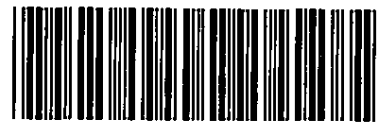




EURASIA MINING PLC

Annual Report and Accounts 2013

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Chairman's Statement

Dear Shareholder,

Since I wrote to you in our annual report in 2013, the Company has made substantial progress in developing its platinum business in Russia. At our West Kytlim project, work continued to identify further reserves and a new report was submitted to the authorities for approval in September 2013. These reserves were approved in March 2014 and our application for a Discovery Certificate followed. On granting of this, the Company will apply for a production licence. We are hopeful that this licence will be granted this year and allow us to commence mining in 2015.

Meanwhile in Kola, we applied for an extension of the Monchetundra licence following the drilling programme in the summer of 2013. This was granted in December for a further three years, until December 2016.

West Kytlim

Once again the Company has succeeded in increasing its reserves of platinum over 12 months, with the new total approved by RosNedra in March 2014. Exploration work has increased C1 and C2 category Reserves of contained raw platinum by 35% from 1,689Kg in 2013 to 2,283Kg (80,495oz) this year. In our early years of exploration, we identified the extent of the platinum resources over the entire length of the Tylai and Kosva rivers within our licence area. Subsequently we undertook additional work at Bolshaya Sosnovka where we registered our first reserve and Discovery Certificate. While we were offered a mining licence shortly afterwards, the area was small and restricted to a single production site which was not optimal. For this reason we continued to undertake further detailed drilling, pitting and bulk sampling to increase the reserves and enlarge the area to be included in a production licence application. This was achieved last year when we submitted in September a TEO

(Russian feasibility study) for approval of the enlarged area of reserves capable of sustaining an expanded multiple worksite operation. This TEO was based on two production sites operating over a 9-10 year period.

It should be noted that these estimates are Reserves as defined by the national Russian standard on mining and minerals as published by the National Certification Body of the Russian Federation. For data to be included under this standard the Russian State or Federal body must approve it.

Furthermore, the licence still has considerable potential as we know there are P1 and P2 Resources remaining which are targets for upgrading to reserves. Successful results from such work would allow the development of further mining sites and an extension of the productive life at West Kytlim to 14-15 years.

Monchetundra

A new drilling programme was completed on the West Nittis target in our Monchetundra licence during the summer of 2013. The mineralization here occurs within a layered series of ultramafic rocks situated on the western flank of the NKT Massif.

The drilling confirmed the presence of two styles of mineralization. The stratiform or layered zone which grades 1-1.2 g/t PGM and a separate zone with high angle structures which again yielded high results, with the best value being 1 metre at grades of 1.57 g/t Pt, 16.7 g/t Pd, 3.85% Cu, 0.08% Ni and 0.22 g/t Au.

The 2013 program was directed at improving our understanding of the orientation of the mineralization, testing ore continuity, as well as expanding the dimensions of the known resource. The new results confirm several generations of steeply dipping North-South trending zones of mineralization which have an affinity with ore bodies elsewhere in the NKT Massif, and which were mined for high grade nickel and copper veins between 1937 and 1971. The potential for PGM deposits within the Massif has been largely ignored until recent exploration.

Management is optimistic that this project will develop into a significant asset in the near term. To achieve this, additional exploration work is required and we continue to seek ways to develop this project without recourse to shareholder equity.

Kamushanovsky

Discussions continue with a third party to acquire a majority stake in this uranium venture in which the Company has a minority interest.

Michael Martineau
Chairman

Eurasia Mining Plc (the "Eurasia" or the "Company") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in Great Britain with its registered office and principal place of business at 2nd Floor, 85-87 Borough High Street, London SE1 1NH. The Company's shares are quoted on AIM, the market operated by the London Stock Exchange Group plc.

The principal activities of the Company, its subsidiaries and joint venture (the "Group") are related to the exploration for and development of platinum group metals (the "PGM"), gold and other minerals.

The Group is currently developing two licences with its joint venture partner – West Kytlim in the Central Urals and Monchetundra on the Kola Peninsula in Russia while continuing to assess the potential of near to production gold projects in other regions in Russia and other countries of the former Soviet Union.

At West Kytlim, the Group made several PGM discoveries of resources suitable for commercial mining and is working on obtaining a permit for an enlarged production licence area. Meanwhile, ongoing drilling continues to expand and upgrade the resource base.

On the Kola Peninsula, the Group discovered the PGM mineralisation within the Monchetundra licence, which is being further explored. Work continues on the potential open pit resource at West Nittis area within the Monchetundra licence boundaries.

The Group also maintains an active interest in several non-core, innovative mining solutions including the Kamushanovsky Uranium Project in Kyrgyzstan.

The Company's aim is to deliver value to its shareholders by leveraging the significant experience of its directors and management team to advance our licences and to acquire new projects.

Key performance indicators

At this stage of the Group business activities the Directors think it appropriate to limit the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) used to monitor progress in the delivery of the Group's strategic objectives, to assess actual performance against targets and to aid management of the business, other than the monitoring of licences and stages of exploration

The Board monitors relevant KPIs which it considers appropriate for a company at Eurasia's stage of development. The KPIs for the Group are as follows

Financial KPIs

Shareholder return – the performance of the share price. The Company's shares are quoted on AIM and the shares have traded at 0.47-0.95p (2012: 0.41-0.80p) during the year under review,

Exploration expenditure – funding and development costs. The availability of sufficient cash to facilitate continued investment and funding of exploration programmes and project development is essential. The Group monitors the availability of sufficient cash to fund work. At 31 December 2013 the group had a cash balance of £361,905 to allow it to continue its core project development.

Non financial KPIs

Environment management – the Group has environmental policies in place. Performance against environmental policies is continuously monitored. The directors consider that this has served to minimize any negative impact of current exploration activities on the environment.

Operational – the number of additional exploration licences and exploration successes. There has been extensive exploration activity in the year, and the directors are encouraged by the prospectivity of the Group's exploration licenses and by the exploration results obtained to date. Currently there is one production license application pending for a platinum mining at West Kytlim area in the Central Urals region in Russia.

The Directors consider that performance against all KPI's in 2013 was acceptable.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The risks inherent in an exploration business are kept under constant review by the Board and the Executive Committee. The going concern risk and the key financial risks affecting the Group and the Company are set out respectively in Notes 2 and 26 to the financial statements and the principal operating risks affecting the Group are detailed below:

Project development risks

The mineral property licences held by the Group and/or permits do not currently provide for the development of a mine. Consequently the Group will be required to obtain further licences and/or permits (mining, environmental and otherwise) from the respective government departments in the applicable countries of operation. The Group engages into close discussion with respective government departments to have better understanding of the requirements and to make sure all requirements are implemented and duly reported to guaranty the grant of permits and licences.

Political risk

The Group's assets are located in Russia which is still undergoing a substantial transformation from a centrally controlled command economy to a market-driven economy. In addition, in view of the legal and regulatory regime in Russia and sanctions imposed to certain individuals and companies in Russian over Ukraine in 2014, legal and economical inconsistencies may arise. The Group closely monitors all regulatory requirements and changes to the laws, rules and regulation taking steps whenever necessary to comply with regulation.

Environmental issues

The Group's operations are subject to environmental regulation, including environmental impact assessments and permitting. Russian environmental legislation comprises numerous federal and regional regulations which are not fully harmonised and may not be consistently interpreted. The Group makes assessment of the environmental impact at the time it applies for permits and licences which are subject to such assessment.

The regulatory environment

The Group's activities are subject to extensive federal and regional laws and regulations governing various matters, including licensing, production, taxes, mine safety, labour standards, occupational health and safety and environmental protections. Amendments to current laws and regulations governing operations and activities of mining companies or more stringent implementation or interpretation of these laws and regulations can have a material adverse impact on the Group and/or delay or prevent the development or expansion of the Group's properties in Russia. The Group closely monitors all regulatory requirements and changes to the laws, rules and regulation taking steps whenever necessary to comply with regulation.

By order of the Board



M J de Villiers Secretary
2 May 2014

MICHAEL MARTINEAU

MA, D Phil, FIMMM, age 69, is Non-Executive Chairman. Following a First Class Honours degree and a Doctorate in Geology from Oxford University, he has had 30 years experience in the mining and minerals industry. He was in charge of global exploration for BP Minerals International later becoming Exploration Director of its Australian listed subsidiary, Seltrust. In 1987, he joined Cluff Resources PLC, as Director Minerals and Managing Director of Cluff Mineral Exploration Limited. In 1989 he co-founded Samax Resources, which listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange in 1996 and which was acquired by Ashanti Goldfields in 1998. He is currently a Director of First Quantum Minerals.

CHRISTIAN SCHAFFALITZKY

BA(Mod), FIMMM, PGeo, CEng, age 60, is Managing Director. With over 30 years experience in minerals exploration, Christian Schaffalitzky was a founder of Ivernia West PLC, where he led the exploration, discovery and development of the Lisheen world class zinc deposit in Ireland. More recently, he was Managing Director of Ennex International PLC, an Irish quoted mineral exploration company, focused on zinc development projects. He has also been engaged in precious and base metals minerals exploration and development in Russia and the former Soviet Union. He is an independent director on the board of Russian company, Raspadskaya Coal Company and is a director of a number of other public companies including Kibo Mining and Red Crescent Resources.

GARY FITZGERALD

age 60, is a Non-Executive Director. He was previously a Director of Framlington Investment Management Limited and has over 30 years experience in investment management. He has diverse experience of emerging markets including the launch of the first fund for investing in Russia in the early 1990's.

DMITRY SUSCHOV

age 36, is a Non-Executive Director. He is currently a director of Deloan Investments Limited and the following Russian and Ukrainian companies: Daltekhgas (Open Joint Stock Company), Kiev Oxygen Works (Closed Joint Stock Company), and Pivdentekhgaz (Open Joint Stock Company). He has also been a director of NH Capital Limited, Dutch Noble House Limited and Noble House Kazakhstan Limited. He is an Investment Banker with extensive experience in the Russian resources industry and has previously worked with IG Capital (former Lukoil-Reserve-Invest), MDM Bank, PricewaterhouseCoopers and Ernst&Young as mining & metals leader in corporate finance for Russia and CIS.

Directors' report

Directors

The Directors who served during the period were

Michael Martineau *Non-Executive Chairman*

Christian Schaffalitzky *Managing Director*

Gary FitzGerald *Non-Executive Director*

Dmitry Suschov *Non-Executive Director*

Directors' interests

Share interests

The Directors of the Company held the following beneficial interests (including interests held by spouses and minor children) in the ordinary shares of the Company

	31 Dec 2013	31 Dec 2012
	No of shares	No of shares
M Martineau	12 618 625	12 618 625
C Schaffalitzky	20 919 168	20 919 168
G FitzGerald	15,326,994	15,326,994
D Suschov*	234,500,000	234 500,000
Total	283 364 787	283 364 787

*as sole shareholder and director of Deloan Investment Limited

Share options

The Directors of the Company held share options granted under the Company's Executive share option scheme, as indicated below. No share options were exercised during the year

	31 Dec 2013	31 Dec 2012
	No of options	No of options
M Martineau	3,000,000	3 600 000
C Schaffalitzky	8,000,000	8 900,000
G FitzGerald	3 000 000	3,225,000
D Suschov	3,000,000	3,000,000
Total	17,000,000	18,725,000

Share capital

Issued capital of the Company as at 31 December 2013 was

	Number of shares	Nominal value £
Fully paid ordinary shares at 0.1 pence	965,468,701	965,469
Deferred shares 4.9 pence	143,377,203	7,025,483

Section 561 of the Companies Act 2006 (the "Act") provides that any shares being issued for cash must in general be issued to all existing shareholders pro-rata to their holding. However, where Directors had a general authority to allot shares, they may be authorised by the Articles or by a special resolution to allot shares pursuant to the authority as if the statutory pre-emption rights did not exist.

At the General Meeting held on 26 June 2013, the Board was given authority to allot shares in the Company or grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into shares in the Company up to an aggregate nominal amount of £1,000,000, such authority to expire on the date of the next Annual General Meeting.

The Board has not utilised this authority to issue new shares since the AGM.

It will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting as an ordinary resolution to renew the Directors' general authority to issue relevant securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £2,000,000.

It will also be proposed at the Annual General Meeting as a special resolution for the renewal of the Directors' authority to allot relevant securities for cash, without first offering them to shareholders pro-rata to their holdings, pursuant to section 561 of the Company Act 2006 up to an aggregate nominal amount of £2,000,000.

It will be further proposed that the Company be given a general authority to purchase its own shares pursuant to sections 693 and 701 of the Companies Act 2006. The authority will be limited to 250,000,000 Ordinary Shares at a price of no less than 0.01p and no more than 1p per share.

Substantial share interests

The Company had been notified of the following interests in shares in excess of 3 per cent of the issued share capital at 01 May 2014

	No of shares held	% of share capital
Queeld Ventures Ltd	288 500 000	29.88%
Deloan Investments Limited	225 000 000	23.30%
Fitel Nominees Limited	47 155,500	4.88%
Barclayshare Nominees Limited	35,156,065	3.64%
TD Direct Investing Nominees	30,420,475	3.15%
	626,232 040	64.85%

Share Analysis

As at 20 May 2013

Holdings	No of accounts	No of shares held	% of share capital
1 - 50,000	1,004	8,578,389	0.89%
50,001 - 100,000	47	3 932,966	0.40%
100,001 - 500,000	64	15 118,573	1.56%
500,001 - 1,000,000	26	19 119,459	1.98%
1,000,001 - 5,000,000	24	46 011,775	4.77%
5 000,001 - 10 000 000	11	80 812 605	8.37%
10 000,000 - 100 000,000	14	278,394,934	28.84%
Over 100,000 000	2	513 500 000	53.19%
Totals	1,192	965,468 701	100%

Directors' report continued

Risk Management

The Directors consider that assessing and monitoring the inherent risks in the exploration business, as well as other financial risks, is crucial for the success of the Group. Risk assessment is essential in the Group's planning processes. The Board regularly reviews the performance of projects against plans and forecasts. Further detail on management of financial risk is set out in note 26.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (IFRSs). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company and group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable IFRSs have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and Group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors confirm that so far as each Director is aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Corporate Governance

The Board of Directors

The Directors are responsible for the Group's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. The risk management process and systems of internal control are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Company's objectives. Any such system of internal financial control can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

Full Board meetings are held quarterly to review Group strategy, direction and financial performance. The executive Directors meet regularly to review operational reports from all the Group's areas of operations. The process is used to identify major business risks and evaluate their financial implications and ensure an appropriate control environment. Certain control over expenditure is delegated to on site project managers subject to Board control by means of monthly budgetary reports. Internal financial control procedures include -

- preparation and regular review of operating budgets and forecasts
- prior approval of all capital expenditure
- review and debate of treasury policy
- unrestricted access of non-executive Directors to all members of senior management

The Board, in conjunction with members of the Audit Committee, has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal control for the period from 1 January 2013 to the date of this report.

Audit Committee

The Chairman of the Audit Committee is Gary FitzGerald. The Audit Committee may examine any matters relating to the financial affairs of the Group and the Group's audits, this includes reviews of the annual financial statements and announcements, internal control procedures, accounting procedures, accounting policies, the appointment, independence, objectivity, terms of reference and fees of external auditors and such other related functions as the Board may require.

The membership of the Audit Committee comprises two non-executive Directors, Michael Martineau and Gary FitzGerald. The external auditors have direct access to the members of the Committee, without the presence of the executive Directors, for independent discussions.

Remuneration Committee

The Chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Michael Martineau. The committee comprises two non-executive Directors, Michael Martineau and Gary FitzGerald. It determines the terms and conditions of employment and annual remuneration of the Executive Directors. It consults with the Managing Director, takes into consideration external data and comparative third party remuneration and has access to professional advice outside the Company.

Directors' report continued

The key policy objectives of the Remuneration Committee in respect of the Company's executive Directors and other senior executives are -

- a) to ensure that individuals are fairly rewarded for their personal contribution to the Company's overall performance and
- b) to act as an independent committee ensuring that due regard is given to the interests of the Company's Shareholders and to the financial and commercial health of the Company

Remuneration of executive Directors comprises basic salary, discretionary bonuses, participation in the Company's share option scheme and other benefits. The Company's remuneration policy with regard to options is to maintain an amount of not more than 10% of the issued share capital in options for the Company's management and employees which may include the issue of new options in line with any new share issues.

Total Directors' emoluments are disclosed in notes 8 and 22 to the financial statements and the Directors' options are disclosed above. During 2013 no options were granted to the Directors (2012: nil).

Dividends and profit retention

No dividend is proposed in respect of the year (2012: £nil) and the retained loss for the year attributable to the equity holders of the parent of £746,024 (2012: £1,331,700) has been taken to reserves.

Research and development

The Group's research and development activities during the year continued to be concentrated principally on mineral exploration programmes and the improvement of mining techniques and metallurgical processes.

Policy on payment of suppliers

The Company's policy is to settle terms of payment with its suppliers when agreeing the terms of each transaction, ensuring that suppliers are made aware of the terms of payment and abiding by the agreed terms. There were no trade creditors at the year-end.

Financial instruments

Details of the financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group and the exposure of the Group to currency risk and liquidity risk are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP are willing to continue in office and a resolution proposing their re-appointment as auditors of the Company and a resolution authorising the Directors to fix their remuneration will be put to shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board



M J de Villiers Secretary
2 May 2014

Independent Auditor's Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF EURASIA MINING PLC

We have audited the financial statements of Eurasia Mining plc for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the group and parent company statement of financial position, the group statement of comprehensive income, the group and parent company statements of cash flow, the group and parent company statements of changes in equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union and, as regards the parent company financial statements, as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 10, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of the group's profit for the year then ended,
- the group financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union,
- the parent company financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union and as applied in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006, and
- the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.



Nicholas Page
Senior Statutory Auditor
for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP
Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants
London

2 May 2014

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

Eurasia Mining Plc
Company No 3010091

For the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	Year to 31 December 2013 £	Year to 31 December 2012 £
Revenue		16,355	62,223
Administrative costs		(508,340)	(756,051)
Loss on revised period of repayment of the loan made to joint venture	14	(270,178)	(651,006)
Finance income		2,908	9,025
Other financial result	9	8,916	(22,788)
Loss before tax		(750,339)	(1,358,597)
Income tax expense	10	-	-
Loss for the period		(750,339)	(1,358,597)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss			
NCI share of foreign exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(5,371)	(12,250)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit and loss			
Parents share of foreign exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(15,057)	13,061
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax		(20,428)	811
Total comprehensive income for the period		(770,767)	(1,357,786)
Loss for the period attributable to			
Equity holders of the parent		(746,024)	(1,331,700)
Non-controlling interest		(4,315)	(26,897)
		(750,339)	(1,358,597)
Total comprehensive income for the period attributable to			
Equity holders of the parent		(761,081)	(1,318,639)
Non-controlling interest		(9,686)	(39,147)
		(770,767)	(1,357,786)
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the parent			
Basic and diluted loss (pence per share)	21	(0.08)	(0.17)

In accordance with section 408(3) of the Companies Act 2006, Eurasia Mining plc is exempt from the requirement to present its own income statement. The amount of the loss for the financial year recorded within the financial statements of Eurasia Mining plc is £708,263 (2012: £1,250,471).

Consolidated statement of financial position

Eurasia Mining Plc
Company No. 3010091

As at 31 December 2013

	Note	31 December 2013 £	31 December 2012 £
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property plant and equipment	11	25,558	24,876
Other financial assets	14	3,114,037	2,526,665
Total non-current assets		3,139,595	2,551,541
Current assets			
Inventories		968	1,618
Trade and other receivables	15	72,610	58,434
Cash and cash equivalents		361,905	1,735,420
Total current assets		435,483	1,795,472
Total assets		3,575,078	4,347,013
EQUITY			
Issued capital	16	22,327,527	22,327,527
Reserves	18	3,268,646	3,289,345
Accumulated losses		(22,407,199)	(21,666,817)
Equity attributable to equity holders of the parent		3,188,974	3,950,055
Non-controlling interest		261,947	259,257
Total equity		3,450,921	4,209,312
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	19	124,157	137,701
Total current liabilities		124,157	137,701
Total liabilities		124,157	137,701
Total equity and liabilities		3,575,078	4,347,013

These financial statements were approved by the board on 2 May 2014 and were signed on its behalf by



C. Schaffalitzky
Managing Director

Company statement of financial position

Eurasia Mining Plc
Company No. 3010091

As at 31 December 2013

	Note	31 December 2013 £	31 December 2012 £
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	11	2,167	804
Investments	12, 13	307,615	162,372
Other financial assets	14, 22	3,888,261	3,285,287
Total non-current assets		4,198,043	3,448,463
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables	15	172,870	252,765
Cash and cash equivalents		361,087	1,731,199
Total current assets		533,957	1,983,964
Total assets		4,732,000	5,432,427
EQUITY			
Issued capital	16	22,327,527	22,327,527
Reserves	18	3,939,141	3,944,783
Accumulated losses		(21,842,534)	(21,139,913)
Total equity		4,424,134	5,132,397
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	19	307,866	300,030
Total current liabilities		307,866	300,030
Total liabilities		307,866	300,030
Total equity and liabilities		4,732,000	5,432,427

These financial statements were approved by the board on 2 May 2014 and were signed on its behalf by



C. Schaffartzky
Managing Director

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

Eurasia Mining Plc
Company No 3010091

For the year ended 31 December 2013

Note	Share capital £	Share premium £	Deferred shares £	Capital redemption and other reserves £	Foreign currency translation reserve £	Accumulated losses £	Total attributable to owners of parent £	Non-controlling interest £	Total £
Balance at 1 January 2012	676,969	11,740,075	7,025,483	3,878,093	(668,499)	(20,335,117)	2,317,004	298,404	2,615,408
Issue of ordinary shares for cash	288,500	2,596,500	-	-	-	-	2,885,000	-	2,885,000
Recognition of share-based payment	-	-	-	66,690	-	-	66,690	-	66,690
Transactions with owners	288,500	2,596,500	-	66,690	-	-	2,951,690	-	2,951,690
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(1,331,700)	(1,331,700)	(26,897)	(1,358,597)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	13,061	-	13,061	(12,250)	811
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	13,061	(1,331,700)	(1,318,639)	(39,147)	(1,357,786)
Balance at 31 December 2012	965,469	14,336,575	7,025,483	3,944,783	(655,438)	(21,666,817)	3,950,055	259,257	4,209,312
Balance at 1 January 2013	965,469	14,336,575	7,025,483	3,944,783	(655,438)	(21,666,817)	3,950,055	259,257	4,209,312
Cancellation of options by forfeiture 18, 20	-	-	-	(5,642)	-	5,642	-	-	-
Contributed by non-controlling interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,376	12,376
Transactions with owners	-	-	-	(5,642)	-	5,642	-	12,376	12,376
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	-	(746,024)	(746,024)	(4,315)	(750,339)
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	-	-	-	-	(15,057)	-	(15,057)	(5,371)	(20,428)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(15,057)	(746,024)	(761,081)	(9,686)	(770,767)
Balance at 31 December 2013	965,469	14,336,575	7,025,483	3,939,141	(670,495)	(22,407,199)	3,188,974	261,947	3,450,921

Company statement of changes in equity

Eurasia Mining Plc
Company No 3010091

For the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	Share capital £	Share premium £	Deferred shares £	Other reserves £	Retained loss £	Total £
Balance at 1 January 2012		676,969	11,740,075	7,025,483	3,878,093	(19,889,442)	3,431,178
Issue of ordinary shares for cash		288,500	2,596,500	-	-	-	2,885,000
Recognition of share-based payment		-	-	-	66,690	-	66,690
Transactions with owners		288,500	2,596,500	-	66,690	-	2,951,690
Loss and total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(1,250,471)	(1,250,471)
Balance at 31 December 2012		965,469	14,336,575	7,025,483	3,944,783	(21,139,913)	5,132,397
Balance at 1 January 2013		965,469	14,336,575	7,025,483	3,944,783	(21,139,913)	5,132,397
Cancellation of options by forfeiture	18, 20	-	-	-	(5,642)	5,642	-
Transactions with owners		-	-	-	(5,642)	5,642	-
Loss and total comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	(708,263)	(708,263)
Balance at 31 December 2013		965,469	14,336,575	7,025,483	3,939,141	(21,842,534)	4,424,134

Consolidated statement of cash flows

Eurasia Mining Plc
Company No 3010091

For the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	Year to 31 December 2013 £	Year to 31 December 2012 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss for the period		(750,339)	(1,358,597)
Adjustments for			
Depreciation of non-current assets		839	372
Loss on revised period of repayment of the loan made to joint venture		270,178	651,006
Finance income		(2,908)	(9,025)
Net foreign exchange loss		(8,916)	22,788
Expense recognised in income statement in respect of equity-settled share-based payments		-	66,690
		(491,146)	(626,766)
Movement in working capital			
Decrease/(increase) in inventories		650	(1,242)
Increase in trade and other receivables		(14,869)	(26,215)
Decrease in trade and other payables		(12,658)	(19,186)
Cash outflow from operations		(518,023)	(673,409)
Net cash used in operating activities		(518,023)	(673,409)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		2,908	9,025
Advanced to joint venture		(867,735)	(655,398)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	11	(2,202)	(572)
Contributed by non-controlling party		12,376	-
Net cash used in investing activities		(854,653)	(646,945)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	16	-	2,885,000
Net cash proceeds from financing activities		-	2,885,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,372,676)	1,564,646
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies		(839)	(324)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,735,420	171,098
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		361,905	1,735,420

Company statement of cash flows

Eurasia Mining Plc
Company No 3010091

For the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	Year to 31 December 2013 £	Year to 31 December 2012 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss for the period		(708,263)	(1,250,471)
Adjustments for			
Depreciation of non-current assets		665	372
Finance income		(2,908)	(9,025)
Impairment loss		-	-
Loss on revised period of repayment of the loan made to joint venture		270,178	651,006
Net foreign exchange loss		1,162	1,248
Expense recognised in income statement in respect of equity-settled share-based payments		-	66,690
		(439,166)	(540,180)
Movement in working capital			
Increase in trade and other receivables		(65,348)	(91,734)
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other payables		9,177	(38,424)
Cash outflow from operations		(495,337)	(670,338)
Net cash used in operating activities		(495,337)	(670,338)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Interest received		2,908	9,025
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	11	(2,028)	(572)
Amounts advanced to related party	22	(873,152)	(657,056)
Net cash used in investing activities		(872,272)	(648,603)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from issue of equity shares	16	-	2,885,000
Net cash proceeds from financing activities		-	2,885,000
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(1,367,609)	1,566,059
Effects of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in foreign currencies		(2,503)	(2,577)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		1,731,199	167,717
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		361,087	1,731,199

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2013

1 General information

Eurasia Mining Plc (the "Company") is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in Great Britain with its registered office and principal place of business at 2nd Floor, 85-87 Borough High Street, London SE1 1NH. The Company's shares are listed on the Alternative Investment Market of the London Stock Exchange. The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are related to the exploration for and development of platinum group metals, gold and other minerals in Russia.

Eurasia Mining Plc's consolidated financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling (£), which is also the functional currency of the parent company.

2 Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation based on a review of the Group's budgets, plans, cash flow forecasts and the ability to flex their forecast spending to suit prevailing circumstances, that the Group is a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from the date of signing the financial statements.

3 Changes in accounting policies

3.1 New and revised standards that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013

A number of new and revised standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013. Information on these new standards is presented below.

Standard / interpretation	Content	Applicable for financial years beginning on/after
IFRS13*	Fair Value Measurement	01 January 2013
Amendments to IAS1*	Amendment to IAS 1 Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	01 July 2012
IFRIC20*	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine	01 January 2013
IAS 19 (revised)*	IAS 19 Employee Benefits (Revised June 2011)	01 January 2013

* The adoption of these Standards and Interpretations has had no material impact on the financial statements of the Group.

3.2 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been adopted early by the Group

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, certain new standards, amendments IAS 8 31 and interpretations to existing standards have been published by the IASB but are not yet effective, and have not been adopted early by the Group.

Management anticipates that all of the relevant pronouncements will be adopted in the Group's accounting policies for the first period beginning after the effective date of the pronouncement. Information on new standards, amendments and interpretations that are expected to be relevant to the Group's financial statements is provided below. Certain other new standards and interpretations have been issued but are not expected to have a material impact on the Group's financial statements.

IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' (IFRS 9)

The IASB aims to replace IAS 39 'Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement' (IAS39) in its entirety with IFRS 9. To date, the chapters dealing with recognition, classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and liabilities have been issued. These chapters are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015. Chapters dealing with impairment methodology and hedge accounting are still being developed. Further, in November 2011, the IASB tentatively decided to consider making limited modifications to IFRS 9's financial asset classification model to address application issues. The Group's management have yet to assess the impact of this new standard on the Group's consolidated financial statements. Management does not expect to implement IFRS 9 until it has been completed and its overall impact can be assessed.

IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' (IFRS 10)

IFRS 10 supersedes IAS 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' (IAS 27) and SIC12 'Consolidation-Special Purpose Entities'. IFRS 10 revises the definition of control and provides extensive new guidance on its application. These new requirements have the potential to affect which of the Group's investees are considered to be subsidiaries and therefore to change the scope of consolidation. The requirements on consolidation procedures, accounting for changes in non-controlling interests and accounting for loss of control of a subsidiary are unchanged.

Management has reviewed its control assessments in accordance with IFRS 10 and has concluded that there is no effect on the classification (as subsidiaries or otherwise) of any of the Group's investees held during the period or comparative periods covered by these financial statements.

IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' (IFRS 11)

IFRS 11 supersedes IAS 31 'Interests in Joint Ventures' (IAS 31) and SIC 13 'Jointly Controlled Entities- Non-Monetary Contributions by Venturers'. IFRS 11 revises the categories of joint arrangement, and the criteria for classification into the categories with the objective of more closely aligning the accounting with the investor's rights and obligations relating to the arrangement. In addition, IAS 31's option of using proportionate consolidation for arrangements classified as jointly controlled entities under that Standard has been eliminated.

IFRS 11 now requires the use of the equity method for arrangements classified as joint ventures (as for investments in associates).

The Group's only joint arrangement within the scope of IFRS 11 is its 50% investment in Urals Alluvial Platinum Ltd (Cyprus), which was accounted for using the equity method under IAS 31.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

Management has reviewed the classification of Urals Alluvial Platinum Ltd in accordance with IFRS 11 and has concluded that there is no effect on the classification of the Group's joint venture operations during the period or comparative periods covered by these financial statements

IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' (IFRS 12)
IFRS 12 integrates and makes consistent the disclosure requirements for various types of investments, including unconsolidated structured entities. It introduces new disclosure requirements about the risks to which an entity is exposed from its involvement with structured entities

'Investment Entities – Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 27'

The Amendments define the term 'investment entity', provide supporting guidance and require investment entities to measure investments in the form of controlling interests in another entity at fair value through profit or loss

Management does not anticipate a material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements

4 Summary of significant accounting policies

4.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the Company financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as endorsed by the EU

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the Group for the purposes of preparation of these consolidated financial statements

4.2 Presentation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements are presented in accordance with IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements. The Group has elected to present the "Statement of comprehensive income" in one statement

4.3 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company. Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal as appropriate

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by other members of the Group

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation

Non-controlling interests in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries are identified separately from the Group's equity therein. Non-controlling interests consist of the amount of those interests at the date of the original business combination and the non-controlling party's share of changes in equity since the date of the combination

4.4 Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method in accounting for business combinations. The consideration transferred by the Group to obtain control of a subsidiary is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of assets transferred, liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group, which includes the fair value of any asset or liability arising from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition costs are expensed as incurred

The Group recognises identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination regardless of whether they have been previously recognised in the acquiree's financial statements prior to the acquisition. Assets acquired and liabilities assumed are generally measured at their acquisition-date fair values

Goodwill is stated after separate recognition of identifiable intangible assets. It is calculated as the excess of the sum of a) fair value of consideration transferred, b) the recognised amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and c) acquisition-date fair value of any existing equity interest in the acquiree, over the acquisition-date fair values of identifiable net assets. If the fair values of identifiable net assets exceed the sum calculated above, the excess amount (ie gain on a bargain purchase) is recognised as a profit or loss immediately

4.5 Interests in joint ventures

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control that is when the strategic financial and operating policy decisions relating to the activities of the joint venture require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control

The Group reports its interests in jointly controlled entities using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale

Under the equity method, investments in joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the joint venture, less any impairment in the value of individual investments. Losses of a joint venture in excess of the Group's interest in that joint venture are not recognised, unless the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint venture

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

contingent liabilities of the joint venture recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill

The goodwill, if any is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed annually for impairment as part of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately as a profit or loss

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint venture. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred

4.6 Interests in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these financial statements using the equity method of accounting, except when the investment is classified as held for sale, in which case it is accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Under the equity method, investments in associates are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost as adjusted for post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate, less any impairment in the value of individual investments. Losses of an associate in excess of the Group's interest in that associate are not recognised, unless the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the associate recognised at the date of acquisition is recognised as goodwill

The goodwill, if any, is included within the carrying amount of the investment and is assessed annually for impairment as part of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in profit or loss

Where a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group, profits and losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate

4.7 Foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each group entity are prepared in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in GBP, which is the functional and the presentation currency of the Company

Transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the profit or loss

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated

Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position,
- income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions), and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of other comprehensive income

4.8 Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services are measured at the fair value of the equity instrument at the grant date. Fair value is measured by use of Black Scholes model. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioural considerations

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions with other parties are measured at the fair value of the goods and services received, except where the fair value cannot be estimated reliably, in which case they are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted, measured at the date the entity obtains the goods or the counterparty renders the service

All equity-settled share-based payments are ultimately recognised as an expense in the profit or loss with a corresponding credit to "Share-based payments reserve"

Upon exercise of share options the proceeds received net of attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital, and where appropriate share premium. No adjustment is made to any expense recognised in prior periods if share options ultimately exercised are different to that estimated on vesting or if the share options vest but are not exercised

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

When share options expire or cancelled by forfeiture the respective amount recognised in the Share-based payment reserve is reversed and credited to accumulated profit and loss reserve

4 9 Revenue

Revenue comprises project management services to external customers (excluding VAT). Consideration receivable from customers is only recorded as revenue to the extent that the Company has performed its contractual obligations in respect of that consideration.

4 10 Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill, initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

4 11 Property, plant and equipment

Freehold properties held for administrative purposes, are stated in the statement of financial position at cost.

Fixtures and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual

values and depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Office equipment	3 years
Furniture and fittings	5 years

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

4.12 Intangible assets

Exploration and evaluation of mineral resources

Exploration and evaluation expenditure comprises costs that are directly attributable to:

- researching and analysing existing exploration data,
- conducting geological studies, exploratory drilling and sampling,
- examining and testing extraction and treatment methods and/or
- compiling prefeasibility and feasibility studies.

Exploration expenditure relates to the initial search for deposits with economic potential. Evaluation expenditure arises from a detailed assessment of deposits that have been identified as having economic potential.

Such capitalised evaluation expenditure is reviewed for impairment at each statement of financial position date. The review is based on a status report regarding the Group's intentions for development of the undeveloped property. Subsequent recovery of the resulting carrying value depends on successful development of the area of interest or sale of the project.

If a project does not prove viable, all irrecoverable costs associated with the project net of any related impairment provisions are written off.

4 13 Impairment testing intangible assets and property, plant and equipment

At each statement of financial position date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of the assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years

A reversal of an impairment loss of the assets is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase

4.14 Financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are recognised on the group's statement of financial position when the group has become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument

Financial assets

Loans and receivables

Trade receivables, loans, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method less any impairment. Interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables where the recognition of interest would be immaterial

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and on deposit with banks

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each statement of financial position date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been impacted. For financial assets carried at amortised cost, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying

amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account

When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognised in profit or loss

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognised

Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement. Impairment losses recognised previously on debt securities are reversed through the income statement when the increase can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the income statement

Revision in timing of cash flows

Where there is a change in the planned timing of repayment of loans or receivables the carrying amount of these financial assets or liabilities are adjusted to reflect the revised estimated cash flows. The present value of the estimated future cash flows is computed by reference to the effective interest rate of the item, the adjustment is recognised in profit or loss as income or expense

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group

Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities

Where the contractual liabilities of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities, and are presented as such in the statement of financial position. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the income statement. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any features meeting the definition of a financial liability then such capital is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognised on an effective yield basis

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

4.15 Segmental reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision-Maker. The Chief Operating Decision-Maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors of the Group that make the operating decisions.

5 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

5.1 Investments in associates

The Company has a combined interest in Russian registered Terskaya Mining Company and Yuksporskaya Mining Company of 60%. 20% in each of them is held directly by the Company and the remaining 80% is held by the joint venture Urals Alluvial Platinum Limited (the "UAP") where the company has a 50% interest. By arrangements with the UAP the Company's ownership does not constitute control even though more than half of the potential voting power is owned by the Company and therefore the direct 20% interest has been accounted as interest in associates.

5.2 Investments in subsidiaries

The Company has a holding of 48.33% in the BVI registered company Energy Resources Asia Limited (the "ERA").

Directors consider the ERA to be a subsidiary of the Company despite holding less than 50% of the voting power of the entity based on the fact that the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

5.3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions / uncertainties at the statement of financial position date, which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

5.3.1 Share-based payments

The estimation of share-based payment costs requires the selection of an appropriate valuation model and consideration as to the inputs necessary for the valuation model chosen. The Group has made estimates as to the volatility of its own shares, the probable life of options granted and the time of exercise of those options. The model used by the Group is the Black-Scholes valuation model (see also note 21).

5.3.2 Recoverability of other financial assets

The majority of other financial assets represent loans provided to subsidiary and joint venture, which are associated with funding of mineral exploration and development projects. The recoverability of such loans is dependent upon the discovery of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to maintain necessary financing to complete the development of reserves and future profitable production or proceeds from the disposition thereof.

5.3.3 Estimation of loans advanced to joint venture

Loans extended on an interest free basis advanced to the joint venture enterprise, Urals Alluvial Platinum, have been discounted to reflect the time value of money. The discount has been applied in accordance with a best estimate of the likely repayment period. The repayment period is based on the future commercial operations located in the Urals generating cash flows. There is uncertainty as to the exact timing of these cash flows and as such the repayment period represents a source of estimation uncertainty.

5.3.4 Effective interest rate

The monies advanced to the joint venture enterprise have been discounted using an effective interest rate of 10% which is management's best estimate of the risks relating to the country, the asset and the projects current status of exploration.

6 Segmental information

During the year under review Management identified the group as one operating segment being investing in the joint venture which undertakes the exploration for and development of platinum group metals, gold and other minerals in Russia. This one segment is monitored and strategic decisions are made based upon it and other non-financial data collated from the on-going exploration activities.

The formats of financial reports that are reported to the Chief Operating Decision Maker are consistent with those presented in the annual financial statements.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

7 Employees

Average number of staff (excluding non-executive directors) employed throughout the year was as follows

	2013	2012
By the Company	5	5
By the Group	19	19

8 Loss for the year

Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging

	Year to 31 December 2013		Year to 31 December 2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Depreciation	596	596	372	372
Staff benefits expense				
Wages, salaries and directors fees (note 22)	317,963	254,593	304,330	251,675
Social security costs	33,813	17,108	31,326	17,158
Share based payments	-	-	66,690	66,690
Other short term benefits	14,807	14,807	9,600	9,600
	366,583	286,508	411,946	345,123
 Audit fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the annual Group's accounts	 20,000	 20,000	 19,500	 19,500
	20,000	20,000	19,500	19,500

9 Other financial results

	Year to 31 December 2013		Year to 31 December 2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Net foreign exchange profit/(loss)	8,916	(1,162)	22,788	1,248
	8,916	(1,162)	22,788	1,248

10 Income taxes

	Year to 31 December 2013		Year to 31 December 2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Loss before tax	(750,339)	(708,263)	(1,358,597)	(1,250,471)
Current tax at 24.5%	(183,833)	(173,524)	(332,856)	(306,365)
Adjusted for the effect of				
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	72,948	66,194	189,185	175,836
Difference between depreciation and capital allowances	(146)	(146)	(197)	(197)
Tax losses carried forward	(111,031)	(107,477)	(143,869)	(130,727)
Tax liability	-	-	-	-

There was no tax payable for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: £nil) due to the Group and the Company having taxable losses

The Group's business operations currently comprise mining projects in Russia, which are all currently at an exploration stage. The Group has tax losses carried forward on which no deferred tax asset is recognised. These losses may affect the future tax position by way of offset against profits as and when mining projects reach a development stage.

The deferred asset arising from the accumulated tax losses has not been recognised due to insufficient evidence of timing of suitable taxable profits against which it can be recovered.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

11 Property, plant and equipment

<i>Group property, plant and equipment</i>	Freehold £	Office fixture and fittings £	Total £
Cost			
Balance at 1 January 2012	23,994	44,691	68,685
Additions	-	572	572
Disposals	-	(2,053)	(2,053)
Exchange differences	78	37	115
Balance at 31 December 2012	24,072	43,247	67,319
Additions	-	2,202	2,202
Disposals	-	(1,322)	(1,322)
Exchange differences	(681)	(315)	(996)
Balance at 31 December 2013	23,391	43,812	67,203
Depreciation			
Balance at 1 January 2012	-	(44,087)	(44,087)
Depreciation expense	-	(372)	(372)
Disposals	-	2,053	2,053
Exchange differences	-	(37)	(37)
Balance at 31 December 2012	-	(42,443)	(42,443)
Depreciation expense	-	(839)	(839)
Disposals	-	1,322	1,322
Exchange differences	-	315	315
Balance at 31 December 2013	-	(41,645)	(41,645)
Carrying amount at 31 December 2012	24,072	804	24,876
at 31 December 2013	23,391	2,167	25,558
<i>Company's office fixture and fittings</i>		2013 £	2012 £
Cost			
Balance at 1 January		39,741	41,222
Additions		2,028	572
Disposal		(1,322)	(2,053)
Balance at 31 December		40,447	39,741
Depreciation			
Balance at 1 January		(38,937)	(40,618)
Depreciation expense		(665)	(372)
Disposals		1,322	2,053
Balance at 31 December		(38,280)	(38,937)
Carrying amount		2,167	804

The Group's and Company's property, plant and equipment are free from any mortgage or charge

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

12 Significant subsidiaries

Details of the Company's significant subsidiaries at 31 December 2013 are as follows

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ordinary shares held	Principal activity
Eurasia Mining (UK) Limited	UK	100%	Holding Company
Eurasia Investment Limited	Cyprus	100%	Holding Company
Eyessel Metals Limited	Ireland	100%	Holding Company
Energy Resources Asia Limited*	BVI	48.33%	Mineral Evaluation

* In 2011 the Group signed the Memorandum of Understanding (the "MOU") to acquire an interest in the Kamushanovsky uranium project in Kyrgyzstan. To facilitate the MOU, the Group has nominated Energy Resources Asia Limited (the "ERA"), a British Virgin Islands registered company. During 2011 the Group raised \$486,000 (£299,960) net of expenses on the market to fund acquisition and during the same period the Group invested \$602,000 (£389,392) (note 14) towards the acquisition of interest in the company holding Kamushanovsky licence. Following this investment work has continued on completing a feasibility study for the mining of this project. The legal holder of the Kamushanovsky licence is negotiating a sale of all or part of the deposit and it is expected that the investment made by the Group will be refunded to the Group at profit.

Directors consider ERA to be a subsidiary of the Company despite only holding 48.33% of the voting power of the entity based on the fact that the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

During 2013 the ERA's shareholders agreed to convert the debts owed by the ERA into shares. The Company converted amount of £145,243 (\$234,000) into 234 shares at \$1,000 per share increasing its shareholding from 47% to 48.33%. Under the same arrangements \$20,000 was contributed to ERA and consequently converted into 20 at ERA's shares \$1,000 per share by a non-controlling interest.

The Company's investments in subsidiaries presented on the basis of direct equity interest and represent the following

	2013 £	2012 £
Investment in subsidiaries	145,243	-
	145,243	-

13 Investments in equity accounted investees

Investments in associates

Details of the Group's associates are as follows

Name of associates	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ordinary shares held directly	Principal activity
ZAO Terskaya Mining Company	Russia	20%	Mineral Evaluation
ZAO Yuksporskaya Mining Company	Russia	20%	Mineral Evaluation

The company has a combined interest in the above associates of 60%. 20% of the shares are held directly by the Company and the remaining 80% is held by the joint venture Urals Alluvial Platinum Limited (the "UAP"). By arrangements between the partners in the UAP the Company does not have the power to exert control over the above companies in proportion to its total holding in those companies and therefore 20% interest is being accounted for as interest in associates.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates is set out below

	2013 £	2012 £
Total assets	3,031,209	3,202,783
Total liabilities	(3,714,133)	(3,664,315)
Net liability	(682,924)	(461,532)
Group's share of associates' net (liability)/assets	-	-
Total revenue	-	-
Total loss for the period	(20,830)	(17,215)
Recognised share of associates' loss for the period	-	-
Total unrecognised losses	(685,450)	(660,575)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

The Company's investments in associates presented on the basis of direct equity interest and represent the following

	2013 £	2012 £
Investment in associates	162,372	162,372
	162,372	162,372

Investments in joint ventures

The Group has the following significant interests in joint ventures

Name of joint venture	Place of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest	Principal activity
Urals Alluvial Platinum Limited	Cyprus	50%	Mineral Evaluation

Summarised financial information in respect of the joint venture is set out below

	2013 £	2012 £
Non-current assets	8,531,481	8,194,814
Current assets	274,069	501,427
Total assets	8,805,550	8,696,241
Non-current liability	(13,481,156)	(12,794,516)
Current liability	(31,518)	(46,028)
Total liabilities	(13,512,674)	(12,840,545)
Non-controlling interest	585,100	489,001
Net liabilities	(4,122,024)	(3,655,303)
Total revenue	-	-
Total loss for the period	(453,568)	(22,606)

Financial information in respect of the joint venture stated above had not been adjusted for the effect of loan fair valuation

14 Other financial assets

	2013		2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Loan to joint venture	2,748,967	2,630,227	2,153,910	2,032,670
Loans to subsidiaries	-	1,258,034	-	1,252,617
Advanced to acquire interest in uranium project	365,070	-	372,755	-
	3,114,037	3,888,261	2,526,665	3,285,287

Loans to joint venture and subsidiaries are provided by the Group on an interest free basis with no fixed date of repayment. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

The Group has remeasured the fair value of the loan due from the joint venture due to the pattern of future cash flows having changed. The loan was discounted using NPV method and the discount of £270,178 (2012: £651,006) has been recognised. Actual repayment schedule and interest chargeable on the loan will be revised by the joint venture partners as soon as the production licence has been granted.

Undiscounted amount of the loan at the end of 2013 is £3,551,411 (2012: £2,804,916).

The monies advanced to the subsidiary enterprises by the Company are on an interest free basis with no fixed date for repayment. As such these amounts represent a net investment in the other members of the Group and are recognised at their full value as there are no indications of impairment.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

14 Other financial assets (continued)

In prior years the Group advanced \$602,000 with the intention to acquire an interest in the Kyrgyzstan company holding the Kamushanovsky uranium exploration licences (note 12). This amount is equivalent to £365,070 using the prevailing rate of exchange at the year end (2012: £372,755).

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of assets mentioned above.

Recoverability of the loans is dependent on the borrower's ability to (i) transform them into cash generating units through discovery of economically recoverable reserves and their development into profitable production or (ii) to complete a sale of all or part of the deposit, which is currently being negotiated (note 12).

15 Trade and other receivables

	2013		2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Trade receivables	34,847	34,863	23,439	161,462
Other receivables	23,867	16,370	16,396	8,921
Prepayments	13,896	13,896	18,599	18,241
Due from subsidiaries	-	107,741	-	64,141
	72,610	172,870	58,434	252,765

The fair value of trade and other receivables is not materially different to the carrying values presented. None of the receivables are secured or past due.

16 Share capital

	2013	2012
<i>Issued and fully paid ordinary shares with a nominal value of 0.1p</i>		
Number	965,468,701	965,468,701
Nominal value (£)	965,469	965,469
<i>Issued and fully paid deferred shares with a nominal value of 4.9p</i>		
Number	143,377,203	143,377,203
Nominal value (£)	7,025,483	7,025,483

Fully paid ordinary shares carry one vote per share and carry the right to dividends.

Deferred shares have attached to them the following rights and restrictions:

- they do not entitle the holders to receive any dividends and distributions,
- they do not entitle the holders to receive notice or to attend or vote at General Meetings of the Company,
- on return of capital on a winding up the holders of the deferred shares are only entitled to receive the amount paid up on such shares after the holders of the ordinary shares have received the sum of 0.1p for each ordinary share held by them and do not have any other right to participate in the assets of the Company.

There was no issue of share capital in 2013 (2012: 288,500,000 shares issued at 1p per share).

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

17 Contingent shares

Share options and warrants outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices

Expiry date	Exercise price in pence per share	Number of options as at 31 December 2013	Number of options as at 31 December 2012
Share options			
24-Nov-13	7 25	-	1,675,000
24-Nov-13	10 00	-	500,000
02-Jun-14	7 25	750,000	750,000
22-Dec-15	1 20	14,500,000	15,000,000
22-Dec-15	1 45	17,000,000	17,000,000
21-Dec-17	7 00	250,000	250,000
		32,500,000	35,175,000
Weighted average exercise price		1 52	1 90
Warrants			
11-Jul-17	1 00	500,000	500,000
		500,000	500,000
Weighted average exercise price		1 50	1 50
Total contingently issuable shares at 31 December		33,000,000	35,675,000

All options were exercisable as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 and all listed warrants were exercisable as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 respectively

18 Reserves

	2013		2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Capital redemption reserve	3,539,906	3,539,906	3,539,906	3,539,906
Foreign currency translation reserve				
At 1 January	(655,438)	-	(668,499)	-
Recognised in the period	(15,057)	-	13,061	-
At 31 December	(670,495)	-	(655,438)	-
Share-based payments reserve				
At 1 January	404,877	404,877	338,187	338,187
Recognised reserve on issue of warrants	-	-	2,880	2 880
Recognised reserve on issue of options	-	-	63,810	63,810
Cancellation of options (note 20)	(5,642)	(5,642)	-	-
At 31 December	399,235	399,235	404,877	404,877
	3,268,646	3,939,141	3,289,345	3,944,783

The capital redemption reserve was created as a result of a share capital restructure in early years

The foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences relating to the translation from the functional currencies of the Group's foreign subsidiaries into GBP

The share-based payments reserve represents (i) reserve arisen on the grant of share options to employees under the employee share option plan, (ii) reserve arisen on the grant of warrants under terms of professional service agreements and (iii) reserve arisen on the grant of warrants

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

19 Trade and other payables

	2013		2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Accruals	42,898	33,802	53,471	36,974
Social security and other taxes	8,406	7,047	9,081	7,479
Other payables	72,853	68,434	75,149	56,994
Due to related party	-	198,583	-	198,583
	124,157	307,866	137,701	300,030

The fair value of trade and other payables is not materially different to the carrying values presented. The above listed payables were all unsecured.

20 Share-based payments

Share options

No share options had been granted by the Group in 2013 (2012: nil).

Movement in number of share options and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	2013		2012	
(Price expressed in pence per share)	Average exercise price	No of options	Average exercise price	No of options
Share options				
At 1 January	1 90	35,175,000	2 03	35,725,000
Granted	-	-	-	-
Expired and forfeited options cancelled	6 63	(2,675,000)	10 00	(550,000)
At 31 December	1 52	32,500,000	1 90	35,175,000

Other than those options which either expired or were forfeited during the year all options were exercisable as at 31 December 2013 and 2012.

Warrants

No warrants were granted by the Group in 2013 (2012: 500,000 warrants).

Movement in number of warrants outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	2013		2012	
(Share price expressed in pence per share)	Average exercise price	No of warrants	Average exercise price	No of warrants
Warrants				
At 1 January	1 50	500,000	1 00	46,850,000
Granted	-	-	1 50	500,000
Expired	-	-	1 00	(46,850,000)
At 31 December	1 50	500,000	1 50	500,000

All listed warrants were exercisable as at 31 December 2013 and 2012 respectively.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

21 Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year

	2013 £	2012 £
Loss attributable to equity holders of the company	(746,024)	(1,331,700)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	965,468,701	803,781,888
Basic loss per share	(0 08)	(0 17)

There is no dilutive effect of share options or warrants

22 Related party transactions

Transactions with subsidiaries and joint venture

In the normal course of business, the Company provides funding to its subsidiaries for reinvestment into exploration projects and manages funds received from partners in joint venture

	2013 £	2012 £
Receivables from subsidiaries	107,741	64,141
Loans provided to subsidiaries	1,258,034	1,252,617
Loan provided to joint venture	2,630,227	2,032,670
Payables to subsidiaries	(198,583)	(198,583)
Compensation of management expenses recharged to joint venture	148,359	149,497

Amounts due from the joint venture have been discounted to recognise the time value of money based on management best estimate of the future repayment period. The amounts owed by subsidiary and joint venture companies are unsecured and receivable on demand but are not expected to be fully received within the next twelve months but when the project reaches such an advanced stage of development that it can be repaid out of the proceeds of either the project's cash flow or through the direct or indirect disposal to a third party of an interest in the project

Transactions with key management personnel

The Group considers that the key management personnel are the directors of the Company

The directors of the Company who held office at 31 December 2013 received the following

	2013 £	2012 £
Short-term benefits	137,032	137,988
Recognised value in respect of share options	-	41,765
	137,032	179,753

The remuneration of the directors is determined by the remuneration committee having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends. No pension contribution has been made for the directors in 2013 (2012: nil)

An analysis of remuneration for each director of the company in the current financial year

	Salaries £	Directors fees £
M. Martineau Non-Executive Chairman	-	20,000
C. Schaffalitzky Managing Director	85,008	-
G. FitzGerald Non-Executive Director	-	15,000
D. Suschov Non-Executive Director	-	15,000
	85,008	50,000

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

23 Operating lease arrangements

Operating leases relate to the office premises with lease terms up to one year. The Group does not have an option to purchase the leased asset at the expiry of the lease period.

	Group £	2013 Company £	Group £	2012 Company £
Payments recognised as an expense				
Minimum lease payments	31,513	24,140	42,385	22,793
Non-cancellable operating lease commitments				
Not longer than 1 year	25,077	19,000	30,086	22,793
Longer than 1 year and not longer than 5 years	7,917	7,917	-	-
Longer than 5 years	-	-	-	-
	32,994	26,917	30,086	22,793

24 Commitments

The Group has no material commitments.

25 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group has no material contingent liabilities and assets (2012 - £nil).

26 Risk management objectives and policies

Financial risk management objectives

The Group's operations are limited at present to investing in entities that undertake mineral exploration. All investments in exploration are capitalised on project basis, which are funded by shareholders funds, fixed rate borrowings and contributions from the partners in joint ventures. The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including currency, fair value and liquidity risk. The Group seeks to minimise the effect of these risks on daily basis, though due to its limited activities the Group has not applied policy of using any financial instruments to a hedge these risks exposures.

Risk management is carried out by the Company under close board supervision.

Foreign currency risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to US Dollars and Russian Roubles. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations. The Group's policy is not to enter into currency hedging transactions.

The Group did not have sufficient exposure to foreign currencies to materially affect the Group's operating results when tested for hypothetical changes in foreign exchange rates.

Interest rate risk

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets, the group's operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

Fair values

In the opinion of the directors, there is no significant difference between the fair values of the Group's and the Company's assets and liabilities and their carrying values.

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

Credit risk

The Group's exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at the statement of financial position date, as summarised below

	2013		2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Non-current loans and advances	3,114,037	3,888,261	2,526,665	3,285,287
Trade and other receivables	72,610	172,870	58,434	252,765
Cash and cash equivalents	361,905	361,087	1,735,420	1,731,199
	3,548,552	4,422,218	4,320,519	5,269,251

The Group's only significant risk is on cash at bank, held principally at an independently "A" rated bank and the loan to the joint venture

No significant amounts are held at banks rated less than "B" Cash is held either on current account or on short-term deposit at floating rate Interest determined by the relevant prevailing base rate The fair value of cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 2013 are not materially different from its carrying value

Recoverability of the loans is dependent on the borrower's ability to transform them into cash generating units through discovery of economically recoverable reserves and their development into profitable production

The Company continuously monitors defaults by the counterparties, identified either individually or by group, and incorporates this information into its credit risk control Management considers that all of the above financial assets that are not impaired are of good credit quality

Liquidity risk

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the board of directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, borrowing facilities, cash and cash equivalent by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities

	Current within 6 months £	6 to 12 months £	Non-current 1 to 5 years £	Non-current later than 5 years £
2013				
Trade and other payables	124,157	-	-	-
	124,157	-	-	-
2012				
Trade and other payables	137,701	-	-	-
	137,701	-	-	-

The following table details the Company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities

	Current within 6 months £	6 to 12 months £	Non-current 1 to 5 years £	Non-current later than 5 years £
2013				
Trade and other payables	109,283	198,583	-	-
	109,283	198,583	-	-
2012				
Trade and other payables	101,447	198,583	-	-
	101,447	198,583	-	-

The tables above have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay The table includes both interest and principal cash flows

The contractual maturities reflect the gross cash flows, which may differ to the carrying values of the liabilities at the statement of financial position date

Notes to the consolidated financial statements continued

For the year ended 31 December 2013

26 Risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Capital risk

At present the Group's capital management objective is to ensure the Group's ability to continue as a going concern

Capital is monitored on the basis of its carrying amount and summarised as follows

	2013		2012	
	Group £	Company £	Group £	Company £
Total borrowings	-	-	-	-
Less cash and cash equivalents	(361,905)	(361,087)	(1,735,420)	(1,731,199)
Net debt	-	-	-	-
Total equity	3,188,974	4,424,134	3,950,055	5,132,397
Total capital	3,188,974	4,424,134	3,950,055	5,132,397
Gearing	0%	0%	0%	0%

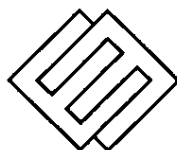
Capital structure is managed depending on economic conditions and risk characteristics of underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust capital structure, the Group may issue new shares and debt financial instruments or sell assets to reduce debt.

27 Events after the statement of financial position date

No other adjusting or significant non-adjusting events have occurred between the statement of financial position date and the date of authorisation of the financial statements.

THIS DOCUMENT IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt about the action you should take, you are recommended to seek your own personal advice from your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser authorised under the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000. If you have sold or otherwise transferred all of your shares in Eurasia Mining plc, please send this document and the Form of Proxy as soon as possible to the purchaser or transferee or to the stockbroker, bank or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected, for transmission to the purchaser or transferee. If you have sold any part of your holding of shares in Eurasia Mining plc, please contact your stockbroker, banker or other agent through whom the sale was effected immediately.



EURASIA MINING PLC

Company No. 3010091

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of Eurasia Mining Plc ("the Company") will be held at The East India Club, 16 St James's Square, London SW1Y 4LH on 19 June 2014 at 11.00 am for the following purposes:

Ordinary Business

As ordinary business to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following as ordinary resolutions:

1. To receive and consider the audited accounts for the period ended 31 December 2013 together with the Directors' and the auditors' reports thereon.
2. To re-appoint Grant Thornton UK LLP as auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next general meeting at which accounts are laid before the Company.
3. To authorise the Directors to determine the remuneration of the auditors of the Company.
4. To re-appoint as a Director, Dmitry Suschov, who is required under the Articles of Association of the Company to retire by rotation and who, is eligible for re-election.
5. That, in accordance with section 551 of the Companies Act 2006, the Directors be generally and unconditionally authorised to allot shares in the Company or grant rights to subscribe for or to convert any security into shares in the Company ("Rights") up to an aggregate nominal amount of £2,000,000 provided that this authority shall, unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company, expire at the end of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held after the date on which this resolution is passed, save that the Company may, before such expiry, make an offer or agreement which would or might require shares to be allotted or Rights to be granted and the Directors may allot shares or grant Rights in pursuance of such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the authority conferred by this resolution has expired. This authority is in substitution for all previous authorities conferred on the Directors in accordance with section 551 of the 2006 Act.

Special Business

As special business, to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following which will be proposed as special resolutions

- 6 THAT, subject to the passing of resolution 5, the Directors be given the general power to allot equity securities (as defined by section 560 of the 2006 Act) for cash, either pursuant to the authority conferred by resolution 5 or by way of a sale of treasury shares, as if section 561(1) of the 2006 Act did not apply to any such allotment, provided that this power shall be limited to
- a the allotment of equity securities in connection with an offer by way of a rights issue to the holders of ordinary shares in proportion (as nearly as may be practicable) to their respective holdings but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the Board may deem necessary or expedient in relation to treasury shares, fractional entitlements, record dates, legal or practical problems in or under the laws of any territory or the requirements of any regulatory body or stock exchange, and
 - b the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to paragraph (a) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal amount of £2,000,000

The power granted by this resolution will expire on the conclusion of the Company's next annual general meeting (unless renewed, varied or revoked by the Company prior to or on such date) save that the Company may, before such expiry make offers or agreements which would or might require equity securities to be allotted after such expiry and the Directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of any such offer or agreement notwithstanding that the power conferred by this resolution has expired

This resolution revokes and replaces all unexercised powers previously granted to the Directors to allot equity securities as section 561(1) of the 2006 Act did not apply but without prejudice to any allotment of equity securities already made or agreed to be made pursuant to such authorities

- 7 TO authorise the Company generally and unconditionally to make market purchases (within the meaning of section 693(4) of the Companies Act 2006) of ordinary shares of 0.1 pence each provided that
- a The maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares that may be purchased is 250,000,000,
 - b The minimum price (excluding expenses) which may be paid for each ordinary share is £0.001,
 - c The maximum price (excluding expenses) which may be paid for each ordinary share is the higher of
 - i 105 per cent of the average market value of an ordinary share in the Company for the five business days prior to the day the purchase is made, and
 - ii the value of an ordinary share calculated on the basis of the higher of the price quoted for
 - the last independent trade of, and
 - the highest current independent bid for,
- any number of the Company's ordinary shares on the trading venue where the purchase is carried out

The authority conferred by this resolution shall expire at the conclusion of the Company's next annual general meeting save that the Company may, before the expiry of the authority granted by this resolution, enter into a contract to purchase ordinary shares which will or may be executed wholly or partly after the expiry of such authority

Dated 2 May 2014

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

M J de Villiers
Secretary

Notes

- 1 A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the meeting convened by this Notice may appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote on a poll in his stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2 To be valid, the enclosed Form of Proxy must be completed and lodged together with the Power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy thereof at the office of the Company's Registrars, Capita Registers, Pxs, The Registry, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent BR3 4TU not less than forty eight hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting.
- 3 Completion of the Form of Proxy does not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting if they so wish.
- 4 The Company, pursuant to Regulation 41 of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001 specifies that only shareholders registered in the register of members of the Company as at 11 00am on 17 June 2014 (being 48 hours prior to the time fixed for the meeting), or, if the meeting is adjourned such time being not more than 48 hours prior to the time fixed for the adjourned meeting, shall be entitled to attend and vote, whether in person or by proxy, at the Annual General Meeting in respect of the number of shares registered in their name at that time. Changes to entries in the register of members after that time shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend or vote at the Annual General Meeting.
- 5 By attending the meeting, members agree to receive any communication at the meeting.
- 6 Biographical details of the Director who is being proposed for re-election by shareholders are set out in the Directors Biographies.
- 7 The total number of ordinary shares of 0.1p in issue as at 08 May 2014 the last practicable day before printing this document was 965 468 701 ordinary shares and the total level of voting rights was 965 468 701, none of which were attached to shares held in treasury by the Company.
- 8 Any corporation which is a member, can appoint one or more corporate representatives who may exercise on its behalf all of its powers as a member provided that they do not do so in relation to the same shares.
- 9 CREST members who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies through the CREST electronic proxy appointment service may do so for the Annual General Meeting to be held on 19 June 2014 at 11 00 am and any adjournment(s) thereof by using the procedures described in the CREST Manual. CREST personal members or other CREST sponsored members, and those CREST members who have appointed a voting service provider should refer to their CREST sponsors or voting service provider(s) who will be able to take the appropriate action on their behalf.
- 10 In order for a proxy appointment or instruction made by means of CREST to be valid, the appropriate CREST message (a "CREST Proxy Instruction") must be properly authenticated in accordance with Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited's specifications and must contain the information required for such instructions as described in the CREST Manual. The message must be transmitted so as to be received by the Company's agent, Capita Registrars Limited (CREST Participant ID RA10) no later than 48 hours before the time appointed for the meeting. For this purpose, the time of receipt will be taken to be the time (as determined by the time stamp applied to the message by the CREST Application Host) from which the Company's agent is able to retrieve the message by enquiry to CREST in the manner prescribed by CREST.
- 11 CREST members and where applicable, their CREST sponsor or voting service provider should note that Euroclear UK & Ireland Limited does not make available special procedures in CREST for any particular messages. Normal system timings and limitations will therefore apply in relation to the input of CREST Proxy Instructions. It is the responsibility of the CREST member concerned to take (or if the CREST member is a CREST personal member or sponsored member or has appointed a voting service provider, to procure that his CREST sponsor or voting service provider takes) such action as shall be necessary to ensure that a message is transmitted by means of the CREST system by any particular time. In this connection CREST members and, where applicable, their CREST sponsor or voting service provider are referred in particular to those sections of the CREST Manual concerning practical limitations of the CREST system and timings. The Company may treat as invalid a CREST Proxy Instruction in the circumstances set out in Regulation 35(5)(a) of the Uncertificated Securities Regulations 2001.
- 12 Copies of the service contracts and letters of appointment of each of the Directors will be available for inspection at the registered office of the Company during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excluded) and at the place of the Annual General Meeting from at least 15 minutes prior to and until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting.
- 13 Copies of the Articles of Association will be available for inspection at the Company's registered office during usual business hours until the date of the Annual General Meeting.



EURASIA MINING PLC

FORM OF PROXY

PLEASE COMPLETE IN BLOCK CAPITALS

I/We

of

(Please insert full name(s) and address(es) in block letters - see Note 1 below)

being (a) member(s) / a person nominated by (a) member(s) of the above-named Company to exercise the right to appoint a proxy, pursuant to Articles of Association of the Company, hereby appoint the Chairman of the meeting or

of

(See Note 3 below)

as my/our proxy or proxies to vote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 19 June 2014 at 11 00 am and at any adjournment of that meeting and to vote at that meeting as indicated below
Please indicate how you wish your proxy or proxies to vote by inserting "X" in the box below Where no "X" is inserted, and on any other resolutions proposed at the meeting, your proxy will vote or abstain from voting as he/she thinks fit

RESOLUTIONS	FOR	AGAINST	VOTE WITHHELD
1 To approve Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2013			
2 To re-appoint Grant Thornton LLP as auditors of the Company			
3 To authorise the Directors to determine the remuneration of the auditors of the Company			
4 To re-appoint Mr Dmitry Suschov as a Director			
5 To authorise the Directors to allot relevant securities pursuant to section 551 of the Companies Act 2006			
6 To authorise the Directors to allot equity securities pursuant to section 571 of the Companies Act 2006			
7 To authorise the Company to buy back its own shares pursuant to sections 593 and 710 of the Companies Act 2006			

Please tick here if this proxy appointment is one of multiple appointments being made ☐

Signed

Dated

Full name and address

PLEASE COMPLETE IN BLOCK CAPITALS

NOTES

- To appoint as a proxy a person other than the Chairman of the meeting insert the full name in the space provided. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. You can also appoint more than one proxy provided each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by you. The following options are available:
 - To appoint the Chairman as your sole proxy in respect of all your shares, simply fill in any voting instructions in the appropriate box and sign and date the Form of Proxy
 - To appoint a person other than the Chairman as your sole proxy in respect of all your shares, delete the words 'the Chairman of the meeting (or)' and insert the name of your proxy in the spaces provided. Then fill in any voting instructions in the appropriate box and sign and date the Form of Proxy
 - To appoint more than one proxy, you may photocopy this form. Please indicate the proxy holder's name and the number of shares in relation to which they are authorised to act as your proxy (which, in aggregate, should not exceed the number of shares held by you). Please also indicate if the proxy instruction is one of multiple instructions being given. If you wish to appoint the Chairman as one of your multiple proxies, simply write 'the Chairman of the Meeting'. All forms must be signed and should be returned together in the same envelope
- Unless otherwise indicated the proxy will vote as he thinks fit or, at his discretion, abstain from voting
- The Form of Proxy below must arrive not later than 48 hours before the time set for the meeting at to Capita Registrars Pxs The Registry 34 Beckenham Road Beckenham, Kent BR3 4TU during usual business hours accompanied by any Power of attorney under which it is executed (if applicable)
- A corporation must execute the Form of Proxy under either its common seal or the hand of a duly authorised officer or attorney
- The Form of Proxy is for use in respect of the shareholder account specified above only and should not be amended or submitted in respect of a different account
- The 'Vote Withheld' option is to enable you to abstain on any particular resolution. Such a vote is not a vote in law and will not be counted in the votes 'For' and 'Against' a resolution
- Shares held in uncertificated form (i.e. in CREST) may be voted through the CREST Proxy Voting Service in accordance with the procedures set out in the CREST manual
- Completion and return of the Form of Proxy will not preclude you from attending and voting in person at the Meeting should you subsequently decide to do so
- If you prefer, you may return the proxy form to the Registrar in an envelope addressed to FREEPOST RLYX-GZTU-KRRG, Capita Registrars (Pxs) 34 Beckenham Road Beckenham Kent BR3 4TU

Company Information

Directors

M Martineau (*Non-Executive Chairman*)
C Schaffalitzky (*Managing Director*)
G FitzGerald (*Non-Executive Director*)
D Suschov (*Non-Executive Director*)

Secretary

M J de Villiers

Head Office and Registered Office

2nd Floor, 85-87 Borough High Street
London SE1 1NH

Telephone +44 (0) 20 7932 0418

Facsimile +44 (0) 20 7976 6283

E-mail info@eurasiamining.co.uk

www.eurasiamining.co.uk

Russian Office

194 Lunacharsky Street

Ekaterinburg

Russia

Telephone +7 3432 615187

Facsimile +7 3432 615924

Company Number 3010091

ADVISERS

Registrars

Capita Registrars Limited
The Registry
34 Beckenham Road
Beckenham
Kent BR3 4TU

Auditors

Grant Thornton UK LLP
Grant Thornton House
Melton Street
Euston Square
London NW1 2EP

Bankers

Barclays Bank plc
Town Gate House
Church Street East
Woking, Surrey
GU21 6AE

Solicitors

Gowlings (UK) LLP
15th Floor, 125 Old Broad Street
London EC2N 1AR

Nominated Adviser and Stockbrokers

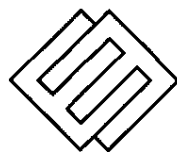
WH Ireland Limited
24 Martin Lane
London EC4R 0DR

and

11 St James's Square
Manchester M2 6WH

Financial Advisers

Loeb Aron & Company Ltd
Georgian House
63 Coleman Street
London EC2R 5BB



EURASIA MINING PLC

2nd Floor, 85-87 Borough High Street
London SE1 1NH

Telephone +44 (0) 20 7932 0418
E-mail info@eurasiamining.co.uk
www.eurasiamining.co.uk