



19 August 2020

The Manager-Listings
Australian Securities Exchange Limited
Exchange Centre
20 Bridge Street
SYDNEY NSW 2000

Via electronic lodgement

Dear Sir / Madam

COPIES OF SLIDES FOR INVESTOR PRESENTATION AND WEBCAST

At 5.00pm AEST / 8.00am BST today, Graham Chipchase, Chief Executive Officer and Nessa O'Sullivan, Chief Financial Officer, will host an investor briefing on Brambles' results for the full-year ended 30 June 2020.

Attached are the slides which will be presented at the briefing.

The slides and webcast will be available on the Brambles' website at brambles.com

The release of this announcement was authorised by a Special Committee of the Board of Brambles Limited.

Yours faithfully

Brambles Limited

Robert Gerrard
Group Company Secretary

Brambles

**Full-year 2020
Results
presentation**

19 August 2020

Connecting
people with
life's essentials,
every day

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Results highlights

GRAHAM CHIPCHASE, CEO

FY20 highlights

Resilient revenue growth and strong cash flow generation

- FY20 results reflect the efforts of our people, the agility of our network and the resilience of our 'share and reuse' business model
- Sales revenue and Underlying Profit in line with guidance:
 - Sales revenue +6%¹ as resilient growth in global pallet businesses offset declines in Automotive container and Kegstar keg-pooling businesses; and
 - Underlying Profit +4%¹ (including AASB 16² impact) as strong pallets performance offset 3-percentage point impact of declines in the Automotive and Kegstar businesses
- Progress across CHEP Americas:
 - US margin up 1% and on track to meet target of 2-3pt uplift by FY22³; and
 - Latin America delivered strong revenue growth and a material improvement in asset efficiency
- Significant improvement in cash flow generation driven by increased earnings, disciplined capital expenditure and effective working capital management
- ROCI of 16.7% remains strong despite (1.5pt) impact of AASB 16
- Key 2020 sustainability goals achieved

¹ At constant currency.

² AASB 16 – New leasing standard effective from 1 July 2019.

³ Margin improvement from 1H18 levels, excluding the impact of AASB 15 and 16 accounting changes.

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Leading in sustainability

Recognised as a global leader in sustainability:

Barron's
Rated #1
most sustainable
international company

MSCI
Maximum
AAA rating

Dow Jones Sustainability Indices
96th percentile in
industry category

CIRCULYTICS™
Rated A in
Circular Economy
assessment by the
Ellen MacArthur
Foundation

Ambitious 2020 sustainability goals achieved:

Zero Deforestation

100%
Wood from
certified sources

Emissions

33% CO₂
Reduction per unit
delivered vs. FY15
70%
Energy from certified
renewable sources

Better Supply Chains

1.8m
Trees saved
2.0m
Tonnes CO₂ saved
1.3m
Tonnes of waste
diverted from landfill

Gender Diversity

>30%
Board and
management
positions held
by women

Customer Collaboration

76m kms
Saved through
transport collaboration

Better Communities

0.8%
Pre-tax profits
given to communities

Launching 2025 sustainability goals in September 2020

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Dividends and capital management

- **Total dividends represents a payout ratio of 53% within our targeted payout ratio range of 45-60%¹**
 - Final dividend of US9.0¢ declared, converted and paid as AU12.54¢ and franked at 30%
 - Total dividend declared for FY20 of US18.0¢
- **A\$1.5 billion² of IFCO sale proceeds returned to shareholders**
 - A\$2.4 billion on-market buy-back commenced in June 2019. To date we have purchased 91.7 million shares at a cost of A\$1.05 billion, representing 44% of share buy-back programme
 - A\$453.8 million returned to shareholders in October 2019 comprising a capital return of A12.0¢ per share and a special dividend of A17.0¢ per share
 - Total amount returned to shareholders represents 53% of the A\$2.8 billion Capital Management Programme³

¹ Payout ratio based on Underlying Profit after finance costs and tax, subject to Brambles' cash requirements.

² As at 30 June 2020.

³ Capital Management Programme announced in June 2019.

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Covid-19 impact

"The invisible backbone of global supply chains"

Global pallet businesses

- Consumer staples account for ~80% of Brambles' revenues and underpin the resilience and defensive qualities of the business
- In March and April the business experienced strong levels of activity as a surge in purchasing of consumer staples prompted increased demand for pallets
- From May onwards the business has experienced high levels of volatility in customer demand
- While revenue increased with the elevated pallet volumes, higher costs including transport, handling, and repair were also incurred while managing the associated volatility and disruptions across the network

Automotive container and Kegstar businesses (~5% of group revenue)

- Significantly impacted by Covid-19 with a US\$23 million decline in FY20 Underlying Profit

US accelerated automation programme

- Programme deferred in mid-March due to travel restrictions. Site upgrades recommenced in July

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Covid-19 response

"Connecting people with life's essentials every day"

Our people and communities

- Throughout the pandemic the health and safety of our employees and the communities in which we operate has been our highest priority
- In our global service centre network we deployed additional hygiene and safety procedures
- For office-based employees we transitioned to working from home arrangements

Operationally we have:

- Delivered uninterrupted service to customers;
- Driven improved levels of cash generation; and
- Increased our focus on cost minimisation

Automotive containers and Kegstar

- Reopening of economies leading to early signs of increased activity in our Kegstar and Automotive businesses

Accelerated automation programme

- Programme recommenced in July 2020. We expect to meet our original FY21 site automation targets including the completion of FY20 site upgrades

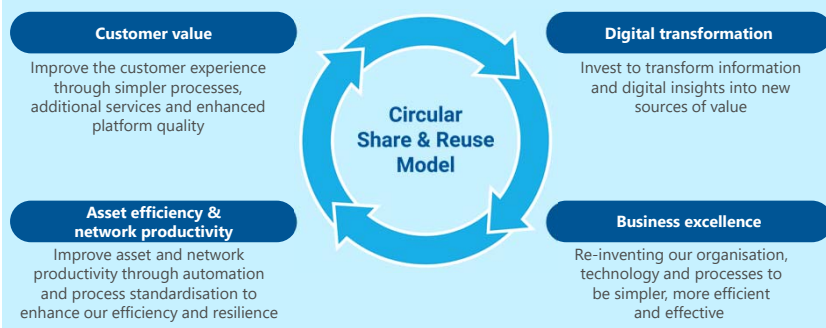


Strategic priorities

Refined focus to ensure agility in times of uncertainty

Brambles' long-term strategic goal remains unchanged – We seek to be the global leader in platform pooling and insight-based solutions to fast moving supply chains through our circular 'share and reuse' business model

In response to increased economic uncertainty and operational volatility we have refined our focus across four strategic themes:



FY21 outlook

Key assumptions and inputs for FY21 outlook include:

- No further widespread lockdowns due to Covid-19 in key markets of operation;
- A U-shaped economic recovery with economic headwinds to persist for the duration of FY21;
- A slow recovery in the Automotive and Kegstar businesses; and
- The broad continuation of current trends in input costs

Within this context, the FY21 outlook is:

- Sales revenue growth between flat to +4% at constant FX rates, with improved Underlying Profit margins;
- Underlying Profit growth between flat to +5% at constant FX rates;
- Free cash flow expected to fund dividends and core business capex with investments to support new business opportunities within the core business and to further develop digital and efficiency objectives.
- Dividend payout ratio to be consistent with our dividend payout policy of 45% to 60%; and
- Share buy-back programme to continue subject to the ongoing assessment of the Group's funding and liquidity requirements in the context of increased volatility and economic uncertainty

Brambles will update its internal FY21 forecast after the first three months of trading and review guidance in this context

July trading: While July may not be representative of the full-year, due to the phasing of government economic stimuli and the timing of known changes in customer contracts, Group revenues in July increased on a like-for-like basis 4% on the prior corresponding period, with high levels of volatility continuing across all regions

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Financial overview

NESSA O'SULLIVAN, CFO

FY20 results

Summary

US\$m	FY20	Change vs. FY19	
		Actual FX	Constant FX
Continuing operations			
Sales revenue	4,733.6	3%	6%
Underlying Profit	795.0	(1)%	4%
Significant Items	(28.0)		
Operating profit	767.0	4%	9%
Net finance costs	(80.8)	9%	5%
Tax expense	(209.0)	(5)%	(10)%
Profit after tax - Continuing	477.2	5%	11%
Loss from discontinued ops ¹	(29.2)		
Profit after tax	448.0	(69)%	(68)%
Effective tax rate - Underlying	29.4%	0.4pts	0.2pts
Statutory EPS (US cents)	28.9	(69)%	(67)%
Underlying EPS (US cents)	32.5	2%	8%

- **Sales growth +6%** reflecting +3% price and +3% volume growth, driven by global pallet businesses
- **Underlying Profit +4%** includes +3pt benefit from AASB 16. Excluding this benefit, pallets sales contribution to profit more than offset US\$23m earnings decline in Automotive and Kegstar, COVID-19 inefficiencies and other cost increases
- **Significant Items of US\$(28.0)m** related to non-cash impairment of Kegstar reflecting Covid-19 impact and uncertainties relating to 'on-premise' beer consumption and ongoing performance of the craft beer segment
- **Net finance costs decreased 5%** despite US\$27.8m of lease interest recognised in FY20 due to AASB 16. Excluding impact of AASB 16, net finance costs decreased US\$35.5m reflecting interest income from Australian dollar deposits and lower debt funded by IFCO sale proceeds received in June 2019
- **Loss from discontinued ops of US\$(29.2)m** includes US\$(26.8)m after tax impairment of receivable from First Reserve and reflects current market conditions in the oil and gas sector
- **Profit after tax (incl. discontinued ops) decreased 68%** as prior-year discontinued operations included the IFCO post-tax gain on sale of US\$945.7m and IFCO earnings of US\$70.9m. Excluding impact of IFCO in prior year, profit after tax increased 5% at constant currency
- **Underlying EPS of 32.5 US cents** up 8% reflecting higher earnings and 0.8 US cent benefit from the share buy-back programme

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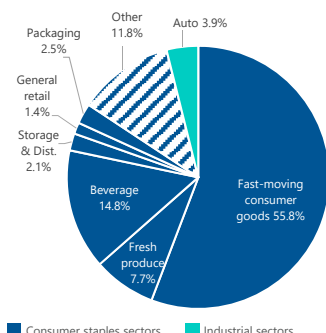
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Covid-19

Operational and financial impact varied across portfolio of businesses

FY20 revenue by sector



Consumer staples-facing businesses, primarily pallets

- Revenue**
- Peak pallet demand in grocery supply chains during March and April 2020 across major markets in North America and Europe, followed by demand volatility in May and June 2020
- Costs/ Cash flow**
- Additional transport miles and repair costs to process record level of pallet collections from retailers while optimising the use of the existing pool to support peaks in customer demand
 - Additional transport miles required to rebalance the pool more frequently due to changes in network dynamics and customer demand peaks
 - Disciplined management of capital investment and cash collection a key focus to ensure strong cash flow generation and manage business risks going into FY21

Automotive and Kegstar businesses

- Revenue**
- Material impact on Automotive and Kegstar businesses from April to June due to closure of global automotive industry and government lockdowns which restricted 'on-premise' consumption of beer
- Costs**
- Cost reduction measures in response to revenue declines and expected sector challenges through FY21
 - Underlying profit in FY21 expected to be below FY20 levels with progressive return to pre-Covid-19 levels expected by FY22

US\$(23)m
impact on
Group
Underlying
Profit

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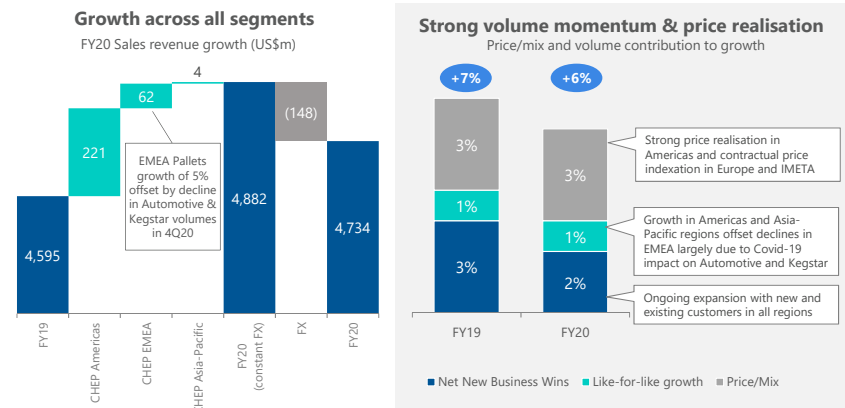
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FY20 Group sales growth

Growth in pallets offset Covid-19 headwinds in Automotive & Kegstar



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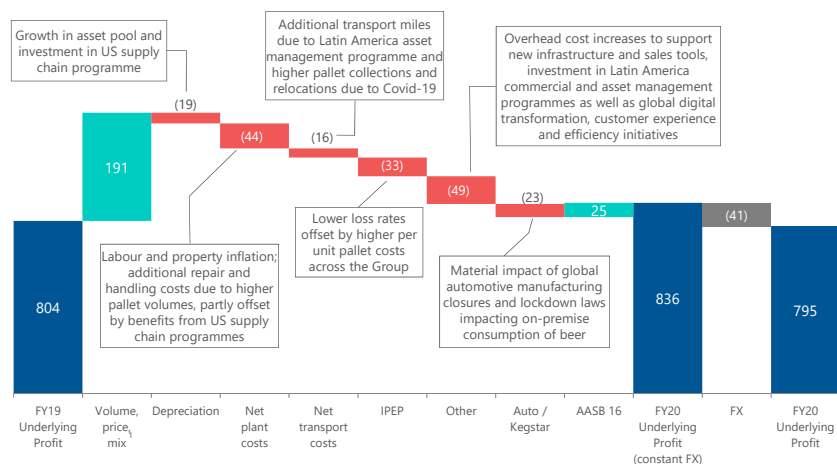
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Group profit analysis (US\$m)

Sales contribution offset Covid-19 impacts & other cost increases



¹ Sales growth net of volume-related costs (excluding depreciation and IPEP).

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CHEP Americas

Strong sales growth and profit leverage driven by US margin expansion

Including AASB 16	FY20	Change vs. FY19	
(US\$m)		Actual FX	Constant FX
US	1,807.9	9%	9%
Canada	279.2	5%	7%
Latin America	325.4	4%	15%
Pallets	2,412.5	8%	10%
Containers	56.5	(4)%	(3)%
Sales revenue	2,469.0	8%	10%
Underlying Profit	342.5	15%	17%
Margin	13.9%	0.9pts	0.9pts
ROCI	14.5%	(0.9)pts	(0.8)pts

FY20 performance:

- Pallets revenue +10% reflecting price realisation in response to the higher cost-to-serve and strong volume growth including benefit of customer demand increases due to Covid-19

Excluding impact of AASB 16:

- Underlying Profit +13% and margin expansion +0.3pts was driven by **+1pt US margin improvement, in line with guidance** and despite Covid-19 cost pressures;
- Sales contribution to profit and supply chain efficiencies offset:
 - Covid-19 related pallet repair, handling and transport costs due to higher volumes and focus on disciplined capital management;
 - Higher plant costs due to stringer-to-block pallet transition in Canada and labour and property inflation;
 - Higher transport costs due to Latin America asset management programme;
 - Higher IPEP costs despite lower losses, driven by higher FIFO unit pallet costs;
 - Overhead cost increases reflecting investments in resources to support growth, asset and network efficiencies and improved commercial outcomes;
- Latin America delivered double-digit sales and earnings growth as well as strong cash flow generation and increased ROCI; and
- ROCI +0.9pts driven by profitability in the region and material asset efficiency improvements in Latin America

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CHEP Americas margins

US margin increase partly offset by margin pressure in Canada

FY20 weighted contribution to CHEP Americas margin
+0.9pt increase

Key drivers of
FY20 margin performance



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US automation programme

On track to meet automation objectives despite Covid-19 delays

Overview of project

- ~US\$170m capital investment from FY19-FY21, ~5-year payback
- Capital investment to be fully funded by the proceeds from the sale of CHEP Recycled and the HFG JV (US\$252m)
- 50+ plants to be automated

Progress to date

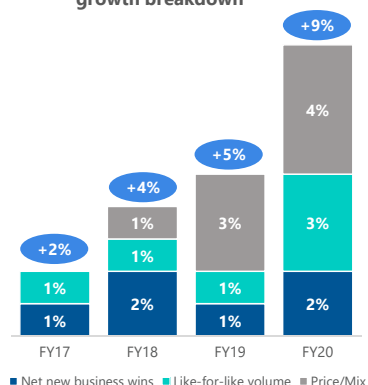
- Plant automation project launched in 2H18
- 28 sites automated to date, with sites delivering in line with investment case
- 9 site implementations delayed in 4Q20 due to Covid-19 travel restrictions
- 24 sites identified for automation in FY21 including sites delayed in 4Q20



US pallets revenue

Strong price realisation and volume growth including demand uplift in 4Q20

US pallets revenue growth breakdown



FY20 revenue growth components:

- **Price/mix growth of 4%** reflecting pricing initiatives to recover higher cost-to-serve;
- **Effective price¹ +3%** reflecting lower surcharge contributions in line with lower lumber and third-party freight rates in FY20;
- **Like-for-like volume growth of 3%** included the benefit of Covid-19 related surge in pallet volumes in March and April 2020; and
- **Net new business wins +2%** largely driven by rollover impact of a major contract win in FY19

FY21 expectations:

- Price growth expected to moderate with the business in the final stages of US 3-year repricing initiatives which commenced in FY18;
- Like-for-like growth expected to return to more normal levels assuming no further spikes in demand due to Covid-19 and subject to prevailing macroeconomic conditions and 'at home' vs. 'on-premise' consumption patterns in FY21; and
- Ongoing net new businesses growth expected to continue within a range of 1-2%

¹ Includes transport and lumber surcharges recognised as an offset to direct costs.

CHEP EMEA

Margins and returns remain strong despite Covid-19 headwinds

Including AASB 16	FY20	Change vs. FY19	
(US\$m)		Actual FX	Constant FX
Europe	1,372.4	1%	5%
IMETA ¹	198.7	(3)%	9%
Pallets	1,571.1	1%	5%
RPCs + Containers	256.7	(12)%	(7)%
Sales revenue	1,827.8	(1)%	3%
Underlying Profit	407.1	(8)%	(2)%
Margin	22.3%	(1.6)pts	(1.2)pts
ROCI	21.4%	(3.5)pts	(3.0)pts

¹ India, Middle East, Turkey and Africa.

FY20 performance reflected:

- Pallets revenue +5% driven by strong net new wins and price realisation. Macroeconomic conditions continue to impact like-for-like volumes; and
- RPC + Containers (including Kegstar) revenue down 7% reflecting the impact of the global automotive manufacturing shutdown and lock-down restrictions limiting 'on-premise' consumption of beer

Excluding impact of AASB 16:

- Underlying Profit down 3% reflecting:
 - Covid-19 impacts including US\$23m decline in Automotive and Kegstar and higher inspection, handling and transport costs to manage pallet demand;
 - Increase in IPEP due to higher pallet unit costs driven by younger pallets being expensed while loss rates remain stable;
 - Depreciation increases in line with pool growth and prior year investment in large automotive contract; and
 - Investments in resources to support business
- Margin of 22.0% and reported ROCI of 22.4% remain strong

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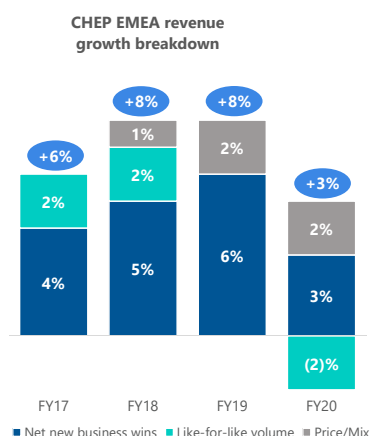
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EMEA sales growth

Growth in pallets offset Covid-19 impact on Automotive and Kegstar businesses



FY20 revenue growth components:

- Price/mix growth of 2%** reflecting contract indexation in the pallets business in line with inflationary cost environment throughout the region;
- Like-for-like volumes down 2%** reflecting the Covid-19 related declines in Automotive and Kegstar volumes. Pallets like-for-like volumes were flat to prior year reflecting challenging conditions flagged to the market going into FY20; and
- Net new business growth of 3%** driven by strong current and prior-year pallet contract wins, primarily in Southern, Central and Eastern Europe

FY21 expectations:

- Automotive: revenue expected to remain subdued for the duration of FY21 and subject to production levels in the global automotive industry;
- Kegstar: growth dependant on Covid-19 developments in key markets impacting 'on-premise' consumption of beer; and
- Pallets: weak macroeconomic conditions in Europe and Brexit-related uncertainty to continue to impact FY21 volume demand and price realisation

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CHEP Asia-Pacific

Growth and cost control in pallets offset by lower RPC earnings

Including AASB 16 (US\$m)	FY20	Change vs. FY19	
		Actual FX	Constant FX
Pallets	340.7	(1)%	5%
RPCs + Containers	96.1	(17)%	(12)%
Sales revenue	436.8	(5)%	1%
Underlying Profit	118.0	-	6%
Margin	27.0%	1.2pts	1.3pts
ROCI	24.1%	(3.8)pts	(3.7)pts

FY20 performance reflects:

- Pallets revenue +5% driven by like-for-like volume growth and price realisation in Australian pallets; and
- RPC + Containers revenue down 12% reflecting prior-year contract loss in the Australian RPC business

Excluding impact of AASB 16:

- Underlying Profit +1% and margins +0.1pt driven by strong sales contribution to profit and delivery of plant efficiencies in Australia; and
- ROCI remains strong with decline of 0.4pts partly due to investment in service centre upgrades

FY21 expectations:

- On-boarding of large Australian RPC contract will drive increased revenues, start-up costs and increased capital expenditure;
- Moderation in pallets sales revenue growth following strong growth in FY20; and
- Ongoing investments in plant infrastructure and supply chain initiatives to support growth and deliver efficiencies

Cash flow

Significant increase in Free Cash Flow before special dividend

(US\$m, actual FX)	FY20	FY19	Change	
EBITDA¹	1,562.9	1,415.1	147.8	Free Cash Flow after ordinary dividends up US\$261.1m, including AASB 16 benefit of US\$114.1m
Capital expenditure (cash basis) ²	(930.1)	(989.4)	59.3	Excluding AASB 16 benefit, Free Cash Flow after ordinary dividends increased US\$147m despite the prior-year comparative including IFCO cash contribution of US\$138m The increase reflects: • Higher earnings, lower capital spend despite volume growth and improved working capital management; • Lower net cash finance costs reflecting interest income on Australian-dollar deposits and reduced interest expense; and • Lower cash tax reflecting lower tax instalment rate and tax payments in prior year relating to IFCO
US supply chain investments ³	(72.7)	(73.0)	0.3	
Proceeds from sale of PP&E	104.4	102.5	1.9	
Working capital movement	108.7	(13.2)	121.9	
Other	(29.3)	(10.2)	(19.1)	
Cash Flow from Operations	743.9	431.8	312.1	
Significant Items and discontinued operations	(8.0)	124.6	(132.6)	
Financing costs and tax	(273.7)	(317.9)	44.2	
Free Cash Flow	462.2	238.5	223.7	
Dividends paid – ordinary	(290.7)	(328.1)	37.4	Ordinary dividends fully funded from Free Cash Flow before special dividends
Free Cash Flow – after ordinary dividends	171.5	(89.6)	261.1	
Dividends paid – special	(183.2)	-	(183.2)	Special dividend of US\$183.2m funded by IFCO sale proceeds received in FY19
Free Cash Flow after dividends	(11.7)	(89.6)	77.9	

¹ EBITDA has been redefined as Underlying Profit after adding back depreciation, amortisation and IPEP expense.

² Capital expenditure excluding US supply chain investments in accelerated automation and lumber procurement.

³ US supply chain investments in accelerated automation and lumber procurement funded by FY18 asset actions.

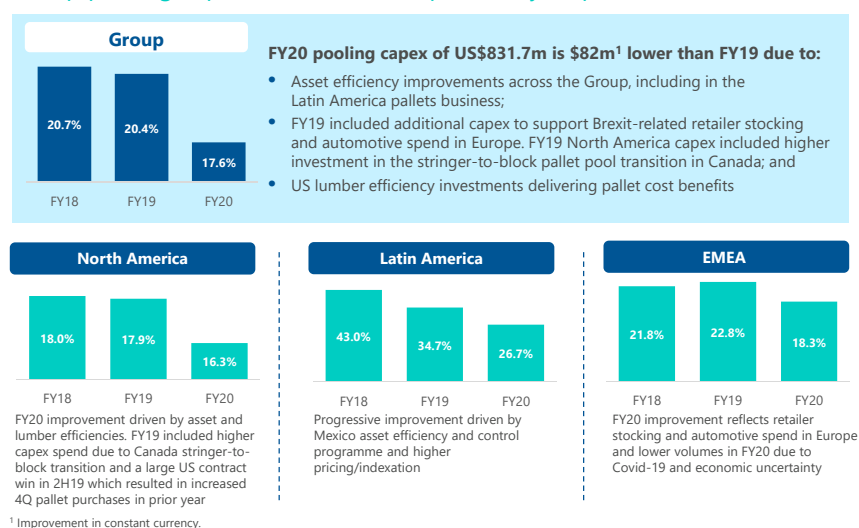
Cash flow

Normalised positive Free Cash Flow for third consecutive year

(US\$m, actual FX)		FY20	FY19	FY18
Free Cash Flow after ordinary dividends (reported)		171.5	(89.6)	202.4
<i>Normalisation adjustments:</i>				
Adjustment	AASB 16 benefit to reported Free Cash Flow	(114.1)	-	-
1	Proceeds from HFG joint venture loan	-	-	(150.0)
2	US supply chain efficiency investments	72.7	73.0	17.0
	Adjust for timing of working capital movements	-	30.0	(30.0)
Positive normalised Free Cash Flow after ordinary dividends in FY18 - FY20		130.1	13.4	39.4
<i>Adjustment details</i>				
1	Adjustment for timing difference between the receipt of US\$150 million of HFG loan repayment proceeds and US\$102m of proceeds from the FY18 sale of the Recycled business (total US\$252m) and reinvestment. The funds are, as advised to the market, being progressively reinvested into high-returning US supply chain efficiency programmes. These investments include service centre automation and lumber efficiency projects. The cumulative FY18 to FY20 cash reinvestment of these funds is US\$163m with a balance remaining of US\$89m			
2	Adjustment for the US\$30m working capital timing with benefits in FY18 that reversed in FY19 as highlighted to the market at the FY18 results			

Improvements in asset efficiency

Group pooling capex to sales ratio improved by 2.8pts in FY20



Balance sheet

Balance sheet remains strong; Financial policy updated for AASB 16

	Jun 20	Jun 19 ¹
Net debt	US\$1,712m	US\$98m
Average term of committed facilities	4.2 years	4.0 years
Undrawn committed facilities	US\$1.3b	US\$1.6b
Cash / deposits	US\$806m	US\$2,103m

	FY20 ²	FY19 ¹
Net debt/EBITDA	1.10x	0.08x
EBITDA/net finance costs	19.3x	14.6x

Conservative net debt position

- Increase in net debt at 30 June 2020 reflects A\$1,426m (US\$958m) of capital management transactions in FY20³ and US\$704m of lease liabilities brought on Balance Sheet under AASB 16
- Cash, deposits and undrawn committed bank facilities total US\$2.1b, sufficient to fund remaining balance of share buy-back (~A\$1.3b (US\$0.9b)). Completion is expected in FY22

Revised financial policy & EBITDA definition

- Financial policy revised for AASB 16 of net debt/EBITDA <2.0x (previously <1.75x)
- Investment-grade credit ratings maintained: Standard & Poor's BBB+ and Moody's Baa1
- On a pro-forma basis, post completion of buy-back net debt/EBITDA is ~1.7x and well within Brambles' financial policy of <2.0x
- No major re-financing of debt facilities over next 12 months – refer to Appendix 6

¹ As reported in August 2019. FY19 comparative metrics exclude the impact of AASB 16 and IPEP.

² EBITDA has been redefined as Underlying Profit after adding back depreciation, amortisation and IPEP expense. Net debt includes lease liabilities.

³ FY20 capital management includes share buy-back of A\$972.5m (US\$645.4m), repayment of capital to shareholders of A\$187.8m (US\$129.3m) and special dividend payments of A\$266.0m (US\$183.2m).

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Summary

FY20 result reflects defensive nature of business, delivery of operational initiatives and focus on cash flow generation

- FY20 sales revenue and Underlying Profit in line with guidance despite Covid-19 headwinds
- Significant increase in cash flow generation reflecting disciplined capital allocation, asset efficiency improvements and improved cash collection
- Strong balance sheet and high level of liquidity supporting the payment of dividends and continuation of the share buy-back programme
- FY21 guidance for sales and Underlying Profit growth, notwithstanding a range of uncertainties



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Brambles

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Appendix

Appendix 1

1pt margin improvement delivered in FY20; Initiatives on track to deliver 2-3pt margin improvement¹ by FY22

Pressures	Mitigating actions		Phasing of margin improvement		
		Progress	FY20	FY21	FY22
Cost inflation	Supply chain cost out	Annual transport and network optimisation exercise undertaken during the year	✓	●	●
	Pricing/ surcharges	- Continue to renegotiate contract terms and pricing to insulate against inflation and recover higher cost-to-serve - FY20 pricing growth of 4%. Effective price growth of 3% was below pricing growth due to the impact of lower transport and lumber surcharges in year.	✓	●	●
Retailer driven cost increases	Procurement initiatives	Lumber strategy largely implemented and delivering cost benefits to lumber repair and capex in line with expectations	✓	●	●
Network capacity and supply chain efficiency	Automation programme	28 sites completed to date - Commissioning of 24 sites in FY21 - Sites performing in line with expectations	✓	●	●

Ongoing commitment to deliver annual margin increase of ~1pt² in FY21 & FY22

¹ Margin improvement from 1H18 levels, excluding the impact of AASB 15 and AASB 16 accounting changes.

² Improvement from FY19 level.

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Appendix 2a

AASB 16: Leases - FY20 pre-tax impact

Overview

- All qualifying leases recognised on balance sheet as lease liability and right-of-use leased assets, effective on 1 July 2019
- Modified retrospective approach adopted, comparative period not restated
- AASB 16 has no overall impact on the statutory cash flow statement** as Free Cash Flow increase of US\$114m is offset by US\$(114)m in lease payments now classified as debt financing payments (payment of principal component of lease liabilities)

FY20 pre-tax impact of AASB 16 on the Income Statement, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow & ROCI

Income statement	Underlying Profit	+US\$24m	Additional depreciation charge of US\$116m Replaces operating lease charge US\$(141)m
	Interest expense	US\$(28)m	Additional interest expense on lease liabilities
Cashflow statement	Cash Flow from Operations	+US\$141m	Operating lease payments of US\$141m are removed from Cash Flow from Operations
	Free Cash Flow	+US\$114m	US\$141m of lease payments removed from Cash Flow from Operations and interest paid on leases of US\$(27)m ¹ included
	Cash flow from financing activities	US\$(114)m	Remaining US\$(114)m of lease payments treated as repayment of financing liability
Balance sheet	Net assets	US\$(176)m	Lease liability of US\$(704)m (not included in Average Capital Invested) and dilapidation provision of US\$(71)m Leased asset of US\$599m
	Average Capital Invested	US\$541m	Average leased asset of US\$607m and dilapidation provision of US\$(67)m
Return on Capital Invested		(1.5)pts	Reduction due to capitalisation of leases

Note: Modified retrospective approach adopted, comparative period not restated.

¹ Excludes US\$1million of accrued interest.

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Appendix 2b

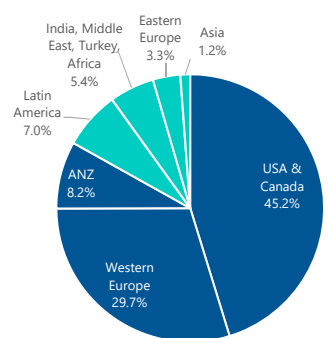
FY20 AASB 16 segment impacts

(US\$m)	Underlying Profit	EBITDA	Cash Flow from Operations	Average Capital Invested
Americas	14.1	74.7	74.7	346.2
EMEA	4.8	45.3	45.3	110.5
Asia-Pacific	5.0	19.1	19.1	76.4
Corporate	0.3	1.5	1.5	7.4
Group	24.2	140.6	140.6	540.5

Appendix 3

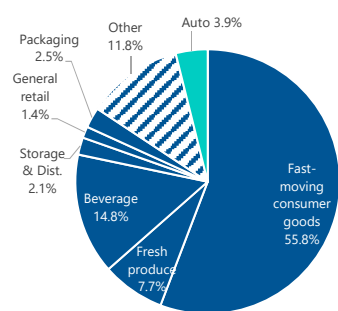
Brambles: Sales revenue by region and sector

FY20 sales revenue by region



■ Developed markets ■ Emerging markets

FY20 sales revenue by sector



■ "Consumer staples" sectors ■ Industrial sectors

Appendix 4

Major currency exchange rates¹

USD exchange rate:	USD	EUR	GBP	AUD	CAD	ZAR	MXN	BRL	PLN	NZD
FY20	1.0000	1.1064	1.2582	0.6692	0.7445	0.0637	0.0489	0.2239	0.2530	0.6354
Average										
FY19	1.0000	1.1404	1.2943	0.7145	0.7555	0.0706	0.0517	0.2589	0.2660	0.6712
30 June 20	1.0000	1.1242	1.2305	0.6860	0.7317	0.0579	0.0434	0.1851	0.2525	0.6414
As at										
30 June 19	1.0000	1.1372	1.2673	0.7005	0.7637	0.0706	0.0522	0.2618	0.2674	0.6702

¹ Includes all currencies that exceed 1% of FY20 Group sales revenue, at actual FX rates.

Appendix 5

FY20 currency mix

(US\$m)	Total	USD	EUR	GBP	AUD	CAD	MXN	ZAR	PLN	BRL	NZD	Other ¹
Sales revenue	4,734	1,859	1,054	338	331	282	213	173	83	55	55	291
FY20 share	100%	39%	22%	7%	7%	6%	5%	4%	2%	1%	1%	6%
FY19 share	100%	37%	23%	8%	8%	6%	4%	4%	2%	1%	1%	6%
Net debt ²	1,712	1,024	934	(37)	(522)	90	121	85	(4)	9	15	(3)

¹ No individual currency within 'other' exceeds 1% of FY20 Group sales revenue at actual FX rates.

² Net debt shown after adjustments for impact of financial derivatives. Net debt includes US\$704 million of lease liabilities and US\$69 million of term deposits in AUD with maturity greater than three months.

Appendix 6

Credit facilities and debt profile

Maturity	Type ¹	Committed facilities	Uncommitted facilities	Debt drawn	Headroom
(US\$bn at 30 June 2020)					
< 12 months	Bank	0.1	0.3	-	0.4
1 to 2 years	Bank	0.4	-	-	0.4
2 to 3 years	Bank	0.4	-	-	0.4
3 to 4 years	Bank/EMTN ²	0.7	-	0.6	0.1
4 to 5 years	Bank	0.4	-	0.1	0.3
> 5 years	144A ³ /EMTN ²	1.1	-	1.1	-
Total⁴		3.1	0.3	1.8	1.6

¹ Excludes leases.

² European Medium Term Notes.

³ US\$500m 144A bond.

⁴ Individual amounts have been rounded.

Appendix 7

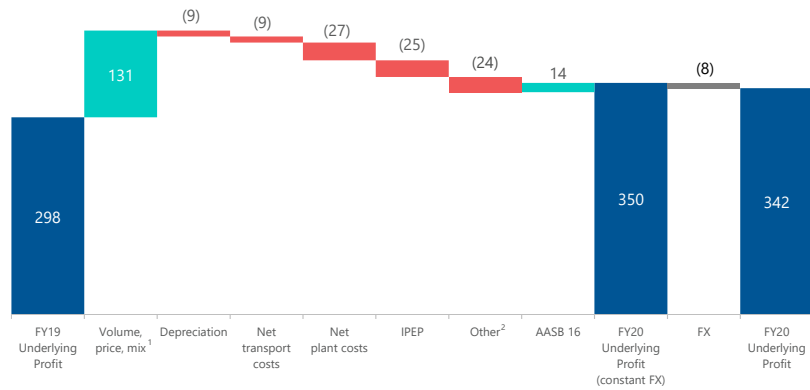
Net plant and transport costs/sales revenue

	Net plant cost/sales revenue			Net transport cost/sales revenue	
	FY20	FY20 Ex. AASB 16 ¹	FY19	FY20	FY19
CHEP Americas	38.1%	38.7%	38.9%	23.7%	24.0%
CHEP EMEA	24.1%	24.4%	23.5%	20.9%	20.9%
CHEP Asia-Pacific	33.1%	34.1%	34.7%	12.6%	12.7%
Group	32.3%	32.7%	32.3%	21.6%	21.6%

¹ Excludes the net benefit of replacing operating lease costs with plant depreciation and interest costs under AASB 16.

Appendix 8a

CHEP Americas: Underlying Profit analysis (US\$m)



¹ Sales growth net of volume-related costs (excluding depreciation).

² Includes increased investment to support business model changes and improved cash generation in Latin America.

1 Results highlights

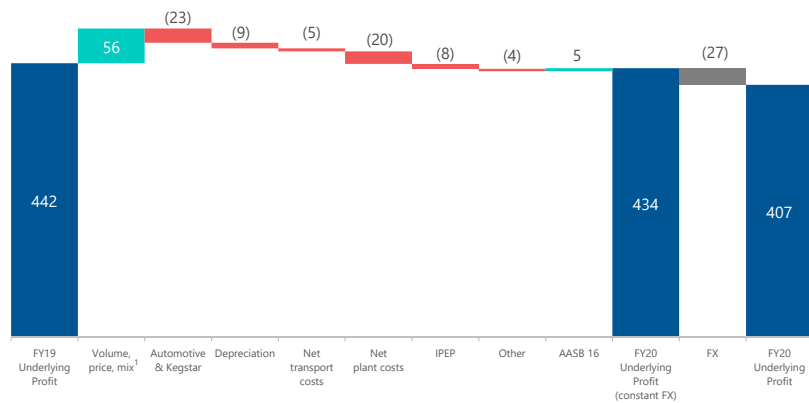
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Appendix 8b

CHEP EMEA: Underlying Profit analysis (US\$m)



¹ Sales growth net of volume-related costs (excluding depreciation).

1 Results highlights

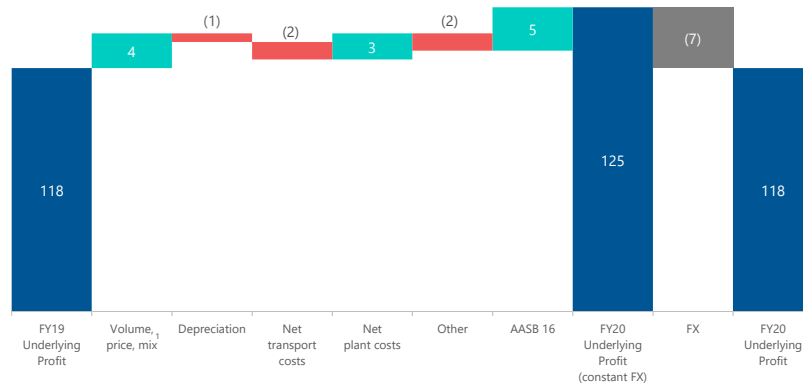
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Appendix 8c

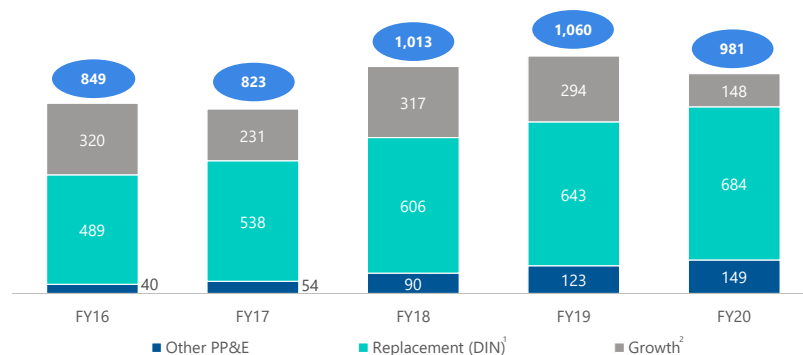
CHEP Asia-Pacific: Underlying Profit analysis (US\$m)



¹ Sales growth net of volume-related costs (excluding depreciation).

Appendix 9

Capital expenditure on Property, Plant and Equipment (Accruals basis, US\$m)



¹ Replacement capex in a period is the sum of Depreciation expense, IPEP and the Net book value of compensated assets and scraps (disposals).

² Growth capex includes investments for availability of pooling equipment for new and existing product lines, as well as the impact of changes in cycle times.

Appendix 10

Glossary of terms and measures

Except where noted, common terms and measures used in this document are based upon the following definitions:

Actual currency/FX	Results translated into US dollars at the applicable actual monthly exchange rates ruling in each period
Average Capital Invested (ACI)	Average Capital Invested (ACI) is a 12 month average of capital invested. Capital invested is calculated as net assets before tax balances, cash, term deposits, borrowings and lease liabilities, but after adjustment for pension plan actuarial gains or losses and net equity adjustments for equity-settled share-based payments
Capital expenditure (capex)	Unless otherwise stated, capital expenditure is presented on an accruals basis and excludes intangible assets and equity acquisitions. It is shown gross of any fixed asset disposals proceeds. Growth capex includes the impact of changes in cycle times as well as investments for availability of pooling equipment for existing and new product lines – Replacement capex = DIN – Growth Capex is total pooling capex less DIN
Cash Flow from Operations	Cash flow generated after net capital expenditure but excluding Significant Items that are outside the ordinary course of business
Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR)	The annualised percentage at which a measure (e.g. sales revenue) would have grown over a period if it grew at a steady state
Constant currency/constant FX	Current period results translated into US dollars at the actual monthly exchange rates applicable in the comparable period, so as to show relative performance between the two periods
DIN	Comprises Depreciation, IPEP expense and Net book value of scrapped asset and compensated assets written-off. DIN is used as a proxy for replacement capital expenditure
EBITDA	Underlying Profit after adding back depreciation, amortisation and IPEP expense

Appendix 10

Glossary of terms and measures

Except where noted, common terms and measures used in this document are based upon the following definitions:

FIFO	First In First Out
Net new business	The sales revenue impact in the reporting period from business won or lost in that period and over the previous financial year, included across reporting periods for 12 months from the date of the win or loss, at constant currency
Operating profit	Statutory definition of profit before finance costs and tax; sometimes called EBIT (Earnings before interest and tax)
Organic growth	The change in sales revenue in the reporting period resulting from like-for-like sales of the same products with the same customers
Return on Capital Invested (ROCI)	Underlying Profit divided by Average Capital Invested
RPC	Reusable plastic/produce crates or containers, used to transport fresh produce
Sales revenue	Excludes non-trading revenue
Significant Items	Items of income or expense which are, either individually or in aggregate, material to Brambles or to the relevant business segment and: - Outside the ordinary course of business (e.g. gains or losses on the sale or termination of operations, the cost of significant reorganisations or restructuring); or - Part of the ordinary activities of the business but unusual due to their size and nature
Underlying Profit	Profit from continuing operations before finance costs, tax and Significant Items

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