

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE PERIOD 29 SEPTEMBER 2016 TO 30 JUNE 2017

	Page
Auditor's Independence Declaration	1
Directors' Declaration	2
Independent Auditor's Report	3
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	6
Statement of Financial Position	7
Notes to and forming part of the financial statements	8

MOORE STEPHENS

**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER
S307C OF THE CORPORATIONS ACT 2001 TO THE DIRECTORS OF
ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD**

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30 June 2017 there have been no contraventions of:

- i. the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



NEIL PACE
PARTNER



MOORE STEPHENS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Signed at Perth this 1st day of February 2018

**ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION**

The directors have determined that Orminex West Pty Ltd (the Company) is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The directors of the Company declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, as set out in pages 8 to 10 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
 - a) comply with Accounting Standards as described in Note 1 to the financial statements and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
 - b) give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its performance for the period ended on that date in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements.
2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Director

Perth, WA 14th February 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Orminex West Pty Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, for the period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2017 and of its financial performance for the period then ended; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

In forming our opinion on the Company's financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in Note 1(b) to the financial statements concerning the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is dependent upon various funding initiatives in order to fund its working capital and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. This condition as explained in Note 1(b) to the financial statements indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the Company were unable to continue as a going concern.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD (CONTINUED)**

Basis of Accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 of the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the directors' financial reporting responsibilities under the *Corporations Act 2001*. As a result the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises any other information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



NEIL PACE
PARTNER



MOORE STEPHENS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Signed at Perth this ¹⁴ day of February 2018

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS & OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

	Note	30 June 2017 \$
Interest income		-
Other revenue		-
Revenue		-
Administration		-
Profit/(Loss) before income tax expense		-
Income tax expense	2	-
Profit/(loss) after tax		-
Other comprehensive income		-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		-

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 JUNE 2017

	Note	30 June 2017 \$
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash on hand		2
Cash at bank		-
Total Current Assets		-
Non-Current Assets		
Exploration and evaluation assets		-
Total Non-Current Assets		-
Total Assets		<u>2</u>
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Trade and other payables		-
Total Current Liabilities		-
Non-Current Liabilities		
Shareholder loans		-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		-
Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>
Net Assets		<u>2</u>
Equity		
Issued Capital	3	2
Retained earnings	4	-
Total Equity/(Deficiency)		<u>2</u>

Notes to and forming part of the financial statements are included on pages 8 to 12.

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This financial report is a special purpose financial report prepared in order to satisfy the financial report preparation requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and is appropriate to meet the needs of the members. The directors have determined that the Company is not a reporting entity.

Orminex West Pty Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The Company was registered on 29 September 2016. This financial report covers the period from incorporation to 30 June 2017.

a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historic costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current valuations of non-current assets.

The financial report has been prepared in accordance with accounting policies and methodologies, but not all disclosure requirements, prescribed by Australian Accounting Standards.

b) Going Concern

As at 30 June 2017 the Company had no material assets. Notwithstanding this the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because shareholders have committed to providing financial support if and when required.

If the Company cannot continue to operate as a going concern then assets may be realised at lesser values than recorded in the accounts and additional liabilities may be incurred.

c) Standards issued but not effective

Certain Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective and have not been adopted by the Company for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2014. The directors have not early adopted any of these new or amended standards or interpretations. The directors have not yet fully assessed the impact of these new or amended standards and interpretations.

d) Revenue Recognition

Sale of Goods and Disposal of Assets

Revenue from the sale of goods and disposal of other assets is recognised when the entity has passed control of the goods or other assets to the buyer.

Rendering of Services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised when service has been rendered and can be measured reliably.

e) Income Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Income Tax (continued)

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

- when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, in which case a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

f) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Exploration and evaluation expenditures (including tenement acquisition costs) in relation to the company's mineral tenements are capitalised in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only capitalised to the extent that they are expected to be recovered through the successful development of the area or where exploration activity in the area has not yet reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to capitalise costs in relation to that area.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2017

When the Directors decide to progress the development of an area of interest all further expenditure incurred relating to the area will be capitalised. Projects are advanced to development status and classified as mine development when it is expected that further expenditure can be recouped through sale or successful development and exploitation of the area of interest. Such expenditure is carried forward up to commencement of production at which time it is amortised over the life of the economically recoverable reserves. All projects are subject to detailed review on an annual basis and accumulated costs written off to the extent that they will not be recoverable in the future

	2017 \$
2. INCOME TAX	
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:	
Prima facie income tax expense/(benefit) on profit at 30%	-
Timing differences and losses not recognised	-
Income tax expense attributable to profit	<u>-</u>
 Income tax expense comprises:	
Current income tax payable	-
Deferred tax assets	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>
 3. ISSUED CAPITAL	
Issued Capital:	
12 fully paid ordinary shares	<u>2</u>
	<u>2</u>
 4. RETAINED PROFITS	
Balance at the beginning of the Financial year	
Net loss attributable to members of the Company	<u>-</u>
Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>-</u>

5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

ON 23 January 2018 the Company was assigned the Option Joint Venture Agreement between GBF Mining Pty Ltd and Sand Queen Gold Mines Pty Ltd. Pursuant to this agreement the Company has an option to acquire 51% of the Comet Vale gold project.

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE 6 MONTH PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Page
Auditor's Independence Declaration	1
Directors' Declaration	2
Independent Auditor's Report	3
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income	6
Statement of Financial Position	7
Notes to and forming part of the financial statements	8

MOORE STEPHENS

**AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION UNDER
S307C OF THE *CORPORATIONS ACT 2001* TO THE DIRECTORS OF
ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD**

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the period ended 31 December 2017 there have been no contraventions of:

- i. the auditor independence requirements as set out in the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- ii. any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.



NEIL PACE
PARTNER



MOORE STEPHENS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Signed at Perth this 14th day of February 2018

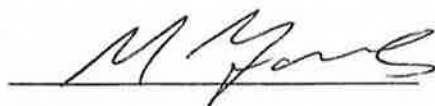
ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The directors have determined that Orminex West Pty Ltd (the Company) is not a reporting entity and that this special purpose financial report should be prepared in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

The directors of the Company declare that:

1. The financial statements and notes, as set out in pages 8 to 10 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
 - a) comply with Accounting Standards as described in Note 1 to the financial statements and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
 - b) give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its performance for the period ended on that date in accordance with the accounting policies described in Note 1 to the financial statements.
2. In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.



Director

Perth, WA 14th February 2018

MOORE STEPHENS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Orminex West Pty Ltd (the Company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017 and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, for the period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- i. giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 31 December 2017 and of its financial performance for the period then ended; and
- ii. complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

In forming our opinion on the Company's financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in Note 1(b) to the financial statements concerning the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company is dependent upon various funding initiatives in order to fund its working capital and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. This condition as explained in Note 1(b) to the financial statements indicates the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company's financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result if the Company were unable to continue as a going concern.

Independence

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the "Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We confirm that the independence declaration required by the *Corporations Act 2001*, which has been given to the directors of the Company, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD (CONTINUED)**

Basis of Accounting

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to Note 1 of the financial report, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial report has been prepared for the purpose of fulfilling the directors' financial reporting responsibilities under the *Corporations Act 2001*. As a result the financial report may not be suitable for another purpose.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises any other information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2017, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report (continued)

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



NEIL PACE
PARTNER



MOORE STEPHENS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Signed at Perth this ^h4 day of February 2018

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS & OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	30 Dec 2017 \$
Interest income		-
Other revenue		-
Revenue		-
Administration		-
Profit/(Loss) before income tax expense		-
Income tax expense	2	-
Profit/(loss) after tax		-
Other comprehensive income		-
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		-

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Note	30 Dec 2017 \$
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash on hand		2
Cash at bank		-
Total Current Assets		-
Non-Current Assets		
Exploration and evaluation assets		-
Total Non-Current Assets		-
Total Assets		2
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Trade and other payables		-
Total Current Liabilities		-
Non-Current Liabilities		
Shareholder loans		-
Total Non-Current Liabilities		-
Total Liabilities		-
Net Assets		2
Equity		
Issued Capital	3	2
Retained earnings	4	-
Total Equity/(Deficiency)		2

Notes to and forming part of the financial statements are included on pages 8 to 12.

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This financial report is a special purpose financial report prepared in order to satisfy the financial report preparation requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 and is appropriate to meet the needs of the members. The directors have determined that the Company is not a reporting entity.

Orminex West Pty Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. The Company was registered on 29 September 2016. This financial report covers the period from 1 July 2017 to 31 December 2017.

a) Basis of Preparation

The financial report is prepared on an accruals basis and is based on historic costs and does not take into account changing money values or, except where specifically stated, current valuations of non-current assets.

The financial report has been prepared in accordance with accounting policies and methodologies, but not all disclosure requirements, prescribed by Australian Accounting Standards.

b) Going Concern

As at 31 December 2017 the Company had no material assets. Notwithstanding this the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis because shareholders have committed to providing financial support if and when required.

If the Company cannot continue to operate as a going concern then assets may be realised at lesser values than recorded in the accounts and additional liabilities may be incurred.

c) Standards issued but not effective

Certain Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations have recently been issued or amended but are not yet effective and have not been adopted by the Company for the annual reporting period ended 30 June 2014. The directors have not early adopted any of these new or amended standards or interpretations. The directors have not yet fully assessed the impact of these new or amended standards and interpretations.

d) Revenue Recognition

Sale of Goods and Disposal of Assets

Revenue from the sale of goods and disposal of other assets is recognised when the entity has passed control of the goods or other assets to the buyer.

Rendering of Services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised when service has been rendered and can be measured reliably.

e) Income Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is provided on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

e) Income Tax (continued)

Deferred income tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences except:

- when the deferred income tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the taxable temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, and the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and the carry-forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred income tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; or
- when the deductible temporary difference is associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates or interests in joint ventures, in which case a deferred tax asset is only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Income taxes relating to items recognised directly in equity are recognised in equity and not in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset only if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

f) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

Exploration and evaluation expenditures (including tenement acquisition costs) in relation to the company's mineral tenements are capitalised in respect of each identifiable area of interest. These costs are only capitalised to the extent that they are expected to be recovered through the successful development of the area or where exploration activity in the area has not yet reached a stage that permits a reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves.

A regular review is undertaken of each area of interest to determine the appropriateness of continuing to capitalise costs in relation to that area.

1. STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f) Exploration and Evaluation Assets

ORMINEX WEST PTY LTD
NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

When the Directors decide to progress the development of an area of interest all further expenditure incurred relating to the area will be capitalised. Projects are advanced to development status and classified as mine development when it is expected that further expenditure can be recouped through sale or successful development and exploitation of the area of interest. Such expenditure is carried forward up to commencement of production at which time it is amortised over the life of the economically recoverable reserves. All projects are subject to detailed review on an annual basis and accumulated costs written off to the extent that they will not be recoverable in the future

	2017 \$
2. INCOME TAX	
The prima facie tax on profit before income tax is reconciled to the income tax expense as follows:	
Prima facie income tax expense/(benefit) on profit at 30%	-
Timing differences and losses not recognised	-
Income tax expense attributable to profit	<u>-</u>
Income tax expense comprises:	
Current income tax payable	-
Deferred tax assets	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>
3. ISSUED CAPITAL	
Issued Capital:	
12 fully paid ordinary shares	<u>2</u>
	<u>2</u>
4. RETAINED PROFITS	
Balance at the beginning of the Financial year	
Net loss attributable to members of the Company	<u>-</u>
Balance at the end of the financial year	<u>-</u>

5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

ON 23 January 2018 the Company was assigned the Option Joint Venture Agreement between GBF Mining Pty Ltd and Sand Queen Gold Mines Pty Ltd. Pursuant to this agreement the Company has an option to acquire 51% of the Comet Vale gold project.