

DIATREME RESOURCES LIMITED

ABN 33 061 267 061

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 December 2017

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The Directors present their report on Diatreme Resources Limited ("Diatreme" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2017.

The following persons were directors of Diatreme Resources Limited during the whole year and up to the date of this report:

A Tsang
C Wang
Y Zhuang
G Starr (appointed on 12 October 2017)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Group during the course of the financial year was exploration for heavy mineral sands, copper and gold in Australia. There were no changes in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the year.

DIVIDENDS

No dividend has been paid since the end of the previous year and the Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2017.

REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

During the year, Diatreme Resources Limited (Diatreme) was primarily focussed on the advancement of its major projects following grant of key Government agency approvals for the Cyclone Zircon Project (Cyclone) and progressing towards undertaking further commercial and technical studies to allow continued progress on Cyclone, Tick Hill (Tick Hill Gold Project) and Cape Bedford (Cape Bedford Silica & HM Sands Project).

Concurrently with the major project development program, management continue to examine tenement areas currently held and where possible actively pursues opportunities to reduce holding costs through tenement consolidation, reduction or relinquishment to ensure only the most prospective areas are held by the company and operational overheads are minimised. Strict application of budgeting programs and strong fiscal controls also allows the company to keep fund raising activities to the minimum to maintain operational integrity and forward progress. Diatreme remains relentless in its pursuit of cost minimisation where it can without hampering operations.

Diatreme's flagship project the "Cyclone Zircon Project" has now transited during the course of the year through the last stage of a complex commercial, operational and permitting project de-risking process. This de-risking was identified by Diatreme following potential project participant's feedback during discussions and external project due diligence exercises, as key commercial/technical/permitting elements that needed to be actioned so that participation discussions could be advanced and finalised. In essence advancing Cyclone to now be a "turn-key" opportunity fully permitted ready for mine development.

The last stage of this complex process, obtaining the WA Minister for Environment's approval on environmental permitting required to allow the mine access road and all associated camp infrastructure to be established, was granted in early January 2017. This crucial permitting allows for construction of mine road access for transport of mine product and development of all associated mining infrastructure.

This key permitting advance in conjunction with the full project enhancement and update report on the Project that was undertaken by independent engineering services firm Sedgman Ltd, which confirmed the project's robust economics within the current day context and current commercial parameters (product pricing, wage/labour rates, fuel and power generation costs, etc.), gives Diatreme the impetus to finalise the remaining aspects of the Cyclone Project Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) to ensure the establishment of a viable mining operation. This progress has allowed Diatreme to now engage in discussions with potential product offtakers to ascertain market appetite for the eventual mining operations of Zircon and Titanium products.

In September 2017 Diatreme entered into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with China ENFI Engineering Corporation (part of the Minmetals Group) exploring between the companies a broad commercial relationship to advance the Cyclone Project and defining the terms for the commencement of Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) of sufficient standard for the company to make a final investment decision on the Cyclone Project.

Diatreme has also been very encouraged by preliminary exploration activity at the Cape Bedford exploration tenement where early grab samples taken at various points within the tenement indicate high purity silica of export quality with additional potential for contained heavy minerals. These results will be followed up by an extensive drilling program scheduled for the third quarter of 2017.

Major Activities

Key operational highlights, in chronological order during the period in review include:

Cyclone

- Final ministerial consent (approval) was received on 9 January 2017 from the WA Environment Minister allowing the Cyclone project to: *"Develop and operate the Cyclone Mineral Sands Mine, including open cut pits, mining and processing infrastructure, airstrip, accommodation camp, bore fields and haul road construction from the mine site to the Forrest rail siding."*
- In June 2017 Diatreme announced that advanced discussions are underway with potential Chinese offtake partners concerning the Company's Cyclone Zircon Project in the Eucla Basin.

Cape Bedford

- A Compensation and Conduct Agreement (CCA) with traditional land owners, the Hopevale Congress Aboriginal Corporation was negotiated, and executed on 18 January 2017, for the Cape Bedford Silica/Heavy Minerals Project (EPM17795).
- Preliminary metallurgical testwork on a 90kg sample of HM mineralised dune material immediately south of Elim Beach in EPM17795 reported highly encouraging processing characteristics and readily produced a range of saleable heavy minerals (HM) concentrates with acceptable grades and recoveries.

Corporate

- In October a new independent director, Mr Gregory Starr, was appointed to the Diatreme Board.

Fundraising

The final balance of \$300,000 on the convertible note facility was received during the first half of 2017. This has brought the convertible note facility total to \$3.0 million.

In July 2017, the company commenced a \$750,000 capital raising to sophisticated investors which was fully subscribed and closed off during early September to fund specific exploration programs and working capital. In November 2017, the company also raised \$365,000 through a Share Purchase Plan and \$180,000 from the exercise of unlisted options.

Exploration

Key Exploration operations during the year involved:

- Reporting of an updated global mineral resource estimate for the Cyclone Project of 203 million tonnes (Mt) at 2.3% HM at a 1% HM cut-off grade, containing 4.7Mt of HM.
- Six grab samples of silica sand were collected during a reconnaissance site visit to the dunefield at Cape Bedford. All samples were submitted for HM analysis with two samples returning HM assays of 3.3% HM and 1.6% HM, respectively. Together with the observation of HM slicks on some of the exposed beaches, this suggests that HM mineralisation may be present at several locations within the EPM. The silica "float" fraction of the grab samples was then submitted for XRF analysis, and all reported $\geq 99.8\%$ SiO₂ with low levels of Fe₂O₃ (average 0.014%) and Al₂O₃ (average 0.043%). This preliminary work confirms the potential of the widespread silica sand dune material to generate high quality silica sand.

- Preliminary metallurgical testwork was completed on a 90kg sample of dune material (assaying 2.6% HM) immediately south of Elim Beach in EPM17795. The sample processed readily and initial work indicates the sands to be amenable to the use of standard mineral sands process methodologies and equipment.

Capital market conditions continue to remaining difficult for junior explorers and Diatreme is not immune from these general capital market conditions. However, during the first half of 2017 we started to see within the heavy minerals sector with particular reference to Zircon and Titanium products some very positive market signs in terms of consistent, sustainable product price increases.

We remain optimistic that these product price increases and the associated effect these deliver to our Cyclone Project economics along with improved capital market sentiment will give us the impetus needed to deliver the project.

OPERATING RESULTS

The net loss of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 was \$1,418,526 (2016: loss of \$1,850,962).

During the year the Group utilised its cash resources to undertake exploration and evaluation activities within its tenement portfolio, with 50% expenditure on Cape Bedford and 34% on Cyclone. The Group monitors cash flow requirements for operational, exploration and evaluation expenditure and will continue to use capital market issues to satisfy anticipated funding requirements.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN STATE OF AFFAIRS

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Group during the financial year not otherwise dealt with in this report.

EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO REPORTING DATE

11 January 2018	Cooperation and Consulting Services agreements signed with China ENFI Engineering Corporation (ENFI) replacing previous Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), for completion of Cyclone Zircon Project's definitive feasibility study (DFS).
31 January 2018	Completion of private placement to sophisticated investors to raise a total of \$490,000.
7 February 2018	The Company made an announcement to ASX on the inadvertent breach of ASX Listing Rule 10.11. The Company had issued 25,000,000 shares and 25,000,000 unlisted options to a director and an entity associated with a director in September 2017 without prior shareholders' approval, resulting in an inadvertent breach of ASX Listing Rule 10.11. The Company has cancelled the options and will seek shareholder approval at an extra ordinary general meeting (EGM) on 5 April 2018 for the buy-back and cancellation of the shares at their issue price. At the EGM, the company will also seek shareholders' approval for the issue of the same number of shares and unlisted options to a director and the entity associated with a director.
28 February 2018	35,000,000 unlisted options granted on 21 September 2017 were fully exercised and a total of \$420,000 was raised.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The Group intends to continue its exploration activities on its existing projects, and progress development of the Cyclone Project.

INFORMATION ON DIRECTORS

Name:	Cheng (William) Wang
Title:	Non-executive Chairman
Qualifications:	MBA
Experience:	Mr Wang was appointed Director in May 2011. For 15 years he held senior management positions in several major Chinese state owned companies, with most recent role being in charge of an international commodities trading arm with group assets exceeding \$1.5 billion. Having worked across most provinces in China and understanding Chinese politics and government systems, he has developed wide business connections within China. Now domiciled in Australia, he has over recent years been active with Australian companies including directorships with China Century Capital Limited, Jupiter Mines Limited, and Gulf Alumina Limited. Mr Wang was appointed Non-executive Chairman on 1 July 2014.
Other current directorships:	None
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	Chair of audit committee, member of remuneration committee
Interests in shares:	4,067,255 ordinary shares (held indirectly)
Interests in options:	1,000,000 unlisted options (held directly)

Name:	Andrew Tsang
Title:	Non-executive Director
Qualifications:	None
Experience:	Mr Tsang is a naturalised Australian citizen who was born and educated in China and who has successfully established and run construction, engineering and property development businesses, both in China and Australia, as well as establishing successful import agencies for Australian manufactured goods into China. He is a non-executive director of Mindax Limited and has sound commercial connections with many leading Chinese heavy industry producers.
Other current directorships:	Mindax Limited (since 28 March 2008)
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	Chair of remuneration committee
Interests in shares:	116,536,110 ordinary shares (38,895,600 shares held directly and 77,640,510 shares held indirectly)
Interests in options:	6,000,000 unlisted options (1,000,000 options held directly and 5,000,000 options held indirectly)

Name:	Yufeng (Daniel) Zhuang
Title:	Non-executive Director
Qualifications:	BA (Beijing, China), MSc (New Jersey, USA)
Experience:	Mr. Zhuang was nominated to the Board by the former association of Chinese shareholders Messrs Zhensheng Zhuang, Chenfei Zhuang and Qi Lin, to represent their significant investment and ongoing corporate commitments towards the Company. He has worked for Ping An Securities in Beijing and Fujian Minxing Group in Zhangzhou, China.
Other current directorships:	None
Former directorships (last 3 years):	None
Special responsibilities:	Member of audit committee
Interests in shares:	140,983,890 ordinary shares (held directly)
Interests in options:	20,000,000 (held directly)

Name:	Gregory Barry Starr
Title:	Non-executive Director
Qualifications:	BBus, CPA
Experience:	Mr Starr was appointed Director in October 2017. He is a highly experienced corporate leader in the resources sector, with over 25 years of executive management experience across a number of Australian and International companies. This includes roles as Managing Director of KBL Mining Limited (ASX), Managing Director of Crater Gold Mining Company Limited (ASX), President and Director of Kenai Resources Limited (TSX), Chief Executive Officer of Golden China Resources (TSX) and Managing Director of Emperor Mines Limited.
Other current directorships:	Birrabong Corporation Limited
Former directorships (last 3 years):	KBL Mining Limited Crater Gold Limited
Interests in shares:	None
Interests in options:	None

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr Tuan Do was appointed Company Secretary in May 2011 and is also the Group Financial Controller.

MEETINGS OF DIRECTORS

The number of meetings of the board of Directors held during the year ended 31 December 2017, and the number of meetings attended by each Director was:

Name	Board		Audit Committee		Remuneration Committee	
	Held	Attended	Held	Attended	Held	Attended
A Tsang	5	5	-	-	-	-
C Wang	5	5	2	2	-	-
Y Zhuang	5	4	2	2	-	-
G B Starr	-	-	-	-	-	-

REMUNERATION REPORT - AUDITED

The remuneration report is set out under the following main headings:

- A Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration
- B Relationship of remuneration with Group performance
- C Details of remuneration
- D Employment contracts
- E Share-based compensation
- F Equity instruments held by key management personnel

A Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The board seeks to set aggregate remuneration at a level which provides the Company with the ability to attract and retain directors of the highest calibre, whilst incurring a cost which is acceptable to shareholders.

(i) Non-executive Directors

Fees and payments to Non-executive Directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the Director. Non-executive Directors' fees and payments are reviewed annually by the Remuneration Committee.

Non-executive Directors' fees are determined within an aggregate Directors' fee pool limit, which is periodically recommended for approval by shareholders. The maximum currently stands at \$300,000 per annum plus statutory superannuation.

B Relationship of remuneration with Group performance

The Directors consider that, as the Group is in an exploration phase of its development, it is not appropriate that remuneration for employees and Directors be linked to the financial performance of the Group. Once the Group enters a sustained production phase, this assessment may change accordingly.

	Unit	2013	2014	2015 (restated)	2016 (restated)	2017
Share price at year end	\$/share	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
Market capitalisation	\$	12,191,649	7,264,157	8,097,490	8,767,327	15,916,953
Revenue	\$	263,729	267,799	153,374	62,944	13,814
Total assets	\$	22,102,096	15,237,360	13,545,426	14,060,241	14,441,405
Net loss after tax	\$	4,797,128	7,252,709	3,793,703	1,850,962	1,418,526

C Details of remuneration

The key management personnel of the Group include the Directors as per the "Directors" sections above and the following persons:

N J McIntyre – Chief Executive Officer

T Do – Group Financial Controller/Company Secretary

Details of the remuneration of the key management personnel of the Group are set out in the following tables. No performance based remuneration was paid or payable during the period.

2017	Short-term benefits	Post- employment benefits	Long- term benefits	Share- based payments	
Name	Cash salary & fees \$	Superannuation \$	Long service leave \$	Options \$	Total \$
Non-executive Directors					
A Tsang	32,000	3,040	-	-	35,040
C Wang	32,000	3,040	-	-	35,040
Y Zhuang	90,000	8,550	-	-	98,550
G B Starr #	6,926	658	-	-	7,584
Other key management personnel					
N J McIntyre	179,256	8,550	-	-	187,806
T Do	129,000	12,255	-	-	141,255
Total	469,182	36,093	-	-	505,275

Appointed on 12 October 2017

2016	Short-term benefits	Post-employment benefits	Long-term benefits	Share-based payments	
Name	Cash salary, fees & leave \$	Superannuation \$	Long service leave \$	Options \$	Total \$
Non-executive Directors					
A Tsang	32,000	3,040	-	-	35,040
C Wang	32,000	3,040	-	-	35,040
Y Zhuang	90,000	8,550	-	-	98,550
Other key management personnel					
N J McIntyre	177,395	-	-	-	177,395
T Do	139,799	12,255	-	-	152,054
Total	471,194	26,885	-	-	498,079

The group also paid \$51,532 (2016: \$84,305) for specialist market and consultancy services from Fortune Corporation Australia Pty Limited, a director-related entity of William Wang.

D Employment contracts

The employment conditions of other key management personnel, including the Chief Executive Officer and Group Financial Controller/ Company Secretary are formalised in employment contracts. Employment contracts are not of a fixed term. Employment contracts specify a range of notice periods.

E Share-based compensation

Options provided as remuneration and shares issued on exercise of such options

No new options or performance rights were granted as compensation to Directors and other key management personnel during the 2016 and 2017 financial years. All options disclosed below have vested.

2017	Beginning balance	Granted as remuneration	Exercised during the year	Options lapsed	Balance at end of year
A Tsang	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
C Wang	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Y Zhuang	-	-	-	-	-
N J McIntyre	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
T Do	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000

F Equity instruments held by key management personnel

The following table detail the number of fully paid ordinary shares in the Company that were held during the financial year by key management personnel of the Group, including their close family members and entities related to them.

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Shareholding

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of compensation	Additions	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the year
<i>Ordinary shares</i>					
A Tsang	111,536,110	-	5,000,000	-	116,536,110
C Wang	2,982,640	-	1,084,615	-	4,067,255
Y Zhuang	120,983,890	-	20,000,000	-	140,983,890
G B Starr	-	-	-	-	-
N J McIntyre	-	-	-	-	-
T Do	-	-	-	-	-
Total	235,502,640	-	26,084,615	-	261,587,255

Option holding

There were no listed options over ordinary shares in the company held during the financial year by any of the directors and other members of key management personnel of the Group, including their personally related parties.

Unlisted Option holding

	Balance at the start of the year	Received as part of compensation	Additions (as part of private placement)	Disposals/ other	Balance at the end of the year
A Tsang	1,000,000	-	5,000,000	-	6,000,000
C Wang	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Y Zhuang	-	-	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
G B Starr	-	-	-	-	-
N J McIntyre	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
T Do	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Total	4,000,000	-	25,000,000*	-	29,000,000

All unlisted options are vested and exercisable.

* As a result of the inadvertent breach of ASX Listing Rule 10.11, 25,000,000 unlisted options were subsequently cancelled on 7 February 2018.

END OF AUDITED REMUNERATION REPORT**SHARES UNDER OPTION**

Unissued ordinary shares of the Company under option as at 31 December 2017 are as follows:

Issue/grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Number under option	Type
21 September 2017	28 February 2018	1.2 cents	60,000,000	Unlisted
31 May 2013	30 April 2019	10 cents	3,000,000	Unlisted
15 March 2013	30 April 2019	10 cents	5,000,000	Unlisted

No person entitled to exercise the options had or has any right by virtue of the option to participate in any share issue of the company or of any other body corporate. Of the 60,000,000 unlisted options granted on 21 September 2017, 35,000,000 were exercised subsequent to year end at the exercise price of 1.2 cents and 25,000,000 were cancelled on 7 February 2018.

ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATION

The Group is subject to environmental regulation in relation to its exploration activities. There are no matters that have arisen in relation to environmental issues up to the date of this report.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE OF OFFICERS

The company has indemnified the directors and executives of the company for costs incurred, in their capacity as a director or executive, for which they may be held personally liable, except where there is a lack of good faith.

During the financial year, the company paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the directors and executives of the company against a liability to the extent permitted by the Corporations Act 2001. The contract of insurance prohibits disclosure of the nature of liability and the amount of the premium.

INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE OF AUDITOR

The company has not, during or since the end of the financial year, indemnified or agreed to indemnify the auditor of the company or any related entity against a liability incurred by the auditor.

During the financial year, the company has not paid a premium in respect of a contract to insure the auditor of the company or any related entity.

PROCEEDINGS ON BEHALF OF THE COMPANY

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the company, or to intervene in any proceedings to which the company is a party for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the company for all or part of those proceedings.

CHANGE OF AUDITOR

During the second half of 2017, in order to better align with the Company's size and scale, the Company undertook a competitive tender process and the Board of Directors subsequently resolved to appoint William Buck (Qld) as auditor of the Company. BDO Audit Pty Ltd applied for, and received ASIC consent to resign as the auditor of the Company.

The decision to appoint William Buck (Qld) will be ratified by shareholders at the upcoming Annual General Meeting in 2018.

NON-AUDIT SERVICES

William Buck (Qld), the Company's current auditor, did not perform any other services in addition to their statutory audit duties.

AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is set out on page 11.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of directors, pursuant to section 298(2)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'W Wang', with a long, sweeping horizontal stroke extending to the right.

William Wang
Non-executive Chairman

29 March 2018
Brisbane

**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER SECTION 307C OF THE
CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF DIATREME RESOURCES
LIMITED**

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 31 December 2017, there have been:

- no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

William Buck

William Buck (Qld)
ABN 21 559 713 106

J A Latif

J A Latif
A Member of the Firm

Brisbane, 29 March 2018

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Revenue	2	13,814	62,944
Other income	2	17,196	29,336
Employee benefit expenses		(752,974)	(697,202)
Depreciation expenses	10	(37,537)	(48,395)
Exploration assets written off	11	(11,321)	(258,003)
Other expenses	3	(405,756)	(688,803)
Finance costs		(241,948)	(250,839)
Loss before income tax		(1,418,526)	(1,850,962)
Income tax benefit	5	-	-
Net Loss for the year		(1,418,526)	(1,850,962)
Other comprehensive income			
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,418,526)	(1,850,962)

		Cents	Cents
Loss per share			
Basic earnings per share	4	(0.2)	(0.2)
Diluted earnings per share	4	(0.2)	(0.2)

The above Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
as at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 # \$ (restated)	1 January 2016 # \$ (restated)
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	13	158,011	310,362	20,320
Trade and other receivables	7	120,813	110,511	63,142
Total Current Assets		278,824	420,873	83,462
Non-current Assets				
Available-for-sale financial assets		-	3,252	3,252
Property, plant and equipment	10	130,369	172,316	231,262
Exploration and evaluation assets	11	13,988,080	13,417,168	13,114,514
Other assets	12	44,132	46,632	112,936
Total Non-current Assets		14,162,581	13,639,368	13,461,964
Total Assets		14,441,405	14,060,241	13,545,426
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	8	353,568	296,056	361,702
Borrowings	14	1,752,959	-	-
Provisions	9	9,238	5,546	5,546
Total Current Liabilities		2,115,765	301,602	367,248
Non-current Liabilities				
Borrowings	14	-	1,373,825	485,592
Provisions	9	272,000	272,000	272,000
Total Non-current Liabilities		272,000	1,645,825	757,592
Total Liabilities		2,387,765	1,947,427	1,124,840
Net Assets		12,053,640	12,112,814	12,420,586
Equity				
Issued capital	16	49,979,066	48,750,812	48,048,903
Reserve	17	1,657,637	1,526,539	685,258
Accumulated losses	18	(39,583,063)	(38,164,537)	(36,313,575)
Total Equity		12,053,640	12,112,814	12,420,586

The above Consolidated Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Refer to Note 15

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	Issued capital \$	Share- based payment reserve \$	Convertible note reserve \$	Accumulated losses \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 January 2016		48,048,903	191,938	79,235	(36,397,307)	11,922,769
Adjustment on correction of error		-	-	414,085	83,732	497,817
Balance at 1 January 2016 (restated)		48,048,903	191,938	493,320	(36,313,575)	12,420,586
Total comprehensive income: Loss for the year		-	-	-	(1,850,962)	(1,850,962)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Shares issued		758,370	-	-	-	758,370
Share issue costs		(56,461)	-	-	-	(56,461)
Convertible note draw down		-	-	841,281	-	841,281
Balance at 31 December 2016 (restated)		48,750,812	191,938	1,334,601	(38,164,537)	12,112,814
Total comprehensive income: Loss for the year		-	-	-	(1,418,526)	(1,418,526)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:						
Shares issued		1,295,000	-	-	-	1,295,000
Share issue costs		(66,746)	-	-	-	(66,746)
Convertible note draw down		-	-	131,098	-	131,098
Balance at 31 December 2017	15 to 18	49,979,066	191,938	1,465,699	(39,583,063)	12,053,640

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
for the year ended 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Receipts in the course of operations		13,464	59,205
Payments to suppliers and employees		(1,139,445)	(1,394,522)
Interest received		313	3,618
Finance costs		(1,715)	(2,749)
Net cash used in operating activities	6	<u>(1,127,383)</u>	<u>(1,334,448)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(1,121)	(6,861)
Payments for exploration and evaluation assets		(527,328)	(665,035)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		22,727	18,173
Payments for security deposits		-	(39,365)
Refund of security deposits		2,500	105,669
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(503,222)</u>	<u>(587,419)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of shares		1,245,000	758,370
Payments for share issue costs		(66,746)	(56,461)
Proceeds from drawdowns of borrowings		300,000	1,600,000
Payments for borrowing costs		-	(90,000)
Net cash from financing activities		<u>1,478,254</u>	<u>2,211,909</u>
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(152,351)	290,042
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		<u>310,362</u>	<u>20,320</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	13	<u>158,011</u>	<u>310,362</u>

The above Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

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A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Diatreme Resources Limited (the "Company") is a public company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (trading under the code DRX), and is incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is Unit 8, 61 Holdsworth Street, Coorparoo, Queensland 4151. The Group financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2017 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The principal activity of the Group during the course of the financial year was the exploration for heavy mineral sands, copper, gold and base metals in Australia.

B. BASIS OF PREPARATION

(a) Statement of compliance

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001*. The Group is a for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2018.

(b) Basis of measurement

The Group financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

(c) Functional and presentation currency

These Group financial statements are presented in Australian dollars, which is the Company's functional currency and the functional currency of the Group.

(d) Accounting policies

Accounting policies have been applied consistently by all of the Group's entities and to all periods presented in the consolidated financial statements. Specific significant accounting policies are described in the note to which they relate. The following accounting policy applies to the consolidated financial statements as a whole:

Good and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the taxation authority. In this case it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense.

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to the taxation authority, are presented as operating cash flows.

(e) Adoption of new and revised accounting standards

A number of new and revised standards became effective for the first time to annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017. Adoption of these new and revised standards did not have a material impact on the financial report.

(f) Material Uncertainty Regarding Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis, which contemplates the continuity of normal business activity and the realisation of assets and the settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Group has incurred a net loss after tax for the year ended 31 December 2017 of \$1,418,526 and a net cash outflow from operations of \$1,127,383. At 31 December 2017, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$1,836,941.

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Group drew down the final balance of \$300,000 from the convertible note facility, and also further raised \$1,295,000 from private placements, a share purchase plan, and exercise of unlisted options.

The Group's ability to continue as a going concern and pay its debts as and when they fall due, is dependent upon the successful future raising of necessary funding through equity (refer to Note 27 for details of a private placement completed and the exercise of unlisted options post year-end), extension of the maturity date of the convertible note facility and accrued interest which the directors believe is likely, successful exploration and subsequent exploitation of the Group's tenements, securing product offtake agreements for the Cyclone Project, and/or sale of non-core assets.

The Directors have reviewed the business outlook and cash flow forecasts and are of the opinion that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate as they believe the Group will achieve the matters set out above. As such, the Directors believe that they will continue to be successful in securing additional capital through debt or equity issues as and when the need to raise working capital arises.

The reliance on securing additional capital through debt or equity gives rise to the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will be able to realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the ordinary course of business.

The Directors believe that they will continue to be successful in securing additional funds through the issue of securities as and when required. Accordingly, the financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts, nor to the amounts and classification of liabilities that may be necessary should the Group be unable to continue as a going concern.

(g) Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates are reviewed on an ongoing basis and any revisions to estimates are recognised prospectively.

Key judgements, estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are described in the following notes:

- 9. Rehabilitation provision
- 11. Exploration and evaluation assets

C. RESULTS

This section sets out the results and performance of the Group.

1. Operating segments

The Group currently operates in one business segment and one geographical segment, namely explorer for heavy mineral sands, copper, gold and base metals in Australia. The revenues and results of this segment are those of the Group as a whole and are set out in the Consolidated Statement Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

2. Revenue and other income

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and recognised when the service is provided, or ownership of the product has passed to the customer. Interest revenue is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
a) Revenue		
Interest	313	3,618
Other	13,501	59,326
	<u>13,814</u>	<u>62,944</u>
b) Other income		
Gain disposal of non-current assets	17,196	761
Gain on loan	-	28,575
	<u>17,196</u>	<u>29,336</u>

3. Other expenses

Professional fees	49,887	124,117
Rental expenses on operating leases (#)	65,008	245,731
Listing and share registry expenses	49,237	56,948
Administration costs	238,372	262,007
Impairment of available-for-sale financial asset	3,252	-
	<u>405,756</u>	<u>688,803</u>

(#) Operating leases are leases where the lessor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

4. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to equity holders of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares and the weighted average number of shares assumed to have been issued for no consideration in relation to dilutive potential ordinary shares.

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Loss after income tax attributable to the owners of Diatreme Resources Limited	(1,418,526)	(1,850,962)
	Number	Number
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic earnings per share	903,627,303	842,281,273
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating diluted earnings per share	903,627,303	842,281,273
	Cents	Cents
Basic earnings per share	(0.2)	(0.2)
Diluted earnings per share	(0.2)	(0.2)

Options are considered to be potential ordinary shares but were anti-dilutive in nature and therefore the diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share.

5. Taxation

The income tax expense or revenue for the year is the tax payable on the taxable income based upon the national income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, and to unused tax losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for temporary differences at the tax rates expected to apply when the assets are recovered or liabilities are settled, based on those tax rates which are enacted or substantively enacted for each jurisdiction. The relevant tax rates are applied to the cumulative amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences to measure the deferred tax asset or liability. An exception is made for certain temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of an asset or a liability. No deferred tax asset or liability is recognised in relation to these temporary differences if they arose in a transaction, other than a business combination, that at the time of the transaction did not affect either accounting profit or taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Current and deferred tax balances attributable to amounts recognised directly in other comprehensive income are also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Tax consolidation legislation

The Company and its wholly-owned Australian subsidiaries have implemented the tax consolidation legislation.

Where applicable, each entity in the Group recognises its own current and deferred tax assets and liabilities. Amounts resulting from unused tax losses and tax credits are then immediately assumed by the parent entity. The current tax liability of each subsidiary entity is then also assumed by the parent entity.

The entities have also entered into a tax sharing and funding arrangement. Under the terms of this agreement, the wholly-owned entities reimburse the Company for any current income tax payable by the Company arising in respect of their activities. The reimbursements are payable at the same time as the associated income tax liability falls due.

In the opinion of the Directors, the tax sharing agreement is also a valid agreement under the tax consolidation legislation and limits the joint and several liability of the wholly-owned entities in the case of a default by the Company.

	2017 \$	2016 \$
(a) The prima facie tax on accounting loss differs from the income tax provided in the financial statements. The difference is reconciled as follows:		
Loss before income tax	(1,418,526)	(1,850,962)
Prima facie income tax benefit at 27.5% (2016: 28.5%)	(390,095)	(527,524)
Tax effect of amounts which are not deductible in calculating taxable income:		
Other	23,200	-
	(366,895)	(527,524)
Deferred tax assets not recognised	366,895	527,524
Total income tax benefit	-	-

(b) Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Unused tax losses	48,958,400	47,557,561
Potential tax effect at 27.5% (2016: 28.5%)	13,463,560	13,553,905

The Group has not recognised the deferred tax assets in the financial statements as it is not considered probable that sufficient taxable amounts will be available in future periods with which to be offset.

6. Reconciliation on net profit/(loss) to net cash flows used in operating activities

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Loss for the year	(1,418,526)	(1,850,962)
Non-cash items		
Depreciation	37,537	48,395
Capitalised exploration expenditure written-off	11,321	258,003
Impairment of available-for-sale financial asset	3,252	-
Gain on loan	-	(28,575)
(Profit)/loss on sale of fixed assets	(17,196)	(761)
Movements in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase)/decrease in receivables	12,851	6,384
Increase / (decrease) in payables	239,686	233,068
Increase / (decrease) in provisions	3,692	-
Net cash used In operating activities	(1,127,383)	(1,334,448)

D. WORKING CAPITAL AND OTHER ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

This section sets out information relating to the working capital and other assets and liabilities of the Group. Working capital includes the assets and liabilities that are used in the day-to-day trading operations of the Group.

7. Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised at nominal amount less an allowance for uncollectible amounts and have repayment terms between 30 and 90 days. Collectability of receivables is assessed on an ongoing basis. Debts which are known to be uncollectible are written off. An allowance is made for doubtful debts where there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms. Objective evidence of impairment includes financial difficulties of the debtor, default payments or debts more than 120 days overdue. On confirmation that the receivable will not be collectible the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Trade receivables ⁽¹⁾	68,274	95,079
Other receivables ⁽¹⁾	52,539	15,432
	<u>120,813</u>	<u>110,511</u>

⁽¹⁾ Receivables do not contain impaired assets and are not past due.

8. Trade, other payables and employee benefits

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the reporting period and which remain unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition

Employee benefits - Wages and Salaries and Annual Leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are recognised in other liabilities in respect of employees' services rendered up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Unsecured		
Trade payables	32,822	18,862
Other payables and accruals	254,004	224,321
Employee benefits	66,742	46,873
	<u>353,568</u>	<u>290,056</u>

9. Provisions

Employee benefits - Long Service Leave

Liabilities for long service leave are recognised as part of the provision for employee benefits and measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees to the end of the reporting period. Consideration is given to expected future salaries and wages levels, experience of employee departures and periods of service. Expected future payments are discounted using corporate bond rates at the end of the reporting period with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Rehabilitation provision

A provision for rehabilitation is recognised when there is a present obligation to rehabilitate an area disturbed, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. An asset is created as part of the exploration and evaluation assets which is offset by a provision for rehabilitation.

The Group's exploration activities are subject to various laws and regulations governing the protection of the environment. The Group recognises management's best estimate for assets retirement obligations and site rehabilitations in the period in which they are incurred. Actual costs incurred in the future periods could differ materially from the estimates. Additionally, future changes to environmental laws and regulations, life of mine estimates and discount rates could affect the carrying amount of this provision.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Current liabilities		
Employee benefits	9,238	5,546
Non-current liabilities		
Rehabilitation	272,000	272,000

E. TANGIBLE ASSETS

This section sets out the non-current tangible assets of the Group and the method used to assess the recoverable amount of these assets

Impairment of assets

At the end of each reporting period the Group assesses whether there is any indication that individual assets are impaired. Where impairment indicators exist, recoverable amount is determined and impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss where the asset's carrying value exceeds its recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purpose of assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units).

Where it is not possible to estimate recoverable amount for an individual asset, recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

The carrying values of capitalised exploration and evaluation expenditure and property, plant and equipment are assessed for impairment when indicators of such impairment exist. External factors, such as changes in expected future processes, technology and economic conditions, are also monitored to assess for indicators of impairment.

10. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost, including costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, less depreciation and any impairments.

Depreciation is calculated on a diminishing value basis. Estimates of remaining useful lives are made on a regular basis for all assets.

The depreciation rates used for each class of assets are as follows:

Furniture and fittings	20%
Motor vehicles	20%
Plant and equipment	20-40%

	Furniture and fittings	Motor vehicles	Plant and Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 31 December 2016				
Opening net book amount	6,104	43,848	181,310	231,262
Additions	-	-	6,861	6,861
Disposals	-	(17,412)	-	(17,412)
Depreciation charge	(1,294)	(6,751)	(40,350)	(48,395)
Closing net book amount	4,810	19,685	147,821	172,316

At 31 December 2016				
Cost	134,723	139,776	1,063,130	1,337,629
Accumulated depreciation	(129,913)	(120,091)	(915,309)	(1,165,313)
Net book amount	4,810	19,685	147,821	172,316

	Furniture and fittings	Motor vehicles	Plant and Equipment	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Year ended 31 December 2017				
Opening net book amount	4,810	19,685	147,821	172,316
Additions	-	-	1,121	1,121
Disposals	-	(5,531)	-	(5,531)
Depreciation charge	(962)	(3,325)	(33,250)	(37,537)
Closing net book amount	3,848	10,829	115,692	130,369

At 31 December 2017				
Cost	134,723	99,172	1,064,251	1,298,146
Accumulated depreciation	(130,875)	(88,343)	(948,559)	(1,167,777)
Net book amount	3,848	10,829	115,692	130,369

11. Exploration and evaluation assets

Exploration and evaluation costs, including the costs of acquiring licences, are capitalised as exploration and evaluation assets on an area of interest basis. Costs incurred before the Group has obtained the legal rights to explore an area are recognised in the profit or loss.

Exploration and evaluation assets are only recognised if the rights to the tenure of the area of interest are current and either:

- the expenditures are expected to be recouped through successful development and exploitation of the area of interest or alternatively, by its sale; or
- activities in the area of interest have not, at the reporting date, reached a stage which permits a reasonable assessment of the existence or otherwise of economically recoverable reserves and active and significant operations in, or in relation to, the area of interest are continuing.

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Exploration and evaluation assets – at cost less impairment	13,988,080	13,417,168
Opening balance	13,417,168	13,114,514
Costs capitalised during the year	582,233	560,657
Costs written off during the year (#)	(11,321)	(258,003)
Closing balance	13,988,080	13,417,168

(#) During the years ended 31 December 2016 and 31 December 2017, reviews of exploration data in conjunction with management assessment, resulted in these write-off of exploration assets.

Exploration and evaluation costs have been capitalised on the basis that the Group will commence commercial production in the future, from which time the costs will be amortised in proportion to the depletion of the mineral resources. Key judgements are applied in considering costs to be capitalised which includes determining expenditures directly related to these activities and allocating overheads between those that are expensed and capitalised. In addition, costs are only capitalised that are expected to be recovered either through successful development or sale of the relevant mining interest. Factors that could impact the future commercial production at the mine include the level of reserves and resources, future technology changes, which could impact the cost of mining, future legal changes and changes in commodity prices. To the extent that capitalised costs are determined not to be recoverable in the future, they will be written off in the period in which this determination is made.

At balance date the carrying amount of exploration and evaluation assets was \$13,988,080 of which \$11,162,276 is attributable to the significant exploration of the Group's Cyclone Zircon Project.

Farm-out Arrangement

On 20 March 2015, the Department of Natural Resources and Mines approved the transfer of the three mining leases comprising the Tick Hill Project (MLs 7094, 7096 and 7097) from Mount Isa Mines Limited (MIM) to the Company.

This event satisfied the final milestone under the Tick Hill Gold Project "Exploration Farm-in and Joint Venture Agreement", dated 17 June 2013 (JVA), between Diatrema Resources Limited and Superior Resources Limited (SPQ).

In addition, on 30 January 2015, SPQ and the Company confirmed that the remaining conditions of the JVA had been waived and as a result, SPQ rights and obligations in relation to the Tick Hill Gold Project commenced from that date.

Under the JVA, SPQ has the right to earn a 50% interest in the project by:

- spending a minimum of \$750,000 on exploration;
- making a payment to the Company of \$100,000; and
- lodging 50% of the Queensland Government security bond on the tenements.

All costs incurred by the Company for the Tick Hill Gold Project are recognised as exploration and evaluation assets. Reimbursement from SPQ is offset against the exploration and evaluation assets. At 31 December 2017, SPQ has not earned any interest in the project.

12. Other non-current assets

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Rent guarantee deposit	13,365	13,365
Security deposits	30,767	33,267
	<u>44,132</u>	<u>46,632</u>

F. CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND FINANCIAL RISKS

This section sets out the capital structure of the Group and its exposure to financial risks. The capital structure consists of debt and equity. This section also sets out the financial risks to which the Group is exposed as a result of its operating, investing and financing activities.

13. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, on-demand deposits and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant changes in value.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>158,011</u>	<u>310,362</u>

14. Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the loans and borrowings using the effective interest method.

The component of the convertible notes that exhibits characteristics of a liability is recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position, net of transaction costs.

On the issue of the convertible notes the fair value of the liability component is determined using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible bond and this amount is carried as a liability on the amortised cost basis until extinguished on conversion or redemption. The increase in the liability due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost. The remainder of the proceeds are allocated to the conversion option that is recognised and included in shareholders equity as a convertible note reserve, net of transaction costs. The carrying amount of the conversion option is not remeasured in subsequent years. The corresponding interest on convertible notes is expensed to profit or loss.

All borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, as part of the capital raising exercise, the Company entered into a funding agreement with a private investor for the provision of a \$3 million facility.

The facility terms are as follows:

- Six \$500,000 tranches drawn quarterly over a 15 month period, starting from receipt of the deposit (1st tranche) to comprise a fully drawn facility of \$3 million.
- Interest rate – 5.20% pa.
- Term – 36 months from first note drawdown date.
- Repayment:
 - o 50% of notes (\$1.5 million) convertible to ordinary shares at maturity at fixed price of \$0.02.
 - o 50% of notes (\$1.5 million) in cash by the Company at maturity.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 31 December 2017

As at 31 December 2016, the Company had drawn down \$2,700,000. During the year ended 31 December 2017, the final balance of \$300,000 was drawn down. Total borrowings are as follows:

	2017 \$	2016 \$(restated)
Unsecured Loan	1,752,959	1,373,825
Total borrowings	1,752,959	1,373,825
Current liability	1,752,959	-
Non-current liability	-	1,373,825
	1,752,959	1,373,825

Accounting standards require the separate recognition of the debt and equity components of the convertible note facility. At the date of recognition of the convertible note, the debt and equity components of the facility were separated according to their fair values. The convertible notes are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

	2017 \$	2016 \$(restated)
Borrowings	1,752,959	1,373,825
Convertible note reserve	1,465,699	1,334,601
	3,218,658	2,708,426

Refer to Note 15 for further information on the restatement.

15. Correction of Error in Accounting for the Convertible Note Facility

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the accounting treatment of the convertible note facility was reviewed and it was determined that the accounting treatment applied in prior periods was incorrect.

As a consequence, financial liabilities were overstated and equity reserves were understated in the previously issued financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2016.

The error as described has been corrected by restating each of the affected consolidated statement of financial position line items for the 31 December 2016 year as follows:

	31 Dec 2016 (original) \$	Increase / (Decrease)	31 Dec 2016 (restated) \$
Non-current liabilities - borrowings	2,623,466	(1,249,641)	1,373,825
Net Assets	10,863,173	1,249,641	12,112,814
Convertible note reserve	168,692	1,165,909	1,334,601
Accumulated losses	(38,248,269)	83,732	(38,164,537)

The restatement did not have a material impact on the comparative consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and did not impact earnings per share.

16. Issued Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

	2017 \$	2016 \$
994,809,591 (Dec 2016 876,732,679) ordinary shares	49,979,066	48,750,812

(a) Movements in ordinary share capital

Date	Details	Number of shares	Issue price \$	\$
1 Jan 2016	Opening balance	809,749,043		48,048,903
Mar	Exercise of listed options.	218,516	0.020	4,370
Jul ⁽¹⁾	Shares issued	19,583,333	0.012	235,000
Jul ⁽²⁾	Shares issued	47,181,787	0.011	519,000
	Shares issue costs	-		(56,461)
31 Dec 2016	Balance	876,732,679		48,750,812
Sep ⁽¹⁾	Shares issued ⁽⁴⁾	75,000,000	0.010	750,000
Nov ⁽²⁾	Shares issued	28,076,912	0.013	365,000
Nov ⁽³⁾	Exercise of unlisted options.	15,000,000	0.012	180,000
	Shares issue costs	-		(66,746)
31 Dec 2017	Balance	994,809,591		49,979,066

⁽¹⁾ During both the 2016 and 2017 financial years the Company completed several placements to sophisticated and professional investors.

⁽²⁾ The Company completed Share Purchase Plans in July 2016 and November 2017.

⁽³⁾ Options attached to the share placement completed in September 2017.

⁽⁴⁾ 25,000,000 shares were issued to a director and an entity associated with a director in September 2017 without prior shareholders' approval. As disclosed in Note 27, the shares will be bought back, cancelled and reissued at an EGM to be held on 5 April 2018. The unlisted options attached to these shares were subsequently cancelled on 7 February 2018 (refer to Note 16(b) below and Note 27).

Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and the proceeds on the winding up of the company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares held. The fully paid ordinary shares have no par value and the company does not have a limited amount of authorised capital.

On a show of hands every member present at a meeting in person or by proxy shall have one vote and upon a poll each share shall have one vote.

(b) Share Options

Expiry date	Exercise Price	Number at end of year	
		2017	2016
28 February 2018 (unlisted) ⁽¹⁾	\$0.012	60,000,000	-
30 April 2019 (unlisted)	\$0.100	8,000,000	8,000,000

⁽¹⁾ 75,000,000 options attached to the 75,000,000 shares from the September 2017 Placement, of which 15,000,000 options were exercised in November 2017 (refer also to Note 16 (a) above). 25,000,000 options were issued to a director and an entity associated with a director in September 2017 without prior shareholders' approval. These unlisted options were subsequently cancelled on 7 February 2018 and will be reissued once shareholder approval is received (refer Note 27).

Share options issued by the Company carry no rights to dividends and no voting rights. All options are exercisable for cash on a 1:1 basis.

	Number at end of year	
	2017	2016
Movement in share options		
Opening balance	8,000,000	8,000,000
Issued 21 September 2017	75,000,000	-
Exercised	(15,000,000)	-
Balance	68,000,000	8,000,000

17. Reserves

	Share based payment reserve \$	Convertible note reserve \$	Total \$
Balance 31 December 2015 (restated)	191,938	493,320	685,258
Equity component of convertible note drawdowns (restated)	-	841,281	841,281
Balance 31 December 2016 (restated)	191,938	1,334,601	1,526,539
Equity component of convertible note drawdowns	-	131,098	131,098
Balance 31 December 2017	191,938	1,465,699	1,657,637

Nature and purpose of share-based payment – option reserve

The share-based payment reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued under the employee share option plan.

Nature and purpose of convertible note reserve

The convertible note reserve is used to recognise the fair value of the equity component of the convertible loan facility as described in Note 14 above.

18. Accumulated losses

	2017 \$	2016 \$ (restated)
Accumulated losses at the beginning of the year	(38,164,537)	(36,313,575)
Net loss for the year	(1,418,526)	(1,850,962)
Accumulated losses at the end of the year	(39,583,063)	(38,164,537)

19. Financial instruments

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise cash, short-term deposits, trade payables and borrowings. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to fund the Group's operations.

The Group does not use any form of derivatives as it is not at a level of exposure that requires the use of derivatives to hedge its exposure. Exposure limits are reviewed by management on a continuous basis. The Group does not enter into or trade financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes.

(a) Categories of financial instruments

	2017 \$	2016 \$ (restated)
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	158,011	310,362
Trade and other receivables	120,813	110,511
Security and other deposits	44,132	46,632
Available-for-sale financial assets	-	3,252
Total financial assets	322,956	470,757

	2017 \$	2016 \$ (restated)
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	353,568	296,056
Borrowings	1,752,959	1,373,825
Total financial liabilities	<u>2,106,527</u>	<u>1,669,881</u>

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework which is summarised below:

(b) Capital risk management

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. As an emerging explorer, the Group does not establish a return on capital. Capital management requires the maintenance of strong cash balance to support ongoing exploration. There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

(c) Market risk

Interest rate risk

Exposure to interest rate risk arises on financial assets and financial liabilities recognised at the end of reporting period whereby a future change in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair value of fixed rate financial instruments. The Group is also exposed to earning volatility on floating rate instruments. The Group does not have a formal policy in place to mitigate interest rate risks as the Group's income and operating cash flows are not materially exposed to changes in market interest rates.

At balance date, the Group had the following financial assets which are interest bearing:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Cash and cash equivalents (variable interest rates)	<u>158,011</u>	<u>310,362</u>

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counter party will not complete its obligation under a financial instrument that will result in a financial loss to the Group. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure.

The Group manages any credit risk associated with its funds on deposit by ensuring that it only invests its funds with reputable financial institutions.

The Group manages any credit risk associated with its trade and other receivables by regular monitoring of exposures against the credit limits and monitoring of the financial stability of significant customers and counterparties.

(e) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash reserves from funds raised in the market and by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows.

The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

Consolidated	Carrying amount \$	Contractual cash flow \$	< 6 months \$	6-12 months \$	1-3 years \$	> 3 years \$
31 Dec 2016						
Trade and other payables	290,056	290,056	290,056	-	-	-
Borrowings	1,373,825	1,474,408	-	-	1,474,408	-
	1,663,881	1,764,465	290,056	-	1,474,408	-

Consolidated	Carrying amount \$	Contractual cash flow \$	< 6 months \$	6-12 months \$	1-3 years \$	> 3 years \$
31 Dec 2017						
Trade and other payables	353,568	353,568	353,568	-	-	-
Borrowings	1,752,959	1,792,167	-	1,792,167	-	-
	2,106,527	2,145,735	353,568	1,792,167	-	-

(f) Fair values

The carrying amount of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the financial statements approximate their respective fair values, other than as noted below.

The fair value of the non-current asset comprising available-for-sale financial assets has been valued at cost less allowance for impairment.

G. GROUP STRUCTURE

This section sets out the legal structure of the Group.

20. Interests in subsidiaries

The Group financial statements consolidate those of the Company and all of its subsidiaries as of 31 December 2017. Subsidiaries are all those entities over which the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether a Group controls another entity. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

All transactions and balances between Group companies are eliminated on consolidation, including unrealised gains and losses on transactions between Group companies. Where unrealised losses on intra-group asset sales are reversed on consolidation, the underlying asset is also tested for impairment from a group perspective. Amounts reported in the financial statements of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

Profit or loss and other comprehensive income of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are recognised from the effective date of acquisition, or up to the effective date of disposal, as applicable.

Set out below are details of the subsidiaries held directly by the Group:

Name of subsidiary	Country of Incorporation	Principal activity	Ownership Interest	
			2017	2016
Regional Exploration Management Pty Ltd	Australia	Logistical support	100%	100%
Chalcophile Resources Pty Ltd *	Australia	Metals exploration	100%	100%
Lost Sands Pty Ltd	Australia	Mineral sands exploration	100%	100%

* This entity is 100% owned by Regional Exploration Management Pty Ltd.

21. Parent Entity Information

	2017 \$	2016 \$ (Restated)
Financial position		
Current assets	273,555	414,901
Non-current assets	16,414,929	15,896,529
Total assets	16,688,484	16,311,430
Current liabilities	1,910,362	114,103
Non-current liabilities	272,000	1,645,825
Total liabilities	2,182,362	1,759,928
Net assets	14,506,122	14,551,502
Shareholders' equity		
Contributed equity	49,979,066	48,750,812
Reserves	1,657,637	1,526,539
Accumulated losses	(37,130,581)	(35,725,849)
Total equity	14,506,122	14,551,502
Loss for the year	(1,404,733)	(1,850,962)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	(1,404,733)	(1,850,962)

Non-Current Assets

Non-current assets include \$11,693,832 (2016: \$19,491,170) of intercompany receivables balances with recoverability of the debt based on successful exploitation of various tenement sites.

Contingent Liabilities

The parent entity does not have any contingent liability.

Contractual commitments

The parent entity does not have any contractual commitments for property, plant and equipment at 31 December 2017.

Guarantees

The parent entity does not have any guarantees at 31 December 2017.

H. OTHER ITEMS

This section sets out other disclosures that may be relevant to understanding the financial position and performance of the Group.

22. Commitments

(a) Tenement expenditure commitments

So as to maintain current rights to tenure of exploration tenements, the Group will be required to outlay amounts in respect of tenement rent to the relevant governing authorities and to meet certain annual exploration expenditure commitments. These outlays (exploration expenditure and rent), which arise in relation to granted tenements, inclusive of tenement applications are as follows:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Payable within 1 year	1,771,741	466,211
Payable between one and five years	1,420,951	2,018,228
	<u>3,192,692</u>	<u>2,484,439</u>

The outlays may be varied from time to time, subject to approval of the relevant government departments, and may be relieved if a tenement is relinquished. In 2017 cash security bonds totalling \$30,767 were held by the relevant governing authorities to ensure compliance with granted tenement conditions (2016: \$33,267).

(b) Operating lease commitments

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Payable within 1 year	50,071	49,090
Payable between one and five years	25,073	75,146
	<u>75,144</u>	<u>124,236</u>

The Company has leasing arrangements for the rental of office space expiring on 30 June 2019.

23. Contingent Liability

The Group does not have any contingent liability at 31 December 2017.

24. Share-based payments

The Company established an employee share option plan (ESOP 2012) which was approved by shareholders at the AGM on 24 May 2012. The purpose of the scheme was to give an additional incentive to Directors, employees and consultants, to provide dedicated and on-going commitment and effort to the Company.

Information of share options issued to the Company's employees and consultants is as follows:

	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance at start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ other	Balance at end of the year
2017	15/03/2013	30/04/2019	\$0.10	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000
2016	15/03/2013	30/04/2019	\$0.10	5,000,000	-	-	-	5,000,000

The remaining contractual life of the above share options outstanding at the end of the period was 0.3 years.

Information of share options issued to the Company's directors and Chief Executive Officer is as follows:

	Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Balance at start of the year	Granted	Exercised	Expired/ other	Balance at end of the year
2017	31/05/2013	30/04/2019	\$0.10	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000
2016	31/05/2013	30/04/2019	\$0.10	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000

The remaining contractual life of the above share options outstanding at the end of the period was 0.3 years.

Set out below are the options exercisable at the end of the financial year:

Grant date	Expiry date	2017 Number	2016 Number
21/09/2017	28/02/2018	60,000,000*	-
15/03/2013	30/04/2019	5,000,000	5,000,000
31/05/2013	30/04/2019	3,000,000	3,000,000

* 25,000,000 options were subsequently cancelled on 7 February 2018 (refer to Note 27).

25. Related parties

(a) Parent entity

The ultimate parent entity in the Group is Diatreme Resources Limited.

(b) Subsidiaries

Interests in subsidiaries are set out in Note 20.

(c) Key management personnel

Disclosures relating to key management personnel are set out below and remuneration report in the directors' report.

Compensation

The aggregate compensation made to directors and other members of key management personnel of the Group is set out below:

	2017 \$	2016 \$
Short-term employee benefits	469,182	471,194
Post-employment benefits	36,093	26,885
	<u>505,275</u>	<u>498,079</u>

(d) Transactions with related parties

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
The following transactions occurred with related parties:		
Payment for specialist market and consultancy services from Fortune Corporation Australia Pty Limited (director-related entity of William Wang).	51,532	84,305

26. Remuneration of auditors

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Previous auditor of the Company - BDO Audit Pty Ltd		
Audit and review of the financial statements	28,000	40,000
Current auditor of the Company – William Buck (Qld)		
Audit and review of the financial statements	20,000	-

Both the previous and current auditors did not provide any other services.

27. Events subsequent to balance date

11 January 2018	Cooperation and Consulting Services agreements signed with China ENFI Engineering Corporation (ENFI) replacing previous Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), for completion of Cyclone Zircon Project's definitive feasibility study (DFS).
31 January 2018	Completion of private placement to sophisticated investors to raise a total of \$490,000.
7 February 2018	The Company made an announcement to ASX on the inadvertent breach of ASX Listing Rule 10.11. The Company had issued 25,000,000 shares and 25,000,000 unlisted options to a director and an entity associated with a director in September 2017 without prior shareholders' approval, resulting in an inadvertent breach of ASX Listing Rule 10.11. The Company has cancelled the options and will seek shareholder approval at an extra ordinary general meeting (EGM) on 5 April 2018 for the buy-back and cancellation of the shares at their issue price. At the EGM, the company will also seek shareholders' approval for the issue of the same number of shares and unlisted options to a director and the entity associated with a director.
28 February 2018	35,000,000 unlisted options granted on 21 September 2017 were fully exercised and a total of \$420,000 was raised.

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect the operations of the Group, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Group in financial years subsequent to 31 December 2017.

28. New accounting standards and interpretations

At the date of authorisation of the financial report, certain Standards and Interpretations were on issue but not yet effective. These Standards and Interpretations, including AASB 9 Financial Instruments, AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers and AASB 16 Leases, have not been adopted in the preparation of the financial report for the year ended 31 December 2017. None of these Standards and Interpretations are expected to have significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group,

The Group expects to first apply these Standards and Interpretations in the financial report of the Group relating to the annual reporting period beginning after the effective date of each pronouncement.

DIRECTORS' DECLARATION
for the year ended 31 December 2017

In the directors' opinion:

- the attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with the Corporations Act 2001, the Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001 and other mandatory professional reporting requirements;
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board as described in note B to the financial statements;
- the attached financial statements and notes thereto give a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its performance for the financial year ended on that date; and
- there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors have been given the declarations required by section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of directors made pursuant to section 295(5)(a) of the Corporations Act 2001.

On behalf of the directors



William Wang
Non-executive Chairman

29 March 2018
Brisbane

Diatreme Resources Limited

Independent auditor's report to the members

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Diatreme Resources Limited (the Company and its subsidiaries (the Group)), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Group, is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the Group's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its financial performance for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note B(f) in the financial report, which indicates that the Group incurred a net loss after tax of \$1,418,526 during the year ended 31 December 2017 and had net cash outflows from operations of \$1,127,383, and, as of that date, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$1,836,941. As stated in Note B(f), these events or conditions, along with other matters as set forth in Note B(f), indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
& ADVISORS

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Other Matter – Predecessor Auditor

The financial reports of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2016 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on that that financial report on 20 March 2017.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

CARRYING VALUE OF EXPLORATION COSTS	
Area of focus Refer also to note 11	How our audit addressed it
Capitalised exploration and evaluation assets represent over 96% of the Group's total assets. The carrying value of exploration and evaluation assets is impacted by the Group's ability, and intention, to continue to explore and evaluate these assets. The results of these activities then determine the extent to which it may or may not be commercially viable to develop and extract identified reserves. Due to the significance of this asset and the subjectivity involved in determining its carrying value and recoverable amount, this is a key audit matter.	Our audit procedures included: — A review of the directors' assessment of the criteria for the capitalisation of exploration and evaluation expenditure and their assessment of whether there are any indicators of impairment to capitalised costs; — Considering the Group's intention and ability to continue activities necessary to support a decision to develop the exploration and evaluation assets, which included an assessment of the Group's ability to fund such activities and a review of their future budgets; — Performing an assessment of whether any indicators of impairment existed in line with requirements of Australian Accounting Standards, including a review of the integrity of tenement title status and total commitments value; and — We assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in respect of the carrying value of exploration costs.

Key Audit Matters (continued)

CONVERTIBLE NOTES	
Area of focus Refer also to note 14	How our audit addressed it
On 11 May 2015 the Group entered into a convertible note funding agreement for up to \$3 million. A prior period error was identified in the current year relating to the accounting treatment and valuation of the convertible note. In prior years, the Group recognised the convertible note as a hybrid instrument and calculated the fair value of the liability component using a market rate for an equivalent non-convertible note and allocated the remaining proceeds to the equity conversion option. In calculating the fair value of the liability component, the Group based their calculating on the full proceeds received from each draw down being considered a future cash flow. This was incorrect, as the terms of the notes are structured such that only 50% of the proceeds received from each tranche are required to be repaid in cash, with the remainder to be converted to equity at a fixed conversion rate. The Group has reversed the accounting treatment applied in prior years and has restated the financial statements accordingly. The recognition and accounting for the Convertible Notes was considered a Key Audit Matter due to the magnitude of the prior period error and the complexity in accounting for such arrangements.	Our audit procedures included: — Understanding the terms of the funding agreement and ensuring the accounting treatment applied was in line with Australian Accounting Standards; — Verifying that the values attributed to the transactions were in line with the terms of the funding agreement; — We agreed all funds raised under the convertible note agreement to the receipt of cash; — We assessed the discount rate and other key assumptions used in the Group's fair value measurements to internal and external data; and — We assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures in respect of the convertible note and also the prior period error.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group's annual report for the year ended 31 December 2017, but does not include the financial report and the auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the financial report. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

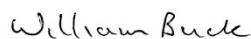
Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included in pages 5 to 8 of the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Diatreme Resources Limited, for the year ended 31 December 2017, complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the Corporations Act 2001. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.



William Buck (Qld)
ABN 21 559 713 106



Junaide Latif
A Member of the Firm

Brisbane: 29 March 2018