(15,100)	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	15,345	-	-
Disposal	(7,982)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(13,657)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(2)</u>
Loss allowance at December 31, 2023	<u>\$ 31,548</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 8,378</u>

March 31, 2023

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI			Total
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 41,012,298	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,012,298
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	-	-
Total carrying amount	41,012,298	-	-	40,012,298
Allowance for impairment	(26,575)	-	-	(26,575)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 40,985,723</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 40,985,723</u>

	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			Total
	Stage 1 12-month ECLs	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	
Product category (Note)				
Investment grade bond	\$ 58,649,540	\$ 1,131,772	\$ -	\$ 59,781,312
Non-investment grade bond	-	-	8,310	8,310
Others (NCDs issued by the CBC)	47,098,280	-	-	47,098,280
Total carrying amount	105,747,820	1,131,772	8,310	106,887,902
Allowance for impairment	(24,333)	(11,297)	(8,310)	(43,940)
Difference of impairment loss under regulations	-	-	-	-
	<u>\$ 105,723,487</u>	<u>\$ 1,120,475</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 106,843,962</u>

Note: The bond rating is based on the original credit rating of Moody's, Fitch (Fitch), Standard & Poor's (S&P) and China Credit Rating.

The breakdown below shows the Group's investments in debt instruments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI and financial assets at amortized cost:

March 31, 2023

	Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Total carrying amount	\$ 41,866,443	\$ 106,887,902
Loss allowance	(26,575)	(43,940)
Amortized cost	41,839,868	106,843,962
Fair value adjustment	(854,145)	-
	<u>\$ 40,985,723</u>	<u>\$ 106,843,962</u>

The Group's current credit risk rating mechanism and the total carrying amount of the investments in debt instruments of each credit rating are as follows:

Credit Rating	Definition	Recognition Basis	Expected Credit Loss	Total Carrying Amount at March 31, 2023	
				Financial Assets at FVTOCI	Financial Assets at Amortized Cost
Normal (Stage 1)	The debtor has a low credit risk and is fully capable of paying off contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses	0.00%-0.41%	\$ 41,866,443	\$ 105,747,820
Abnormal (Stage 2)	Credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses (no credit impaired)	0.70%-1.21%	-	1,131,772
Default (Stage 3)	There is evidence that the credit is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses (credit impaired)	100%	-	8,310
Write offs	There is evidence that the debtor is facing serious financial difficulties and the Bank cannot reasonably expect to recover the debt.	Write-off	-	-	-

With respect to the Group's investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI and at amortized cost, information on the changes in their loss allowance summarized by credit risk rating is as follows:

	Credit Rating		
	Normal (12-month Expected Credit Losses)	Abnormal (Lifetime ECL and Not Credit Impaired)	Default (Lifetime ECL with Credit Impaired)
<u>Financial assets at FVTOCI</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 27,120	\$ -	\$ -
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	-	-	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	-	-	-
Disposal	(537)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(8)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Loss allowance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 26,575</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
<u>Financial assets at amortized cost</u>			
Balance at January 1, 2023	\$ 22,742	\$ 15,100	\$ 8,380
Change in credit rating			
Normal turned to abnormal	4,549	(4,549)	-
Abnormal turned to default	-	-	-
Default turned to write off	-	-	-
Purchase of new debt instruments	4,560	-	-
Disposal	(2,067)	-	-
Model/risk parameter change	-	-	-
Exchange rate and other changes	<u>(5,451)</u>	<u>746</u>	<u>(70)</u>
Loss allowance at March 31, 2023	<u>\$ 24,333</u>	<u>\$ 11,297</u>	<u>\$ 8,310</u>

3) Liquidity risk

a) The source and definition of liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk refers to the potential loss resulting from the shortage of funds in acquiring assets or repaying debts on maturity, such as the cash outflow arising from the depositors' withdrawal of deposits, loan drawdown, other interests, expenses, or off-balance sheet transactions. To ensure sufficient capital liquidity, measures that can be taken include enough cash buffer in shares or readily realizable marketable securities, allocation of the period, absorbing deposits or financial borrowings, etc.

b) The Group's liquidity risk policies

The Group establishes a strategy based on the conservatism principle to diversify the source and duration of funds, participates in the fund's lending market and maintains strong relationship with fund providers to ensure the stability and reliability of funding sources.

The Group formulates relevant standards including risk identification, measurement, monitoring and reporting in order to control and grasp the potential adverse effects, regularly performs stress tests and analyzes the crisis situation to mitigate impact of excessive capital flows, establishes a limit monitoring mechanism, and sets management indicators such as liquidity ratios, cash flow gaps, etc.

The Group's liquidity risk management unit is the Asset and Liability Management Committee (hereinafter referred to as the "Committee"). The Committee must adopt necessary monitoring steps to maintain adequate liquidity and ensure that certain committees should regularly report to the board of directors for effective management of liquidity risks.

Maturity analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities

The Group disclosed the analysis of cash outflows from non-derivative financial liabilities by the residual maturities as of the balance sheet date. The amounts used in the maturity analyses of derivative financial liabilities are based on contractual cash flows, so some of these amounts may not correspond to the amounts shown on the consolidated balance sheets.

March 31, 2024	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 7,000,956	\$ 730	\$ 737	\$ 11,233	\$ -	\$ 7,013,656
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	3,417,394	2,817,751	1,541,664	1,272,728	4,043,743	13,093,280
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	4,945,591	4,297,654	-	-	-	9,243,245
Payables	16,192,027	734,544	210,226	1,069,514	473,596	18,679,907
Deposits and remittances	70,615,900	83,693,961	89,477,211	163,756,275	334,113,859	741,657,206
Bank debentures	-	-	101,190	124,624	16,500,000	16,725,814
Lease liabilities	17,326	34,465	51,046	100,040	928,431	1,131,308
Other items of cash outflow on maturity	2,199,238	1,943,171	357,855	91,659	4,205,435	8,797,358

December 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 11,602,768	\$ -	\$ 730	\$ 11,970	\$ -	\$ 11,615,468
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	3,194,052	2,957,588	1,501,076	653,720	4,176,326	12,482,762
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	5,206,532	620,716	-	-	-	5,827,248
Payables	10,567,990	1,800,480	173,482	781,438	350,698	13,674,088
Deposits and remittances	73,970,358	91,688,110	91,729,323	171,796,556	300,445,050	729,629,397
Bank debentures	-	-	-	77,820	16,500,000	16,577,820
Lease liabilities	17,463	34,926	51,651	101,039	975,690	1,180,769
Other items of cash outflow on maturity	2,057,114	1,816,659	50,162	416,545	3,998,375	8,338,855

March 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Due to the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 8,300,053	\$ 730	\$ 737	\$ 52,220	\$ -	\$ 8,353,740
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	1,938,341	3,002,864	1,035,390	1,945,477	1,712,897	9,634,969
Payables	7,376,411	865,073	244,750	954,112	415,547	9,855,893
Deposits and remittances	53,628,764	90,617,333	101,984,538	153,024,188	285,303,968	684,558,791
Bank debentures	-	-	92,661	119,401	16,500,000	16,712,062
Lease liabilities	14,867	29,804	44,373	87,177	761,611	937,832
Other items of cash outflow on maturity	1,621,406	1,679,158	126,673	164,845	3,766,913	7,358,995

Maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities

a) Derivative instruments settled at net amounts

Derivative instruments settled at net amounts include:

Foreign exchange derivative instruments: Foreign exchange forward contracts and cross-currency option contracts.

The Group assesses the maturity dates of derivative contracts to understand the basic elements of all derivative financial instruments shown on the consolidated balance sheets. The amounts used in the consolidated balance sheets are based on contractual cash flows. Therefore, some amounts may not correspond to the amounts shown on the consolidated balance sheets. The maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities was as follows:

March 31, 2024	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives	\$ 129,902	\$ 91,437	\$ 88,016	\$ 50,463	\$ -	\$ 359,818

December 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives	\$ 71,178	\$ 74,330	\$ 104,523	\$ 51,317	\$ -	\$ 301,348

March 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives	\$ 46,825	\$ 79,127	\$ 123,539	\$ 88,810	\$ -	\$ 338,301

b) Derivative instruments settled at gross amounts

Derivative instruments settled at gross amounts include:

Foreign exchange derivatives instruments: Foreign exchange forward contracts and cross-currency swap contracts.

The Group disclosed the analysis of derivative instruments to be settled at gross amount by the residual maturities as of the balance sheet date. The Group assesses the maturity dates of derivative contracts to understand the basic elements of all derivative financial instruments shown in the balance sheets. The amounts used in the maturity analyses of derivative financial liabilities are based on contractual cash flows, so some of these amounts may not correspond to the amounts shown on the consolidated balance sheets. The maturity analysis of derivative financial liabilities settled at gross amounts was as follows:

March 31, 2024	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives						
Outflows	\$ 30,869,320	\$ 8,348,137	\$ 10,825,535	\$ 13,894,534	\$ 316,746	\$ 64,254,272
Inflows	30,561,998	8,302,432	10,699,684	13,646,487	308,020	63,518,621
Total outflows	30,869,320	8,348,137	10,825,535	13,894,534	316,746	64,254,272
Total inflows	30,561,998	8,302,432	10,699,684	13,646,487	308,020	63,518,621
Net flows	\$ (307,322)	\$ (45,705)	\$ (125,851)	\$ (248,047)	\$ (8,726)	\$ (735,651)

December 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives						
Outflows	\$ 41,435,207	\$ 31,075,829	\$ 3,583,548	\$ 12,246,113	\$ -	\$ 88,340,697
Inflows	40,557,512	30,359,075	3,448,072	11,864,271	-	86,228,930
Total outflows	41,435,207	31,075,829	3,583,548	12,246,113	-	88,340,697
Total inflows	40,557,512	30,359,075	3,448,072	11,864,271	-	86,228,930
Net flows	\$ (877,695)	\$ (716,754)	\$ (135,476)	\$ (381,842)	\$ -	\$ (2,111,767)

March 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Derivative financial liabilities at FVTPL						
Foreign currency derivatives						
Outflows	\$ 17,331,706	\$ 7,510,821	\$ 5,744,393	\$ 2,591,062	\$ -	\$ 33,177,982
Inflows	17,265,767	7,399,707	5,678,582	2,545,877	-	32,889,933
Total outflows	17,331,706	7,510,821	5,744,393	2,591,062	-	33,177,982
Total inflows	17,265,767	7,399,707	5,678,582	2,545,877	-	32,889,933
Net flows	\$ (65,939)	\$ (111,114)	\$ (65,811)	\$ (45,185)	\$ -	\$ (288,049)

4) Maturity analysis of off-balance-sheet items

The following table shows the Group's maturity analysis of off-balance sheet items based on the residual maturities from the consolidated balance sheets. For the financial guarantee contract issued, the maximum amount of guarantee is included in the earliest period that may be required to perform the guarantee. The amounts in the table below were prepared on contractual cash flow basis; therefore, some disclosed amounts would not match with the consolidated balance sheets.

March 31, 2024	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Loan commitments	\$ 11,407,266	\$ 25,851,524	\$ 34,511,446	\$ 65,235,822	\$ 75,965,206	\$ 212,971,264
Letters of credit	919,400	2,262,873	337,286	-	-	3,519,559
Guarantee receivables	6,018,551	5,494,124	1,888,449	4,067,806	14,660,456	32,129,386
Lease contract commitment	4,109,550	629,089	340,419	511,566	-	5,590,624
Total	\$ 22,454,767	\$ 34,237,610	\$ 37,077,600	\$ 69,815,194	\$ 90,625,662	\$ 254,210,833

December 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Loan commitments	\$ 9,929,270	\$ 21,454,892	\$ 37,547,101	\$ 70,202,205	\$ 68,784,295	\$ 207,917,763
Letters of credit	1,681,152	1,744,003	382,161	6,416	-	3,813,732
Guarantee receivables	6,982,654	4,169,771	2,259,268	3,866,828	13,158,675	30,437,196
Lease contract commitment	5,438,394	485,766	480,632	421,373	-	6,826,165
Total	\$ 24,031,470	\$ 27,854,432	\$ 40,669,162	\$ 74,496,822	\$ 81,942,970	\$ 248,994,856

March 31, 2023	0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days - 1 Year	Over 1 Year	Total
Loan commitments	\$ 8,725,115	\$ 23,084,407	\$ 35,089,136	\$ 69,869,305	\$ 58,408,734	\$ 195,176,697
Letters of credit	1,360,617	2,490,666	339,742	10,116	-	4,201,141
Guarantee receivables	3,360,609	6,261,894	1,512,906	3,586,255	11,531,467	26,253,131
Lease contract commitment	3,001,742	188,397	235,995	316,913	-	3,743,047
Total	\$ 16,448,083	\$ 32,025,364	\$ 37,177,779	\$ 73,782,589	\$ 69,940,201	\$ 229,374,016

5) Cash flow and fair value risk of interest rate fluctuation

The floating-rate assets/liabilities held by the Group may be exposed to risks of future cash inflow/outflow. Since the risk is considered substantial, it is therefore hedged by the Group.

40. TRANSFERS OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Transferred Financial Assets That Do Not Qualify for Derecognition

Most of the transferred financial assets of the Group that are not derecognized in their entirety are securities sold under repurchase agreements. According to these transactions, the right of receiving cash flows from the transferred financial assets would be transferred to other entities and the associated liabilities of the Group's obligation to repurchase the transferred financial assets at a fixed price in the future would be recognized. As the Group is restricted to use, sell or pledge the transferred financial assets throughout the term of transaction, and is still exposed to interest rate risks and credit risks on these instruments, the transferred financial assets are not derecognized in their entirety. The details of financial assets that were not derecognized in their entirety and the associated financial liabilities were as follows:

March 31, 2024					
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Net Position
Financial assets at FVTOCI Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 3,842,838	\$ 3,660,895	\$ 3,758,386	\$ 3,660,895	\$ 97,491
Financial assets at amortized cost Securities sold under repurchase agreements	5,790,213	5,489,693	5,628,278	5,489,693	138,585

December 31, 2023					
Category of Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Transferred Financial Assets	Carrying Amount of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Transferred Financial Assets	Fair Value of Associated Financial Liabilities	Fair Value of Net Position
Financial assets at FVTOCI Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 182,810	\$ 147,284	\$ 162,089	\$ 147,284	\$ 14,805
Financial assets at amortized cost Securities sold under repurchase agreements	6,043,264	5,609,271	5,903,831	5,609,271	294,560

41. OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

The Group did not hold financial instruments covered by Section 42 of the IAS 32 "Financial Instruments: Presentation" endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission; thus, it made an offset of financial assets and liabilities and reported the net amount in the consolidated balance sheets.

The Group engages in transactions on the following financial assets and liabilities that are not subject to balance sheet offsetting based on IAS 32 but are under master netting arrangements or similar agreements. These agreements allow both the Group and its counterparties to opt for the net settlement of financial assets and financial liabilities. If one party defaults, the other party may choose net settlement.

The netting information of financial assets and financial liabilities is set out below:

March 31, 2024

Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities purchased under resale agreements	\$ 11,954,946	\$ -	\$ 11,954,946	\$ 11,954,946	\$ -	\$ -

Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 9,150,588	\$ -	\$ 9,150,588	\$ 9,150,588	\$ -	\$ -

December 31, 2023

Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities purchased under resale agreements	\$ 10,696,795	\$ -	\$ 10,696,795	\$ 10,696,795	\$ -	\$ -

Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Liabilities Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	\$ 5,756,555	\$ -	\$ 5,756,555	\$ 5,756,555	\$ -	\$ -

March 31, 2023

Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Assets	Gross Amounts of Recognized Financial Liabilities Offset in the Balance Sheets	Net Amounts of Financial Assets Presented in the Balance Sheets	Related Amounts Not Offset in the Balance Sheets		Net Amount
				Financial Instruments	Cash Collateral Received	
Securities purchased under resale agreements	\$ 10,911,716	\$ -	\$ 10,911,716	\$ 10,911,716	\$ -	\$ -

42. INFORMATION ABOUT THE BANK

a. Asset quality

Items		March 31, 2024					March 31, 2023					
		Non-performing Loan (Note 1)	Total Loan	NPL Ratio (Note 2)	Allowance For Loan Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	Non-performing Loan (Note 1)	Total Loan	NPL Ratio (Note 2)	Allowance For Loan Losses	Coverage Ratio (Note 3)	
Corporate loans	Secured	\$ 214,424	\$ 153,472,300	0.14%	\$ 1,968,993	918.27%	\$ 485,013	\$ 150,354,297	0.32%	\$ 1,722,104	355.06%	
	Unsecured	75,023	109,423,604	0.07%	1,426,556	1,901.49%	80,788	97,887,146	0.08%	1,731,715	2,143.53%	
Consumer loans	Mortgage (Note 4)	216,107	85,199,385	0.25%	1,284,166	594.23%	136,135	73,187,047	0.19%	1,100,586	808.45%	
	Cash card	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Microcredit (Note 5)	2,327	639,365	0.36%	8,140	349.81%	1,833	897,987	0.20%	11,909	649.70%	
	Other (Note 6)	Secured	209,939	169,592,197	0.12%	1,870,289	890.87%	242,080	158,108,693	0.15%	1,672,737	690.99%
		Unsecured	31,011	36,504,999	0.08%	419,365	1,352.31%	44,750	33,775,113	0.13%	496,341	1,109.14%
Loans		748,831	554,831,850	0.13%	6,977,509	931.79%	990,599	514,210,283	0.19%	6,735,392	679.93%	

Category \ Items		March 31, 2024					March 31, 2023				
		Overdue Receivable	Accounts Receivable	Delinquency Ratio	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio	Overdue Receivable	Accounts Receivable	Delinquency Ratio	Allowance for Credit Losses	Coverage Ratio
Credit card		\$ 1,120	\$ 748,982	0.15%	\$ 18,463	1,648.48%	\$ 1,027	\$ 766,141	0.13%	\$ 27,105	2,639.24%
Accounts receivable without recourse (Note 7)		-	87,117	-	8,018	-	-	116,658	-	7,884	-

Non-reportable overdue loans and receivables

	March 31, 2024		March 31, 2023	
	Non-reportable NPL Balance	Non-reportable Overdue Receivable Balance	Non-reportable NPL Balance	Non-reportable Overdue Receivable Balance
Non-reportable amount upon performance of debt negotiation program (Note 8)	\$ 395	\$ 244	\$ 624	\$ 466
Amount received from performance of debt negotiation program (Note 9)	7,549	12,062	9,932	13,836
Total	7,944	12,306	10,556	14,302

Note 1: The amount recognized as non-performing loans (NPL) is in compliance with the “Regulations Governing the Procedures for Banking Institutions to Evaluate Assets and Deal with Non-performing/Non-accrual Loans”. Non-performing credit loans represent the amounts of non-performing loans reported to the FSC, as required by the FSC in its letter dated July 6, 2005 (Ref. No. 0944000378).

Note 2: Non-performing loan ratio = Non-performing loans ÷ Outstanding loan balance;
Non-performing credit loan ratio = Non-performing loans ÷ Accounts receivable balance.

Note 3: Allowance for doubtful accounts ratio = Allowance for doubtful accounts in loans ÷ Overdue loans;
Allowance for doubtful accounts ratio of credit card = Allowance for doubtful accounts in credit cards ÷ Overdue loans.

Note 4: Home mortgage refers to financing obtained to buy, build, or fix houses owned by the borrowers’ spouse or children, with the house used as loan collateral.

Note 5: Microcredit is covered by the FSC pronouncement dated December 19, 2005 (Ref No. 09440010950) and is excluded from credit card and cash card loans.

Note 6: “Others” under consumer loans refers to secured or unsecured loans other than mortgage loans, cash cards, microcredit, and credit cards.

Note 7: As required by the FSC in its letter dated July 19, 2005 (Ref No. 094000494), a provision for bad debts is recognized once no compensation is made by a factor or insurance company for accounts receivable factored without recourse.

Note 8: Accounts under “loans not required to be classified as NPL upon performance of a debt negotiation program” and “accounts receivable not required to be classified as overdue receivable upon debt negotiation program” were processed according the FSC pronouncement dated April 25, 2006 (Ref No. 09510001270).

Note 9: Accounts under “loans not required to be classified as NPL upon performance of a debt discharge program and rehabilitation program” and “accounts receivable not required to be classified as overdue receivable upon debt discharge program and rehabilitation program” were processed according the FSC pronouncement dated September 15, 2008 (Ref No. 09700318940), the FSC pronouncement dated September 20, 2016 (Ref No. 10500134790).

b. Concentration of credit extensions

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Year	March 31, 2024		
Top 10 Rank (Note 1)	Group (Note 2)	Total Credit (Note 3)	Percentage of Net Worth (%)
1	Group A 016700 real estate development activities	\$ 4,420,743	5.60
2	Group B 016700 real estate development activities	4,025,326	5.10
3	Group C 016700 real estate development activities	2,794,200	3.54
4	Group D 014100 construction industry	2,590,470	3.28
5	Group E 012411 smelting and refining of iron and steel	2,522,852	3.20
6	Group F 016700 real estate development activities	1,651,360	2.09
7	Group G 014100 construction industry	1,551,638	1.97
8	Group H 016700 real estate development activities	1,509,882	1.91
9	Group I 010892 manufacture of macaroni, noodles, couscous and similar farinaceous products	1,506,329	1.91
10	Group J 016700 real estate development activities	1,480,009	1.88

Year	March 31, 2023		
Top 10 Rank (Note 1)	Group (Note 2)	Total Credit (Note 3)	Percentage of Net Worth (%)
1	Group A 016700 real estate development activities	\$ 4,999,267	7.01
2	Group K 016700 real estate development activities	3,780,377	5.30
3	Group C 016700 real estate development activities	2,549,658	3.57
4	Group L 014290 civil engineering construction	2,147,145	3.01
5	Group F 016700 real estate development activities	1,800,263	2.52
6	Group O 015010 ocean transportation	1,757,034	2.46
7	Group I 010892 manufacture of macaroni, noodles, couscous and similar farinaceous products	1,749,810	2.45
8	Group G 014100 construction industry	1,733,122	2.43
9	Group E 012411 smelting and refining of iron and steel	1,714,663	2.40
10	Group N 012630 manufacture of bare printed circuit boards	1,665,082	2.33

Note 1: The ranking is arranged in descending order of the outstanding loan balance, excluding all the government entities and nation-owned enterprises. If the borrower is a member company of a group, then the disclosed amount will be the total granted loan amount for that entire group. (i.e., Group A real estate development activities).

Note 2: According to Article 6 of the “Supplementary Provisions to the Stock Exchange Corporation Criteria for the Review of Securities Listings”, Group refers to the entity that has a controlling or subordinate relationship with the counterparty that obtained loans from the Bank.

Note 3: Credit balance means the sum of all the loans (including import bill negotiated, discounted export bills negotiated, overdrafts, short-term secured and unsecured loans, securities margin loan receivables, medium-term secured and unsecured loans, long-term secured and unsecured loans and delinquent receivables), exchange bills negotiated, accounts receivable factored without recourse, acceptances receivable, and guarantees issued.

c. Interest rate sensitivity information

**Interest Rate Sensitivity
March 31, 2024**

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 564,911,678	\$ 7,060,892	\$ 10,755,464	\$ 126,607,018	\$ 709,335,052
Interest-sensitive liabilities	179,933,614	379,518,012	95,917,641	9,703,915	665,073,182
Interest sensitivity gap	384,978,064	(372,457,120)	(85,162,177)	116,903,103	44,261,870
Net equity					78,923,376
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					106.66%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					56.08%

March 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 537,274,085	\$ 12,399,935	\$ 13,122,812	\$ 99,267,200	\$ 662,064,032
Interest-sensitive liabilities	184,166,607	364,599,070	64,762,547	9,494,780	623,023,004
Interest sensitivity gap	353,107,478	(352,199,135)	(51,639,735)	89,772,420	39,041,028
Net equity					71,323,523
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					106.27%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					54.74%

Note 1: The above amounts included only the New Taiwan dollar amounts held by the head office and branches of the Bank (i.e., excluding foreign currency).

Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities mean the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities affected by interest rate changes.

Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets - Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.

Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets ÷ Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in New Taiwan dollars).

Interest Rate Sensitivity
March 31, 2024

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 1,284,349	\$ 208,595	\$ 33,397	\$ 776,817	\$ 2,303,158
Interest-sensitive liabilities	1,747,396	894,926	287,741	-	2,930,063
Interest sensitivity gap	(463,047)	(686,331)	(254,344)	776,817	(626,905)
Net equity					2,466,356
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					78.60%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					(25.42%)

March 31, 2023

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars, %)

Items	1 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	181 Days to One Year	Over One Year	Total
Interest-sensitive assets	\$ 1,233,470	\$ 197,116	\$ 41,643	\$ 518,580	\$ 1,990,809
Interest-sensitive liabilities	1,004,237	1,079,191	295,022	9,390	2,387,840
Interest sensitivity gap	229,233	(882,075)	(253,379)	509,190	(397,031)
Net equity					2,342,162
Ratio of interest-sensitive assets to liabilities					83.37%
Ratio of interest sensitivity gap to net equity					(16.95%)

Note 1: The above amounts included only the U.S. dollar amounts held by the head office, domestic branches, OBU and overseas branches of the Bank and excluded contingent assets and contingent liabilities.

Note 2: Interest rate-sensitive assets and liabilities mean the revenues or costs of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities affected by interest rate changes.

Note 3: Interest rate sensitivity gap = Interest rate-sensitive assets - Interest rate-sensitive liabilities.

Note 4: Ratio of interest rate-sensitive assets to liabilities = Interest rate-sensitive assets ÷ Interest rate-sensitive liabilities (in U.S. dollars)

d. Profitability

Unit: %

	Items	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Return on total assets	Pretax	0.28	0.22
	After tax	0.24	0.18
Return on net equity	Pretax	3.14	2.47
	After tax	2.69	2.10
Profit margin		48.35	37.86

Note 1: Return on total assets = Income before (after) income tax ÷ Average total assets

Note 2: Return on equity = Income before (after) income tax ÷ Average equity

Note 3: Net income ratio = Income after income tax ÷ Total net revenues

Note 4: Income before (after) income tax represents income for the three months ended March 31, 2024 and 2023.

e. Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities
March 31, 2024

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Total	Period Remaining until Due Date and Amount Due					
		0-10 Days	11-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days-1 Year	Over 1 Year
Major capital inflow on maturity	\$ 783,947,223	\$ 86,697,408	\$ 58,442,601	\$ 44,044,679	\$ 56,753,926	\$ 118,601,077	\$ 419,407,532
Major capital outflow on maturity	955,339,368	37,195,341	40,990,818	92,656,229	131,921,115	229,730,746	422,845,119
Gap	(171,392,145)	49,502,067	17,451,783	(48,611,550)	(75,167,189)	(111,129,669)	(3,437,587)

March 31, 2023

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Total	Period Remaining until Due Date and Amount Due					
		0-10 Days	11-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days-1 Year	Over 1 Year
Major capital inflow on maturity	\$ 719,465,909	\$ 68,033,105	\$ 57,254,090	\$ 50,694,420	\$ 64,062,332	\$ 115,673,272	\$ 363,748,690
Major capital outflow on maturity	880,062,588	27,008,473	42,681,344	106,615,474	140,693,651	196,564,528	366,499,118
Gap	(160,596,679)	41,024,632	14,572,746	(55,921,054)	(76,631,319)	(80,891,256)	(2,750,428)

Note: The above amounts included only the New Taiwan dollar amounts held by the head office and domestic branches of the Bank (excluding foreign currency).

Maturity Analysis of Assets and Liabilities
March 31, 2024

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Total	Remaining Period to Maturity				
		0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days-1 Year	Over 1 Year
Major capital inflow on maturity	\$ 4,631,438	\$ 1,014,707	\$ 472,906	\$ 650,333	\$ 554,218	\$ 1,939,274
Major capital outflow on maturity	5,392,760	1,948,420	1,210,210	627,743	1,160,232	446,155
Gap	(761,322)	(933,713)	(737,304)	22,590	(606,014)	1,493,119

March 31, 2023

(In Thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Total	Remaining Period to Maturity				
		0-30 Days	31-90 Days	91-180 Days	181 Days-1 Year	Over 1 Year
Major capital inflow on maturity	\$ 3,199,288	\$ 702,115	\$ 495,918	\$ 329,175	\$ 209,250	\$ 1,462,830
Major capital outflow on maturity	3,801,162	834,089	1,060,596	623,425	901,718	381,334
Gap	(601,874)	(131,974)	(564,678)	(294,250)	(692,468)	1,081,496

Note 1: The above amounts included only the U.S. dollar amounts held by the head office, domestic branches, OBU and overseas branches of the Bank and excluded contingent assets and contingent liabilities.

Note 2: When the OBU's assets account for 10% of total assets of the Bank, the Bank should provide complimentary disclosed information.

43. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

- a. The purpose of capital management is to meet the criteria set by administration which is the basic goal of the Group's capital management. The calculation method of the relevant qualified eligible capital and legal capital should be handled in accordance with the regulations of the competent authority.

To maintain the ratio of eligible capital to risk-weighted assets above the target level, the capital management structure of the Group should be properly planned depending on the conditions of capital market, the characteristics of various capital instruments, the efficiency of capital utilization and the impact of operational performance.

- b. The Group follows the relevant regulations of the competent authority and the internal operating procedures of the Bank, to regularly disclose relevant information on capital adequacy and report to the competent authority on a quarterly basis.

Self-owned capital of the Bank is divided into Tier 1 capital and Tier 2 capital according to principles of capital adequacy management.

- 1) The term "Net Tier 1 Capital" shall mean the aggregate amount of net common Equity Tier 1 and net additional Tier 1 Capital.
 - a) The common equity Tier 1 capital consists of the common shares and additional paid-in capital in excess of par - common shares, the capital collected in advance, the capital reserves, the statutory surplus reserves, the special reserves, the accumulated profit or loss, the non-controlling interests and other items of interest.
 - b) Additional Tier 1 capital consists of non-cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, the non-cumulative perpetual subordinated debts, the non-cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, and the non-cumulative perpetual subordinated debts which are issued by banks' subsidiaries, and are not directly or indirectly held by banks.
- 2) Tier 2 capital

The Tier 2 capital consists of cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, the cumulative perpetual subordinated debts, the convertible subordinated debts, the long-term subordinated debts, the non-perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, when applying International Financial Reporting Standards in real estate and using the fair value method or the re-estimated value method as the deemed cost for the first time, the difference in amount between the deemed cost and the carrying amount recognized in retained earnings, the 45% of unrealized gains on changes in the fair value of investment properties using the fair value method, as well as the 45% of unrealized gains on available-for-sale financial assets, the operational reserves and loan-loss provisions and the cumulative perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premium, the cumulative perpetual subordinated debts, the convertible subordinated debts, the long-term subordinated debts, and the non-perpetual preferred shares and its capital share premiums, which are issued by banks' subsidiaries, and are not directly or indirectly held by banks.

44. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

Details of significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

	March 31, 2024						
	USD	CNY	JPY	AUD	EUR	Others	Total
<u>Financial assets in foreign currencies</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,074,968	\$ 1,639,908	\$ 1,792,140	\$ 135,317	\$ 209,981	\$ 148,008	\$ 5,000,322
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	4,272,000	418,855	-	-	-	676,403	5,367,258
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,704,755	-	-	-	93	62,561	1,767,409
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	12,831,006	863,248	-	7,890,849	1,037,301	3,704,901	26,327,305
Notes discounted and loans	33,656,599	1,438,219	566,894	1,364,365	607,614	156,364	37,790,055
Receivables	1,026,131	5,669,015	440,338	148,183	23,575	262,979	7,570,221
Financial assets at amortized cost	21,100,252	3,547,926	-	2,030,000	-	1,317,970	27,996,148
Other assets	905,676	-	-	-	-	232	905,908
<u>Financial liabilities in foreign currencies</u>							
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	-	4,994,056	-	-	-	-	4,994,056
Deposits and remittances	83,291,087	3,500,785	3,077,389	2,008,341	491,481	1,678,332	94,047,415
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	893,492	-	-	-	112	62,561	956,165
Other financial liabilities	3,020,160	-	-	-	-	1,052,089	4,072,249
Payables	766,196	77,856	439,633	9,535	6,749	158,319	1,458,288
Lease liabilities	-	39,233	-	-	-	14,443	53,676
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	7,529,282	-	-	-	-	-	7,529,282
Provisions	34,462	-	-	-	-	-	34,462
Other liabilities	51,928	71,919	5,129	-	988	82	130,046
New Taiwan dollars exchange rate	32.00	4.41	0.21	20.83	34.46		
	December 31, 2023						
	USD	CNY	JPY	AUD	EUR	Others	Total
<u>Financial assets in foreign currencies</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,955,576	\$ 2,301,166	\$ 1,163,143	\$ 161,960	\$ 578,846	\$ 552,091	\$ 16,712,782
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	1,240,280	86,520	-	-	-	439,105	1,765,905
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,595,572	-	-	-	-	54,356	1,649,928
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	7,655,047	1,122,688	-	7,785,503	711,874	767,171	18,042,283
Notes discounted and loans	30,609,277	2,250,650	597,442	1,374,190	555,224	214,619	35,601,402
Receivables	1,081,224	5,503,414	209,269	93,911	17,965	201,898	7,107,681
Financial assets at amortized cost	21,611,093	3,697,430	-	1,834,870	-	1,125,762	28,269,155
Other assets	1,209,664	-	-	-	-	228	1,209,892
<u>Financial liabilities in foreign currencies</u>							
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	-	5,035,670	-	-	-	-	5,035,670
Deposits and remittances	83,073,540	3,700,225	2,520,255	2,033,455	575,265	1,807,788	93,710,528
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	732,882	-	-	-	-	54,356	787,238
Other financial liabilities	2,796,770	-	-	-	-	1,043,181	3,839,951
Payables	659,250	66,426	208,267	5,507	4,718	134,171	1,078,339
Lease liabilities	-	40,009	-	-	-	16,301	56,310
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	4,886,555	-	-	-	-	-	4,886,555
Provisions	27,383	-	-	-	-	-	27,383
Other liabilities	60,044	72,218	5,549	-	553	82	138,446
New Taiwan dollars exchange rate	30.70	4.33	0.22	20.98	33.98		

	March 31, 2023						
	USD	CNY	JPY	AUD	EUR	Others	Total
Financial assets in foreign currencies							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,815,147	\$ 2,987,876	\$ 1,032,472	\$ 137,538	\$ 177,265	\$ 391,738	\$ 9,542,036
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to other banks	855,701	88,620	-	-	-	1,111,912	2,056,233
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,639,140	-	-	-	36	108,512	1,747,688
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3,185,330	1,674,689	-	112,994	-	-	4,973,013
Notes discounted and loans	29,354,875	1,018,079	1,548,007	76,640	1,163,463	467,045	33,628,109
Receivables	905,045	4,221,740	433,900	21,717	17,856	121,689	5,721,947
Financial assets at amortized cost	21,461,664	4,075,166	-	1,877,879	-	989,143	28,403,852
Other assets	828,869	-	-	-	-	-	828,869
Financial liabilities in foreign currencies							
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	-	3,937,595	-	-	-	-	3,937,595
Deposits and remittances	69,679,585	4,949,042	1,804,489	1,620,826	655,966	1,600,197	80,310,105
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	686,661	-	-	-	52	108,511	795,224
Other financial liabilities	3,042,764	-	-	-	-	1,106,680	4,149,444
Payables	685,771	89,320	431,975	3,019	8,852	31,248	1,250,185
Lease liabilities	-	31,587	-	-	-	6,002	37,589
Provisions	27,497	-	-	-	-	-	27,497
Other liabilities	147,095	46,881	7,384	-	54,699	-	256,059
New Taiwan dollars exchange rate	30.45	4.43	0.23	20.33	33.13		

45. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Changes in Liabilities Arising from Financing Activities

For the three months ended March 31, 2024

	Opening Balance	Cash Inflows (Outflows)	Non-cash Changes			Closing Balance
			New Leases	End of Lease Term	Other (Note)	
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 12,482,762	\$ 610,518	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,093,280
Commercial papers	3,818,483	254,026	-	-	-	4,072,509
Guarantee deposits received	680,421	(27,821)	-	-	-	652,600
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	-	-	-	16,500,000
Lease liabilities	1,093,882	(46,686)	4,954	(2,981)	1,006	1,050,175
	<u>\$ 34,575,548</u>	<u>\$ 790,037</u>	<u>\$ 4,954</u>	<u>\$ (2,981)</u>	<u>\$ 1,006</u>	<u>\$ 35,368,564</u>

For the three months ended March 31, 2023

	Opening Balance	Cash Inflows (Outflows)	Non-cash Changes			Closing Balance
			New Leases	End of Lease Term	Other (Note)	
Funds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks	\$ 8,898,102	\$ 736,867	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,634,969
Commercial papers	2,681,022	(80,169)	-	-	-	2,600,853
Guarantee deposits received	620,271	(11,573)	-	-	-	608,698
Bank debentures	16,500,000	-	-	-	-	16,500,000
Lease liabilities	852,915	(39,684)	53,693	(21,494)	94	845,524
	<u>\$ 29,552,310</u>	<u>\$ 605,441</u>	<u>\$ 53,693</u>	<u>\$ (21,494)</u>	<u>\$ 94</u>	<u>\$ 30,190,044</u>

Note: The number of foreign currency exchange rate effects.

46. OPERATING SEGMENT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided. The Group's reportable segments include Northern area, Central area, Southern area, OBU, Overseas branch, Head office and others.

a. Segment revenues and results

The analysis of the Group's revenue and results from continuing operations by reportable segment is as follows:

	Northern Area	Central Area	Southern Area	OBU	Overseas Branch	Head Office and Others	Adjustment and Write-off	Total
For the three months ended March 31, 2024								
Interest revenue	\$ 1,441,354	\$ 1,945,176	\$ 1,243,516	\$ 1,123,229	\$ 128,170	\$ 1,385,669	\$ (1,372,316)	\$ 5,894,798
Interest expense	(819,173)	(878,761)	(599,517)	(843,655)	(90,185)	(1,102,400)	1,372,316	(2,961,375)
Net revenue	622,181	1,066,415	643,999	279,574	37,985	283,269	-	2,933,423
Net income and loss other than interest								
Service fee income	248,358	370,174	213,925	38,253	8,616	286,427	-	1,165,753
Gain on financial instruments	-	-	-	50,379	-	1,126,655	-	1,177,034
Others	4,000	7,296	5,923	18,720	(912)	(615,198)	(18,599)	(598,770)
Provision for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantee liabilities	(393,561)	(277,542)	3,242	(2,864)	(11,366)	421,307	-	(260,784)
Operating expenses	(262,566)	(408,958)	(288,126)	-	(13,850)	(972,536)	18,599	(1,927,437)
Income (loss) before income tax	<u>\$ 218,412</u>	<u>\$ 757,385</u>	<u>\$ 578,963</u>	<u>\$ 384,062</u>	<u>\$ 20,473</u>	<u>\$ 529,924</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,489,219</u>
For the three months ended March 31, 2023								
Interest revenue	\$ 1,150,264	\$ 1,762,292	\$ 1,048,138	\$ 824,180	\$ 59,959	\$ 1,155,484	\$ (1,138,705)	\$ 4,861,612
Interest expense	(611,268)	(737,555)	(474,314)	(735,103)	(35,790)	(649,260)	1,138,705	(2,104,585)
Net revenue	538,996	1,024,737	573,824	89,077	24,169	506,224	-	2,757,027
Net income and loss other than interest								
Service fee income	203,553	301,062	169,031	22,118	10,026	187,010	-	892,800
Gain on financial instruments	-	-	-	8,212	-	399,590	-	407,802
Others	4,442	6,356	5,740	34,806	(495)	59,610	(18,702)	91,757
Provision for bad debts expense, commitments and guarantee liabilities	838	(297,900)	(27,801)	(3,533)	(11,992)	(98,055)	-	(438,443)
Operating expenses	(229,873)	(394,923)	(254,492)	-	(10,509)	(1,070,951)	18,702	(1,942,046)
Income (loss) before income tax	<u>\$ 517,956</u>	<u>\$ 639,332</u>	<u>\$ 466,302</u>	<u>\$ 150,680</u>	<u>\$ 11,199</u>	<u>\$ (16,572)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,768,897</u>

This measure is provided to the chief operating decision maker for resources allocation and measurement of segment performance.

b. Segment assets

Segment Assets	March 31, 2024	December 31, 2023	March 31, 2023
Northern area	\$ 185,829,747	\$ 182,825,064	\$ 161,970,353
Central area	205,279,828	205,326,414	205,184,934
Southern area	107,621,871	107,313,190	85,303,873
OBU	87,797,356	76,433,229	62,396,405
Overseas branch	7,355,509	6,708,099	5,110,311
Head office and others	<u>297,220,428</u>	<u>299,341,793</u>	<u>289,366,419</u>
	<u>\$ 891,104,739</u>	<u>\$ 877,947,789</u>	<u>\$ 809,332,295</u>

c. Revenue from major products and services

The Group is mainly involved in the business of earning interest revenue; therefore, no product or service information is available.

d. Geographical information

Location	For the Three Months Ended March 31	
	2024	2023
Taiwan	\$ 4,563,456	\$ 4,052,309
Asia	113,451	96,645
America	<u>533</u>	<u>432</u>
	<u>\$ 4,677,440</u>	<u>\$ 4,149,386</u>

e. Information about major customers

The interest revenue of the Group from any single customer does not exceed 10% of the total interest revenue; therefore, information on major customers is not available.

47. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

a. Information about significant transactions and investees:

Disclosures of relevant information in accordance with Article 18 of Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks are as follows:

No.	Item	Note
1	Marketable securities acquired or disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
2	Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
3	Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
4	Allowance of service fees to Related party amounting to at least NT\$5 million.	None
5	Receivables from related party amounting to at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital.	None
6	Sale of nonperforming loans.	None
7	Financial asset securitization and real estate securitization.	None
8	Other significant transactions which may affect the decisions of users of financial reports.	None

b. The related information of the Group's investees (Note):

No.	Item	Note
1	Related information and proportionate share in investees.	Exempt from disclosure in the review report
2	Financing provided.	Table 1
3	Endorsement/guarantee provided.	Table 2
4	Marketable securities held.	Table 3
5	Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 10% of the paid-in capital	None
6	Derivative transactions.	Note 8
7	Other significant transactions which may affect the decisions of users of financial reports.	None

Note: Subsidiaries are exempt from disclosure if they belong to the financial, insurance, and securities industries, and the main business items of business registration include fund loans to others, endorsements, and trading of securities.

- c. Investment in mainland China: Table 4 (attached).
- d. Business relationships and significant transactions between the parent company and subsidiaries: Table 5 (attached).
- e. Information of major shareholders: List all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 6).

TABLE 1

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No. (Note 1)	Lender	Borrower	Financial Statements Accounts (Note 2)	Related Party	Highest Balance for the Period (Note 3)	Ending Balance (Note 8)	Actual Amount Borrowed	Interest Rate (%)	Nature of Financing (Note 4)	Business Transaction Amount (Note 5)	Reasons for Short-term Financing (Note 6)	Allowance for Impairment Loss	Collateral		Financing Limit for Each Borrower (Note 7)	Aggregate Financing Limit (Note 7)	Note
													Item	Value			
1	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Zong Hui Construction	Other receivables	Not related	\$ 186,000	\$ 180,000	\$ 180,000	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	\$ -	Business turnover	\$ 1,800	Real estate	\$ 70,040	\$ 243,552	\$ 974,207	Note 9
		Shanyue Development Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	147,006	143,579	143,579	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	1,436	Real estate	125,805	243,552	974,207	Note 9
		Song Ying Consultant Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	49,700	49,550	49,550	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	496	Real estate	32,510	243,552	974,207	Note 9
		Quan Fu Development Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	125,640	125,251	125,251	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	1,253	Real estate	100,920	243,552	974,207	Note 9
		Da Fang Skill Color Marketing Consultant Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	95,855	92,681	92,681	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	927	Real estate	573,977	243,552	974,207	Note 9
		Hong Shu Building Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	45,816	45,678	45,678	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	457	Real estate	15,248	243,552	974,207	Note 9
		Sin Gang Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Not related	50,000	49,489	49,489	4-10	Necessary for short-term financing	-	Business turnover	495	Real estate	11,680	243,552	974,207	Note 9

- Note 1: The description of the number column is as follows:

a. Issuer: 0.
b. The invested company is numbered sequentially by the Arabic number 1 according to the company.
- Note 2: Items such as accounts receivable, corporate receivables, shareholder transactions, prepayments, provisional payments, etc., which are provided by financing are required to be filled in this field.
- Note 3: The annual fund is provided to others to the highest balance.
- Note 4: Nature of financing should be filled with business contracts or those who have short-term financing.
- Note 5: Nature of the loan of the business contracts should be filled with the amount of business transactions. The amount of business transactions refers to the amount of business transactions between the company that lends the funds and the target of last year’s loan.
- Note 6: Nature of the loan required for short-term financing should specify the reasons for the loans and the use of funds for the loan, such as repayment of loans, purchase of equipment, business turnover, etc.
- Note 7: The company shall fill in the borrowing limit and total limit for individual objects according to the operating procedures and explains the calculation method of the total limit in the column Note.
- Note 8: If the board of directors of the public offering company according to Article 14 (1) of the Public Offering Company’s Financing and Endorsement Guarantee Processing Guidelines will make a resolution, the amount of the resolution of the board of directors shall be included in the announcement balance to disclose its risk; however, if the funds are repaid, the balance after repayment should be disclosed to reflect the adjustment of risk. If the public offering company authorizes the chairman of the board to allocate or repay the loan in a certain amount and within one year according to the resolution of the board of directors in accordance with Article 14 (2) of the handling criteria, the fund’s loan and the amount approved by the board of directors shall be the declared balance. Although the funds will be repaid afterwards, the consideration may still be re-loaned. Therefore, the fund loan and the amount approved by the board of directors should still be used as the announced balance.
- Note 9: Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited should not exceed 10% of its own net value for a single enterprise. The total amount of financing provided to others is limited to 40% of the net value of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited.

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

No.	Endorser/Guarantor	Endorsee/Guarantee		Limit on Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Each Party (Note 1)	Maximum Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed During the Period (Note 2)	Outstanding Endorsement/ Guarantee at the End of the Period	Actual Borrowing Amount	Amount Endorsed/ Guaranteed by Collateral	Ratio of Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity in Latest Financial Statements (%)	Aggregate Endorsement/ Guarantee Limit (Note 1)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Parent on Behalf of Subsidiaries (Note 3)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given by Subsidiaries on Behalf of Parent (Note 3)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Given on Behalf of Companies in Mainland China (Note 3)
		Name	Relationship										
1	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Indirect shareholding of 100% of subsidiary	\$ 14,613,108	\$ 6,306,840	\$ 6,171,835	\$ 3,579,563	\$ -	253.41	\$ 24,355,180	-	-	Y

Note 1: According to Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited’s “Operating Procedures to Fund Endorsement and Guarantee”, the endorsement limit to single company cannot surpass six times of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited’s audited net worth. The endorsement limits to all subsidiaries cannot surpass 10 times of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited’s audited net worth.

Note 2: The maximum balance guaranteed for endorsement of others during the year.

Note 3: It is a guarantor of the listed parent company to the endorsement of the subsidiary, the subsidiary company’s endorsement to the listed parent company and the endorsement of the mainland area must be filled with Y.

TABLE 3

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD
MARCH 31, 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or Shares)

Name of Holding Company	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship	Financial Statement Account	March 31, 2024				Note
				Number of Shares	Carrying Amount (Note)	Percentage of Ownership (%)	Market Value or Net Asset Value (Note)	
Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	<u>Domestic unlisted shares</u> Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	220,631	\$ 2,435,518	100	\$ 2,435,518	
	Taichung Bank Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	50,000	1,404,943	100	1,404,943	
	Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	162,450	1,991,847	100	1,991,847	
	Taichung Bank Securities Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	Associate	Investment accounted for using the equity method	12,000	179,553	38	179,553	
Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	<u>Foreign unlisted shares</u> TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	Sub-subsiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	30,000	998,043	100	998,043	
TCCBL Co., Ltd. (B.V.I.)	<u>Foreign unlisted shares</u> Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	-	941,821	100	941,821	
Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	<u>Domestic unlisted shares</u> Taichung Bank Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsiary	Investment accounted for using the equity method	21,000	205,715	100	205,715	

Note: The financial industry, the insurance industry and the securities industry are exempt from disclosure.

TABLE 4

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

Investee Company Name	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Investment Type	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2024	Investment Flows		Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as of March 31, 2024	% Ownership of Direct or Indirect Investment	Investment Gain	Carrying Value as of March 31, 2024	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as of March 31, 2024
					Outflow	Inflow					
Taichung Bank Financial Leasing (Suzhou) Co., Ltd.	Financial leasing business	\$ 893,373 (CNY 186,329 thousand)	Investment in mainland China companies through an existing company established in a third region.	\$ 893,373 (CNY 186,329 thousand)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 893,373 (CNY 186,329 thousand)	100	\$ 14,977 (CNY 3,429 thousand)	\$ 941,821 (CNY 213,613 thousand)	\$ -

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of March 31, 2024	Investment Amount Approved by the Investment Commission, MOEA	Maximum Investment Allowable (Note 2)
\$893,373	\$893,373	\$1,461,311

Note 1: Recognition of investment gains and losses based on the financial statements reviewed by the parent company’s accountant.

Note 2: Based on the Investment Commission’s “Regulation on the Examination of Investment or Technical Cooperation in Mainland China”, investments are limited to the regulation of Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited’s calculation.

Note 3: Foreign currency involved translation into the New Taiwan dollar at the spot rate and average exchange rate on the date of the financial statements (CNY1=NT\$4.41, CNY1=NT\$4.37).

TABLE 5

TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

BUSINESS RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE PARENT COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2024
(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No. (Note 1)	Transaction Company	Counterparty	Transaction Flow (Note 2)	Description of Transactions			
				Financial Statement Account	Amount (Note 3)	Trading Terms	Transaction Amount/Total Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Consolidated Assets (%) (Note 4)
0	Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Taichung Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	a	Deposits and remittances	\$ 1,764,947	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	a	Service fee income	83,410	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	2
		Taichung Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	a	Receivables	28,180	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	a	Deposits and remittances	64,655	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited.	a	Deposits and remittances	46,101	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Bank Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	a	Deposits and remittances	51,896	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
1	Taichung Bank Securities Co., Ltd.	Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	b	Right-of-use assets	16,572	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	b	Lease liabilities	17,061	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
2	Taichung Bank Leasing Corporation Limited	Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	b	Right-of-use assets	22,399	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-
		Taichung Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	b	Lease liabilities	22,838	The terms for the transactions between the company and related parties are similar to those for unrelated parties.	-

(Continued)

Note 1: The parent company and subsidiaries are numbered as follows:

- a. Parent company: 0.
- b. Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially from 1.

Note 2: Transaction flows are as follows:

- a. From parent company to subsidiary,
- b. From subsidiary to parent company, and
- c. Between subsidiaries.

Note 3: Have been eliminated on consolidation.

Note 4: Percentage to the consolidated total assets is calculated by dividing the amount of a particular asset or liability account by the consolidated total assets as of March 31, 2024. Percentage to the consolidated total revenues is calculated by dividing the amount of a particular revenue or cost or expense account by the consolidated total operating revenues for the three months ended March 31, 2024.

Note 5: Referring to transactions exceeding \$10,000 thousand.

(Concluded)

TABLE 6**TAICHUNG COMMERCIAL BANK CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES****INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS****MARCH 31, 2024**

Name of Major Shareholder	Shares	
	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)
China Man-Made Fiber Corporation	1,123,052,504	21.49
Pan Asia Chemical Corporation	287,994,872	5.51

Note 1: According to Article 25 of the Banking Act of the Republic of China, the same person or same related party who individually, jointly or collectively acquires more than 5% of a bank's outstanding voting shares shall report such fact to the authorities within 10 days from the date of acquisition.

Note 2: If the shares of the major shareholders in the above table are held by trustees, the shareholdings should be separately disclosed by the trust accounts opened by the trustee. As for shareholders' handling of insider shareholding declarations with more than 10% of their shares in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act, their shareholdings include their own shareholdings plus those shares held under trust accounts with the right to utilize the trust assets, etc. For more information on insider shareholding declarations, please refer to the market observation post system website of the TWSE.