

Aluminium – investor roadshow

11 October 2018

The attached presentation will be given by Alf Barrios, chief executive – Aluminium at investor briefings this week.

The presentation slides will also be available at www.riotinto.com/investors/presentations

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Aluminium

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Chief executive, Aluminium

October 2018

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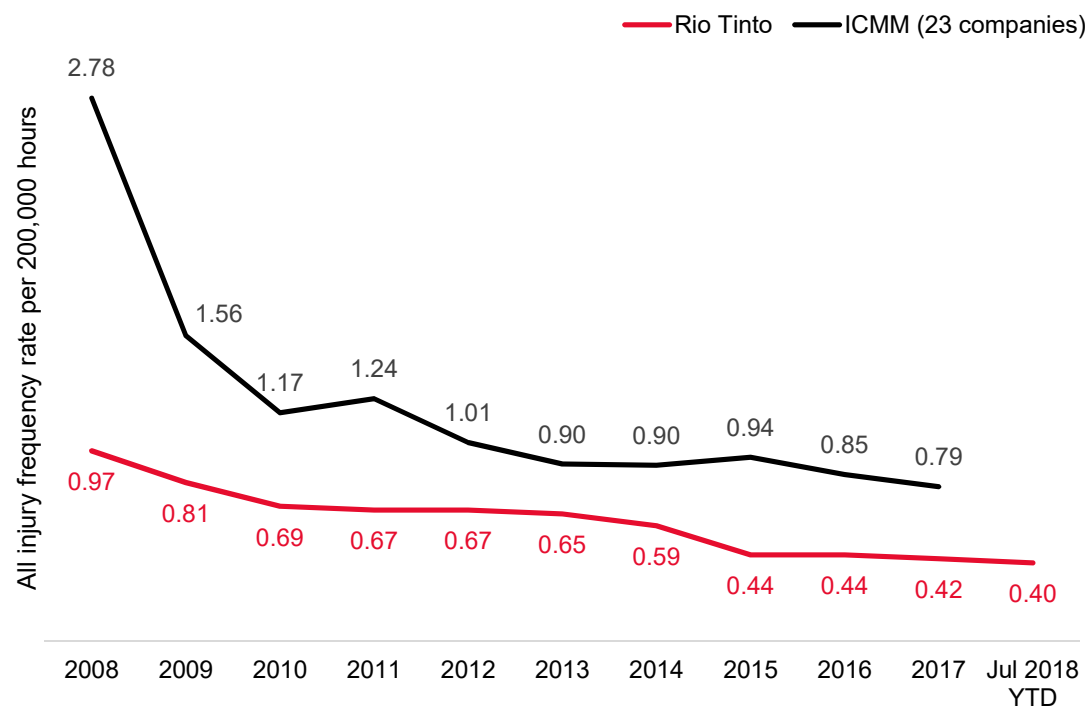
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Safety and health come first

Continuing history of improvement in AIFR



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Fatality at Rio Tinto Fer et Titane in April 2018

Fatal assault on a security contractor at Richards Bay Minerals in July 2018

Fatality at Paraburdoo Iron Ore mine in August 2018

Eliminating fatalities through the Critical Risk Management programme which continues to be embedded, including controls for critical health risks

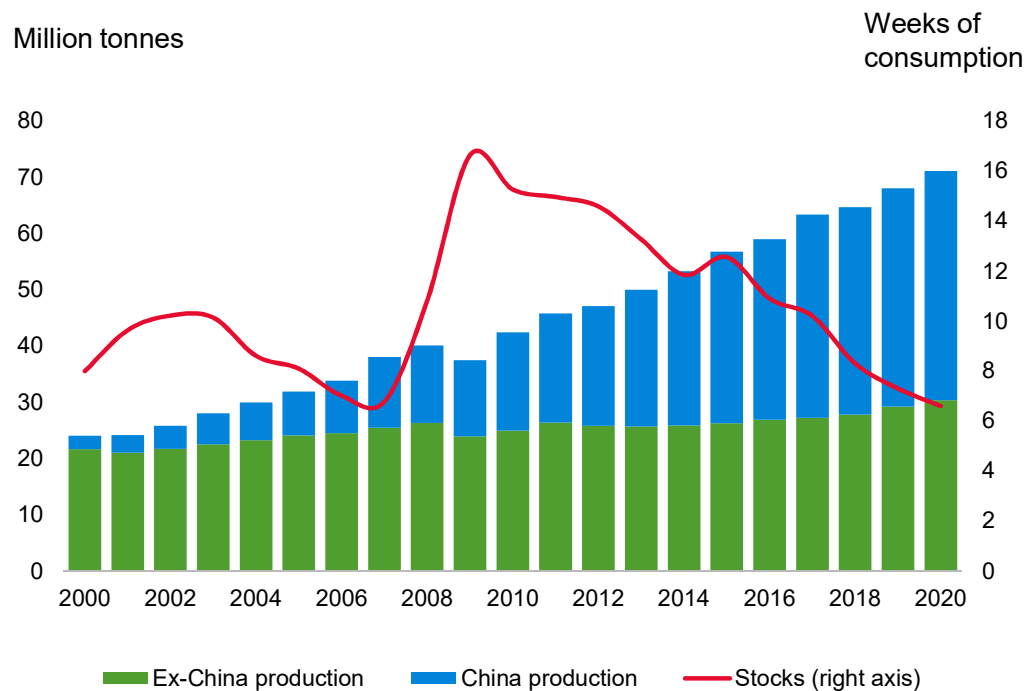
Preventing catastrophic events through our focus on **process safety** and the identification and management of controls for major hazards

Reducing injuries through targeted hazard elimination campaigns

Ongoing focus on mental health, **wellbeing** and fatigue management

Strong global growth in aluminium

Primary aluminium production and stocks



Aluminium demand growth ~3.2% p.a. next 5 years

- Increased intensity of use in autos in N. America

China expected to be broadly balanced in aluminium in medium to long-term

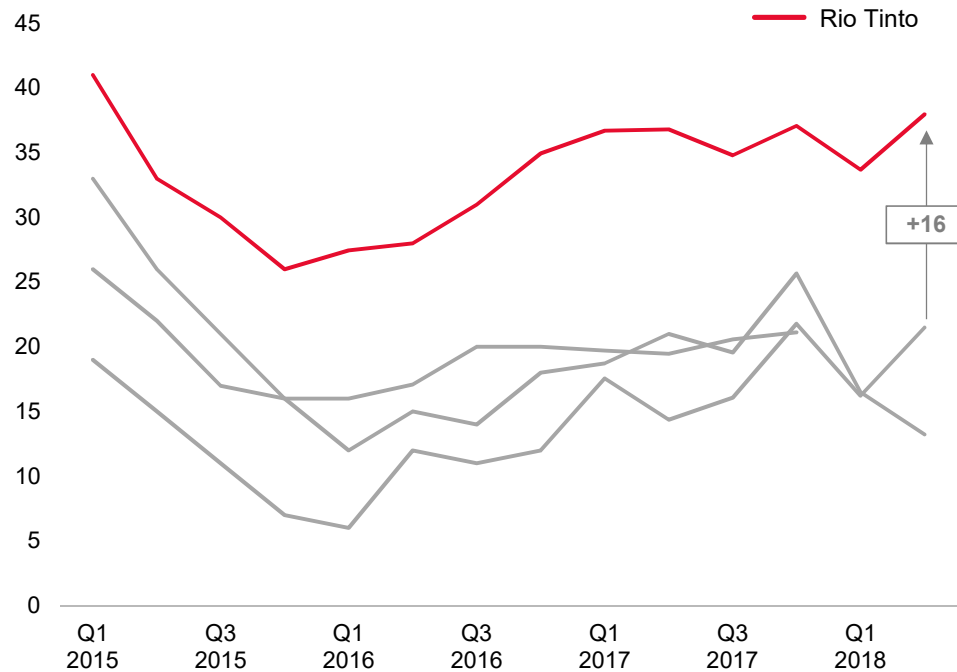
- And largely self-sufficient in alumina

Seaborne bauxite demand driven mainly by China

- Expected depletion of inland bauxite reserves accentuates import needs
- Wide range of scenarios

We continue to widen the gap over our competitors

Upstream EBITDA margins (per cent)



Margin gap: portfolio quality and performance delivery

EBITDA margin increase to 38%*

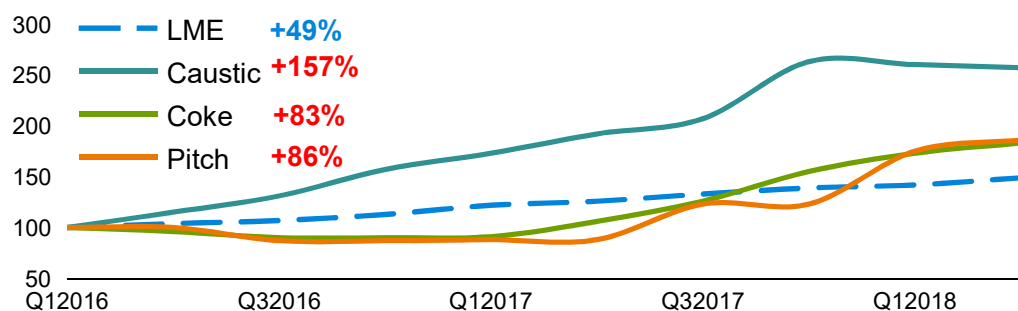
Cash cost improvements \$1.2bn since end 2012

*Rio Tinto Market Analysis which includes adjustments to externally reported EBITDA margins, trading, procurement and marine revenues to report performance on a comparable basis. Competitors included in the analysis are Rusal, Hydro and Alcoa.

We maintain our low-cost position despite commodity headwinds

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Commodity Index (base 2016)



Raw materials & energy lifting cost curve by 16% vs 2017

Costs are expected to stay elevated in 2019

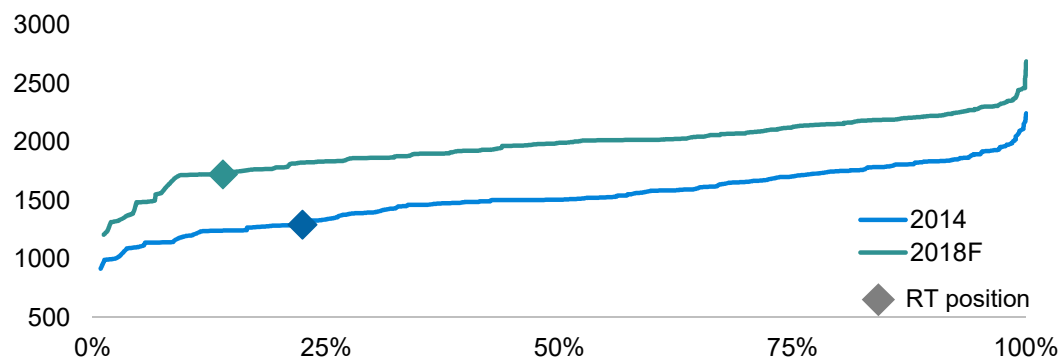
Rio Tinto well placed

- Self-generated hydro power
- 90% own anode production
- 55% own calcination capacity for Canadian assets
- Advantaged bauxite position: proximity to China, supply reliability, high alumina, expandable resource

Raw materials cost headwinds impacted EBITDA by \$229m in H1 2018 vs H1 2017

Estimate for full year 2018: ~\$400m impact¹ vs 2017

Aluminium cost curve (\$/t)

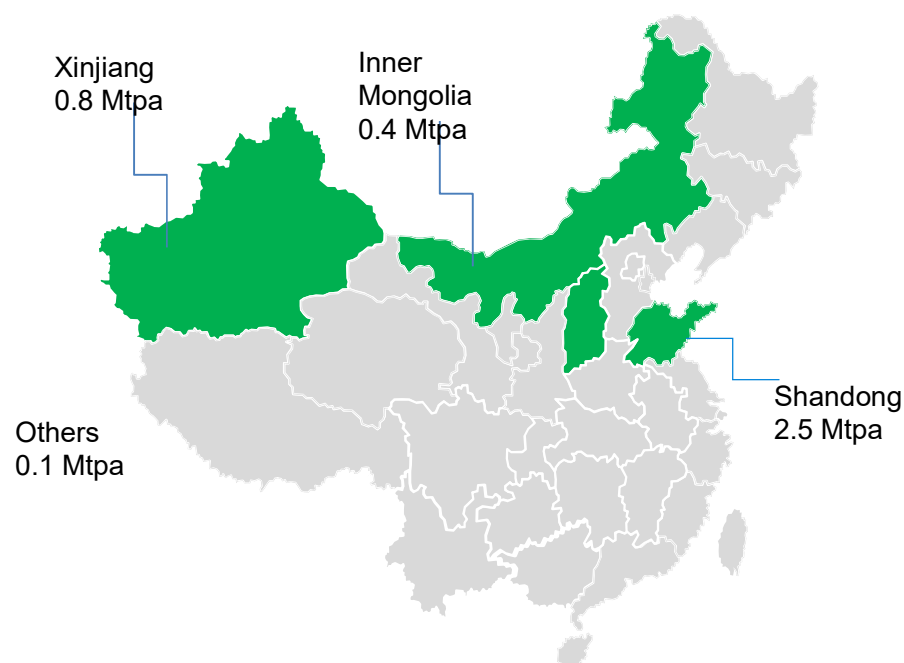


Source: CRU, IHS and Rio Tinto Market Analysis. Aluminium costs include hot metal and cold metal costs net of market and product premiums. Commodity price increases calculated between 1 January 2016 and June 2018
1. Impact attributable to Coke, Pitch and Caustic

China shows determination to curb overcapacity and reduce pollution

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Supply-side reform aluminium capacity cuts – 2017/18



Smelting

3.8 Mtpa of illegal capacity removed in 2017 and 2018 (~9% of total)

Further 0.8 Mt capacity cuts from environmental winter policy (2017-18)

Captive Power Plant policy: targets closure of illegal plants built after March 2015, requires plants to pay government taxes and grid charges

- Estimated increase in aluminium costs: ~ \$70 - \$150/t
- New smelting capacity delayed - total of 1.2 Mtpa projects

Alumina

Environmental winter policy: cuts totalling 4.4 Mt in 2017-18

Bauxite

Environmental enforcement closing inland mines

Productivity continues to deliver cash

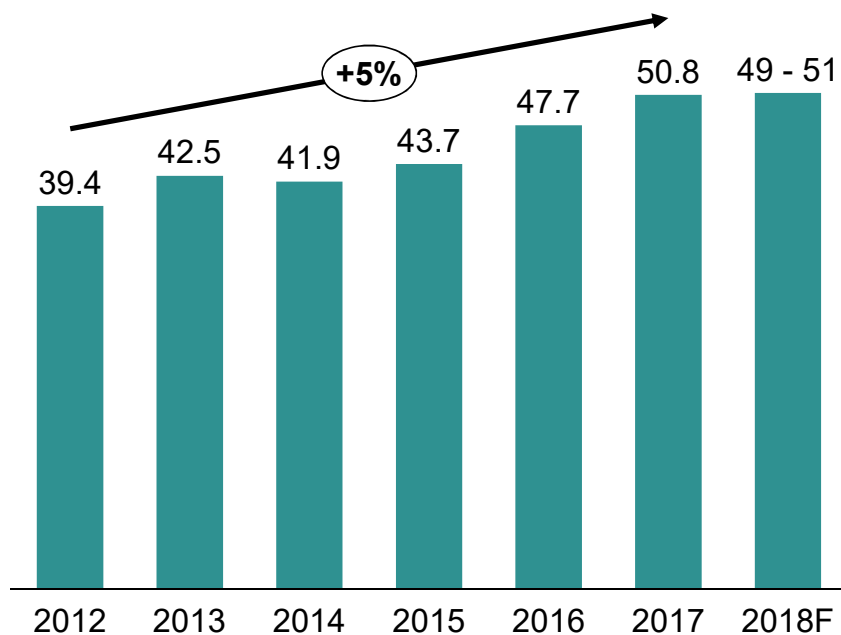
	 Best Practice	 Partnering with Suppliers	 Data & Technology	 Automation
 Bauxite	Creep	Rail debottlenecking & payload optimisation		
	Mine planning optimisation		Shipping optimisation	
	Equipment utilisation	Predictive analytics & optimisation in real-time		
	Bauxite grade optimisation		Bauxite integrated operations centre	
 Alumina	Creep & asset utilisation	Energy optimisation		
	Bauxite mix optimisation	Flocculation & additives technology		
	Sweetening	Predictive analytics & optimisation in real time		
	Fixed cost compression		Advanced process control	
 Aluminium	Creep			
	Automated anode change			
	Fixed cost compression	Advanced process control		
	Casthouse utilisation	Autonomous metal / anode transport		
	Aluminium Operations Centre - predictive analytics & optimisation in real-time			

**Aluminium to
deliver additional
free cash flow of
~\$0.5 billion per
year from 2021**

Increasing production in bauxite and alumina

Bauxite production

Million tonnes



Bauxite: Maximising value from existing operations

- Production track record: Weipa 5% p.a. / Gove 11% p.a .
- Optimising grade allocation to maximise customer ViU

Alumina: maximising use of installed capacity

- Production track record: ~3% p.a. since 2012
- E.g. : 5% yield increase at Yarwun driven by low-capital intensity process improvements

Bauxite: asset performance drives productivity

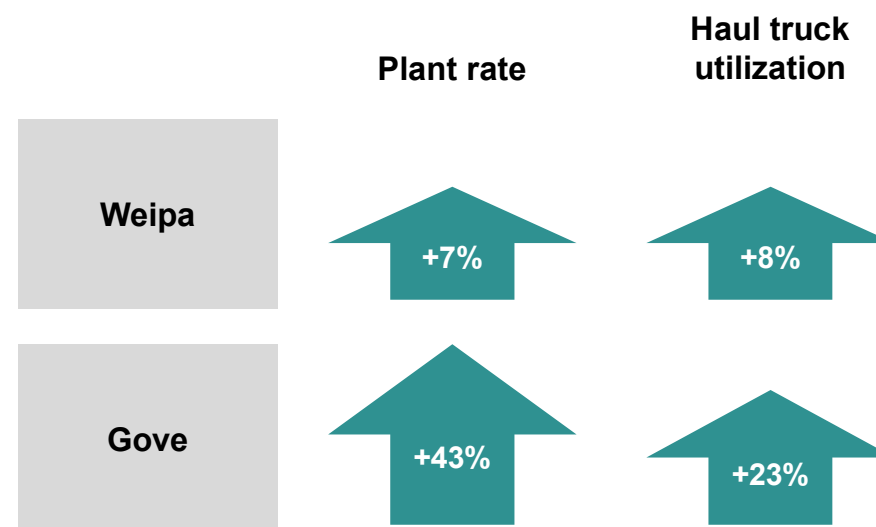
Debottlenecking the value chain through data analytics (constraint identification / elimination)

- Processing system rates increases for minimal capital expenditure at Gove and Weipa
- Increased HME productivity with increases in fleet payload and utilisation

Mine to Market optimisation across the value chain: volume and product quality

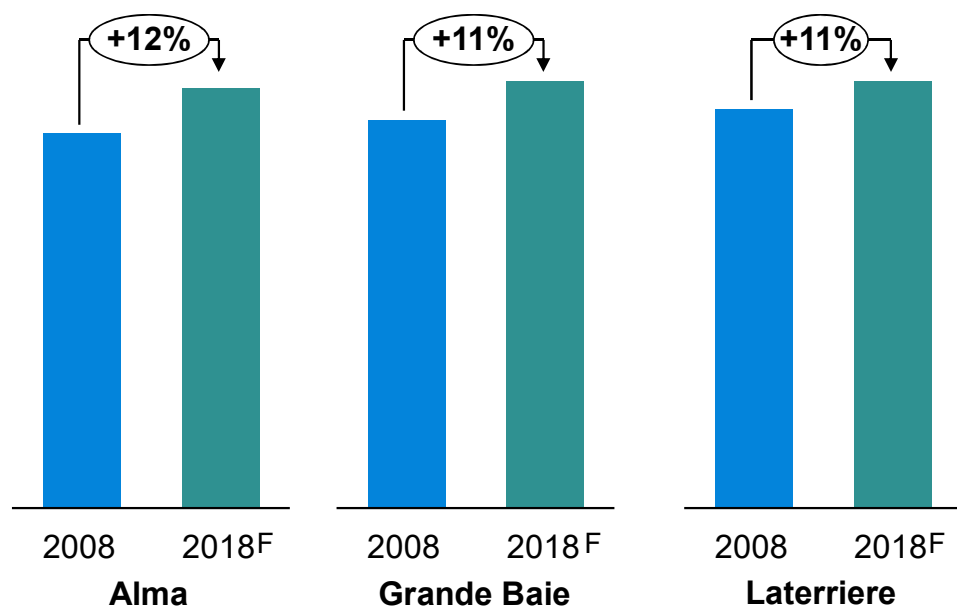
- Integrated Operations Centre allowing real time decision making on ore grade, shipping

Performance improvements: 2018 YTD vs 2016



Smelters creeping at 1% per annum, double industry average

Amperage creeping history



Long history of cutting-edge smelter productivity

- Industry-leading technology, expertise and innovation
- Creep innovation the engine of technology productivity

Low capital intensity, high-return investments

- Productivity growth on installed asset base

Canadian Brownfield growth options

- Alma, AP60... value over volume

Technology, process intelligence and expertise underpin our competitive advantage

Industry-leading technology

AP Technology
APxe low energy consumption
Spent potlining valorisation
Elysis – inert anode technology (in development)



Process intelligence

Advanced control systems
Anode resistivity measurement
Integrated casthouse management system



Skills & expertise

Technology and product development
Academic and industry collaboration
Customer technical partnership



Data analytics, automation and integrated operations drive the next wave of productivity

Data analytics

- Anode traceability
- Anode spike predictive detection
- Asset health monitoring



Automation

- Anode change
- Automated Guided Vehicle logistics
- Casting process optimisation



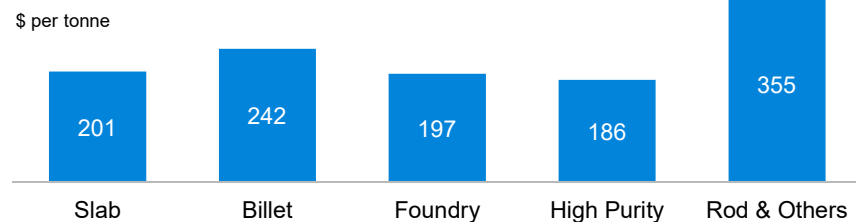
Integrated Operations

- Real-time process optimisation & integration
- Hydropower Control Centre
- Operations centres for Bauxite and Aluminium



Enhancing margins through VAP

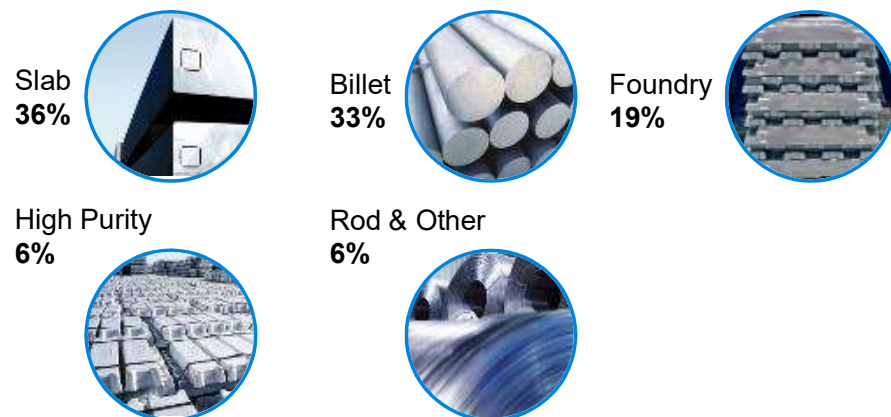
Rio Tinto VAP product premiums¹



Value added product (VAP) enhances margins

- VAP 58% of portfolio
- Additional revenue \$222 per tonne¹

Rio Tinto VAP product mix¹



Further scope to grow margins through commercial excellence

- Customer partnerships: North American automotive light-weighting
- Market differentiation
 - RenewAl™ low CO₂ aluminium
 - Proximity and reliability
 - Technology and product development
 - Elysis technology and ASI certification²



- 23 Mt total capacity: replaces East Weipa (13 Mt), captures China market growth (10 Mt)
- First quartile cost curve position, low technical risks

First shipment in Q4 2018 with full ramp-up in 2019

Range of expansion options that can be developed in line with market demand

In summary: strong demand outlook, value delivery through productivity and growth options



Aluminium

~\$0.5 billion additional free cash flow per year from 2021 ...

- Hot metal and bauxite creep
- VAP volume & mix
- Integrated operations
- Value chain optimisation
- Value-in-use optimisation
- Asset productivity

... offsetting raw material headwinds

Strong demand outlook

China supply-side turning point

World-class first quartile assets

Near-term growth from productivity and commercial

Growth options in bauxite and aluminium

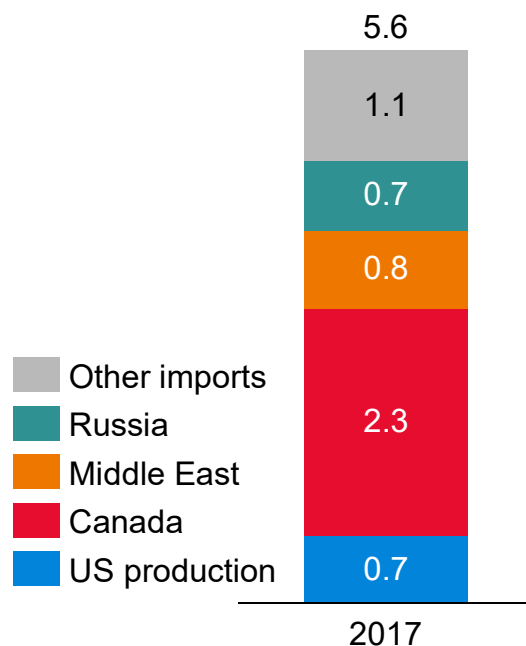


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Appendix

Section 232 impact

US total primary metal consumption (Mt)



Tariff providing some support to restarts: 0.6 Mt of capacity restarts announced¹

- Of which ~0.5 Mt restarted or in progress
- Additional 0.26 Mt idle, could potentially restart²
- New capacity unlikely

US primary metal demand expected to grow by 0.3 Mtpa from 2017 to 2020

Metal being priced from Canada at Midwest Premium duty-paid, which reflects 10% tariff³ from 1 June 2018

1. Hawesville (+150kt), New Madrid (190kt), Warrick (270kt)

2. Mount Holly (+120kt), Wenatchee (140kt)

3. Segmented financial results: Primary Metal revenue will reflect higher realised price incorporating higher LME, higher mid-west premium and increased VAP premium, with EBITDA reflecting operating costs that include an additional cost from the 10% tariff on sales to the US from 1 June 2018.

Relevance of Alunorte curtailment, Rusal sanctions and alumina legacy contracts

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Total 2017 Alumina market 133 Mt, of which 60 Mt outside China

- China: net importer 2.9Mt in 2017, net exporter estimate 0.2Mt in 2018

Alunorte: 2017 production: 6.38 Mt (~11% of ex-China volumes)

- ~60% used for Hydro's own needs (Norway, Albras, Qatalum, Alouette, etc.)
- 50% curtailed March 1, 2018 (RT covered with volume from Pacific)

Rusal:

- **Aluminium: supplies 15% of world's demand ex-China**
 - 2017: supplied 0.7 Mt to US (13% of demand), 1.6 Mt to Europe ex-Russia (19% of demand)
- **Alumina: accounts for 6.7 Mtpa, i.e. 13% of ex-China market**
 - 3.4 Mtpa outside Russia: Aughinish (1.9 Mtpa), Ewarton (0.65 Mtpa), QAL (0.8 Mtpa¹)

Legacy alumina contracts

- Supply of ~2.2Mtpa, LME-linked, with bulk of volume with ending dates between 2023 and 2030 (~30% rolled off post-2023).
- \$178m negative impact in H1 2018, based on average prices of \$2,209/t for LME and \$450/t for Alumina over the period.
- ~\$100m negative EBITDA impact for every 10% increase in Alumina index price, ~\$60M negative impact for 10% decrease in Aluminium LME index. The opposite impact applies if index pricing moves in the other direction.
- \$130m negative impact in Q3 2018²

Modelling Aluminium EBITDA

EBITDA sensitivity	H1 2018 average price/rate	Impact on FY 2018 underlying EBITDA of 10% price/rate change \$m	Estimated impact for full year 2018 vs 2017 \$m
Aluminium	\$2,209/t	887	
Caustic soda (FOB)	\$587/t	31	
Petroleum coke (FOB)	\$440/t	32	~\$400m (\$229m at H1 18)
Green coke (FOB)	\$152/t	15	
Pitch (FOB)	\$801/t	16	
Coal	\$104/t	19	~\$100m (\$50m at H1 18)
A\$	77USc	236	
C\$	78USc	119	

H1 raw material prices are purchase prices. Due to contractual and inventory time lags, a change in the value of a raw material index will not lead to an EBITDA impact before 3 to 6 months, depending on the raw material and on the specific contractual arrangements.

Note: The sensitivities give the estimated effect on underlying EBITDA assuming that each individual price or exchange rate moved in isolation. The relationship between currencies and commodity prices is a complex one and movements in exchange rates can affect movements in commodity prices and vice versa. The exchange rate sensitivities include the effect on operating costs but exclude the effect of revaluation of foreign currency working capital.

Impact of legacy contracts and tariffs in H1 18 results

	Gross revenue (a)		EBITDA (b)		Net earnings (c)	
	for the 6 months ended		for the 6 months ended		for the 6 months ended	
	30 June 2018	30 June 2017	30 June 2018	30 June 2017	30 June 2018	30 June 2017
	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m	US\$m
Aluminium						
Bauxite	1,207	957	452	377	246	215
Alumina	1,605 ¹	1,303	435 ³	253	222	111
Intrasegment	(447)	(388)	(3)	(22)	(2)	(15)
Bauxite & Alumina	2,365	1,872	884	608	466	311
Primary Metal	3,328 ²	2,833	917 ⁴	803	437	322
Pacific Aluminium	1,265	1,104	151	231	55	92
Intersegment & Other	(1,450)	(1,166)	(40)	1	(33)	3
Integrated Operations	5,508	4,643	1,912	1,643	925	728
Other Product Group Items	589	667	(166) ⁵	(61)	(129)	(47)
Product group operations	6,097	5,310	1,746	1,582	796	681
Evaluation projects/other	51	58	85	84	75	78
Total Aluminium	6,148	5,368	1,831	1,666	871	759

1. Includes the negative impact of lower realised prices from the legacy alumina contracts.
2. Higher realised price incorporates higher LME, higher mid-west premium and increased VAP premium.
3. Adjusted to remove the EBITDA loss from the legacy alumina contracts.
4. Operating costs include an additional cost from the 10% tariff on sales to the US from 1 June 2018.
5. EBITDA loss from the legacy alumina contracts reallocated to Other Product Group items.