

ASX ANNOUNCEMENT

1 JULY 2026

ASX: NXM

NEXUS
MINERALS

WALLBROOK GOLD PROJECT FURTHER HIGH-GRADE RESULTS AT CLEMENT PROSPECT

Highlights

- / Broad and high-grade reverse circulation (RC) results received for final 23 drill holes and 4 drill hole extensions (for 4,239m) at the Clement Prospect
- / Depth extensions to previously reported holes NMWBRC26-827 and NMWBRC26-830 (ASX: NXM 26/5/2026) returned further high-grade gold mineralisation below their original planned depths, confirming the Clement system remains open at depth
 - // 4m at 6.36g/t Au within 13m at 2.62g/t Au from 204m
 - // 5m at 2.06g/t Au and 1m at 2.02g/t Au within 18m at 1.12g/t Au from 204m
- / Stacked lode geometry confirmed in hole NMWBRC26-865
 - // 4m at 2.74g/t Au within 11m at 1.12g/t Au from 86m
 - // 8m at 1.93g/t Au from 111m including 3m at 3.51g/t Au from 111m within 12m at 1.38g/t Au from 109m
 - // 4m at 2.14g/t Au and 3m at 1.84g/t Au within 23m at 1.11g/t Au from 206m
- / Additional results from these 23 drill holes include:
 - // 2m at 3.56g/t Au within 10m at 1.24g/t Au from 83m
 - // 2m at 3.74g/t Au and 3m at 2.88g/t Au within 13m at 1.32g/t Au from 115m
 - // 2m at 6.24g/t Au from 133m
 - // 4m at 1.88g/t Au within 7m at 1.13g/t Au from 112m
- / This builds on previously released highlight results (ASX:NXM 26/5/2026) from this drill program:
 - // 12m at 3.81g/t Au including 1m at 26.53g/t Au within 19m at 2.51g/t Au from 76m
 - // 15m at 2.02g/t Au including 2m at 4.10g/t Au and 3m at 3.92g/t Au within 22m at 1.45g/t Au from 83m
 - // 13m at 1.85g/t Au including 2m at 7.59g/t Au within 20m at 1.28g/t Au from 54m
 - // 28m at 1.57g/t Au including 9m at 2.08g/t Au within 43m at 1.15g/t Au from 50m
 - // 1m at 12.37g/t Au within 3m at 4.52g/t Au from 117m
 - // 2m at 5.94g/t Au within 3m at 4.01g/t Au from 90m
 - // 3m at 4.12g/t Au within 5m at 2.65g/t Au from 112m

NEXUS MINERALS LIMITED ASX: NXM

Level 2 41-47 Colin Street, West Perth, WA 6005

PO Box 2803, West Perth, WA 6872

T +61 8 9481 1749 E info@nexus-minerals.com ABN 96 122 074 006

nexus-minerals.com

1

- / The current Clement Prospect drill program assay reporting is now complete with a total of 33 RC drill holes for 6,121m
- / The Clement prospect is well positioned to support a maiden Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) within the updated multi-prospect Wallbrook MRE (currently constrained to the Crusader-Templar 304koz Au combined MRE)
- / Results represent the third reported tranche from the ~22,000m RC drilling program currently underway at the Wallbrook Gold Project (8,345m now reported)
- / RC drilling at Payns and Branches prospects is now completed, with the RC rig currently drilling Crusader-Templar Deposit extensional drill holes
- / Assay results will continue to be reported as drilling progresses

Nexus Managing Director Andy Tudor commented, *"This final tranche of Clement prospect results builds on our strong progress made with recent RC drilling at the prospect. The depth extensions to two of our earlier RC holes confirm that the Clement system continues at strong grade and widths at depth, whilst the stacked mineralised lodes intersected remain open for lateral repetitions and extensions to the north.*

Encouragingly, drilling has continued to define mineralisation within close proximity to the Crusader-Templar deposit, with the prospects now coalescing in the south. This presents further exciting targeting opportunities and has potential to deliver synergies in future pit optimisations.

The Clement prospect is well positioned for a maiden mineral resource that will contribute to the updated multi-prospect Wallbrook estimate, anticipated for completion in the September quarter. We look forward to reporting results from RC drilling at the Payns, Branches and Crusader-Templar prospects in the coming weeks."

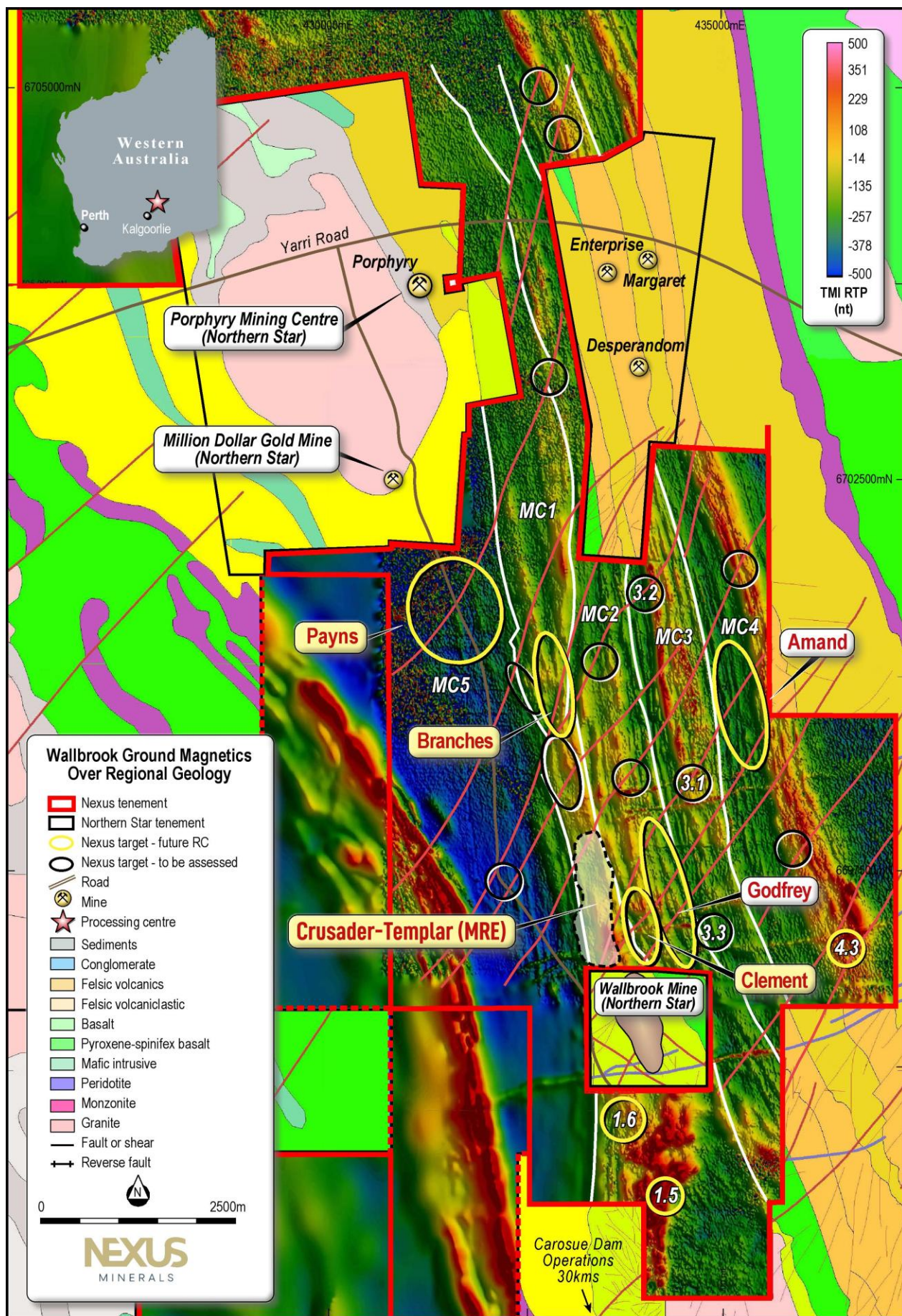


FIGURE 1: NEXUS WALLBROOK REGIONAL PROSPECTS LOCATION MAP

NEXUS MINERALS LIMITED ASX: NXM

Level 2 41-47 Colin Street, West Perth, WA 6005

PO Box 2803, West Perth, WA 6872

T +61 8 9481 1749 E info@nexus-minerals.com ABN 96 122 074 006

nexus-minerals.com

Clement Highlight RC Results											
SiteID	Prospect	East	North	mRL	Depth	Dip	Azimuth	From	To	Interval	g/t Au
NMWBRC26-827	Clement	433712	6696353	379	228	-60	92	204	222	18	1.12
hole extension							inc	209	214	5	2.06
							and	219	220	1	2.02
NMWBRC26-830	Clement	433706	6696429	379	228	-60	91	204	217	13	2.62
hole extension							inc	204	208	4	6.36
NMWBRC26-865	Clement	433667	6696308	375	282	-60	91	86	97	11	1.12
							inc	90	94	4	2.74
								109	121	12	1.38
							inc	111	119	8	1.93
							inc	111	114	3	3.51
								143	165	22	0.50
							inc	143	144	1	3.13
								206	229	23	1.11
							inc	216	219	3	1.84
							and	223	227	4	2.14
NMWBRC26-866	Clement	433829	6696353	376	102	-60	91	83	93	10	1.24
							inc	88	90	2	3.56
NMWBRC26-868	Clement	433747	6696466	375	150	-60	91	30	42	12	0.98
							inc	30	35	5	2.03
NMWBRC26-873	Clement	433833	6696386	376	120	-60	91	79	100	21	0.75
							inc	79	86	7	1.44
							and	88	91	3	1.09
NMWBRC26-877	Clement	433790	6696468	376	120	-60	89	29	45	16	0.73
							inc	30	32	2	1.22
NMWBRC26-880	Clement	433707	6696506	375	138	-59	93	43	50	7	0.82
							inc	47	50	3	1.65
								54	67	13	0.62
							inc	66	67	1	2.06
								109	120	11	0.96
							inc	110	114	4	1.21
							and	117	119	2	2.08
NMWBRC26-886	Clement	433557	6696587	374	288	-60	90	115	128	13	1.32
							inc	116	119	3	2.88
							and	124	126	2	3.74
NMWBRC26-887	Clement	433558	6696698	374	276	-60	90	112	119	7	1.13
							inc	113	117	4	1.88
								133	135	2	6.24

TABLE 1: SELECTED CLEMENT RC RESULTS (>0.5g/t AU)

WALLBROOK GOLD PROJECT

Nexus Minerals Limited (ASX: NXM) (Nexus or the Company) is pleased to announce strong RC drilling results from the Clement Prospect, situated at the Wallbrook Gold Project located approximately 140km northeast of Kalgoorlie in Western Australia. This is the third tranche of results to report from a ~22,000m Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) definition program currently underway at Wallbrook. These results follow the first announcement of high-grade results from the Clement Prospect (ASX: NXM 26/5/2026).

Assay results have been received for a further 23 drill holes, and 4 drill hole extensions, for 4,849m at the Clement Prospect. Results have shown broad gold mineralisation in a series of stacked sub-vertical lodes. A total of 33 drill holes for 6,121 metres have now been completed and reported at Clement Prospect, supporting the prospect's potential to host a shallow maiden Mineral Resource and grow the broader Wallbrook resource inventory.

RC PROGRAM OVERVIEW

The planned ~22,000-metre RC drilling program is focused on three priority prospects, Clement, Payns and Branches, as well as extensional opportunities at the Crusader-Templar Deposit. The prospects have been discovered and advanced through a systematic 18-month exploration effort comprising multiple aircore (AC) drilling programs and preliminary RC drilling. Exploration has established multiple coherent priority targets across the project, with these prospects demonstrating the scale, continuity and grade profile required to support resource definition drilling.

Drill holes are being sampled at one-metre intervals across each entire hole with samples progressively submitted to the laboratory for Chryso PhotonAssay™ analysis (gold). The first tranche of assay results have been reported for the Clement Prospect (ASX: NXM 26/5/2026) and Payns Prospect (ASX: NXM 4/6/2026), with this third tranche concluding reporting from Clement Prospect drilling. Further results are anticipated across Payns, Branches and Crusader-Templar prospects in the coming weeks.

CLEMENT PROSPECT RESULTS

The Clement Prospect is located immediately adjacent to the Crusader-Templar Deposit and lies within the same well-endowed gold corridor that hosts Wallbrook's only current combined Mineral Resource Estimate (5.7Mt @ 1.7g/t Au for 304koz; ASX: NXM, 1/5/2024).

The current RC drilling at Clement has been designed to:

- // Validate stacked mineralisation geometry and continuity
- // Test the 650m strike of confirmed anomalism
- // Establishing a drill spacing across the defined mineralised trend sufficient to support an MRE

Assay results have now been received for all 33 drill holes (6,121 metres) completed to date at Clement Prospect, with the program on track to achieve its aims.

Four drill holes were re-entered and extended to test the down-dip continuity of the Clement lodes where Nexus geologists identified additional lodes with steeper orientations. All holes returned further high-grade mineralisation below their original end-of-hole depths, including 4m at 6.36g/t Au within 13m at 2.62g/t Au from 204m (NMWBRC26-830), confirming the Clement system remains open at depth. Only the new intervals below previous end of hole depths are presented in Table 1; previously reported intervals from extended holes are unchanged and included in Appendix 2.

NEXUS MINERALS LIMITED ASX: NXM

Level 2 41-47 Colin Street, West Perth, WA 6005

PO Box 2803, West Perth, WA 6872

T +61 8 9481 1749 E info@nexus-minerals.com ABN 96 122 074 006

nexus-minerals.com

Further highlight results include:

- // 4m at 6.36g/t Au within 13m at 2.62g/t Au from 204m (Figure 2)
- // 4m at 2.74g/t Au within 11m at 1.12g/t Au from 86m
- // 8m at 1.93g/t Au from 111m including 3m at 3.51g/t Au from 111m within 12m at 1.38g/t Au from 109m
- // 4m at 2.14g/t Au and 3m at 1.84g/t Au within 23m at 1.11g/t Au from 206m
- // 5m at 2.06g/t Au and 1m at 2.02g/t Au within 18m at 1.12g/t Au from 204m
- // 2m at 3.56g/t Au within 10m at 1.24g/t Au from 83m
- // 2m at 3.74g/t Au and 3m at 2.88g/t Au within 13m at 1.32g/t Au from 115m
- // 2m at 6.24g/t Au from 133m
- // 4m at 1.88g/t Au within 7m at 1.13g/t Au from 112m

This builds on previously released highlight results from this drill program including:

- // 12m at 3.81g/t Au including 1m at 26.53g/t Au within 19m at 2.51g/t Au from 76m
- // 15m at 2.02g/t Au including 2m at 4.10g/t Au and 3m at 3.92g/t Au within 22m at 1.45g/t Au from 83m
- // 13m at 1.85g/t Au including 2m at 7.59g/t Au within 20m at 1.28g/t Au from 54m
- // 28m at 1.57g/t Au including 9m at 2.08g/t Au within 43m at 1.15g/t Au from 50m
- // 1m at 12.37g/t Au within 3m at 4.52g/t Au from 117m
- // 2m at 5.94g/t Au within 3m at 4.01g/t Au from 90m
- // 3m at 4.12g/t Au within 5m at 2.65g/t Au from 112m

Selected significant intercepts are summarised in Table 1, with full results to be presented in Appendix 2. Holes returning anomalous gold intercepts confirm a stacked multi-lode geometry that persists across the prospect and at depth (Figures 3, 4 & 5). With assay reporting for Clement now complete, the prospect is well positioned to support a maiden Mineral Resource Estimate within the updated multi-prospect Wallbrook MRE.

GEOLOGY

The Clement prospect weathering profile extends to 70 metres depth within an andesitic volcanic and volcanoclastic sequence intruded by a series of porphyry dykes. The dykes extend up to 20 metres in thickness and display variable silicification, quartz vein density, and pyrite content ranging from 0.1% to 2%, with alteration proximal to intrusive contacts comprising sericite-rutile-tourmaline assemblages.

Gold mineralisation in the oxide and transitional zones is associated with quartz-goethite veining. In fresh rock, mineralisation is expressed in two orientations: a south plunging shoot defined by quartz-pyrite-hematite veining, where grades correlate positively with pyrite content; and a series of stacked sub-vertical north- to northwest-trending lodes associated with hematite-altered porphyry dykes. Numerous porphyry dykes extend through the prospect, pinching and swelling at depth and along strike.

Increasing pyrite abundance, quartz vein density, silicification and tourmaline content correlate positively with higher gold grades within the porphyry units, while sericite-rutile-pyrite alteration along intrusive contacts is also associated with elevated grades (Figure 2).

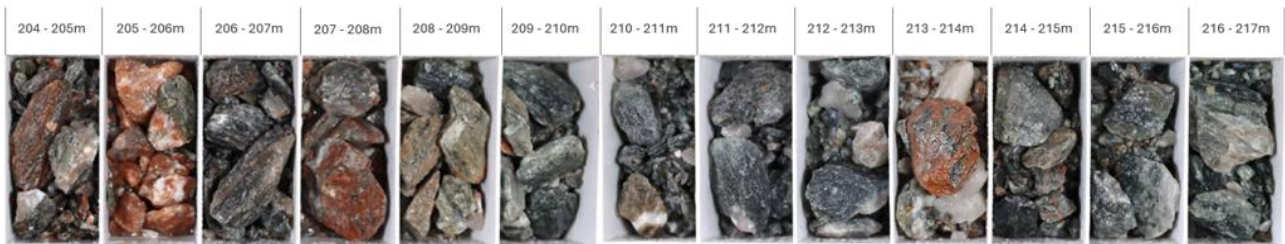


FIGURE 2: NMWBRC26-830 – 4M AT 6.36g/t AU WITHIN 13M AT 2.62g/t AU FROM 204M

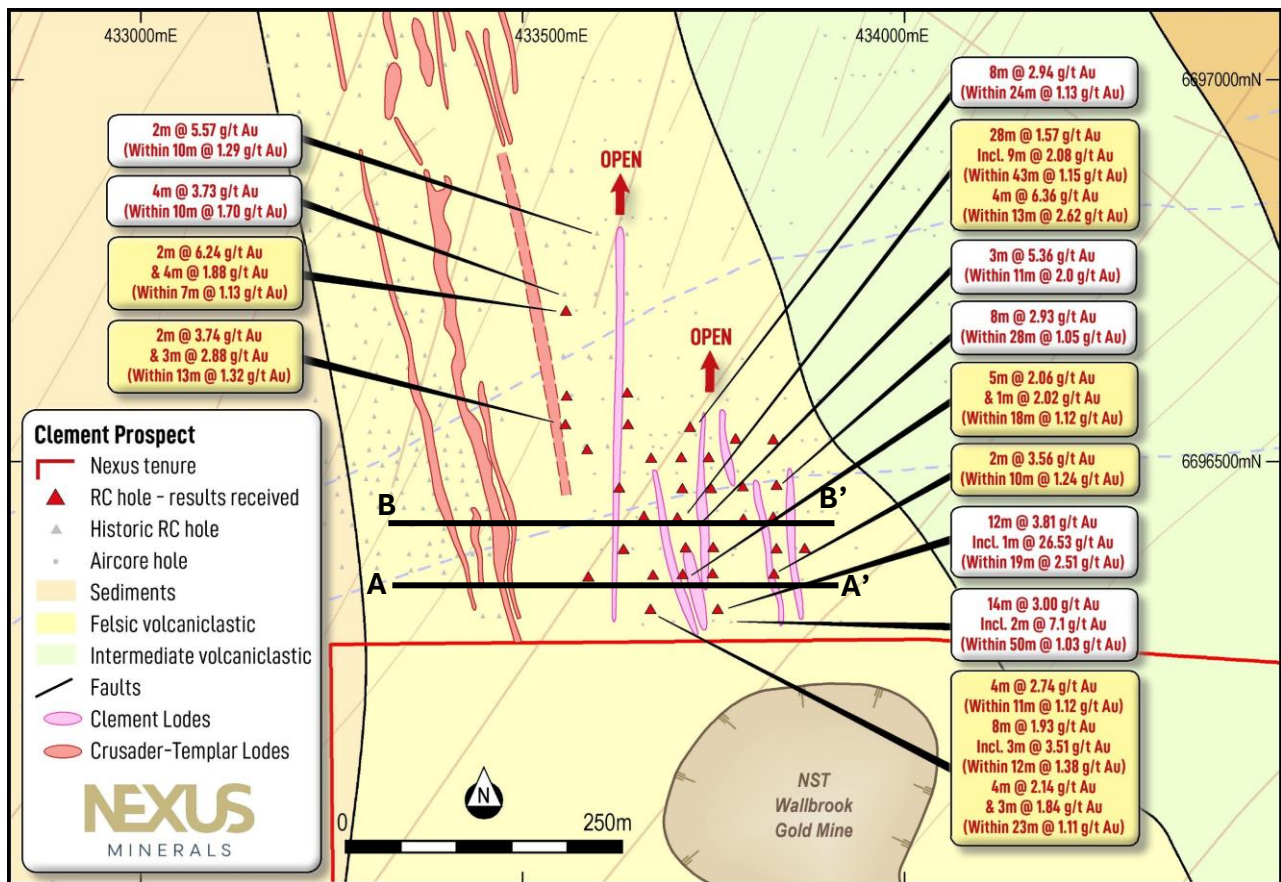


FIGURE 3: CLEMENT PROSPECT PLAN VIEW WITH NEW DRILLING
(YELLOW LABELS NEW 1M RC INTERCEPTS, WHITE LABELS PREVIOUS RESULTS)

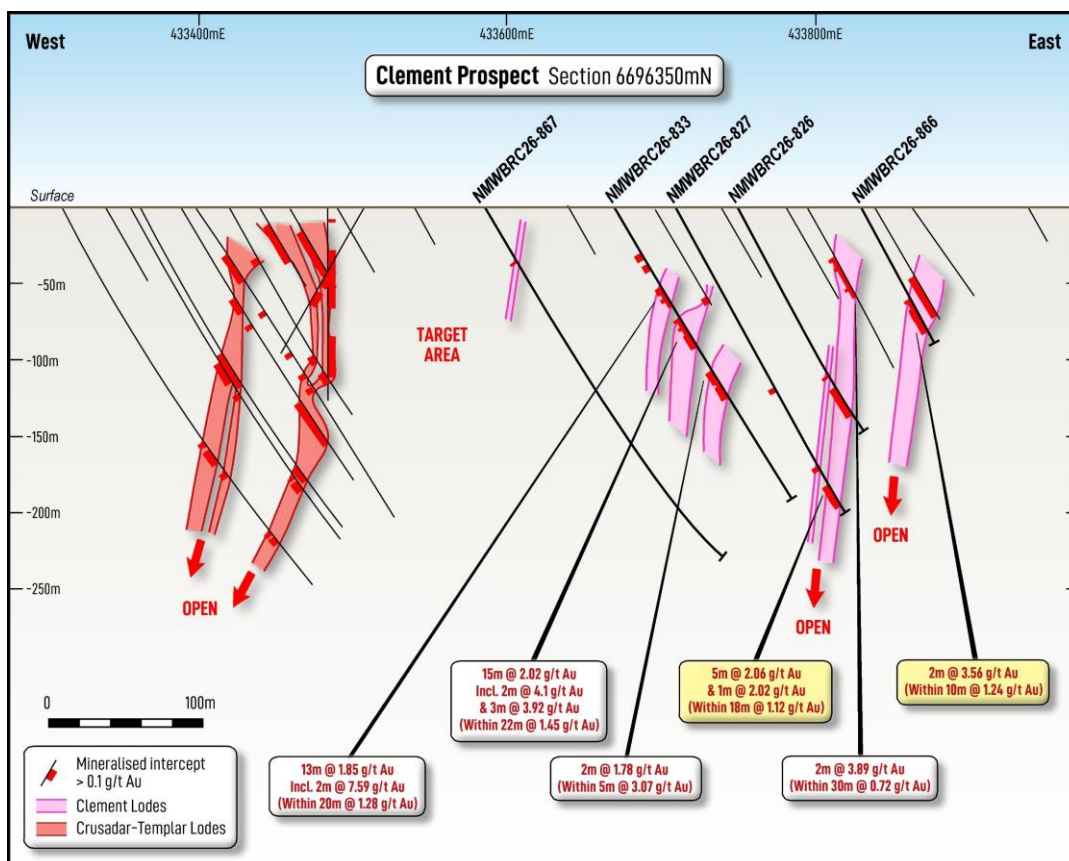


FIGURE 4: CLEMENT PROSPECT CROSS SECTION A-A' – REFER TO FIGURE 3
(YELLOW LABELS NEW 1M RC INTERCEPTS)

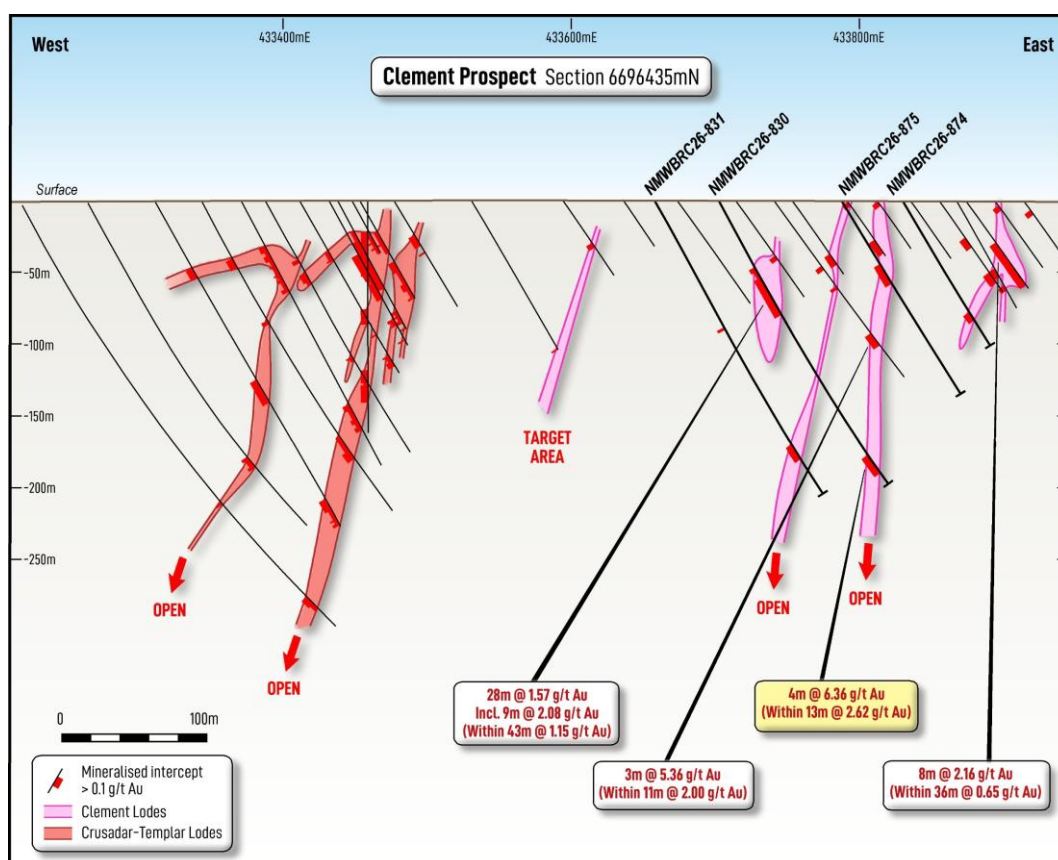


FIGURE 5: CLEMENT PROSPECT CROSS SECTION B-B' – REFER TO FIGURE 3
(YELLOW LABELS NEW 1M RC INTERCEPTS)

NEXUS MINERALS LIMITED ASX: NXM

Level 2 41-47 Colin Street, West Perth, WA 6005

PO Box 2803, West Perth, WA 6872

T +61 8 9481 1749 E info@nexus-minerals.com ABN 96 122 074 006

nexus-minerals.com

CRUSADER-TEMPLAR AND CLEMENT

The Clement Prospect and the Crusader–Templar Deposit lie within the same major regional structural corridor and share a common host architecture. Both occur within an intermediate andesitic volcanic to volcanoclastic sequence intruded by a swarm of high-level porphyry dykes, with a common north- to northwest-trending orientation interpreted to control the distribution of mineralisation across both areas. Rather than two discrete occurrences, the drilling to date defines a single, contiguous geological framework with the same stratigraphy, the same intrusive system and the same controlling structures.

The two areas also share a common mineralising signature, with gold hosted by and proximal to hematite-altered high-level porphyry dykes with quartz–pyrite–tourmaline veining and brick-red hematite alteration. At both prospects, gold grade correlates positively with pyrite abundance, quartz vein density, silicification and tourmaline content, and with proximity to porphyry contacts. This consistency of host rock, alteration assemblage, vein paragenesis and mineralisation controls suggests a common mineralising event, rather than geologically similar but unrelated deposits.

Spatially, Clement sits immediately adjacent to Crusader–Templar, with the stacked, west-dipping and sub-vertical lode orientations. Taken together, the shared structural setting, host stratigraphy, alteration and mineralisation style, combined with the demonstrated spatial and down-dip continuity, support the interpretation that Clement and Crusader–Templar form a continuous mineralised system within a single, well-endowed gold corridor.

RC DRILLING PROGRAM PROGRESS

RC drilling at the Payns, Clement and Branches prospects is now complete, with the rig having progressed to the Crusader-Templar extension targets. Approximately 18,000 metres of the planned ~22,000-metre program have been completed. Drilling remains on track for completion in early July, with remaining assay results anticipated to continue reporting into August.

Independent consulting geologist (and Competent Person) Mr Jeremy Clark (Lily Valley International) has been engaged to deliver the updated multi-prospect Wallbrook Mineral Resource Estimate, targeted for completion by the end of the September quarter.

This announcement is authorised for release by Mr Andy Tudor, Managing Director, Nexus Minerals Ltd.

ABOUT NEXUS

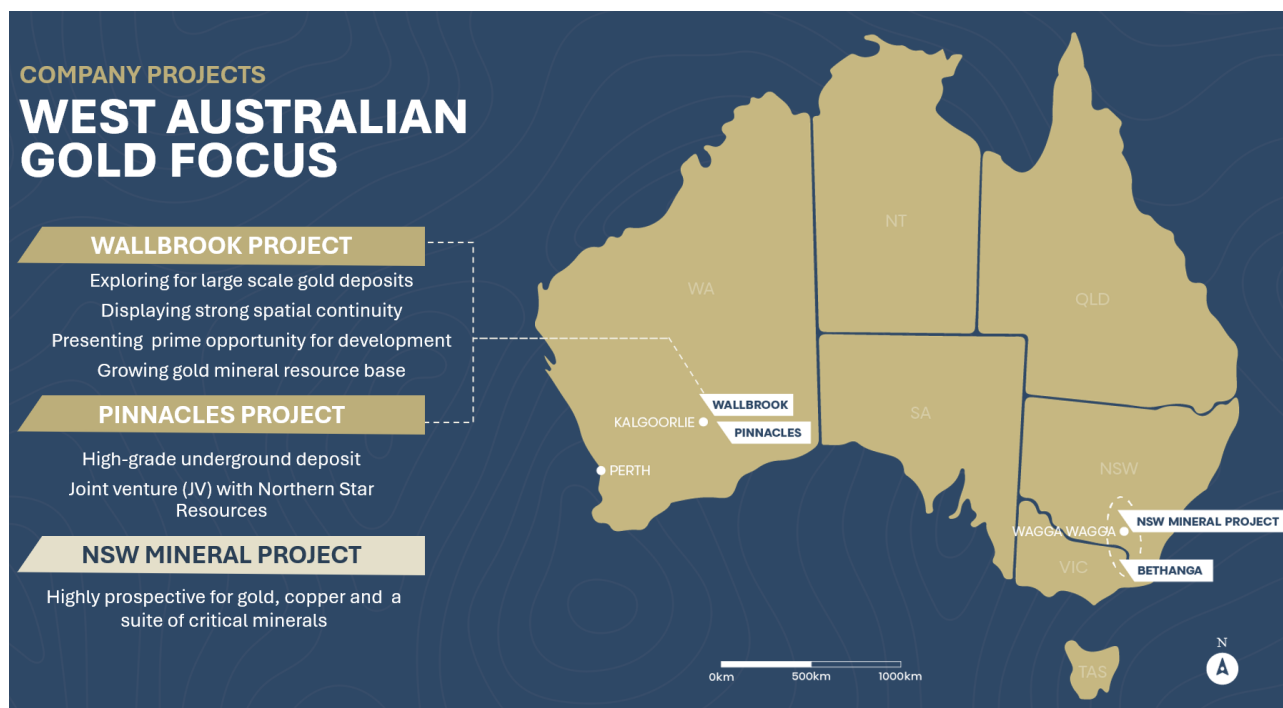


FIGURE 6: NEXUS MINERALS AUSTRALIAN PROJECT LOCATIONS

Nexus is actively exploring for gold deposits on its highly prospective tenement package in the Eastern Goldfields of Western Australia. In Western Australia, the consolidation of the highly prospective Wallbrook Gold Project by the amalgamation of existing Nexus tenements with others acquired, will advance these gold exploration efforts. Nexus holds a significant 192km² land package of highly prospective geological terrane within a major regional structural corridor and is exploring for gold deposits.

Nexus Minerals' tenement package at the Wallbrook Gold Project commences immediately to the north of Northern Star's multi-million ounce Carosue Dam mining operations (CDO), and current operating Karari and Whirling Dervish underground gold mines. The Company's Pinnacles Gold Project is located immediately to the south of CDO and comprises Nexus 100% owned tenure and Nexus-Northern Star Resources JV tenure.

In addition to this, the Company has expanded its existing project portfolio with the addition of the granted tenure over 7,500km² of Gold, Copper and Critical Mineral prospective tenure in NSW, and the Bethanga Porphyry Copper-Gold project in Victoria.

Nexus is actively investing in new exploration techniques to refine the targeting approach for its current and future tenements.

– Ends –

Enquiries Mr Andy Tudor, Managing Director
Contact Phone: 08 9481 1749
Website www.nexus-minerals.com
ASX Code NXM

NEXUS MINERALS LIMITED ASX: NXM

Level 2 41-47 Colin Street, West Perth, WA 6005

PO Box 2803, West Perth, WA 6872

T +61 8 9481 1749 E info@nexus-minerals.com ABN 96 122 074 006

The information in the report to which this statement is attached that relates to Wallbrook Mineral Resources is based upon information compiled by Mr Paul Blackney, a Competent Person who is a member of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr Blackney is a full-time employee of Snowden Optiro, consultants to Nexus Minerals Limited. Mr Blackney has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Blackney consents to the inclusion in the report of matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears. The information is extracted from the announcement dated 01/05/2024 and is available to be viewed on the Company website www.nexus-minerals.com. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcement and that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the original announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Company confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original announcement.

The information in this release that relates to Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on, and fairly represents, information and supporting documentation, prepared, compiled or reviewed by Mr Adam James, who is a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and the Australian Institute of Geoscientists. Mr James is the Exploration Manager and full-time employee of Nexus Minerals Limited. Mr James has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity for which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the "Australian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves". Mr James consents to the inclusion in the release of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears. The results are available to be viewed on the Company website www.nexus-minerals.com. The Company confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the original market announcements and that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the original announcements.

FORWARD LOOKING AND CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS. Some statements in this announcement regarding estimates or future events are forward-looking statements. They include indications of, and guidance on, future earnings, cash flow, costs and financial performance. Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements preceded by words such as "planned", "expected", "projected", "estimated", "may", "scheduled", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "potential", "predict", "foresee", "proposed", "aim", "target", "opportunity", "could", "nominal", "conceptual" and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements, opinions and estimates included in this report are based on assumptions and contingencies which are subject to change without notice, as are statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretations of current market conditions. Forward-looking statements are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied on as a guarantee of future performance. Forward-looking statements may be affected by a range of variables that could cause actual results to differ from estimated results and may cause the Company's actual performance and financial results in future periods to materially differ from any projections of future performance or results expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. So, there can be no assurance that actual outcomes will not materially differ from these forward-looking statements. No Ore Reserves have currently been defined on the Wallbrook tenements. There has been insufficient exploration and technical studies to estimate an Ore Reserve and it is uncertain if further exploration and/or technical studies will result in the estimation of an Ore Reserve. The potential for the development of a mining operation and sale of ore from the Wallbrook tenements has yet to be established.

APPENDIX 1

CRUSADER-TEMLAR PROSPECT COMBINED JORC 2012 MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATE (0.4G/T AU CUT-OFF)

Indicated			Inferred			TOTAL		
Tonnes (kt)	Au grade (g/t)	Au ounces (koz)	Tonnes (kt)	Au grade (g/t)	Au ounces (koz)	Tonnes (kt)	Au grade (g/t)	Au ounces (koz)
2,460	1.8	140	3,210	1.6	164	5,670	1.7	304

■ Northern Star Ltd Carosue Dam Resource Table as at 31/3/2026

MINERAL RESOURCES as at 31 March 2026

	MEASURED			INDICATED			INFERRED			TOTAL RESOURCES		
	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (gpt)	Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (gpt)	Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (gpt)	Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (gpt)	Ounces (000's)
NST ATTRIBUTABLE INCLUSIVE OF RESERVE												
CAROSUE DAM												
Surface	2,371	1.7	128	16,362	1.7	889	10,725	1.4	482	29,458	1.6	1,498
Underground	4,095	2.4	319	16,156	2.3	1,185	10,338	2.6	727	30,588	2.4	2,232
Stockpiles	7,338	1.3	153	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,338	1.3	153
Gold in Circuit	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5
Sub-Total Carosue Dam	13,804	1.4	605	32,518	2.0	2,074	21,063	2.0	1,209	67,385	1.9	3,888

■ Northern Star Ltd Carosue Dam Reserve Table as at 31/3/2026

ORE RESERVES as at 31 March 2026

	PROVED			PROBABLE			TOTAL RESERVE		
	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (gpt)	Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (gpt)	Ounces (000's)	Tonnes (000's)	Grade (gpt)	Ounces (000's)
NST ATTRIBUTABLE RESERVE									
CAROSUE DAM									
Surface	186	1.7	10	1,840	1.8	104	2,027	1.7	114
Underground	1,606	2.9	151	2,615	3.3	274	4,221	3.1	425
Stockpiles	7,338	0.6	153	-	-	-	7,338	0.6	153
Gold in Circuit	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	5
Sub-Total Carosue Dam	9,131	1.1	319	4,456	2.6	378	13,587	1.6	696

NEXUS MINERALS LIMITED ASX: NXM

Level 2 41-47 Colin Street, West Perth, WA 6005

PO Box 2803, West Perth, WA 6872

T +61 8 9481 1749 E info@nexus-minerals.com ABN 96 122 074 006

nexus-minerals.com

APPENDIX 2 – CLEMENT RC RESULTS (>0.1g/t AU)

Clement RC Results (>0.1g/t Au)											
SiteID	Prospect	East	North	mRL	Depth	Dip	Azimuth	From	To	Interval	g/t Au
NMWBRC26-826	Clement	433750	6696354	379	168	-61	92	42	43	1	0.29
								53	54	1	0.17
hole extension								124	126	2	0.59
								132	136	4	0.51
							inc	134	135	1	1.44
								150	154	4	0.36
NMWBRC26-827	Clement	433712	6696353	379	228	-60	92	58	59	1	0.55
								133	137	4	0.10
								172	173	1	0.17
hole extension								192	195	3	0.54
							inc	192	193	1	1.28
								204	222	18	1.12
							inc	209	214	5	2.06
							and	219	220	1	2.02
NMWBRC26-828	Clement	433752	6696390	379	156	-60	90	1	2	1	0.14
								78	83	5	1.00
							inc	78	82	4	1.18
								90	93	3	4.01
							inc	90	92	2	5.94
								127	128	1	0.23
hole extension								138	143	5	0.33
NMWBRC26-830	Clement	433706	6696429	379	228	-60	91	50	93	43	1.15
							inc	59	87	28	1.57
							inc	59	68	9	2.08
							and	82	86	4	2.02
								128	129	1	0.76
								142	143	1	0.42
								174	175	1	0.23
hole extension								180	181	1	0.35
								204	217	13	2.62
							inc	204	208	4	6.36

SiteID	Prospect	East	North	mRL	Depth	Dip	Azimuth	From	To	Interval	g/t Au
NMWBRC26-865	Clement	433667	6696308	375	282	-60	91	32	53	21	0.40
							inc	35	38	3	1.19
							inc	36	38	2	1.46
							and	48	50	2	1.09
								86	97	11	1.12
							inc	90	94	4	2.74
								109	121	12	1.38
							inc	111	119	8	1.93
							inc	111	114	3	3.51
								139	172	33	0.39
							inc	143	165	22	0.50
							inc	143	144	1	3.13
								206	271	65	0.62
							inc	206	229	23	1.11
							inc	216	219	3	1.84
							and	223	227	4	2.14
								277	278	1	0.12
NMWBRC26-866	Clement	433829	6696353	376	102	-60	91	1	2	1	0.11
								68	93	25	0.57
							inc	83	93	10	1.24
							inc	88	90	2	3.56
NMWBRC26-867	Clement	433586	6696349	376	276	-60	91	39	42	3	0.42
							inc	40	41	1	0.79
								98	99	1	0.21
								158	159	1	0.13
								227	228	1	0.11
NMWBRC26-868	Clement	433747	6696466	375	150	-60	91	30	42	12	0.98
							inc	30	35	5	2.03
								47	54	7	0.26
							inc	52	54	2	0.63
								60	61	1	0.12
								84	85	1	0.14
								121	127	6	0.71
							inc	123	125	2	1.46
								137	139	2	1.76

SiteID	Prospect	East	North	mRL	Depth	Dip	Azimuth	From	To	Interval	g/t Au
NMWBRC26-869	Clement	433709	6696465	375	213	-60	91	44	48	4	0.93
							inc	46	47	1	3.20
								53	56	3	0.60
							inc	54	55	1	1.49
								67	68	1	0.19
								78	89	11	0.58
							inc	78	85	7	0.81
							inc	78	79	1	3.20
								93	94	1	0.13
								111	114	3	0.61
							inc	113	114	1	1.26
								120	121	1	0.24
								164	165	1	0.13
								177	178	1	0.29
								197	202	5	0.76
							inc	200	201	1	2.55
NMWBRC26-870	Clement	433626	6696465	375	252	-60	91	57	61	4	0.12
								148	149	1	0.37
								153	154	1	0.15
								160	161	1	0.17
								164	165	1	0.24
								174	191	17	0.30
							inc	174	177	3	0.50
							and	180	181	1	2.01
								238	244	6	0.25
NMWBRC26-871	Clement	433744	6696506	375	150	-60	91	29	32	3	0.16
								42	57	15	0.29
								51	53	2	0.55
								69	74	5	0.60
							inc	70	72	2	1.23
								110	111	1	0.12
NMWBRC26-872	Clement	433871	6696387	376	126	-60	91	37	49	12	0.32
							inc	37	39	2	0.95
								56	57	1	0.14
NMWBRC26-873	Clement	433833	6696386	376	120	-60	91	79	100	21	0.75
							inc	79	86	7	1.44
							and	88	91	3	1.09
								104	107	3	0.32
								111	115	4	0.11

SiteID	Prospect	East	North	mRL	Depth	Dip	Azimuth	From	To	Interval	g/t Au
NMWBRC26-874	Clement	433829	6696425	376	120	-60	91	90	91	1	0.11
								94	96	2	0.39
NMWBRC26-875	Clement	433789	6696426	376	156	-60	91	34	35	1	0.19
								52	53	1	0.11
								57	66	9	0.59
							inc	57	60	3	1.37
NMWBRC26-876	Clement	433832	6696468	376	120	-60	89	64	76	12	0.26
							inc	75	76	1	0.55
NMWBRC26-877	Clement	433790	6696468	376	120	-60	89	16	17	1	2.20
								29	45	16	0.73
							inc	30	32	2	1.22
NMWBRC26-878	Clement	433828	6696530	376	96	-60	89	43	44	1	0.23
NMWBRC26-879	Clement	433779	6696531	375	120	-60	92	NSI			
NMWBRC26-880	Clement	433707	6696506	375	138	-59	93	36	37	1	0.21
								43	50	7	0.82
							inc	47	50	3	1.65
								54	74	20	0.49
							inc	54	67	13	0.62
							inc	66	67	1	2.06
								80	81	1	0.20
								109	120	11	0.96
							inc	110	114	4	1.21
							and	117	119	2	2.08
								125	130	5	0.16
NMWBRC26-881	Clement	433668	6696504	375	198	-60	89	57	58	1	0.15
								67	78	11	0.52
							inc	73	75	2	2.04
								85	86	1	0.22
								93	95	2	0.49
								102	109	7	0.35
								168	169	1	0.22
								172	173	1	0.17
								188	193	5	0.24
NMWBRC26-882	Clement	433718	6696545	375	168	-59	90	63	64	1	0.12
								80	82	2	0.11
								120	121	1	0.11
								124	125	1	0.10
								130	131	1	0.18

SiteID	Prospect	East	North	mRL	Depth	Dip	Azimuth	From	To	Interval	g/t Au
NMWBRC26-883	Clement	433638	6696548	375	150	-59	91	47	53	6	0.11
								72	73	1	0.12
								92	95	3	0.43
							inc	92	93	1	0.79
								130	131	1	0.72
NMWBRC26-884	Clement	433556	6696549	375	250	-59	88	40	50	10	0.39
							inc	40	42	2	1.39
								59	60	1	0.11
								63	64	1	0.14
								77	78	1	0.12
								90	93	3	0.12
								116	124	8	0.17
								138	139	1	0.25
								144	145	1	0.21
								149	150	1	0.11
								153	154	1	0.20
								165	167	2	0.18
	NMWBRC26-885	Clement	433637	6696591	375	198	-57	89	0	1	1
								55	56	1	0.39
								83	85	2	0.29
								172	173	1	0.11
								182	188	6	0.29
								196	197	1	1.48
NMWBRC26-886	Clement	433557	6696587	374	288	-60	90	115	128	13	1.32
							inc	116	119	3	2.88
							and	124	126	2	3.74
								147	154	7	0.31
							inc	147	148	1	1.24
NMWBRC26-887	Clement	433558	6696698	374	276	-60	90	97	98	1	0.11
								112	119	7	1.13
							inc	113	117	4	1.88
								133	135	2	6.24
								157	165	8	0.48
							inc	159	163	4	0.73
							inc	162	163	1	1.68
								233	247	14	0.18
								254	255	1	0.18
							260	263	3	0.26	

Appendix A 1/7/2026

JORC Code, 2012 Edition – Table 1

Section 1 Sampling Techniques and Data

(Criteria in this section apply to all succeeding sections.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Sampling techniques	<i>Nature and quality of sampling (eg cut channels, random chips, or specific specialised industry standard measurement tools appropriate to the minerals under investigation, such as down hole gamma sondes, or handheld XRF instruments, etc). These examples should not be taken as limiting the broad meaning of sampling.</i> <i>Include reference to measures taken to ensure sample representivity and the appropriate calibration of any measurement tools or systems used.</i> <i>Aspects of the determination of mineralisation that are Material to the Public Report.</i> <i>In cases where ‘industry standard’ work has been done this would be relatively simple (eg ‘reverse circulation drilling was used to obtain 1 m samples from which 3 kg was pulverised to produce a 30 g charge for fire assay’). In other cases more explanation may be required, such as where there is coarse gold that has inherent sampling problems. Unusual commodities or mineralisation types (eg submarine nodules) may warrant disclosure of detailed information.</i>	The sampling was carried out using Reverse Circulation (RC) Drilling. RC chips provide high quality representative samples for analysis. Sampling was carried out in accordance with Nexus Minerals protocols and QAQC procedures which are considered to be industry best practice. RC holes were drilled with a 5.5inch face sampling bit, with 1m samples collected through a cyclone and cone splitter producing a 2-3kg sample which was sent to the laboratory for analysis. All samples were crushed at the laboratory to -2mm, to produce a 500g charge for gold Assay.
Drilling techniques	<i>Drill type (eg core, reverse circulation, open-hole hammer, rotary air blast, auger, Bangka, sonic, etc) and details (eg core diameter, triple or standard tube, depth of diamond tails, face-sampling bit or other type, whether core is oriented and if so, by what method, etc).</i>	An RC drilling rig was used to undertake the RC drilling and collect the samples. The face sampling bit had a diameter of 5.5 inches (140mm).
Drill sample recovery	<i>Method of recording and assessing core and chip sample recoveries and results assessed.</i> <i>Measures taken to maximise sample recovery and ensure representative nature of the samples.</i> <i>Whether a relationship exists between sample recovery and grade and whether sample bias may have occurred due to preferential loss/gain of fine/coarse material.</i>	Sample condition and approximate recovery/weight were logged at the rig. No material relationship between recovery and grade has been identified. All samples were dry with no significant ground water encountered. No sample bias is believed to have occurred during the sampling process.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
		RC face sampling bits and dust suppression were used to minimise sample loss. Average RC metre sample weight recovered was 25kg with minimal variation between samples.
Logging	<i>Whether core and chip samples have been geologically and geotechnically logged to a level of detail to support appropriate Mineral Resource estimation, mining studies and metallurgical studies.</i> <i>Whether logging is qualitative or quantitative in nature. Core (or costean, channel, etc) photography.</i> <i>The total length and percentage of the relevant intersections logged.</i>	All RC chip samples were geologically logged by Nexus Minerals Geologists, using the approved Nexus Minerals logging code. Logging of RC chips: Lithology, mineralogy, alteration, mineralisation, colour, weathering and other characteristics as observed. All RC samples were wet sieved. Chip trays are retained or photographed for all holes and metres. All RC holes and all metres were geologically logged.
Sub-sampling techniques and sample preparation	<i>If core, whether cut or sawn and whether quarter, half or all core taken.</i> <i>If non-core, whether riffled, tube sampled, rotary split, etc and whether sampled wet or dry.</i> <i>For all sample types, the nature, quality and appropriateness of the sample preparation technique.</i> <i>Quality control procedures adopted for all sub-sampling stages to maximise representivity of samples.</i> <i>Measures taken to ensure that the sampling is representative of the in situ material collected, including for instance results for field duplicate/second-half sampling.</i> <i>Whether sample sizes are appropriate to the grain size of the material being sampled.</i>	One metre RC drill samples pass through a cone splitter, installed directly beneath a rig mounted cyclone, and two 2-3kg samples are collected in numbered calico bags. The balance of the 1m sample ~25kg is collected in a bucket through a cyclone and upended on the ground in rows of 20m and the corresponding calico bags placed next to it. All samples submitted for analysis were dry. Samples were prepared at an accredited laboratory in either Perth or Kalgoorlie. Samples were dried, and the sample crushed to ~2mm (Photon Assay) with ~500g sample retained and analysed. Nexus considers this to be best industry practice. Duplicate field samples are taken from the cone splitter for every sample. Sampling methods and company QAQC protocols are considered by Nexus to be best industry practice and have been periodically reviewed by reputable independent consultants. Sample sizes are considered appropriate for the material being sampled and the sample size being submitted for analysis.
Quality of assay data and laboratory tests	<i>The nature, quality and appropriateness of the assaying and laboratory procedures used and whether the technique is considered partial or total.</i> <i>For geophysical tools, spectrometers, handheld XRF instruments, etc, the parameters used in determining the analysis including instrument make and model, reading times, calibrations factors applied and their derivation, etc.</i>	Samples were analysed at an accredited laboratory in Perth. All samples were analysed for gold using Photon Assay technique. This method is considered appropriate for the material being assayed. Independent comparison test work has found this method of analysis to be superior on the project compared to traditional fire assay owing to benefits of larger sample size and presence of coarse gold. This method is considered appropriate for the material being assayed.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
	<i>Nature of quality control procedures adopted (eg standards, blanks, duplicates, external laboratory checks) and whether acceptable levels of accuracy (ie lack of bias) and precision have been established.</i>	No other geophysical tools, spectrometers etc... were used in this drill program. Nexus Minerals protocol provides for Certified Reference Material (Standards and Blanks) to be inserted at a rate of 4 standards and 4 blank per 100 samples. Field duplicates are collected and assayed at a minimum rate of 1 per 25 samples. Industry acceptable levels of accuracy and precision have been returned.
<i>Verification of sampling and assaying</i>	<i>The verification of significant intersections by either independent or alternative company personnel.</i> <i>The use of twinned holes.</i> <i>Documentation of primary data, data entry procedures, data verification, data storage (physical and electronic) protocols.</i> <i>Discuss any adjustment to assay data.</i>	Results and significant intersections were verified by the Exploration Manager. No twin holes were drilled as part of this program. All field logging is carried out on a laptop computer. Data is submitted electronically to the database manager in Perth. Assay files are received electronically from the laboratory and added to the database. All data is managed by the database geologist. No adjustment to assay data has occurred.
<i>Location of data points</i>	<i>Accuracy and quality of surveys used to locate drill holes (collar and down-hole surveys), trenches, mine workings and other locations used in Mineral Resource estimation.</i> <i>Specification of the grid system used.</i> <i>Quality and adequacy of topographic control.</i>	Drill hole locations were determined using a handheld GPS, with an accuracy of 3m. Down hole surveys were taken using a Gyro survey tool with readings taken every 10m. Grid projection is GDA94 / MGA Zone 51. The drill hole collar RL is allocated from a handheld GPS. Accuracy is +/- 3m.
<i>Data spacing and distribution</i>	Data spacing for reporting of Exploration Results. Whether the data spacing and distribution is sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. Whether sample compositing has been applied.	RC drilling is taking place at the Clement, Payns and Branches Prospects as well as the Crusader-Templar Deposit. This release refers to Clement Prospect results only. The data spacing and distribution is not sufficient to establish the degree of geological and grade continuity appropriate for the Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimation procedure(s) and classifications applied. On completion of the current program Nexus aims to have sufficient data spacing and distribution to complete a Mineral Resource Estimate. No sample compositing has been applied.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Orientation of data in relation to geological structure</i>	<i>Whether the orientation of sampling achieves unbiased sampling of possible structures and the extent to which this is known, considering the deposit type.</i> <i>If the relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is considered to have introduced a sampling bias, this should be assessed and reported if material.</i>	The orientation of the drill lines is considered to be approximately perpendicular to the strike of the regional structures controlling the mineralisation (0 degrees). All RC holes were drilled at a dip of -60 degrees towards 90 degrees. The relationship between the drilling orientation and the orientation of key mineralised structures is not considered to have introduced a sampling bias.
<i>Sample security</i>	<i>The measures taken to ensure sample security.</i>	For RC programs pre-numbered calico bags were placed into green plastic bags, sealed and transported to the laboratory in Kalgoorlie by company personnel or an established transport company in bulk bags.
<i>Audits or reviews</i>	<i>The results of any audits or reviews of sampling techniques and data.</i>	All sampling, logging, assaying and data handling techniques are considered by Nexus to be industry best practice. Sampling techniques and data have been periodically reviewed / audited and found fit for purpose by reputable independent consultants.

Section 2 Reporting of Exploration Results

(Criteria listed in the preceding section also apply to this section.)

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Mineral tenement and land tenure status</i>	<i>Type, reference name/number, location and ownership including agreements or material issues with third parties such as joint ventures, partnerships, overriding royalties, native title interests, historical sites, wilderness or national park and environmental settings.</i> <i>The security of the tenure held at the time of reporting along with any known impediments to obtaining a licence to operate in the area.</i>	RC drilling is currently taking place on tenements M31/231, M31/251 and M31/190. Clement Prospect is situated on M31/231. Tenure is held by Nexus 100% There are no other known material issues with the tenements. The tenements are in good standing with the Western Australian Department of Mines, Petroleum and Exploration (DMPE).
<i>Exploration done by other parties</i>	<i>Acknowledgment and appraisal of exploration by other parties.</i>	Clement, Payns and Branches Prospects, as well as the Crusader-Templar Deposit have been subject to minimal exploration activities prior to Nexus Minerals.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
Geology	<i>Deposit type, geological setting and style of mineralisation.</i>	Gold mineralisation in the Wallbrook Project area is known to be closely associated with quartz +/- pyrite and brick-red coloured hematite alteration of high level porphyry intrusives and their volcanic / sedimentary host rocks. Mineralisation in the oxide zone is typically associated with an increase in quartz–goethite veining. Highest-grade intervals within the fresh rock are typically associated with increased quartz–sulphide (pyrite ± tourmaline) veining. This style of mineralisation is observed at both the Crusader-Templar Deposit and Branches Prospect. The geological understanding is still building at Clement and Payns Prospects consistent with current lower exploration maturity of the prospects.
Drill hole Information	<i>A summary of all information material to the understanding of the exploration results including a tabulation of the following information for all Material drill holes:</i> ○ <i>easting and northing of the drill hole collar</i> ○ <i>elevation or RL (Reduced Level – elevation above sea level in metres) of the drill hole collar</i> ○ <i>dip and azimuth of the hole</i> ○ <i>down hole length and interception depth</i> ○ <i>hole length.</i> <i>If the exclusion of this information is justified on the basis that the information is not Material and this exclusion does not detract from the understanding of the report, the Competent Person should clearly explain why this is the case.</i>	Refer to ASX announcements for full tables.
Data aggregation methods	<i>In reporting Exploration Results, weighting averaging techniques, maximum and/or minimum grade truncations (eg cutting of high grades) and cut-off grades are usually Material and should be stated.</i> <i>Where aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results, the procedure used for such aggregation should be stated and some typical examples of such aggregations should be shown in detail.</i> <i>The assumptions used for any reporting of metal equivalent values should be clearly stated.</i>	No top cuts have been applied to the reported assay results. No aggregate intercepts incorporate short lengths of high grade results and longer lengths of low grade results. No metal equivalent values were reported.

Criteria	JORC Code explanation	Commentary
<i>Relationship between mineralisation widths and intercept lengths</i>	<i>These relationships are particularly important in the reporting of Exploration Results.</i> <i>If the geometry of the mineralisation with respect to the drill hole angle is known, its nature should be reported.</i> <i>If it is not known and only the down hole lengths are reported, there should be a clear statement to this effect (eg 'down hole length, true width not known').</i>	The orientation of the drill lines is considered to be approximately perpendicular to the strike of the regional structures controlling the mineralisation (0 degrees). RC holes are drilled at a dip of -60 degrees towards 90 degrees. All reported intersections are down-hole length – true width not known.
<i>Diagrams</i>	<i>Appropriate maps and sections (with scales) and tabulations of intercepts should be included for any significant discovery being reported. These should include, but not be limited to a plan view of drill hole collar locations and appropriate sectional views.</i>	Refer to the maps included in the text.
<i>Balanced reporting</i>	<i>Where comprehensive reporting of all Exploration Results is not practicable, representative reporting of both low and high grades and/or widths should be practiced to avoid misleading reporting of Exploration Results.</i>	Clearly stated in body of release
<i>Other substantive exploration data</i>	<i>Other exploration data, if meaningful and material, should be reported including (but not limited to): geological observations; geophysical survey results; geochemical survey results; bulk samples – size and method of treatment; metallurgical test results; bulk density, groundwater, geotechnical and rock characteristics; potential deleterious or contaminating substances.</i>	No other exploration data to be reported.
<i>Further work</i>	<i>The nature and scale of planned further work (eg tests for lateral extensions or depth extensions or large-scale step-out drilling).</i> <i>Diagrams clearly highlighting the areas of possible extensions, including the main geological interpretations and future drilling areas, provided this information is not commercially sensitive.</i>	Post full assessment of recent drill results and integration with existing data sets, future work programs may include RC and diamond drilling to follow up on the results received from this drill program. Further work will also include resource modelling.