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Quarterly Report **August 2, 2007**

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Clariant Reports Good Sales Growth for the First Half of 2007

- > **Sales up 5% in local currency; 6% in Swiss Francs**
- > **Prices up 1% with additional price increases announced**
- > **Lower SG&A costs and supply chain improvements due to progress on strategic initiatives**
- > **Unfavorable currency effects as well as rising raw material and energy costs impacted profitability**
- > **Measures to reduce net working capital on track, positive effect on inventories**
- > **Outlook for 2007 confirmed—company on course to meet strategic goals**

Key Financial Group Figures

	2007		First Half				Second Quarter	
	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	2007		2006	% of sales
					CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales
Continuing operations:								
Sales	4 336	100.0	4 081	100.0	2 180	100.0	2 033	100.0
Local currency growth (LC):	5%				4%			
<i>Organic growth¹</i>	4%				3%			
<i>Acquisitions/Divestitures</i>	1%				1%			
Currencies	1%				3%			
Gross profit	1 297	29.9	1 285	31.5	626	28.7	650	32.0
EBITDA before exceptionals*	430	9.9	426	10.4	211	9.7	201	9.9
EBITDA*	406	9.4	397	9.7	196	9.0	178	8.8
Operating income before exceptionals*	294	6.8	298	7.3	142	6.5	138	6.8
Operating income	266	6.1	225	5.5	127	5.8	71	3.5
Net income from continuing operations	174	4.0	122	3.0	88	4.0	26	1.3
Operating cash flow (total operations)	12		53		7		62	
Discontinued operations:								
Sales	81		225		35		112	
Net loss from discontinued operations	- 101		- 107		- 99		- 105	
Other key figures:								
	30.06.2007		31.12.2006					
Net debt	1 655		1 556					
Equity (including minorities)	2 546		2 433					
Gearing	65%		64%					
Number of employees	21 338		21 748					

¹ Throughout this statement the term "organic growth" is being used. It means volume and price effects excluding the impacts of changes in FX rates and acquisitions/divestitures.

* See Definitions of Terms of Financial Measurement on page 11.

MUTTENZ, Switzerland – August 2, 2007

Clariant announced a rise in sales in the First Half of 2007, with growth of 5% in local currency terms and 6% in Swiss Franc terms, compared with the First Half of 2006. Sales rose to CHF 4.336 billion from CHF 4.081 billion a year earlier, with continued strong demand across all divisions.

The gross margin decreased to 29.9% from 31.5 % due to an increase in energy costs and a 4% rise in raw material prices. While Clariant managed to increase prices by 1%, the company was adversely affected by a sharp increase in raw materials costs, which affected the Pigment & Additives and the Textile, Leather & Paper Chemicals divisions in particular. Currency effects also negatively impacted Clariant's gross profit.

The company's efforts to sustainably reduce sales, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) helped mitigate an erosion in margins. SG&A costs, as a percentage of sales, were lowered to 20.9% from 22.1%. Operating income before exceptional items reached CHF 294 million and remained stable compared to First Half of 2006 (CHF 298 million). The adverse currency effect on EBIT in the First Half of 2007 was approximately CHF 35 million. The EBIT margin before exceptionals declined to 6.8% from 7.3%. Net income from continuing operations increased to CHF 174 million from CHF 122 million in the same period of 2006.

The focus on cash flow improvement resulted in a decrease of inventories to 97 days from 106 days over the past 12 months. This had an effect on profitability as it led to expected lower capacity utilization. Other measures to decrease net working capital are on track with further improvements expected for the Second Half of the year.

STRATEGIC INITIATIVES ON TRACK

In line with the company's short and mid term targets, the strategic initiatives that were announced in November 2006 have started to bear fruit. SG&A cost reductions, product pruning and site review activities are well underway.

- SG&A costs were decreased mainly thanks to supply chain improvements and lower corporate project costs. In the businesses, cost reductions are on track, the benefits of which will be seen in the Second Half. One example of this was the closure of 5 out of 7 textile laboratories in Europe in the First Half of 2007.

- Furthermore, the site restructuring measures that were announced at the end of 2006 are on track. As one example, two sites in France were closed and one further closure announced.
- Clariant's strong focus on prices has resulted in a 1% selling price increase in the First Half of 2007. Further increases have been announced and are expected to show results in the Second Half of the year.
- The disposal of the Custom Manufacturing Business to International Chemical Investors Group has been completed. This highlights Clariant's strategy to focus on its core competencies in colors, surfaces and performance chemicals. As announced last quarter, the transaction has led to a book loss of CHF 79 million in the Second Quarter.

"We achieved strong top-line growth with increased prices, but profitability clearly remains disappointing," said Jan Secher, Clariant's chief executive officer. "At the beginning of 2007 we said that our priorities for the year would be to reduce our SG&A costs and our net working capital. It is encouraging to see that the measures taken in these areas are starting to bear fruit. We expect this to continue in the Second Half of the year, a clear evidence of our commitment to deliver both on our short and mid-term targets," Mr. Secher said.

STEADY GROWTH FOR ALL DIVISIONS

Integration of the Ciba masterbatches business fully completed

Masterbatches generated sales growth of 10%, equivalent to organic growth of 4%. Demand for plastics remained robust, although sales slowed down in the Second Quarter from the First Quarter. Margins before exceptionals dropped to 9.3% from 10.0%, due to the now completed integration of the Ciba masterbatches business. The related costs were in line with expectations but were realized ahead of schedule due to the accelerated integration. Consequently profitability already began to recover in the Second Quarter. The business remained resilient in the US and was strong in Latin America. The division has expanded capacity in Asia and at the same time tackled non performing units in this region.

Pigments & Additives sees continued growth

The Pigments & Additives Division reported organic growth of 3% for the First Half. The Coating as well as the Plastics business saw solid demand whereas the Printing business continued to face a challenging business climate. Operating margins before exceptionals fell to 9.2% from 13.0% mainly due to the strongest negative currency effects within the Group and a sharp increase in raw material prices. Under the leadership of Okke Koo, who assumed his role as division head on August 1, Pigments & Additives will implement further measures to improve performance, raise prices and reduce costs.

Paper Business drives Textile, Leather & Paper

The Textile, Leather & Paper Chemicals Division posted organic growth of 3% in the First Half. The profitability of the division was strongly impacted by raw material price increases. The Paper business continued to see strong volume growth with increased demand for paper dyes and chemicals, while the Textile business saw moderate growth. The markets for Clariant's Leather business weakened significantly. Operating margins before exceptionals were steady at a low level of 6.9%. As announced previously, Philippe Royer assumed his role as new head of the division on July 1. He will have a strong focus on implementing further price increases and cost reductions.

Functional Chemicals further increases its capabilities in oilfield services

Functional Chemicals achieved a 5% rise in organic growth in the First Half, with a strong performance, in particular from oilfields services and crop protection chemicals. The division was able to offset higher raw material costs with price increases. However, operating margins before exceptionals fell to 7.2% from 7.8%, mainly driven by the low performance in the Specialty Intermediate business as well as the Detergents business. In line with the Group strategy these two product driven businesses have been combined effective August 1, 2007 in an effort to reduce complexity and create a leaner cost structure.

Strong growth in Asia

Asia continued to post the strongest organic growth, up 9% in the First Half, driven by a 23% increase from China. Europe achieved a steady 1% organic growth in the First Half. Germany accounted for 2% growth, while the southern part of Europe saw a decline. The Americas posted a 4% increase in First Half growth. While Latin America grew solidly, the U.S. market – as expected - declined 1% due to continued lower demand from the housing, automotive and plastic industries.

OUTLOOK FOR FULL YEAR MAINTAINED

Clariant confirmed its outlook for the Full Year. The company anticipates a broadly stable macroeconomic climate, continued high raw material and energy costs and a stabilized exchange rate environment.

Clariant expects higher sales in local currency terms in 2007 with an increase in operating income before exceptional items from continuing operations, with margins remaining stable. Clariant also expects higher cash flow from operations before exceptional items - driven by further net working capital reduction - as well as an improvement in recurring net income.

“Our priority for the rest of the year will be to improve the cash flow, further implement price increases and continue to reduce SG&A costs,” Mr. Secher said. “We are fully committed to delivering on our 2007 goals with a clear focus on reaching our ROIC targets in the medium term.”

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Financial Review

Financial Discussion Second Quarter

Economic Environment

The global economy continues to enjoy what is a strong period of sustained growth, mainly owing to the very strong performance from the emerging markets. The US economy, affected by the sharp correction in housing market activity, showed improved growth in selected areas of the economy. Europe continues to deliver solid growth, and the Japanese economy is showing signs of a sustainable recovery. The global economic trend is the main driver of the strong demand for energy. The oil price has approached record levels and, given the latest price movements, is set to remain high.

Currencies continued to trend in the same direction as they did during the First Quarter. Compared to the average exchange rate in the Second Quarter of 2006, the euro and sterling continued to appreciate against the Swiss franc whereas the Japanese yen and the US dollar weakened considerably against the Swiss currency.

Sales and Operating Results

Consolidated sales from continuing operations increased by a robust 7% in Swiss franc terms and 4% in local currency terms compared to the Second Quarter of the previous year. Stripping out the effect of the acquisition of Ciba's Masterbatches unit, organic growth was 3% in local currency. Minor price increases were implemented during the quarter.

The **gross margin** decreased to 28.7% in the Second Quarter of 2007 compared with 32.0% in the same period a year earlier. This decline was attributable mainly to sharp increases in raw material (4% year on year) and energy costs as well as to further inventory devaluations in Latin America due to the strengthening of the local currencies.

Selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) amounted to 20.0% of sales compared to 22.9% in the Second Quarter of 2006. This improvement in overhead costs was driven by cost-cutting initiatives, lower supply chain related project costs compared to the previous year, and a one-time gain from the sale of a production plant in the UK.

Research and development costs rose to CHF 54 million in the Second Quarter of 2007, from CHF 53 million in the previous year.

Income from associates amounted to CHF 7 million in the Second Quarter of 2007 and therefore remained stable compared to the prior-year period.

Restructuring costs and impairment losses in the amount of CHF 16 million primarily reflect restructuring activities in France, the USA, Spain, and Portugal.

Net financial result stood at CHF 1 million in the Second Quarter of 2007, an improvement of CHF 26 million compared with the prior-year period. This was driven mainly by foreign exchange gains, which were a positive CHF 25 million compared to a positive CHF 3 million in 2006. In addition, the net interest result improved by CHF 4 million year on year despite higher interest rates globally. This improvement was chiefly attributable to an optimized mix of net debt throughout the First and Second Quarters of 2007.

Tax expenses in the second quarter of 2007 were affected by a decline in the proportion of profits being generated in low-tax countries and by impairment and restructuring costs that were only partly tax-effective.

Net income from continuing operations amounted to CHF 88 million in the Second Quarter of 2007, up from CHF 26 million in the same period of 2006.

The **loss from discontinued operations** amounted to CHF 99 million in the Second Quarter of 2007, including a 79 million Swiss Franc book loss on the disposal of the Custom Manufacturing business. The prior-year figure included the book loss on the disposal of the pharmaceutical fine chemicals business.

Balance Sheet Key Figures

Total assets increased from CHF 7.188 billion at the end of 2006 (March 2007: CHF 7.429 billion) to CHF 7.750 billion as of June 30, 2007. Moderate increases in inventories and trade receivables, a payment to the pension plan assets, and the investment of a large part of the proceeds of the newly launched Swiss franc bond into short-term financial assets were all contributing factors.

Cash and cash equivalents increased from CHF 443 million at the end of 2006 to CHF 461 million as of June 30, 2007.

Current financial debt increased from CHF 623 million at the end of 2006 to CHF 1.028 billion as of June 30, 2007, whereas non-current financial debt decreased from CHF 1.376 billion at the end of 2006 to CHF 1.268 billion as of June 30, 2007. This was the result of a CHF 384 million bond due in March 2008 being reclassified from non-current to current debt and the launch of a bond in the amount of CHF 250 million.

Equity increased from CHF 2.433 billion at the end of 2006 to CHF 2.546 billion as of June 30, 2007. This was due to a net income of CHF 73 million during the reporting period and the positive impact of FX movements. The euro and the Brazilian real in particular were contributing factors. These positive impacts were partly offset by a CHF 57 million reduction in the nominal share capital.

Net debt increased from CHF 1.556 billion at the end of 2006 to CHF 1.655 billion as of June 30, 2007. On March 31 2007, net debt was CHF 1.544 billion.

Gearing, which reflects net financial debt in relation to equity including minorities, increased from 64% at the end of 2006 to 65% as of June 30, 2007.

Cash Flow

Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital was CHF 102 million for the Second Quarter of 2007 compared to CHF 120 million for the prior quarter and CHF 186 million for the same period a year earlier. In 2006 Clariant benefited from a one-time tax refund in Germany in the amount of CHF 17 million.

Operating cash flow for the first six months of 2007 was CHF 222 million compared to CHF 315 million for the first six months of 2006. Cash flow was negatively impacted by the weakening performance of the Discontinued Operations, namely the Custom Manufacturing business.

Working capital increased by CHF 95 million during the Second Quarter of 2007, compared to an increase of CHF 124 million for the same period in 2006. In the first six months of 2007, working capital increased by CHF 210 million, compared to an increase of CHF 262 million for the same period a year earlier. The working capital requirements were influenced by lower inventory levels and to a lower extent by higher trade receivables. As a result of the change of the operating model and thus changed procedures in the VAT clearance Clariant saw a substantial increase in VAT receivables, an effect that is expected to come to a halt in the near future. Changes in other current assets further includes a CHF 38 million non-recurring payment into the pension plan in the UK, which resulted in an increase in pension plan assets.

Cash flow from operating activities stood at CHF 7 million for the Second Quarter of 2007 compared to CHF 5 million for the prior quarter and CHF 62 million for the same period of 2006. For the first six months of 2007, cash flow from operating activities amounted to CHF 12 million compared to CHF 53 million for the same period a year earlier.

Capital expenditure (PPE) stood at CHF 75 million for the Second Quarter compared to CHF 57 million for the First Quarter of 2007 and CHF 102 million for the same period a year earlier. For the first six months of 2007, capital expenditure amounted to CHF 132 million compared to CHF 164 million for the first six months of 2006. Other significant divestment activities in 2007 included the disposal of the DMS business in Germany which was reported in the First Quarter. This formed part of the Custom Manufacturing business and had been classified as a Discontinued Operations. On June 29, 2007, Clariant completed the disposal of the remainder of its Custom Manufacturing activities to International Chemical Investors Group (ICIG). Both transactions resulted in a cash outflow from the Group totaling CHF 9 million.

Business Discussion Second Quarter

Textile, Leather & Paper Chemicals

	First Half				Second Quarter			
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales
Sales	1 198		1 155		618		591	
EBITDA before exceptionals	119	9.9	113	9.8	67	10.8	61	10.3
Operating income before exceptionals	83	6.9	78	6.8	49	7.9	44	7.4
Operating income	74	6.2	78	6.8	41	6.6	45	7.6

See Definitions of Terms of Financial Measurements on page 11.

In the Second Quarter of the year, the **Textile, Leather & Paper Chemicals** division increased sales by a further 1% in organic terms and 5% in Swiss franc terms. This growth was achieved in an environment of still-solid but slightly lower demand and price pressures. Growth within the business segments varied, however: while sales in the Paper Business continued to be robust, and the Textile Business also delivered good rates of growth, there were clear signs that, in the Leather Business, the cycle was starting to turn down. In regional terms, growth was underpinned mainly by business in Asia, Latin America, and the emerging markets.

Despite higher raw material costs, partially caused by scarcity of raw materials, and unfavorable currency effects, profitability improved slightly due to a lower cost base and the aforementioned volume growth.

In the **Textile Business**, all units achieved a further increase in sales compared with the prior-year period. In Technical Textiles, demand remained high, while in Finishing, the demand trend showed further improvement, driven mainly by China. Technical Textiles launched a new product line in C6 fluorochemistry. A further highlight within this business was the positive trend in Textile Dyes resulting from the focused product portfolio.

Regionally, core textile markets such as Asia and the emerging markets continued to grow, whereas Europe and especially North America showed further weakness.

The **Paper Business** delivered strong volume growth in the Second Quarter. Demand for optical brightening agents remained high and made a key contribution to growth. Paper dyes and paper chemicals in particular experienced an increase in demand. Growth was driven by Asia, the emerging markets, and, to a lesser extent, Latin America. The Emulcoat® product range (barrier paper coatings), which is being progressively rolled out among customers, generated its first sales revenue during the Second Quarter.

The **Leather Business** achieved only low growth year-on-year, although price increases were accompanied by slightly higher volumes. Demand for leather chemicals dwindled across all business; with the exception of Asia, all regions showed the same negative trend.

The downturn in Finishing and wet-end dyes had the biggest impact on the financial result.

Pigments & Additives

	First Half						Second Quarter	
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales
Sales	1 061		1 016		538		517	
EBITDA before exceptionals	138	13.0	172	16.9	59	11.0	85	16.4
Operating income before exceptionals	98	9.2	132	13.0	39	7.2	65	12.6
Operating income	97	9.1	130	12.8	38	7.1	64	12.4

See Definitions of Terms of Financial Measurements on page 11.

The **Pigments & Additives** division continued to grow in the Second Quarter of the year, with organic growth of 1% year on year. The exchange rate effect was positive, leading to 4% top-line growth in Swiss franc terms. All businesses achieved positive growth in an environment of persistent price pressures. While the businesses in North America turned down after showing strong growth in the prior-year period, Europe, the emerging markets, and, to a lesser extent, Asia continued to be the Division's main growth drivers.

Profitability was depressed primarily by higher raw material costs, unfavorable currency effects and anticipated lower capacity utilization.

Healthy growth continues in the **Coating industry**. All regions with the exception of the US showed solid growth. The positive trend also continued in the markets comprising the automotive, construction, and paint industries.

Europe, the main growth driver, was very stable, while China and Latin America produced double-digit growth rates.

Chemicals for the **Plastic industry** generated strong sales, driven mainly by volumes. The positive demand in the various end-user industries showed a slight downward trend. In particular, waxes and antioxidants were in very strong demand. Regionally, the trend was the same as at division level.

Competition in the **Printing industry** remains a challenge. Volume growth more than offset the decline in prices. In the market for pigments for publication inks, competitive pressures are increasing as the insourcing trend among major ink manufacturers intensifies. Meanwhile, demand for specialties such as non-impact printing in the important Japanese market showed strong, single-digit growth.

Products in **Specialties business** continued to deliver high rates of growth. This positive trend was driven mainly by products containing the Exolit® halogen-free flame retardants and by the Licocene® waxes. Growth is underpinned mainly by Germany and Europe.

Masterbatches

	First Half				Second Quarter			
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales
Sales	722		643		363		319	
EBITDA before exceptionals	84	11.6	80	12.4	43	11.8	37	11.6
Operating income before exceptionals	67	9.3	64	10.0	35	9.6	29	9.1
Operating income	49	6.8	61	9.5	32	8.8	29	9.1

See Definitions of Terms of Financial Measurements on page 11.

In the Second Quarter of the year, the **Masterbatches Division** again showed stable sales growth, underpinned by the effects of acquisitions. Together with the newly integrated Ciba Masterbatches business, it achieved growth of 10% in local currencies and 14% in Swiss franc terms. Organic growth was 3% in local currency terms. The positive sales trend was driven mainly by higher sales volumes as well as by price increases. Weaker sales in North America, further increases in raw material prices, and operating costs resulting from the accelerated integration of the Ciba Masterbatches business on the other hand weighed on profitability. Altogether, operating income before exceptionals increased by 21% to CHF 35 million compared to the Second Quarter of 2006.

In the end-user segments, the picture was unchanged versus the First Quarter of the year. Demand in the packaging, resins and textile segments remained solid. The plastics market as a whole continues to show good growth, albeit at a slower pace, especially in the US.

At a regional level, the picture varied considerably. Sales in North America declined, mainly owing to weaker demand in the housing and automotive industries. Rising sales, in Germany in particular, resulted in good growth for Europe. In France, two production plants were closed during the quarter and the products successfully transferred to other European sites. Asia also showed a strong rise in sales, underpinned mainly by double-digit growth rates in China. As Clariant completed the announced sale of its Australian business during the Second Quarter, this business only contributed to the Division's results in April. The net effect on sales in 2007 is estimated to be a decrease of CHF 15 million. The businesses in New Zealand were successfully strengthened and expanded on the same scale. In Latin America, sales growth remained above-average across all sectors.

Functional Chemicals

	First Half				Second Quarter			
	2007		2006		2007		2006**	
	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales	CHF mn	% of sales
Sales	1 355		1 267		661		606	
EBITDA before exceptionals	132	9.7	130	10.3	56	8.5	56	9.2
Operating income before exceptionals	98	7.2	99	7.8	39	5.9	41	6.8
Operating income	99	7.3	77	6.1	37	5.6	19	3.1

** Restated to include Life Science Chemicals Division, a separate division in 2006, which has become a part of Functional Chemical Division in 2007.

See Definitions of Terms of Financial Measurements on page 11.

In the Second Quarter of the year, the **Functional Chemicals Division** further increased its sales compared with the previous year. Organic growth was up 5% from a year earlier and was driven by higher selling prices and better volumes. Foreign exchange effects were positive, amounting to 9% growth in Swiss franc terms. Regionally, Asia and America showed a strong growth pattern, whereas Europe experienced slightly lower levels of demand. The division was able to offset higher raw material costs through price increases. The operational result was hindered by Detergents and Specialty Intermediates.

Detergents continued to show good volume growth across all regions. The increase in sales is attributable to both solid demand among consumers and newly acquired businesses. Although selling prices were also increased year on year, this was not enough to compensate for the ongoing rises in raw material and energy costs. Growth was achieved across all regions.

Performance Chemicals showed a solid performance in the Second Quarter, achieving slightly higher selling prices and increases in volumes. As in the previous quarter, the Crop Protection business continued its positive seasonal trend and improved sales year on year. In addition, the positive demand for Construction Chemicals continued. Only Specialty Intermediates (glyoxylic acid derivative products) showed some weakness and has so far been unable to compensate for the recent raw material price increases. Latin America stood out as a particularly strong growth region.

Process Chemicals expanded its sales in comparison with the prior-year period. In what is traditionally the weakest quarter of the year, both sales volumes and selling prices increased year on year. Growth was particularly driven by Clariant's Oil Services, Metal Working and Mining Chemicals businesses. Latin and North America, as well as Special Markets, performed especially well.

Regions

Sales	First Half								Second Quarter			
CHF mn	2007	% of sales	2006	% of sales	CHF %	LC %	2007	% of sales	2006	% of sales	CHF %	LC %
Europe	2 151	49.6	2014	49.3	7	2	1 063	48.8	999	49.1	6	1
<i>of which Germany</i>	630		589		7	2	309		288		7	2
<i>of which Switzerland</i>	75		76		- 1	- 5	37		38		- 3	- 5
Americas	1 182	27.3	1 157	28.4	2	4	591	27.1	560	27.6	6	4
<i>of which USA</i>	523		547		- 4	- 1	251		257		- 2	- 1
Asia / Australia / Africa	1 003	23.1	910	22.3	10	11	526	24.1	474	23.3	11	10
Total continuing operations	4 336	100.0	4 081	100.0	6	5	2 180	100.0	2 033	100.0	7	4
Discontinued operations	81		225				35		112			

Europe

European sales accounted for 49% of the Group total in the Second Quarter of 2007. Organic growth (excluding the impact of the acquisition of Ciba's Masterbatches business) in the Second Quarter of 2007 was flat compared with the same quarter of previous year. While Turkey (+14%) and Eastern European countries (+14%) delivered a positive performance, Southern European countries in particular slipped into negative territory (Italy -6%, Spain -5%). Germany – Clariant's most important market by far – reported selective growth, contributing a solid 2% and showing above-average improvements in the Paper, Coatings, Detergents, and Process Chemicals segments. In France, the integration of the Ciba's Masterbatches business is on track.

Americas

Sales in the Americas accounted for 27% of the Group total. The regional picture showed a clear split. North American sales declined by 1% while Latin America, led by Argentina (+20%), Venezuela (+20%), and Brazil (+9%), recorded strong sales growth compared with the Second Quarter of 2006.

Asia, Africa, Australia

This region delivered organic growth of 8% and accounted for 24% of Group sales in the Second Quarter of 2007. China continued to be the main growth engine, contributing 20% thanks to double-digit growth across all divisions. Japan moved into positive territory and in the Second Quarter of 2007 delivered year-on-year growth of 2% in local currency terms.

Definition of Terms of Financial Measurements

The following financial measurements are supplementary financial indicators. They should be considered in addition to, not as a substitute for, operating income, net income, operating cash flow and other measures of financial performance and liquidity reported in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

EBITDA – (Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization) is calculated as operating income plus depreciation of PPE, plus impairment of PPE/Goodwill and amortization of intangibles and can be reconciled from the Condensed Financial Statements as follows:

EBITDA (Continuing)

	First Half		Second Quarter	
CHF mn	2007	2006	2007	2006
Operating income	266	225	127	71
+ Depreciation of PPE	133	125	68	62
+ Impairment of PPE / Goodwill	4	44	–	44
+ Amortization of other intangibles	3	3	1	1
EBITDA	406	397	196	178

EBITDA before exceptional items

– is calculated as EBITDA plus expenses for restructuring and impairment less impairment of PPE/goodwill and gain/ loss on disposals.

EBITDA before exceptionals (Continuing)

	First Half		Second Quarter	
CHF mn	2007	2006	2007	2006
EBITDA	406	397	196	178
+ Restructuring and impairment	29	73	16	67
- Impairment of PPE / Goodwill (reported under Restructuring and impairment)	- 4	- 44	–	- 44
- Gain on disposals of subsidiaries and associates	- 1	–	- 1	–
EBITDA before exceptionals	430	426	211	201

Operating income before exceptional items

– is calculated as operating income plus restructuring and impairment and gain/loss on disposals

Operating income before exceptionals (Continuing)

	First Half		Second Quarter	
CHF mn	2007	2006	2007	2006
Operating income	266	225	127	71
+ Restructuring and Impairment	29	73	16	67
- Gain on disposals of subsidiaries and associates	- 1	–	- 1	–
Operating income before exceptionals	294	298	142	138

Net debt

– is the sum of current and non-current financial debt less cash and cash equivalents and current deposits reported in other current assets.

Net Debt

CHF mn	30.06.2007	31.12.2006
Non-current financial debt	1 268	1 376
+ Current financial debt	1 028	623
- Cash and cash equivalents	- 461	- 443
- Current deposits 90 to 365 days	- 180	–
Net Debt	1 655	1 556

Condensed Financial Statement of the Clariant Group

at June 30, 2007

Consolidated balance sheets (unaudited)

Assets	30.06.2007		31.12.2006	
	CHF mn	%	CHF mn	%
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	2 498		2 422	
Intangible assets	337		335	
Investments in associates	274		288	
Financial assets	55		63	
Prepaid pension assets	127		90	
Deferred income tax assets	116		89	
Total non-current assets	3 407	44.0	3 287	45.7
Current assets				
Inventories	1 564		1 513	
Trade receivables	1 618		1 446	
Other current assets ¹	673		378	
Cash and cash equivalents	461		443	
Current income tax receivables	22		24	
Total current assets	4 338	56.0	3 804	52.9
Non-current assets held for sale	5	0.0	97	1.4
Total assets	7 750	100.0	7 188	100.0
Equity and liabilities				
	CHF mn	%	CHF mn	%
Capital and reserves attributable to Clariant shareholders				
Share capital	978		1 035	
Treasury shares (par value)	- 10		- 16	
Other reserves	719		648	
Retained earnings	796		706	
	2 483		2 373	
Minority interests	63		60	
Total equity	2 546	32.9	2 433	33.8
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Financial debts	1 268		1 376	
Deferred income tax liabilities	227		183	
Retirement benefit obligations	511		495	
Provision for non-current liabilities	297		244	
Total non-current liabilities	2 303	29.7	2 298	32.0
Current liabilities				
Trade payables	1 290		1 207	
Financial debts	1 028		623	
Current income tax liabilities	223		215	
Provision for current liabilities	360		351	
Total current liabilities	2 901	37.4	2 396	33.3
Liabilities directly associated with non-current assets held for sale	–	0.0	61	0.9
Total liabilities	5 204	67.1	4 755	66.2
Total equity and liabilities	7 750	100.0	7 188	100.0

¹ Includes short-term deposits of CHF180 million (2006: CHF 0)

Consolidated income statements (unaudited)

	First Half				Second Quarter			
	2007		2006		2007		2006	
	CHF mn	%	CHF mn	%	CHF mn	%	CHF mn	%
Sales	4 336	100.0	4 081	100.0	2 180	100.0	2 033	100.0
Costs of goods sold	- 3 039	70.1	- 2 796	68.5	- 1 554	71.3	- 1 383	68.0
Gross profit	1 297	29.9	1 285	31.5	626	28.7	650	32.0
Marketing and distribution	- 708	16.3	- 662	16.2	- 361	16.5	- 335	16.5
Administration and general overhead costs	- 200	4.6	- 239	5.9	- 76	3.5	- 131	6.4
Research and development	- 107	2.5	- 102	2.5	- 54	2.5	- 53	2.6
Income from associates	12	0.3	16	0.4	7	0.3	7	0.3
Gain from the disposal of subsidiaries and associates	1	0.0	–	0.0	1	0.0	–	0.0
Restructuring and impairment	- 29	0.7	- 73	1.8	- 16	0.7	- 67	3.3
Operating income	266	6.1	225	5.5	127	5.8	71	3.5
Finance income	13	0.3	14	0.3	8	0.4	9	0.4
Finance costs ¹	- 32	0.7	- 70	1.7	- 7	0.3	- 34	1.6
Income before taxes	247	5.7	169	4.1	128	5.9	46	2.3
Taxes	- 73	1.7	- 47	1.1	- 40	1.9	- 20	1.0
Net income from continuing operations	174	4.0	122	3.0	88	4.0	26	1.3
Discontinued operations:								
Income from discontinued operations	- 101		- 107		- 99		- 105	
Net income	73		15		- 11		- 79	
Attributable to:								
Shareholders of Clariant Ltd	68		11		- 13		- 81	
Minority interests	5		4		2		2	
Net income	73	1.7	15	0.4	- 11	0.5	- 79	3.9
Basic earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of Clariant Ltd (CHF/share):								
Continuing operations	0.74		0.52		0.38		0.11	
Discontinued operations	- 0.44		- 0.47		- 0.43		- 0.46	
Total	0.30		0.05		- 0.05		- 0.35	
Diluted earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of Clariant Ltd (CHF/share):								
Continuing operations	0.74		0.52		0.38		0.11	
Discontinued operations	- 0.44		- 0.47		- 0.43		- 0.46	
Total	0.30		0.05		- 0.05		- 0.35	

¹ Currency impact YTD 2007 of CHF +30 mn vs YTD June 2006 of CHF -8 mn.

Consolidated statements of cash flows (unaudited)

	First Half		Second Quarter	
CHF mn	2007	2006	2007	2006
Net income	73	15	- 11	- 79
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (PPE)	133	135	68	66
Impairment and reversal of impairment	11	44	3	44
Amortization of intangible assets	3	3	1	2
Changes in provisions and taxes	79	76	51	72
Interest paid	- 74	- 36	- 51	- 9
Income taxes paid	- 49	- 12	- 17	- 14
Loss from the disposal of discontinued operations	75	92	88	92
Gain before taxes from the disposal of subsidiaries and associates	- 1	—	- 1	—
Other non-cash items	- 28	- 2	- 29	12
Cash flow before changes in working capital	222	315	102	186
Changes in inventories	- 38	- 159	26	- 55
Changes in trade receivables	- 96	- 87	- 21	- 59
Changes in trade payables	- 25	- 64	- 19	25
Changes in other current assets and liabilities	- 51	48	- 81	- 35
Cash flow from operating activities	12	53	7	62
Investments in PPE	- 132	- 164	- 75	- 102
Investments in financial assets and associates	- 7	- 4	- 3	—
Investments in other intangible assets	- 1	- 1	—	- 1
Sale of PPE and intangible assets	11	1	9	—
Acquisition of companies, businesses and participations	—	- 18	—	—
Proceeds from the disposal of discontinued operations	- 9	54	- 22	54
Proceeds from the disposal of subsidiaries and associates	8	—	8	—
Dividends received	26	19	7	19
Interest received	16	6	3	4
Cash flow from investing activities	- 88	- 107	- 73	- 26
Reduction of share capital to shareholders of Clariant Ltd	- 57	- 58	- 57	- 58
Treasury share transactions	18	6	1	- 16
Proceeds from financial debts	289	1 016	222	796
Repayments of financial debts	- 154	- 452	- 115	- 333
Dividends paid to minority shareholders	- 9	- 2	- 9	- 2
Cash flow from financing activities	87	510	42	387
Currency translation effect on cash and cash equivalents	7	- 1	5	- 2
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	18	455	- 19	421
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	443	223	480	257
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	461	678	461	678

Consolidated statements of recognized income and expense (unaudited)

	First Half	
	2007 CHF mn	2006 CHF mn
Cash flow hedges: Transferred to net income		
Net investment hedge	- 47	7
Currency translation differences	125	- 41
Net income recognized directly in equity	78	- 34
Profit for the period	73	15
Total recognized income and expense for the period	151	- 19
Attributable to:		
Shareholders of Clariant Ltd	139	- 18
Minority interests	12	- 1
	151	- 19

This statement shows only changes in equity other than those arising from capital transactions with owners and distributions to owners. For a comprehensive presentation on equity, see note 11.

Notes to the condensed financial statements (unaudited)

1. Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are the interim condensed financial statements of Clariant Ltd (hereafter “the interim financial statements”), a company registered in Switzerland, and its subsidiaries for the six-month period ended on 30 June 2007 (hereafter “the Group”). They are prepared in accordance with the International Accounting Standard 34 (IAS 34 “Interim Financial Reporting”) and were approved on 26 July 2007 by the Board of Directors. These interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 (hereafter “the annual financial statements”) as they provide an update of previously reported information.

The accounting policies used are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements. Where necessary, the comparatives have been reclassified or extended from the previously reported interim results to take into account any presentational changes made in the annual financial statements or in these interim financial statements.

The preparation of the interim financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities at the date of the interim financial statements. If in the future such estimates and assumptions, which are based on management’s best judgment at the date of the interim financial statements, deviate from the actual circumstances, the original estimates and assumptions will be modified as appropriate in the year in which the circumstances change.

2. Seasonality of Operations

The Group operates in industries where significant seasonal or cyclical variations in total sales are not experienced during the financial year.

3. Restructuring and Impairment

During the reporting period, the Clariant Group recorded restructuring expenses in the amount of CHF 25 million, which were mainly incurred in the Masterbatch division in France and in the Textile and Paper activities in the United States, Portugal and France. Impairment charges amounted to CHF 4 million in Continuing Operations. They arose mainly on the write-off of assets of the Masterbatch activities in Australia upon their reclassification to assets held for sale. These assets were sold in May 2007.

4. Bond Issue

On 21 March 2007 Clariant announced the launch of a five-year CHF 250 million CHF-bond. The bond pays a coupon of 3.125% and was issued at a price of 100.354%. The main purpose of this bond is to refinance financial liabilities with upcoming maturities.

5. Discontinued Operations

In September 2006 Clariant launched a project to sell its Custom Manufacturing Business. On June 29, 2007 these activities were transferred to International Chemical Investors Group (ICIG). As a result these activities are now reported as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. Consideration for the disposal is given in the form of Vendor Loan Note in the amount of CHF 11 million. Clariant will also extend a Loan Note to the buyer in the amount of CHF 15 million for restructuring expenses. The transaction resulted in a provisional book loss of CHF 79 million net of tax.

Discontinued Operations in the first half of 2007 also contain the gain on the disposal of the DMS business in Germany in the amount of CHF 8 million net of tax. This activity had been part of Custom Manufacturing and was sold in March 2007.

Sales and operating result of the Custom Manufacturing business for the first six months of 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

CHF million	2007	2006
Sales	81	111
Operating loss before restructuring and impairment	-29	-12
Net income/loss	-33	-12
Systematic depreciation	0	5

For the first six months in 2006, Discontinued Operations additionally comprise the activities of the Pharmaceutical Fine Chemicals business, which was sold on 30 June 2006.

Sales and operating result of the Pharmaceutical Fine Chemicals business for the first six months of 2007 and 2006 were as follows:

CHF million	2007	2006
Sales	0	114
Operating result before restructuring and impairment	0	2
Net loss	0	-2
Systematic depreciation	0	5

6. Non-current Assets Held for Sale

Clariant has launched a project to sell off its shares in the Turkish Company, Kemoks Kimya Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S.. The value of these shares is reported in non-current assets held for sale.

7. Nominal Value Reduction

On 2 April 2007 the ordinary General Meeting of shareholders approved the repayment of CHF 0.25 of the nominal value of each registered share, resulting in the reduction of the nominal value from CHF 4.50 to 4.25 per registered share. The pay-out reduced the share capital by CHF 57 540 000 and took place on 14 June 2007.

8. Divisional Figures

First Half	Sales to 3rd parties				EBITDA before exceptionals				EBITDA			
CHF mn	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC
Textile, Leather, Paper	1 198	1 155	4	3	119	113	5	4	110	114	- 4	- 4
Pigments & Additives	1 061	1 016	4	3	138	172	- 20	- 21	137	170	- 19	- 20
Masterbatches	722	643	12	10	84	80	5	2	70	76	- 8	- 11
Functional Chemicals**	1 355	1 267	7	5	132	130	2	- 2	132	111	19	16
Divisions Total	4 336	4 081			473	495			449	471		
Corporate	—	—			- 43	- 69			- 43	- 74		
Total continuing	4 336	4 081	6	5	430	426	1	- 1	406	397	2	- 3

	Operating income before exceptionals				Operating Income				Systematic Depreciation of PPE	
CHF mn	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006
Textile, Leather, Paper	83	78	6	7	74	78	- 5	- 6	36	36
Pigments & Additives	98	132	- 26	- 26	97	130	- 25	- 26	40	39
Masterbatches	67	64	5	2	49	61	- 20	- 21	16	15
Functional Chemicals **	98	99	- 1	- 3	99	77	29	24	33	31
Divisions Total	346	373			319	346			125	121
Corporate	- 52	- 75			- 53	- 121			8	4
Total continuing	294	298	- 1	- 3	266	225	18	11	133	125

Second Quarter	Sales to 3rd parties				EBITDA before exceptionals				EBITDA			
CHF mn	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC
Textile, Leather, Paper	618	591	5	1	67	61	10	5	59	63	- 6	- 10
Pigments & Additives	538	517	4	1	59	85	- 31	- 33	58	84	- 31	- 33
Masterbatches	363	319	14	10	43	37	16	12	41	36	14	7
Functional Chemicals**	661	606	9	5	56	56	—	- 6	53	37	43	39
Divisions Total	2 180	2 033			225	239			211	220		
Corporate	—	—			- 14	- 38			- 15	- 42		
Total continuing	2 180	2 033	7	4	211	201	5	1	196	178	10	- 2

	Operating income before exceptionals				Operating Income				Systematic Depreciation of PPE	
CHF mn	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006	% CHF	% LC	2007	2006
Textile, Leather, Paper	49	44	11	7	41	45	- 9	- 15	18	18
Pigments & Additives	39	65	- 40	- 42	38	64	- 41	- 42	20	19
Masterbatches	35	29	21	14	32	29	10	8	8	7
Functional Chemicals **	39	41	- 5	- 8	37	19	95	81	16	15
Divisions Total	162	179			148	157			62	59
Corporate	- 20	- 41			- 21	- 86			6	3
Total continuing	142	138	3	- 1	127	71	79	54	68	62

** Restated to include Life Science Chemicals Division, a separate division in 2006, which has become a part of Functional Chemical Division in 2007.

Financial Discussion

9. Divisional Margins

First Half	Sales to 3rd parties		EBITDA before exceptionals		EBITDA	
in %	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Textile, Leather, Paper	27.6	28.3	9.9	9.8	9.2	9.9
Pigments & Additives	24.5	24.9	13.0	16.9	12.9	16.7
Masterbatches	16.7	15.8	11.6	12.4	9.7	11.8
Functional Chemicals **	31.2	31.0	9.7	10.3	9.7	8.8
Total continuing	100.0	100.0	9.9	10.4	9.4	9.7

	Operating income b. exceptionals		Operating Income			
in %	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Textile, Leather, Paper	6.9	6.8	6.2	6.8		
Pigments & Additives	9.2	13.0	9.1	12.8		
Masterbatches	9.3	10.0	6.8	9.5		
Functional Chemicals **	7.2	7.8	7.3	6.1		
Total continuing	6.8	7.3	6.1	5.5		

** Restated to include Life Science Chemicals Division, a separate division in 2006, which has become a part of Functional Chemical Division in 2007.

Second Quarter	Sales to 3rd parties		EBITDA before exceptionals		EBITDA	
in %	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Textile, Leather, Paper	28.3	29.1	10.8	10.3	9.6	10.7
Pigments & Additives	24.7	25.4	11.0	16.4	10.8	16.2
Masterbatches	16.7	15.7	11.8	11.6	11.3	11.3
Functional Chemicals **	30.3	29.8	8.5	9.2	8.0	6.1
Total continuing	100.0	100.0	9.7	9.9	9.0	8.8

	Operating income b. exceptionals		Operating Income			
in %	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Textile, Leather, Paper	7.9	7.4	6.6	7.6		
Pigments & Additives	7.2	12.6	7.1	12.4		
Masterbatches	9.6	9.1	8.8	9.1		
Functional Chemicals **	5.9	6.8	5.6	3.1		
Total continuing	6.5	6.8	5.8	3.5		

** Restated to include Life Science Chemicals Division, a separate division in 2006, which has become a part of Functional Chemical Division in 2007.

10. Regional developments

Sales CHF mn	First Half						Second Quarter					
	2007	% of sales	2006	% of sales	CHF %	LC %	2007	% of sales	2006	% of sales	CHF %	LC %
Europe	2 151	49.6	2 014	49.3	7	2	1 063	48.8	999	49.1	6	1
of which Germany	630		589		7	2	309		288		7	2
of which Switzerland	75		76		- 1	- 5	37		38		- 3	- 5
Americas	1 182	27.3	1 157	28.4	2	4	591	27.1	560	27.6	6	4
of which USA	523		547		- 4	- 1	251		257		- 2	- 1
Asia / Australia / Africa	1 003	23.1	910	22.3	10	11	526	24.1	474	23.3	11	10
Total continuing operations	4 336	100.0	4 081	100.0	6	5	2 180	100.0	2 033	100.0	7	4
Discontinued operations	81		225				35		112			

11. Consolidated statement of changes in equity

	First Half									
	Other reserves									
	Total share capital	Treasury shares (par value)	Share premium reserves	Hedging reserves	Cumulative translation reserves	Total other reserves	Retained earnings	Total attributable to equity holders	Minority interests	Total equity
CHF mn										
Balance 31 December 2005	1 093	- 18	767	–	- 104	663	793	2 531	60	2 591
Total recognized income and expense for the period					- 29	- 29	11	- 18	- 1	- 19
Dividends to third parties										
Share capital reduction	- 58							- 58		- 58
Treasury share transactions and share based payments		2					4	6		6
Balance 30 June 2006	1 035	- 16	767	–	- 133	634	808	2 461	59	2 520
Balance 31 December 2006	1 035	- 16	767	–	- 119	648	706	2 373	60	2 433
Total recognized income and expense for the period					71	71	68	139	12	151
Dividends to third parties									- 9	- 9
Share capital reduction	- 57							- 57		- 57
Treasury share transactions and share based payments		6				–	22	28		28
Balance 30 June 2007	978	- 10	767	–	- 48	719	796	2 483	63	2 546

12. Foreign Exchange Rates

Rates used to translate the consolidated balance sheets (closing rate)	30.06.2007	31.12.2006	Change %
1 USD	1.23	1.22	1
1 EUR	1.66	1.61	3
1 GBP	2.46	2.39	3
100 JPY	1.00	1.02	- 2

		First Half	
Average sales-weighted rates used to translate the income statements and consolidated statements of cash flows	2007	2006	Change %
1 USD	1.23	1.27	- 3
1 EUR	1.63	1.56	4
1 GBP	2.42	2.27	7
100 JPY	1.02	1.10	- 7

13. Condensed Earnings Per Share Data

		First Half	
CHF mn	2007	2006	
Number of shares outstanding at 30.06.2007 and 30.06.2006 respectively	230 160 000	230 160 000	
Weighted average, number of shares outstanding	227 707 458	226 894 816	
Weighted average, diluted number of shares outstanding *	228 834 757	228 407 356	
Basic earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of Clariant Ltd (CHF/share):			
Continuing operations	0.74	0.52	
Discontinued operations	- 0.44	- 0.47	
Total	0.30	0.05	
Diluted earnings per share attributable to the shareholders of Clariant Ltd (CHF/share):			
Continuing operations	0.74	0.52	
Discontinued operations	- 0.44	- 0.47	
Total	0.30	0.05	

* Restated for shares for members of management as at 30 June 2006 of 206 000 shares issued as part of a relocation program in 2005, which were accidentally not reported in this presentation.

Clariant – Exactly your chemistry.

Clariant is a global leader in the field of specialty chemicals. Strong business relationships, commitment to outstanding service and wide-ranging application know-how make Clariant a preferred partner for its customers.

Clariant, which is represented on five continents with over 100 group companies, employs about 21,000 people. Headquartered in Muttens near Basel, it generated sales of around CHF 8.1 billion in 2006.

Clariant's businesses are organized in five divisions: Textile, Leather & Paper Chemicals, Pigments & Additives, Functional Chemicals and Masterbatches.

Clariant is committed to sustainable growth springing from its own innovative strength. Clariant's innovative products play a key role in its customers' manufacturing and treatment processes or else add value to their end products. The company's success is based on the know-how of its people and their ability to identify new customer needs at an early stage and to work together with customers to develop innovative, efficient solutions.

www.clariant.com

Calendar of Corporate Events

November 7, 2007	Nine Month 2007 Results
February 14, 2008	Full Year 2007 Results
April 10, 2008	Annual General Meeting

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