FORM 6-K

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

Report on Foreign Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a – 16 or 15d – 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the Month of August, 2025

Gilat Satellite Networks Ltd.

(Translation of Registrant's Name into English)

Gilat House, Yegia Kapayim Street Daniv Park, Kiryat Arye, Petah Tikva, 4913020 Israel (Address of Principal Corporate Offices)

 $Indicate \ by \ check \ mark \ whether \ the \ registrant \ files \ or \ will \ file \ annual \ reports \ under \ cover \ Form \ 20-F \ or \ Form \ 40-F.$

Form 20-F ⊠ Form 40-F □

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant by furnishing the information contained in this form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes □ No ⊠

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): N/A

Attached hereto as Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 are Registrant's Condensed Interim Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements as of June 30, 2025 and for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 and Operating and Financial Review and Prospects.

The contents of this Report on Form 6-K, including Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2 annexed hereto, are incorporated by reference into the Registrant's Registration Statements on Form S-8 (Files No. 333-180552, 333-187021, 333-204867, 333-210820, 333-217022, 333-221546, 333-223839, 333-231442, 333-236028, 333-255740, 333-255740, 333-264974 and 333-278082), and shall be a part thereof from the date on which this Form 6-K is filed, to the extent not superseded by documents or reports subsequently filed or furnished.

Signature

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this Report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Gilat Satellite Networks Ltd. (Registrant)

Dated August 12, 2025

By: /s/ Doron Kerbel
Doron Kerbel
General Counsel & Corporate Secretary

GILAT SATELLITE NETWORKS LTD.

6-K Exhibits

99.1 Condensed Interim Unaudited Consolidated Financial Statements of Gilat Satellite Networks Ltd. and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2025 and for the Six Months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024
99.2 Operating and Financial Review and Prospects.

Exhibit 99.1

GILAT SATELLITE NETWORKS LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2025

UNAUDITED

IN U.S. DOLLARS

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${\bf CONDENSED\ INTERIM\ CONSOLIDATED\ BALANCE\ SHEETS}$

U.S. dollars in thousands

Unaudited		Audited
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS:		
CORRENT ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents \$ 64,929	\$	119,384
Restricted cash 474	Ф	853
Trade receivables, (net of allowance for credit losses of \$802 and \$461 as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively) 53,162		49,600
Contract assets 8,603		24,941
Inventories 48,737		38,890
Other current assets 45,498		21,963
Other Current assets		21,703
Total current assets 221,403		255,631
	_	233,031
LONG-TERM ASSETS:		
Restricted cash 14		12
Long-term contract assets 7,890		8,146
Severance pay funds 6,544		5,966
Deferred taxes, net		11,896
Operating lease right-of-use assets 5,980		6,556
Other long-term assets18,043		5,288
Total long-term assets 54,600		37,864
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET 70,480		70,834
INTANGIBLE ASSETS, NET 61,689		12,925
GOODWILL 167,706		52,494
<u>Total</u> assets <u>\$ 575,878</u>	\$	429,748

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share and per share data)

		June 30, 2025		2025		cember 31, 2024
	1	Unaudited		Audited		
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY						
CURRENT LIABILITIES:						
Current maturities of long-term loan	\$	3,375	\$	-		
Trade payables		18,541		17,107		
Accrued expenses		46,295		45,368		
Advances from customers and deferred revenues		57,464		18,587		
Operating lease liabilities		2,919		2,557		
Other current liabilities		18,621		17,817		
<u>Total</u> current liabilities		147,215		101,436		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:						
Long-term loan		56,497		2,000		
Accrued severance pay		7,179		6,677		
Long-term advances from customers and deferred revenues		25		580		
Operating lease liabilities		3,229		4.014		
Other long-term liabilities	_	45,971		10,606		
<u>Total</u> long-term liabilities	_	112,901		23,877		
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES						
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:						
Share capital -						
Ordinary shares of NIS 0.2 par value: Authorized: 90,000,000 shares as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024; Issued and						
outstanding: 57,196,198 and 57,017,032 shares as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively		2,743		2,733		
Additional paid-in capital		947,500		943,294		
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(2,843)		(6,120)		
Accumulated deficit		(631,638)		(635,472)		
<u>Total</u> shareholders' equity		315,762		304,435		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$	575,878	\$	429,748		
nonnes and shareholders equity	Ψ	373,070	Ψ	727,770		

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share and per share data)

		nths ended ne 30,
	2025	2024
Revenues:		
Products	\$ 137,291	\$ 93,434
Services	59,716	59,275
<u>Total</u> revenues	197,007	152,709
Cost of revenues:		
Products	104,198	59,172
Services	32,484	38,910
Total cost of revenues	136,682	98,082
Gross profit	60,325	54,627
Operating expenses:		
Research and development expenses, net	23,930	18,547
Selling and marketing expenses	16,467	14,109
General and administrative expenses	13,027	14,514
Other operating expenses (income), net	3,964	(725)
<u>Total</u> operating expenses	57,388	46,445
Operating income	2,937	8,182
Financial income (expenses), net	(2,186)	
Income before taxes on income	751	8,961
Taxes on income	3,083	(2,695)
Net income	\$ 3,834	\$ 6,266
Earnings per share (basic and diluted)	<u>\$ 0.07</u>	\$ 0.11
Weighted average number of shares used in computing earnings per share:		
Basic	57,081,120	57,016,808
Diluted	57,189,406	57,016,808

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Unaudited)

U.S. dollars in thousands

		onths ended ine 30,
	2025	2024
Net income	\$ 3,834	\$ 6,266
Other comprehensive income (loss):		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	72:	5 (591)
Change in unrealized income (loss) on hedging instruments, net	3,36	7 (675)
Less - reclassification adjustments for net loss (income) realized on hedging instruments, net	(81:	5) 138
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	3,27	(1,128)
Comprehensive income	\$ 7,11	5,138

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Unaudited)

U.S. dollars in thousands (except number of ordinary shares data)

	Number of Ordinary shares	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital		other omprehensive loss	A	Accumulated deficit	s	Total shareholders' equity
Balance as of December 31, 2023	57,016,086	\$ 2,733	\$ 937,591	\$	(5,315)	\$	(660,321)	\$	274,688
Stock-based compensation Exercise of stock options	- 946	*) -	2,929 *) -		-		- -		2,929
Comprehensive income (loss)			 		(1,128)		6,266	_	5,138
Balance as of June 30, 2024	57,017,032	\$ 2,733	\$ 940,520	\$	(6,443)	\$	(654,055)	\$	282,755
				A	Accumulated				

	Number of Ordinary shares	Share capital	Additional paid-in capital	 ocumulated other nprehensive loss	A	ccumulated deficit	sl	Total hareholders' equity
Balance as of December 31, 2024	57,017,032	\$ 2,733	\$ 943,294	\$ (6,120)	\$	(635,472)	\$	304,435
Stock-based compensation Exercise of stock options and issuance of	-	-	3,455	-		-		3,455
shares	179,166	10	751	_		-		761
Comprehensive income	-	-	-	3,277		3,834		7,111
Balance as of June 30, 2025	57,196,198	\$ 2,743	\$ 947,500	\$ (2,843)	\$	(631,638)	\$	315,762

^{*)} Represents an amount lower than \$1.

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

U.S. dollars in thousands

	Six months ended June 30,			ded
		2025		2024
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net income	\$	3,834	\$	6,266
Adjustments required to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		9,942		7,333
Stock-based compensation		2,073		3,888
Accrued severance pay, net		(76)		60
Deferred taxes, net		(4,233)		1,724
Increase in trade receivables, net		(9,234)		(17,734)
Decrease in contract assets		16,552		2,982
Decrease in other assets and other adjustments (including current, long-term and effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents				
and restricted cash)		11,754		5,512
Decrease in inventories, net		96		974
Increase (decrease) in trade payables		(14,690)		3,579
Decrease in accrued expenses		(4,587)		(2,229)
Decrease in advances from customers and deferred revenues		(15,426)		(9,486)
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities		2,526		(2,177)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(1,469)		692
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of property, equipment and intangible assets		(4,256)		(2,650)
Investment in other asset		(3,500)		-
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired		(104,943)	_	<u>-</u>
Net cash used in investing activities		(112,699)		(2,650)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repayment of credit facility, net		_		(7,453)
Repayments of short-term debts		_		(1,340)
Proceeds from short-term debts		-		1,469
Proceeds from long-term loan, net of associated costs		58,970		-,
Repayment of long-term loan		(750)		-
		(,,,,		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		58,220		(7,324)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		1,116		(718)
Decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash		(54,832)		(10,000)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the beginning of the period		120,249		104,751
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at the end of the period (a)	\$	65,417	\$	94,751

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

U.S. dollars in thousands

(a) The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash to amounts reported within the condensed interim consolidated balance sheets:

		Jun	e 30,	
		2025		2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	64.929	\$	93,667
Restricted cash - Current		474	Ψ	1,030
Restricted cash - Long-term		14		54
	•	· · · -		0.4.
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	65,417	\$	94,751

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 1: - GENERAL

a. Organization:

Gilat Satellite Networks Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Company") is a leading global provider of satellite-based broadband communications. The Company designs and manufactures ground-based satellite communications equipment, and provides comprehensive secure end-to-end solutions, end-to-end services for mission-critical operations, powered by its innovative technology. The Company's portfolio includes a cloud-based satellite network platform, Very Small Aperture Terminals ("VSATs"), amplifiers, high-speed modems, high-performance on-the-move antennas, Electronically Steerable Antenna ("ESA") and high efficiency, high power Solid State Power Amplifiers ("SSPAs"), Block Upconverters ("BUCs") and Transceivers, transportable and portable terminals for defense and field services. The Company's comprehensive solutions support multiple applications with a full portfolio of products to address key applications including broadband internet access, cellular backhaul over satellite, enterprise, social inclusion solutions, In-Flight Connectivity ("IFC"), maritime, trains, defense and public safety, all while meeting the most stringent service level requirements. The Company also provides connectivity services, internet access and telephony, to enterprise, government and residential customers utilizing both its own networks, and other networks that it installs, mainly based on Build Operate Transfer ("BOT") and Build Own Operate ("BOO") contracts. In these projects, the Company builds telecommunication infrastructure typically using fiber-optic and wireless technologies for the broadband connectivity. The Company also provides managed network services over VSAT networks owned by others.

The Company was incorporated in Israel in 1987 and launched its first generation VSAT in 1989.

- b. The Company depends on major suppliers to supply certain components and services for the production of its products or providing services. If these suppliers fail to deliver or delay the delivery of the necessary components or services, the Company will be required to seek alternative sources of supply. A change in suppliers could result in product redesign, manufacturing delays or services delays which could cause a possible loss of sales and additional incremental costs and, consequently, could adversely affect the Company's results of operations and financial position.
- c. On June 17, 2024, the Company signed a definitive agreement to acquire 100% of the membership interests of Stellar Blu Solutions LLC. ("SBS"), a leading U.S.-based avionics solution provider of next-generation SATCOM terminal solutions. The closing of the transaction was subject to certain regulatory approvals, including the receipt of clearance of the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS) and other customary closing conditions. On January 6, 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of SBS. For additional information, see Note 15.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 1: - GENERAL (Cont.)

d. Against the backdrop of the military conflict of Russia and Ukraine and the rising tensions between the U.S. and other countries, on the one hand, and Russia, on the other hand, major economic sanctions and export controls restrictions on Russia and various Russian entities were imposed by the U.S., European Union and the United Kingdom commencing February 2022, and additional sanctions and restrictions may be imposed in the future. These sanctions and restrictions restricted the Company's business in Russia, which mainly included exports to Russia, and had delayed the Company from performing money transfers from Russia due to banking regulations. In 2024, the Company wound down its business in Russia to a complete stop. While the Company's business in Russia was limited in scope, the decision to wind-down the business caused a reduction in the Company's sales and financial results.

NOTE 2: - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements:

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial information. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements include all adjustments of a normal recurring nature necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

The balance sheets as of December 31, 2024, have been derived from the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company at that date but does not include all information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the year ended December 31, 2024 (the "Annual Financial Statements"), included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 20-F filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 27, 2025.

The significant accounting policies applied in the Company's audited 2024 consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Annual Report are applied consistently in these unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements. The Company's interim period results do not necessarily indicate the results that may be expected for any other interim period or for the full fiscal year.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 2: - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont.)

b Use of estimates:

The preparation of the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. The Company's management believes that the estimates, judgments and assumptions used are reasonable based upon information available at the time they are made. These estimates, judgments and assumptions can affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Main areas that require significant estimates and assumptions by the Company's management include contract costs, revenues (including variable consideration, determination of contracts duration, establishing stand-alone selling price for performance obligations) and profits or losses, application of percentage-of-completion accounting, provisions for uncollectible receivables and customer claims, impairment of inventories, impairment and useful life of long-lived assets, goodwill impairment, valuation allowance in respect of deferred tax assets, uncertain tax positions, accruals for estimated liabilities, including litigation and insurance reserves, contingent considerations and intangibles from business combination transaction and stock-based compensation. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

c. Principles of consolidation:

The unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Gilat Satellite Networks Ltd. and its subsidiaries in which the Company has a controlling voting interest. Inter-company balances and transactions have been eliminated upon consolidation.

d. Recently issued accounting pronouncements – not yet adopted:

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Taxes Disclosures, which requires greater disaggregation of income tax disclosures. The new standard requires additional information to be disclosed with respect to the income tax rate reconciliation and income taxes paid disaggregated by jurisdiction. This ASU should be applied prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024, with retrospective application permitted. The Company is evaluating the impact on its disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 3: - INVENTORIES

Inventories are comprised of the following:

		une 30, 2025		ember 31, 2024
	Un	audited	A	udited
Raw materials, parts and supplies	\$	14,444	\$	16,291
Work in progress and assembled raw materials		11,633		10,335
Finished products		22,660		12,264
	\$	48,737	\$	38,890

Inventory net write-offs amounted to \$1,064 and \$1,113 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

NOTE 4:- PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property and equipment, net is comprised of the following:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
	Unaudited	Audited
Cost:		
Buildings and land	\$ 84,097	\$ 84,022
Computers, software and electronic equipment	69,220	67,627
Network equipment	41,895	39,739
Office furniture and equipment	4,260	4,165
Vehicles	353	299
Leasehold improvements	2,964	2,624
	202,789	198,476
Accumulated depreciation	(132,309	(127,642)
-		
Depreciated cost	\$ 70,480	\$ 70,834

Depreciation expenses amounted to \$4,894 and \$5,393 during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

The Company leases part of its buildings as office space to others. The gross income generated from such leases amounted to approximately \$2,211 and \$2,649 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These amounts do not include the corresponding offsetting expenses related to this income.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 5:- DEFERRED REVENUES

Deferred revenues as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 were \$11,927 and \$11,504, respectively, and primarily relate to revenues that are recognized over time for service contracts. Approximately \$5,206 of the balance as of December 31, 2024 was recognized as revenues during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

The balance of deferred revenues approximates the aggregate amount of the billed and collected amount allocated to the unsatisfied performance obligations at the end of reporting period.

The aggregate estimated amount of the transaction price allocated to performance obligations from contracts with customers that have an original expected duration of more than one year and that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) as of June 30, 2025 is approximately \$383,000. Such unsatisfied performance obligations, other than for large scale governmental projects (expected to be recognized over periods of approximately 4-10 years), principally relate to contracts in which the Company is committed to provide customer care services, extended warranty on equipment delivered to its customers or other services for an original period of more than one year. As of June 30, 2025, the Company expects to recognize approximately 86% of its remaining performance obligations as revenue within the next 3 years, with the remainder recognized over a period of approximately 4-10 years.

The Company elected to use the practical expedient of not disclosing transaction the prices allocated to performance obligations that are unsatisfied (or partially unsatisfied) as of the end of the reporting period, that are part of contracts with an original expected duration of one year or less.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company recognized approximately \$9,600 of revenue from performance obligations that were satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods, due to the variable consideration constraint in ASC 606. The corresponding balance was presented under other long-term assets as of June 30, 2025.

NOTE 6:- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

1. In 2003, the Brazilian tax authority filed a claim against the Company's inactive subsidiary in Brazil, SPC International Ltda., for the payment of taxes allegedly due from the subsidiary. After numerous hearings and appeals at various appellate levels in Brazil, the Supreme Court ruled against the subsidiary in final non-appealable decisions published in June 2017.

As of June 30, 2025, the total amount of this claim, including interest, penalties and legal fees is approximately \$7,152, of which approximately \$737 is the principal. The Brazilian tax authorities initiated foreclosure proceedings against the subsidiary and certain of its former managers. The foreclosure proceedings against the former managers were cancelled by the court in a final and non-appealable decision issued in July 2017. While foreclosure and other collection proceedings are pending against the subsidiary based on Brazilian external counsel's opinion, the Company believes that the subsidiary has solid arguments to sustain its position that further collection proceedings and inclusion of any additional co-obligors in the tax foreclosure certificate are barred due to statute of limitation and that the foreclosure procedures cannot legally be redirected to other group entities and managers who were not initially cited in the foreclosure proceeding due to the passage of the statute of limitation. Accordingly, the Company believes that the chances that such redirection will lead to a loss recognition are remote.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 6:- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Cont.)

- 2. In 2014, the Company's Peruvian subsidiary, Gilat To Home Peru S.A. ("GTH Peru"), initiated arbitration proceedings in Lima against the Ministry of Transport and Communications of Peru ("MTC"), and the National Telecommunications Program of Peru ("PRONATEL"). The arbitration was related to the PRONATEL projects awarded to GTH Peru in 2000-2001. Under these projects, GTH Peru provided fixed public telephony services in rural areas of Peru. The Company's subsidiary's main claim was related to damages caused by the promotion of mobile telephony in such areas by the Peruvian government in the years 2011-2015. In June 2018, the arbitration tribunal issued an arbitration award ordering MTC and PRONATEL to pay GTH Peru approximately \$13,500. The arbitration award in favor of GTH Peru was confirmed by the Peruvian Superior Court, which in November 2020 ordered MTC and PRONATEL to pay the arbitration-award amount. Following the Superior Court's decision GTH Peru has initiated collection procedures against MTC and PRONATEL, and has collected approximately \$13,700 (including accrued interest) with approximately \$500 had yet to be collected.
- 3. In October 2019, GTH Peru initiated additional arbitration proceedings against MTC and PRONATEL based on similar grounds for the years 2015-2019. In June 2022, the arbitration tribunal issued an arbitration award ordering MTC and PRONATEL to pay GTH Peru approximately \$15,000. The arbitration award in favor of GTH Peru was confirmed by the Peruvian Superior Court, which ordered MTC and PRONATEL to pay the arbitration-award amount. Following the Superior Court's decision, PRONATEL requested a constitutional protection writ (constitutional amparo) and GTH Peru initiated collection procedures against MTC and PRONATEL. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, GTH Peru received the second payment of approximately \$4,400, which was recognized as income under "Other operating expenses (income), net" in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income. See Note 14. Approximately \$7,500 has yet to be collected.
- 4. The Company is in the midst of different stages of audits and disputes with various tax authorities in different parts of the world. Further, the Company is the defendant in various other lawsuits, including employment-related litigation claims and may be subject to other legal proceedings in the normal course of its business. The Company intends to defend the aforementioned matters vigorously and believes that a loss in excess of its accrued liability with respect to these claims is not probable.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 6:- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Cont.)

b. Guarantees:

The Company guarantees its performance to certain of its customers, mainly through bank guarantees, surety bonds and corporate guarantees. Such guarantees are often required for the Company's performance during the installation and operational periods. The guarantees typically expire when certain operational milestones are met

As of June 30, 2025, the aggregate amount of financial guarantees outstanding to secure the Company's various obligations was approximately \$79,594, including an aggregate of approximately \$75,623 for its subsidiaries in Peru. To secure these guarantees, the Company provided a floating charge on its assets as well as other pledges, including a fixed pledge, on certain assets and property. In addition, the Company has approximately \$471 of restricted cash to secure some of those guarantees.

Under the arrangements with banks that provide credit line for guarantees, the Company is required to observe certain conditions. As of June 30, 2025, the Company follows these conditions. The Company's credit and guarantee agreements also contain various restrictions and limitations that may impact the Company. These restrictions and limitations relate to incurrence of indebtedness, contingent obligations, negative pledges, liens, mergers and acquisitions, change of control, asset sales, dividends and distributions, redemption or repurchase of equity interests and certain debt payments. The agreements also stipulate a floating charge on Company's assets to secure the fulfillment of Company's obligations to banks as well as other pledges, including a fixed pledge, on certain assets and property.

All the above guarantees are performance guarantees for the Company's own performance, in accordance with ASC 460, "Guarantees" ("ASC 460"), such guarantees are excluded from the scope of ASC 460. The Company has not recorded any liability for such amounts, since the Company expects that its performance will be acceptable. To date, no performance guarantees have been exercised against the Company.

NOTE 7:- DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company has entered into several foreign currency hedging contracts to protect against changes in value of forecasted foreign currency cash flows resulting from salaries and related payments that are denominated in NIS. These contracts were designated as cash flow hedges, as defined by ASC 815, as amended, are considered highly effective as hedges of these expenses and generally mature within twelve months.

The Company recognized gains of \$815 and losses of \$138 related to derivative instruments, within payroll expenses, included under Cost of revenues and Operating expenses in the condensed interim consolidated statements of income for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The notional amounts of hedging contracts were \$32,087 and \$32,021 as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share and per share data)

NOTE 7:- DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS (Cont.)

The fair value of derivative instruments in the condensed interim consolidated balance sheets, which are presented under Other current assets, amounted to \$3,620 and \$1,068 as of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, respectively.

The estimated net amount of the existing profit that is reported in accumulated other comprehensive loss as of June 30, 2025 that is expected to be reclassified into the condensed interim consolidated statement of income within the next twelve months is \$3.620.

NOTE 8:- SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

Share capital:

Ordinary shares confer upon their holders voting rights, the right to receive cash dividends and the right to share in excess assets upon liquidation of the Company.

b. Stock option plans:

Description of plans:

In October 2008, the Company's Board of Directors adopted the 2008 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2008 Plan") with 1,000,000 shares or stock options available for grant and a sub-plan to enable qualified optionees certain tax benefits under the Israeli Income Tax Ordinance. Among the incentives that may be adopted are stock options, performance share awards, performance share unit awards, restricted shares, RSUs awards and other stock-based awards. During the years commencing in 2010 and through June 30, 2025, the Company's Board of Directors approved, in the aggregate, an increase of 12,209,361 shares to the number of shares available for grant under the 2008 Plan, bringing the total number of shares available for grant to 13,209,361. As of June 30, 2025, an aggregate of 223,000 shares were available for future grants under the 2008 Plan.

The options granted under the 2008 Plan during the six months ended June 30, 2025, have vesting restrictions, valuations and contractual lives in similar nature to those described in Note 11 of the Notes to the Company's consolidated annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2024.

During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company granted restricted stock units (RSUs), including performance-based RSUs which are subject to market conditions ("PSUs"). These PSUs generally vest over a four-year period of continued employment.

In addition, the Company approved the issuance of additional PSUs, some of which are also subject to performance conditions, contingent upon shareholder approval. As of June 30, 2025, such shareholder approval had not yet been obtained. Accordingly, no share-based compensation expense was recognized in respect of these awards.

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share and per share data)

NOTE 8:- SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Cont.)

Options granted to employees and directors:

The fair value of the Company's stock options granted in the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 was estimated using the following weighted average assumptions:

	Six months	ended June 30,
	2025	2024
Risk free interest	4.36%	4.35% - 4.56%
Dividend yields	0%	0%
Volatility	43.26%	47.9% - 49.0%
Expected term (in years)	3.82	3.83

A summary of employees' and directors' option balances under the 2008 Plan as of June 30, 2025 and changes during the six months then ended are as follows:

	Number of options	_	Weighted- average exercise price	Weighted- average remaining contractual term (in years)	iı	ggregate ntrinsic value (in ousands)
Outstanding at January 1, 2025	5,290,625	\$	6.6	3.6	\$	1,060
Granted	910,000	\$	6.6			
Exercised	(267,257)	\$	6.0			
Forfeited and cancelled	(213,125)	\$	7.7			
Outstanding as of June 30, 2025	5,720,243	\$	6.4	3.5	\$	4,583
Exercisable as of June 30, 2025	2,733,576	\$	6.5	2.7	\$	369

The weighted-average grant-date fair value of options granted during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 were \$2.32 and \$2.22, respectively. The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above represents the total intrinsic value (the difference between the Company's closing stock price and the exercise price, multiplied by the number of in-the-money options) that would have been received by the option holders had all option holders exercised their options on that date. These amounts changed based on the fair market value of the Company's stock.

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share and per share data)

NOTE 8:- SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Cont.)

PSUs granted to employees:

A summary of the Company's PSUs balances under the 2008 Plan as of June 30, 2025 and changes during the six months then ended are as follows:

	Number of PSUs
Outstanding at January 1, 2025	-
Granted	737,500
Vested	-
Forfeited and cancelled	(20,500)
Outstanding as of June 30, 2025	717,000

 $The weighted-average \ grant-date \ fair \ value \ of \ PSUs \ granted \ during \ the \ six \ months \ ended \ June \ 30, 2025 \ were \ \$5.73.$

The fair value of the Company's PSUs granted in the six months ended June 30, 2025 was estimated using the following weighted average assumptions:

	Six months ended June 30, 2025
Risk free interest	4.27% - 4.35%
Volatility	44.17%
Expected term (in years)	1- 4
Minimal share price for vesting	5.25

c. During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, the stock-based compensation expenses, including with respect to the Service Based Earn-Out and the Additional Earn-Out Consideration, as defined in Note 15, were recognized in the condensed interim consolidated statement of income in the following line items:

		nths ended ne 30,
	2025	2024
Cost of revenue of products	\$ 216	\$ 136
Cost of revenue of services	186	164
Research and development expenses, net	672	356
Selling and marketing expenses	556	305
General and administrative expenses	443	2,927
	\$ 2,073	\$ 3,888

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 9:- OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

The following table shows the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), for the six months ended June 30, 2025:

	Six months ended June 30, 2025			
	Foreign currency translation adjustments	Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges	Total	
Beginning balance	\$ (7,188)	\$ 1,068	\$ (6,120)	
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	725	3,367 (815)	4,092 (815)	
Net current-period other comprehensive income	725	2,552	3,277	
Ending balance	\$ (6,463)	\$ 3,620	\$ (2,843)	

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 10:- CUSTOMERS, GEOGRAPHIC AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

- a. The Company applies ASC 280, "Segment Reporting" ("ASC 280"). Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise for which separate financial information is available and is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The CODM is the Company's Chief Executive Officer. The Company's CODM does not regularly review asset information by segments and, therefore, the Company does not report asset information by segment.
- b. Commencing January 1, 2025, the Company operates in three new operating segments as follows:
 - Gilat Defense Division: provides secure, rapid-deployment solutions for military organizations, government agencies, and defense integrators, with a
 strong focus on the U.S. Department of Defense resulting from the Company's strategic acquisition of DataPath Inc ("DPI"). By integrating technologies
 from Gilat, DPI, and Gilat Wavestream, the Gilat Defense Division delivers resilient battlefield connectivity with multiple layers of communication
 redundancy for high availability.
 - Gilat Commercial Division: provides advanced broadband satellite communication networks for IFC, Enterprise and Cellular Backhaul, supporting HTS, VHTS, and NGSO constellations with turnkey solutions for service providers, satellite operators, and enterprises. The Company's acquisition of SBS (see Note 15) serves as the cornerstone of this division, strengthening the Company's position in the IFC market and enabling the Company to provide cutting-edge connectivity solutions that meet the demands of passengers, airlines, and service providers worldwide.
 - Gilat Peru Division: specializes in end-to-end telco solutions, including the operation and implementation of large-scale network projects. With expertise
 in terrestrial fiber optic, wireless, and satellite networks, the Gilat Peru Division provides technology integration, managed networks and services,
 connectivity solutions, and reliable internet and voice access across the region.
- c. Information on the reportable operating segments:

The measurement of operating income (loss) in the reportable operating segments is based on the same accounting principles applied in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements and includes certain corporate overhead allocations.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 10:- CUSTOMERS, GEOGRAPHIC AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont.)

1. Financial information relating to reportable operating segments:

Six months ended

		June 30, 2025							
	Co	mmercial	I	Defense		Peru		Total	
Revenues	\$	133,277	\$	43,004	\$	20,726	\$	197,007	
Cost of Revenues		95,933		30,094		10,655		136,682	
Gross profit		37,344		12,910		10,071		60,325	
Research and development expenses, net		17,032		6,898		-		23,930	
Selling and marketing expenses		10,420		5,076		971		16,467	
General and administrative expenses		6,630		3,360		3,037		13,027	
Other operating expenses (income), net		5,014		1,884		(2,934)		3,964	
Operating income (loss)		(1,752)		(4,308)		8,997		2,937	
Financial expenses, net								(2,186)	
Income before taxes on income								751	
Taxes on income								3,083	
Net income							\$	3,834	
Depreciation and amortization expenses	\$	7,742	\$	1,363	\$	837	\$	9,942	
		F - 21							

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 10:- CUSTOMERS, GEOGRAPHIC AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont.)

Six months ended

		June 30, 2024							
	Co	mmercial		Defense		Peru		Total	
Revenues	\$	84,593	\$	37,404	\$	30,712	\$	152,709	
Cost of Revenues		46,309		27,384		24,389		98,082	
Gross profit		38,284		10,020		6,323		54,627	
Research and development expenses, net		15,067		3,480		-		18,547	
Selling and marketing expenses		9,632		3,548		929		14,109	
General and administrative expenses		3,954		6,795		3,765		14,514	
Other operating expenses (income), net		1,587		(2,312)				(725)	
Operating income (loss)		8,044		(1,491)		1,629		8,182	
Financial income, net								779	
Income before taxes on income								8,961	
Taxes on income								(2,695)	
Net income							\$	6,266	
Depreciation and amortization expenses	\$	3,565	\$	2,671	\$	1,097	\$	7,333	

^{*)} During the six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, the Company recognized revenues from construction performance obligations in the amount of \$1,396 and \$11,059, respectively, which are presented under Peru operating segment.

d. Geographic information:

Revenues attributed to geographic areas, based on the location of the end customers and in accordance with ASC 280, are as follows:

		Six months ended June 30,		
		2025	_	2024
United States	\$	135,936	\$	61,672
Peru		20,726		30,740
Israel		1,524		8,000
Others	_	38,821	_	52,297
	\$	197,007	\$	152,709

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 10:- CUSTOMERS, GEOGRAPHIC AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (Cont.)

e. The table below represents the revenues from major customers and their operating segments:

	Six months June 3	
	2025	2024
Customer A - Commercial	46%	*)
Customer B - Peru	*)	17%
Customer C - Commercial	*)	13%

^{*)} Less than 10%

Customer A is located in the U.S., Customer B is located in Peru and Customer C is located in the European Union.

NOTE 11:- TAXES ON INCOME

The Company's six months tax provision and estimates of its annual effective tax rate, is subject to variation due to several factors, including variability in pre-tax income (or loss), the mix of jurisdictions to which such income relates, tax law developments, as well as non-deductible expenses, such as share-based compensation, and changes in its valuation allowance. Tax benefit was \$3,083 and taxes on income were \$2,695 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. The tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2025, was primarily related to the Company's recognition of deferred tax assets in the U.S.

U.S. dollars in thousands (except share and per share data)

NOTE 12:- EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per share:

Numerator

	Six months ended June 30,		ded
	2025		2024
Net income available to holders of ordinary shares	\$ 3,834	\$	6,266

2. Denominator:

	Six mont June	
	2025	2024
Weighted average number of shares	57,081,120	57,016,808
Add – stock options and PSUs	108,286	
Denominator for diluted earnings per share	57,189,406	57,016,808

The total number of potential shares related to the outstanding options excluded from the calculations of diluted earnings per share, as they would have been anti-dilutive, were 4,780,710 and 5,545,025 for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 13:- SUPPLEMENTARY CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS INFORMATION

a. Other current assets:

	June 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	
	Unaudited	Audited	
Governmental authorities	\$ 3.61	2 \$ 3,033	
Prepaid expenses	11,06		
Deferred charges	8,88	5 4,510	
Advance payments to suppliers	11,45	0 4,763	
Other receivables	5,97	1 1,532	
Derivative instruments	3,62	0 1,068	
Other	90	0 789	
	\$ 45,49	8 \$ 21,963	

b. Other current liabilities:

		June 30, 2025 Unaudited		2025 2024		2024
	Una			ıdited		
Payroll and related employee accruals	\$	13,819	\$	14,192		
Governmental authorities		1,631		2,651		
Holdback Amount (see Note 15)		-		800		
Royalties commitment		2,920		-		
Other		251		174		
	\$	18,621	\$	17,817		

c. Other long-term liabilities:

	June 30, 2025 Unaudited		December 31, 2024 Audited
Earn-out considerations (see Note 15)	\$ 43,97	0 \$	10,400
Other	2,00	1	206
	\$ 45,97	1 \$	10,606

d. During the six months ended June 30, 2025, the Company invested \$3,500 in Crosense, an early-stage startup developing drone detection and tracking technology. The investment is presented under Other long-term assets.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 14:- OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (INCOME), NET

Other operating expenses (income), net is comprised of the following:

	Six months ended June 30,			ded
		2025		2024
Mergers and acquisitions related expenses	\$	2,568	\$	2,274
Loss (income) from changes in fair value of earn-out considerations and Holdback Amount		3,765		(2,916)
Income from arbitrations and legal proceedings, net		(2,966)		(748)
Others, net		597		665
	\$	3,964	\$	(725)

NOTE 15:- BUSINESS COMBINATION

a. On January 6, 2025, the Company acquired SBS, a leading US based provider of next-generation SATCOM terminal solutions.

In accordance with the acquisition method of accounting, the total estimated purchase price consideration for the SBS acquisition was \$138,975, comprised of the following components:

- i. A closing payment totaling \$107,788 paid in cash; and
- ii. \$31,187 contingent earn-out payments, to be settled in cash ("SBS Earn-out Consideration").

The SBS Earn-out Consideration consists of potential payments of up to \$147,000 in cash, contingent upon the achievement of certain performance milestones.

As of June 30, 2025, the fair value of the SBS Earn-out Consideration was \$33,476. The Company estimated the fair value of the SBS Earn-out Consideration by utilizing the Scenario Based Method. Changes in the SBS Earn-out Consideration fair value are recorded in the consolidated statements of income under Other operating expenses (income), net.

Under the preliminary purchase price consideration allocation, the Company allocated the purchase price consideration to tangible and identified intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on the preliminary estimates of their fair values (with certain measurement exceptions prescribed by the purchase method such as contract assets, lease liabilities and assets, tax balances and other applicable items), which were determined using generally accepted valuation techniques based on estimates and assumptions made by management at the time of the acquisition. Such estimates are subject to change during the measurement period which is limited to up to one year from the acquisition date. Any adjustments to the preliminary purchase price consideration allocation identified during the measurement period will be recognized in the period in which the adjustments are determined.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 15:- BUSINESS COMBINATION (Cont.)

Acquisition-related transaction costs are not included as components of consideration transferred but are accounted for as expenses in the period in which the costs are incurred. The Company incurred transaction costs of \$2,121 and \$1,067 during the six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, which were included in Other operating expenses (income), net in the consolidated statements of income.

The following table summarizes the preliminary value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed as of the acquisition date:

	_	Value
Cash and Cash equivalents	\$	2,845
Trade receivables and contract assets		3,594
Inventories		10,365
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		30,468
Identified intangible assets		53,417
Goodwill		115,211
Operating lease right-of-use assets		498
Other long-term assets		1,838
Property and equipment, net	_	326
Total assets acquired		218,562
Accounts payable		16,233
Accrued expenses		5,488
Advances from customers and deferred revenues		53,720
Operating lease liabilities, current		430
Other current liabilities		3,340
Operating lease liabilities, non-current		105
Other long-term liabilities		271
Total liabilities assumed	_	79,587
Total purchase price consideration	\$	138,975

Goodwill represents the purchase price consideration paid in excess of the net tangible and intangible assets acquired, and is attributable primarily to expected synergies, economies of scale, the assembled workforce of SBS and other intangible benefits. The Company is evaluating the impact of potential synergies across its reporting units and, as a result, has not allocated goodwill to its other reporting units as of June 30, 2025. As of June 30, 2025, the goodwill is temporarily recorded under the Commercial segment. The Company will complete its evaluation and allocate goodwill, as applicable, by the end of the measurement period. The goodwill is expected to be fully deductible for income tax purposes.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 15:- BUSINESS COMBINATION (Cont.)

The following table summarizes the preliminary estimate of the identified intangible assets and their estimated useful lives as of the acquisition date:

		Average expected
	Fair Value	useful life
Backlog	7,883	1.25 years
Customer Contracts	28,589	8 years
Technology	16,945	7 years
	53,417	

The stand-alone results of operations of SBS have been included in the consolidated financial statements since the acquisition date. SBS revenue and net loss included in the Company's consolidated statement of income from the acquisition date through June 30, 2025, were \$60,860 and \$5,626, respectively.

The following unaudited pro forma combined financial information table presents the results of operations of the Company and SBS as if the acquisition of SBS has been completed on January 1, 2024. The unaudited pro forma financial information includes adjustments primarily related to amortization of the acquired intangible assets, elimination of historical amortization expense, recognition of retention bonuses, recognition of share-based compensation associated with issuance of stock options to SBS key employees and reflects the net adjustment to financial expenses resulting from the \$60,000 drawdown under the new \$100,000 secured credit facility and the repayment of SBS existing debt as part of the acquisition. In addition, the unaudited pro forma financial information assumes no pro forma adjustments on the fair value of the SBS Earn-out Consideration.

The unaudited pro forma results have been prepared for illustrative purposes only and are not necessarily indicative of what the actual results of operations of the Company and SBS, combined, would have been due to any synergies, economies of scale, the assembled workforce of SBS and other elements typically associated with business combinations.

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2025	Year Ended December 31, 2024
	Una	udited
Revenues	197,007	325,875
Net loss	(1,204)	(27,287)

U.S. dollars in thousands (except number of ordinary shares data)

NOTE 15:- BUSINESS COMBINATION (Cont.)

b. In November 2023, the Company acquired DPI, a U.S. based expert systems integrator with a strong focus on the U.S. Department of Defense and the U.S. government sectors. In accordance with the acquisition method of accounting, the total estimated purchase price consideration for the DPI acquisition was \$19,231, subject to working capital adjustments. For further details, see Note 17 in the Annual Financial Statements.

The total purchase price consideration for the acquisition was \$19,231, comprising:

- iii. A closing payment totaling \$2,461, made through the issuance of ordinary shares;
- iv. A deferred payment of \$820 in ordinary shares, set to be issued as per the terms outlined in the purchase agreement ("Holdback Amount");
- v. \$4,787 cash paid by the Company to partially settle DPI's outstanding debt and transaction costs; and
- vi. \$11,163 Contingent earn-out payments, to be settled using the Company's ordinary shares ("DPI Earn-out Consideration").

The DPI Earn-out Consideration amounts are based on the financial results of DPI in each of the years ending December 31, 2024, 2025 and 2026 and have a maximum outcome of Company's ordinary shares issuance to DPI's seller of 2,419,755.

Additionally, the Company has committed to issuing up to 705,245 of the Company's ordinary shares over approximately three years post-acquisition, contingent on continued service and achieving specified financial results ("Service Based Earn-Out"). The Service Based Earn-Out was classified as an equity grant and measured based on the Company's closing share price as of the acquisition date. Moreover, if all earn-outs will be paid in full, and subject to other conditions, the seller of DPI will be entitled a one-time payment of \$9,000 payable in the Company's ordinary shares or cash, at the Company's discretion under certain limitations ("Additional Earn-Out Consideration"). The Additional Earn-Out Consideration was classified as a liability grant. During the year ended December 31, 2024, the Company partially amended the Additional Earn-Out Consideration conditions under the purchase agreement with the former shareholders of DPI, modifying it to an amount in the range of \$2,000-\$9,000, conditioned upon meeting certain financial results. As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Company recognized a liability in the amount of \$0 and \$1,382, respectively, which was presented under Other long-term liabilities in its balance sheet.

The Holdback Amount was settled through the issuance of ordinary shares during the six months ended June 30, 2025.

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 16:- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company measured the Holdback Amount fair value by multiplying the closing market share price of the Company in the held-back number of ordinary shares and classified it within Level 1. Hedging contracts are classified within Level 2 as the valuation inputs are based on quoted prices and market observable data of similar instruments. The Earn-Out Considerations are classified within Level 3, as these liabilities are valued using valuation techniques.

In 2022, the Company invested in the convertible debt of a Canadian company. The Company elected to measure the convertible debt at fair value with changes in fair value recognized in financial income (expenses), net in the condensed interim consolidated statement of income. The fair value of the convertible debt is classified within Level 2 as the valuation inputs are based on quoted prices and market observable data of similar instruments. As of June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the fair value of the convertible debt was determined to be zero.

		June 3	0, 2025	
		Unau	ıdited	
	Fair v	alue measuren	ents using inpu	t type
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Derivative assets	_ _	3,620		3,620
Total financial assets	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,620	<u>\$</u>	\$ 3,620
Liabilities:				
Earn-out considerations			43,970	43,970
Total financial liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,970	\$ 43,970
			r 31, 2024	
	Fair v		lited ients using inpu	it tyne
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets:				
Derivative assets	_	1,068		1,068
Total financial assets	\$ -	\$ 1,068	s -	\$ 1,068
				
Liabilities:				
Holdback Amount	800	-	-	800
DPI Earn-Out Consideration			9,018	9,018
Total financial liabilities	\$ 800	\$ -	\$ 9,018	\$ 9,818

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 16:- FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Cont.)

The table below presents the changes in the earn-out considerations related to the acquisitions of DPI and SBS, which were classified as Level 3 and measured at fair value on a recurring basis, in the six months ended June 30, 2025:

Fair value at the beginning of the period	\$ 9,018
Expense from changes in fair value	3,765
Business combination (See Note 15)	 31,187
Fair value at the end of the period	\$ 43,970

The Company estimated the fair value of the DPI Earn-out Consideration by utilizing a Monte Carlo simulation. The significant assumptions used in the model mainly relate to the projected revenues and adjusted EBITDA in the forecasted years, including revenue growth rate range of 10.6%-28.9% and adjusted EBITDA margin range of 11.8%-12.5%.

The Company estimated the fair value of the SBS Earn-out Consideration by utilizing the Scenario Based Method. The significant assumptions used in the scenario-based model relate to the probability of meeting the specified performance milestones, which directly impacts the expected payout under the SBS Earn-out Consideration, as well as the discount rate applied in determining the present value of such expected payouts.

NOTE 17:- LONG-TERM LOANS

On October 13, 2024, in connection with the closing of the SBS acquisition, the Company entered into an up to \$100,000 secured credit facility (the "Credit Facility"), among the Company, Wavestream Corp., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company (the "Borrower"), and the lenders party to the agreement HSBC Bank USA, N.A. and Bank Hapoalim B.M. (the "Lenders").

\$60,000 was drawn down at the SBS acquisition closing date, net of issuance expenses of \$1,684, and the proceeds were used by the Company to finance a portion of the SBS acquisition. The Credit Facility will mature on the third anniversary of its entry date and amortizes at a rate of between 5% - 10% per annum payable in quarterly installments, with the remaining principal amount due at maturity.

The Credit Facility bears interest at an annual rate of SOFR plus 2.85% to 3.6%. The terms of the Credit Facility contain a number of covenants that, under certain circumstances, may limit the Company's ability to, among other things, incur indebtedness, create liens, make investments, merge with other companies, dispose of assets, prepay other indebtedness and make dividends and other distributions. Failure to meet the covenants beyond applicable grace periods could result in acceleration of outstanding borrowings and/or termination of the Credit Facility. As of June 30, 2025, the Company was in compliance with the Credit Facility covenants.

As of June 30, 2025, the total future principal payments related to Credit Facility are as follows:

Year ending December 31,

2025	1,500
2026	4,125
2027	53,625
	<u>\$ 59,250</u>

U.S. dollars in thousands

NOTE 17:- LONG-TERM LOANS (Cont.)

The Credit Facility is guaranteed by a combination of floating and fixed liens, provided by the Company, the Borrower, and certain of the Company's subsidiaries (collectively, the "Guarantors"). The liens and the obligations of the Borrower and the Guarantors are subject to certain exceptions set forth in the Credit Facility.

The total interest expenses, including issuance costs amortization, recognized in connection with the Credit Facility, were \$2,623 for the six months ended June 30, 2025.

In addition, one of the Company's subsidiaries has a loan agreement with one of its former shareholders:

	Interest rate	Maturity	June 30, I 2025		December 31, 2024	
Other loan	14%	2026	\$ 2,000	\$	2,000	

NOTE 18:- SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 4, 2025, the One Big Beautiful Bill Act (OBBBA) was signed into law. This legislation includes changes to U.S. federal tax law, which may be subject to further clarification and the issuance of interpretive guidance. The Company is assessing the legislation and its potential effect on the Company's operations and subsequent consolidated financial statements.

<u>Exhibit 9</u>9.2

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW AND PROSPECTS

A. Operating Results

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition as of June 30, 2025 and results of operations for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 should be read together with our condensed interim consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this filing and our audited consolidated financial statements included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2024 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on March 27, 2025 (the "2024 Form 20-F"). The following discussion contains forward-looking statements that reflect our current plans, estimates and beliefs and involve risks and uncertainties. Our actual results may differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include those discussed below and elsewhere in this filing and in our Annual Report on Form 20-F and other filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

Introduction

We are a leading global provider of satellite-based broadband communications. We design and manufacture ground-based satellite communications equipment and provide comprehensive secure end-to-end solutions, end-to-end services for mission-critical operations, powered by our innovative technology. Our portfolio includes a satellite network platform, Very Small Aperture Terminals, or VSATs, amplifiers, high-speed modems, high-performance on-the-move antennas, and high efficiency, high power Solid State Power Amplifiers, or SSPAs, Block Upconverters, or BUCs, and Transceivers, furthermore, following the recent acquisitions of Stellar Blu Solutions LLC ("SBS") in January 2025 and DataPath Inc. ("DataPath") in 2023, our portfolio also includes next-generation In-Flight Connectivity, or IFC, Satellite Communication, or SATCOM, terminal solutions and transportable and portable terminals for defense forces and field services. Our comprehensive solutions support multiple applications with a full portfolio of products to address key applications, including broadband internet access, cellular backhaul over satellite, enterprise, social inclusion solutions, IFC, maritime, trains, defense and public safety, all while meeting the most stringent service level requirements. We have a large installed base and currently have hundreds of active networks.

We provide managed networks and services through satellite and terrestrial networks in addition to developing and marketing ground-based satellite communications equipment. We have proven experience in delivering complex projects and services worldwide. We offer complete turnkey integrated solutions, including:

- Managed satellite network services solutions, including services over our own networks (which may include satellite capacity);
- Network planning and optimization;
- Remote network operation;
- Call center support:
- Hub and field operations;
- End-to-end solutions for mission-critical operations; and
- Construction and installation of communication networks, typically on a Build, Operate and Transfer, or BOT, or Build, Operate and Own, or BOO, contract basis.

In these BOT and BOO projects, we build telecommunication infrastructure typically using fiber-optic and wireless technologies for broadband connectivity.

We have sales and support offices worldwide, three Network Operation Centers, or NOCs, and R&D centers in Israel, the U.S. and Europe. Our products are sold to communication service providers, satellite operators, Mobile Network Operators, or MNOs, and system integrators that use satellite communications to serve enterprise, social inclusion solutions, government and residential users. Our solutions and services are also sold to defense and homeland security organizations. In addition, we provide services directly to end-users in various market segments, including in certain countries in Latin America.

Commencing January 1, 2025, to better target the diverse and attractive end markets we serve, and to provide investors with greater insight into our business lines and strategic growth opportunities, we operate in three operating segments as follows:

- Gilat Defense Division: provides secure, rapid-deployment solutions for military organizations, government agencies, and defense integrators, with a strong focus on the U.S. Department of Defense resulting from our strategic acquisition of DataPath Inc. By integrating technologies from Gilat, Gilat DataPath, and Gilat Wavestream, the Gilat Defense Division delivers resilient battlefield connectivity with multiple layers of communication redundancy for high availability.
- Gilat Commercial Division: provides advanced broadband satellite communication networks for IFC, Enterprise and Cellular Backhaul, supporting HTS, VHTS, and NGSO constellations with turnkey solutions for service providers, satellite operators, and enterprises. Our acquisition of SBS serves as the cornerstone of this division, strengthening our position in the IFC market and enabling us to provide cutting-edge connectivity solutions that meet the demands of passengers, airlines and service providers worldwide.
- Gilat Peru Division: specializes in end-to-end telco solutions, including the operation and implementation of large-scale network projects. With expertise in terrestrial fiber optic, wireless, and satellite networks, the Gilat Peru Division provides technology integration, managed networks and services, connectivity solutions and reliable internet and voice access across the region.

Acquisition of Stellar Blu Solutions LLC

On June 17, 2024, we signed a definitive agreement to acquire 100% of Stellar Blu Solutions LLC., a leading U.S.-based avionics solution provider of next-generation SATCOM terminal solutions. The closing of the transaction is subject to certain regulatory approvals, including the receipt of clearance of the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United States (CFIUS), and other customary closing conditions. In January 2025, the Company completed the acquisition of SBS. See Note 15 to our condensed interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this filing.

Conflict in Ukraine

Against the backdrop of the military conflict of Russia and Ukraine and the rising tensions between the U.S. and other countries, on the one hand, and Russia, on the other hand, major economic sanctions and export controls restrictions on Russia and various Russian entities were imposed by the U.S., European Union and the United Kingdom commencing February 2022, and additional sanctions and restrictions may be imposed in the future. These sanctions and restrictions restricted our business in Russia, which mainly included exports to Russia, and had delayed us from collecting funds and performing money transfers from Russia. In the six months ended June 30, 2024, we wound down our business in Russia to a complete stop. While our business in Russia was limited in scope, the decision caused a reduction in our sales and financial results.

Conditions in Israel

Since October 7, 2023, Israel is under a war situation with Hamas and on other fronts. For further details, refer to Item 3.D. "Key Information – Risk Factors – Risks Related to Our Location in Israel" in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2024, filed with the SEC on March 27, 2025. The intensity and duration of Israel's current war are difficult to predict, as are such war's economic implications on our business and operations and on Israel's economy in general.

Explanation of Key Income Statement Items

Revenues

We generate revenues mainly from the sale of products (including construction of networks), satellite-based communications networks services and from providing connectivity, internet access and telephony services. We sell our products and services to enterprises, government and residential customers under large-scale contracts that utilize both our own networks and other networks that we install, mainly based on BOT and BOO contracts. These large-scale contracts sometimes involve the installation of thousands of VSATs or construction of massive fiber-optic and wireless networks. Revenues from sale of products includes mainly the sale of VSATs, hubs, SSPAs, low-profile antennas on-the-move / on-the-pause terminals, and construction and installation of large-scale networks based on BOT and BOO contracts. Sale of services includes access to and communication via satellites ("space segment"), installation of equipment, telephone services, internet services, consulting, on-line network monitoring, network maintenance, field services and repair services. We sell our products primarily through our direct sales force and indirectly through resellers or system integrators.

Costs and Operating Expenses

Cost of revenues, for both products and services, primarily includes the cost of system design, equipment, including inventory write-off costs, satellite capacity, salaries and related costs, allocated overhead costs, depreciation and amortization, customer service, interconnection charges and third-party maintenance and installation.

Our research and development expenses, net of grants received, primarily consist of salaries and related costs, raw materials, subcontractor expenses, related depreciation costs and overhead allocated to research and development activities.

Our selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries and related costs, commissions earned by sales and marketing personnel, commissions to agents, trade show expenses, promotional expenses and overhead costs allocated to selling and marketing activities, as well as depreciation expenses and travel costs.

Our general and administrative expenses consist primarily of salaries and related costs, allocated overhead costs, office supplies and administrative costs, credit losses, fees and expenses of our directors, depreciation, and professional service fees, including legal, insurance and audit fees, net of rental income.

Our other operating income, net, consists primarily of non-recurring income and expenses. For further details, see Note 14 in our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements, which appear elsewhere in this filing.

Our operating results are significantly affected by, among other things, the timing of contract awards and the performance of agreements. As a result, our revenues and income (loss) may fluctuate substantially from quarter to quarter, and we believe that comparisons over longer periods of time may be more meaningful. The nature of certain of our expenses is mainly fixed or partially fixed, and any fluctuation in revenues will generate a significant variation in gross profit and net income (loss).

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Please refer to our discussion of critical accounting policies in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2024, for a discussion about those policies that we believe are the most important to the understanding of our financial condition and results of operations as such policies affect our more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the financial information included in this interim report. Results for the six months ended June 30, 2025, are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2025, or future periods.

Six Months Ended June 30, 2025 Compared to Six Months Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues. Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024 for our three operating segments were as follows:

		Six Months Ended June 30,		Six Months I June 30	
	2025	2024		2025	2024
	U.S. dollars in	thousands	Percentage change	Percentage of r	revenues
	Unaudi	ited	Unaudited	Unaudite	ed
Commercial	133,277	84,593	57.55%	67.7%	55.4%
Defense	43,004	37,404	14.97%	21.8%	24.5%
Peru	20,726	30,712	(32.51)%	10.5%	20.1%
Total	197,007	152,709	29.01%	100.0%	100.0%

Our total revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and 2024, were \$197 million and \$152.7 million, respectively. The increase in the six months ended June 30, 2025, is attributable to an increase of \$48.7 million in Commercial revenues and \$5.6 million in Defense revenues, partially offset by a decrease of \$10 million in Peru revenues.

The increase in our Commercial segment revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024, is mainly due to our newly acquired subsidiary, SBS, partially offset by the termination of our activity in the Russian market in 2024.

The increase in our Defense segment revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024, is mainly due to higher revenues to defense customers in Asia and the U.S. Department of Defense.

The decrease in our Peru revenues in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024, is mainly attributable to lower construction activity in the Amazonas region following project completion, delays in new government bids and reduced equipment deliveries. This was partially offset by the recognition of revenue from services provided, due to the resolution of a variable consideration constraint.

Gross profit. Gross profit and gross margin for the six months ended June 30, 2025, and 2024 for our three operating segments were as follows:

		Six Months Ended June 30,		nded
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	U.S. dollars in	U.S. dollars in thousands		venues
	Unaudi	ted	Unaudited	l
Commercial	37,344	38,284	28%	45%
Defense	12,910	10,020	30%	27%
Peru	10,071	6,323	49%	21%
Total	60,325	54,627	31%	36%

Our gross profit and gross margin are affected year-to-year by revenue volume, the mix of our products sold, the mix of revenues between products and services, the regions in which we operate, the size of our transactions and the timing of when such transactions are consummated. Moreover, from time to time we may have large-scale projects which can cause material fluctuations in our gross profit. We recognize revenue from the construction performance obligations related to PRONATEL, mainly with respect to several regions in Peru, and other projects using the percentage-of-completion method, and as such any changes to our estimated profits in these projects may cause material fluctuations in our gross profit and gross margin. As such, we are subject to significant year-to-year fluctuations in our gross profit.

Our gross profit margin decreased to 31% in the six months ended June 30, 2025, from 36% in the comparable period of 2024, due to the decrease in the gross profit margin in the Commercial segment, partially offset by improved gross profit margin in our Defense and Peru segments.

The decrease in the Commercial segment gross profit margin is mainly attributable to the consolidation of SBS in January 2025, which typically has lower gross margins and is currently ramping up production, as well as amortization of purchased intangibles related to this acquisition.

The increase in the Defense segment gross profit margin is mainly attributable to higher revenue volume.

The increase in the Peru gross profit margin is mainly attributable to the recognition of revenue due to the resolution of a variable consideration constraint, as described above, partially offset by lower volume of revenue.

Operating expenses:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2025 2024	
	U.S. dollars in thousands	Percentage change
	Unaudited	Unaudited
Operating expenses:		
Research and development expenses, net	23,930	18,547 29%
Selling and marketing expenses	16,467	14,109 17%
General and administrative expenses	13,027	14,514 (10)%
Other operating expenses (income), net	3,964	(725)
Total operating expenses	57,388	46,445 24%

Research and development expenses, net, are incurred by our Commercial and Defense segments. Research and development expenses, net, increased by approximately \$5.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024. The increase is mainly attributable to our newly acquired subsidiary, SBS, in January 2025, partially offset by higher R&D support for development projects for customers, as well as lower payroll related expenses.

Selling and marketing expenses increased by approximately \$2.4 million in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024. The increase is mainly attributable to our newly acquired subsidiary, SBS, as well as the amortization of purchased intangibles related to this acquisition.

General and administrative expenses decreased by approximately \$1.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2024. The decrease is mainly attributable to stock-based compensation related to DPI's acquisition (see Note 15 to our condensed interim consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this filing), partially offset by our newly acquired subsidiary, SBS.

Other operating expenses (income), net amounted to approximately \$4 million of expense in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$0.7 million of income in the six months ended June 30, 2024. The change was driven primarily by higher expense from the revaluation of the DPI and SBS earn-out considerations in the six months ended June 30, 2025, partially offset by net arbitration funds.

Financial income (expenses), net amounted to approximately \$2.2 million of expenses in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to \$0.8 million of income in the six months ended June 30, 2024. The change is primarily attributable to the interest expenses related to a credit facility of \$60 million drawn down in January 2025 for the SBS acquisition and reduced interest income.

Taxes on income. Taxes on income are dependent upon where our profits are generated, such as the location and taxation of our subsidiaries as well as changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities and changes in valuation allowances attributable to changes in our profit estimates in different regions. In the six months ended June 30, 2025, we had a tax benefit of approximately \$3.1 million compared to tax expenses of approximately \$2.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2024. The tax benefit for the six months ended June 30, 2025, was primarily related to the Company's recognition of deferred tax assets in the U.S.

Variability of Quarterly Operating Results

Our revenues and profitability may vary from quarter to quarter and in any given year, depending primarily on the sales mix of our family of products and the mix of the various components of the products, sale prices, and production costs, as well as on entering into new service contracts, the termination of existing service contracts, or different profitability levels between different service contracts. Sales of our products to a customer typically consist of numerous VSATs and related hub equipment, SSPAs, BUCs, and low-profile antennas, which carry varying sales prices and margins.

Annual and quarterly fluctuations in our results of operations may be caused by the timing and composition of orders by our customers and the timing of our ability to recognize revenues. Our future results may also be affected by a number of factors, including our ability to continue to develop, introduce and deliver new and enhanced products on a timely basis and expand into new product offerings at competitive prices, to integrate our recent acquisitions, to anticipate effectively customer demands and to manage future inventory levels in line with anticipated demand. Our results may also be affected by currency exchange rate fluctuations and economic conditions in the geographical areas in which we operate. In addition, our revenues may vary significantly from quarter to quarter as a result of, among other factors, the timing of new product announcements and releases by our competitors and us. We cannot be certain that revenues, gross profit and net income (or loss) in any particular quarter will not vary from the preceding or comparable quarters. Our expense levels are based, in part, on expectations as to future revenues. If revenues are below expectations, operating results are likely to be adversely affected. In addition, a substantial portion of our expenses are fixed (e.g. lease payments) and adjusting expenses in the event revenues drop unexpectedly often takes considerable time. As a result, we believe that period-to-period comparisons of our results of operations are not necessarily meaningful and should not be relied upon as indications of future performance. Due to all of the foregoing factors, it is possible that in some future quarters our revenues or operating results will be below the expectations of public market analysts or investors. In such event, the market price of our shares would likely be materially adversely affected.

Conditions in Israel

We are organized under the laws of the State of Israel, where we also maintain our headquarters and a material portion of our laboratory capacity and principal research and development facilities. See Item 3.D. "Key Information – Risk Factors – Risks Relating to Our Location in Israel", included in our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2024, for a description of governmental, economic, fiscal, monetary or political factors that have materially affected or could materially affect our operations.

Impact of Inflation and Currency Fluctuations

While most of our sales and service contracts are denominated in U.S. dollars or are linked to the U.S. dollar and most of our expenses are in U.S. dollars and NIS, portions of our projects in Latin America as well as our operations in Australia, Asia and Europe are linked to their respective local currencies. The foreign exchange risks are often significant due to fluctuations in local currencies relative to the U.S. dollar.

The influence on the U.S. dollar cost of our operations in Israel relates primarily to the cost of salaries in Israel, which are paid in NIS and constitute a substantial portion of our expenses in NIS. In the six months ended June 30, 2025, the U.S. dollar depreciated in relation to the NIS at a rate of approximately 7.7%, from NIS 3.65 per \$1 on December 31, 2024 to NIS 3.37 per \$1 on June 30, 2025. We entered into hedging agreements, to cover certain of our NIS to U.S. dollar exchange rate exposures.

The rate of inflation in Israel for the six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, was 2.2% and 2.1%, respectively.

Our monetary balances that are not linked to the U.S. dollar impacted our financial expenses during the six months ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024, resulting in income of approximately \$0.3 million and a \$0.4 million loss, respectively. This is due to fluctuations in currency rates in certain regions in which we do business, mainly in Latin America, Australia, Asia and Europe. There can be no assurance that our results of operations will not be materially adversely affected by other currency fluctuations in the future.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Since our inception, our financing requirements have been met through cash from funds generated by private equity investments, public offerings, issuances of convertible subordinated notes, bank loans and credit facilities, operations, as well as funding from research and development grants. We have used available funds primarily for working capital, capital expenditures and strategic investments.

On October 13, 2024, the Company, through its subsidiary Wavestream Inc., entered into a secured credit facility of up to \$100 million with HSBC Bank USA, N.A and Bank Hapoalim B.M., from which \$60 million was drawn in January 2025. The facility bears interest at SOFR + 2.85% - 3.60%, amortizes quarterly, and matures in October 2027. Obligations are secured by a combination of floating and fixed liens granted by us, Wavestream and certain subsidiaries, and the liens and related obligations are subject to exceptions set forth in the Credit Agreement. A portion of the proceeds was used to fund the SBS acquisition. The Company was in compliance with the facility's terms as of June 30, 2025.

As of June 30, 2025 and as of December 31, 2024, we had cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash of \$65.4 million and \$120.3 million, respectively. We believe that our working capital is sufficient for our present requirements.

At times, we guarantee the performance of our work for some of our customers, primarily government entities. Guarantees are often required for our performance during the installation and operational periods of long-term rural telephony projects such as in Latin America, and for the performance of other projects throughout the rest of the world. The guarantees typically expire when certain operational milestones are met. In addition, from time to time, we provide corporate guarantees to guarantee the performance of our subsidiaries.

The guarantees described above are governed by, and where applicable secured under, our credit and guarantee arrangements, including those with HSBC and FIBI. Under the arrangements with HSBC and FIBI, we are required to observe certain conditions. Our credit and guarantee agreements also contain various restrictions and limitations that may impact us. These restrictions and limitations relate to incurrence of indebtedness, contingent obligations, negative pledges, liens, mergers and acquisitions, change of control, asset sales, dividends and distributions, redemption or repurchase of equity interests and certain debt payments. As of June 30, 2025, we were in compliance with such conditions. The agreements also stipulate a floating charge on our assets to secure the fulfilment of our obligations to FIBI and HSBC as well as other pledges, including a fixed pledge, on certain assets and property.

The following table summarizes our cash flows for the periods presented:

	Six months ende	Six months ended June 30,	
	2025	2024	
	U.S. dollars in f	U.S. dollars in thousands	
	Unaudit	ted	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,469)	692	
Net cash used in investing activities	(112,699)	(2,650)	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	58,220	(7,324)	
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,116	(718)	
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(54,832)	(10,000)	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of the period	120,249	104,751	
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of the period	65,417	94,751	

Our cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash decreased by \$54.8 million during the six months ended June 30, 2025, as a result of the following:

Operating activities. Cash used in operating activities was approximately \$1.5 million in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to cash provided by operating activities of approximately \$0.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2024. The change was primarily driven by working capital fluctuations, including increased net utilization of customer advances and deferred revenues, along with decrease in accounts payables, partially offset by decrease in accounts receivable and contract assets.

Investing activities. Cash used in investing activities was approximately \$112.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2025 compared to approximately \$2.7 million in the six months ended June 30, 2024. The increase in the 2025 period was primarily attributable to our newly acquired subsidiary, SBS, in January 2025.

Financing activities. Cash provided by financing activities was approximately \$58.2 million in the six months ended June 30, 2025, compared to cash used in financing activities of approximately \$7.3 million in the six months ended June 30, 2024. The change is primarily attributable to the credit facility of \$60 million drawdown in January 2025 for SBS acquisition compared to net repayment of credit facility in the six months ended June 30, 2024.