

Astron Corporation Limited

ARBN 154 924 553

Incorporated in Hong Kong, Company Number: 1687414

Annual Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 30 June 2018

Astron Corporation Limited

Company Number: 1687414

For the Year Ended 30 June 2018

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Astron Corporation Limited

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Directors' Report

30 June 2018

The Directors of Astron Corporation Limited (the "Company") present their report on the consolidated entity ("Group" or "Astron"), consisting of Astron Corporation Limited and the entities it controlled at the end of, and during, the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Directors

The following persons were Directors of Astron Corporation Limited for part of the financial year and up to the date of this report:

Names

Mr. Gerard King
Mr. Alexander Brown
Mdm. Kang Rong

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Group during the financial year were:

- Exploration, evaluation and progress of the feasibility assessment of the Donald mineral sands mining and processing project ("DMS")
- Evaluation and progress of the feasibility of the Senegal Niarafang mineral sands mining processing project ("Senegal")
- Evaluation and advancement of downstream applications for zircon and titanium
- Titanium based materials trading

There have been no significant changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the financial year.

Significant Changes to Group Structure

There were no significant changes to the Group structure in the financial year ended 30 June 2018.

Financial Position

The net assets of the Group have decreased to **\$99,808,431** by a decrease of **\$2,849,908** from 2017.

The net assets have been affected by:

- Foreign exchange impact on foreign controlled assets of **\$1,856,039**
- Net loss for the year of **\$4,670,747**
- Income tax expense of **\$784,618**

Dividends

No final dividend was proposed for the year ended 30 June 2018 (2017: Nil).

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Review of Operations

Financials

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and other Comprehensive Income

- Total income and other income comprising sales, interest received, and other income increased from the prior year by 211% to \$5,384,486 (2017: \$2,555,312). This was due to the increase trading in the Chinese markets compared with the prior year.
- Turnover should continue to improve in line with the market increased mineral sands market prices in China. The current year margins were impacted by the sale of aged materials.
- Administration expenditure was broadly consistent with the prior year due to ongoing expenditure rationalisation.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

- The inventory levels have decreased reflecting the strengthening of the mineral sands markets in China and Astron's ongoing sales program. Inventory turnover is anticipated to increase significantly during the 2019 financial year.
- The increase in intangible assets arises from further exploration expenditure capitalised in respect of the Donald Mineral Sands and Senegal Niafarang projects.
- Land use rights comprise 50-year land use leases. These leases are capitalised and amortised over the 50-year period. The increase in the carrying value to \$3,116,708 over the 30 June 2017 value is attributable to foreign exchange movement after accounting for leasehold amortisation.
- The decrease in the net tangible asset value from 24.4 cps at 30 June 2017 to 20.6 cps at 30 June 2018 primarily relates to the group loss for the year and foreign exchange movements on assets held outside Australia.

Operations review

Donald

The advancement of the Donald project ("DMS") continued during the year.

Ongoing execution of the work plan continued including the successful submission for the bulk sample process which was excavated in early 2018. Attendance at workshops with the Department of Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources and other regulatory bodies as the work plan submission and application process which has updated to a new system called the Earth Resources' Resource Rights Allocation and Management Business Portal (RRAM). The 2018 bulk sample permit was submitted and approved via the new RRAM system which allowed DMS learning opportunities of the new process for populating the work plan for DMS operations proper.

Attendances in China to discuss the processes for financing and compliance to financial contracts was carried out in late 2017, this process continues and will be further complied with once the bulk sample results are shared with China for industrial sales kit and marketing opportunities in late 2018.

Further progress was made in the following areas:

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Water infrastructure

Ongoing discussions with third party providers and local infrastructure owners continue in developing a strategy to supply the water demand to the project in a competitive manner. This is an ongoing exercise and the DMS team has had discussions with the water ministry and water options are now being realised for construction for operations stages 1 and 2. It has been determined that exiting infrastructure can support all stages of operations with minor upgrades to pumping stations and a service pipeline from nearby Minyip to site, as opposed to the previously expected 75 kilometre pipe line. This will be a major improvement on the expected capital spend on external infrastructure services.

Water Rights

The Group has now negotiated an extension of term of up to 4 years refer Note 17(d).

Bulk Sampling

Bulk Sampling approval and definitions for floatation and separation test work on the Chinese floatation and gravity systems. Bulk sample planning will provide a large volume 1,100t of ore material for testing on pilot systems in Australia and China for the equipment selection for Donald project and that of the MSP in China from the pilot WCP process of floatation, electrostatics and gravity methods. The bulk sample has been excavated and is being stored awaiting transport to the proposed pilot plant in Queensland with a mineral processing provider including Metallurgical Support Services. Draft agreements are currently under review.

It is proposed that the sample preparation, separation will take place in Australia prior to developing a representative Heavy Mineral Concentrate (HMC) sample for equipment selection for the Mineral Separation Plant in China. Final product specifications, grades and assemblage will be shared with potential off take partners for future long-term supply agreements.

Community Engagement

Members of the DMS team have attended workshops and courses in Melbourne and Bendigo to comply with and compliment DMS' ability to develop and execute our community engagement plan. Regulatory certification now needs to be achieved to have the authority to develop and approve the community engagement planning processes.

Engineering

Conceptual engineering and design was completed in 2017 to allow for a feasibility level tendering process to be carried out. The mapping, budgeting and operational assessments were completed and now await the bulk sample test results before moving into execution of detailed engineering programs.

Updating the DMS financial project and operating models will be carried out in 2018 to reflect the improvements with a reduced expected infrastructure requirement, final valuable heavy mineral pricing increases the planned resource update. The previous models were significantly positive and DMS believes this will be greatly improved upon with the work completed in 2017 and global demand positive outcomes on final product pricing. Optimisation processes will be completed ahead of the official detailed engineering commencement.

Exploration Improvement

Updating the current JORC code is planned in late 2018 to conform with the 2012 JORC code and improve on the - 38 micron fraction within the contained minable HM%.

Infrastructure Assessment

Road infrastructure remains solid with the design and supply opportunities unchanged. The power opportunities will be further assessed with assistance of the regional development agencies for alternate methods and / or a combination of both for review. Funding opportunities continue to be investigated as the project financing and detailed engineering draws closer. These will be further explored as the business modelling is completed in accordance with the government agencies as mentioned above.

Detailed mine planning and mapping was completed for the feasibility level process.

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Execution strategy

The execution strategy for the project will involve a standalone design contract for the Australian processing plant, reflecting a modular plant construction and assembly through a Chinese fabrication yard. The module assembly and all wraparound construction will be conducted by way of several local construction contracts and managed by a single integrated owners team.

Approvals

A summary of the status of relevant approvals is as follows:

Approval type	Status	Date
Environment or Effects Statement (ESS)	Approved	2008
Mining licence	Approved	August 2010
Cultural Heritage Management plan	Approved	January 2014
Water rights	Secured	2012
Radiation licence	Approved	Renewed December 2017
Export permit	Approved	December 2016
Work plan test pit	Approved	March 2017
Work Authority test pit	Approved	August 2017

Project Infrastructure

It is estimated that 13km of local road upgrades will be required, together with potentially up to 11km for the installation of designated water supply to the project site. Wherever possible, funding assistance has been considered from state and regional departments.

Detailed Engineering has been undertaken for site access roadways and Minyip township heavy vehicle bypass routes were completed in 2016, which remains unchanged in 2018. These designs were completed with review and approval from state regulators and relevant stakeholders.

Power Systems are proposed to be by way of gas / diesel powered generation system, for which compatibility and suitability assessments were completed in 2016. The specific nature of the site with a modulated plant design supports localised generation systems and the ability to install additional generator banks as needed supports the project with the ability to increase production physicals as necessary. Alternate renewable energy assessments were commenced in 2017 and carry forward into awarding of detailed studies into 2018.

In relation to the water pipeline, hydraulic assessments and pipeline engineering designs were completed in 2016. The piping system design catered for full scale operations with capacities for future expansions. Discussions with local water network providers and the Regional Development Group of Victoria commenced in 2017 with detailed system reviews to ensure initial and future project needs will be met. This is an ongoing exercise into 2018. With integration, supply and network load sheading from the local pipeline network has the potential for localised network infrastructure to potentially provide the project commencement water supply demand without issue, this was confirmed in late 2017.

Separation test work on China floatation and product trials for customers

Bulk sample excavation was completed in early 2018. The bulk sample is anticipated to provide 1,100t of ore material for testing of floatation mineral separation methods at Australian and Chinese Mining Institutes, with a third-party toll processor and product trials for customers.

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Risk assessment

Risk assessments have been conducted at various stages, and major risks have been ranked and prioritized. The most significant technical risks are associated with site water and tailings management, and operational logistics of large mining equipment inside the pit. Test work has been conducted to quantify these risks and management plans have been put in place to address them. These risks have been logged as part of the Victorian WorkPlan process. Additional risks will be associated with ensuring that long-lead items are expedited, and that module assembly is completed on schedule and to an acceptable level of quality. These risks will all be specifically managed with specific management plans and designated hires into the project team.

Funding

Astron continues to develop its funding strategy which could include a mix of equity, internally generated cash flows and debt funding. Astron continues to work with entities interested in assisting with this project. As announced to the ASX on 3 July 2018 the funding agreement to be provided by the CMEC has lapsed, this provided the Group the time to reconsider funding opportunities specific to the Donald project.

Environmental

Data collection and surveys commenced with consultancy groups to populate the mine site Work Plan permit for Noise, Air Quality and Dust, Native Vegetation, Sensitive receptors and Radiation.

Work plan

The work plan for the test pit area was submitted and approved, DMS were the first to receive approval via the new RRAM system. The work plan proper will be submitted once DMS confirm the detailed engineering processes and power distribution programs.

China operations

Work in China continued to test and develop technology to be applied for downstream advancement of Group minerals.

Mineral sales increased as the Zircon market demand continues to improve.

During the year the Group commenced first sales of Zirconium Dioxide, a project which had been fully impaired in prior years. As such the impairment provision was reversed in the first half, however as sales did not reach anticipated levels the impairment provision was reinstated in the second half. The Zirconium Dioxide project is continuing to develop. There was no impact on the profit for the year.

The Group is commissioning its new mineral separation plant, situated next to its existing facilities in Yingkou, to be operational by the 4th quarter of 2018. The Group projects the processing of feedstock into rutile will bring about substantial increase in sales and net cash inflow, as the expected margins from this processed product are expected to be much higher than the Group's normal mineral trading margins.

Senegal

Exploration

No additional Exploration field activities have occurred in the year.

Application, renewal applications and studies have been undertaken by Astron's consultant in Senegal (Harmony group) to re-establish approvals for expired exploration leases. The current exploration licence remains in a maintenance position where Astron has the right to apply for drilling exploration and planning which will see the licence reactivated for explorative purposes.

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Mining Licence

Mining Licence was awarded to the Group in June 2017.

Environmental Approval

Conceptual workshops in Senegal and China have produced clear operational and establishment plans to be populated into the final Environmental Approval and Licencing for the mining concept within the mining licence. Logistics, Road development and import / export methodologies need to be defined (anticipated to occur during October) to populate the final application documents.

The acceptance and issue of the well / bore drilling and pumping licences from the Senegal Department of Hydraulics was received. This is a major milestone with Astron developing a social community water source for the sole purpose of the local people access clean fresh drinking water.

The site acceptance program accepted the offering of the village water wells and storages along with the commencement of the road construction at a recent ceremony. The commencement process will follow the execution of the resettlement plan.

Detailed Mine Design

Investigation, review and conceptual discussions held with MinxCon from South Africa, Awarded POO for detailed mine design planning to commence late August 2017. The design, cross sections were received and applied to the operating design, budgets and material volumes in early 2018. The mine planning data will form the basis of the mine site stages and strategic placement for the mining and separation units.

A Junior Mine Planning Engineer will be employed to support the compliance and operating design components under the guidance of a Peer review consultant going forward. This will allow Astron to ensure operational and reporting compliances in accordance with the mine regulations.

Community Engagement and Resettlement

Meetings and collaboration with local and state representatives for the execution of the re-settlement plan of the local isolated communities situated within the mining licence lease area. A newly formed resettlement committee has been established under the newly appointed Governor, Prefect and Deputy Prefects guidance. This has been achieved through close multi-level reporting and engagement contributions of the local representative of Astron in Senegal.

The committee has pre-planned a committee meeting post the recent acceptance ceremonies on the mine site. The committee meeting will be the catalyst for site access and pre-construction commencement.

Project Definition Tasks

- Ongoing tasks and deliverables,
 - o Logistics – review opportunities in either Senegal Dakar, Ziguinchor or Banjul Gambia
 - o Shipping / receiving construction delivered to site in Casamance.
 - o Shipping / exporting product material review and off take partners.
 - o Complete bore water access and drilling functions, licences awarded.
 - o Main Road development to access mine site and cross flooded water ways – design meetings, proposals, site visits and survey conducted in July / August 2017, commencement expected late 2018
 - o Labour source and definition of labour pools required for site establishment and operations post project definition process. Meetings and proposals executed in Dakar early August 2018 for review.

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- decision of successful Country Manager position completed and agreement in draft form for execution in July 2018.
- Transport – light vehicle reviews, proposals sourced from Dakar - lease arrangements proposed
- Heavy vehicles – mining equipment and fleet review and assessment, carried out on both China and Senegal – contracting and lease opportunities explored in Dakar. A combination of owner operator and contract wet hire agreements proposed.

Capital Equipment

Review, design and procurement of known equipment and consumables has been undertaken in the period June to August 2018, the detailed design process will complement the final environmental approval considering the emissions, disturbance, noise and dust conditions. These have been tentatively approved pending supply of the design arrangements. Accommodation for expatriate and local staffing conducted, capital purchases of accommodation units completed and delivered to Dakar.

Resources in Dakar

Rental agreements and accounting services agreements were executed in early 2018 as part of the commencement and operational readiness phases.

Mines safety regulation compliance will be compiled and assessed operationally by a consultant under the Country Management Services Agreement.

Commissioning

The Group had anticipated that the mine would be operational in the 3rd quarter of 2018 however due to delays in Senegal in relation to resettlement and final approvals the commencement of operations is now anticipated to be 1st quarter 2019. Harmony Group (Astron's consultant on the ground in Senegal to help get the project commissioned), has given a positive update to the Board in September 2018 and has indicated the project should be commissioned towards the last quarter of 2018 and/or first quarter of 2019. Astron are accordingly confident product shipments to customers in China by March 2019 should be achievable.

Offtake agreement

During the year the Group signed an offtake agreement for the Senegal materials and received 20,000,000 RMB to secure product. Due to the delays in commissioning the mine the parties have been in negotiation to defer delivery of materials.

America

Astron commenced the excavation and loading processes of Ilmenite Ore in Savannah USA. The process and purchases are via a Bill of Sales ("BOS") Agreement and locally (i.e. USA) and Australian developed Standard Operations Procedure ("SOP") for the shipping and loading functions in Savannah to Georgia then on to Dalian in China.

Other mineral sands opportunities in the USA for processing and sale in China are under investigation and review.

Significant Changes in State of Affairs

There have been no significant changes in the Group's state of affairs during the financial year.

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Matters Subsequent to the end of the Financial Year

As at 30 June 2018, \$6,381,359 (2017: \$10,050,196) was due to the Group from the 2015 sale of surplus land in China. Subsequent to year end, \$3.06 million has been received against this receivable.

During the year approximately \$4.1 million was been received pursuant to pre-payment for the future supply of materials under an offtake agreement to fund the development of the Senegal mine. The initial supply of this pre-payment of offtake is expected to take place by March 2019.

There are no other matters or circumstances that have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

Likely Developments

The Group continues to explore funding options for the Donald Mineral Sands project. During the next financial year the Group expects to:

- Commission and receive first offtake from the Senegal project;
- Complete the pilot tests from the Donald project mine; and
- Complete and commission the Chinese mineral separation plant.

Work continues on the Donald project technical optimisation, including further work on mining method refinement, tailing treatment majorization, processing flow process, updating and comparing logistics options.

As the Senegalese Niafarang project commences production, the Group will have an additional revenue source, which will have an immediate impact on the financial position of the Group. The Group's business strategies continue to be based on being a high-quality producer of zircon and titanium (together with associated products) focused on sales and marketing activities in China.

Environmental Regulation

The Group's operations are in China, Senegal and Australia. In Australia, our Environmental Effects Statement for the Donald mine has been approved. The Group complied with all environmental regulations in relation to mining operations and there were no reportable environmental matters from the Australian operations.

Once these projects have been developed the Group will if applicable apply the National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act of 2007.

In China, the Group continues to work closely with the local authorities to ensure high standards are maintained. In relation to the proposed manufacturing processes in China, there were no exceptions noted by regular local government environmental testing and supervision. Further the development projects will be implemented with best practice standards carefully monitored by the local authorities.

To the best of the Directors' knowledge, the Group has adequate systems in place to ensure compliance with the requirements of all environmental legislation described above and are not aware of any breach of those requirements during the financial year and up to the date of the Directors' report.

Occupational Health and Safety

During the year there were no lost time injuries.

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Directors' Report

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Director Information

Mr. Gerard King	Chairman (Non-executive)
Qualifications	LLB
Experience	- Board Member since 6 December 2011 (Astron Limited: 5 November 1985) - Former partner of law firm Phillips Fox and has had over 30 years of experience in corporate and business advising including acting as a Director of a number of Australian Public Companies
Interest in Shares #	49,038 Ordinary shares
Special Responsibilities	Mr. King is the Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee and the Chairman of the Remuneration & Nomination Committee
Directorships held in other listed entities	Mr. King is a Director of Greenpower Energy Limited (appointed 4 November 1985) which was listed on 5 March 2008.

Mr. Alexander Brown	President (Executive)
Qualifications	B AgSc
Experience	- Board Member since 6 December 2011 (Astron Limited: 4 February 1988) - Wide commercial experience of over 30 years in construction, mining and exploration including developing the Horseshoe Lights Gold Mine at Meekathara W.A., expanding the Gunnedah Coal Mine, in NSW, and successfully drilling for oil and gas in Thailand and USA. - Mr Brown also started with others a major advanced plastics pipe company Europipe Sdn Bhd in Malaysia in 1987 which manufactured and distributed its products throughout Asia and Australasia. In the last 20+ years his activities have focused in building the Astron business in China.
Interest in Shares #	94,183,124 Ordinary shares
Special Responsibilities	Mr. Brown is the President and responsible for the operations of the Group
Directorships held in other listed entities	Mr. Brown is not currently a Director of another listed company.

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Mdm Kang Rong	Chief Operating Officer and Deputy Managing Director (Executive)
Qualifications	B.E.(Chem)
Experience	- Board member since 31 January 2012 (Astron Limited: 21 August 2006) - Mdm Kang Rong worked as a Chemical Production Engineer at Shenyang Chemical Company (a major Chinese company based in Shenyang (Liaoning Province). She then moved to Hainan Island China and worked in sales and administration for the Japanese trading co. Nissei, Ltd. - She joined Astron in 1995 as marketing manager of Shenyang Astron Mining Industry. Since then she has overseen Astron's China operations and global sales and has been largely responsible for the growth and development of the Company.
Interest in Shares #	4,000,000 Ordinary Shares
Special Responsibilities	As Chief Operating Officer and Deputy Managing Director is in charge of all Astron's operations
Directorships held in other listed entities	Mdm Kang Rong is not currently a Director of another listed company.

Interest in Shares includes directly, indirectly, beneficially or potentially beneficially held shares.

Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, two meetings of Directors (excluding committees of Directors) were held for Astron Corporation Limited. Attendances by each Director at Directors' meeting, audit and risk committee and remuneration and nominating committee meetings during the year were as follows:

Astron Corporation Limited	Directors' Meetings	
	Number eligible to attend	Number attended
Mr. Gerard King	4	3
Mr. Alexander Brown	4	4
Mdm Kang Rong	4	4

Share Options

No options over issued shares or interests in the Group or a controlled entity were granted during or since the end of the financial year and there were no options outstanding at the date of this report.

Remuneration Report

Policy for determining the nature and amount of Key Management Personnel ("KMP") remuneration

The remuneration policy of the Group has been designed to align Director and executive objectives with shareholder and business objectives by providing a fixed remuneration component and offering potential long-term incentives based on key performance areas affecting the Group's financial results. The board of Astron Corporation Limited believes the remuneration policy to be appropriate and effective in its ability to attract and retain the best executives and Directors to run and manage the Group, as well as create goal

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congruence between Directors, executives and shareholders.

The board's policy for determining the nature and amount of remuneration for the board members and senior executives of the Group is as follows:

- The remuneration policy for the executive Directors and other senior executives was developed by the remuneration committee and approved by the board after seeking professional advice from an independent external consultant.
- All executives receive a market related base salary (which is based on factors such as length of service and experience), other statutory benefits and potential performance incentives.
- The remuneration committee reviews executive packages annually by reference to the Group's performance, executive performance and comparable information from industry sectors.

The performance of executives is measured against criteria agreed with each executive and is based predominantly on the forecast growth of the Group's profits and shareholders' value. All bonuses and incentives are linked to the performance of the individual and are discretionary. The objective is designed to attract the highest caliber of executives and reward them for performance that results in long term growth in shareholder wealth.

At the discretion of the Committee from time to time shares are issued to executives to reflect their achievements. There are presently no option-based schemes in place.

Where applicable executive Directors and executives receive a superannuation guarantee contribution required by the government, which is currently 9.5%, and do not receive any other retirement benefits.

Some individuals, however, have chosen to sacrifice part of their salary to increase payments towards superannuation.

If shares are given to Directors and/or executives, these shares are issued at the market price of those shares.

The board policy is to remunerate non-executive Directors at market rates for time, commitment and responsibilities. The Board determines payments to the non-executive Directors and reviews their remuneration annually, based on market practice, duties and accountability. Independent external advice is sought when required. The maximum aggregate amount of fees that can be paid to non-executive Directors is subject to approval by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting. Fees for non-executive Directors are not linked to the performance of the Group. However, to align Director's interests with shareholder interests, the Directors are encouraged to hold shares in the Group.

Performance based remuneration

As part of each executive Director and executive's remuneration package there is a discretionary bonus element. The intention of this program is to facilitate goal congruence between Directors/executives with that of the business and shareholders.

In determining whether or not each executive Director and executive's bonus is due, the remuneration committee bases the assessment on audited figures and independent reports where appropriate.

The remuneration committee reserves the right to award bonuses where performance expectation has prima facie not been met but it is considered in the interests of the Group to continue to reward that individual.

A discretionary bonus of \$18,100 was allocated to the Donald management team during the year. There were no other bonuses paid during the year to KMP's. There is a potential discretionary bonus available to Mr Tim Chase of up to \$50,000. There are no other bonus arrangements entered into with KMP's.

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Other KMPs are entitled to the annual bonus program of the Group, which will be based on the performance of the group and at the discretion of the Board. The terms of the bonus program are in the process of being defined.

Company performance, shareholder wealth and directors and executive's remuneration

The remuneration policy has been tailored to increase goal congruence between shareholders and Directors and executives. This has been achieved by awarding discretionary bonuses to encourage the alignment of personal and shareholder interests. The Group believes this policy to have been effective in increasing shareholder wealth and the Group's consolidated statement of financial position over the past five years.

The following table shows the gross revenue, profits and dividends for the last five years for the listed entity, as well as the share price at the end of the respective financial years.

	2014 \$	2015 \$	2016 \$	2017 \$	2018 \$
Income ('000)	5,148	11,739	1,106	2,555	5,384
Net Profit/(Loss) ('000)	(7,583)	7,989	(4,408)	(2,591)	(4,671)
Share Price at Year-end	0.32	0.15	0.17	0.16	0.20
Dividends Paid ('000)	-	-	-	-	-

In 2012 Astron implemented a 2 for 1 share split and in 2015 Astron returned 75 cents per share to shareholders. Income for 2015 includes \$11,081,124 being the gain on sale of leasehold land in China.

KMP

The following persons were KMP of the Group during the financial year:

	Position Held
Mr. Gerard King	Chairman-Non-executive
Mr. Alexander Brown	President
Mdm Kang Rong	Chief Operating Officer and Deputy Managing Director (Executive)
Mr. Tim Chase	Project Executive
Mr. Joshua Theunissen	Australian Company Secretary

Shareholdings

Details of equity instruments (other than options and rights) held directly, indirectly, beneficially or potentially beneficially by KMP and their related parties are as follows:

30 June 2018	Balance 1/07/2017	Shares (sold) /purchased	Balance 30/06/2018
KMP			
Mr. Gerard King	49,038	-	49,038
Mr. Alexander Brown	94,183,124	-	94,183,124
Mdm Kang Rong	4,000,000	-	4,000,000
Mr. Tim Chase	-	-	-
Mr. Joshua Theunissen	100	-	100
Total	98,232,262	-	98,232,262

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Details of Remuneration

Details of compensation by key management personnel of Astron Corporation Limited Group are set out below:

Year ended 30 June 2018

	Short term benefits			Post-employment benefits	Total	% of remuneration that is performance based
	Cash, fees salary & commissions \$	Non-cash Benefits/ Other \$	Termination Payments \$	Superannuation \$		
Directors						
Mr. Gerard King	109,589	-	-	10,411	120,000	0%
Mr. Alexander Brown (#1)	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	0%
Mdm Kang Rong (#1)	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	0%
Other KMP						
Mr. Tim Chase	208,325	10,966	-	19,836	239,127	8.3%
Mr. Joshua Theunissen (#1)	71,679	-	-	-	71,679	0%
	889,593	10,966	-	30,247	930,806	

Note reference #:

1. Paid or payable to management company

Use of Remuneration Consultants

The Board have previously employed external consultants to review and to provide recommendations in respect of the amount and elements of executive remuneration, including short-term and long-term incentive plan design.

No remuneration consultants were employed during the year.

Termination Payment

No termination payments were paid during the year to KMP.

Share Based Payments

No share-based payments were made during the year ended 30 June 2018. During the 2017, a share-based payment related to achievement of milestones with respect to the Senegal project was recognised totalling \$913,104, representing 3% the Senegal project's fair value. This cost was capitalised into the Senegal project asset.

Voting and comments at the Company's 2017 Annual General Meeting

The Company received 99.4% of "yes" votes on its remuneration report for the 2017 financial year.

The Company did not receive any specific feedback at the AGM on its remuneration report.

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Year ended 30 June 2017

	Short term benefits		Post-employment benefits		Total	% of remuneration that is performance based
	Cash, fees salary & commissions \$	Non-cash Benefits/ Other \$	Termination Payments \$	Superannuation \$		
Directors						
Mr. Gerard King	109,589	-	-	10,411	120,000	0%
Mr. Alexander Brown (#1)	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	0%
Mdm Kang Rong (#1)	250,000	-	-	-	250,000	0%
Other KMP						
Mr. Tim Chase	218,264	22,559	-	20,735	261,558	7%
Mr. Joshua Theunissen (#1)	67,575	-	-	-	67,575	0%
	895,428	22,559	-	31,146	949,133	

Note reference #:

1. Paid or payable to management company

Service Contracts

Service contracts (or letters of engagement) have been entered into by the Group, or are in the process of being entered into, with all key management personnel and executives, describing the components and amounts of remuneration applicable on their initial appointment, including terms, other than non-executives who have long established understanding of arrangements with the Group. These contracts do not fix the amount of remuneration increases from year to year. Remuneration levels are reviewed generally each year by the Remuneration Committee to align with changes in job responsibilities and market salary expectations. There is an arrangement with respect to the services of the Managing Director, Alexander Brown, provided by a management company on an annual service agreement, the period of notice required to terminate this contract is twelve months. Other than repayment of loans and management fees there is no further payment required to terminate this contract.

Other key management personnel have ongoing contracts with a notice period of three months for key management personnel. There are no non-standard termination clauses in any of these contracts.

The Remuneration Committee considers the appropriate remuneration requirements. In August 2012, the Group engaged external consultants to review the Group's salary and incentive benchmarks. No consultants were engaged to review Group remunerations during the year ended 30 June 2018.

END OF REMUNERATION REPORT

Astron Corporation Limited

Company Number: 1687414

Directors' Report

30 June 2018

Indemnifying Officers or Auditor

Insurance premiums paid for Directors

During the year, Astron Limited paid a premium of \$59,180 (2017: \$26,059) in respect of a contract insuring Directors, secretaries and executive officers of the company and its controlled entities against a liability incurred as Director, secretary or executive officer. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of the cover.

The Company has not otherwise, during or since the end of the financial year, except to the extent permitted by law, indemnified or agreed to indemnify an officer or auditor of the company or any of its controlled entities against a liability incurred as such an officer or auditor.

Non-audit services

During the financial year, the following fees for non-audit services were paid or payable to the auditor, BDO, or their related practices:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Other Services		
Taxation services	6,085	-
Other assurance services	-	-

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services, during the year, by the auditor (or by another person or firm on behalf of the auditor), is compatible with the general standard of independence for auditors imposed by the Corporations Act 2001.

The Directors are satisfied that the provision of non-audit services by the auditor, as set out above, did not compromise the auditor independence requirements of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services have been reviewed by the Board to ensure that they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and
- none of the non-audit services undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out by the HKICPA.

Auditors' Independence Declaration

The lead auditors' independence declaration for the year ended 30 June 2018 has been received and can be found on page 18 of the financial report.

Directors' declaration regarding HKFRS compliance statement

The Directors' declare that these annual financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

Astron Corporation Limited

Company Number: 1687414

Directors' Report

30 June 2018

Proceedings on Behalf of Company

No person has applied to the Court for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of Directors:



Mdm Kang Rong

Dated this **29 September 2018**



Mr. Gerard King

Astron Corporation Limited and its Subsidiaries

Company Number: 1687414

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

TO THE DIRECTORS OF ASTRON CORPORATION LIMITED

As lead auditor of Astron Corporation Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018, I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements in the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.



BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants

Jonathan Russell Leong
Practising Certificate Number P03246

Hong Kong, 29 September 2018

Astron Corporation Limited

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Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Sales revenue	5	5,013,827	1,899,763
Cost of sales		(4,496,144)	(1,534,332)
Gross profit		517,683	365,431
Interest income	5	14,512	135,943
Other income	5	356,147	519,606
Distribution expenses		(420,175)	(33,089)
Marketing expenses		(20,897)	(8,490)
Occupancy expenses	6	(49,643)	(6,761)
Administrative expenses		(4,042,935)	(4,803,470)
Reversal of provision for inventories	6	77,316	327,753
Reversal of provision for bad debts		164,890	-
Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets		(132,933)	-
Costs associated with Gambian litigation	6	(177,480)	(134,987)
Finance costs	6	(92,729)	(8,379)
Other expenses		(79,885)	(362,975)
Loss before income tax expense	6	(3,886,129)	(4,009,418)
Income tax (expense)/benefit	7	(784,618)	1,418,574
Net loss for the year		(4,670,747)	(2,590,844)
Other comprehensive income			
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
(Decrease)/Increase in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets (tax: Nil)		(35,200)	164,799
Increase/(Decrease) in foreign currency translation reserve (tax: Nil)		1,856,039	(1,552,672)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		1,820,839	(1,387,873)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(2,849,908)	(3,978,717)
Loss for the year attributable to:			
Owners of Astron Corporation Limited		(4,670,747)	(2,590,844)
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to:			
Owners of Astron Corporation Limited		(2,849,908)	(3,978,717)

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income (continued)

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 Cents	2017 Cents
LOSS PER SHARE	8		
Loss per share (cents per share)		(3.81)	(2.12)
Diluted loss per share (cents per share)		(3.81)	(2.12)

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$ (restated)	1 July 2016 \$ (restated)
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	10	3,167,548	1,317,231	5,104,594
Term deposits greater than 90-days	10.3	61,112	60,898	60,685
Trade and other receivables	11	8,380,354	6,087,761	14,143,379
Inventories	12	1,407,705	1,888,353	730,564
Available-for-sale financial assets	14	49,160	217,293	540,237
Tax recoverable	23.3	-	-	460,380
Total current assets		13,065,879	9,571,536	21,039,839
Non-current assets				
Trade and other receivables	11	3,378,538	6,396,921	-
Property, plant and equipment	16	22,596,349	19,953,921	21,046,191
Exploration and evaluation assets	17	68,003,329	73,650,786	69,118,158
Development costs	18	6,590,766	-	-
Land use rights	19	3,116,708	3,010,784	3,255,981
Total non-current assets		103,685,690	103,012,412	93,420,330
TOTAL ASSETS		116,751,569	112,583,948	114,460,169
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Trade and other payables	20	11,610,892	5,362,641	3,548,955
Borrowings	21	76,080	76,080	-
Provisions	22	82,748	58,088	67,783
Total current liabilities		11,769,720	5,496,809	3,616,738
Non-current liabilities				
Deferred tax liabilities	23	5,173,418	4,388,800	5,079,479
Long-term provisions	22	-	40,000	40,000
Total non-current liabilities		5,173,418	4,428,800	5,119,479
TOTAL LIABILITIES		16,943,138	9,925,609	8,736,217
NET ASSETS		99,808,431	102,658,339	105,723,952

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (continued)

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
			(restated)	(restated)
EQUITY				
Issued capital	24	76,549,865	76,549,865	76,549,865
Reserves	25	11,568,899	9,748,060	11,061,760
Retained earnings		11,689,667	16,360,414	18,112,327
TOTAL EQUITY		99,808,431	102,658,339	105,723,952

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Mdm Kang Rong



Mr. Gerard King

Astron Corporation Limited

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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

Year Ended 30 June 2018	Issued capital \$	Retained earnings \$	Available- for-sale financial assets reserve \$	Share based payment reserve \$	Foreign currency translation reserve \$	Total equity \$
Equity as at 1 July 2017 (restated)	76,549,865	16,360,414	35,200	913,104	8,799,756	102,658,339
Loss for the year	-	(4,670,747)	-	-	-	(4,670,747)
Other comprehensive income						
Decrease in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	(35,200)	-	-	(35,200)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	1,856,039	1,856,039
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(4,670,747)	(35,200)	-	1,856,039	(2,849,908)
Equity as at 30 June 2018	76,549,865	11,689,667	-	913,104	10,655,795	99,808,431

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

Year Ended 30 June 2017	Issued capital \$	Retained earnings \$	Available- for-sale financial assets reserve \$	Share based payment reserve \$	Foreign currency translation reserve \$	Total equity \$
Equity as at 1 July 2016	1,605,048	93,057,144	709,332	-	10,352,428	105,723,952
Restatements (note 2.1)	74,944,817	(74,944,817)	-	-	-	-
Equity as at 1 July 2016, as restated	76,549,865	18,112,327	709,332	-	10,352,428	105,723,952
Loss for the year	-	(2,590,844)	-	-	-	(2,590,844)
Other comprehensive income						
Decrease in fair value of available-for-sale financial assets	-	838,931	(674,132)	-	-	164,799
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	(1,552,672)	(1,552,672)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(1,751,913)	(674,132)	-	(1,552,672)	(3,978,717)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners						
Share based payments (note 24.4)	-	-	-	913,104	-	913,104
Total of transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	-	-	-	913,104	-	913,104
Equity as at 30 June 2017	76,549,865	16,360,414	35,200	913,104	8,799,756	102,658,339

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers		4,103,472	2,108,483
Payments to suppliers and employees		(7,341,257)	(6,711,309)
Interest received		14,512	135,943
Finance costs		(92,729)	(8,304)
Income taxes received		-	1,176,996
Net cash outflow from operating activities	30.1	(3,316,002)	(3,298,191)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Investment in short term deposits		(214)	(213)
Receipts from disposal of investments		-	466,602
Receipts from disposal of land		988,387	-
Receipts from disposal of land receivable		4,285,642	1,873,007
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(1,784,474)	(253,985)
Capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure		(3,198,995)	(2,079,970)
Net cash inflow from investing activities		290,346	5,441
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Deposit received in advance		4,080,567	-
Receipt of borrowings		-	76,080
Net cash inflow from financing activities	30.4	4,080,567	76,080
Net increase/(decrease) in cash held		1,054,911	(3,216,670)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		1,317,231	5,104,594
Net foreign exchange differences		795,406	(570,693)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	30.2	3,167,548	1,317,231

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

1. Corporate Information

The consolidated financial statements of Astron Corporation Limited for the year ended 30 June 2018 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 29 September 2018 and relate to the consolidated entity consisting of Astron Corporation Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively "the Group").

The financial statements are presented in Australian dollars (\$).

Astron Corporation Limited is a for-profit company limited by shares incorporated in Hong Kong whose shares are publicly traded through CHESS Depository Interests on the Australian Securities Exchange ("ASX").

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of Preparation

First time adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Statement of Compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and Interpretations (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "HKFRS") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and the provisions of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance which concern the preparation of financial statements. Previously the Group had prepared its financial statements under the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and other authoritative pronouncements of the IASB.

Although HKFRS have been fully converged with IFRS in all material respects since 1 January 2005, these consolidated financial statements are the first published financial statements in which the Group makes an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with HKFRS. Therefore, in preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has given due consideration to the requirements of HKFRS 1, "First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards" ("HKFRS 1"). For this purpose, the date of the Group's transition to HKFRS was determined to be 1 July 2016, being the beginning of the earliest period for which the Group presents full comparative information in these consolidated financial statements. For this reason, the consolidated statement of financial position also includes an additional column to show the comparative figures as of 1 July 2016 as well as of 30 June 2017.

With due regard to the Group's accounting policies in previous periods and the requirements of HKFRS 1, management has concluded that no adjustments were required to the amounts reported under IFRS as at the date of transition to HKFRS or in respect of the year ended 30 June 2017 in respect of the two accounting standards. However, as explained further in the section headed "Restatements" below, the Group noted certain errors in accounting for its share capital in prior years, which have now been restated to correct these errors. Accordingly, the Group makes an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with HKFRS in the first HKFRS financial statements which included these amounts as comparatives. As a result, these financial statements include for the first time a statement of compliance with HKFRS, after the adjustments described in the section headed "Restatements" below, to the Group's financial position, the Group's financial performance or cash flows either at the date of transition to HKFRS or at the end of latest period presented in accordance with HKFRS.

The financial statements have also been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for available-for-sale financial assets which are measured at fair value.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of Preparation (continued)

Restatements

The directors have made certain restatements in the comparative figures of the current year's consolidated financial statements which are summarised below:

During the year, management of the Company became aware that the amount of share capital of the Company reported in the Company's Annual Return to the Hong Kong Companies Registry was not the same as the share capital reported in the Company's Annual Report to shareholders. The directors understand the discrepancy has arisen since the enactment of the (revised) Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622) ("New HK CO") in March 2014. Under the New HK CO, all Hong Kong-incorporated companies moved to a "no-par value" share regime. Accordingly, any share premium outstanding at the date the New HK CO was enacted was automatically assumed into share capital of the entity. At the date the New HK Co was enacted the Company had outstanding share premium of approximately HK\$1,273,000,000 (equivalent to approximately \$167,000,000). The directors were not aware of these changes under the New HK CO and did not adjust the Company's share capital accordingly against the Group's retained income reflected in the Group's annual consolidated financial statements. The matter was further complicated by a subsequent share capital reduction of approximately HK\$664,000,000 (equivalent to approximately \$92,000,000) by way of distribution to shareholders in April 2014. The necessary correcting entries to properly reflect the Company and Group's share capital for the current and prior year, in line with the requirements of the New HK CO have now been put through. This change has had no effect on the Group's assets or liabilities, and the change has only affected the composition of its issued capital and retained earnings, as set out below.

The consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016 have been restated to correct these errors. The effect of the restatements in the consolidated statement of financial position of the Company are summarised below:

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as at 30 June 2016 (extracted)

	As previously reported \$	Restatements \$	Restated balances \$
Issued capital	1,605,048	74,944,817	76,549,865
Retained earnings	93,057,144	(74,944,817)	18,112,327

The effect of restatement on the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2016 is to increase the issued share capital and to decrease the retained earnings by \$74,944,817 respectively.

There was no impact on the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of Preparation (continued)

Going Concern

As at 30 June 2018, the Group had a surplus of current assets over current liabilities of \$1,296,159 and \$3,167,548 of available cash. However, the Group incurred recurring net loss after tax and had recurring net cash outflow from operations over the past few years which were \$4,670,747 and \$3,316,002 respectively for the current year and \$2,590,844 and \$3,298,191 respectively for the previous year. These conditions along with the other matters set out below indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which assumes the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business. The directors are of the view that the business is a going concern as the short-term needs of the Group to meet its ongoing administration costs and committed project expenditure are forecast to be covered by the existing resources on hand for at least the next 12 months from the date of this report.

The Group will require additional funding to execute its long-term plans. With respect to its various projects, the Group is currently looking at several funding options.

With respect to its DMS project, on 13 October 2015 the Group entered into an EPC (engineering, procurement and consultation) contract with the China Machinery Engineering Corporation ("CMEC"). The parties subsequently agreed to further extend the date for satisfaction of conditions precedent under the EPC contract to 30 June 2018. However, the Company was unable to satisfy the conditions under the EPC and the EPC contract has accordingly lapsed. Notwithstanding the fact the EPC contract has come to an end, the Company continues to discuss the DMS project with CMEC, and consider other alternative options for funding to progress the DMS Project. The Company is confident that with a mix of debt, equity and internal funding the DMS project will be fully funded.

The Group is confident it will have sufficient funds to meet its ongoing needs for at least the next twelve months from the date of this report due to the following:

- The Group expects its new mineral separation plant, situated next to its existing facilities in Yingkou, the PRC to be operational by the 4th quarter of 2018. The Group projects the processing of feedstock into rutile will bring about substantial increase in sales and net cash inflow, as the expected margins from this processed product are expected to be much higher than the Group's normal mineral trading margins. The Group is confident it can transition sales of this product to its existing rutile customer (trading) base and thereafter expand its market share of this product in the PRC market.
- The Group expects to receive the balance of the sale of land receivable of approximately \$6.4 million outstanding at 30 June 2018, in the next twelve months. Subsequent to year end, the Group has already received approximately \$3 million of this balance in July 2018.
- As explained in the Company's announcement of 25 September 2018, the Senegal project has faced some delays in getting to operational status. This has delayed the expected commencement of production from June 2018 to March 2019. This delay could potentially have an impact on the Group's obligations to a major customer ("Wensheng") for the offtake of Senegal project. As explained in note 20(a), Wensheng placed a deposit of RMB20 million (approximately \$4 million) to secure its position as the primary customer of the offtake. The Group has been in discussions with Wensheng regarding the late delivery of product and any demand for repayment of the deposit, and is confident it will be successful in such negotiations.
- The Group is confident the PRC market for mineral sands and the trading of mineral sands in PRC will continue to strengthen in the near to medium term

Astron Corporation Limited

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.1 Basis of Preparation (continued)

Going Concern (continued)

These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or to the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary should the Group not continue as a going concern.

The following significant accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

2.2 Basis of Consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the Parent Company and all of its subsidiaries as of 30 June 2018. The Parent controls a subsidiary if it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are recognised from the effective date of acquisition, or up to the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

2.3 Foreign Currency Translation

The functional and presentation currency of the Company and its Australian subsidiaries is Australian dollars ("A\$").

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from settling foreign currency transactions, as well as from restating foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities, are recognised in profit or loss except when they are deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges or where they relate to differences on foreign currency borrowings that provide a hedge against a net investment in a foreign entity.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when fair value was determined.

The functional currency of the overseas subsidiaries is primarily Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"). The assets and liabilities of these overseas subsidiaries are translated into the presentation currency of the Company at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period and income and expenses are translated at the weighted average exchange rates for the year. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income as a separate component of equity (foreign currency translation reserve). On disposal of a foreign entity, the cumulative exchange differences recognised in foreign currency translation reserves relating to that particular foreign operation are recognised in the profit and loss.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.4 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns, trade allowances and duties and taxes paid. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of products is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the buyer i.e. when control of the goods is passed to the buyer.

Interest income

Revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method. The effective interest method uses the effective interest rate which is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial asset.

Rental income

Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the periods when they are earned.

2.5 Income Tax

The income tax expense for the year is the tax payable on the current year's taxable income based on the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, between carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases, at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. Exceptions are made for certain temporary differences arising on initial recognition of an asset or a liability if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures where the parent entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Astron Limited, the wholly owned subsidiary of Astron Corporation Limited, and the Australian subsidiaries wholly owned by Astron Limited have implemented the tax consolidation legislation for the whole of the financial year. Astron Limited is the head entity in the tax consolidated group. The stand-alone taxpayer within a group approach has been used to allocate current income tax expense and deferred tax balances to wholly owned subsidiaries that form part of the tax consolidated group. Astron Limited has assumed all the current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses for the tax consolidated group via intercompany receivables and payables because a tax funding arrangement has been in place for the whole financial year. The amounts receivable/payable under tax funding arrangements are due upon notification by the head entity, which is issued soon after the end of each financial year. Interim funding notices may also be issued by the head entity to its wholly owned subsidiaries in order for the head entity to be able to pay tax installments. These amounts are recognised as current intercompany receivables or payables.

Astron Corporation Limited

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.5 Income Tax (continued)

To the extent that research and development costs are eligible activities under the “Research and development tax incentive” programme, a 45% refundable tax offset is available for companies with annual turnover of less than \$20 million. The Group recognises refundable tax offsets received in the financial year as an income tax benefit, in profit or loss, resulting from the monetisation of available tax losses that otherwise would have been carried forward.

2.6 Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group assesses whether there is any indication that individual assets are impaired. Where impairment indicators exist, recoverable amount is determined and impairment losses are recognised in the profit and loss where the asset's carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate recoverable amount for an individual asset, recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs.

2.7 Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand and at banks, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short term, highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less, that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Term deposits with maturity over three months include bank deposits with fixed terms over three months period. For the purpose of the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, term deposits with maturity over three months are shown as cash flows from investing activities.

2.8 Trade Receivables

Trade receivables are recognised at original invoice amounts less an allowance for uncollectible amounts and have repayment terms between 0 and 90 days. Collectability of trade receivables is assessed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. An allowance is made for doubtful debts where there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms. Objective evidence of impairment includes financial difficulties of the debtor, default payments or debts more than 180 days overdue. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collectible the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

From time to time, the Group elects to renegotiate the terms of trade receivables due from customers with which it has previously had a good trading history. Such renegotiations will lead to changes in the timing of payments rather than changes to the amounts owed and are not, in the view of the Directors, sufficient to require the de-recognition of the original instrument.

Receivables from related parties are recognised and carried at the nominal amount due.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises all direct materials, direct labour and an appropriate portion of variable and fixed overheads. Fixed overheads are allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity. Costs are assigned to inventories using the first-in-first-out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated selling cost of completion and selling expenses.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.10 Investments and Other Financial Assets

All investments and other financial assets are initially stated at cost, being the fair value of consideration given plus acquisition costs. Purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade date which is the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Accounting policies for each category of investments and other financial assets subsequent to initial recognition are set out below.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise investments in listed entities and are classified as non-current assets (unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the end of the reporting period). After initial recognition, these investments are measured at fair value with gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income (available-for-sale investments revaluation reserve). Where there is a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an available-for-sale financial asset (which constitutes objective evidence of impairment) the full amount including any amount previously charged to other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss. Purchases and sales of available-for-sale financial assets are recognised on settlement date with any change in fair value between trade date and settlement date being recognised in other comprehensive income. On sale, the amount held in available-for-sale reserves associated with that asset is recognised in profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.

The fair value of quoted investments are determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business at the end of the reporting period.

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements as described in note 2.2.

Loans and receivables

Impairment losses are measured as the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows, excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred. The cash flows are discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss.

2.11 Fair Values

Fair values may be used for financial asset and liability measurement and well as for sundry disclosures.

Fair values for financial instruments traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price for financial assets is the current bid price. The carrying value less impairment provision of trade receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.12 Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

All other plant and equipment is stated at historical cost, including costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, less depreciation and any impairments.

Land is not depreciated. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

Depreciation on other assets is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

Class of Asset	
Leasehold Buildings	50 years
Freehold Land	Indefinite
Plant and Equipment	3-20 Years

The assets' residual value and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains and losses on disposals are calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the asset's carrying amount and are included in profit or loss in the year that the item is de-recognised.

The cost of fixed assets constructed within the Group includes the cost of materials, direct labour, borrowing costs (if any) and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Additional costs incurred on the impaired capital works in progress are expensed in profit or loss.

2.13 Leases

Leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the net asset are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of incentives received from the lessor) are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.14 Land Use Rights

The upfront prepayments made for land use rights are expensed in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or, when there is impairment, it is expensed immediately. The period of the lease is ranging from 48 to 54 years.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.15 Intangibles

Research and development costs

Research costs are expensed as incurred. Development costs incurred on an individual project is capitalised if the product or service is technically feasible, adequate resources are available to complete the project, it is probable that future economic benefits will be generated and expenditure attributable to the project can be measured reliably. Expenditure capitalised comprises costs of services and direct labour. Other development costs are expensed when they are incurred. The carrying value of development costs is reviewed annually when the asset is not yet available for use, or when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

The project is in the development phase and hence no amortisation has been brought to account. An amortisation policy has yet to be determined.

Exploration and Evaluation Expenditure

(i) Costs carried forward

Costs arising from exploration and evaluation activities are carried forward provided that the rights to tenure of the area of interest are current and such costs are expected to be recouped through successful development, or by sale, or where exploration and evaluation activities have not, at reporting date, reached a stage to allow a reasonable assessment regarding the existence of economically recoverable reserves. Expenditure incurred is accumulated in respect of each identifiable area of interest.

Water rights

The Group has capitalised Water Rights. The water rights are amortised over the term of the right. The carrying value of water rights is reviewed annually or when events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value may be impaired.

(ii) Costs abandoned area

Costs carried forward in respect of an area of interest that is abandoned are written off in the year in which the decision to abandon is made.

(iii) Regular review

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to carry forward costs in relation to that area of interest.

(iv) Costs of site restoration

Costs of site restoration are to be provided once an obligation presents. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of mining plant, equipment and building structures, waste removal and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with clauses of the mining permits. Such costs will be determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on a discounted basis.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.16 Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the reporting period and which are unpaid. These amounts are unsecured and have 30 to 90-day payment terms.

Payables to related parties are carried at the principal amount.

2.17 Borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the loans and borrowings using the effective interest method.

All borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.18 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.19 Provisions

Provisions for legal claims, service warranties and make good obligations are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.20 Employee Benefit Provisions

Wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits, annual leave and accumulating sick leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are recognised in respect of employees' services rendered up to the end of the reporting period and measured at amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. Liabilities for non-accumulating sick leave are recognised when leave is taken and measured at the actual rates paid or payable. Liabilities for wages and salaries and annual leave are included as part of Other Payables.

Bonus plan

The Group recognises an expense and a liability for bonuses when the entity is contractually obliged to make such payments or where there is past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

Retirement benefit obligations

The Group contributes to employee superannuation funds in accordance with its statutory obligations. Contributions are recognised as expenses as they become payable.

2.21 Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown as a deduction from the equity proceeds, net of any income tax benefit. Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares associated with the acquisition of a business are included as part of the purchase consideration.

2.22 Share Based Payments

The Group may provide benefits to employees (including Directors) of the Group in the form of share based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares ("equity settled transactions"). Such equity settled transactions are at the discretion of the Remuneration Committee. To date, no such equity settled transactions have been undertaken.

The fair value of options or rights granted is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based payment reserve). The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. Fair value is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. In determining fair value, no account is taken of any performance conditions other than those related to the share price of Astron Corporation Limited ("market conditions"). The cumulative expense recognised between grant date and vesting date is adjusted to reflect the Directors' best estimate of the number of options or rights that will ultimately vest because of internal conditions of the options or rights, such as the employees having to remain with the Group until vesting date, or such that employees are required to meet internal KPI. No expense is recognised for options or rights that do not ultimately vest because internal conditions were not met. An expense is still recognised for options or rights that do not ultimately vest because a market condition was not met.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.22 Share Based Payments (continued)

Where the terms of options or rights are modified, the expense continues to be recognised from grant date to vesting date as if the terms had never been changed. In addition, at the date of the modification, a further expense is recognised for any increase in fair value of the transaction as a result of the change.

Where options are cancelled, they are treated as if vesting occurred on cancellation and any unrecognised expenses are taken immediately to profit or loss. However, if new options are substituted for the cancelled options or rights and designated as a replacement on grant date, the combined impact of the cancellation and replacement are treated as if they were a modification.

When shareholders' approval is required for the issuance of options or rights, the expenses are recognised based on the grant-date fair value according to the management estimation. This estimate is re-assessed upon obtaining formal approval from shareholders.

2.23 Dividends/Return of Capital

No dividends were paid or proposed for the years ended 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017. There is no Dividend Reinvestment Plan in operation.

2.24 Segment Reporting

Segment revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities are those that are directly attributable to a segment and the relevant portion that can be allocated to the segment on a reasonable basis. Segment assets include all assets used by a segment and consist primarily of operating cash, receivables, inventories, property, plant and equipment and other intangible assets. Segment liabilities consist primarily of trade and other creditors, employee benefits and provisions.

2.25 Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

Earnings used to calculate diluted earnings per share are calculated by adjusting the basic earnings by the after tax effect of dividends and interest associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares. The weighted average number of shares used is adjusted for the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on the conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.26 Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses are recognised net of GST except where GST incurred on a purchase of goods and services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the GST is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item.

Receivables and payables are stated with the amount of GST included. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the consolidated statement of financial position.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed net of the amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority.

2.27 Adoption of HKFRS

(i) Adoption of new or revised HKFRS – effective on 1 July 2017

Amendments to HKAS 7	Disclosure Initiative
Amendments to HKAS 12	Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

Amendments to HKAS 7 - Disclosure Initiative

The amendments introduce an additional disclosure that will enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

Amendments to HKAS 12 - Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealised Losses

The amendments relate to the recognition of deferred tax assets and clarify some of the necessary considerations, including how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured at fair value.

The adoption of the amendments has no impact on these financial statements as the clarified treatment is consistent with the manner in which the Group has previously recognised deferred tax assets.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.27 Adoption of HKFRS (continued)

(ii) New or revised HKFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective

The following new or revised HKFRS, potentially relevant to the Group's financial statements, have been issued, but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group's current intention is to apply these changes on the date they become effective.

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle	Amendments to HKFRS 1, First-time adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 2	Classification and Measurement of Share-Based Payment Transactions ¹
HKFRS 9 (2014)	Financial Instruments ¹
HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15) ¹
Amendments to HKFRS 9	Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation ²
HKFRS 16	Leases ²
HK(IFRIC)-Int 23	Uncertainty Over Income Tax Treatments ²
¹ annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018	
² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019	

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2014-2016 Cycle - Amendments to HKFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards

The amendments issued under the annual improvements process make small, non-urgent changes to standards where they are currently unclear. They include amendments to HKFRS 1, First-time Adoption of Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, removing transition provision exemptions relating to accounting periods that had already passed and were therefore no longer applicable.

Amendments to HKFRS 2 - Classification and Measurement of Share-Based Payment Transactions

The amendments provide requirements on the accounting for the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments; share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.27 Adoption of HKFRS (continued)

(ii) New or revised HKFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets. Debt instruments that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows (the business model test) and that have contractual terms that give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (the contractual cash flow characteristics test) are generally measured at amortised cost. Debt instruments that meet the contractual cash flow characteristics test are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") if the objective of the entity's business model is both to hold and collect the contractual cash flows and to sell the financial assets. Entities may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to measure equity instruments that are not held for trading at FVTOCI. All other debt and equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL").

HKFRS 9 includes a new expected loss impairment model for all financial assets not measured at FVTPL replacing the incurred loss model in HKAS 39 and new general hedge accounting requirements to allow entities to better reflect their risk management activities in financial statements.

HKFRS 9 carries forward the recognition, classification and measurement requirements for financial liabilities from HKAS 39, except for financial liabilities designated at FVTPL, where the amount of change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk of the liability is recognised in other comprehensive income unless that would create or enlarge an accounting mismatch. In addition, HKFRS 9 retains the requirements in HKAS 39 for derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities.

The Group plans to use the exemption from restating comparative information and will recognise any transition adjustments against the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2018. Expected impacts of these new requirements on the Group's financial statements are as follows:

(a) Classification and measurement

The other financial assets held by the group include equity instruments currently classified as available-for-sale financial assets for which a FVTOCI election is available.

Accordingly, the Group does not expect the new guidance to affect the classification and measurement of these financial assets. However, gains or losses realised on the sale of financial assets at FVOCI will no longer be transferred to profit or loss on sale, but instead reclassified below the line from the FVTOCI reserve to retained earnings. During the current year ended 30 June 2018, there was no disposal of available-for-sale financial assets.

There will be no impact on the Group's accounting for financial liabilities, as the new requirements only affect the accounting for financial liabilities that are designated at fair value through profit or loss and the group does not have any such liabilities. The derecognition rules have been transferred from HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement and have not been changed.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.27 Adoption of HKFRS (continued)

(ii) New or revised HKFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

(b) Impairment

The new impairment model in HKFRS 9 replaces the “incurred loss” model in HKAS 39 with an “expected credit loss” model. Under the expected credit loss model, it will no longer be necessary for a loss event to occur before an impairment loss is recognised. Instead, an entity is required to recognise and measure either a 12-month expected credit loss or a lifetime expected credit loss, depending on the asset and the facts and circumstances. The Group expects that the application of the expected credit loss model will result in earlier recognition of credit losses.

HKFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers and Amendments to HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15)

The new standard establishes a single revenue recognition framework. The core principle of the framework is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods and services. HKFRS 15 supersedes existing revenue recognition guidance including HKAS 18 “Revenue”, HKAS 11 “Construction Contracts” and related interpretations.

HKFRS 15 requires the application of a 5 steps approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when each performance obligation is satisfied

HKFRS 15 includes specific guidance on particular revenue related topics that may change the current approach taken under HKFRS. The standard also significantly enhances the qualitative and quantitative disclosures related to revenue.

The amendments to HKFRS 15 included clarifications on identification of performance obligations; application of principal versus agent; licenses of intellectual property; and transition requirements.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.27 Adoption of HKFRS (continued)

(ii) New or revised HKFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers and Amendments to HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15) (continued)

Based on the assessment completed to date, the Group has identified the following areas which are expected to be affected:

(a) Timing of revenue recognition

The Group's revenue recognition policies are disclosed in note 2.4. Currently, revenue arising from the sale of goods is generally recognised when the risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the customers. Under HKFRS 15, revenue is recognised when the customer obtains control of the promised good in the contract. HKFRS 15 identifies 3 situations in which control of the promised good is regarded as being transferred over time:

- (i) When the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the entity's performance, as the entity performs;
- (ii) When the entity's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced;
- (iii) When the entity's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the entity and the entity has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

The Group considered that the contract terms and the Group's activities do not fall into any of these 3 situations, then under HKFRS 15 the Group recognises revenue for the sale of that good at a single point in time, being when control has passed. Transfer of risks and rewards of ownership is only one of the indicators that will be considered in determining when the transfer of control occurs which is consistent with the current policy adopted by the Group. The Group has assessed that the new revenue standard is not likely to have significant impact on how it recognises revenue from sales of mineral sands.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.27 Adoption of HKFRS (continued)

(ii) New or revised HKFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers and Amendments to HKFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Clarifications to HKFRS 15) (continued)

(b) Significant financing component

HKFRS 15 requires an entity to adjust the transaction price for the time value of money when a contract contains a significant financing component, regardless of whether the payments from customers are received significantly in advance or in arrears.

Currently, the Group applies a policy of payments are received in advance on the sales of mineral sands. The Group is in the process of assessing the implication of any significant financing component identified from the mineral sands sales. The Group notes that where the customer pays for mineral sands in advance and the timing of the transfer of the mineral sands is at the discretion of the customer, a significant financing component may not exist.

The Group plans to elect to use the cumulative effect transition method for the adoption of HKFRS 15 and will recognise the cumulative effect of initial application as an adjustment to the opening balance of equity at 1 July 2018. As allowed by HKFRS 15, the Group plans to apply the new requirements only to contracts that are not completed before 1 January 2018. Since the number of “open” contracts for sales of mineral sands at 30 June 2018 is limited, the Group expects that the transition adjustment to be made upon the initial adoption of HKFRS 15 will not be material. However, the expected changes in accounting policies as described above could have a material impact on the Group’s financial results from 2018 onwards.

Amendments to HKFRS 9 - Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation

The amendments clarify that prepayable financial assets with negative compensation can be measured at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income if specified conditions are met - instead of at fair value through profit or loss.

HKFRS 16 - Leases

HKFRS 16, which upon the effective date will supersede HKAS 17 “Leases” and related interpretations, introduces a single lessee accounting model and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value. Specifically, under HKFRS 16, a lessee is required to recognise a right-of-use asset representing its right to use the underlying leased asset and a lease liability representing its obligation to make lease payments. Accordingly, a lessee should recognise depreciation of the right-of-use asset and interest on the lease liability, and also classifies cash repayments of the lease liability into a principal portion and an interest portion and presents them in the statement of cash flows. Also, the right-of-use asset and the lease liability are initially measured on a present value basis. The measurement includes non-cancellable lease payments and also includes payments to be made in optional periods if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend the lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate the lease. This accounting treatment is significantly different from the lessee accounting for leases that are classified as operating leases under the predecessor standard, HKAS 17.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

2.27 Adoption of HKFRS (continued)

(ii) New or revised HKFRS that have been issued but are not yet effective (continued)

HKFRS 16 – Leases (continued)

In respect of the lessor accounting, HKFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in HKAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

HK(IFRIC)-Int 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments

The Interpretation supports the requirements of HKAS 12, Income Taxes, by providing guidance over how to reflect the effects of uncertainty in accounting for income taxes.

Under the Interpretation, the entity shall determine whether to consider each uncertain tax treatment separately or together based on which approach better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty. The entity shall also assume the tax authority will examine amounts that it has a right to examine and have full knowledge of all related information when making those examinations. If the entity determines it is probable that the tax authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment, then the entity should measure current and deferred tax in line with its tax filings. If the entity determines it is not probable, then the uncertainty in the determination of tax is reflected using either the “most likely amount” or the “expected value” approach, whichever better predicts the resolution of the uncertainty.

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For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The Directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Group.

3.1 Key estimates: Impairment

The Group assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions specific to the Group that may lead to impairment of assets. Where an impairment trigger exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is determined. Fair value less costs to dispose calculations are performed in assessing recoverable amounts incorporate a number of key estimates and judgements.

The Group has used a combination of independent and Director valuations to support the carrying value of intangible assets while the Group also uses bankable feasibility status reports where these are available (note 17). The valuations use various assumptions to determine future cash flows based around risks including capital, geographical, markets, foreign exchange and mineral price fluctuations.

All other assets have been assessed for impairment based on either their value in use or fair value less costs to sell. The impairment assessments inherently involve significant judgements and estimates to be made.

3.2 Provision for Impairment of Receivables

The provision for impairment of receivables assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. The level of provision is assessed by taking into account the recent sales experience, the aging of receivables, historical collection rates and specific knowledge of the individual debtors' financial position. The Group has an outstanding receivable for the disposal of surplus land in China from 2015, further details of which are set out in note 11.1. During the year, the Group made significant progress by receiving settlement of approximately \$4.3 million. Of the balance outstanding of \$6.4 million, subsequent settlement of \$3 million was received in July 2018 and the Group is confident the balance will be settled within the next twelve months.

3.3 Capitalisation of Exploration and Evaluation Assets

The Group has continued to capitalise expenditure, incurred on the exploration and evaluation of the Donald Mineral Sands project in Victoria, Australia in accordance with HKFRS 6. This has occurred because the technical feasibility and economic viability of extracting the mineral resources is not demonstrable. The Group has assessed that the balances capitalised will be recoverable through the project's successful development.

3.4 Capitalisation of Development Assets

The Group has continued to capitalise expenditure, in accordance with HKAS 38, incurred on the development of the Senegal Mineral Sands project in Senegal. The Group has assessed that the balances capitalised will be recoverable through the project's successful development.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

3. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments (continued)

3.5 Income Tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income tax. There are transactions and calculations undertaken during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The group recognises tax receivables and liabilities based on the Group's current understanding of the tax law. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the carrying amounts, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

3.6 Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised for capital losses and China revenue losses as the utilisation of these losses is not considered probable at this stage.

3.7 Inventories

Management estimates the net realisable values of inventories, taking into account the most reliable evidence available at each reporting date. The future realisation of these inventories may be affected by future technology or other market-driven changes that may reduce future selling prices.

4. Segment Information

4.1 Description of Segments

The Group has adopted HKAS 8 *Operating Segments* from whereby segment information is presented using a 'management approach', i.e. segment information is provided on the same basis as information used for internal reporting purposes by the Managing Director/President (chief operating decision maker) who monitors the segment performance based on the net profit before tax for the period. Operating segments have been determined on the basis of reports reviewed by the Managing Director/President who is considered to be the chief operating decision maker of the Group. The reportable segments are as follows:

- Donald Mineral Sands ("DMS"): Development of the DMS mine
- China - (i) Titanium: Development of mineral processing plant and mineral trading; and (ii) Mineral Resources: Mineral trading and construction of the mineral separation plant
- Senegal: Development of the Niafarang mine
- Other: Group treasury and head office activities

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4. Segment Information (continued)

4.2 Segment information provided to the Managing Director /President

30 June	DMS		China		Senegal		Other		Consolidated	
	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Revenue from external customers										
Sales	-	-	5,013,827	1,899,763	-	-	-	-	5,013,827	1,899,763
Interest income	973	456	11,335	128,312	-	-	2,204	7,175	14,512	135,943
Rent/Other Income	67,006	327,777	280,570	212,969	-	-	8,571	(21,140)	356,147	519,606
Total revenue	67,979	328,233	5,305,732	2,241,044	-	-	10,775	(13,965)	5,384,486	2,555,312
Segment result										
Segment (loss) / profit	(196,522)	(170,047)	(2,900,793)	(2,603,787)	-	-	(788,814)	(1,235,584)	(3,886,129)	(4,009,418)
Acquisition of PPE, Intangible assets and other non-current segment assets	928,979	1,869,128	2,688,963	239,400	1,345,451	2,050,946	20,076	-	4,983,469	4,159,474
Depreciation and amortisation	10,254	7,903	689,126	555,176	-	-	110	658	699,490	563,737

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4. Segment Information (continued)

4.2 Segment information provided to the Managing Director /President (continued)

30 June	DMS		China		Senegal		Other		Consolidated	
	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17	Jun-18	Jun-17
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Assets										
Segment assets	72,279,496	71,757,041	35,685,148	33,108,408	7,956,527	6,953,752	830,398	764,747	116,751,569	112,583,948
Total	72,279,496	71,757,041	35,685,148	33,108,408	7,956,527	6,953,752	830,398	764,747	116,751,569	112,583,948
Liabilities										
Segment liabilities	10,097,570	9,355,351	7,466,123	738,078	62,419	982,023	(682,974)	(1,149,843)	16,943,138	9,925,609
Total	10,097,570	9,355,351	7,466,123	738,078	62,419	982,023	(682,974)	(1,149,843)	16,943,138	9,925,609

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4. Segment Information (continued)

4.3 Geographical Information

Although the Group is managed globally, it operates in the following main geographical areas:

Hong Kong

The home country of the Company.

Australia

The home country of Astron Limited and one of the operating subsidiaries which performs evaluation and exploration activities. Interest and rental income is derived from Australian sources.

China

The home country of subsidiaries which operate in the mineral trading and downstream development segment.

Other

The Group is focused on developing mineral sands opportunities, principally in Senegal with a view to integrating into the Chinese operations.

	Sales revenues		Interest revenue		Non-current assets	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Australia	-	-	3,177	7,628	76,363,011	75,228,980
China	5,013,827	1,899,793	11,335	128,312	24,324,292	24,374,274
Other countries	-	-	-	3	2,998,387	3,409,158
	5,013,827	1,899,793	14,512	135,943	103,685,690	103,012,412

During 2018, \$4,448,238 or 89% (2017: \$1,868,614 or 98%) of the revenue depended on seven (2017: seven) customers.

5. Revenue and Other Income

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Revenue		
- sale of goods	5,013,827	1,899,763
- interest income	14,512	135,943
Total revenue	5,028,339	2,035,706
Other income:		
- rental income	84,864	184,027
- other income	271,283	335,579
Total other income	356,147	519,606

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6. Loss Before Income Tax Expense

Loss before income tax expense is arrived at after charging/crediting:

6.1 Employee benefits (including directors):

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Salaries and fees	509,007	393,913
Non-cash benefits	198,331	143,555
Superannuation	50,826	53,711
	758,164	591,179

6.2 Other items

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Finance costs	92,729	8,379
Premises-contractual amounts	49,643	6,761
Research and development costs	592,065	771,108
Depreciation and amortisation	1,058,663	1,282,081
Less: capitalisation of water rights amortisation (note 17(g))	(359,173)	(718,344)
	699,490	563,737
Costs associated with Gambia litigation (note 13)	177,480	134,987
Reversal of provision for inventories	(77,316)	(327,753)

7. Income Tax Expense/(Benefit)

7.1 The components of tax expense/(benefit) comprise:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Current tax expense in respect of current year	-	-
Deferred taxation:		
- Research & development incentive	-	(727,895)
- Under-provision in respect of prior years	-	275,191
- Change in tax rate	-	(398,982)
- Loss recognised/(carried forwards) for the year	422,660	(66,726)
- Capitalisation of expenditure on DMS project (net)	334,121	(493,669)
- Other movements	27,837	(6,493)
Total	784,618	(1,418,574)

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7. Income Tax Expense/(Benefit) (continued)

7.2 The prima facie tax on loss before income tax is reconciled to the income tax as follows:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Loss before income tax expense	(3,886,129)	(4,009,418)
Prima facie tax payable on profit 27.5% (2017: 27.5%)		
- continuing operations	(1,068,685)	(1,102,590)
	(1,068,685)	(1,102,590)
Add/(Less) tax effect of:		
- non-deductible items - Gambia	48,807	37,121
- non-taxable items	(187,699)	(213,602)
- tax losses not recognised on overseas entities	1,771,419	730,322
- change in tax rate	-	(398,982)
- research & development incentive	-	(727,895)
- utilisation of tax loss previously recognised	216,093	-
- under-provision in respect of prior years	25,878	275,191
- impact of overseas tax differential	(21,195)	(18,139)
Income tax expense/(benefit)	784,618	(1,418,574)
The applicable weighted average effective tax rates are as follows:	20.2%	(35.4)%

7.3 Income tax rates

Australia

In accordance with the Australian Income Tax Act, Astron Limited and its 100% owned Australian subsidiaries have formed a tax consolidated group, tax funding or sharing agreements have been entered into. Australia has a double tax agreement with China and there are currently no impediments to repatriating profits from China to Australia. Dividends paid to Astron Limited from Chinese subsidiaries are non-assessable under current Australian Income Tax Legislation.

China (including Hong Kong)

The Company is subject to Hong Kong tax law.

The Group's subsidiaries in China and are subject to Chinese income tax laws. Chinese taxation obligations have been fully complied with, confirmed by regular audits completed by the Chinese tax authorities.

7.4 Items not chargeable or not deductible for tax purposes

Items not chargeable or deductible for tax purposes for the Group principally represent costs associated with the Gambian litigation and other costs incurred but not related to Australian operations.

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7. Income Tax (Expense)/Benefit (continued)

7.5 Tax on other comprehensive items

No deferred tax liabilities have been recognised in relation to available-for-sale financial assets reserve due to the existence of significant capital losses. Accordingly, no movement in income tax is recorded in current or prior financial years. No tax is applicable to other comprehensive item: foreign currency translation differences and share based payments reserve.

8. Loss Per Share

8.1 Reconciliation of loss used in the calculation of loss per share:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Loss attributable to owners	(4,670,747)	(2,590,844)
Loss used to calculate basic and diluted loss per share	(4,670,747)	(2,590,844)

8.2 Weighted average number of ordinary shares:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	122,479,784	122,479,784

8.3 Dilutive shares

There were no shares issued under escrow at or post year end. There were no rights or options for shares outstanding at year-end.

9. Auditors' Remuneration

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Audit and review of financial statements		
BDO Limited	117,500	-
Grant Thornton – under-provision for prior year	109,573	-
Grant Thornton	-	151,516
	227,073	151,516
Other services		
- taxation services	6,085	7,500
- other assurance services	4,977	-
	11,062	7,500

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10. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Cash on hand	21,389	10,812	5,652
Current & call account balances	3,146,159	1,306,419	5,098,942
Total	3,167,548	1,317,231	5,104,594

Cash on hand is non-interest bearing. Bank balances and short-term deposits at call bear floating interest rates between 0.0% and 0.75% (2017: 0.0% and 2.15%). Deposits have an average maturity of 90 days (2017: 90 days). Bank balances included letter of credit deposits of Nil (2017: \$248,038) as at 30 June 2018.

10.1 Concentration of risk by geography – cash and cash equivalents

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Australia	471,115	291,140	722,983
China	2,125,230	921,686	4,344,268
Hong Kong	2,288	2,351	2,444
USA	26,381	25,456	28,687
United Kingdom	-	-	3,125
Senegal	542,534	76,598	3,087
Total	3,167,548	1,317,231	5,104,594

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10. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

10.2 Concentration of risk by bank

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Australia			
Commonwealth Bank - S&P rating of AA- (2017: AA-)	290,197	255,003	252,018
Goldman Sachs JB Were - A- (2017: A-)	-	-	84,458
Westpac Bank - S&P rating of AA- (2017: AA-)	1,646	1,636	1,745
Bank of China - S&P rating of A (2017: A)	11,969	11,923	12,326
Other Australian banks	167,290	22,040	372,436
	471,102	290,602	722,983
China			
Bank of China - S&P rating of A1 (2017: A+)	222,239	192,369	1,979,916
Construction Bank - S&P rating of A (2017: A)	29,456	73,551	2,357,793
China Zheshang Bank - BA1	205,046	453,867	-
Shengjing Bank - unrated	1,646,082	-	-
Other banks	1,030	191,625	6,559
	2,103,853	911,412	4,344,268
Other countries			
Other banks	571,204	104,405	37,343
	571,204	104,405	37,343

Restrictions on cash

The Chinese domiciled cash on hand may have some restriction on repatriation to Australia depending on basis on which the funds are transferred to Australia. Depending on the basis, there may be taxes (including withholding tax) of 16% to be paid.

As at 30 June 2018, Australian domiciled cash at banks included \$50,000 (2017: \$50,000) of cash backed by Bank Guarantee for the operations of the Donald Mineral Sands project.

As at 30 June 2018, the Chinese domiciled cash at banks included \$1,198,288 (2017: \$196,756) of cash restricted by bank for the secured note payables and letter of credit.

10.3 Term deposits greater than 90 days

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Term deposits with maturity over 90 days	61,112	60,898	60,685

As at 30 June 2018, term deposits with maturity over 90 days of \$61,112 (2017: \$60,898) bear fixed interest rates of 0.9% (2017: 2.2%) and have a maturity of 3-6 months.

Restrictions on cash

The short-term deposits include \$60,000 (2017: \$60,000) of cash backed by Bank Guarantees for the operations of the Donald Mineral Sands project.

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10. Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

10.4 Concentration of risk by geography – term deposits

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Australia	61,112	60,898	60,685

10.5 Concentration of risk by bank – term deposits

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Australia			
Commonwealth Bank-S&P rating of AA- (2017: AA-)	50,000	50,000	50,000
Other	11,112	10,898	10,685
	61,112	60,898	60,685

11. Trade and Other Receivables

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Current assets:				
Trade debtors	11.2	2,901,961	1,064,763	694,481
Impairments	11.3	(473,110)	(605,636)	(639,186)
Net trade debtors		2,428,851	459,127	55,295
Other receivables	11.1	3,331,210	4,545,089	13,311,586
Prepayments	11.4	2,987,634	1,429,645	1,141,770
Impairments	11.4	(367,341)	(346,100)	(365,272)
Net prepayments		2,620,293	1,083,545	776,498
		8,380,354	6,087,761	14,143,379
Non-current assets:				
Other receivables	11.1	3,320,187	6,396,921	-
Sundry receivable		58,351	-	-
		3,378,538	6,396,921	-
Total		11,758,892	12,484,682	14,143,379

11.1 Other receivables

During the year ended 30 June 2014, the Group entered into an agreement to transfer 1,065,384 sqm of land held in Yingkou Province in China to a state-owned entity. As the under-development of this land resulted from a change of government development plans and restructure, this land transfer has been subsidised by the Chinese Government. Final contracts over the land sale have been exchanged and the disposal was brought to account in the year ended 30 June 2015. The net proceeds, amounting to \$20,356,248, were to be received in instalments up to October 2017.

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11. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

11.1 Other receivables (continued)

The land contract is unconditional and payment is binding on the buyer being the Yingkou Government and its related entities, but the payments expected have been delayed. During the year ended 30 June 2018, there were receipts of \$4,285,642 with a balance receivable of \$6,381,359 (2017: \$10,050,196). While the receivable is currently outside the terms initially agreed, the Group is confident all of the amounts outstanding will be received. In July 2018, out of \$6,381,359, \$3,061,162 was received.

11.2 Ageing analysis

The ageing analysis of trade debtors is as follows:

	2018	2017	1 July 2016
	\$	\$	\$
0-30 days (not past due)	2,321,774	54,396	22,931
31-60 days (past due not impaired)	100,800	390,948	23,540
61-90 days (past due not impaired)	-	4,039	8,284
91+ days (past due not impaired)	6,277	9,744	540
Total	2,428,851	459,127	55,295

At the end of the reporting period the Group's trade debtors are predominantly receivable from Chinese trading partners. The Chinese debtors are regularly reviewed and as is common practice in China the terms may be extended to preserve client relationships. Where applicable the Group has impaired significantly overdue receivables.

It is the Group's policy that where possible that sales are made in exchange for notes (guaranteed by a Chinese bank) minimising the Group's exposure to an impairment issue.

11.3 Impairment Trade Debtors

At year end, the Group has reviewed its trade debtors and brought to account impairment where required. During the year the provision for impairment reduced due to receipts of outstanding balance and was impacted by foreign exchange movements.

11.4 Prepayments

At year end, the Group had made advances to suppliers for inventory purchases.

Included in prepayments is an amount of RMB1,800,000 carried forward from 2008, equivalent to \$367,341 (2017: \$346,100) which is the prepayment for construction. This amount has been fully impaired due to low possibility of collection.

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12. Inventories

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Raw materials – at net realisable value	1,225,692	1,435,673	602,786
Semi-manufactured goods	167,075	-	-
Finished goods	14,938	177,776	125,193
Goods in transit	-	274,904	2,585
Total	1,407,705	1,888,353	730,564

There is a \$Nil (2017: \$481,101) provision against inventory to net realisable value.

13. Investments in Gambia

Carnegie Minerals (Gambia) Limited is a 100% subsidiary of the Company. It was incorporated to commence mining activities in Gambia. The investments and receivables associated with the company have been impaired in full. The original agreement prior to the seizure of the assets was that Astron Limited had an obligation to fund the development and operating costs of the mine by way of loans.

As announced to the ASX on 23 July 2015, the Group has received a successful finding in its favour. The Group and the Gambian government made submissions on damages to the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes ("ICSID"). ICSID has now determined the award including damages in favour of Astron.

The determination was for US\$18,658,358 in damages for breach of the mining licence, interest of US\$993,683, arbitration costs of US\$445,860 (minus any sums refunded to Astron by ICSID on its final accounting) and £2,250,000 for legal costs. In total this is approximately \$31 million.

On 2 December 2015, the Group notified the ASX that The Gambia has submitted an application for annulment to ICSID, on the grounds of the constitution of the arbitral tribunal, and arguments about admissibility and jurisdiction. An application for annulment is the only form of action open to The Gambia under the ICSID rules, as there is no form of appeal process. In due course ICSID will appoint a panel of 3 arbitrators to form a committee to determine whether the Award should be annulled in whole or in part. The Group confirms that any such application will be strenuously opposed. As of 30 June 2018, no assets arising from this matter were recognised. While there have been some procedural matters relating to The Gambia's application for the stay of enforcement and annulment, there have not been any substantive movements and this matter continues.

When the Group receives a settlement, an additional contingent legal fee of £171,000 is payable to Clyde & Co.

14. Available-For-Sale Financial Assets

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Equity securities			
- Listed in Australia	49,160	217,293	540,237
Total available-for-sale financial assets	49,160	217,293	540,237

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise investments in the ordinary issued capital of three public companies listed on the ASX. The cost of these investments was \$1,877,716. There are no fixed returns or fixed maturity date attached to these investments. In the current financial year, the combined market value of these investments has decreased.

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14. Available-For-Sale Financial Assets (continued)

There will be no capital gains tax payable on the sale of these assets due to existing capital losses carried forward.

For listed equity securities and preference shares, fair value is determined by reference to closing bid prices on the ASX.

15. Subsidiaries

Financial Year 2018	Country of incorporation	Percentage Owned Ordinary Shares 2018	Percentage Owned Ordinary Shares 2017	Percentage Owned Ordinary Shares 2016
Parent entity				
Astron Corporation Limited	Hong Kong			
Subsidiaries of parent entity				
Astron Limited	Australia	100	100	100
Astron Advanced Materials Limited #	UK	-	-	100
Astron Mineral Sands Pty Limited	Australia	100	100	100
Astron Titanium (Yingkou) Co Ltd	China	100	100	100
Carnegie Minerals (Gambia) Inc	USA	100	100	100
Carnegie Minerals (Gambia) Limited	The Gambia	100	100	100
Camden Sands Inc	USA	100	100	100
Coast Resources Limited	Isle of Man	100	100	100
Dickson & Johnson Pty Limited	Australia	100	100	100
Donald Mineral Sands Pty Ltd	Australia	100	100	100
Sovereign Gold NL	Australia	100	100	100
WIM 150 Pty Limited	Australia	100	100	100
Yingkou Astron Mineral Resources Co Ltd *	China	-	100	100
Astron Senegal Holding Pty Ltd	Hong Kong	100	100	100
Senegal Mineral Resources SA	Senegal	100	-	-
Senegal Mineral Sands Ltd	Hong Kong	100	100	100
Zirtanium Pty Limited	Australia	100	100	100

Astron Advanced Materials Limited was dissolved 2 May 2017.

* Yingkou Astron Mineral Resources Co Ltd was merged with Astron Titanium (Yingkou) Co Ltd on 31 March 2018.

(i) Equity

The proportion of ownership interest is equal to the proportion of voting power held.

(ii) Disposal/Acquisition of subsidiaries

During the current and prior years, no subsidiaries were disposed.

Senegal Mineral Resources SA was incorporated during the year as a wholly-owned subsidiary of Senegal Mineral Sands Ltd. No subsidiaries were acquired during the current and prior years.

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16. Property, Plant and Equipment

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Land and buildings			
Land			
At cost	4,247,755	5,254,000	5,254,000
Total land	4,247,755	5,254,000	5,254,000
Buildings			
At cost	10,584,217	9,972,309	10,524,633
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,915,282)	(1,400,914)	(1,053,025)
Net carrying value	8,668,935	8,571,395	9,471,608
Total land and buildings	12,916,690	13,825,395	14,725,608
Plant and equipment and works in progress			
Capital works in progress			
At cost	9,505,685	9,239,867	9,625,008
Less accumulated impairment losses	(1,954,585)	(3,525,885)	(3,721,206)
Total capital works in progress	7,551,100	5,713,982	5,903,802
Plant and equipment			
At cost	6,206,347	2,461,135	2,460,578
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,348,447)	(2,046,591)	(2,043,797)
Less accumulated impairment losses	(1,729,341)	-	-
Net carrying value	2,128,559	414,544	416,781
Total plant and equipment and works in progress	9,679,659	6,128,526	6,320,583
Total property, plant and equipment	22,596,349	19,953,921	21,046,191

16.1 Assets pledged as security

As at 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017, there were no mortgages granted as security over bank loans.

16.2 Capital works in progress

Capital works in progress are not ready for use and not yet being depreciated.

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16. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

16.3 Movements in net carrying values

Movement in the carrying amount for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Capital works in progress \$	Land \$	Buildings \$	Plant and equipment \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2018					
Balance at 1 July	5,713,982	5,254,000	8,571,395	414,544	19,953,921
Additions	1,486,436	-	-	406,691	1,893,127
Depreciation	-	-	(416,260)	(207,318)	(623,578)
Disposal	-	(1,006,245)	-	-	(1,006,245)
Transfers	(28,491)	-	-	28,491	-
Transfer from development costs (note 18)	-	-	-	1,417,142	1,417,142
Foreign exchange movements	379,173	-	513,800	69,009	961,982
Balance at 30 June	7,551,100	4,247,755	8,668,935	2,128,559	22,596,349
Year ended 30 June 2017					
Balance at 1 July	5,903,802	5,254,000	9,471,608	416,781	21,046,191
Additions	120,063	-	-	133,922	253,985
Depreciation	-	-	(408,436)	(116,301)	(524,737)
Foreign exchange movements	(309,883)	-	(491,777)	(19,858)	(821,518)
Balance at 30 June	5,713,982	5,254,000	8,571,395	414,544	19,953,921
Year ended 30 June 2016					
Balance at 1 July	6,126,818	5,254,000	10,461,226	521,273	22,363,317
Additions	108,487	-	1,900	72,517	182,904
Depreciation	-	-	(446,912)	(157,516)	(604,428)
Foreign exchange movements	(331,503)	-	(544,606)	(19,493)	(895,602)
Balance at 30 June	5,903,802	5,254,000	9,471,608	416,781	21,046,191

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16. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

16.4 Impairment of capital works in progress

In prior years in 2011 and 2015, the Group had made full impairment provision totaling \$1,693,004 against a capital works initiative called the Zirconium Sponge project ("Zr Sponge"). Zr Sponge is used to produce Zirconium Dioxide. The Group spent many years trying to perfect the design of this production equipment, and although it had significant potential, the long lead time required to successfully commission this equipment meant the directors considered it appropriate to make a full impairment provision against it. However, notwithstanding these impairment provisions, the Group had continued to work on this project. During the half-year period to 31 December 2017, the Group had made sales of Zirconium Dioxide of around \$133,000 and the directors were hopefully of making significant headway in sales with this product in the coming year. In view of these developments, the directors reversed all of the impairment provision against Zr Sponge to profit or loss at the Half Year Report of 31 December 2017. However, sales from Zr Sponge in the second half of FY2018 were minimal as the largest potential customer did not place the level of anticipated sales orders. In light of this, the directors considered it prudent to reinstate the full impairment provision of \$1,693,004 against Zr Sponge. Accordingly, for the full year ended 30 June 2018, there was no impact to the Group's results for the year.

17. Exploration and Evaluation Assets

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Evaluation costs				
Cost	17(b)	7,789,267	15,394,951	12,982,274
Accumulated impairment loss	17(b)	(7,487,231)	(8,230,472)	(7,991,712)
Net carrying value	17(b)	302,036	7,164,479	4,990,562
Exploration expenditure capitalised - DMS project				
Exploration and evaluation phases	17(a)(c)	54,087,188	52,513,029	49,435,974
Net carrying value		54,087,188	52,513,029	49,435,974
Water rights - DMS project	17(a)(d)			
Net carrying value		13,614,105	13,973,278	14,691,622
Total exploration and evaluation assets	17(f)	68,003,329	73,650,786	69,118,158

(a) Exploration and evaluation assets

For the current year ended 30 June 2018, the Group has presented "Exploration and Evaluation assets" separately on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position as required by HKFRS 6. In previous periods, these assets were included as a sub-category under "Intangible Assets". This change in presentation has no impact on the Group's net assets, non-current assets or result for the current or prior periods.

The significant movement during the year ended 30 June 2018 related to reclassification of "Evaluation costs" capitalised to date on the Senegal project of \$8,007,908 to "Development costs". Further details are set out in note (b) and (f) below. The other movements represent additions, movements in foreign exchange and amortisation. Capital expenditure commitments are detailed in note 29.2.

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17. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

(b) Evaluation costs and impairment losses

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
TiO2 project			
Cost	7,487,231	7,804,351	7,565,591
Less accumulated impairment losses	(7,487,231)	(7,804,351)	(7,565,591)
Net carrying value	-	-	-
Senegal project			
Cost	-	7,306,029	5,116,348
Less accumulated impairment losses	-	(426,121)	(426,121)
Net carrying value	-	6,879,908	4,690,227
Capitalised testing and design			
Cost	302,036	284,571	300,335
Net carrying value	302,036	284,571	300,335
Total			
Cost	7,789,267	15,394,951	12,982,274
Less accumulated impairment losses	(7,487,231)	(8,230,472)	(7,991,712)
Total evaluation costs	302,036	7,164,479	4,990,562

(c) Exploration and evaluation expenditure

This expenditure relates to the Group's investment in the Donald Mineral Sands Project. As at 30 June 2018, the Group has complied with the conditions of the granting of EL5186, ML5532, RL 2002, RL 2003 (EL5255 has expired and was not renewed and RL 2006 was merged into RL2003). As such, the Directors believe that the tenements are in good standing with the Department of Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources (which has incorporated the responsibilities previously administered by the Department of Primary Industries) in Victoria, who administers the Mineral Resources Development Act 1990.

During the year, DMS continued to development the technical aspects of the fine grain materials separation and associated value add, refined the valuation model, achieved bulk sample approvals and licenses, reviewed logistics and handling opportunities and marketing of the Donald feedstock.

The recoverability of the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation assets is dependent upon the successful development and commercial exploitation or alternatively sale of the area of interest.

(d) Water rights

In 2012, the Group acquired rights to the supply of water for the Donald project. The water rights are currently being amortised over 25 years in line with entitlements.

In July 2018, a "Deed of Variation" was signed between Grampians Wimmera Mallee Water Corporation ("GWM Water") and Donald Mineral Sands Pty Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The variation provides for an extension of the term of the original agreement of up to 4 years subject to terms and conditions. Accordingly, the Group has ceased amortisation of the water rights since 1 January 2018.

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17. Exploration and Evaluation Assets (continued)

(e) Finite lives

Intangible assets, other than goodwill have finite useful lives. To date no amortisation has been charged in respect of intangible assets due to the stage of development for each project.

(f) Movement in net carrying values

	Exploration and Evaluation Phase \$	Development costs \$	Water rights \$	Software \$	Total \$
Year ended 30 June 2018					
Balance at 1 July 2017	52,513,029	7,164,479	13,973,278	-	73,650,786
Additions	1,574,159	1,033,709	-	-	2,607,868
Amortisation	-	-	(359,173)	-	(359,173)
Transfer to development costs (note 18)	-	(8,007,908)	-	-	(8,007,908)
Foreign exchange movements	-	111,756	-	-	111,756
Balance at 30 June 2018	54,087,188	302,036	13,614,105	-	68,003,329
Year ended 30 June 2017					
Balance at 1 July 2016	49,435,974	4,990,562	14,691,622	-	69,118,158
Additions	3,077,055	2,175,013	-	-	5,252,068
Amortisation	-	-	(718,344)	-	(718,344)
Foreign exchange movements	-	(1,096)	-	-	(1,096)
Balance at 30 June 2017	52,513,029	7,164,479	13,973,278	-	73,650,786
Year ended 30 June 2016					
Balance at 1 July 2015	45,066,696	4,371,150	15,409,966	79,003	64,926,815
Additions	4,369,278	619,626	-	-	4,988,904
Amortisation	-	-	(718,344)	(79,003)	(797,347)
Foreign exchange movements	-	(214)	-	-	(214)
Balance at 30 June 2016	49,435,974	4,990,562	14,691,622	-	69,118,158

* The mining license of the Senegal project was granted in June 2017, the Registered mining license was received in October 2017 and the environmental approval was obtained in August 2017. As a result of these developments, the directors considered the Senegal project had demonstrated it was technically feasible and commercially viable. Accordingly, under HKFRS 6 and the Group's accounting policies, this project and the costs capitalised to date should no longer be accounted for as an exploration and evaluation asset, but rather as an asset in its own right. The costs associated with the Senegal project have therefore been reclassified as "Development costs" (note 18) as at 30 June 2018.

The amount transferred to Development Costs of \$8,007,908 is made up as evaluation costs incurred of \$8,434,029 less impairment losses recognised of \$426,121 at the date of transfer.

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18. Development Costs

	2018 \$
Transfer in from evaluation costs (note 17(f))	8,007,908
Transfer to plant and equipment (note 16.3)	(1,417,142)
Balance at 30 June 2018	6,590,766

Included in Development Costs of \$8,007,908 were certain plant and machines/equipment ("PPE") amounting to \$1,417,142. This plant & equipment has been physically relocated to Senegal in anticipation of commencement of mining operations in Senegal in March 2019. These assets have accordingly been transferred to "Plant and Equipment" during the year.

19. Land Use Rights

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Land use rights	3,116,708	3,010,784	3,255,981

During the year ended 30 June 2014, management entered into an agreement to transfer 1,065,384 sqm of land held in Yingkou province China to a state-owned entity. As the under-development of this land resulted from a change of government development plan and restructure, this land transfer has been subsidised by the Chinese Government. Final contracts over the land sale were exchanged and the disposal was brought to account in the year ended 30 June 2015. The net proceeds amounting to \$20,356,248 to be received in instalments.

The land contract is unconditional, and payment is binding on the buyer, being the Yingkou Government. However, payments have been delayed. During the year ended 30 June 2018, there were receipts of \$4,285,617 with a balance receivable of \$6,381,359 (note 11.1) of which \$3,061,162 was received in July 2018. While the receivable is currently outside the terms initially agreed, the Group is confident that the receivable will be received.

Reconciliation

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Balance at 1 July	3,010,784	3,255,981	3,525,124
Amortisation	(76,622)	(75,267)	(82,358)
Foreign exchange movements	182,546	(169,930)	(186,785)
Balance at 30 June	3,116,708	3,010,784	3,255,981

20. Trade and Other Payables

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Unsecured liabilities				
Trade payables		2,770,232	2,436,546	2,208,322
Note payable		2,040,782	-	-
Deposits received in advance	20(a)	4,451,280	-	-
Other payables	20(b)	2,348,598	2,926,095	1,340,633
		11,610,892	5,362,641	3,548,955

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20. Trade and Other Payables (continued)

(a) Deposit received in advance

During the current year, a deposit of RMB20 million (equivalent to \$4,080,567) was received in connection with the Senegal offtake agreement (the "Agreement") with Hainan Wensheng High-tech Minerals Co., Ltd. ("Wensheng"). Under the initial Agreement, the Group is required to ship 50,000 tons/year of Titanium Mineral Sands ("the mineral sands") to Wensheng in the PRC for a three year period commencing May 2018. The Agreement further makes provision for penalties payable by each side for not meeting their obligations by applying a penalty interest of 24% p.a. against the RMB20 million advance deposit. Payment to the Group under the Agreement is based on the actual amount of zircon, ilmenite and rutile, etc. contained in the mineral sands, which is only determined once the mineral sands is shipped and processed by Wensheng in the PRC. Delivery of the mineral sands have been fallen behind the schedule as a result of the deferral of commencement of operations of the Senegal project. The Group has continued to engage in dialogue with Wensheng and the revised commencement of deliveries of product is estimated to be March 2019.

The funds from Wensheng have allowed the Group to progress the Senegal project by enabling the Group to have the necessary funds to purchase various essential plant & equipment as well as prepare the site for essential infrastructure to commence mining operations.

(b) Other payables

Included in other payables was a balance of \$2,039,571 (2017: \$1,539,571) in aggregate due to 2 related companies as detailed in note 28.6.

21. Borrowings

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Current				
Short term borrowings	28.6	76,080	76,080	-

During the year ended 30 June 2017 and 2018, Executive Director, Mdm Kang Rong, advanced the Group \$76,080 for working capital. The loan is provided interest free and repayable on demand.

22. Provisions

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
Current				
Employee entitlements		82,748	58,088	67,783
Non-current				
Environmental rehabilitation	(a)	-	40,000	40,000

(a) Provision for environmental rehabilitation

The provision for rehabilitation represented the estimated costs to rehabilitate the DMS evaluation excavation which was completed during the year.

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23. Taxation

23.1 Liabilities

	2018	2017	1 July 2016
	\$	\$	\$
Current tax liability	-	-	-
Deferred tax liability arises from the following:			
Capitalised expenditure	5,223,713	4,466,931	5,151,117
Provisions and other timing differences	(49,369)	(73,666)	(60,522)
Blackhole expenditure	(926)	(4,465)	(11,116)
	5,173,418	4,388,800	5,079,479

23.2 Deferred tax assets not brought to account

Deferred tax assets are not brought to account, as benefits will only be realised if the conditions for deductibility set out in note 2.5 occur.

	2018	2017	1 July 2016
	\$	\$	\$
Tax losses:			
- Revenue losses (China)	4,673,660	4,673,660	3,961,477
- Capital losses	13,538,262	13,538,262	14,769,013

23.3 Tax recoverable

This represents payment of provisional tax which was recoverable as there was no tax liability in view of the tax losses incurred.

	2018	2017	1 July 2016
	\$	\$	\$
Current tax asset	-	-	460,380

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24. Issued Capital

	2018 \$	2017 \$	1 July 2016 \$
		(restated)	(restated)
122,479,784 (2017: 122,479,784) Fully Paid Ordinary Shares	76,549,865	76,549,865	76,549,865

24.1 Reconciliation of ordinary shares (number)

	2018	2017	1 July 2016
At 1 July	122,479,784	122,479,784	122,479,784
At 30 June	122,479,784	122,479,784	122,479,784

During the year, management of the Company became aware that the amount of share capital of the Company reported in the Company's Annual Return to the Hong Kong Companies Registry was not the same as the share capital reported in the Company's Annual Report to shareholders. The directors understand the discrepancy has arisen since the enactment of the (revised) Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622) ("New HK CO") in March 2014. Under the New HK CO, all Hong Kong-incorporated companies moved to a "no-par value" share regime. Accordingly, any share premium outstanding at the date the New HK CO was enacted was automatically assumed into share capital of the entity. At the date the New HK Co was enacted the Company had outstanding share premium of approximately HK\$1,273,000,000 (equivalent to approximately \$167,000,000). The directors were not aware of these changes under the New HK CO and did not adjust the Company's share capital accordingly against the Group's retained income reflected in the Group's annual consolidated financial statements. The matter was further complicated by a subsequent share capital reduction of approximately HK\$664,000,000 (equivalent to approximately \$92,000,000) by way of distribution to shareholders in April 2014. The necessary correcting entries to properly reflect the Company and Group's share capital for the current and prior year, in line with the requirements of the New HK CO have now been put through. This change has had no effect on the Group's assets or liabilities, and the change has only affected the composition of its share capital and retained earnings, further details of which are set out in note 2.1.

24.2 Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares participate in dividends and the proceeds on winding up of the parent entity in proportion to the number of shares held.

At the shareholders meetings, each ordinary share is entitled to one vote when a poll is called; otherwise each shareholder has one vote on a show of hands.

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For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

24. Issued Capital (continued)

24.3 Capital risk management

The Group considers its capital to comprise its ordinary share capital, reserves, accumulated retained earnings and net debt.

In managing its capital, the Group's primary objective is to ensure its continued ability to provide a consistent return for its equity shareholders through a combination of capital growth and dividends. In order to achieve this objective, the Group has made decisions to adjust its capital structure to achieve these aims, either through altering its dividend policy, new share issues, or share buy backs, the Group considers not only its short-term position but also its long term operational and strategic objectives.

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Net debt	-	-
Total equity	99,808,431	102,658,339

There have been no significant changes to the Group's capital management objectives, policies and processes in the year nor has there been any change in what the Group considers to be its capital.

24.4 Share based payments

As at 30 June 2018, there were no key executives that had any rights to acquire shares in terms of a share-based payment scheme for employee remuneration. The creation and grant would be subject to shareholder approval.

A share based payment of \$913,104 was recognised in 2017 after certain milestones with respect to the Senegal project were achieved by a project consultant. This represents a 3% equity interest in the project, calculated by reference to the Senegal project's fair value and to be satisfied by the issue of shares in a Senegalese subsidiary.

25. Reserves

25.1 Foreign currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve records exchange differences arising on translation of foreign controlled subsidiaries. The reserve balance at 30 June 2018 is \$10,655,795 (2017: \$8,799,756).

25.2 Share based payment reserve

The share-based payment reserve records the amount of expense raised in terms of equity-settled share-based payment transactions. The reserve balance at 30 June 2018 is \$913,104, which was recognised during the last year ended 30 June 2017.

25.3 Available-for-sale financial assets reserve

The available-for-sale financial assets reserve represents the cumulative gains and losses arising on the revaluation of available for sale financial assets that have been recognised in other comprehensive income, net of amounts reclassified to profit or loss when those assets have been disposed of or are determined to be impaired.

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26. Holding Company Statement of Financial Position

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$ (restated)	1 July 2016 \$ (restated)
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		2,288	2,351	2,444
Prepayments and other receivables		-	2,004	-
Total current assets		2,288	4,355	2,444
Non-current assets				
Investment in subsidiary		76,549,866	76,549,866	76,549,866
Total non-current assets		76,549,866	76,549,866	76,549,866
TOTAL ASSETS		76,552,154	76,554,221	76,552,310
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities				
Accruals and other payables		45,455	-	1,042
Amount due to a subsidiary		306,968	175,891	150,334
Total current liabilities		352,423	175,891	151,376
TOTAL LIABILITIES		352,423	175,891	151,376
NET ASSETS		76,199,731	76,378,330	76,400,934
EQUITY				
Issued capital	24	76,549,865	76,549,865	76,549,865
Foreign currency translation reserve		(27,971)	(15,329)	(21,607)
Retained earnings		(322,163)	(156,206)	(127,324)
TOTAL EQUITY		76,199,731	76,378,330	76,400,943



Mdm Kang Rong



Mr. Gerard King

Astron Corporation Limited

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27. Dividends

During the current and prior years, no dividend was proposed or paid.

Franking account balance:

Franking credits available for the subsequent financial years based on a tax rate of 27.5% (2017: 27.5%)

2018	2017
\$	\$
286,770	286,770

The above amount represents the balance on the franking account at the end of the financial year arising from income tax payable.

28. Related party transactions

28.1 Parent entity

Astron Corporation Limited is the parent entity of the Group.

28.2 Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are disclosed in note 15.

28.3 Transactions with key management personnel

Key management of the Group are the executive members of the Board of Directors. Key Management Personnel remuneration includes the following expenses:

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits		
Salaries and fees	889,593	895,428
Non-cash benefits	10,966	22,559
Total short-term employee benefits	900,559	917,987
Post-employment benefits		
Payments in lieu of notice	-	-
Superannuation	30,247	31,146
Total post-employment benefits	30,247	31,146
Total Key Management Personnel remuneration	930,806	949,133

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28. Related party transactions (continued)

28.3 Transactions with key management personnel (continued)

Directors' Emoluments

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap.622) (the Ordinance) and the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation (Cap.622G) (the Regulation) are as follows:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Short term employee benefits		
Salaries and fees (note)	609,589	609,589
Post-employment benefits	10,411	10,411
Total directors' emoluments	620,000	620,000

Note:

The amount included management fee of \$500,000 payable to Juhua International Limited and Firback Finance Limited which Mdm Kang Rong and Mr Alex Brown was the beneficial owner of the Company respectively.

28.4 Interest free loans

All subsidiary companies are wholly owned with any interest free loans being eliminated on consolidation.

28.5 Management services provided

Management and administrative services are provided at no cost to subsidiaries. Astron Limited predominantly incurs directors fees, management and administration services for the Group, these costs are applicable to Group entities however they are not re-allocated to the Group.

28.6 Related Party Loans

During the year ended 30 June 2017, Executive Director Mdm Kang Rong advanced Astron \$76,080 for working capital. The loan is provided interest free and repayable on demand.

As at 30 June 2018 there are unpaid Directors and management fees payable to Directors' related entities as follows:

- Mdm Kang Rong, Juhua International Limited of \$943,732 (2017: \$693,732); and
- Mr Alex Brown, Firback Finance Limited of \$1,095,839 (2017: \$845,839)

The above liabilities have been subordinated and will not be called upon unless and until such time that Astron Corporation Limited has available funds or is generating positive operating cash flows from operations.

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29. Commitments

29.1 Operating lease commitments

There are no non-cancellable operating leases contracted for but not capitalised in the financial statements (2017: nil)

29.2 Capital expenditure commitments

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Capital expenditure commitments contracted for:		
- Chinese capital projects	537,151	1,105,040
- Senegal	722,234	912,415
- DMS	50,000	50,000
	1,309,385	2,067,455
Payable:		
- not later than 12 months	1,309,385	2,067,455
	1,309,385	2,067,455

29.3 Water rights

In terms of the contract with GWM Water, the usage fee in 2018 is \$218,178 (2017: \$215,318) per quarter for the remaining life of the water rights. GWM Water has agreed an extension of up to 4 years subject to terms and conditions in accordance with the "Deed of Variation" as set out in note 17(d).

29.4 Guarantees between subsidiaries

Astron Limited has provided a letter of support to the Victorian Department of Economic Development, Jobs, Transport and Resources to fund any expenditure incurred by Donald Mineral Sands Pty Limited.

29.5 Other commitments and contingencies

Land

In 2008 Astron Titanium (Yingkou) Co Ltd holds two land sites acquired from the Chinese Government. The Group is discussing possible changes to the usage rights with the Government. The Directors believe that no significant loss will be incurred to the Group in relation to the land use rights. As at the 30 June 2018, the net book value of this land is \$3,116,708 (2017: \$3,010,784).

Minimum expenditure on exploration and mining licenses

To maintain the Exploration and Mining License's at Donald, the Group is required to spend \$1,604,300 on exploration and development expenditure over the next year (2017: \$1,737,100). The minimum expenditure amount per annum will normally increase over the life of an exploration license. The minimum expenditure on the mining license 5532 is \$556,800 per annum. The amount of this expenditure could be reduced should the Group decide to relinquish land.

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30. Cash Flow Information

30.1 Reconciliation of cash provided by operating activities with profit attributable to members

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Loss before income tax expense	(3,886,129)	(4,009,418)
<i>Non-cash flows in loss from ordinary activities</i>		
Depreciation and amortisation	699,490	563,737
Loss on sale of property, plant & equipment	17,858	-
Gain on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	-	21,140
Impairment and write downs	142,039	-
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables	(3,423,382)	163,760
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	480,648	(1,157,789)
Increase in trade payables and accruals	2,659,519	397,742
Tax incentive received on research and development	-	727,895
Effects on foreign exchange rate movement	(6,045)	(5,258)
	(3,316,002)	(3,298,191)

30.2 Reconciliation of cash

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash at the end of the financial year as shown in the cash flow statement is reconciled to items in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:			
Cash on hand	10	21,389	10,812
Current & call account balances	10	3,146,159	1,306,419
		3,167,548	1,317,231

30.3 Loan facilities

As at 30 June 2018, the Group did not have any loan facilities.

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30. Cash Flow Information (continued)

30.4 Non-cash financing and investing activities

No dividends were paid in cash or by the issue of shares under a dividend reinvestment plan during the current year and prior year.

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows from financing activities.

	Trade and other payables (note 20(a)) \$
Changes from cash flows:	
Deposits received in advance	4,080,567
Total changes from financing cash flows:	4,080,567
Exchange adjustments:	370,713
At 30 June 2018 (note 20)	4,451,280

30.5 Acquisition of entities

During the current or last years, the Company did not invest any funds into its Chinese subsidiaries. During the current year, Astron did not acquire any new entities.

30.6 Disposal of entities

There were no disposals of entities in the current or prior financial years.

30.7 Restrictions on cash

Bank balances did not include any letter of credit deposits at 30 June 2018 (2017: \$nil).

31. Employee Benefit Obligations

As at 30 June 2018 and 2017, the majority of employees are employed in China. In accordance with normal business practice in China, employee benefits must be fully utilized annually. Chinese provisions for employee entitlements at year end would be insignificant.

32. Subsequent Events

As at 30 June 2018, \$6,381,359 is due to the Group from the 2015 sale of surplus land in China. Subsequent to year end, \$3.1 million has been received against this receivable in July 2018.

No other matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Group in future financial years.

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33. Financial Risk Management

33.1 General objectives, policies and processes

In common with all other businesses, the Group is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these financial statements.

There have been no substantive changes in the Group's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous periods unless otherwise stated in this note. The principal financial instruments from which financial instrument risk arises are cash at bank, term deposits greater than 90 days, trade receivables and payables and available-for-sale investments.

The Board has overall responsibility for the determination of the Group's risk management objectives and policies. The Groups' risk management policies and objectives are therefore designed to minimise the potential impacts of these risks on the results of the Group where such impacts may be material. The Group has significant experience in its principal markets which provides the Directors with assurance as to the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets. The Group engages a number of external professionals to ensure compliance with best practice principles.

The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Group's competitiveness and flexibility. Further details regarding these policies are set out below:

33.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that the other party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their obligation resulting in the Group incurring a financial loss. This usually occurs when debtors or counterparties to derivative contracts fail to settle their obligations owing to the Group.

In respect of cash investments, around half of cash, cash equivalents and term deposits greater than 90 days are held with institutions with a AA to BA1 credit rating. As set out in note 10.2, the other half of the Group's cash was held with a local PRC bank which did not have any credit rating.

In respect of trade receivables, there is concentration of credit risk as 94% of the Group's trade debtors is from 2 customers. Group policy is that sales are only made to customers that are credit worthy. Trade receivables are predominantly situated in China.

Other receivables include \$6,381,359 (2017: \$10,050,196) being the land sale receivable from the Yingkou Provincial government.

Credit risk is managed on a Group basis and reviewed regularly by management and Audit & Risk Committee. It arises from exposures to customers as well as through certain derivative financial instruments and deposits with financial institutions.

Refer to note 10 for concentration of credit risk for cash and cash equivalents.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

33. Financial Risk Management (continued)

33.2 Credit risk (continued)

The maximum exposure of the Group to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Cash & cash equivalents	3,167,548	1,317,231
Term deposits with maturity over 90 days	61,112	60,898
Trade and other receivables - current and non-current	11,758,892	12,484,682
Total	14,987,552	13,862,811

33.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group may encounter difficulties raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments, e.g. borrowing repayments. The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring forecast cash flows. As at the year end the Group had cash of \$3,167,548 (2017: \$1,317,231).

Maturity analysis

	Note	Carrying Amount \$	Contractual Cash flows \$	< 6 months \$	> 6 months \$
Year ended 30 June 2018					
Non-derivatives					
Trade and note payables	20	4,811,014	4,811,014	4,811,014	-
Other payables and accruals	20	2,348,598	2,348,598	2,348,598	-
Borrowings	21	76,080	76,080	76,080	-
Total non-interest bearing liabilities		7,235,692	7,235,692	7,235,692	-
Total liabilities		7,235,692	7,235,692	7,235,692	-
Year ended 30 June 2017					
Non-derivatives					
Trade payables	20	2,436,546	2,436,546	2,436,546	-
Other payables and accruals	20	2,926,095	2,926,095	2,926,095	-
Borrowings	21	76,080	76,080	76,080	-
Total non-interest bearing liabilities		5,438,721	5,438,721	5,438,721	-
Total liabilities		5,438,721	5,438,721	5,438,721	-

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

33. Financial Risk Management (continued)

33.4 Fair value

The fair values of

- Listed investments have been valued at the quoted market price at the end of the reporting period.
- Other assets and other liabilities approximate their carrying value.

At 30 June 2018 and 30 June 2017, the aggregate fair values and carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their carrying amounts.

Available-for-sale financial instruments are recognised in the statement of financial position of the Group according to the hierarchy stipulated in HKFRS 7.

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Available-for-sale financial assets		
ASX Listed equity shares Level 1	49,160	217,293
	49,160	217,293

The Group does not have any Level 2 or 3 financial assets.

33.5 Price risk

Given that price movements are not considered material to the Group, the Group does not have a risk management policy for price risk. However, the Group's management regularly review the risks associated with fluctuating input and output prices.

As at 30 June 2018, the maximum exposure of price risk to the Group was the available-for-sale investments for \$49,160 (2017: \$217,293). 100% of the Group's holding is in the mining or energy sector.

The Group's exposure to equity price risk is as follows:

	2018 \$	2017 \$
Carrying amount of listed equity shares on ASX	49,160	217,293
	49,160	217,293

Astron Corporation Limited

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

33. Financial Risk Management (continued)

33.5 Price risk (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

	2018		2017	
	\$		\$	
	Increase/(Decrease) in share price		Increase/(Decrease) in share price	
	+10%	-10%	+10%	-10%
Listed equity shares on ASX				
Profit before tax - decrease	-	(4,916)	-	(21,729)
Other comprehensive income - increase	4,916	-	21,729	-

The above analysis assumes all other variables remain constant.

33.6 Interest rate risk

The Group manages its interest rate risk by monitoring available interest rates and maintaining an overriding position of security whereby around half the Group's cash and cash equivalents and term deposits are held with institutions with a AA to BA1 credit rating while the other half is held with an unrated bank in PRC.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

33. Financial Risk Management (continued)

33.6 Interest rate risk (continued)

The Groups' exposure to interest rate risk and the effective weighted average interest rate by maturity periods is set out in the tables below:

	Weighted Average Effective Interest Rate		Floating Interest Rate		Fixed Interest Rate Maturing within 1 Year		Non-interest Bearing		Total	
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
	%	%	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial Assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	0.90%	0.90%	3,041,913	1,203,107	104,246	103,312	21,389	10,812	3,167,548	1,317,231
Term deposits greater than 90 days	0.90%	1.0%	-	-	61,112	60,898	-	-	61,112	60,898
Trade and other receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,700,541	12,484,682	11,700,541	12,484,682
Available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	49,160	217,293	49,160	217,293
Total Financial Assets			3,041,913	1,203,107	165,358	164,210	11,771,090	12,712,787	14,978,361	14,080,104
Financial Liabilities:										
Trade and other payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,610,892	5,362,641	11,610,892	5,362,641
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,080	76,080	76,080	76,080
Total Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,686,972	5,438,721	11,686,972	5,438,721

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

33. Financial Risk Management (continued)

33.6 Interest rate risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table shows the movements in profit due to higher/lower interest costs from variable interest rate financial instruments in Australia and China.

	+ 1% (100 basis points)		-1% (100 basis points)	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash at bank	31,675	13,172	(31,675)	(13,172)
Term deposits greater than 90-days	611	609	(611)	(609)
Borrowings	(761)	(761)	761	761
	31,525	13,020	(31,525)	(13,020)
Tax charge of 27.5%	(8,669)	(3,581)	8,669	3,581
Total	22,856	9,439	(22,856)	(9,439)

33.7 Foreign currency risk

The Group is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies arising from the sale and purchase of goods and services in currencies other than the Group's measurement currency. The Group manages this risk through the offset of trade receivables and payables where the majority of trading is undertaken in either the USD or RMB. Current trading terms ensure that foreign currency risk is reduced by not trading on terms but cash on delivery.

Astron Corporation Limited



Declaration by Directors

For The Year Ended 30 June 2018

The Directors of the company declare that:

1. The financial statements, comprising the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity, accompanying notes, are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2018 and of its performance for the year ended on that date.
2. In the Directors' opinion, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors and is signed for and on behalf of the Directors by:

Mdm Kang Rong

Director

Mr Gerard King

Director

29 September 2018

Independent Auditor's Report

To the members of Astron Corporation Limited
(incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Astron Corporation Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries (together "the Group") set out on pages 18 to 79, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2018, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2018, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to note 2.1 in the consolidated financial statements, which indicates that as at 30 June 2018, the Group incurred a loss of \$4,670,747 and had a net cash outflow of \$3,316,999 from operating activities during the year ended 30 June 2018. These conditions along with other matters set out in note 2.1 indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to note 2.1 of the consolidated financial statements, which states that the directors of the Company have made certain restatements to the comparative figures included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Impairment of exploration and evaluation assets and development costs

Refer to note 17 and 18 to the consolidated financial statements

In accordance with *HKFRS 6 Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources*, the Group is required to assess at each reporting date if there are any triggers for impairment which may suggest the carrying value is in excess of the recoverable value. The process undertaken by management to assess whether there are any impairment triggers in each area of interest involves an element of management judgement. At 30 June 2018, the market capitalisation of the Group was significantly less than the consolidated net assets, which is a trigger for impairment. Once impairment indicators trigger an impairment review, management is required to perform impairment testing in accordance with *HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets*.

We have identified impairment of exploration and evaluation assets and development costs as a key audit matter because of its significance to the consolidated financial statements and because the management's value-in-use calculations involve significant management judgement with respect to the underlying cash flow forecast, in particular the growth rate, and discount rate.

Our Response:

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment review of property, plant and equipment, exploration and evaluation assets and development costs included:

- obtaining management's calculation of the recoverable amount of the projects and comparing to the methodology as required under *HKAS 36*;
- tracing the ownership of licences to statutory registers maintained by third parties to determine whether a right of tenure existed;
- challenging and corroborating key assumptions made by management, including those made by the management experts, relating to the recoverability of the projects for their reasonableness, including assessing the Group's intent and ability to carry out significant exploration and evaluation and development activities in the relevant areas;
- understanding the sources of data used to prepare the value-in-use calculation and evaluating the appropriateness of those sources the performing procedures to test the reliability of the data;
- understanding whether any data exists to suggest that the carrying value of these exploration and evaluation assets are unlikely to be recovered through development or sale;
- understanding and evaluating the appropriateness of the method used, the reasonableness of assumptions used for the determination of discount rate; and
- reviewing the appropriateness of the related disclosures within the financial statements.

Impairment of land use right receivable

In accordance with *HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*, at the end of each reporting period, individually significant receivables are required to be assessed for objective evidence of impairment. As explained in note 11.1, at 30 June 2018, the Group had a long outstanding land use right receivable of \$6,381,359 which is outside the agreed terms of payment. We have identified the impairment of land use right receivable as a key audit matter due to the judgement required to assess the recoverability of the land use right receivable.

Key Audit Matters (continued)

Impairment of land use right receivable (continued)

Our Response:

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment review of the land use right receivable included:

- discussing with management and understanding management's basis of estimation of allowance for receivables;
- understanding management's process over the regular assessment of impairment on receivables;
- assessing the accuracy of management's estimate of the likelihood of debts collection based on historic collection records;
- tracing to bank statements for the amounts remitted to the Group during the year ended 30 June 2018;
- tracing subsequent receipts of RMB15,000,000 (equivalent to \$3,061,162) to post year end bank statements; and
- obtaining confirmation directly from the debtor of the amount due to the Group at 30 June 2018.

Other Matter

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2017 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion with an emphasis of matter on material uncertainty related to going concern on those statements on 29 September 2017.

Other Information in the Annual Report

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Prior to the date of this auditor's report, we have obtained the directors' report and investor information but have not obtained the remaining other information included in the annual report (the "Remaining Other Information", which is expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 405 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'BDO h.m.t.l', is positioned above the printed name.

BDO Limited
Certified Public Accountants
Jonathan Russell Leong
Practising Certificate Number P03246

Hong Kong, 29 September 2018

Astron Corporation Limited

Investor Information

Investor Information

2018/2019 Financial Calendar (on or before)

Release of quarterly report	31 October 2018
2018 Annual general meeting	30 November 2018
Release of quarterly report	30 January 2019
Release of half year report	27 February 2019
Release of quarterly report	30 April 2019
Release of Appendix 4E	28 August 2019

Additional information required by the Australian Securities Exchange Ltd and not shown elsewhere in this report is as follows.

The information is current as at 26 September 2018.

Shareholders' interests

(a) Distribution of equity securities

The number of shareholders by size of holding in each class of share are:

Range of Units Snapshot

	Total holders	Units	% of Issued Capital
1 - 1,000	118	54,453	0.04
1,001 - 5,000	104	304,882	0.25
5,001 - 10,000	49	388,875	0.32
10,001 - 100,000	108	3,913,664	3.20
100,001 - 9,999,999,999	36	117,814,904	96.19
Total	417	122,476,778	100.00

Non CDI holders

1-1,000	4	306
1,001-5,000	1	2,700
Total	5	3,006

Unmarketable Parcels

	Minimum parcel size	Holders	Units
Minimum \$ 500.00 parcel at \$0.22 per unit	2,273	154	115,017

Astron Corporation Limited

Investor Information continued

(b) Twenty largest CDI holders

The twenty largest CDI holders are as follows:

Rank	Name	Units	% of Total CDIs
1.	P T Arafua Mining Limited	94,165,972	76.88
2.	FSC Investment Holdings Ltd	7,437,092	6.07
3.	Juhua International Limited	4,000,000	3.27
4.	Mr Guodong Gong	2,091,340	1.71
5.	Mr Donald Alexander Black	1,389,053	1.13
6.	Mr Darrell Vaughan Manton + Mrs Veronica Josephine Manton <The Manton Family No 2 A/C>	933,364	0.76
7.	Mr Milton Yannis	762,018	0.62
8.	HSBC Custody Nominees (Australia) Limited	734,166	0.60
9.	Mr Adrian Robert Nijman + Mrs Jenny Ann Nijman	650,000	0.53
10.	Mr Robert Brydon Rudd	449,934	0.37
11.	Cognition Australia Pty Ltd <A&M Gall Superannuation A/C>	381,468	0.31
12.	Navigator Australia Ltd <MLC Investment Sett A/C>	341,148	0.28
13.	Capel Court Corporation Pty Limited <PEJ Murray Super Fund A/C>	330,000	0.27
14.	Bresrim Nominees Pty Ltd <D A Hannes Super Fund #2 A/C>	328,342	0.27
15.	Bond Street Custodians Limited <TMX - D62224 A/C>	300,000	0.24
16.	Max Short Pty Ltd <GI Short Family A/C>	289,260	0.24
17.	Ellrock Pty Ltd <Elliott No 3 A/C>	260,000	0.21
18.	Clydebank Investments Pty Ltd <Fran Herd Super Fund A/C>	230,000	0.19
19.	Mr Malcolm Campbell	204,400	0.17
20.	Taydyn Pty Ltd	202,060	0.16
Totals: Top 20 holders of CDI		115,479,617	94.29
Total Remaining Holders Balance		6,997,161	5.71
Total CDIs		122,476,778	100.00
Total non-CDI holders		3,006	
Total shares on issue		122,479,784	

(c) Voting rights

All ordinary shares (whether fully paid or not) carry one vote per share without restriction.

Astron Corporation Limited

Investor Information continued

(d) Schedule of interests in mining tenements

Location	Tenement	Percentage held
Victoria Australia	EL5186	100
Victoria Australia	RL 2002	100
Victoria Australia	RL 2003	100
Victoria Australia	RL 2006	100
Victoria Australia	MIN5532	100

Information policy

It is the policy of the Company to conform with the highest reporting and information standards to its shareholders. Company spokespeople are available and pleased to respond to queries from financial community, investors and shareholders.

During the year, the Group held one shareholder information session meeting and at the meeting active discussions took place and questions were answered.

All these initiatives will continue to be improved and expanded in the coming year with the objective of providing the fullest and most detailed information to shareholders consistent with the Company's objectives.

Information on the group and presentations to analysts can be obtained from the Company's Website www.astronlimited.com.

To assist and improve service to shareholders related to the administration of the fully registered shares shareholders can contact our share registry service.

Shareholders can also contact the Company directly by telephone in Australia +61 3 5385 7088

Astron Corporation Limited

Investor Information continued

Salient Financials	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Share price* (\$)	0.20	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.32	0.71	1.30	1.50	0.90
EPS (c)	(3.81)	(2.12)	(3.60)	6.52	(6.19)	(4.46)	(0.80)	0.70	0.90
Price earnings Ratio	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	221.4	105.6
Interest Cover	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Nos of Shares on issue (m)*	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	122.5	124.6	128.4
Profit and Loss (\$m)									
Total income	5.4	2.6	1.1	13.9	5.1	13.0	21.0	20.5	15.3
Costs	(8.5)	(6.0)	(5.4)	(8.3)	(10.9)	(17.8)	(20.4)	(17.0)	(12.2)
EBITDA	(3.1)	(3.4)	(4.3)	5.6	(5.8)	(4.8)	0.6	3.5	3.1
Depreciation & Amortisation	(0.7)	(0.6)	(0.7)	(0.7)	(0.5)	(0.6)	(0.5)	(0.4)	(0.3)
EBITDA	(3.8)	(4.0)	(5.0)	4.9	(6.3)	(5.4)	0.1	3.1	2.8
Borrowing Costs	(0.1)	-	-	-	-	(0.1)	-	-	(0.1)
NPBT	(3.9)	(4.0)	(5.0)	4.9	(6.3)	(5.5)	0.1	3.1	2.7
Income tax benefit/(expense)	(0.8)	1.4	0.6	3.1	(1.3)	(0.0)	(1.1)	(2.2)	(1.5)
NPAT	(4.7)	(2.6)	(4.4)	8.0	(7.6)	(5.5)	(1.0)	0.9	1.2
Balance Sheet (\$m)									
Cash & Term deposits	3.3	1.4	5.2	5.9	10.1	108.1	121.2	147.4	166.5
Receivables	8.4	6.1	14.1	17.4	1.6	5.0	4.2	7.5	2.6
Inventories	1.4	1.9	0.7	0.8	0.4	2.2	5.1	3.7	1.3
Other financial Assets	-	0.2	0.5	0.9	1.2	1.0	1.9	2.5	0.7
Current Tax Assets	-	-	0.5	1.2	0.6	0.3	-	-	-
Assets classified as available for sale	-	-	-	-	6.7	-	-	-	-
Total Current Assets	13.1	9.6	21.0	26.2	20.6	116.6	132.4	161.1	171.1
Property, Plant & Equipment	22.6	20.0	21.0	22.4	20.9	21.1	16.7	12.4	11.4
Trade & other receivables	3.4	6.4	-	3.9	-	-	-	-	-
Intangible assets	68.0	73.6	69.1	64.9	61.2	56.2	48.6	27.0	21.8
Development costs	6.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Land use rights	3.1	3.0	3.3	3.5	2.9	10.0	8.7	8.3	10.0
Deferred Tax Assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Current Assets	103.7	103.0	93.4	94.7	85.0	87.3	74.0	47.7	43.2
TOTAL ASSETS	116.8	112.6	114.4	120.9	105.6	203.9	206.4	208.8	214.3
Payables	11.7	5.4	3.6	2.2	2.5	1.9	2.2	2.2	1.5
Borrowings	0.1	0.1	-	1.0	-	0.3	0.2	-	-
Tax Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.2	0.2
Total Current Liabilities	11.8	5.5	3.6	3.3	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.4	1.7
Deferred Tax	5.2	4.4	5.1	5.2	6.3	5.0	5.0	4.6	2.9
Total Non-Current Liabilities	5.2	4.4	5.1	5.2	6.3	5.0	5.0	4.6	2.9
Total liabilities	17.0	9.9	8.7	8.5	8.8	7.3	7.5	7.0	4.6
NET ASSETS	99.8	102.7	105.7	112.4	96.8	196.6	198.9	201.8	209.7
Cash Flows (\$m)									
Operating Activities	(3.3)	(3.2)	(2.5)	(3.7)	(0.8)	(3.3)	3.2	(1.5)	4.0
Investing Activities	0.3	-	3.3	3.8	49.8	(11.0)	(27.8)	(17.9)	(57.8)
Financing Activities	4.1	-	(1.0)	1.0	92.1	0.1	(4.2)	(5.1)	(1.2)

* After 2:1 share swap and return of capital in 2015

Astron Corporation Limited

Directors

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Mr Alexander Brown (Managing Director)

Mdm Kang Rong (Executive Director)

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