



3 November 2022

## AMENDMENT TO ASX RELEASE

### SUCCESSFUL DRILL RESULTS ACROSS MULTIPLE METALS – CENTRAL YILGARN 100%

Dreadnought Resources Limited (“**Dreadnought**” or “**the Company**”) provides an amended JORC Table 1 that accompanies the original ASX release of 1 November 2022 titled “Successful Drill Results Across Multiple Metals – Central Yilgarn 100%”.

The amendment includes an update to the section “Data aggregation methods” of the JORC Table 1 on page 15 of the original announcement.

No further updates have been made to the announcement which is attached in full to this release.

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*This announcement is authorised for release to the ASX by the Board of Dreadnought.*

## SUCCESSFUL DRILL RESULTS ACROSS MULTIPLE METALS - CENTRAL YILGARN 100%

### HIGHLIGHTS

- Confirmed fertile VMS base metals system at Nelson Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag target with significant results including:
  - NERC006: 1m @ 2.26% Zn, 2.27% Pb, 53g/t Ag, 0.1 g/t Au from 157m
- Thick, high-grade, goethite-hematite iron ore discovered at Spitfire with significant results including:
  - SPRC001A: 20m @ 61.0% Fe, 0.98% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 2.99% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0.06% P, 8.2% LOI from 22m
  - SPRC014: 8m @ 60.7% Fe, 1.50% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 3.90% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0.10% P, 6.7% LOI from 16m
- Further high-grade gold at Metzke's Find that extend the mineralised structure >150m north and remains open to the north and at depth. Significant results including:
  - MZRC050: 5m @ 6.4 g/t Au from 24m (shallow infill drilling)
  - MZRC049: 6m @ 1.2 g/t Au from 66m (extending mineralisation ~100m north)
- Surface sample assays from the Peggy Sue LCT Pegmatite Swarm continue to support a fertile setting with the most fractionated pegmatites likely to the east under shallow cover.
- Komatiite hosted nickel review ongoing and expanded to include newly acquired tenements across Central Yilgarn with outcropping gossans identified.

Dreadnought Resources Limited ("Dreadnought") is pleased to announce that assay results have been received for drilling undertaken in April/May 2022 at the Central Yilgarn Project located in the Yilgarn Craton of Western Australia.



The drill program has been successful across a range of commodities including extending gold at Metzke's Find, confirming a VMS base metals system at Nelson and discovering thick high-grade, goethite-hematite iron ore at Spitfire. Furthermore, early-stage work on the nickel and lithium potential continues to show encouragement with further work planned for 2023.

Dreadnought's Managing Director, Dean Tuck, commented: *"These results are a timely reminder of the potential at Central Yilgarn which represents a significant opportunity in an underexplored region. We view Central Yilgarn as a valuable project in the portfolio with opportunity for commercialisation of a range of commodities and exploration success. Central Yilgarn will be progressed in the background while we continue to focus on rare earths at Mangaroon."*

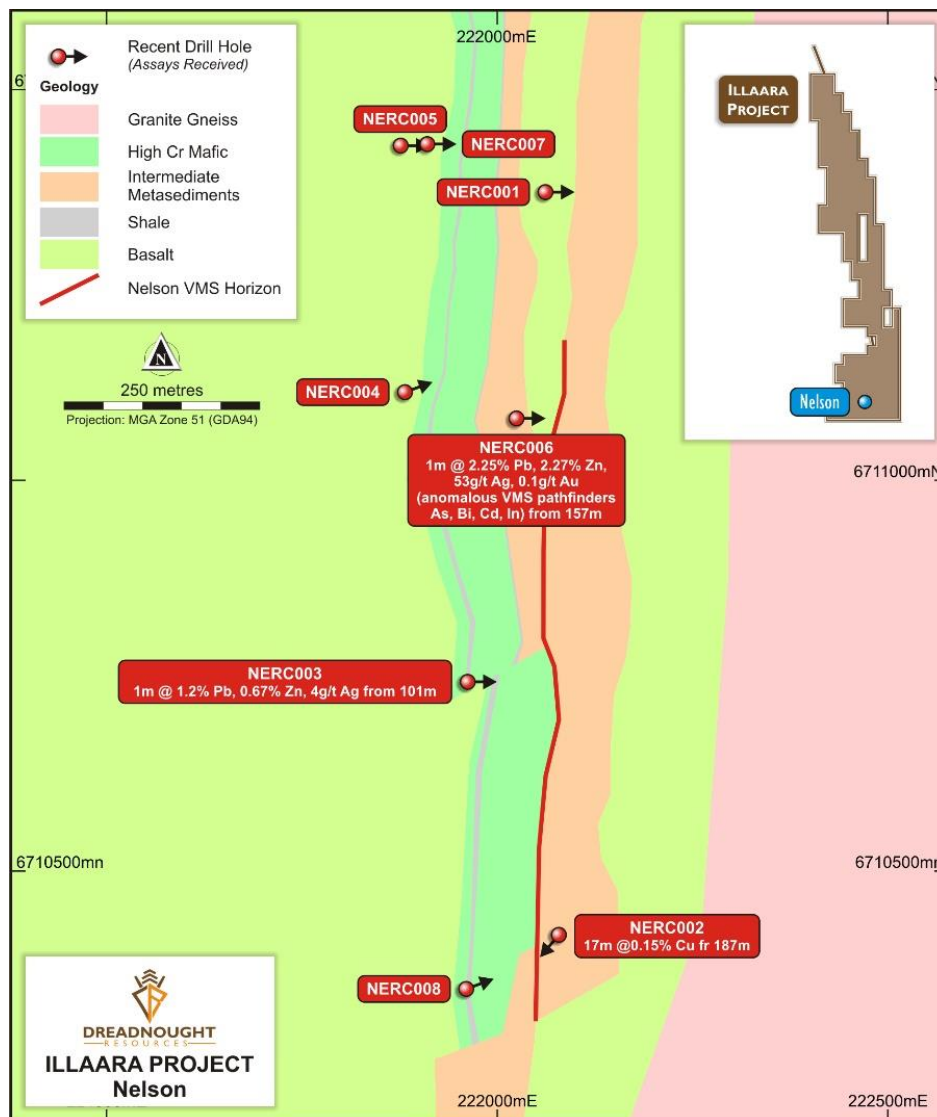
**Figure 1: Dreadnought's Sam, Scotty and Matt with the first sulphide intercept at Nelson.**

## Nelson Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag (E30/476: 100%)

Eight RC holes for 1,550m were drilled at Nelson targeting a 1,500m x 350m Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag and VMS pathfinder (Au, Cd, In, Sn, Tl) in-soil anomaly with six coincident highly conductive EM anomalies. The lithological setting and geochemical/geophysical signature of Nelson are analogous to the Jaguar VMS deposit located ~160km to the northeast.

The stratigraphy at Nelson represents a typical seafloor exhalative environment, consisting of basalts, volcanoclastic sediments and black shales. A consistent exhalative horizon was identified at the clastic sediment/basalt contact in several holes associated with distal exhalative sulphides dominated by pyrite, pyrrhotite and varying amounts of chalcopyrite, sphalerite and galena. The underlying basalts also displayed significant hydrothermal epidote and chlorite alteration, a typical proximal signature to VMS base metal mineralisation.

The prospective VMS horizon at Nelson was intersected in NERC002, NERC003 and NERC006 which contained variable galena, sphalerite and chalcopyrite mineralisation along with dominant pyrite, pyrrhotite and significant enrichment in VMS pathfinders (As, Bi, Cd, In). This >600m exhalative horizon remains prospective for Cu-Pb-Zn-Ag mineralisation and warrants further exploration.



Significant results include:

**NERC006: 1m @ 2.26% Zn, 2.27% Pb, 53g/t Ag, 0.1g/t Au from 157m**

**NERC003: 1m @ 1.2% Pb, 0.67% Zn, 4g/t Ag from 100m**

**NERC002: 17m @ 0.15% Cu from 187m**

Drilling at Nelson is highly encouraging of a fertile VMS setting. Additional drilling and geophysical surveys are planned for 2023.

*Figure 2: Plan view of Nelson showing the prospective VMS horizon over a geological map. The location of recent drill holes is also shown.*

### Spitfire Au, Goethite-Hematite Iron Ore (E30/471: 100%)

Three fence lines of RC drilling (17 holes, 2,646m) were drilled at Spitfire targeting a coincident high tenor gold-in-soil anomaly and de-magnetised BIF horizon.

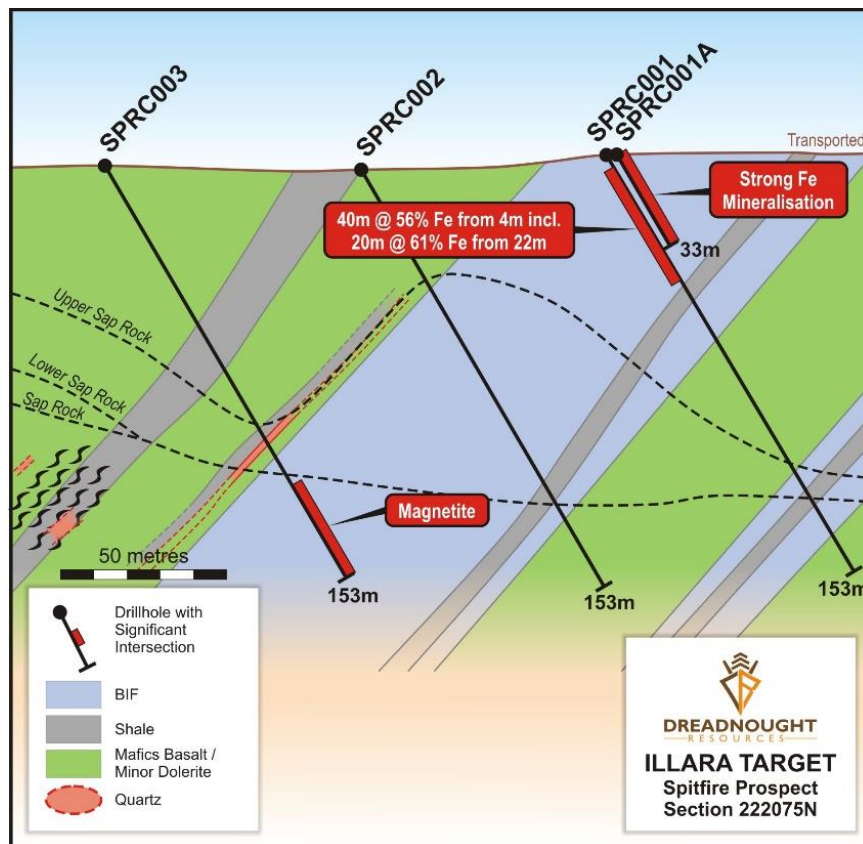
The stratigraphy consisted of a western volcaniclastic sequence of BIF, shale, basalts and dolerites overlying an eastern komatiitic and cumulate facies ultramafic sequence – part of the Central Komatiite Belt.

Thick intervals of goethite-hematite were intersected across two lines of drilling spaced 200m apart with the mineralisation remaining open along strike. Significant results include:

- **SPRC001A: 20m @ 61.0% Fe, 0.98% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 2.99% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0.06% P, 8.2% LOI from 22m**
- **SPRC014: 8m @ 60.7% Fe, 1.5% Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>, 3.90% SiO<sub>2</sub>, 0.10% P, 6.7% LOI from 16m**

The intersection of goethite-hematite and magnetite is a positive development given the recent activity in the region by Hancock Prospecting's investment in the Mt Bevan iron ore project and Mineral Resources' ongoing studies to convert the Yilgarn to a magnetite hub.

Peak gold-in-soil anomalies were associated with the BIF and sheared, magnetite-sulphide altered basalts with no significant gold intercepts.



### Kings Iron Ore (E29/965: 100%)

Seventeen holes for 978m were drilled at Kings to test for continuation of high-grade iron ore undercover along strike from historical drilling. All holes intersected partially mineralised and heavily oxidised BIF.

Several holes returned assays >50% Fe; however, the thickness and continuity of the mineralisation is not deemed significant.

**Figure 3: Cross section through Spitfire showing near surface iron ore enrichment.**

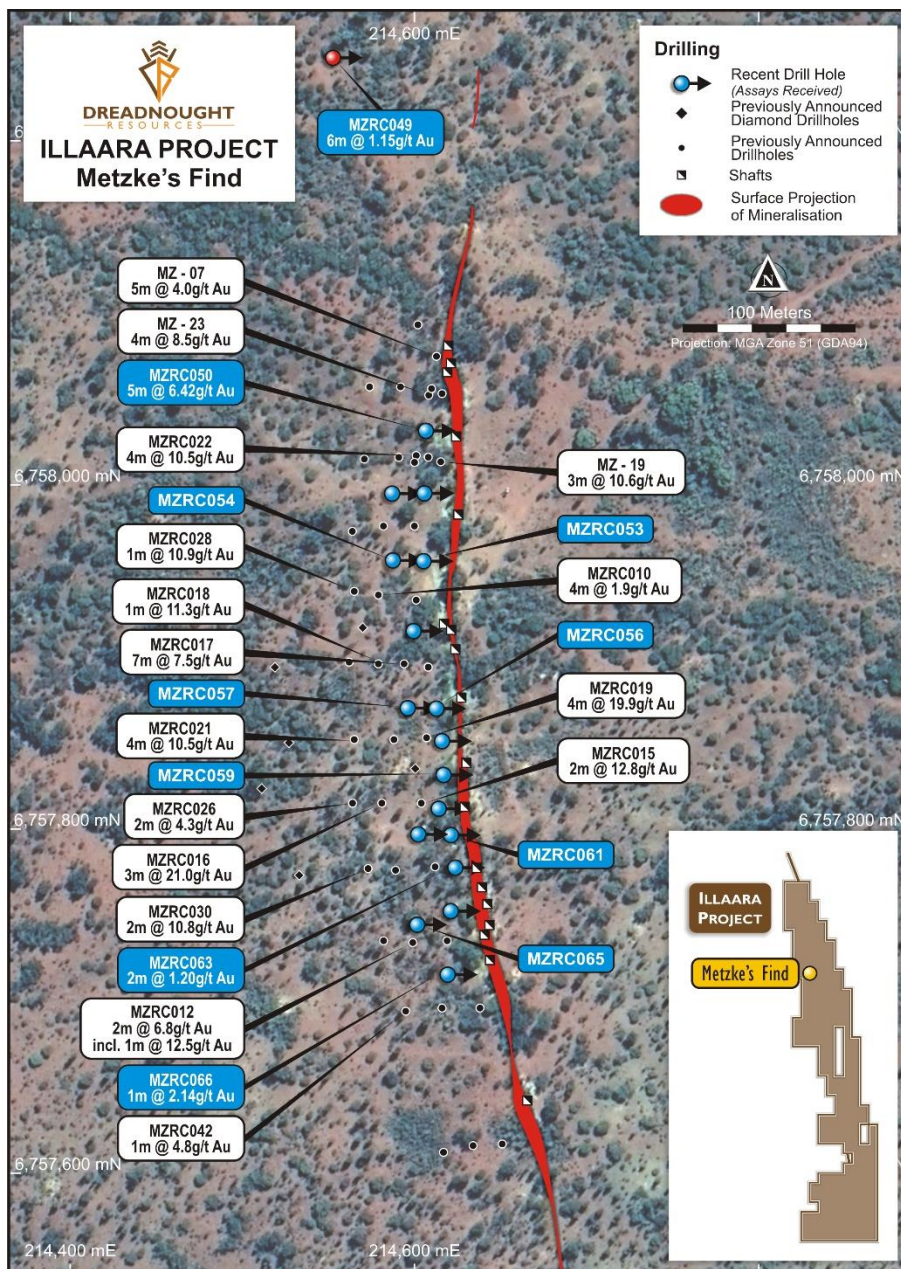
### Metzke's Find Au (E29/1050: 100%)

Seventeen RC holes (902m at an average depth of 53m) have been drilled along ~500m of strike of the Metzke's lode. This drilling was undertaken to achieve three objectives:

1. Further define high-grade mineralisation in the top 40m of the lode;
2. Determine the extent of historical shallow workings; and
3. Test the northern extension of the lode across a Proterozoic dyke.

Fifteen of the seventeen holes successfully intersected the mineralised structure with significant results including:

- **MZRC050: 5m @ 6.4 g/t Au from 24m (shallow infill drilling)**
- **MZRC049: 6m @ 1.2 g/t Au from 66m (extending mineralisation ~150m north)**



MZRC049 was drilled ~150m north of previous drilling and is the first drill hole testing the continuation of the Metzke's lode north of a cross-cutting dolerite dyke. This drilling underscores the potential to add significant strike extension to the Metzke's lode.

A JORC Resource is on track for the December 2022 quarter.

**Figure 4: Plan view image showing the location of recently completed drilling in relation to previous drilling at Metzke's Find.**

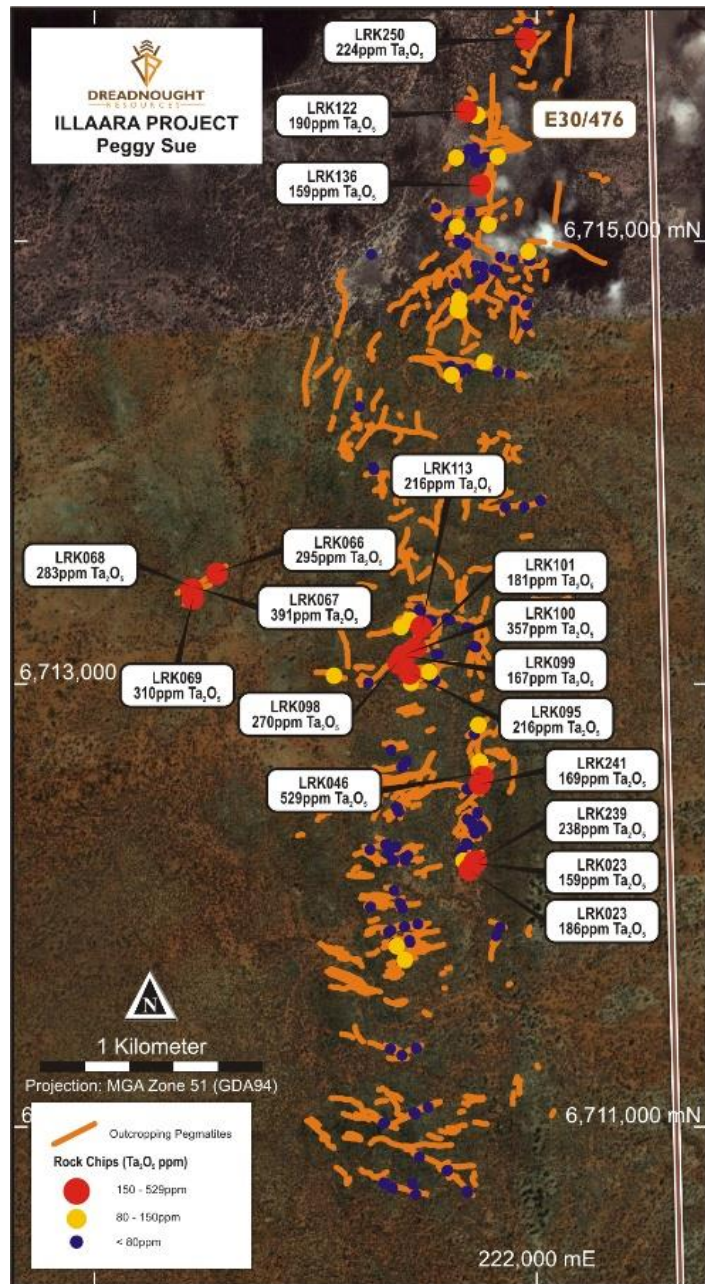
### Peggy Sue LCT Pegmatites (100%)

Detailed mapping and geochemical review of rock chips and drilling around Peggy Sue has been completed.

Tantalum and niobium mineralisation as well as Mg/Li and A/CNK ratios continue to highlight the fertility of the Peggy Sue pegmatite swarm. Furthermore, fractionation trends such as Ta/Nb ratios show that the pegmatites sampled to date are near the source intrusion with the more fractionated and therefore more lithium prospective pegmatites likely to be further east and under shallow cover.

Further work at Peggy Sue is planned for 2023.

**Figure 5: Plan view image showing the location of tantalum mineralised rock chips over mapped pegmatites at Peggy Sue. The source intrusion has been identified to the west with fractionation trends indicating increasing fertility to the east where the pegmatites go under shallow cover.**



### Central Komatiite Nickel Sulphide (100%)

Dreadnought has initiated a Komatiite-hosted nickel sulphide review across Central Yilgarn. The review has been expanded to include the entire project area on the back of the recent tenement acquisitions. Findings to date are highly encouraging and supportive of the Central Yilgarn to host komatiite nickel sulphides similar to the Forresteria and Lake Johnston greenstone belts to the south.

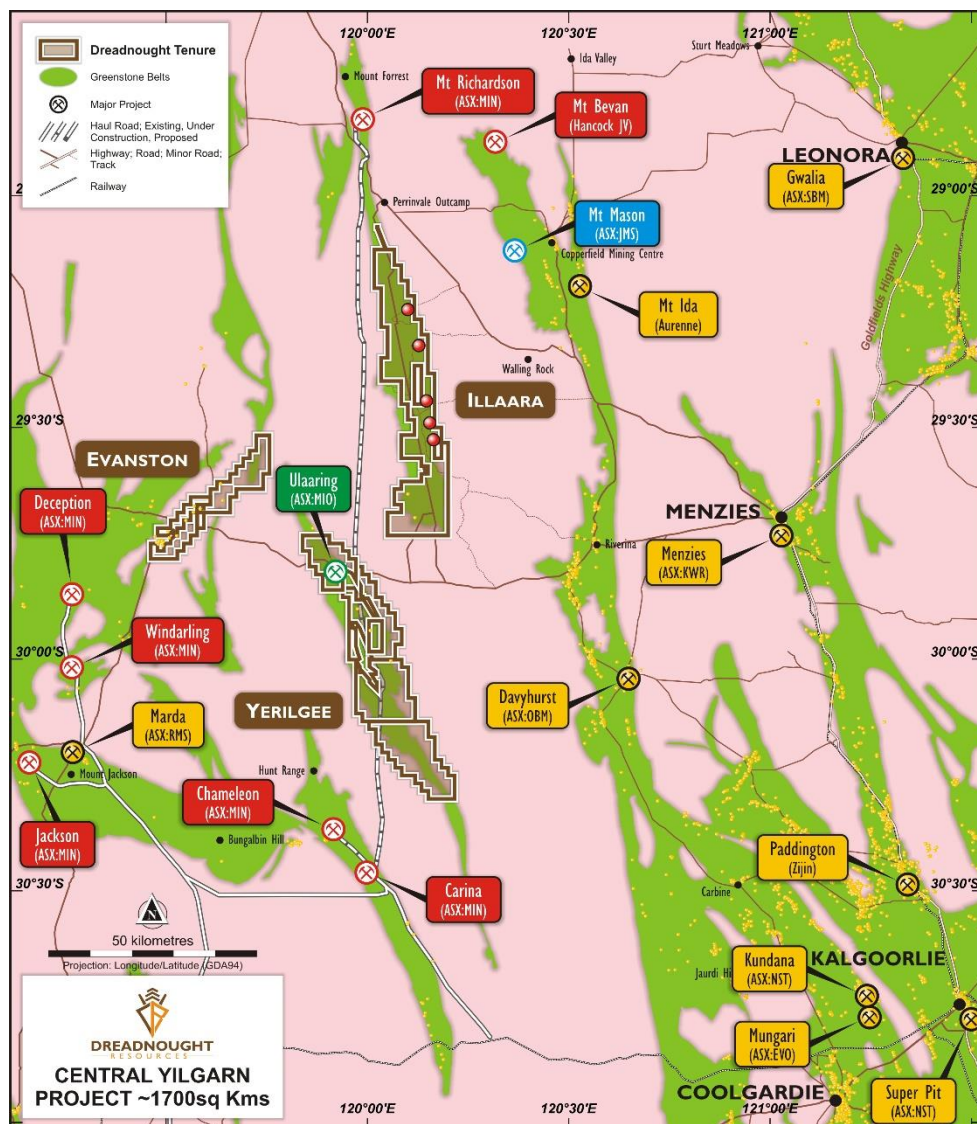
Results of the review, strategy and planned work will be announced in the March 2023 quarter.

## Background on Central Yilgarn

The Central Yilgarn Project is located ~190 kms from Kalgoorlie and upon Completion will comprise fourteen tenements (~1,600 sq kms) covering ~150km of strike along the majority of the Illaara, Yerilgee, South Elvire and Evanston greenstone belts. The Central Yilgarn Project has now been consolidated through an acquisition from Newmont, Arrow Minerals and further deals with local prospectors over Metzke's Find, Kings iron ore and others.

Prior to Newmont and Arrow, the Central Yilgarn was held by parties looking to develop iron ore mines north of the Koolyanobbing Iron Ore Operation. Given the long history of iron ore mining in the region, the Central Yilgarn is well situated in relation to existing road and rail infrastructure connecting it to a number of export ports.

Historically, gold was discovered and worked at Rainy Rocks, Metzke's Find and Lawrence's Find in the early to mid 1900s. In addition to gold, outcropping VMS base metals mineralisation was identified and briefly tested in the 1970s and 1980s with no subsequent exploration utilising modern techniques.



**Figure 6: Plan view of the Central Yilgarn Project showing main prospects and basement geology.**



For further information please refer to previous ASX announcements:

- 24 June 2019 75 km Long Illaara Greenstone Belt Acquired from Newmont
- 6 December 2019 Consolidation of 75km Long Illaara Greenstone Belt
- 16 February 2021 Significant Soil Anomalies Along Lawrence's Corridor
- 27 April 2021 Illaara Update and Regional Target Generation
- 14 February 2022 Eight Conductors to be Drilled at Nelson and Trafalgar
- 9 May 2022 Drilling Complete at Illaara Project

#### UPCOMING NEWSFLOW

**November-December:** Further updates on and assays from REE drilling at Yin Ironstone Complex (Mangaroon 100%)

**November:** Assays for Ni-Cu sulphides at the Money Intrusion (Mangaroon First Quantum Earn-in)

**October/November:** Commencement of ground FLEM surveys at the Money Intrusion (Mangaroon First Quantum Earn-in)

**November:** Initial JORC Resource for Metzke's Find Au (Central Yilgarn 100%)

**9-11 November:** Noosa Mining Investor Conference

**23 November:** Annual General Meeting

**November/December:** Results from Kimberley Auger sampling (Kimberley 80% and 100%)

**November/December:** Results from Wombarella Heli-EM survey (Kimberley 100%)

**December Quarter:** Initial Yin JORC Resource (Mangaroon 100%)

**23-24 November:** RIU Resurgence Conference

**November-March:** Further updates on and assays from REE drilling at C1-C5 Carbonatites (Mangaroon 100%)

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#### Competent Person's Statement

*The information in this announcement that relates to geology and exploration results and planning was compiled by Mr. Dean Tuck, who is a Member of the AIG, Managing Director, and shareholder of the Company. Mr. Tuck has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr. Tuck consents to the inclusion in the report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information in the original reports, and that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original reports.*

## INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS

### Kimberley Ni-Cu-Au Projects

Dreadnought controls the second largest land holding in the highly prospective West Kimberley region of WA. The main project area, Tarraji-Yampi, is located only 85kms from Derby and has been locked up as a Defence Reserve since 1978.

Tarraji-Yampi presents a rare first mover opportunity with known outcropping mineralisation and historic workings from the early 1900's which have seen no modern exploration.

Results to date indicate that there may be a related, large scale, Proterozoic Cu-Au-Ag-Bi-Sb-Co system at Tarraji-Yampi, similar to Cloncurry / Mt Isa in Queensland and Tennant Creek in the Northern Territory.

### Mangaroon Ni-Cu-PGE JV & REE Au 100% Project

Mangaroon is a first mover opportunity covering ~5,300sq kms located 250kms south-east of Exmouth in the vastly underexplored Gascoyne Region of WA. Part of the project is targeting Ni-Cu-PGE and is subject to a joint venture with First Quantum Minerals (earning up to 70%). The joint venture area contains outcropping high tenor Ni-Cu-PGE blebby sulphides in the recently defined Money Intrusion. Dreadnought's 100% owned areas contain outcropping high-grade gold bearing quartz veins along the Edmund and Minga Bar Faults and outcropping high-grade REE ironstones, similar to those under development at the Yangibana REE Project. Recently six potentially REE bearing carbonatite intrusions have been identified which may also be the source of the regional rare earths.

### Central Yilgarn Gold, Base Metals, Critical Minerals & Iron Ore Project

Central Yilgarn is located ~190km northwest of Kalgoorlie in the Yilgarn Craton. The project comprises ~1,600 sq kms covering ~150km of strike along the majority of the Illaara, Yerilgee and Evanston greenstone belts. Central Yilgarn is prospective for typical Archean mesothermal lode gold deposits, VMS base metals, komatiite hosted nickel sulphides and critical metals including Lithium-Caesium-Tantalum.

Prior to consolidation by Dreadnought, the Central Yilgarn was predominantly held by iron ore explorers and remains highly prospective for iron ore.



**Table 1: Significant Results (>0.1 g/t Au and >1.0g/t Au)**

| Hole ID | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Sample Type | Au (g/t) | Prospect      |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|-------------|----------|---------------|
| MZRC049 | 66       | 72     | 6            | 3m comp     | 1.15     | Metzke's Find |
| MZRC050 | 24       | 29     | 5            | 1m split    | 6.42     |               |
| MRZC051 | 22       | 23     | 1            | 1m split    | 0.23     |               |
| MZRC052 | 46       | 47     | 1            | 1m split    | 0.42     |               |
| MZRC055 | 28       | 33     | 5            | 1m split    | 0.18     |               |
| And     | 40       | 42     | 2            | 1m split    | 0.80     |               |
| MZRC058 | 28       | 29     | 1            | 1m split    | 0.14     |               |
| MZRC060 | 22       | 23     | 1            | 1m split    | 0.49     |               |
| And     | 29       | 30     | 1            | 1m split    | 0.12     |               |
| MZRC062 | 56       | 57     | 1            | 1m split    | 0.15     |               |
| MZRC063 | 15       | 17     | 2            | 1m split    | 1.20     |               |
| MZRC064 | 24       | 25     | 1            | 1m split    | 0.14     |               |
| MZRC066 | 68       | 69     | 1            | 1m split    | 2.14     |               |

**Table 2: Significant Intercepts (>0.1% Cu, Zn or Pb)**

| Hole ID | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Sample   | Cu (%) | Zn (%) | Pb (%) | Ag (g/t) | Au (g/t) | Prospect |
|---------|----------|--------|--------------|----------|--------|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|
| NERC002 | 187      | 204    | 17           | 1m split | 0.15   | -      | -      | -        | -        | Nelson   |
| NERC003 | 101      | 102    | 1            | 1m split | -      | 0.67   | 1.2    | 4.0      | -        |          |
| NERC006 | 157      | 158    | 1            | 1m split | -      | 2.27   | 2.25   | 53.0     | 0.1      |          |

**Table 3: Significant Intercepts (>54% Fe and >60% Fe)**

| Hole ID        | From (m) | To (m) | Interval (m) | Sample   | Fe (%) | Al2O3 (%) | SiO2 (%) | P (%) | LOI (%) | Prospect |
|----------------|----------|--------|--------------|----------|--------|-----------|----------|-------|---------|----------|
| SPRC001/A Incl | 4        | 48     | 44           | 1m split | 56.1   | 2.52      | 6.80     | 0.07  | 8.85    | Spitfire |
|                | 22       | 42     | 20           | 1m split | 61.0   | 0.86      | 2.99     | 0.05  | 8.12    |          |
| SPRC014        | 16       | 24     | 8            | 1m split | 60.7   | 1.5       | 3.9      | 0.10  | 6.7     |          |
| KIRC006        | 60       | 52     | 2            | 1m split | 54.5   | 0.8       | 7.2      | 0.31  | 11.4    | Kings    |
| KIRC007 And    | 3        | 7      | 4            | 1m split | 54.0   | 3.7       | 11.3     | 0.03  | 7.2     |          |
|                | 12       | 14     | 2            | 1m split | 55.1   | 4.3       | 11.7     | 0.01  | 4.8     |          |
| KIRC008        | 15       | 20     | 5            | 1m split | 55.0   | 3.9       | 7.2      | 0.03  | 9.2     |          |
| KIRC010        | 13       | 15     | 2            | 1m split | 54.4   | 3.1       | 9.8      | 0.03  | 7.7     |          |
| KIRC011        | 12       | 17     | 5            | 1m split | 57.2   | 1.4       | 13.8     | 0.01  | 6.1     |          |

**Table 4: Drill Collar Data (GDA94 MGAz51)**

| Hole ID | Easting | Northing | RL  | Dip | Azimuth | EOH | Type | Prospect  |
|---------|---------|----------|-----|-----|---------|-----|------|-----------|
| NERC001 | 222062  | 6711369  | 433 | -58 | 86      | 213 | RC   | Nelson    |
| NERC002 | 222079  | 6710418  | 427 | -59 | 232     | 249 | RC   |           |
| NERC003 | 221962  | 6710742  | 399 | -56 | 91      | 207 | RC   |           |
| NERC004 | 221882  | 6711113  | 439 | -57 | 71      | 165 | RC   |           |
| NERC005 | 221876  | 6711428  | 436 | -57 | 92      | 159 | RC   |           |
| NERC006 | 222025  | 6711079  | 442 | -61 | 92      | 180 | RC   |           |
| NERC007 | 221911  | 6711430  | 440 | -58 | 89      | 159 | RC   |           |
| NERC008 | 221960  | 6710349  | 434 | -82 | 72      | 218 | RC   |           |
| TFRC001 | 225599  | 6712520  | 418 | -57 | 68      | 249 | RC   | Trafalgar |
| TFRC002 | 225688  | 6712463  | 420 | -56 | 76      | 201 | RC   |           |
| TFRC003 | 225690  | 6712339  | 420 | -56 | 83      | 184 | RC   |           |
| SPRC001 | 222870  | 6730226  | 475 | -56 | 92      | 153 | RC   | Spitfire  |
| SPRC002 | 222801  | 6730233  | 474 | -57 | 90      | 153 | RC   |           |



## DREADNOUGHT RESOURCES

| SPRC003 | 222719  | 6730230  | 470 | -58 | 89      | 153 | RC   |               |
|---------|---------|----------|-----|-----|---------|-----|------|---------------|
| Hole ID | Easting | Northing | RL  | Dip | Azimuth | EOH | Type |               |
| SPRC004 | 222641  | 6730227  | 469 | -59 | 88      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC005 | 222557  | 6730225  | 467 | -60 | 87      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC006 | 223123  | 6730227  | 466 | -59 | 92      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC007 | 223043  | 6730226  | 467 | -58 | 100     | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC008 | 222980  | 6730228  | 470 | -63 | 95      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC009 | 223363  | 6729837  | 469 | -61 | 93      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC010 | 223280  | 6729813  | 472 | -60 | 94      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC011 | 223203  | 6729828  | 472 | -58 | 95      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC012 | 223199  | 6730028  | 474 | -56 | 96      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC013 | 223119  | 6730028  | 472 | -59 | 92      | 165 | RC   |               |
| SPRC014 | 223039  | 6730030  | 472 | -58 | 92      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC015 | 222959  | 6730028  | 472 | -59 | 93      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC016 | 222877  | 6730029  | 464 | -58 | 90      | 153 | RC   |               |
| SPRC017 | 222803  | 6730027  | 457 | -57 | 90      | 153 | RC   |               |
| KIRC001 | 221272  | 6752454  | 469 | -56 | 95      | 81  | RC   | Kings         |
| KIRC002 | 221231  | 6752455  | 467 | -57 | 90      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC003 | 221195  | 6752455  | 465 | -57 | 91      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC004 | 220912  | 6752456  | 466 | -58 | 90      | 87  | RC   |               |
| KIRC005 | 220871  | 6752457  | 467 | -59 | 89      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC006 | 220802  | 6752457  | 461 | -56 | 89      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC007 | 221222  | 6752660  | 474 | -58 | 93      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC008 | 221142  | 6752656  | 462 | -56 | 93      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC009 | 220861  | 6752652  | 464 | -60 | 92      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC010 | 221129  | 6753102  | 457 | -58 | 93      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC011 | 221092  | 6753099  | 451 | -58 | 92      | 81  | RC   |               |
| KIRC012 | 221050  | 6753108  | 453 | -60 | 92      | 81  | RC   |               |
| MZRC049 | 214553  | 6758248  | 464 | -58 | 89      | 153 | RC   | Metzke's Find |
| MZRC050 | 214607  | 6758031  | 464 | -54 | 91      | 39  | RC   |               |
| MZRC051 | 214606  | 6757995  | 465 | -53 | 94      | 39  | RC   |               |
| MZRC052 | 214587  | 6757995  | 465 | -53 | 87      | 69  | RC   |               |
| MZRC053 | 214605  | 6757956  | 465 | -53 | 91      | 51  | RC   |               |
| MZRC054 | 214588  | 6757956  | 464 | -54 | 92      | 69  | RC   |               |
| MZRC055 | 214600  | 6757915  | 463 | -53 | 93      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC056 | 214613  | 6757870  | 463 | -55 | 93      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC057 | 214596  | 6757870  | 464 | -54 | 89      | 69  | RC   |               |
| MZRC058 | 214616  | 6757851  | 464 | -54 | 93      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC059 | 214617  | 6757831  | 463 | -54 | 93      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC060 | 214614  | 6757812  | 464 | -54 | 90      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC061 | 214621  | 6757796  | 464 | -54 | 89      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC062 | 214602  | 6757797  | 465 | -54 | 90      | 69  | RC   |               |
| MZRC063 | 214624  | 6757777  | 464 | -55 | 91      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC064 | 214621  | 6757752  | 464 | -55 | 89      | 45  | RC   |               |
| MZRC065 | 214619  | 6757715  | 467 | -55 | 88      | 57  | RC   |               |
| MZRC066 | 214602  | 6757744  | 467 | -54 | 84      | 80  | RC   |               |

## JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1 report template

### Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

#### JORC TABLE 1

##### Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

| Criteria              | JORC Code explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Commentary                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
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| Sampling techniques   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Nature and quality of sampling (e.g. cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc.). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</li> <li>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</li> <li>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</li> <li>In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (e.g. ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (e.g. submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</li> </ul> | <p>Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling was undertaken to produce samples for assaying.</p> <p>Two sampling techniques were utilised for this program, either 1m metre splits directly from the rig sampling system each metre and 3m composite sampling from spoil piles. Samples submitted to the laboratory were determined by the site geologist.</p> <p><b>1m Splits</b></p> <p>Every metre drilled a 2-3kg sample (split) was sub-sampled into a calico bag via a Metzke cone splitter from each metre of drilling.</p> <p><b>3m Composites</b></p> <p>All remaining spoil from the sampling system was collected in buckets from the sampling system and neatly deposited in rows adjacent to the rig. An aluminium scoop was used to then sub-sample each spoil pile to create a 2-3kg 3m composite sample in a calico.</p> <p>For gold, all samples are submitted to the laboratory and pulverised to produce a 50g charge for Fire Assay (ALS Code Au-ICP22).</p> <p>Base Metal and lithological samples are analysed for 48 multi-elements via 4 acid digestion with MS/ICP finish (ALS Code ME-MS61)</p> <p>LCT Pegmatites samples are analysed for 52 elements via a sodium peroxide fusion with MS/ICP finish (ALS Code ME-MS89L)</p> <p>Iron Ore samples are analysed for 11 elements via a lithium borate fusion and XRF finish (ALS Code ME-XRF21n)</p> |
| Drilling techniques   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Drill type (e.g. core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc.) and details (e.g. core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc.).</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | <p><b>RC Drilling</b></p> <p>Ausdrill undertook the program utilising a Drill Rigs Australia truck mounted Schramm T685WS drill rig with additional air from an auxiliary compressor and booster. Bit size was 5¾”.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Drill sample recovery | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</li> <li>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <p><b>RC Drilling</b></p> <p>Drilling was undertaken using a ‘best practice’ approach to achieve maximum sample recovery and quality through the ore zones.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |

| Criteria                                       | JORC Code explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Commentary                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
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|                                                | <p>of the samples.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | <p>Best practice sampling procedure included: suitable usage of dust suppression, suitable shroud, lifting off bottom between each metre, cleaning of sampling equipment, ensuring a dry sample and suitable supervision by the supervising geologist to ensure good sample quality.</p> <p>At this stage, no known bias occurs between sample recovery and grade.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| Logging                                        | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</li> <li>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc.) photography.</li> <li>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>RC chips were logged by a qualified geologist with sufficient experience in this geological terrane and relevant styles of mineralisation using an industry standard logging system which could eventually be utilised within a Mineral Resource Estimation.</p> <p>Lithology, mineralisation, alteration, veining, weathering and structure were all recorded digitally.</p> <p>Chips were washed each metre and stored in chip trays for preservation and future reference.</p> <p>Logging is qualitative, quantitative or semi-quantitative in nature.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
| Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</li> <li>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc. and whether sampled wet or dry.</li> <li>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</li> <li>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</li> <li>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in-situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</li> <li>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</li> </ul> | <p><b>RC Drilling</b></p> <p>Every metre drilled a 2-3kg sample (split) was sub-sampled into a calico bag via a Metzke cone splitter.</p> <p>QAQC in the form of duplicates and CRM's (OREAS Standards) were inserted at a rate of 1:50 samples. Additionally, within each ore zone, a duplicate sample was taken and a blank inserted directly after.</p> <p>2-3kg samples will be submitted to ALS laboratories (Perth), oven dried to 105°C and pulverised to 85% passing 75µm to produce a 50g charge for Fire Assay with ICP-AES finish to determine Au (Au-ICP22) and 0.25g aliquot for four acid digest to determine 48 elements (ME-MS61) with overranges as required. Base Metal and lithological samples are analysed for 48 multi-elements via 4 acid digestion with MS/ICP finish (ALS Code ME-MS61). LCT Pegmatites samples are analysed for 52 elements via a sodium peroxide fusion with MS/ICP finish (ALS Code ME-MS89L). Iron Ore samples are analysed for 11 elements via a lithium borate fusion and XRF finish (ALS Code ME-XRF21n)</p> <p>Standard laboratory QAQC is undertaken and monitored.</p> |
| Quality of assay data and laboratory tests     | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</li> <li>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc., the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</li> <li>Nature of quality control procedures adopted</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Assay technique is Fire Assay which is a 'Total Technique' for Au. Four acid digest is considered a 'near total' technique for the 48 elements received under ME-MS61. Sodium peroxide and lithium borate fusions are considered "Total digests" for pegmatites and iron ore respectively.</p> <p>Standard laboratory QAQC is undertaken and monitored by the laboratory and by the company upon assay result receipt.</p> <p>Standards, Duplicates and Blanks all performed to</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

| Criteria                                                | JORC Code explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            | Commentary                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
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|                                                         | <i>(e.g. standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (i.e. lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | company standards providing confidence in sample preparation, instrument calibration and primary sampling off the rig.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| Verification of sampling and assaying                   | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</li> <li>The use of twinned holes.</li> <li>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</li> <li>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</li> </ul>                                                    | <p>Logging and sampling were recorded directly into a digital logging system, verified and eventually stored in an offsite database.</p> <p>Significant intersections have been inspected by senior company personnel.</p> <p>No twinned holes have been drilled at this time.</p> <p>No adjustments to any assay data have been undertaken.</p>                                                     |
| Location of data points                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</li> <li>Specification of the grid system used.</li> <li>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</li> </ul>                                                                                              | <p>Collar position was recorded using a Emlid Reach RS2 RTK GPS system (+/- 0.2m x/y, +/-0.5m z).</p> <p>GDA94 Z51s is the grid format for all xyz data reported.</p> <p>Azimuth and dip of the drill hole was recorded after the completion of the hole using a Reflex Sprint IQ Gyro. A reading was undertaken every 30<sup>th</sup> metre with an accuracy of +/- 1° azimuth and +/-0.3° dip.</p> |
| Data spacing and distribution                           | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied.</li> <li>Whether sample compositing has been applied.</li> </ul>                                 | <p>See drill table for hole positions.</p> <p>Data spacing for Metzke's Find drilling is believed to be suitable for a Mineral Resource estimation which will be undertaken over the coming months.</p> <p>Data spacing for all other prospects at this stage is not suitable for Mineral Resource Estimation.</p>                                                                                   |
| Orientation of data in relation to geological structure | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</li> <li>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</li> </ul> | <p>Drilling was undertaken at a near perpendicular angle to the interpreted strike and dip of the modelled FLEM plates and known outcrop.</p> <p>No sample bias is known at this time.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| Sample security                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | All samples from collection at rig through to submission at the laboratory have been under the supervision of Dreadnought personnel or sub-contractors associated with the company.                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Audits or reviews                                       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | The program is continuously reviewed by senior company personnel.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |

## Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

| Criteria                                       | JORC Code explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Commentary                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</li> <li>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</li> </ul>                                         | <p>The Illaara Project consists of 7 granted Exploration Licenses (E30/471, E30/476, E29/957, E29/959, E29/1050, E29/965 and E30/485).</p> <p>Tenements E30/471, E30/476, E29/957 and E29/959 are 100% owned by Dreadnought Resources and are subject to a 1% NSR retained by Newmont.</p> <p>E29/1050 is 100% owned by Dreadnought Resources with a 1% NSR retained by Gianni, Peter Romeo.</p> <p>E29/965 and E30/485 are 100% owned by Dreadnought Resources.</p> <p>There are currently no clear Native Title Claims over the Illaara Project.</p> <p>Part of the Illaara Project is located on Walling Rock Station.</p> |
| <i>Exploration done by other parties</i>       | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>Newmont Exploration has undertaken exploration activities since 2016 which are mentioned in previous reports.</p> <p>Historical exploration of a sufficiently high standard was carried out by numerous parties which have been outlined and detailed in previous ASX announcements:</p> <p>Eastern Group 1988: WAMEX Report A22743</p> <p>Anglo Australian 1995: WAMEX Report A45251</p> <p>Polaris 2006-2007: WAMEX Report A75477</p>                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <i>Geology</i>                                 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | <p>The Illaara Project is located within the Illaara Greenstone Belt within the Southern Cross Domain of the Youanmi Terrane approximately 60kms west of the Ida Fault.</p> <p>The Illaara Project is prospective for orogenic gold, VMS, LCT pegmatites, iron ore and potentially komatiite hosted nickel mineralisation.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| <i>Drill hole information</i>                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</li> <li>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</li> <li>dip and azimuth of the hole</li> <li>down hole length and interception depth</li> </ul> </li> </ul> | <p>An overview of the drilling program is given within the text and tables within this document.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

| Criteria                                                         | JORC Code explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Commentary                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
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|                                                                  | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ hole length.</li> <li>• If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Data aggregation methods                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (e.g. cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</li> <li>• Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high-grade results and longer lengths of low-grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</li> <li>• The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</li> </ul> | <p>Significant intercepts are length weight averaged for all samples above the below cut offs (including up to 3m of internal waste):</p> <p>&gt;0.1g/t Au with higher grades using a 1.0 g/t Au cut off</p> <p>&gt;0.1% Cu, Pb, Zn</p> <p>&gt;50% Fe with higher grade intervals using &gt;60% Fe cut off</p> <p>No top cutting has been applied.</p> <p>No metal equivalents are reported.</p> |
| Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</li> <li>• If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</li> <li>• If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (e.g. 'down hole length, true width not known').</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                             | <p>Drilling is undertaken close to perpendicular to the dip and strike of the mineralisation.</p> <p>The true thickness of the mineralisation intersected in drill holes cannot currently be calculated.</p>                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| Diagrams                                                         | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Refer to figures within this report.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| Balanced reporting                                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | The accompanying document is a balanced report with a suitable cautionary note.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
| Other substantive exploration data                               | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                           | Suitable commentary of the geology encountered are given within the text of this document.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |



| Criteria     | JORC Code explanation                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Commentary                                                                                                                                                  |
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| Further work | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><i>The nature and scale of planned further work (e.g. tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i></li> <li><i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i></li> </ul> | <p>Review of drilling assay results and follow up drilling as warranted.</p> <p>On-going soil sampling and geophysics along the Central Komatiite Belt.</p> |