

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended MARCH 31, 2011

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 000-30141

LIVEPERSON, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

13-3861628

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

DELAWARE

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

10018

(Zip Code)

**462 SEVENTH AVENUE, 3RD FLOOR
NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

(212) 609-4200

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definition of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one).

Accelerated filer
Smaller reporting company

Large accelerated filer
Non-accelerated filer
(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

As of May 4, 2011, there were 52,669,710 shares of the issuer's common stock outstanding.

LIVEPERSON, INC.
MARCH 31, 2011
FORM 10-Q
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FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

STATEMENTS IN THIS REPORT ABOUT LIVEPERSON, INC. THAT ARE NOT HISTORICAL FACTS ARE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS BASED ON OUR CURRENT EXPECTATIONS, ASSUMPTIONS, ESTIMATES AND PROJECTIONS ABOUT LIVEPERSON AND OUR INDUSTRY. THESE FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES THAT COULD CAUSE ACTUAL FUTURE EVENTS OR RESULTS TO DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM SUCH STATEMENTS. ANY SUCH FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS ARE MADE PURSUANT TO THE SAFE HARBOR PROVISIONS OF THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995. IT IS ROUTINE FOR OUR INTERNAL PROJECTIONS AND EXPECTATIONS TO CHANGE AS THE YEAR OR EACH QUARTER IN THE YEAR PROGRESS, AND THEREFORE IT SHOULD BE CLEARLY UNDERSTOOD THAT THE INTERNAL PROJECTIONS AND BELIEFS UPON WHICH WE BASE OUR EXPECTATIONS MAY CHANGE PRIOR TO THE END OF EACH QUARTER OR THE YEAR. ALTHOUGH THESE EXPECTATIONS MAY CHANGE, WE ARE UNDER NO OBLIGATION TO INFORM YOU IF THEY DO. OUR COMPANY POLICY IS GENERALLY TO PROVIDE OUR EXPECTATIONS ONLY ONCE PER QUARTER, AND NOT TO UPDATE THAT INFORMATION UNTIL THE NEXT QUARTER. ACTUAL EVENTS OR RESULTS MAY DIFFER MATERIALLY FROM THOSE CONTAINED IN THE PROJECTIONS OR FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS. FACTORS THAT COULD CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO SUCH DIFFERENCES INCLUDE THOSE DISCUSSED IN PART II, ITEM 1A, "RISK FACTORS."

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LIVEPERSON, INC.

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)**

<u>December 31, 2010</u>	<u>March 31, 2011</u>	
(Note 1(B))	(Unaudited)	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
61,336\$	67,119\$	Cash and cash equivalents
16,491	19,606	Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$621 and \$561 as of
6,341	5,046	March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010, respectively
1,529	1,540	Prepaid expenses and other current assets
85,697	93,311	Deferred tax assets, net
12,762	12,491	Total current assets
2,124	1,806	Property and equipment, net
24,015	24,090	Intangibles, net
3,876	3,645	Goodwill
164	172	Deferred tax assets, net
499	500	Deferred implementation costs, net of current
2,006	1,980	Security deposits
131,143\$	137,995\$	Other assets
		Total assets
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
6,416\$	6,736\$	Accounts payable
12,111	9,099	Accrued expenses
5,570	6,720	Deferred revenue
24,097	22,555	Total current liabilities
513	421	Deferred revenue, net of current
1,890	1,980	Other liabilities
26,500	24,956	Total liabilities
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity:		
—	—	Preferred stock, \$.001 par value per share; 5,000,000 shares authorized, 0 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2011 and December 31, 2010
52	53	Common stock, \$.001 par value per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized, 52,516,835 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2011 and 51,753,842 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2010
205,063	210,233	Additional paid-in capital
) (100,173)) (96,942)	Accumulated deficit
) (299)) (305)	Accumulated other comprehensive loss
104,643	113,039	Total stockholders' equity
131,143\$	137,995\$	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity

**SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.**

LIVEPERSON, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)
UNAUDITED

Three Months Ended March 31,		
2010	2011	
25,308\$	30,382\$	Revenue
		Operating expenses:
6,632	8,095	Cost of revenue
3,606	4,377	Product development
7,690	8,860	Sales and marketing
3,792	3,960	General and administrative
83	11	Amortization of intangibles
21,803	25,303	Total operating expenses
3,505	5,079	Income from operations
		Other income (expense):
) (49	156	Financial income (expense)
23	14	Interest income
) (26	170	Total other income (expense), net
3,479	5,249	Income before provision for income taxes
1,343	2,018	Provision for income taxes
2,136\$	3,231\$	Net income
0.04\$	0.06\$	Basic net income per common share
0.04\$	0.06\$	Diluted net income per common share
49,838,491	52,080,363	Weighted average shares outstanding used in basic net income per common share calculation
52,193,862	54,805,222	Weighted average shares outstanding used in diluted net income per common share calculation

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

LIVEPERSON, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(IN THOUSANDS)
UNAUDITED

Three Months Ended March 31,		
2010	2011	
		CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:
2,136\$	3,231\$	Net income
		Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:
1,087	1,535	Stock-based compensation expense
1,053	1,634	Depreciation
389	318	Amortization of intangibles
—	60	Provision for doubtful accounts, net
) (6	220	Deferred income taxes
		CHANGES IN OPERATING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:
) (2,350)	(3,175	Accounts receivable
466	1,323	Prepaid expenses and other current assets
—)	(8	Deferred implementation costs
) (166	—	Security deposits
—	116	Other Assets
) (740	1,231	Accounts payable
) (2,969)	(3,024	Accrued expenses
695	1,058	Deferred revenue
) (405	4,519	Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities
		CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
) (578)	(2,293	Purchases of property and equipment, including capitalized software
—)	(75	Acquisition of Proficient
) (578)	(2,368	Net cash used in investing activities
		CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
3	220	Excess tax benefit from the exercise of employee stock options
6,275	3,416	Proceeds from issuance of common stock in connection with the exercise of options
6,278	3,636	Net cash provided by financing activities
) (32)	(4	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents
5,263	5,783	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents
45,572	61,336	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period
50,835\$	67,119\$	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing activities:

Cash flows from investing activities for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and March 31, 2010 does not include the purchase of approximately \$319 and \$1,315, respectively of capitalized equipment related to the Company's collocation facility because the corresponding invoices are included in accounts payable for the corresponding three month period, and therefore did not have an impact on cash flows.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, total net cash paid for income taxes was \$1 and \$69, respectively.

SEE ACCOMPANYING NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

LIVEPERSON, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1)

(A) SUMMARY OF OPERATIONS

LivePerson, Inc. (the “Company” or “LivePerson”) provides online engagement solutions that facilitate real-time assistance and expert advice. Connecting businesses and independent service providers with individual consumers seeking help on the Web, the Company’s hosted software platform creates more relevant, compelling and personalized online experiences. The Company was incorporated in 1995 and commenced operations in 1996.

The Company’s primary revenue source is from the sale of LivePerson services to businesses of all sizes. The Company also facilitates online transactions between independent service providers (“Experts”) who provide online advice to individual consumers (“Users”). Headquartered in New York City, the Company’s product development staff, help desk, and online sales support are located in Israel. The Company also maintains sales and professional services offices in Atlanta, San Francisco and the United Kingdom.

(B) UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2011 and for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 are unaudited. In the opinion of management, the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the same basis as the annual financial statements and reflect all adjustments, which include only normal recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position of LivePerson as of March 31, 2011, and the consolidated results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. The financial data and other information disclosed in these notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements related to these periods are unaudited. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for any other future interim period or for a full fiscal year. The condensed consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2010 has been derived from audited consolidated financial statements at that date.

Certain information and note disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). These unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2010, included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the SEC on March 15, 2011.

(C) REVENUE RECOGNITION

The majority of the Company’s revenue is generated from monthly service revenues and related professional services from the sale of LivePerson services. Because the Company provides its application as a service, the Company follows the provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Accounting Standards Codification (“ASC”) 605-10-S99, “Revenue Recognition” and ASC 605-25, “Revenue Recognition with Multiple-Element Arrangements.” The Company charges a monthly fee, which varies by type of service, the level of client usage and website traffic, and in some cases, the number of orders placed via the Company’s online engagement solutions.

For certain of the Company’s larger clients, the Company may provide call center labor through an arrangement with one or more of several qualified partners. For most of these clients, the Company passes the fee it incurs with the labor provider and its fee for the hosted services through to its customers in the form of a fixed fee for each order placed via the Company’s online engagement solutions. For these arrangements, the Company recognizes revenue net of the labor provider’s fee in accordance with ASC 605-45, “Principal Agent Considerations,” due to the fact that the Company performs as an agent without risk of loss for collection.

The majority of the Company’s larger clients also pay a professional services fee related to implementation. The Company defers these implementation fees and associated direct costs and recognizes them ratably over the expected term of the client relationship upon commencement of the hosting services. The Company may also charge professional service fees related to additional training, business consulting and analysis in support of the LivePerson services.

The Company also sells certain LivePerson services directly via Internet download. These services are marketed as LivePerson Pro and LivePerson Contact Center for small and mid-sized businesses (“SMBs”), and are paid for almost exclusively by credit card. Credit card payments accelerate cash flow and reduce the Company’s collection risk, subject to the merchant bank’s right to hold back cash pending settlement of the transactions. Sales of LivePerson Pro and LivePerson Contact Center may occur with or without the assistance of an online sales representative, rather than through face-to-face or telephone contact that is typically required for traditional direct sales.

The Company recognizes monthly service revenue based upon the fee charged for the LivePerson services, provided that there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, no significant Company obligations remain, collection of the resulting receivable is probable and the amount of fees to be paid is fixed or determinable. The Company’s service agreements typically have twelve month terms and, in some cases, are terminable or may terminate upon 30 to 90 days’ notice without penalty. When professional service fees add value to the customer on a standalone basis, the Company recognizes professional service fees upon completion and customer acceptance in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Update 2009-13. This guidance establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, which is based on: (a) vendor-specific objective evidence; (b) third-party evidence; or (c) estimates. If a professional services arrangement does not qualify for separate accounting, the Company recognizes the fees, and the related labor costs, ratably over a period of 48 months, representing the Company’s current estimate of the term of the client relationship.

For revenue generated from online transactions between Experts and Users, the Company recognizes revenue net of the Expert fees in accordance with ASC 605-45, “Principal Agent Considerations,” due to the fact that the Company performs as an agent without any risk of loss for collection. The Company collects a fee from the User and retains a portion of the fee, and then remits the balance to the Expert. Revenue from these transactions is recognized when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, no significant Company obligations remain, collection of the resulting receivable is probable and the amount of fees to be paid is fixed or determinable.

(D) STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

The Company follows FASB ASC 718-10, “Stock Compensation,” which addresses the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, with a primary focus on transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. ASC 718-10 requires measurement of the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). Incremental compensation costs arising from subsequent modifications of awards after the grant date must be recognized.

The following table summarizes stock-based compensation expense related to employee stock options under ASC 718-10 included in Company's Statements of Income for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010:

Three Months Ended		
March 31,		
2010	2011	
214\$	298\$	Cost of revenue
335	440	Product development expense
280	336	Sales and marketing expense
258	461	General and administrative expense
1,087\$	1,535\$	Total stock based compensation included in operating expenses

The per share weighted average fair value of stock options granted during the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was \$6.26 and \$3.33, respectively. The fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions:

Three Months Ended		
March 31,		
2010	2011	
% 0.0	% 0.0	Dividend yield
% 3.61% - 3.80	% 3.46% - 3.68	Risk-free interest rate
5.0	5.0	Expected life (in years)
% 60.3% - 60.5	% 61.2% - 61.3	Historical volatility

During 1998, the Company established the Stock Option and Restricted Stock Purchase Plan (the "1998 Plan"). Under the 1998 Plan, the Board of Directors could issue incentive stock options or nonqualified stock options to purchase up to 5,850,000 shares of common stock. The 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2000 Plan") succeeded the 1998 Plan. Under the 2000 Plan, the options which had been outstanding under the 1998 Plan were incorporated in the 2000 Plan increasing the number of shares available for issuance under the plan by approximately 4,150,000, thereby reserving for issuance 10,000,000 shares of common stock in the aggregate.

The Company established the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2009 Plan") as a successor to the 2000 Plan. Under the 2009 Plan, the options which had been outstanding under the 2000 Plan were incorporated into the 2009 Plan and the Company increased the number of shares available for issuance under the plan by 6,000,000, thereby reserving for issuance 19,567,744 shares of common stock in the aggregate. Options to acquire common stock granted thereunder have ten-year terms. As of March 31, 2011, approximately 14,260,000 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the 2009 Plan (taking into account all option exercises through March 31, 2011). As of March 31, 2011, there was approximately \$13,489 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost, as of March 31, 2011, is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.1 years.

In March 2000, the Company adopted the 2000 Employee Stock Purchase Plan with 450,000 shares of common stock initially reserved for issuance (the "2000 ESPP"). The 2000 ESPP expired on its terms on the last day of April 2010.

In June 2010, our stockholders approved the 2010 Employee Stock Purchase Plan with 1,000,000 shares of common stock initially reserved for issuance. As of March 31, 2011, approximately 977,000 shares of common stock were reserved for issuance under the Employee Stock Purchase Plan (taking into account all share purchases through March 31, 2011).

A summary of the Company's stock option activity and weighted average exercise prices follows:

Weighted Average Exercise Price	Options	
5.04\$	8,816,760	Options outstanding at December 31, 2010
11.36	194,000	Options granted
4.59	(803,275)	Options exercised
6.75	(263,965)	Options cancelled
5.19	<u>7,943,520</u>	Options outstanding at March 31, 2011
3.89\$	<u>3,088,845</u>	Options exercisable at March 31, 2011

The total value of stock options exercised during the three months ended March 31, 2011 was approximately \$5,155. The total intrinsic value of options exercisable at March 31, 2011 was approximately \$26,655. The total intrinsic value of nonvested options at March 31, 2011 is approximately \$32,226. The total intrinsic value of all outstanding options at March 31, 2011 is \$58,881.

A summary of the status of the Company's nonvested shares as of December 31, 2010, and changes during the three months ended March 31, 2011 is as follows:

Weighted Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Shares	
3.13\$	5,719,012	Nonvested Shares at December 31, 2010
6.26	194,000	Granted
2.58	(794,372)	Vested
3.72	(263,965)	Cancelled
3.33\$	<u>4,854,675</u>	Nonvested Shares at March 31, 2011

(E) BASIC AND DILUTED NET INCOME PER SHARE

The Company calculates earnings per share ("EPS") in accordance with the provisions of ASC 260-10 and the guidance of SEC Staff Accounting Bulletin ("SAB") No. 98. Under ASC 260-10, basic EPS excludes dilution for common stock equivalents and is computed by dividing net income or loss attributable to common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. All options, warrants or other potentially dilutive instruments issued for nominal consideration are required to be included in the calculation of basic and diluted net income attributable to common stockholders. Diluted EPS is calculated using the treasury stock method and reflects the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue common stock were exercised or converted into common stock and resulted in the issuance of common stock.

Diluted net income per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2011 includes the effect of options to purchase 7,299,662 shares of common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$4.75. Diluted net income per common share for the three months ended March 31, 2010 includes the effect of options to purchase 6,372,395 shares of common stock with a weighted average exercise price of \$3.34.

A reconciliation of shares used in calculating basic and diluted earnings per share follows:

Three Months Ended March 31,		
2010	2011	
49,838,491	52,080,363	Basic
2,355,371	2,724,859	Effect of assumed exercised options
<u>52,193,862</u>	<u>54,805,222</u>	Diluted

(F) SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company accounts for its segment information in accordance with the provisions of ASC 280-10, "Segment Reporting." ASC 280-10 establishes annual and interim reporting standards for operating segments of a company. ASC 280-10 requires disclosures of selected segment-related financial information about products, major customers, and geographic areas based on the Company's internal accounting methods. The Company is organized into two operating segments for purposes of making operating decisions and assessing performance. The Business segment supports and manages real-time online interactions — chat, voice/click-to-call, email and self-service/knowledgebase and sells its products and services to global corporations of all sizes. The Consumer segment facilitates online transactions between Experts and Users and sells its services to consumers. Both segments currently generate their revenue primarily in the U.S. The chief operating decision-makers evaluate performance, make operating decisions, and allocate resources based on the operating income of each segment. The reporting segments follow the same accounting policies used in the preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements which are described in the summary of significant accounting policies. The Company allocates cost of revenue, sales and marketing and amortization of purchased intangibles to the segments, but it does not allocate product development expenses, general and administrative expenses and income tax expense because management does not use this information to measure performance of the operating segments. There are currently no intersegment sales.

Summarized financial information by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2011, based on the Company's internal financial reporting system utilized by the Company's chief operating decision makers, follows:

Consumer	Business	Corporate	Consolidated	
				Revenue:
—\$	25,585\$	—\$	25,585\$	Hosted services — Business
3,658	—	—	3,658	Hosted services — Consumer
—	1,139	—	1,139	Professional services
<u>3,658</u>	<u>26,724</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>30,382</u>	Total revenue
907	7,188	—	8,095	Cost of revenue
1,545	7,315	—	8,860	Sales and marketing
—	11	—	11	Amortization of intangibles
—	—	8,337	8,337	Unallocated corporate expenses
<u>1,206\$</u>	<u>12,210\$</u>	<u>(8,337\$)</u>	<u>5,079\$</u>	Operating income (loss)

Summarized financial information by segment for the three months ended March 31, 2010, based on the Company's internal financial reporting system utilized by the Company's chief operating decision makers, follows:

<u>Consumer</u>	<u>Business</u>	<u>Corporate</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>	
				Revenue:
—\$	20,913\$	—\$	20,913\$	Hosted services — Business
3,458	—	—	3,458	Hosted services — Consumer
—	937	—	937	Professional services
<u>3,458</u>	<u>21,850</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>25,308</u>	Total revenue
948	5,684	—	6,632	Cost of revenue
<u>1,662</u>	<u>6,028</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>7,690</u>	Sales and marketing
72	11	—	83	Amortization of intangibles
—	—	7,398	7,398	Unallocated corporate expenses
<u>776\$</u>	<u>10,127\$</u>	<u>(7,398\$)</u>	<u>3,505\$</u>	Operating income (loss)

Revenues attributable to domestic and foreign operations follow:

<u>March 31,</u>		
<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	
19,305\$	23,602\$	United States
3,318	3,703	United Kingdom
<u>2,685</u>	<u>3,077</u>	Other countries
<u>25,308\$</u>	<u>30,382\$</u>	Total revenue

Long-lived assets by geographic region follow:

<u>December 31, 2010</u>	<u>March 31, 2011</u>	
29,352\$	28,670\$	United States
13,736	13,871	Israel
<u>2,358</u>	<u>2,143</u>	United Kingdom
<u>45,446\$</u>	<u>44,684\$</u>	Total long-lived assets

(G) GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2011 are as follows:

<u>Consumer</u>	<u>Business</u>	<u>Total</u>	
8,024\$	15,991\$	24,015\$	Balance as of December 31, 2010
			Adjustments to goodwill:
—	75	75	Contingent earnout payments (see Note 3)
<u>8,024\$</u>	<u>16,066\$</u>	<u>24,090\$</u>	Balance as of March 31, 2011

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the year ended December 31, 2010 are as follows:

Consumer	Business	Total	
8,024\$	15,896\$	23,920\$	Balance as of December 31, 2009
Adjustments to goodwill:			
—	95	95	Contingent earnout payments (see Note 3)
<u>8,024\$</u>	<u>15,991\$</u>	<u>24,015\$</u>	Balance as of December 31, 2010

Intangible assets are summarized as follows (see Note 3):

Acquired Intangible Assets

As of March 31, 2011

Accumulated Amortization	Weighted Average Amortization Period	Gross Carrying Amount	
Amortizing intangible assets:			
4,796\$	3.8 years	6,199\$	Technology
2,400	3.0 years	2,400	Customer contracts
630	3.0 years	630	Trade names
410	1.2 years	410	Non-compete agreements
72	11.0 years	475	Patents
235	3.0 years	235	Other
<u>8,543\$</u>		<u>10,349\$</u>	Total

As of December 31, 2010

Accumulated Amortization	Weighted Average Amortization Period	Gross Carrying Amount	
Amortizing intangible assets:			
4,489\$	3.8 years	6,199\$	Technology
2,400	3.0 years	2,400	Customer contracts
630	3.0 years	630	Trade names
410	1.2 years	410	Non-compete agreements
61	11.0 years	475	Patents
235	3.0 years	235	Other
<u>8,225\$</u>		<u>10,349\$</u>	Total

Amortization expense is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset. Aggregate amortization expense for intangible assets was \$318 and \$389 for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. For the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, a portion of this amortization is included in cost of revenue. Estimated amortization expense for the next five years is: \$646 in 2011, \$43 in 2012, \$43 in 2013, \$43 in 2014, \$43 in 2015 and \$199 thereafter.

(H) RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In December 2010, the FASB has issued ASU No. 2010-28, Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): When to Perform Step 2 of the Goodwill Impairment Test for Reporting Units with Zero or Negative Carrying Amounts. This ASU reflects the decision reached in EITF Issue No. 10-A. The amendments in this ASU modify Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. For those reporting units, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists, an entity should consider whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating that an impairment may exist. The qualitative factors are consistent with the existing guidance and examples, which require that goodwill of a reporting unit be tested for impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. For public entities, the amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2010. Early adoption was not permitted. This update will have an impact on the Company's accounting in the future for any reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts.

In January 2010, the FASB published Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820) — Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. This update requires some new disclosures and clarifies some existing disclosure requirements about fair value measurement as set forth in Codification Subtopic 820-10. The FASB's objective is to improve these disclosures and, thus, increase the transparency in financial reporting. Specifically, ASU 2010-06 amends Codification Subtopic 820-10 to now require: (a) a reporting entity to disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers; and (b) in the reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, a reporting entity should present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements. In addition, ASU 2010-06 clarifies the requirements of the following existing disclosures: for purposes of reporting fair value measurement for each class of assets and liabilities, a reporting entity needs to use judgment in determining the appropriate classes of assets and liabilities and should provide disclosures about the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. ASU 2010-06 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. Those disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. As ASU 2010-06 relates specifically to disclosures, it did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

In October 2009, FASB Accounting Standards Update 2009-13 addressed the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable vendors to account for products or services (deliverables) separately rather than as a combined unit. Specifically, this update amends the criteria in Subtopic 605-25, Revenue Recognition-Multiple-Element Arrangements, for separating consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements. This guidance establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, which is based on: (a) vendor-specific objective evidence; (b) third-party evidence; or (c) estimates. This guidance also eliminates the residual method of allocation and requires that arrangement consideration be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price method. In addition, this guidance significantly expands required disclosures related to a vendor's multiple-deliverable revenue arrangements. FASB Accounting Standards Update 2009-13 is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

(2) BALANCE SHEET COMPONENTS

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is summarized as follows:

<u>December 31, 2010</u>	<u>March 31, 2011</u>	
25,002\$	25,521\$	Computer equipment and software
1,856	2,700	Furniture, equipment and building improvements
<u>26,858</u>	<u>28,221</u>	
14,096	15,730	Less accumulated depreciation
<u>12,762\$</u>	<u>12,491\$</u>	Total

Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

<u>December 31, 2010</u>	<u>March 31, 2011</u>	
6,973\$	4,103\$	Payroll and other employee related costs
4,211	4,289	Professional services, consulting and other vendor fees
565	271	Sales commissions
362	436	Other
<u>12,111\$</u>	<u>9,099\$</u>	Total

(3) ACQUISITIONS

Proficient Systems

On July 18, 2006, the Company acquired Proficient Systems, Inc. (“Proficient”), a provider of hosted proactive chat solutions that help companies generate revenue on their web sites. This transaction was accounted for under the purchase method of accounting and, accordingly, the operating results of Proficient were included in the Company’s consolidated results of operations from the date of acquisition. The acquisition added several U.K. based financial services clients and provided an innovative product marketing team. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the Company incurred additional costs related to the earn-out litigation in the amount of \$75, resulting in an increase in goodwill. During the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, the Company incurred additional costs related to the earn-out litigation in the amount of \$95, resulting in an increase in goodwill.

Based on the achievement of certain revenue targets as of March 31, 2007, LivePerson was contingently required to issue up to an additional 2,050,000 shares of common stock. Based on these targets, the Company issued 1,127,985 shares of common stock valued at \$8,894, based on the quoted market price of the Company’s common stock on the date the contingency was resolved, and made a cash payment of \$20 related to this contingency. At March 31, 2007, the value of these shares has been allocated to goodwill with a corresponding increase in equity. In accordance with the purchase agreement, the earn-out consideration was subject to review by Proficient’s Shareholders’ Representative. On July 31, 2007, the Company was served with a complaint filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York by the Shareholders’ Representative of Proficient (“Plaintiff”). The complaint filed by the Shareholders’ Representative sought certain documentation relating to calculation of the earn-out consideration, and demanded payment of damages on the grounds that substantially all of the remaining contingently issuable earn-out shares should have been paid. The Company believes the claims are without merit. The case recently proceeded to trial, which ended on November 4, 2010. Post-trial filings were due on November 19, 2010. In the event that the Court finds in whole or in part for Plaintiff, the Company would be required to pay monetary damages in the amount held by the Court to have been underpaid in the earn-out. The Company is presently unable to reasonably estimate the amount of actual damages, if any, that will be awarded by the Court. If the Court were to find in favor of Plaintiff on every claim at issue in the litigation, the maximum potential damages award would be approximately \$6,000. Should the Company be required to pay any damages award, the associated expense would be allocated to goodwill in connection with Proficient acquisition.

NuConomy Ltd.

On April 13, 2010, the Company acquired all of the outstanding shares of NuConomy Ltd. (“NuConomy”), an Israeli-based development-stage company whose web analytics and optimization platform is intended to help companies better assess and understand website and social marketing performance, in exchange for aggregate cash consideration of \$800. This transaction was accounted for as an asset purchase. The net asset was allocated to “Intangibles, net.”

(4) FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted ASC 820-10, Fair Value Measurements, for financial assets and liabilities. This ASC defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands the related disclosure requirements. The ASC indicates, among other things, that a fair value measurement assumes a transaction to sell an asset or transfer a liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The Company adopted the provisions of ASC 820-10 with respect to its non-financial assets and liabilities during the first quarter of fiscal 2009. In order to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, ASC 820-10 establishes a hierarchy for observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three broad levels, which are described below:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets that are accessible at the measurement date for assets or liabilities. The fair•

value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.

Level 2: Observable prices that are based on inputs not quoted on active markets, but corroborated by market data. •

Level 3: Unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. •

In determining fair value, the Company utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible as well as considers counterparty credit risk in its assessment of fair value.

On a nonrecurring basis, the Company uses fair value measures when analyzing asset impairment. Long-lived tangible assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If it is determined such indicators are present and the review indicates that the assets will not be fully recoverable, based on undiscounted estimated cash flows over the remaining amortization periods, their carrying values are reduced to estimated fair value. The Company uses an income approach and inputs that constitute level 3. During the third quarter of each year, the Company evaluates goodwill for impairment at the reporting unit level. The Company uses a combination of discounted cash flows, prior transactions and quoted price methods to determine the fair market value of the reporting unit. This measurement is classified based on level 3 input.

(5) COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases

The Company leases facilities and certain equipment under agreements accounted for as operating leases. These leases generally require the Company to pay all executory costs such as maintenance and insurance. Rental expense for operating leases for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$1,689 and \$1,428, respectively.

Employee Benefit Plans

The Company has a 401(k) defined contribution plan covering all eligible employees. The Company provides for employer matching contributions equal to 50% of employee contributions, up to the lesser of 5% of eligible compensation or \$6. Matching contributions are deposited in to the employees 401(k) account and are subject to 5 year graded vesting. Salaries and related expenses include \$150 and \$139 of employer matching contributions for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

(6) LEGAL MATTERS

On July 31, 2007, the Company was served with a complaint filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York by the Shareholders' Representative of Proficient Systems, Inc. In connection with the July 2006 acquisition of Proficient, the Company was contingently required to issue up to 2,050,000 shares of common stock based on the terms of an earn-out provision in the merger agreement. In accordance with the terms of the earn-out provision, the Company issued 1,127,985 shares of LivePerson common stock in the second quarter of 2007 to the former shareholders of Proficient. The amended complaint filed by the Shareholders' Representative, or Plaintiff, on May 12, 2009 alleges that the Company breached the merger agreement by failing to properly account for net annualized revenue, and demands payment of damages on the grounds that substantially all of the remaining contingently issuable earn-out shares should have been paid. The Company believes the claims are without merit. The case recently proceeded to trial, which ended on November 4, 2010. Post-trial filings were due on November 19, 2010. In the event that the Court finds in whole or in part for Plaintiff, the Company would be required to pay monetary damages in the amount held by the Court to have been underpaid in the earn-out. The Company is presently unable to reasonably estimate the amount of actual damages, if any, that will be awarded by the Court. If the Court were to find in favor of Plaintiff on every claim at issue in the litigation, the maximum potential damages award would be approximately \$6,000. Should the Company be required to pay any damages award, the associated payment would be allocated to goodwill in connection with Proficient acquisition.

On November 3, 2010, Gemini IP LLC filed an amended complaint in a suit pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, adding patent infringement allegations against the Company and various other defendants, including LANDesk Software, Inc., Saba Software, Inc., Genesys S.A. d/b/a Genesys Conferencing, Genesys Conferencing, Inc., Avaya Inc., Best Buy Co., Inc., Bomgar Corporation, ConnectWise, Inc., Elsinore Technologies Inc., GFI Software Ltd., GFI USA, Inc., GFI Software Development, Ltd., LogMeIn, Inc., N-able Technologies Incorporated, NTR Global, Venti Solutions, LLC, Zoho Corporation, Zenith Infotech Ltd., International Business Machines Corp., Samsung Electronics America, Inc., Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., Samsung Telecommunications America, LLC, AT&T, Inc., Sony Corporation, and Sony Corporation of America. Gemini seeks damages for past infringement, and an injunction against future infringement of the patent in suit. The Company believes Gemini's claims are without merit. On January 10, 2011, the Company answered the complaint, asserting numerous affirmative defenses including non-infringement and invalidity of the patent in suit, and we also counterclaimed for a declaratory judgment of non-infringement and invalidity of the patent in suit. The Court has set an initial scheduling conference in this matter for June 1, 2011; no schedule for proceedings in this matter has been set by the Court at this time. The Company intends to vigorously defend against Gemini's allegations, and vigorously pursue our counterclaims. The Company has not accrued for this contingency as of March 31, 2011, because the amount of loss, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

From time to time, the Company is involved in other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of its business. While the Company cannot assure you as to the ultimate outcome of any legal proceedings, the Company is not currently a party to any other legal proceeding that management believes would have a material adverse effect on its financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES

GENERAL

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As such, we are required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that management believes are reasonable based upon the information available. We base these estimates on our historical experience, future expectations and various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for our judgments that may not be readily apparent from other sources. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods. These estimates and assumptions relate to estimates of the carrying amount of goodwill, intangibles, stock based-compensation, valuation allowances for deferred income taxes, accounts receivable, the expected term of a client relationship, accruals and other factors. We evaluate these estimates on an ongoing basis. Actual results could differ from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions, and any differences could be material.

Overview

LivePerson provides online engagement solutions that facilitate real-time assistance and expert advice. Connecting businesses and independent service providers (“Experts”) with individual consumers (“Users”) seeking help on the Web, our hosted software platform creates more relevant, compelling and personalized online experiences. We were incorporated in the State of Delaware in November 1995 and the LivePerson service was introduced initially in November 1998.

We are organized into two operating segments. The Business segment facilitates real-time online interactions — chat, voice/click-to-call, email and self-service/knowledgebase for global corporations of all sizes. The Consumer segment facilitates online transactions between Experts and Users.

In order to sustain growth in these segments, our strategy is to expand our position as the leading provider of online engagement solutions that facilitate real-time assistance and expert advice. To accomplish this, we are focused on the following current initiatives:

Expanding Business with Existing Customers and Adding New Customers. We are expanding our sales capacity by adding enterprise sales agents, and we have recently established a midmarket sales group focused on adding new customers that are larger than our typical SMB customers, but smaller than our typical enterprise customers. We have also expanded our efforts to retain existing SMB customers through increased interaction with them during the early stages of their usage of our services.

Introducing New Products and Capabilities. We are investing in product marketing, R&D and executive personnel to support our expanding efforts to build and launch new products and capabilities to support existing customer deployments, and to further expand our total addressable market. These investments are initially focused in the areas of online marketing engagement and chat transcript text analysis. Over time, we expect to develop and launch additional capabilities that leverage our existing market position as a leader in proactive, intelligence-driven online engagement.

Creating and Supporting an Open Development Platform. We have recently introduced an open development platform capability, supported by a community and developer tools that enable third-party developers to create and deliver new applications that leverage our existing customer base and proactive engagement technology. By creating and supporting this platform, we expect to enable both independent developers and R&D personnel within our customer base to accelerate their product development and innovation, and to expand the value and usage of our current and future products and capabilities.

Expanding our international presence. We continue to increase our investment in sales and support personnel in the United Kingdom and Western Europe, particularly France and Germany. We are also working with sales and support partners as we expand our investment in the Asia-Pacific region. We continue to improve the multi-language and translation capabilities within our hosted solutions to further support international expansion.

FIRST QUARTER 2011

Financial overview of the three months ended March 31, 2011 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2010:

- Revenue increased 20.0% to \$30.4 million from \$25.3 million. •
- Gross profit margin decreased to 73.4% from 73.8%. •
- Operating expenses increased to \$25.3 million from \$21.8 million. •
- Net income increased 51% to \$3.2 million from \$2.1 million. •

The significant accounting policies which we believe are most critical to aid in fully understanding and evaluating the reported consolidated financial results include the following:

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The majority of our revenue is generated from monthly service revenues and related professional services from the sale of the LivePerson services. Because we provide our application as a service, we follow the provisions of ASC 605-10-S99, "Revenue Recognition" and ASC 605-25, "Revenue Recognition with Multiple-Element Arrangements." We charge a monthly fee, which varies by type of service, the level of client usage and website traffic, and in some cases, the number of orders placed via our online engagement solutions.

For certain of our larger clients, we may provide call center labor through an arrangement with one or more of several qualified partners. For most of these clients, we pass the fee we incur with the labor provider and our fee for the hosted services through to our customers in the form of a fixed fee for each order placed via our online engagement solutions. For these arrangements, we recognize revenue net of the labor provider's fee in accordance with ASC 605-45, "Principal Agent Considerations," due to the fact that we perform as an agent without risk of loss for collection.

The majority of our larger clients also pay a professional services fee related to implementation. We defer these implementation fees and associated direct costs and recognize them ratably over the expected term of the client relationship upon commencement of the hosting services. We may also charge professional service fees related to additional training, business consulting and analysis in support of the LivePerson services.

We also sell certain of the LivePerson services directly via Internet download. These services are marketed as LivePerson Pro and LivePerson Contact Center for small and mid-sized businesses ("SMBs"), and are paid for almost exclusively by credit card. Credit card payments accelerate cash flow and reduce our collection risk, subject to the merchant bank's right to hold back cash pending settlement of the transactions. Sales of LivePerson Pro and LivePerson Contact Center may occur with or without the assistance of an online sales representative, rather than through face-to-face or telephone contact that is typically required for traditional direct sales.

We recognize monthly service revenue based upon the fee charged for the LivePerson services, provided that there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, no significant Company obligations remain, collection of the resulting receivable is probable and the amount of fees to be paid is fixed or determinable. Our service agreements typically have twelve month terms and are terminable or may terminate upon 30 to 90 days' notice without penalty. When professional service fees add value to the customer on a standalone basis, we recognize professional service fees upon completion and customer acceptance in accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Update 2009-13. This guidance establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, which is based on: (a) vendor-specific objective evidence; (b) third-party evidence; or (c) estimates. If a professional services arrangement does not qualify for separate accounting, we recognize the fees, and the related labor costs, ratably over a period of 48 months, representing our current estimate of the term of the client relationship.

For revenue generated from online transactions between Experts and Users, we recognize revenue net of Expert fees in accordance with ASC 605-45, "Principal Agent Considerations," due to the fact that we perform as an agent without risk of loss for collection. We collect a fee from the consumer and retain a portion of the fee, and then remit the balance to the Expert. Revenue from these transactions is recognized when there is persuasive evidence of an arrangement, no significant Company obligations remain, collection of the resulting receivable is probable and the amount of fees to be paid is fixed or determinable.

STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

We follow ASC 718-10, "Stock Compensation," which addresses the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services, with a primary focus on transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions. ASC 718-10 requires measurement of the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award (with limited exceptions). Incremental compensation costs arising from subsequent modifications of awards after the grant date must be recognized.

As of March 31, 2011, there was approximately \$13.5 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested share-based compensation arrangements. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 2.1 years.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Our customers are located primarily in the United States. We perform ongoing credit evaluations of our customers' financial condition (except for customers who purchase the LivePerson services by credit card via Internet download) and have established an allowance for doubtful accounts based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of customers, historical trends and other information that we believe to be reasonable, although they may change in the future. If there is a deterioration of a customer's credit worthiness or actual write-offs are higher than our historical experience, our estimates of recoverability for these receivables could be adversely affected.

Though our concentration of credit risk is limited due to our large number of customers, we do have several large customers. If we experience a significant write-off from one of these large customers, it could have a material adverse impact on our consolidated financial statements. No single customer accounted for or exceeded 10% of our total revenue in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. One customer accounted for approximately 19% of accounts receivable as of March 31, 2011. One customer accounted for approximately 22% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2010. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we increased our allowance for doubtful accounts by \$60,000 to \$621,000, principally due to an increase in accounts receivable as a result of increased sales and, to a lesser extent, to an increase in the proportion of our receivables due from customers with greater credit risk. A larger proportion of receivables are due from larger corporate clients that typically have longer payment cycles.

GOODWILL

In accordance with ASC 350-10, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," goodwill and indefinite-lived intangible assets are not amortized, but reviewed for impairment upon the occurrence of events or changes in circumstances that would reduce the fair value below its carrying amount. Goodwill is required to be tested for impairment at least annually. Determining the fair value of a reporting unit under the first step of the goodwill impairment test and determining the fair value of individual assets and liabilities of a reporting unit (including unrecognized intangible assets) under the second step of the goodwill impairment test is judgmental in nature and often involves the use of significant estimates and assumptions. Similarly, estimates and assumptions are used in determining the fair value of other intangible assets. These estimates and assumptions could have a significant impact on whether or not an impairment charge is recognized and also the magnitude of any such charge. To assist in the process of determining goodwill impairment, we will obtain appraisals from an independent valuation firm. In addition to the use of an independent valuation firm, we will perform internal valuation analyses and consider other market information that is publicly available. Estimates of fair value are primarily determined using discounted cash flows and market comparisons. These approaches use significant estimates and assumptions including projected future cash flows (including timing), discount rates reflecting the risk inherent in future cash flows, perpetual growth rates, determination of appropriate market comparables and the determination of whether a premium or discount should be applied to comparables.

IMPAIRMENT OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

In accordance with ASC 360-10, “Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-lived Assets,” long-lived assets, such as property, plant and equipment and purchased intangibles subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying value of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying value of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized in the amount by which the carrying value of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Assets to be disposed of would be separately presented in the balance sheet and reported at the lower of the carrying value or the fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer depreciated. The assets and liabilities of a disposed group classified as held for sale would be presented separately in the appropriate asset and liability sections of the balance sheet.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of our consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. requires our management to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of goodwill, intangibles, stock-based compensation, valuation allowances for deferred income tax assets, accounts receivable, the expected term of a client relationship, accruals and other factors. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In December 2010, the FASB has issued ASU No. 2010-28, Intangibles — Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): When to Perform Step 2 of the Goodwill Impairment Test for Reporting Units with Zero or Negative Carrying Amounts. This ASU reflects the decision reached in EITF Issue No. 10-A. The amendments in this ASU modify Step 1 of the goodwill impairment test for reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts. For those reporting units, an entity is required to perform Step 2 of the goodwill impairment test if it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists. In determining whether it is more likely than not that a goodwill impairment exists, an entity should consider whether there are any adverse qualitative factors indicating that an impairment may exist. The qualitative factors are consistent with the existing guidance and examples, which require that goodwill of a reporting unit be tested for impairment between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. For public entities, the amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2010. Early adoption was not permitted. This update will have an impact on our accounting in the future for any reporting units with zero or negative carrying amounts.

In January 2010, the FASB published Accounting Standards Update 2010-06, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (Topic 820)—Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements. This update requires some new disclosures and clarifies some existing disclosure requirements about fair value measurement as set forth in Codification Subtopic 820-10. The FASB’s objective is to improve these disclosures and, thus, increase the transparency in financial reporting. Specifically, ASU 2010-06 amends Codification Subtopic 820-10 to now require: (a) a reporting entity to disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers in and out of Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers; and (b) in the reconciliation for fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs, a reporting entity should present separately information about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements. In addition, ASU 2010-06 clarifies the requirements of the following existing disclosures: for purposes of reporting fair value measurement for each class of assets and liabilities, a reporting entity needs to use judgment in determining the appropriate classes of assets and liabilities and should provide disclosures about the valuation techniques and inputs used to measure fair value for both recurring and nonrecurring fair value measurements. ASU 2010-06 is effective for interim and annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2009, except for the disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements in the roll forward of activity in Level 3 fair value measurements. Those disclosures are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2010, and for interim periods within those fiscal years. As ASU 2010-06 relates specifically to disclosures, it did not have an impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In October 2009, FASB Accounting Standards Update 2009-13 addressed the accounting for multiple-deliverable arrangements to enable vendors to account for products or services (deliverables) separately rather than as a combined unit. Specifically, this update amends the criteria in Subtopic 605-25, Revenue Recognition—Multiple-Element Arrangements, for separating consideration in multiple-deliverable arrangements. This guidance establishes a selling price hierarchy for determining the selling price of a deliverable, which is based on: (a) vendor-specific objective evidence; (b) third-party evidence; or (c) estimates. This guidance also eliminates the residual method of allocation and requires that arrangement consideration be allocated at the inception of the arrangement to all deliverables using the relative selling price method. In addition, this guidance significantly expands required disclosures related to a vendor’s multiple-deliverable revenue arrangements. FASB Accounting Standards Update 2009-13 is effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010. The adoption of this update did not have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

REVENUE

The majority of our revenue is generated from monthly service revenues and related professional services from the sale of the LivePerson services. We charge a monthly fee, which varies by service and client usage. The majority of our larger clients also pay a professional services fee related to implementation. A large proportion of our revenue from new clients comes from large corporations. These companies typically have more significant implementation requirements and more stringent data security standards. Such clients also have more sophisticated data analysis and performance reporting requirements, and are likely to engage our professional services organization to provide such analysis and reporting on a recurring basis.

Revenue from our Business segment accounted for 88% and 86% of total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Revenue attributable to our monthly hosted Business services accounted for 96% of total Business revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. Our service agreements typically have twelve month terms and, in some cases, are terminable or may terminate upon 30 to 90 days' notice without penalty. Given the time required to schedule training for our clients' operators and our clients' resource constraints, we have historically experienced a lag between signing a client contract and recognizing revenue from that client. This lag has recently ranged from 30 to 90 days.

Revenue from our Consumer segment is generated from online transactions between Experts and Users and is recognized net of Expert fees and accounted for approximately 12% and 14% of total revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

We also have entered into contractual arrangements that complement our direct sales force and online sales efforts. These are primarily with call center service companies, pursuant to which LivePerson is paid a commission based on revenue generated by these service companies from our referrals. To date, revenue from such commissions has not been material.

OPERATING EXPENSES

Our cost of revenue consists of:

- compensation costs relating to employees who provide customer support and implementation services to our clients; •
- compensation costs relating to our network support staff; •
- depreciation of certain hardware and software; •
- allocated occupancy costs and related overhead; •
- the cost of supporting our infrastructure, including expenses related to server leases, infrastructure support costs and Internet connectivity; •
- the credit card fees and related payment processing costs associated with the consumer and SMB services; and •
- amortization of certain intangibles. •

Our product development expenses consist primarily of compensation and related expenses for product development personnel, allocated occupancy costs and related overhead, outsourced labor and expenses for testing new versions of our software. Product development expenses are charged to operations as incurred.

Our sales and marketing expenses consist of compensation and related expenses for sales personnel and marketing personnel, online marketing, allocated occupancy costs and related overhead, advertising, sales commissions, public relations, promotional materials, travel expenses and trade show exhibit expenses.

Our general and administrative expenses consist primarily of compensation and related expenses for executive, accounting, legal and human resources personnel, allocated occupancy costs and related overhead, professional fees, provision for doubtful accounts and other general corporate expenses.

During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we increased our allowance for doubtful accounts by \$60,000 to \$621,000, principally due to an increase in accounts receivable as a result of increased sales and, to a lesser extent, to an increase in the proportion of our receivables due from customers with greater credit risk. A larger proportion of receivables are due from larger corporate clients that typically have longer payment cycles. During 2010, we increased our allowance for doubtful accounts by \$166,000 to approximately \$561,000, principally due to an increase in accounts receivable as a result of increased sales. A larger proportion of receivables are due from larger corporate clients that typically have longer payment cycles. We base our allowance for doubtful accounts on specifically identified credit risks of customers, historical trends and other information that we believe to be reasonable. We adjust our allowance for doubtful accounts when accounts previously reserved have been collected.

NON-CASH COMPENSATION EXPENSE

The net non-cash compensation amounts for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 consist of:

Three Months Ended March 31,		
2010	2011	
<u>1,087\$</u>	<u>1,535\$</u>	Stock-based compensation expense related to ASC 718-10
<u>1,087\$</u>	<u>1,535\$</u>	Total

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The Company is organized into two operating segments. The Business segment facilitates real-time online interactions — chat, voice/click-to-call, email and self-service/knowledgebase for global corporations of all sizes. The Consumer segment facilitates online transactions between Experts and Users.

COMPARISON OF THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2011 AND 2010

Revenue – Business . Revenue increased by 22% to \$26.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$21.8 million in the comparable period in 2010. This increase is primarily attributable to increased revenue from existing clients who increased their use of our services in the amount of approximately \$3.0 million, net of cancellations; to revenue from new clients in the amount of approximately \$1.6 million; and, to a lesser extent, to professional services revenue of approximately \$203,000. Our revenue growth has traditionally been driven by a mix of revenue from new clients as well as expansion from existing clients.

Revenue – Consumer . Revenue increased by 6% to \$3.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$3.5 million in the comparable period in 2010. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in gross revenue of approximately \$106,000 as a result of increased chat minutes. In addition, net revenue also increased due to an increase in the fees we charge the Experts of approximately \$94,000.

Cost of Revenue – Business. Cost of revenue consists of compensation costs relating to employees who provide customer service to our clients, compensation costs relating to our network support staff, the cost of supporting our server and network infrastructure, and allocated occupancy costs and related overhead. Cost of revenue increased by 26% to \$7.2 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$5.7 million in the comparable period in 2010. This increase in expense is primarily attributable to an increase for primary and backup server facilities and allocated overhead related to costs of supporting our server and network infrastructure of approximately \$798,000 as a result of increased revenue and an increase in total compensation and related costs for additional and existing customer service and network operations personnel in the amount of approximately \$659,000. This increase in cost of revenue in excess of revenue growth was driven primarily by increased investment in more robust business continuity capabilities within our hosting facilities. In addition, costs related to data collection and storage has increased, as we have improved the scope and quality of the analytical reporting we provide to our larger customers.

Cost of Revenue – Consumer . Cost of revenue consists of compensation costs relating to employees who provide customer service to Experts and Users, compensation costs relating to our network support staff, the cost of supporting our server and network infrastructure, credit card and transaction processing fees and related costs, and allocated occupancy costs and related overhead. Cost of revenue decreased by 4% to \$907,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$948,000 in the comparable period in 2010. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in total compensation and related costs for customer service and network support personnel of approximately \$46,000.

Product Development . Our product development expenses consist primarily of compensation and related expenses for product development personnel as well as allocated occupancy costs and related overhead. Product development costs increased by 21% to \$4.4 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$3.6 million in the comparable period in 2010. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in compensation and related costs for additional and existing product development personnel as a result of our increased efforts to expand our product offerings of approximately \$792,000. We are increasing our investment in new product development efforts to expand future product offerings. We are also investing in partner programs that enable third-parties to develop value-added software applications for our existing and future customers.

Sales and Marketing – Business . Our sales and marketing expenses consist of compensation and related expenses for sales and marketing personnel, as well as advertising, public relations, trade show exhibit expenses and allocated occupancy costs and related overhead. Sales and marketing expenses increased by 21% to \$7.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$6.0 million in the comparable period in 2010. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in compensation and related costs for additional and existing sales and marketing personnel of approximately \$1.1 million and an increase in advertising, public relations and trade show exhibit expenses of approximately \$150,000. This increase relates to our continued efforts to enhance our brand recognition and increase sales lead activity.

Sales and Marketing – Consumer . Our sales and marketing expenses consist of compensation and related expenses for marketing personnel, as well as online promotion, public relations, trade show exhibit expenses and allocated occupancy costs and related overhead. Sales and marketing expenses decreased by 7% to \$1.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$1.7 million in the comparable period in 2010. This decrease is primarily attributable to a decrease in compensation and related costs for marketing personnel of approximately \$98,000 and to decreased advertising and promotional expenses of approximately \$35,000 driven by improved efficiency in search engine optimization.

General and Administrative . Our general and administrative expenses consist primarily of compensation and related expenses for executive, accounting, legal, human resources and administrative personnel. General and administrative expenses increased by 4% to \$4.0 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011, from \$3.8 million in the comparable period in 2010. This increase is primarily attributable to an increase in compensation and related expenses for additional and existing accounting, legal and human resource personnel in the amount of approximately \$301,000, partially offset by decreases in recruiting and other professional fees of approximately \$184,000.

Amortization of Intangibles . Amortization expense was \$11,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and relates to the purchase of patents in August 2009. Amortization expense was \$83,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2010 and relates primarily to the acquisition costs recorded as a result of our acquisition of Kasamba in October 2007. The decrease is attributable to the fact that a portion of the intangible asset related to the Kasamba acquisition was fully amortized in 2010. Additional amortization expense in the amount of \$306 is included in cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010. Amortization expense is expected to be approximately \$1.0 million in the year ended December 31, 2011.

Other Income (Expense) . Financial income was \$156,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and relates to favorable currency rate movements of our NIS deposits. Financial expense was \$49,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2010 and relates to unfavorable currency rate movements related to our Israeli operations. Interest income was \$14,000 and \$23,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and consists of interest earned on cash and cash equivalents. This decrease is primarily attributable to decreases in short-term interest rates partially offset by increases in cash and cash equivalents.

Provision for Income Taxes . Our effective tax rate was 38% and 39% for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, resulting in a provision for income taxes of \$2.0 million and \$1.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Net Income . We had net income of \$3.2 million and \$2.1 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively. Revenue increased \$5.1 million, while operating expenses increased by \$3.5 million and provision for income taxes increased by approximately \$675,000, contributing to a net increase in income from operations of approximately \$1.1 million.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

As of March 31, 2011, we had approximately \$67.1 million in cash and cash equivalents, an increase of approximately \$5.8 million from December 31, 2010. This increase is primarily attributable to net cash provided by operating activities and, to a lesser extent, proceeds from the issuance of common stock in connection with the exercise of stock options by employees and the excess tax benefit from the exercise of employee stock options, partially offset by the purchases of fixed assets related to the build-out of our collocation facility. We invest our cash in short-term money market funds.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$4.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and consists primarily of net income and non-cash expenses related to ASC 718-10, amortization of intangibles and depreciation and increases in deferred revenue, accounts payable and deferred income taxes partially offset by an increase in accounts receivable and a decrease in accrued expenses. Net cash used in operating activities was \$405,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2010 and consisted primarily of net income and non-cash expenses related to ASC 718-10, amortization of intangibles and depreciation offset by an increase in accounts receivable and a decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$2.4 million and \$578,000 in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and was due primarily to the purchase of fixed assets for our collocation facilities.

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$3.6 million in the three months ended March 31, 2011 and consisted primarily of the proceeds from the issuance of common stock in connection with the exercise of stock options by employees and the excess tax benefit from the exercise of employee stock options. Net cash provided by financing activities was \$6.3 million in the three months ended March 31, 2010 and consisted primarily of the proceeds from the issuance of common stock in connection with the exercise of stock options by employees.

We have incurred significant expenses to develop our technology and services, to hire employees in our customer service, sales, marketing and administration departments, and for the amortization of intangible assets, as well as non-cash compensation costs. Historically, we incurred significant quarterly net losses from inception through June 30, 2003, significant negative cash flows from operations in our quarterly periods from inception through December 31, 2002. As of March 31, 2011, we had an accumulated deficit of approximately \$96.9 million. These losses were funded primarily through the issuance of common stock in our initial public offering and, prior to the initial public offering, the issuance of convertible preferred stock.

We anticipate that our current cash and cash equivalents will be sufficient to satisfy our working capital and capital requirements for at least the next 12 months. However, we cannot assure you that we will not require additional funds prior to such time, and we would then seek to sell additional equity or debt securities through public financings, or seek alternative sources of financing. We cannot assure you that additional funding will be available on favorable terms, when needed, if at all. If we are unable to obtain any necessary additional financing, we may be required to further reduce the scope of our planned sales and marketing and product development efforts, which could materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and operating results. In addition, we may require additional funds in order to fund more rapid expansion, to develop new or enhanced services or products or to invest in complementary businesses, technologies, services or products.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

We do not have any special purposes entities, and other than operating leases, which are described below; we do not engage in off-balance sheet financing arrangements.

We lease facilities and certain equipment under agreements accounted for as operating leases. These leases generally require us to pay all executory costs such as maintenance and insurance. Rental expense for operating leases for the three months ended March 31, 2011 and 2010 was approximately \$1.7 million and \$1.4 million, respectively.

As of March 31, 2011, our principal commitments were approximately \$21.7 million under various operating leases, of which approximately \$5.3 million is due in 2011. We currently expect that our principal commitments for the year ending December 31, 2011 will not exceed \$8.0 million in the aggregate.

Our contractual obligations at March 31, 2011 are summarized as follows:

Payments due by period					Contractual Obligations
(in thousands)					
More than 5 years	3-5 years	1-3 years	Less than 1 year	Total	
2,002\$	2,625 \$	11,728 \$	5,323\$	21,678\$	Operating leases
2,002\$	2,625 \$	11,728 \$	5,323\$	21,678\$	Total

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Currency Rate Fluctuations

As a result of the expanded scope of our Israeli operations, our currency rate fluctuation risk associated with the exchange rate movement of the U.S. dollar against the New Israeli Shekel (“NIS”) has increased. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, the U.S. dollar depreciated approximately 2% as compared to the NIS which had a negative impact on our results of operations and financial conditions when compared to the same period in 2010. During the three month period ended March 31, 2011, expenses generated by our Israeli operations totaled \$9.7 million. We do not currently hedge our foreign currency risk exposure. We actively monitor the movement of the U.S. dollar against the NIS and U.K. pound and have considered the use of financial instruments, including but not limited to derivative financial instruments, which could mitigate such risk. If we determine that our risk of exposure materially exceeds the potential cost of derivative financial instruments, we may in the future enter in to these types of investments. The functional currency of our wholly-owned Israeli subsidiaries, LivePerson Ltd. (formerly HumanClick Ltd.) and Kasamba Ltd., is the U.S. dollar and the functional currency of our operations in the United Kingdom is the U.K. pound.

Collection Risk

Our accounts receivable are subject, in the normal course of business, to collection risks. We regularly assess these risks and have established policies and business practices to protect against the adverse effects of collection risks. During the three months ended March 31, 2011, we increased our allowance for doubtful accounts by \$60,000 to \$621,000, principally due to an increase in accounts receivable as a result of increased sales and, to a lesser extent, to an increase in the proportion of our receivables due from customers with greater credit risk. A larger proportion of receivables are due from larger corporate clients that typically have longer payment cycles. We did not increase our allowance for doubtful accounts in the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Interest Rate Risk

Our investments consist of cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, changes in the market’s interest rates do not affect in any material respect the value of the investments as recorded by us.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of our “disclosure controls and procedures,” as that term is defined in Rule 13a-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), as of March 31, 2011. Based on that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of March 31, 2011 to ensure that the information we are required to disclose in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms, and to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the three months ended March 31, 2011 identified in connection with the evaluation thereof by our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations of the Effectiveness of Internal Control

A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can only provide reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the internal control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations of any internal control system, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, if any, have been detected.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

On July 31, 2007, we were served with a complaint filed in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York by the Shareholders' Representative of Proficient Systems, Inc. In connection with the July 2006 acquisition of Proficient, we were contingently required to issue up to 2,050,000 shares of common stock based on the terms of an earn-out provision in the merger agreement. In accordance with the terms of the earn-out provision, we issued 1,127,985 shares of LivePerson common stock in the second quarter of 2007 to the former shareholders of Proficient. The amended complaint filed by the Shareholders' Representative, or Plaintiff, on May 12, 2009 alleges that we breached the merger agreement by failing to properly account for net annualized revenue, and demands payment of damages on the grounds that substantially all of the remaining contingently issuable earn-out shares should have been paid. We believe the claims are without merit. The case recently proceeded to trial, which ended on November 4, 2010. Post-trial filings were due on November 19, 2010. In the event that the Court finds in whole or in part for Plaintiff, we would be required to pay monetary damages in the amount held by the Court to have been underpaid in the earn-out. We are presently unable to reasonably estimate the amount of actual damages, if any, that will be awarded by the Court. If the Court were to find in favor of Plaintiff on every claim at issue in the litigation, the maximum potential damages award would be approximately \$6.0 million. Should we be required to pay any damages award, the associated payment would be allocated to goodwill in connection with Proficient acquisition.

On November 3, 2010, Gemini IP LLC filed an amended complaint in a suit pending in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Texas, adding patent infringement allegations against us and various other defendants, including LANDesk Software, Inc., Saba Software, Inc., Genesys S.A. d/b/a Genesys Conferencing, Genesys Conferencing, Inc., Avaya Inc., Best Buy Co., Inc., Bomgar Corporation, ConnectWise, Inc., Elsinore Technologies Inc., GFI Software Ltd., GFI USA, Inc., GFI Software Development, Ltd., LogMeIn, Inc., N-able Technologies Incorporated, NTR Global, Venti Solutions, LLC, Zoho Corporation, Zenith Infotech Ltd., International Business Machines Corp., Samsung Electronics America, Inc., Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd., Samsung Telecommunications America, LLC, AT&T, Inc., Sony Corporation, and Sony Corporation of America. Gemini seeks damages for past infringement, and an injunction against future infringement of the patent in suit. We believe Gemini's claims are without merit. On January 10, 2011, we answered the complaint, asserting numerous affirmative defenses including non-infringement and invalidity of the patent in suit, and we also counterclaimed for a declaratory judgment of non-infringement and invalidity of the patent in suit. The Court has set an initial scheduling conference in this matter for June 1, 2011; no schedule for proceedings in this matter has been set by the Court at this time. We intend to vigorously defend against Gemini's allegations, and vigorously pursue our counterclaims. We have not accrued for this contingency as of March 31, 2011, because the amount of loss, if any, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

From time to time, we are involved in other legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of our business. While we cannot assure you as to the ultimate outcome of any legal proceedings, we are currently not a party to any other legal proceeding that management believes would have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

Risks that could have a material and adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition include the following: potential fluctuations in our quarterly and annual results; the adverse effect that the global recession may have on our business; competition in the real-time sales, marketing, customer service and online engagement solutions market; our ability to retain existing clients and attract new clients; risks related to new regulatory or other legal requirements that could materially impact our business; impairments to goodwill that result in significant charges to earnings; volatility of the value of certain currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar, particularly the New Israeli Shekel, U.K. pound and Euro; risks related to our international operations, particularly our operations in Israel, and the civil and political unrest in that region; responding to rapid technological change and changing client preferences; our ability to retain key personnel and attract new personnel; risks related to the operational integration of acquisitions; technology systems beyond our control and technology-related defects that could disrupt the LivePerson services; privacy concerns relating to the Internet that could result in new legislation or negative public perception; risks related to the regulation or possible misappropriation of personal information; legal liability and/or negative publicity for the services provided to consumers via our technology platforms; risks related to protecting our intellectual property rights or potential infringement of the intellectual property rights of third parties; and risks related to our common stock being traded on more than one market, which may result in additional variations in the trading price of our common stock. This list is intended to identify only certain of the principal factors that could have a material and adverse impact on our business, results of operations and financial condition. A more detailed description of each of these and other important risk factors can be found under the caption "Risk Factors" in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K filed on March 15, 2011.

There are no material changes to the risk factors described in the Form 10-K.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On May 14, 2010, our Board of Directors approved a stock repurchase program through June 30, 2012.

The following table summarizes repurchases of our common stock under our stock repurchase program during the three months ended March 31, 2011:

Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Period
6,365,000\$	—	—\$	—	1/1/2011 – 1/31/2011
6,365,000	—	—	—	2/1/2011 – 2/28/2011
6,365,000	—	—	—	3/1/2011 – 3/31/2011
<u>6,365,000\$</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—\$</u>	<u>—</u>	Total

Under the stock repurchase program, we are authorized to repurchase shares of our common stock, in the open market or (1) privately negotiated transactions, at times and prices considered appropriate by our Board of Directors depending upon prevailing market conditions and other corporate considerations, up to an aggregate purchase price of \$10.0 million. As of March 31, 2011, approximately \$6.4 million remained available for purchases under the program.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as part of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q:

Forms of Grant Agreements under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan	10.1
Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the 31.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	
Certification by President (the principal financial officer) pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to 31.2 Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	
Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the 32.1 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	
Certification by the principal financial officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the 32.2 Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

LIVEPERSON, INC.

(Registrant)

/s/ ROBERT P. LOCASCIO By: Date: May 6, 2011
Robert P. LoCascio Name:
Chief Executive Officer (duly authorized officer) Title:

/s/ TIMOTHY E. BIXBY By: Date: May 6, 2011
Timothy E. Bixby Name:
President (principal financial and accounting officer) Title:

EXHIBIT INDEX

	EXHIBIT
Forms of Grant Agreements under the 2009 Stock Incentive Plan	10.1
Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	31.1
Certification by President (the principal financial officer) pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	31.2
Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	32.1
Certification by the principal financial officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002	32.2



LIVEPERSON, INC.
INCENTIVE STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT

Grant of Option .

1.

LivePerson, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “Company”) hereby grants, as of ____ (the “Grant Date”), to ____ (the “Participant”) of an option (the “Option”) to purchase ____ shares of the Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, of the Company (“Shares”) at an exercise price equal to \$____ per share (the “Exercise Price”). The Option shall be subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein. The Option is issued pursuant to the Company’s 2009 Stock Incentive Plan as Amended and Restated (the “Plan”).

It is intended that the Option evidenced by this Stock Option Agreement shall be an incentive stock option as defined in Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any regulations promulgated thereunder (the “Code”). Except as otherwise indicated by the context, the term “Participant”, as used in this Stock Option Agreement, shall be deemed to include any person who acquires the right to exercise the Option validly under its terms.

Definitions .

2.

Unless otherwise provided herein, all capitalized terms in this Stock Option Agreement shall have the meaning assigned to them in the Plan.

Exercise Schedule .

3.

Except as otherwise provided herein or in the Plan, the Option is exercisable in installments as provided below. The following table indicates each date (the “Vesting Date”) upon which the Participant shall be entitled to exercise the Option with respect to the percentage of Shares granted as indicated beside the date, provided that the continuous relationship with the Company of the Participant (as described below in Section 4(b)) continues through and on the applicable Vesting Date:

<u>Percentage of Shares</u>	<u>Vesting Date</u>
25%	First Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Second Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Third Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Fourth Anniversary of the Grant Date

The right of exercise shall be cumulative so that to the extent the Option is not exercised in any period to the maximum extent permissible it shall continue to be exercisable, in whole or in part, with respect to all Shares for which it is vested until the earlier of the Final Exercise Date (as defined below) or the termination of the Option under Section 5 hereof or the Plan.

Participant understands and agrees that the Option is granted subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Participant further agrees to be bound by the terms of the Plan and the terms of the Option as set forth in this Stock Option Agreement and any Addenda to such Stock Option Agreement. A copy of the Plan is available upon request made to the Corporate Secretary at the Company’s principal offices. Participant hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Company’s 2009 Stock Incentive Plan.

Exercise of Option .

4.

Form of Exercise . Each election to exercise the Option shall be in writing, signed by the Participant, and received by the Company at its principal office, accompanied by this agreement, and payment in full in the manner provided in the Plan. The Participant may purchase less than the number of shares covered hereby, provided that no partial exercise of the Option may be for any fractional share. a)

Continuous Relationship with the Company Required . Except as otherwise provided in this Section 3, this option may not be exercised unless the Participant, at the time he or she exercises this option, is, and has been at all times since the Grant Date, an employee or officer of, or consultant or advisor to, the Company or any parent or subsidiary of the Company as defined in Section 424(e) or (f) of the Code (an “Eligible Participant”). b)

Termination of Option . Any unexercised portion of the Option shall automatically and without notice terminate at the time of the 5. earliest to occur of the following:

Expiration . No later than 10 years from the Grant Date (the "Final Exercise Date"). a)

Termination of Relationship with the Company . If the Participant ceases to be an Eligible Participant for any reason, then, except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) below, the right to exercise the Option shall terminate three months after such cessation (but in no event after the Final Exercise Date), provided that the Option shall be exercisable only to the extent that the Participant was entitled to exercise the Option on the date of such cessation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Participant, prior to the Final Exercise Date, violates the non-competition or confidentiality provisions of any employment contract, confidentiality and nondisclosure agreement or other agreement between the Participant and the Company, the right to exercise the Option shall terminate immediately upon such violation. b)

Exercise Period Upon Death or Disability . If the Participant dies or becomes disabled (within the meaning of Section 22(e)(3) of the Code) prior to the Final Exercise Date while he or she is an Eligible Participant and the Company has not terminated such relationship for “cause” as specified in paragraph (e) below, the Option shall be exercisable, within the period of one year following the date of death or disability of the Participant, by the Participant (or in the case of death by an authorized transferee), provided that the Option shall be exercisable only to the extent that the Option was exercisable by the Participant on the date of his or her death or disability, and further provided that the Option shall not be exercisable after the Final Exercise Date. c)

Termination for Cause . If, prior to the Final Exercise Date, the Participant’s employment with the Company is terminated by the Company for Cause (as defined below), the right to exercise the Option shall terminate immediately upon the effective date of such termination of employment. If the Participant is party to an employment, consulting or severance agreement with the Company that contains a definition of “cause” for termination of employment, “Cause” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in such agreement. Otherwise, “Cause” shall mean willful misconduct by the Participant or willful failure by the Participant to perform his or her responsibilities to the Company (including, without limitation, breach by the Participant of any provision of any employment, consulting, advisory, nondisclosure, non-competition or other similar agreement between the Participant and the Company), as determined by the Company, which determination shall be conclusive. The Participant’s employment shall be considered to have been terminated for “Cause” if the Company determines, within 30 days after the Participant’s resignation, that termination for “Cause” was warranted. d)

Tax Matters . 6.

Withholding . No Shares will be issued pursuant to the exercise of the Option unless and until the Participant pays to the Company, or makes provision satisfactory to the Company for payment of, any federal, state or local withholding taxes required by law to be withheld in respect of the Option. a)

Disqualifying Disposition . If the Participant disposes of Shares acquired upon exercise of this option within two years from the Grant Date or one year after such Shares were acquired pursuant to exercise of this option, the Participant shall notify the Company in writing of such disposition. b)

Transfer Restrictions . 7.

The Option may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered by the Participant, either voluntarily or by operation of law, except by will or the laws of descent and distribution, and, during the lifetime of the Participant, the Option shall be exercisable only by the Participant.

No Employment or Service Contract . 8.

Nothing in this Stock Option Agreement or in the Plan shall confer upon Participant any right to continue in service for any period of specific duration or interfere with or otherwise restrict in any way the rights of the Company (or any Parent or Subsidiary employing or retaining Participant) or of the Participant, which rights are hereby expressly reserved by each, to terminate Participant’s service at any time for any reason, with or without cause.

Provisions of the Plan . 9.

The Option is subject to the provisions of the Plan (including the provisions relating to amendments to the Plan), a copy of which is furnished to the Participant with the Option.



LIVEPERSON, INC.
NONSTATUTORY STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT

Grant of Option .

1.

LivePerson, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company") hereby grants, as of ____ (the "Grant Date"), to ____ (the "Participant") of an option (the "Option") to purchase ____ shares of the Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, of the Company ("Shares") at an exercise price equal to \$____ per share (the "Exercise Price"). The Option shall be subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein. The Option is issued pursuant to the Company's 2009 Stock Incentive Plan as Amended and Restated (the "Plan").

It is intended that the Option evidenced by this Stock Option Agreement shall not be an incentive stock option as defined in Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any regulations promulgated thereunder (the "Code"). Except as otherwise indicated by the context, the term "Participant", as used in this Stock Option Agreement, shall be deemed to include any person who acquires the right to exercise the Option validly under its terms.

Definitions .

2.

Unless otherwise provided herein, all capitalized terms in this Stock Option Agreement shall have the meaning assigned to them in the Plan.

Exercise Schedule .

3.

Except as otherwise provided herein or in the Plan, the Option is exercisable in installments as provided below. The following table indicates each date (the "Vesting Date") upon which the Participant shall be entitled to exercise the Option with respect to the percentage of Shares granted as indicated beside the date, provided that the continuous relationship with the Company of the Participant (as described below in Section 4(b)) continues through and on the applicable Vesting Date:

<u>Percentage of Shares</u>	<u>Vesting Date</u>
25%	First Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Second Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Third Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Fourth Anniversary of the Grant Date

The right of exercise shall be cumulative so that to the extent the Option is not exercised in any period to the maximum extent permissible it shall continue to be exercisable, in whole or in part, with respect to all Shares for which it is vested until the earlier of the Final Exercise Date (as defined below) or the termination of the Option under Section 5 hereof or the Plan.

Participant understands and agrees that the Option is granted subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Participant further agrees to be bound by the terms of the Plan and the terms of the Option as set forth in this Stock Option Agreement and any Addenda to such Stock Option Agreement. A copy of the Plan is available upon request made to the Corporate Secretary at the Company's principal offices. Participant hereby acknowledges receipt of a copy of the Company's 2009 Stock Incentive Plan.

Exercise of Option .

4.

Form of Exercise . Each election to exercise the Option shall be in writing, signed by the Participant, and received by the Company at its principal office, accompanied by this agreement, and payment in full in the manner provided in the Plan. The Participant may purchase less than the number of shares covered hereby, provided that no partial exercise of the Option may be for any fractional share. a)

Continuous Relationship with the Company Required . Except as otherwise provided in this Section 4, the Option may not be exercised unless the Participant, at the time he or she exercises the Option, is, and has been at all times since the Grant Date, an employee, officer, director, consultant or advisor to the Company or any other entity the employees, officers, directors, b)

consultants, or advisors of which are eligible to receive option grants under the Plan (an “Eligible Participant”).

Termination of Option . Any unexercised portion of the Option shall automatically and without notice terminate at the time of the 5. earliest to occur of the following:

Expiration . No later than 10 years from the Grant Date (the “Final Exercise Date”).

a)

Termination of Relationship with the Company . If the Participant ceases to be an Eligible Participant for any reason, then, except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) below, the right to exercise the Option shall terminate three months after such cessation (but in no event after the Final Exercise Date), provided that the Option shall be exercisable only to the extent that the Participant was entitled to exercise the Option on the date of such cessation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if the Participant, prior to the Final Exercise Date, violates the non-competition or confidentiality provisions of any employment contract, confidentiality and nondisclosure agreement or other agreement between the Participant and the Company, the right to exercise the Option shall terminate immediately upon such violation. b)

Exercise Period Upon Death or Disability . If the Participant dies or becomes disabled (within the meaning of Section 22(e)(3) of the Code) prior to the Final Exercise Date while he or she is an Eligible Participant and the Company has not terminated such relationship for “cause” as specified in paragraph (e) below, the Option shall be exercisable, within the period of one year following the date of death or disability of the Participant, by the Participant (or in the case of death by an authorized transferee), provided that the Option shall be exercisable only to the extent that the Option was exercisable by the Participant on the date of his or her death or disability, and further provided that the Option shall not be exercisable after the Final Exercise Date. c)

Termination for Cause . If, prior to the Final Exercise Date, the Participant’s employment or other relationship with the Company is terminated by the Company for Cause (as defined below), the right to exercise the Option shall terminate immediately upon the effective date of such termination of employment or other relationship. If the Participant is party to an employment, consulting or severance agreement with the Company that contains a definition of “cause” for termination of employment or other relationship, “Cause” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in such agreement. Otherwise, “Cause” shall mean willful misconduct by the Participant or willful failure by the Participant to perform his or her responsibilities to the Company (including, without limitation, breach by the Participant of any provision of any employment, consulting, advisory, nondisclosure, non-competition or other similar agreement between the Participant and the Company), as determined by the Company, which determination shall be conclusive. The Participant’s employment or other relationship shall be considered to have been terminated for “Cause” if the Company determines, within 30 days after the Participant’s resignation, that termination for “Cause” was warranted. d)

Withholding . 6.

No Shares will be issued pursuant to the exercise of the Option unless and until the Participant pays to the Company, or makes provision satisfactory to the Company for payment of, any federal, state or local withholding taxes required by law to be withheld in respect of the Option.

Transfer Restrictions. 7.

The Option may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or otherwise encumbered by the Participant, either voluntarily or by operation of law, except by will or the laws of descent and distribution, and, during the lifetime of the Participant, the Option shall be exercisable only by the Participant.

No Employment or Service Contract . 8.

Nothing in this Stock Option Agreement or in the Plan shall confer upon Participant any right to continue in service for any period of specific duration or interfere with or otherwise restrict in any way the rights of the Company (or any Parent or Subsidiary employing or retaining Participant) or of the Participant, which rights are hereby expressly reserved by each, to terminate Participant’s service at any time for any reason, with or without cause.

Provisions of the Plan . 9.

The Option is subject to the provisions of the Plan (including the provisions relating to amendments to the Plan), a copy of which is furnished to the Participant with the Option.

LIVEPERSON, INC. / LIVEPERSON LTD.
NOTICE OF GRANT OF NON-STATUTORY STOCK OPTION

Notice is hereby given of the following option grant (the "Option"), as of ____ (the "Grant Date"), to be held in trust by ESOP Trust Company (the "Trustee") for _____ (the "Optionee") until exercised, to purchase ____ shares (the "Option Shares") of the Common Stock of LivePerson, Inc. (the "Company") at an exercise price equal to \$___ per share (the "Exercise Price").

The provisions specified in this notice of grant (the "Grant Notice") shall form an integral part of the LivePerson, Inc. 2009 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). This Grant Notice completes the Plan and the attached LivePerson, Inc. 2009 Stock Incentive Plan Israeli Appendix (the "Appendix") so that they comply with the requirements set by the provisions of Section 102 of the Israeli Income Tax Ordinance (New Version) 1961 (the "Ordinance"), as amended, and any regulations, rules, orders or procedures promulgated there under as may be regulated, amended, or replaced from time to time ("Section 102") with respect to any Option to be granted by the Corporation to Israeli Optionees, subject to this Grant Notice. The Plan, the Appendix and this Grant Notice are complementary to each other and shall be deemed as one with respect to any Option to be issued to the employees and members of the Board of LivePerson Ltd. (the "Company"). In any case of contradiction, whether explicit or implied, between the provisions of this Grant Notice and the Plan or the Appendix, the provisions set out in the Plan and the Appendix shall prevail.

The Option is allocated to the Trustee under the 102 Capital Gain Track and is subject to the provisions of Section 102 and the following terms:

The Option is subject to Section 102 and the terms that apply to a Non-Statutory Stock Option in the Plan. (a)

The Option may only be granted to an Israeli person employed by the Company or by an Israeli subsidiary of the Company or any person who is engaged as an officer of the Company or of an Israeli subsidiary of the Company, and that is not a "controlling party", as defined in section 32 (9) of the Ordinance, prior to and after the issuance of the Option. (b)

The Option and the Option Shares issued upon the exercise of the Option will be held by the Trustee for a period of at least 24 months from the date on which such Option is allocated to the Trustee or a shorter period as approved by the tax authorities (the "Lock-up Period"), under the terms set in Section 102. In accordance with Section 102, the Optionee is prohibited from selling the Option or the Option Shares issued upon the exercise of the Option, until the end of the Lock-up Period, unless otherwise determined by the Tax Authorities. The meaning of the above restriction for purposes of the Tax Authorities is that if the Employee voluntarily sells the Option or the Option Shares before the end of the Lock-up Period, the Option or the Option Shares shall be subject to tax as ordinary income as per sections 2(1) and 2(2) of the Ordinance, and other provisions of Section 102. (c)

All rights related to the Option Shares will be held by the Trustee until the end of the Lock-up Period, including bonus shares, and will be subject to the provisions of Section 102 regarding the 102 Capital Gain Track. (d)

The Optionee declares that s/he is aware and accepts the following terms and conditions: (e)

that Section 102 provisions will apply to the Option. i.

- that the Option is granted under the 102 Capital Gain Track. ii.
- that s/he is obligated not to make any disposition of the Option Shares until the end of the Lock-up Period. iii.
- Any and all taxes, fees and other liabilities (as may apply from time to time) in connection with the grant and/or exercise of the Option and the sale of Option Shares issued upon the exercise of the Option, will be borne by the Optionee and s/he will be solely liable for all such taxes, fees and other liabilities. Furthermore, the Optionee shall agree to indemnify the Corporation and the Company and hold them harmless against and from any and all liability for any such tax or interest or penalty thereon. (f)
- The Optionee acknowledges that the receipt of the Option and the acquisition of the Option Shares to be issued upon the exercise of the Option may result in tax consequences. The description set forth in the Plan relating to the payment of tax does not purport to be a full and complete description of the Optionee's tax obligations under the law. (g)
- Anything to the contrary notwithstanding, the Trustee shall not release any part of the Option which was not already exercised into Option Shares by the Optionee nor release any Option Shares issued upon an exercise of the Option, prior to the full payment of the Exercise Price and Optionee's tax liability arising from the Option that was granted to him and/or Option Shares issued upon exercise of such Option. (h)

Exercise Schedule . Except as otherwise provided herein or in the Plan, the Option is exercisable in installments as provided below. The following table indicates each date (the "Vesting Date") upon which the Optionee shall be entitled to exercise the Option with respect to the percentage of Option Shares granted as indicated beside the date, provided that the Continuous Relationship with the Company of the Participant continues through and on the applicable Vesting Date:

<u>Percentage of Shares</u>	<u>Vesting Date</u>
25%	First Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Second Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Third Anniversary of the Grant Date
25%	Fourth Anniversary of the Grant Date

In no event shall the Option become exercisable for any additional Option Shares after the earlier of ten (10) years from the Grant Date or Optionee's cessation of Service.

Optionee understands and agrees that the Option is granted subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Optionee further agrees to be bound by the terms of the Plan and the terms of the Option as set forth in the Appendix attached hereto as Exhibit A and this Grant Notice. A copy of the Plan is available upon request made to the Corporate Secretary at the Corporation's principal offices.

Optionee further understands and agrees that the Option is granted subject to and in accordance with the terms of the Trust Agreement. Optionee further agrees to be bound by the terms of the Trust Agreement, attached hereto as Exhibit B.

No Employment or Service Contract . Nothing in this Grant Notice or in the attached Appendix or in the Plan shall confer upon Optionee any right to continue in Service for any period of specific duration or interfere with or otherwise restrict in any way the rights of the Corporation (or any Parent or Subsidiary employing or retaining Optionee) or of Optionee, which rights are hereby expressly reserved by each, to terminate Optionee's Service at any time for any reason, with or without cause.

Definitions . All capitalized terms in this Grant Notice shall have the meaning assigned to them in this Grant Notice or in the attached Appendix.

ATTACHMENTS

Exhibit A – LivePerson, Inc. 2009 Stock Incentive Plan Israeli Appendix

Exhibit B – Trust Agreement

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Robert P. LoCascio, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of LivePerson, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ ROBERT P. LOCASCIO

Robert P. LoCascio
Chief Executive Officer
(principal executive officer)

By: Date: May 6, 2011

Name:
Title:

CERTIFICATIONS

I, Timothy E. Bixby, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of LivePerson, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ TIMOTHY E. BIXBY

Timothy E. Bixby
 President
 (principal financial officer)

By: Date: May 6, 2011

Name:
 Title:

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Robert P. LoCascio, Chief Executive Officer of LivePerson, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) the Quarterly Report of the Company on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2011, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ ROBERT P. LOCASCIO

Robert P. LoCascio
Chief Executive Officer

By: Date: May 6, 2011

Name:
Title:

This certification shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent the Company specifically incorporates it by reference.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Timothy E. Bixby, the principal financial officer of LivePerson, Inc. (the "Company"), certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) the Quarterly Report of the Company on Form 10-Q for the period ended March 31, 2011, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ TIMOTHY E. BIXBY

Timothy E. Bixby
Principal financial officer

By: Date: May 6, 2011

Name:
Title:

This certification shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liability of that section, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except to the extent the Company specifically incorporates it by reference.
