

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2024

The Board of Legend Mining Limited (“Board”) is committed to ensuring that the Company’s obligations and responsibilities to its various stakeholders are fulfilled through its corporate governance practices. The directors of the Company (“Directors”, being either “Non-Executive Directors” or Executive Directors”) undertake to perform their duties with honesty, integrity, care and due diligence, to act in good faith in the best interests of the Company in a manner that reflects the highest standards of corporate governance.

The Company’s Board is committed to a high standard of corporate governance practices, ensuring that the Company complies with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), ASX Listing Rules, the Company’s Constitution and other applicable laws and regulations.

In January 2020, the Board considered and approved amendments to the Company’s Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies in line with the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council’s Principles and Recommendations, being the latest edition published by the ASX Corporate Governance Council and in line with best practice and appropriate to the size and nature of the Company’s operations. The updated Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies have been up on the Company’s website since 2020. The Company’s updated Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies were reviewed and were further updated in both 2021, 2022, 2023 and March 2024.

Corporate Governance Compliance

The Company has followed the 4th edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council’s Principles and Recommendations (“Principles and Recommendations”) where the Board has considered the recommendations to be an appropriate benchmark for its corporate governance practices.

Where, after due consideration, the Company’s corporate governance practices depart from a recommendation, the Board has offered full disclosure and reason for adoption of its own practice, in compliance with the “if not, why not” regime.

This statement was approved by the Board on 13 March 2024.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT 2024 (CONT'D)

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
Principle 1:	Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Y	The Board Charter details the functions and responsibilities of the Board and management, including matters reserved for the Board. The Board Charter is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website.
1.2	A listed entity should: a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a director; and b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director.	Y	The full Board undertakes the duties that fall to the nomination committee under the Company's Nomination Committee Charter, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The role of the Nomination Committee is to identify and recommend candidates to fill casual vacancies and to determine the appropriateness of director nominees for election to the Board. The Nomination Committee Charter requires the Board to make appropriate background checks prior to recommending a candidate for election or re-election as a director. The Board must identify and recommend candidates only after considering the necessary and desirable competencies of new Board members to ensure the appropriate mix of skills and experience and after an assessment of how the candidate can contribute to the strategic direction of the Company All material information relevant to whether or not to elect or re-elect a director is provided to the Company's shareholders as part of the Notice of Meeting and explanatory memorandum for the relevant meeting of shareholders which addresses the election or re-election of a director.
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Y	The Remuneration Committee Charter, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website, requires the Company to have a written agreement with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their engagement. Each Non-Executive Director has signed a letter of appointment. Each Executive Director has signed an executive service agreement.

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Y	The Company Secretary is accountable to the Board, through the Chairman, on all governance matters and reports directly to the Chairman as the representative of the Board. The Company Secretary has primary responsibility for ensuring that the Board processes and procedures run efficiently and effectively. Details are contained in Clause 4 of the Board Charter which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website.
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.	N	The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The Company recognises that a diverse and talented workforce is a competitive advantage and encourages a culture that embraces diversity. The Company does not think that it is appropriate to state measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity due to its size and stage of development. The proportion of women employees in the whole organisation is ~30% (excluding directors). There is currently one woman in senior executive positions. The proportion of women directors is 33% as at 31 December 2023. There is currently one woman on the Board effective from 6 September 2022. The Company was not in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period.

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
1.6	A listed entity should: a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Y	The Board Charter, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website, details the process for evaluating the Board, its Committees and individual Directors. The assessment process which may be used by the Board is that each director completes a questionnaire relating to the role, composition, procedures, practices and behaviour of the Board and its members. An independent third party consultant may be used to facilitate the assessment. The last Board performance review was undertaken March 2022.
1.7	A listed entity should: a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.	Y Y	Formal performance evaluation of staff members is undertaken by the Managing Director on an annual basis. Staff performance reviews were undertaken for the 2023 financial year. The senior executives of the Company are both Board members, with performance evaluation procedures noted in section 1.6 above.
Principle 2:	Structure the board to add value		
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: a) Have a nomination committee which: 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, And disclose: 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) If it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	N Y	The Company does not currently have a nomination committee. The Board has decided that at this time no efficiencies will be achieved by establishing a separate nomination committee. The Board carries out the duties that would otherwise be undertaken by the nomination committee, in accordance with the Nomination Committee Charter, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The Board intends to reconsider the requirement for, and benefits of, a separate nomination committee as the Company's operations grow and evolve. As a matter of practice, potential candidates for the office of Director are assessed to ensure they possess the relevant skills, experience, personal attributes and capability to devote the necessary time and commitment to the role in order to discharge duties both responsibly and effectively.

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure																
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Y	Refer Appendix A – Skills Matrix.																
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: a) The names of the directors considered by the board to be independent; b) If a director has an interest, position, association or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 (Factors relevant to addressing the independence of a director) but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and c) The length of service of each director.	Y	As at 31 December 2023 the Board consisted of: <table> <tr> <th>Name</th><th>Role</th><th>Independent</th><th>Date appointed</th></tr> <tr> <td>Mark Wilson</td><td>Executive Chair</td><td>No</td><td>May 2005 (appointed Executive Chair 5 May 2023)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Oliver Kiddie</td><td>Managing Director</td><td>No</td><td>August 2020 (appointed Managing Director 5 May 2023)</td></tr> <tr> <td>Hilary Macdonald</td><td>Non-Executive Director</td><td>Yes</td><td>6 September 2022</td></tr> </table>	Name	Role	Independent	Date appointed	Mark Wilson	Executive Chair	No	May 2005 (appointed Executive Chair 5 May 2023)	Oliver Kiddie	Managing Director	No	August 2020 (appointed Managing Director 5 May 2023)	Hilary Macdonald	Non-Executive Director	Yes	6 September 2022
Name	Role	Independent	Date appointed																
Mark Wilson	Executive Chair	No	May 2005 (appointed Executive Chair 5 May 2023)																
Oliver Kiddie	Managing Director	No	August 2020 (appointed Managing Director 5 May 2023)																
Hilary Macdonald	Non-Executive Director	Yes	6 September 2022																
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent.	N	There are three Directors on the Board, two of whom (Mark Wilson and Oliver Kiddie) are executives and therefore not independent. Hilary Macdonald considers herself to be an independent director as she is not part of the management team and regards herself as being free of any relationship (other than that of shareholder of the Company) that could materially interfere with the independent exercise of her judgement. Given all the circumstances attendant upon the Company (including its objectives, the nature and extent of its actual and proposed operations, its capital base and other resources, the costs associated with a board comprised of more than the current number and the need for a board comprised of persons with a blend and diversity of traits, skills, gender, experience, expertise, entrepreneurialism, innovation, tenacity, vision and dedication in order to enliven the prospects of creating value for shareholders) it is thought by the Board that to appoint further directors (whose perceived independence is beyond doubt) or to procure the departure of one of the existing directors is unnecessary.																

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director, and in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.	N	Mark Wilson, who was appointed as Executive Chair in May 2023, is not an independent Non-Executive Director. He does not perform the role of CEO of the Company (which position is currently held by Oliver Kiddle). Given all the circumstances attendant upon the Company (including its objectives, the nature and extent of its actual and proposed operations, its capital base and other resources, the costs associated with a board comprised of more than the current number and the need for a board comprised of persons with a blend and diversity of traits, skills, gender, experience, expertise, entrepreneurialism, innovation, tenacity, vision and dedication in order to enliven the prospects of creating value for shareholders) it is considered by the Board that to appoint further directors (whose perceived independence is beyond doubt) or to procure the departure of one of the existing directors is unnecessary. The Company will continue to review this matter each year.
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Y	Induction and professional development form part of the responsibilities of the Nomination Committee as noted in the Nomination Committee Charter, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. Induction documents are provided with a written engagement letter and the Company Secretary is available to assist with the process of new Directors familiarising themselves with the Company. Professional development requirements are addressed as circumstances require. The Board periodically reviews whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively. The latest review occurred in March 2023.

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
Principle 3:	Act ethically and responsibly		
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	N	The Company's Code of Conduct has set minimum standard for the Company and its personnel, being as follows 1. We treat each other with respect and dignity. 2. We respect the law and act accordingly. 3. We are fair and honest in our dealings. 4. We use the Company's property responsibly and in the best interest of the Company and its reputation. 5. We are responsible for our actions and accountable for their consequences. 6. We are responsible to the community and to the individual. Full details of the standards are set out in the Code of Conduct published on the Company's website in the Corporate Governance section. With just a small number of employees, the Company does not think that it is appropriate to develop and articulate values due to its size and stage of development. The Company will review this periodically to insure this view is appropriate for its size and stage of development.
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code by a director or senior executive; and a) © any other material breaches of that code that call into question the culture of the organisation.	Y	The Company has formulated a general Code of Conduct and a Code of Conduct for Directors and Executives which all employees and directors are expected, at a minimum, to follow. The board is informed of any material breaches of that Code by a director or senior executive. The Codes are included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website.
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistle-blower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Y	The Company has formulated and disclosed on its website a Whistle-blower Policy effective from 24 December 2019. The board is informed of any material incidences under the policy. The Policy is included in the Corporate Governance Policies section on the Company's website

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an antibribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	Y effective from March 2023	During the year, the Company formulated an antibribery and anti-corruption policy and this policy was introduced and included in the Corporate Governance Policies effective from March 2023. The Board is required to be informed of any material incident reported under the antibribery and anti-corruption policy. .
Principle 4:	Safeguard integrity in financial reporting		
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: a) Have an audit committee which: 1) Has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, And disclose: 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and 5) In relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) If it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	N N Y Y Y	The Company has established a combined Audit and Risk Committee which is currently comprised of the full Board. There is currently one non-executive director on the Board. Sourcing alternative directors to strictly comply with this Principle is considered expensive with costs outweighing potential benefits. The chair of the committee was former independent non-executive director and Mr Atkins until 5 May 2023, and effective from 5 May 2023, the chair of the committee is Ms Hilary Macdonald, an independent director. The Audit Committee Charter is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The qualifications, experience and attendance of the members of the Audit and Risk Committee are disclosed in the Directors' Report (contained in the 2023 Annual Report).

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Y	Under the Company's Risk Management Policy, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website, the Managing Director/CEO and CFO will provide a written declaration of assurance that in their opinion, the financial records of the Company for the relevant reporting period have been properly maintained, comply with appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Y	The Company's annual accounts and half year accounts are subject to audit and review respectively by its independent auditor. The information in the Company's quarterly reports, which are not subject to audit, are reviewed against the Company's exploration results released during the quarter, and the Company's internally generated monthly reports, and then provided to the Board for approval to ensure the Company is satisfied that each report is materially accurate, balanced and provides investors with appropriate information.
Principle 5:	Make timely and balanced disclosure		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Y	The Company has adopted a Continuous Disclosure Policy, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The Policy is designed to guide compliance with ASX Listing Rule 3.1's disclosure requirements, and to ensure all Directors, senior executives and employees of the Company understand their responsibilities under the Policy.
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Y	The Company's board receives copies of all material market announcements for its review before they have been made.
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Y	When the Company is planning to give a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation, the Company releases a copy of the new presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform prior to making the presentation.

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
Principle 6:	Respect the rights of shareholders		
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Y	The Company has a Shareholder Communication Policy, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The Company's website provides a platform to disclose official ASX releases of material information and periodic reports, press releases, notices and presentations as well as a mechanism for shareholders to contact the Company via email.
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communications with investors.	Y	Refer 6.1.
6.3	A listed entity should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Y	The Company has a Shareholder Communication Policy, which is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The Policy specifically encourages full participation of shareholders at the Annual General Meeting to ensure a high level of accountability and identification with the Company's strategy and goals and outlines the various ways in which the Company communicates with shareholders.
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Y	The Company has decided that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of shareholders will be decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Y	Shareholders can register with the Company's share registrar to receive email notifications of when an announcement is made by the Company to ASX, including the release of annual, half-yearly and quarterly reports. Further, the Company provides information through its website enabling security holders to email the Company. The share registrar also provides the ability to email the share registrar and to receive documents by email from the share registrar.

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
Principle 7:	Recognise and manage risk		
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: a) Have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, And disclose: 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) If it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	N N Y Y Y	The Company has established a combined Audit and Risk Committee which is currently comprised of the full Board. There are currently one non-executive director on the Board. Sourcing alternative directors to strictly comply with this Principle is considered expensive with costs outweighing potential benefits. The chair of the committee is Ms Hilary Macdonald, an independent director. The Risk Management Policy is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The qualifications, experience and attendance of the members of the Audit and Risk Committee are disclosed in the Directors' Report (contained in the 2023 Annual Report).
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: a) Review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and b) Disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Y	The Board determines the Company's 'risk profile' and is responsible for overseeing and approving risk management strategy and policies, internal compliance and non-financial internal control. The Board has reviewed the Company's risk profile during the 2023 calendar year, and updated its risk registers in the first quarter of 2024. Additionally, this issue is regularly reviewed at Board meetings and risk management culture is encouraged amongst employees and contractors.
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: a) If it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or b) If it does not have an internal audit function, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.	Y	The Company does not have an internal audit function. Under the Company's Risk Management Policy, the responsibility for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness is assumed by the Audit and Risk Committee.

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Y	The Company does not have any material exposure to these risks. As an exploration company rather than an economic producer there is no material exposure to environmental or social sustainability risks. The Company's operations are subject to various environmental regulations under both Commonwealth and State legislation in Australia. The Board assume responsibility for ensuring compliance with these regulations, and are not aware of any breaches of the legislation during the 2023 calendar year which are material in nature. During 2023, in line with ESG best practice, the Company has reviewed, updated and published on its website its Environment Policy, Community Policy and Work Health and Safety Policy.
Principle 8:	Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: a) Have a remuneration committee which: 1) Has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and 2) Is chaired by an independent director, And disclose: 3) The charter of the committee; 4) The members of the committee; and 5) As at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or b) If it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	N N Y N n/a Y	Due to the size of Legend, and the size of the Board, remuneration is considered by the full Board. The Board reviews remuneration packages and policies applicable to the directors and senior executives. Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract the most qualified and experienced directors and senior executives. The Remuneration Committee Charter is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website. The processes the Company employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives are disclosed in the Remuneration Report in the Company's Directors' Report (contained in the 2023 Annual Report).
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Y	Details of the Company's policies and practices regarding the remuneration of Directors and other senior management is set out in the Remuneration Report as disclosed in the Directors' Report (contained in the 2023 Annual Report).

Principle	ASX Recommendation	Conform (Y/N)	Disclosure
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: a) Have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and b) Disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Y	a) The Company's Securities Trading Policy specifically prevents employees engaging in margin lending or otherwise leveraging securities without the fully informed consent of the board. b) The Securities Trading Policy is included in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies section on the Company's website.

Appendix A

Board Skills Matrix – March 2024

Skill / experience	Mark Wilson	Oliver Kiddie	Hilary Macdonald
Leadership	✓	✓	✓
Mining and Exploration	✓	✓	-
Risk, Legal, Commercial and Corporate governance	✓	✓	✓
Shareholders and Stakeholders	✓	✓	✓
Corporate strategy	✓	✓	✓
People and Culture	✓	✓	✓
Sustainability	✓	✓	✓
Finance and accounting	✓	✓	✓
Business development	✓	✓	✓
Geographic experience – WA	✓	✓	✓

As considered at a meeting of directors held on 13 March 2024.

Board Skills Matrix – for corporate governance disclosure – March 2024

Collectively, the Board has an extensive range of commercial and technical skills and other relevant experience which are vital for the effective management of the business. Board members, including some who are also directors of other ASX-listed companies, together have a combination of experience in the following business areas:

Skill / experience	Description of skill / experience
Leadership	Senior executive or director leadership experience in organisations of comparable size and complexity
Mining and Exploration	Experience in greenfields exploration, brownfields exploration and resource exploration/development, development of projects, mining operations, environmental management, and commodities
Risk, Legal, Commercial and Corporate governance	Experience identifying, assessing and managing financial and non-financial risks, overseeing risk management frameworks and controls, identifying and resolving legal, commercial and regulatory issues, developing and completing commercial agreements, and compliance with corporate governance standards
Shareholders and Stakeholders	Experience engaging with shareholders and stakeholders on performance and the Company's activities, understanding of Indigenous communities and culture, and experience working with government and industry regulators
Corporate strategy	Experience in corporate planning, capital allocation, devising and implementing strategic plans, and monitoring performance against strategic objectives.
People and culture	Experience assessing and shaping organisational culture, people management, retention and succession planning, setting remuneration frameworks, overseeing work health and safety systems & procedures, and promoting diversity and inclusion
Sustainability	Understanding of shifting community expectations, disclosure and reporting requirements, and global & national developments in ESG issues including climate change and human rights
Finance and accounting	Understanding financial statements and reporting, overseeing external auditors, understanding effectiveness of financial controls, and debt and equity finance markets experience
Business development	Experience identifying, analysing, engaging with advisors & owners, and acquiring new assets and businesses
Geographic experience – WA	Experience in Western Australia engaging with stakeholders, understanding of government, industry regulators, Indigenous communities, and work health and safety

In addition to the specific skills listed above, Ms Macdonald and Mr Wilson have extensive experience dealing with ASX listed companies generally and Mr Wilson, as an engineer, has project development.

Appendix 4G

Key to Disclosures

Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Name of entity

Legend Mining Limited

ABN/ARBN

22 060 966 145

Financial year ended:

31 December 2023

Our corporate governance statement¹ for the period above can be found at:²

- ☐ These pages of our annual report:
- ☒ This URL on our website: www.legendmining.com.au

The Corporate Governance Statement is accurate, updated to reflect the 4th Edition of the ASX Recommendations and up to date as at 15 March 2023 and has been approved by the board. The Company's Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies have been updated as at 13 March 2024, reflects the 4th Edition of the ASX Recommendations and is on the Company's website.

The annexure includes a key to where our corporate governance disclosures can be located.³

Date: 15 March 2024

Name of authorised officer authorising lodgement: Tony Walsh

¹ "Corporate governance statement" is defined in Listing Rule 19.12 to mean the statement referred to in Listing Rule 4.10.3 which discloses the extent to which an entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during a particular reporting period.

Listing Rule 4.10.3 requires an entity that is included in the official list as an ASX Listing to include in its annual report either a corporate governance statement that meets the requirements of that rule or the URL of the page on its website where such a statement is located. The corporate governance statement must disclose the extent to which the entity has followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council during the reporting period. If the entity has not followed a recommendation for any part of the reporting period, its corporate governance statement must separately identify that recommendation and the period during which it was not followed and state its reasons for not following the recommendation and what (if any) alternative governance practices it adopted in lieu of the recommendation during that period.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.4, if an entity chooses to include its corporate governance statement on its website rather than in its annual report, it must lodge a copy of the corporate governance statement with ASX at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The corporate governance statement must be current as at the effective date specified in that statement for the purposes of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

Under Listing Rule 4.7.3, an entity must also lodge with ASX a completed Appendix 4G at the same time as it lodges its annual report with ASX. The Appendix 4G serves a dual purpose. It acts as a key designed to assist readers to locate the governance disclosures made by a listed entity under Listing Rule 4.10.3 and under the ASX Corporate Governance Council's recommendations. It also acts as a verification tool for listed entities to confirm that they have met the disclosure requirements of Listing Rule 4.10.3.

The Appendix 4G is not a substitute for, and is not to be confused with, the entity's corporate governance statement. They serve different purposes and an entity must produce each of them separately.

² Tick whichever option is correct and then complete the page number(s) of the annual report, or the URL of the web page, where your corporate governance statement can be found. You can, if you wish, delete the option which is not applicable.

³ Throughout this form, where you are given two or more options to select, you can, if you wish, delete any option which is not applicable and just retain the option that is applicable. If you select an option that includes "OR" at the end of the selection and you delete the other options, you can also, if you wish, delete the "OR" at the end of the selection.

See notes 4 and 5 below for further instructions on how to complete this form.

ANNEXURE – KEY TO CORPORATE GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURES

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
1.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a board charter setting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	☒ and we have disclosed a copy of our board in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website:	
1.2	A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someone forward for election as a director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.	☒	
1.3	A listed entity should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	☒	
1.4	The company secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	☒	

⁴ Tick the box in this column only if you have followed the relevant recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Where the recommendation has a disclosure obligation attached, you must insert the location where that disclosure has been made, where indicated by the line with "*insert location*" underneath. If the disclosure in question has been made in your corporate governance statement, you need only insert "our corporate governance statement". If the disclosure has been made in your annual report, you should insert the page number(s) of your annual report (eg "pages 10-12 of our annual report"). If the disclosure has been made on your website, you should insert the URL of the web page where the disclosure has been made or can be accessed (eg "www.entityname.com.au/corporate governance/charters/").

⁵ If you have followed all of the Council's recommendations in full for the whole of the period above, you can, if you wish, delete this column from the form and re-format it.

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.5	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (1) the measurable objectives set for that period to achieve gender diversity; (2) the entity's progress towards achieving those objectives; and (3) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole workforce (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASX 300 Index at the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its directors of each gender within a specified period.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
1.6	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees and individual directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
1.7	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website and whether a performance evaluation was undertaken for the reporting period in accordance with that process in the Corporate Governance Statement.	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
2.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.	☒ We have disclosed the fact that we do not have a nomination committee and the processes we employ to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively in our Corporate Governance Statement.	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.2	A listed entity should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	☒ and we have disclosed our board skills matrix in our Corporate Governance Statement	
2.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors; (b) if a director has an interest, position, affiliation or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each director.	☒ and we have disclosed the evaluation process referred to in paragraph (a) in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website and we have disclosed the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors in our Corporate Governance Statement and, where applicable, the information referred to in paragraph (b) in our Corporate Governance Statement and the length of service of each director in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
2.4	A majority of the board of a listed entity should be independent directors.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.5	The chair of the board of a listed entity should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
2.6	A listed entity should have a program for inducting new directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	☒ set out in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website And the Corporate Governance Statement states when the last review was undertaken	
PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.		☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
3.2	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code by a director or senior executive; and (2) any other material breaches of that code that call into question the culture of the organisation.	☒ and we have disclosed our code of conduct in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website	
3.3	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistle-blower policy; and (b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our whistle-blower policy in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website	
3.4	A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose an antibribery and corruption policy; and (b) ensure that the board or committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that policy.	☒ and we have disclosed our antibribery and anti-corruption policy in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website n	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
4.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit committee which: (1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	We have an Audit Committee and ☒ We have a Charter and we have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website ☒ and the information referred to in paragraphs (4) and (5) is included in the Company's Annual Report	c
4.2	The board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	☒	
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	☒ Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE			
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	☒ and we have disclosed our continuous disclosure compliance policy in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website	
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	☒	
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	☒	
PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS			
6.1	A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	☒ and we have disclosed information about us and our governance on our website	
6.2	A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two-way communication with investors.	☒ and we have disclosed this in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website	
6.3	A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.	☒ and we have disclosed how we facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website	
6.4	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	☒	
6.5	A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	☒	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
7.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	A review of the entity's risk management framework is completed annually and a review was undertaken during the reporting period.	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
7.2	The board or a committee of the board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the board; and (b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	☒ and we have disclosed that a review of the entity's risk management framework was undertaken during the reporting period in our Corporate Governance Statement	
7.3	A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement and we have disclosed the fact that we do not have an internal audit function and we have disclosed the processes we employ for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of our risk management and internal control processes in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
7.4	A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	☒ and we have disclosed whether we have any material exposure to environmental and social risks in our Corporate Governance Statement. and, if we do, how we manage or intend to manage those risks set out in our Corporate Governance Statement	

Key to Disclosures Corporate Governance Council Principles and Recommendations

Corporate Governance Council recommendation		Where a box below is ticked, ⁴ we have followed the recommendation <u>in full</u> for the <u>whole</u> of the period above. We have disclosed this in our Corporate Governance Statement:	Where a box below is ticked, we have NOT followed the recommendation in full for the whole of the period above. Our reasons for not doing so are: ⁵
PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
8.1	The board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and (2) is chaired by an independent director, and disclose: (3) the charter of the committee; (4) the members of the committee; and (5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	We have a charter and have disclosed a copy of the charter of the committee in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website We have disclosed the fact that currently the Company does not have a remuneration committee. Due to the size of Legend, and the size of the Board, remuneration is considered by the full Board. The Board reviews remuneration packages and policies applicable to the directors and senior executives. Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract the most qualified and experienced directors and senior executives.	☒ set out in our Corporate Governance Statement
8.2	A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	☒ and we have disclosed separately our remuneration policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives in the Remuneration Report in our Annual Report	
8.3	A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	☒ and we have disclosed our policy on this issue or a summary of it in the Corporate Governance Charters, Codes and Policies on the Company's website	